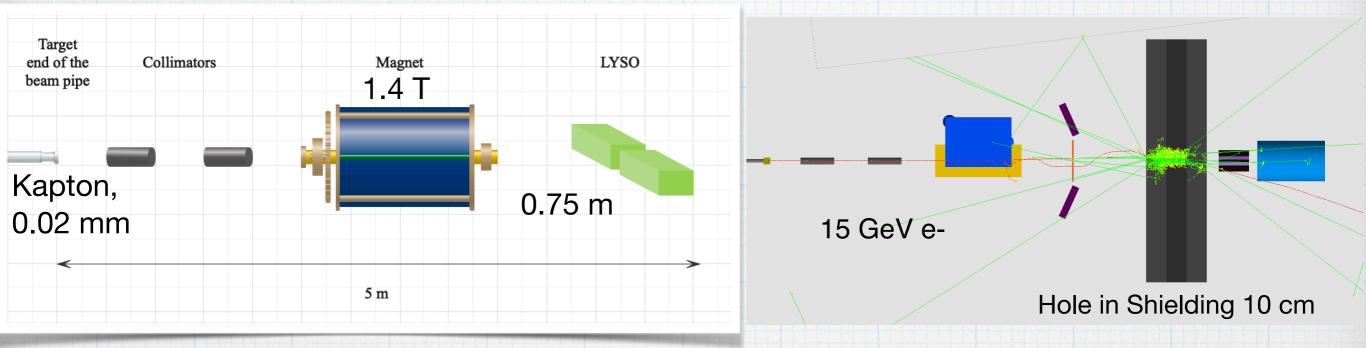


Borysova Maryna (KINR) 22/09/20 LUXE weekly technical meeting



# FDS with LYSO calorimeters



#### Aug 2020 Data Runs, bunch/pulse crossings completed.

Experiment Config	$w_0 = 3\mu m$	$w_0 = 3.5 \mu m$	$w_0 = 4.0 \mu \text{m}$	$w_0 = 4.5 \mu \text{m}$	$w_0 = 5.0 \mu \text{m}$	$w_0 = 20.0 \mu m$	$w_0 = 50.0 \mu m$	$w_0 = 100.0 \mu m$
peak SQED $\xi$	5.12	4.44	3.88	3.45	3.1	0.78	0.32	0.15
JETI40 e-laser 16.5 GeV	939	951	946	949	938	193	200	200
JETI40 e-laser 17.5 GeV	182	121	115	125	69			

\* The scintillators are modelled as a 15x5x2 cm (x:y:z ) layer of lyso

material

LYSO  $(Lu_{1.8}Y_{0.2}SiO_5)$ 

\* The crystal (bin) size of the scintillators are 2 x 1 mm (finer segmentation in x; the deflection direction) giving 25 x 300 bins.

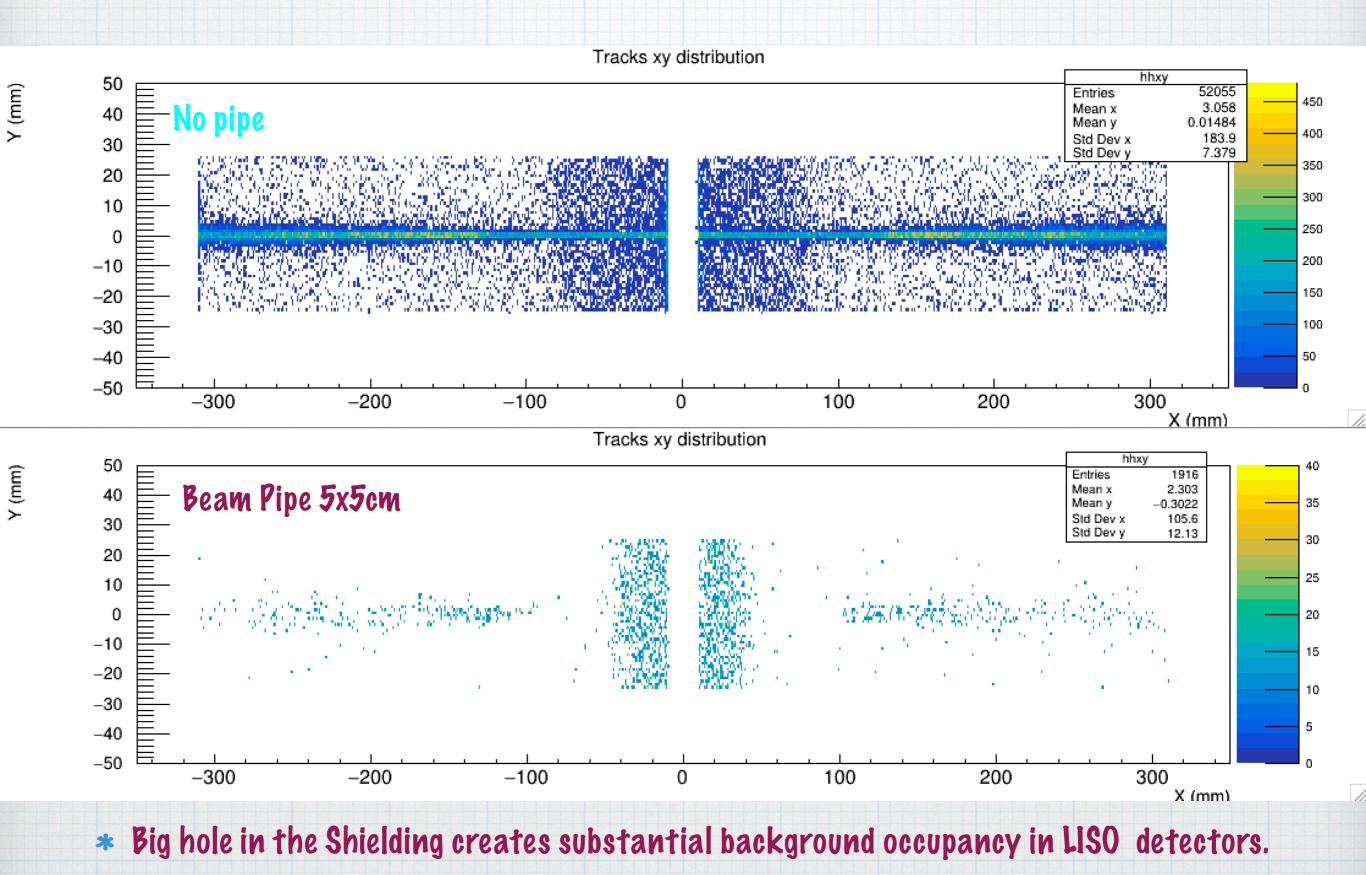
#### All studies were performed with 100 BX at the laser intensity xi = 0.3 for 16.5 GeV electron beam

## Setup with the beam pipe

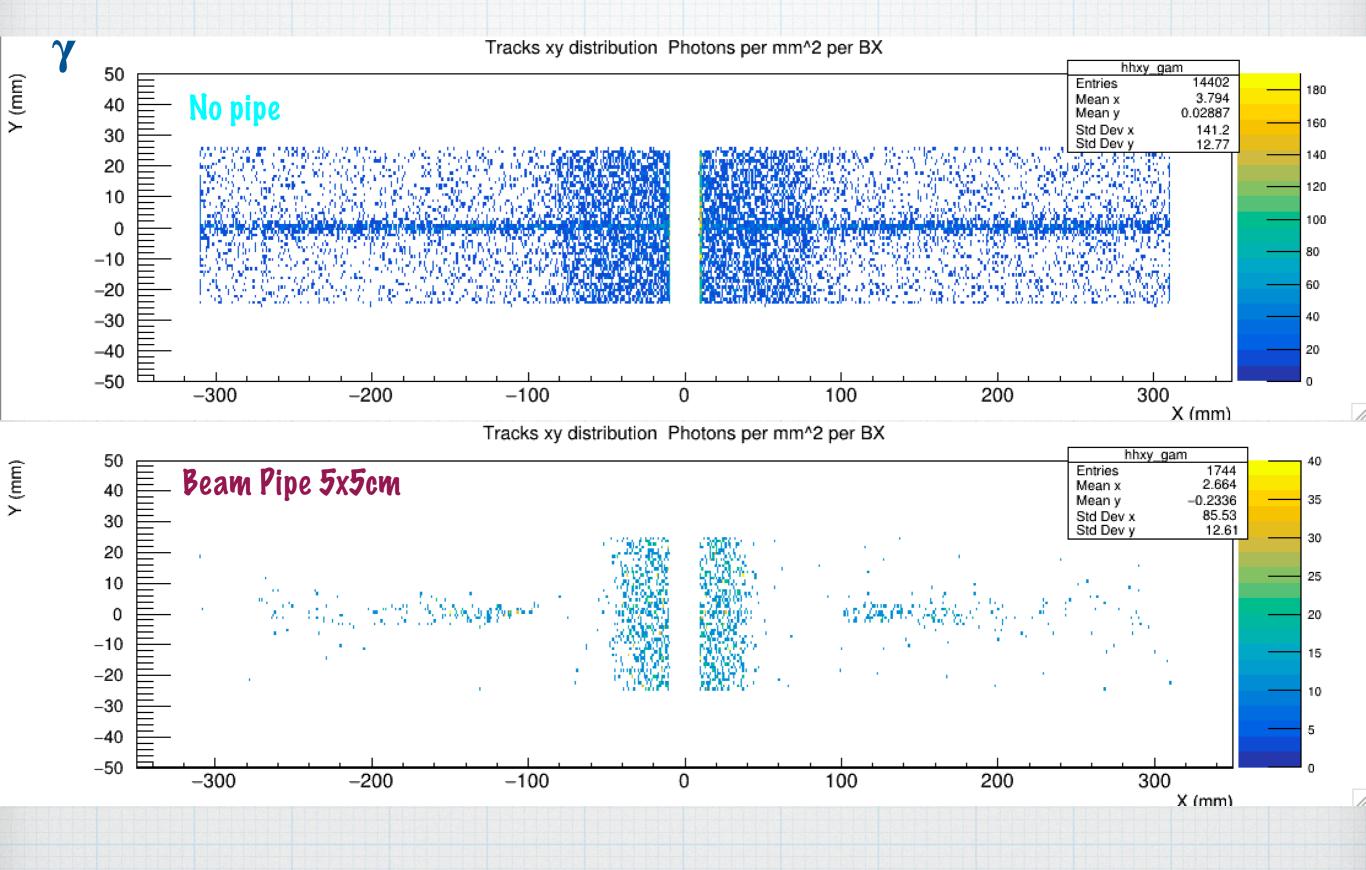
Added round beam pipe of 5cm diameter between the collimators

And beam pipe w/ square Xsection of 5x5cm (8x5cm) from collimators to the LYSO detectors

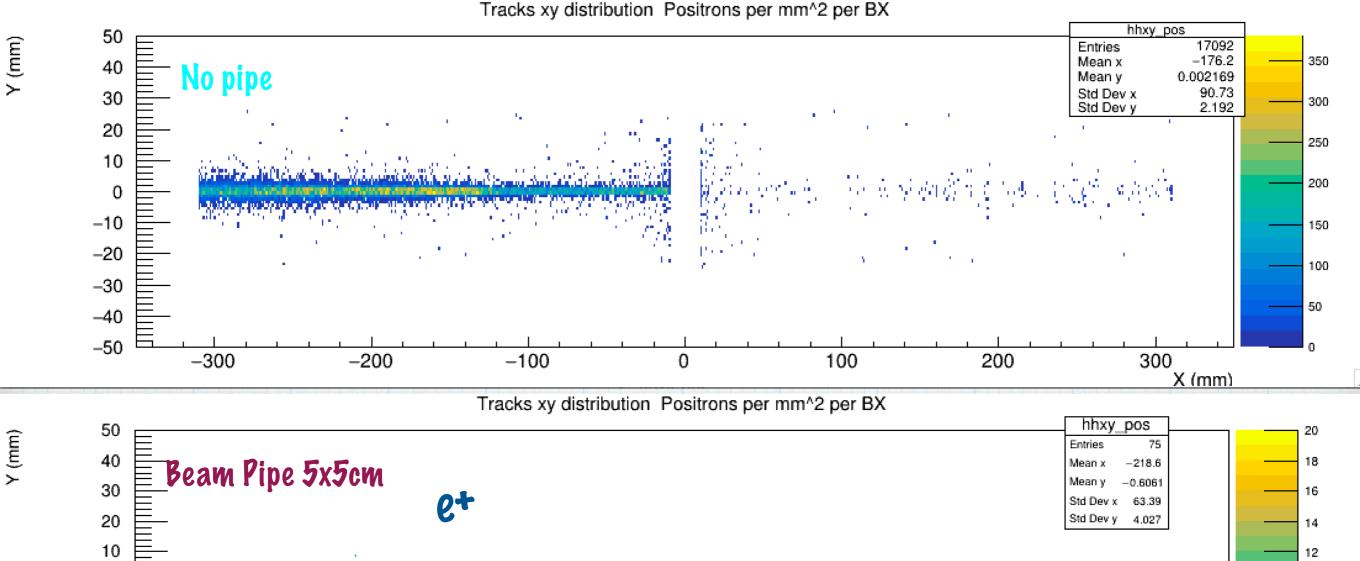
### Number of particles per BX per mm<sup>2</sup>, all particles



### Number of particles per BX per mm<sup>2</sup>, Photons



### Number of particles per BX per mm<sup>2</sup>, Positrons



0

6

100

200

Tracks xy distribution Positrons per mm<sup>2</sup> per BX

0

-10

-20

-30

-40

-50

-300

-200

-100

X (mm)

300

10

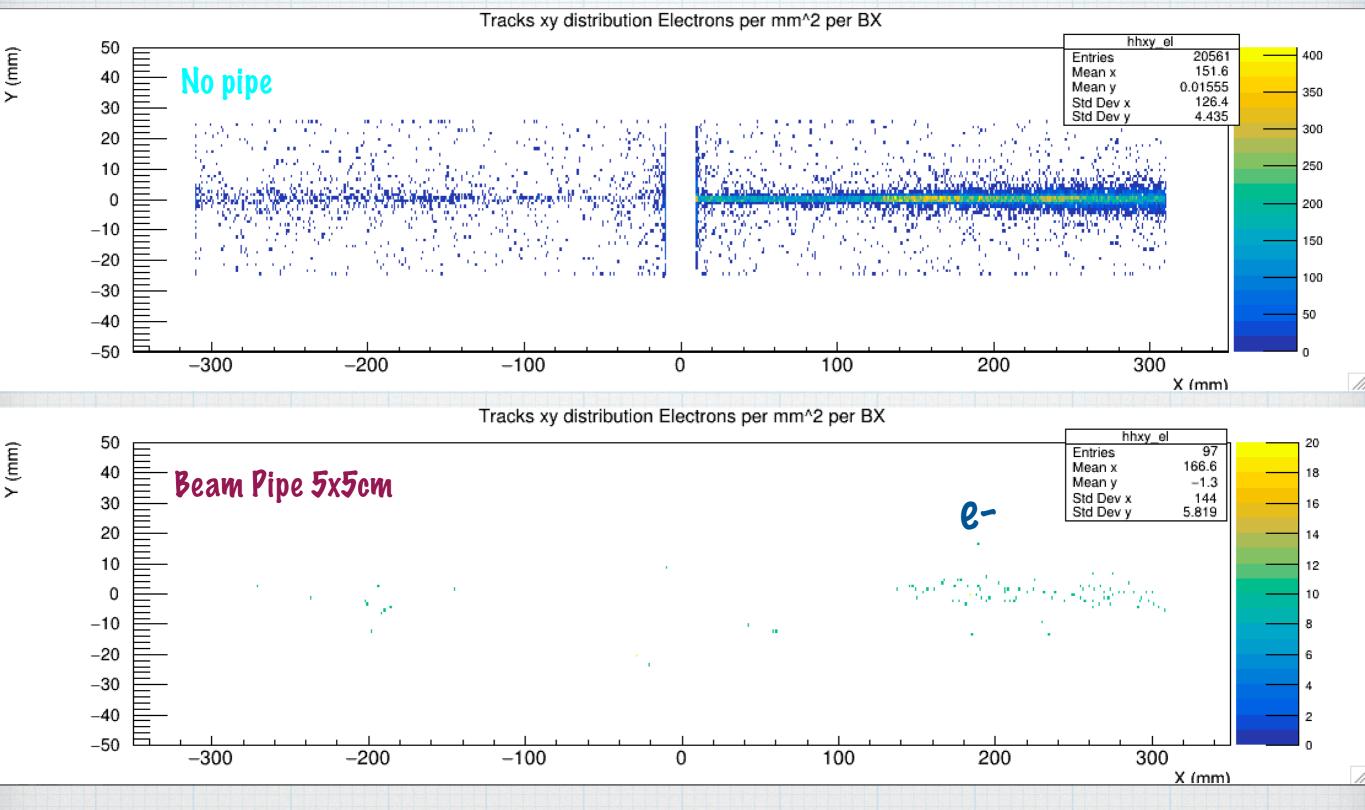
8

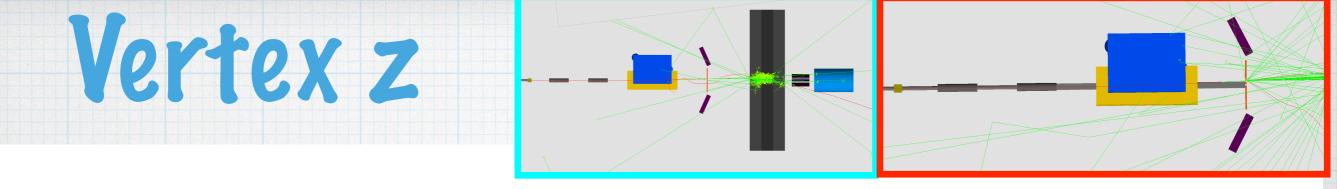
6

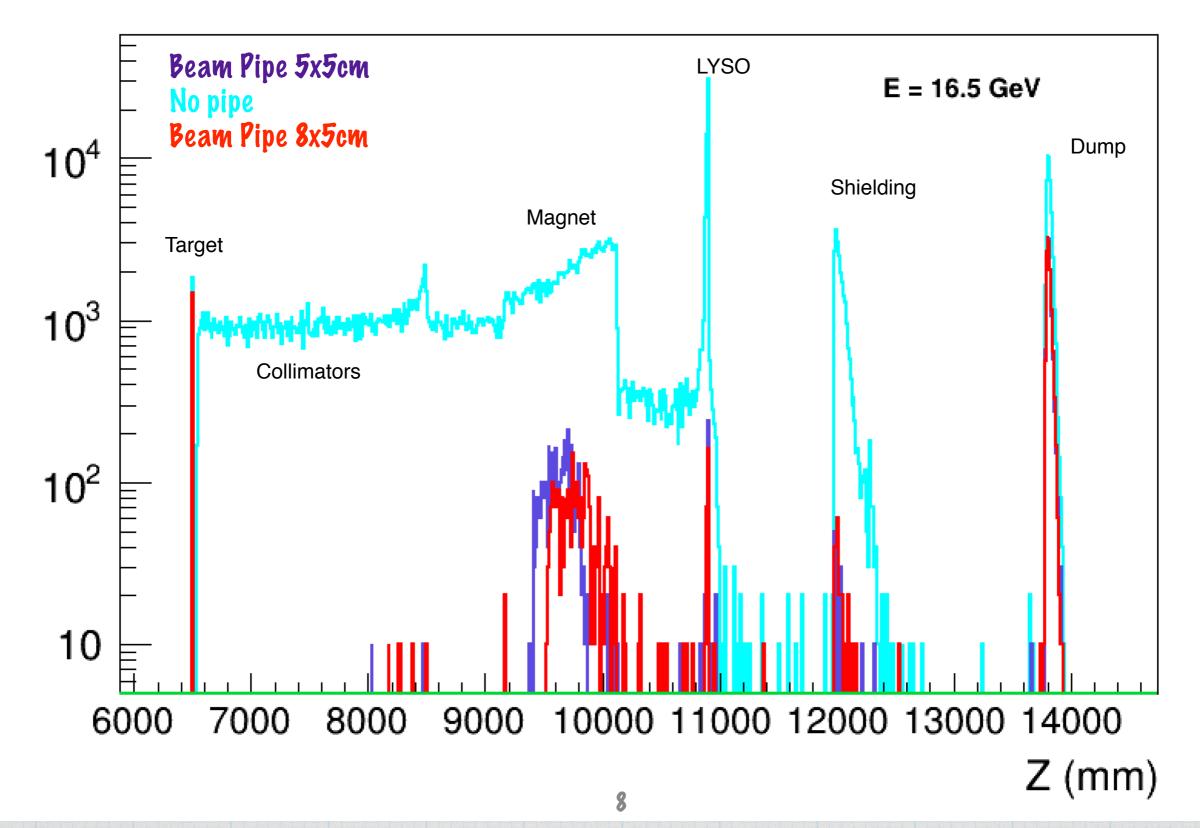
4

2

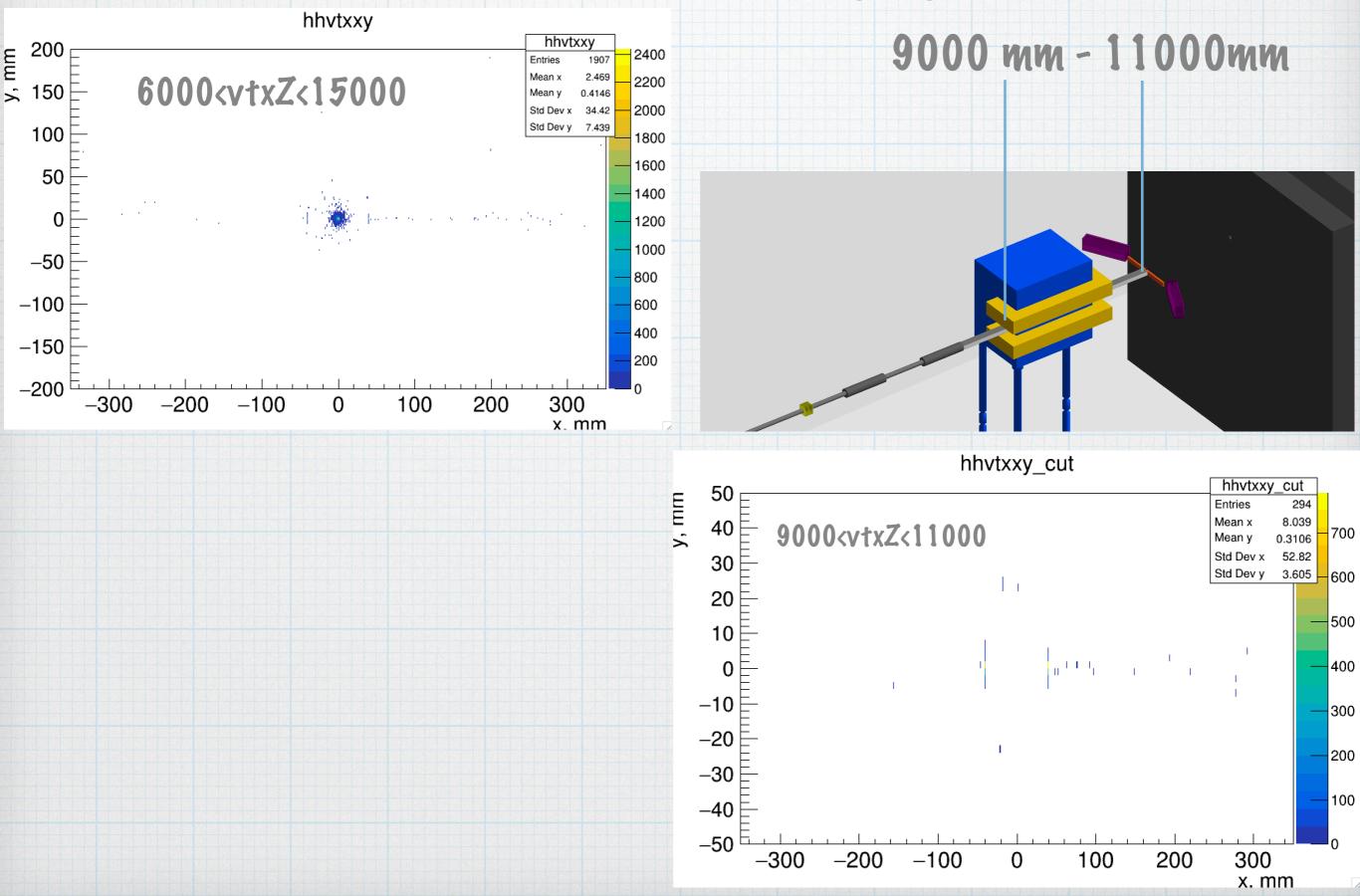
#### Number of particles per BX per mm^2, Electrons



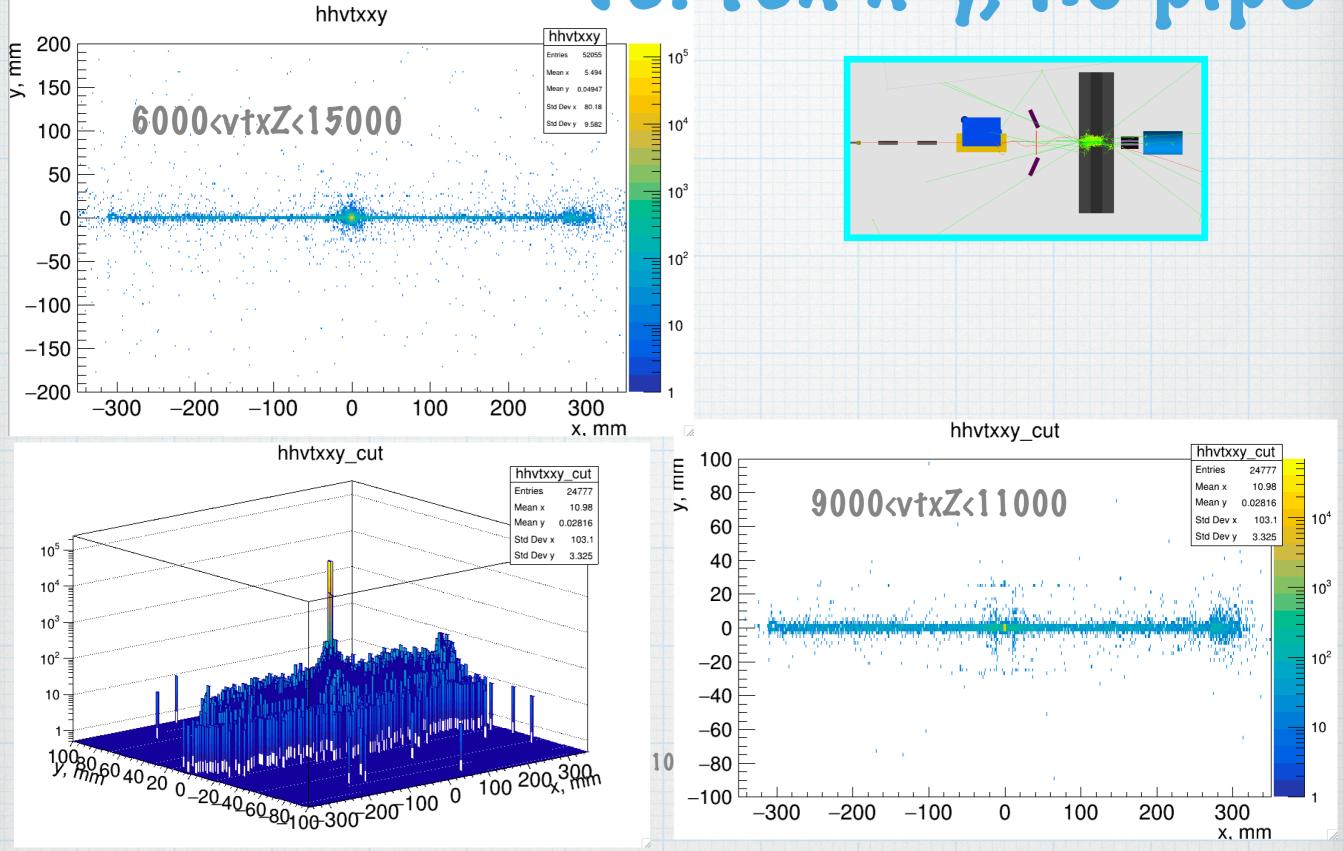




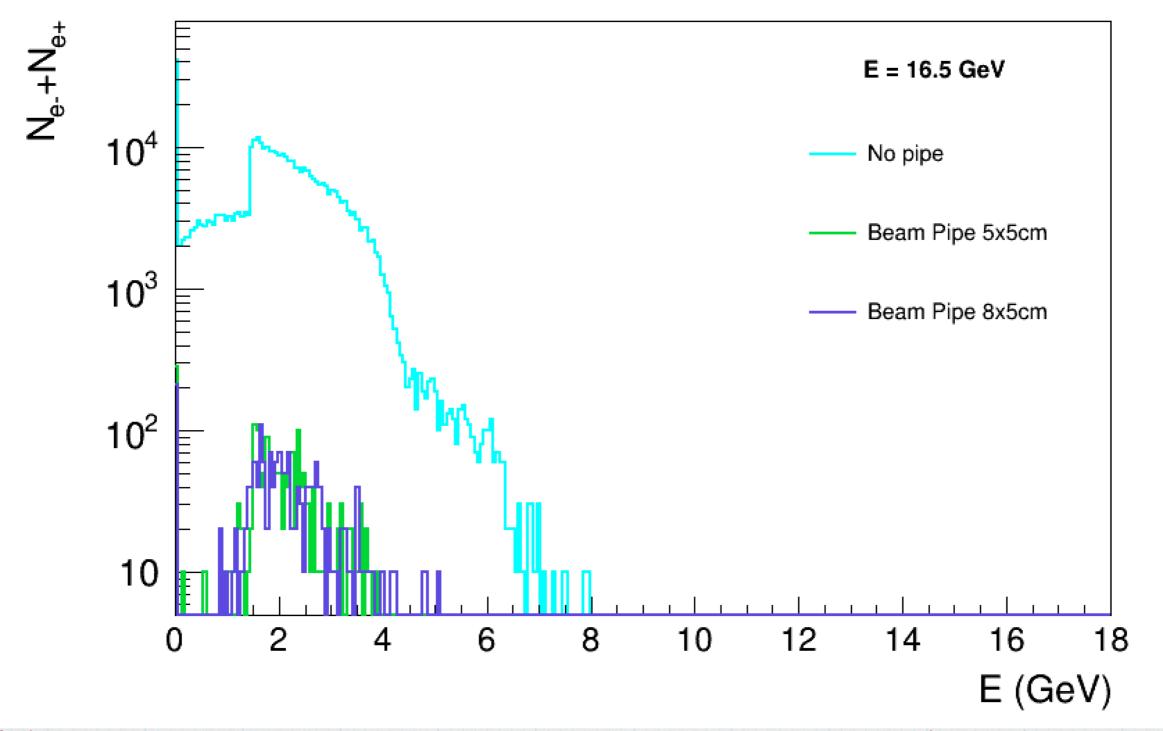
### Vertex x-y, beam pipe 8x5



### Vertex x-y, no pipe

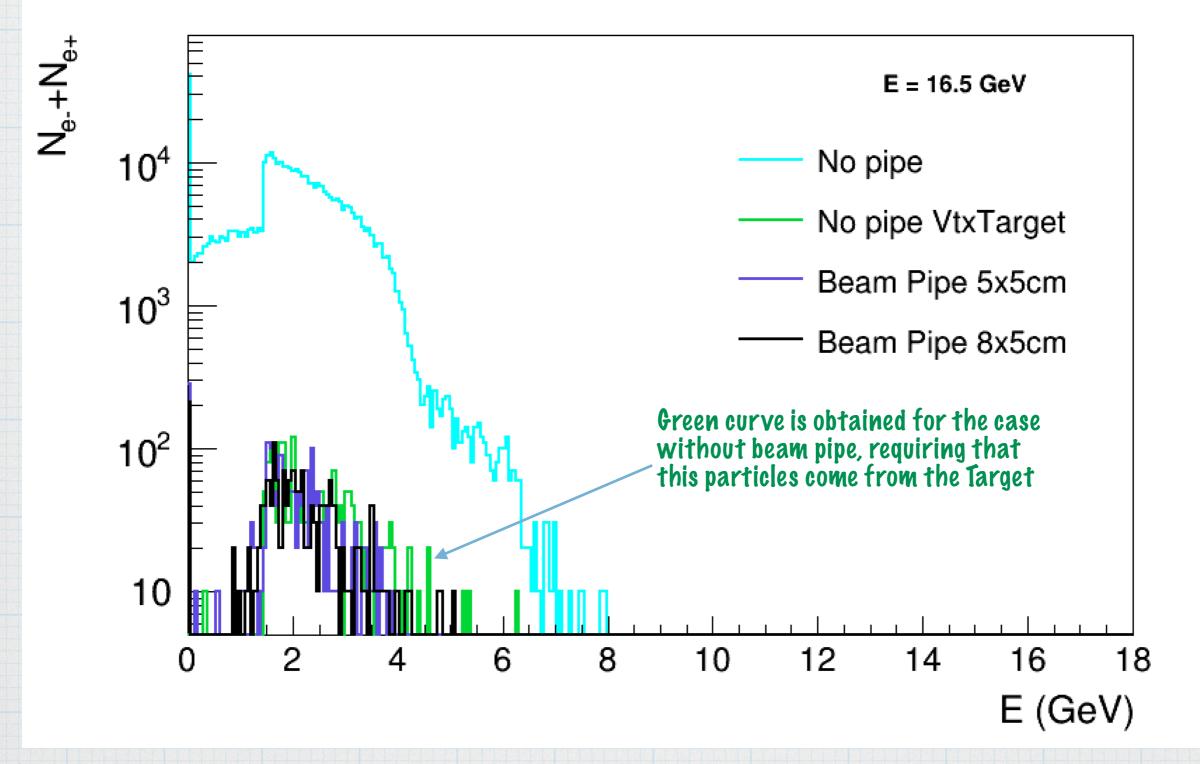






Without beam pipe we measure in Compton detectors a lot e-/e+ pairs that were created in the air. Only 4% e-/e+ come from the Target As the laser intensity is low (xi =0.3), to reconstruct spectra we need more statistics.



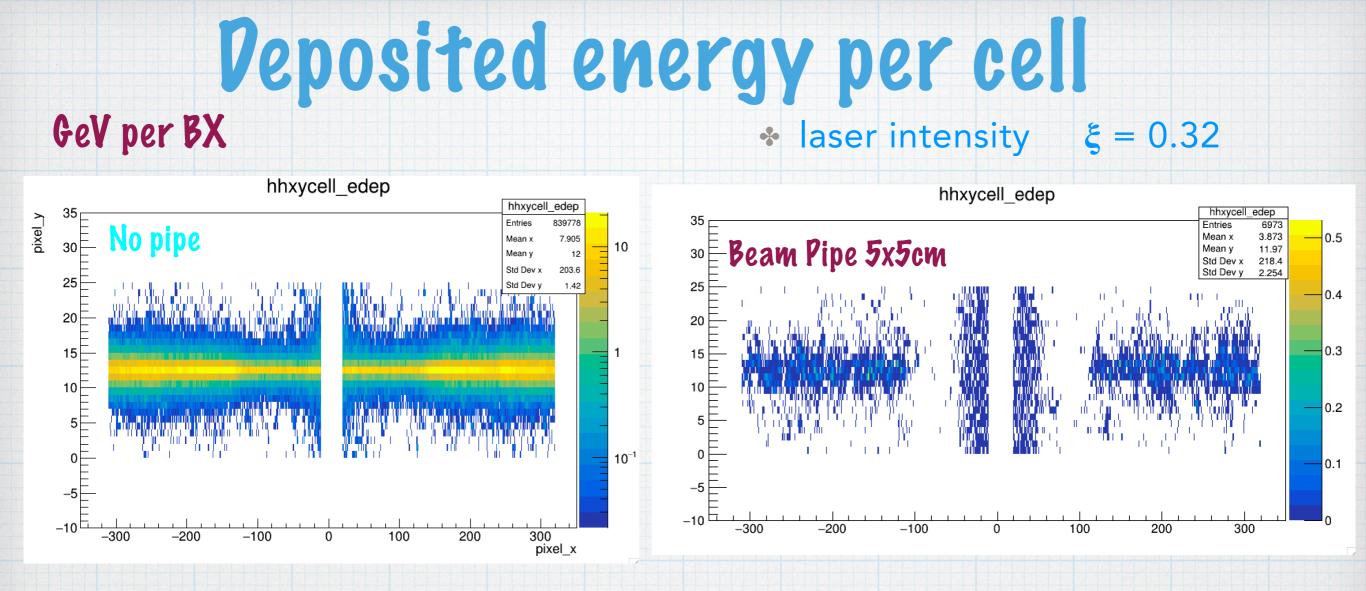


Without beam pipe we measure in Compton detectors a lot e-/e+ pairs that were created in the air. Only 4% e-/e+ are generated in the Target



- \* The performance of FDS setup was compared with and without beam pipe from the target to Compton detectors
- \* Number of particles per BX hitting LYSO detector is 25 higher without beam pipe
- \* Big hole in the Shielding creates substantial background occupancy in LISO detectors.
- \* All extra particles are generated in the air. Number of particles generated in the target is identical.
- In the air the vertexes are distributed almost uniformly all the way from the target to the detectors in case of no pipe.
- \* As the laser intensity is low (xi =0.3), to reconstruct spectra we need more statistics. Asked Anthony to produce more; he runs now 1000BX





Compton MC2020 r for (xi=0.32), 16.5 GeV electrons. G4: Kapton foil of 20 um as a target, magnet 1.4T and 0.75m distance from magnet to LYSO .

If we take distribution of deposited energy the values around maximum are ~10 GeV.

To convert it to Gy, convert it to J:  $^{-1.6e-9J}$  and then divide it to the mass of crystals in kg. Gy= J/kg

The density is 7.1 g/cm3, volume 0.1 \* 0.2 \* 2 = 0.04 cm3. Mass 7.1 \* 0.04 = 0.284g.

Finally, 5.6e-6 Gy per BX.

Assuming 1 Hz collisions rate we get the dose of 10 kGy in LYSO crystal in about 56 years.

Vertex z

