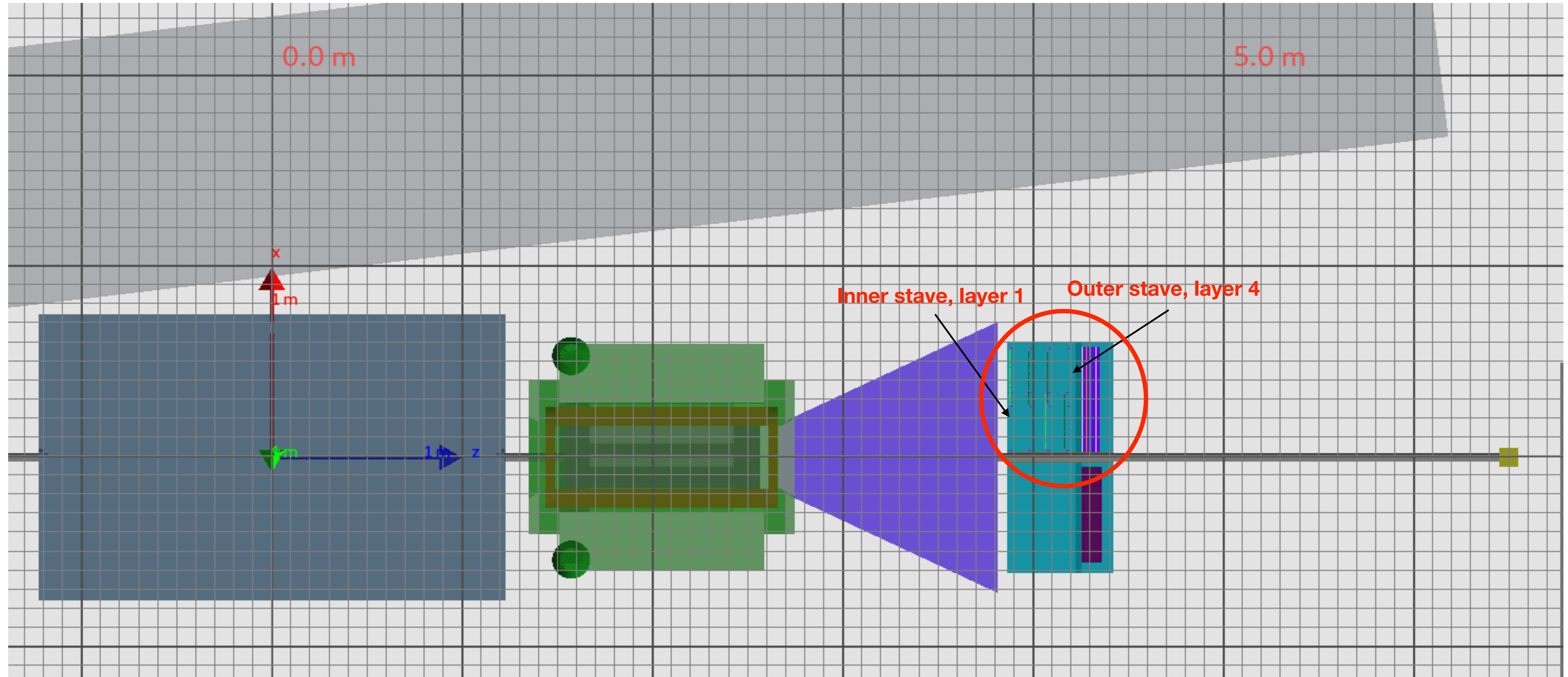


# Background electrons in the Tracker Subsystem

**LUXE Daily Analysis Meeting**

Arka Santra, November 16, 2020  
Weizmann Institute of Science,  
Rehovot, Israel

# The subsystems near the IP

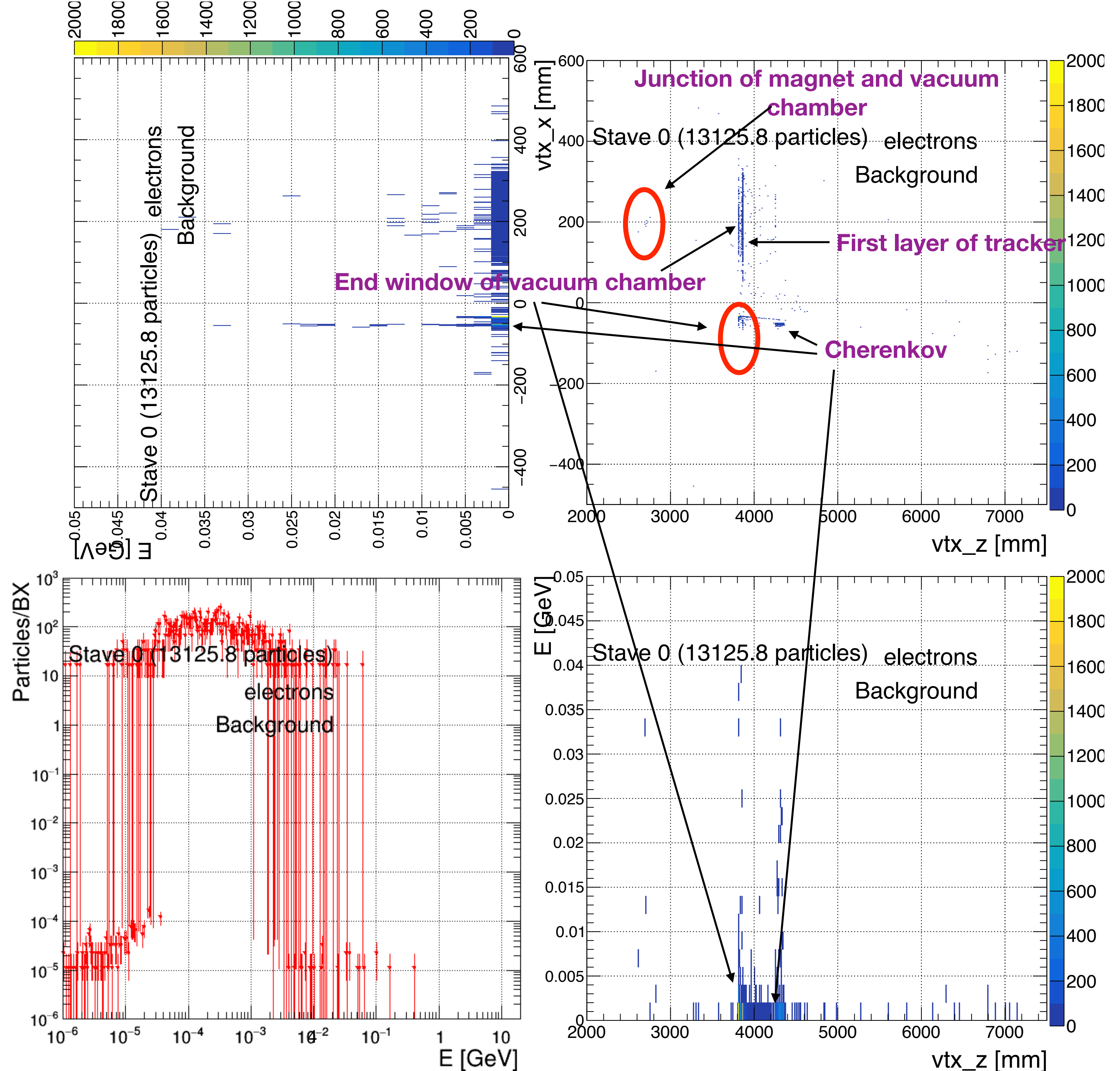


Plots from Sasha

- e+laser hics setup
  - JETI 40 laser.
  - Spotsize  $w_0$  3000 nm.
  - Samples produced by Sasha.
  - Looked at the background particles:
    - electrons
  - Plots from the tracks intersecting the tracker plane (not necessarily making a hit in the tracker).

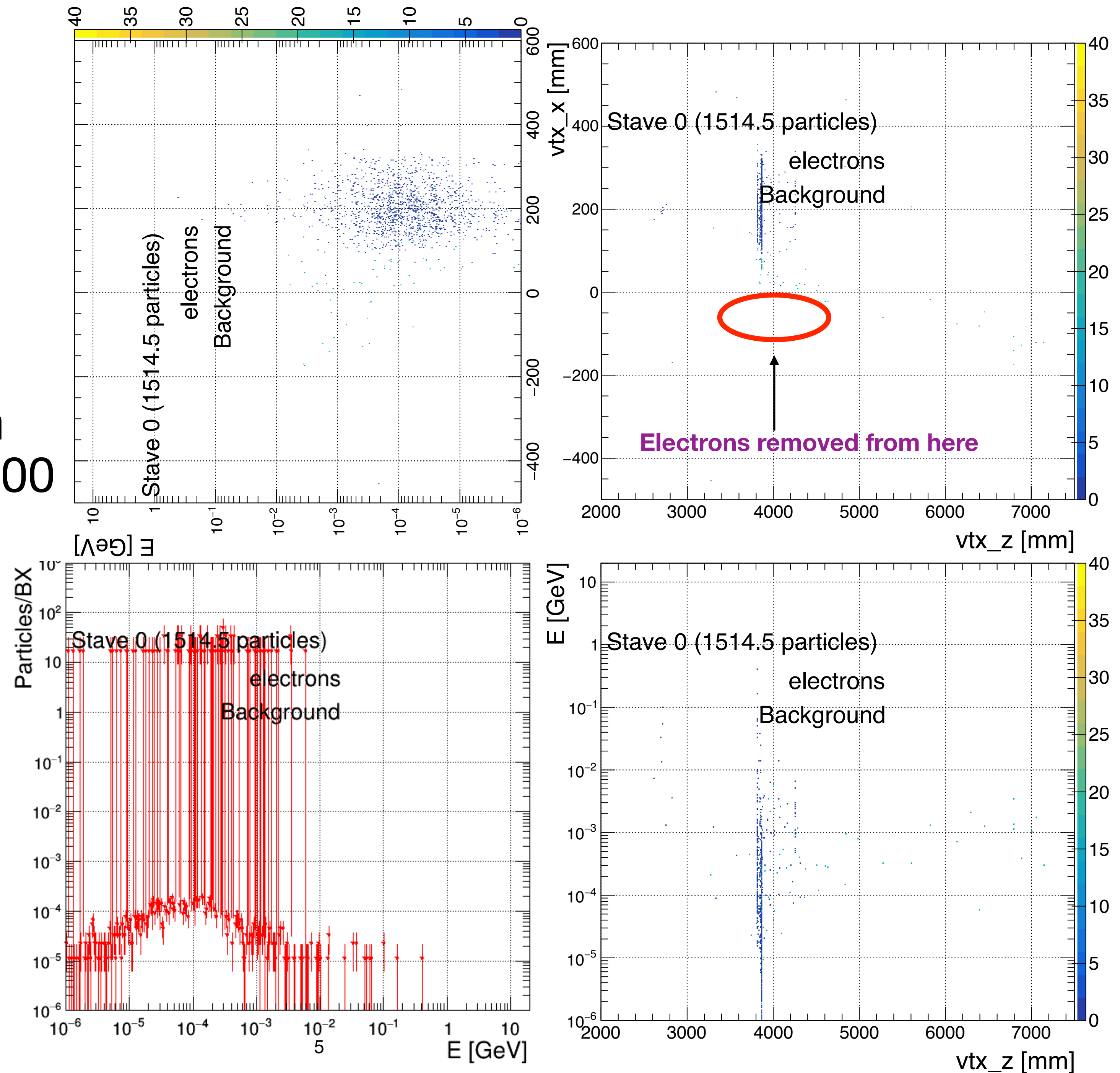
# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker

- The 2D plots were shown last time. This time, the 1D energy plot is added.
- We have high number of electrons having energies more than 40 KeV of energies.
  - They may produce hits at the tracker.
- Many electrons from the stave, coming from signal.
- What happens if we can remove mechanically unwanted electrons?



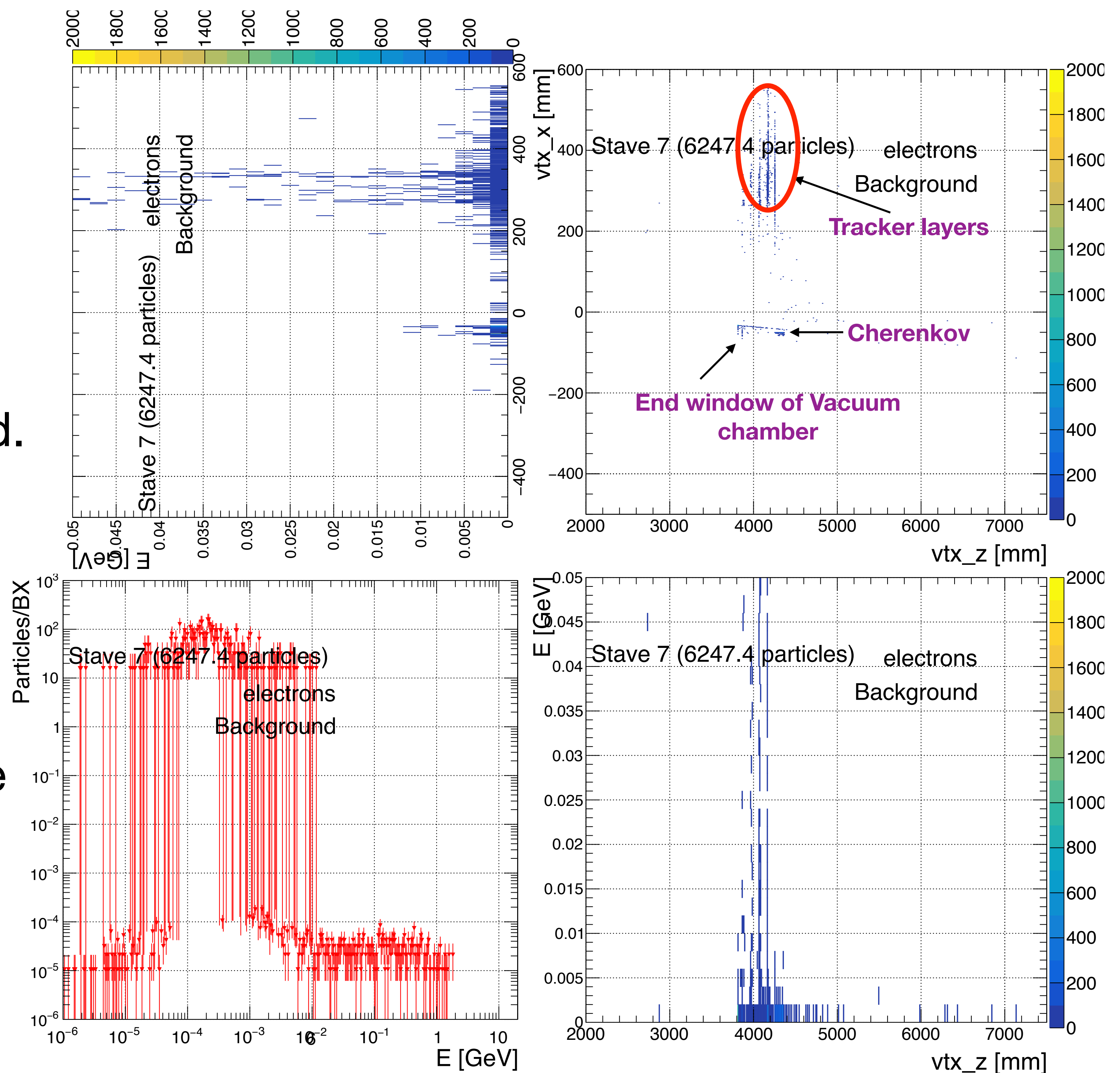
# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker, cut on vtx\_z and vtx\_x

- Removed electrons from  $\text{vtx}_x < 0$  and  $\text{vtx}_z > 3600$  mm and  $\text{vtx}_z < 4600$  mm
- Now we have a factor of 1/9 background electrons
- Some electrons are having high weights.



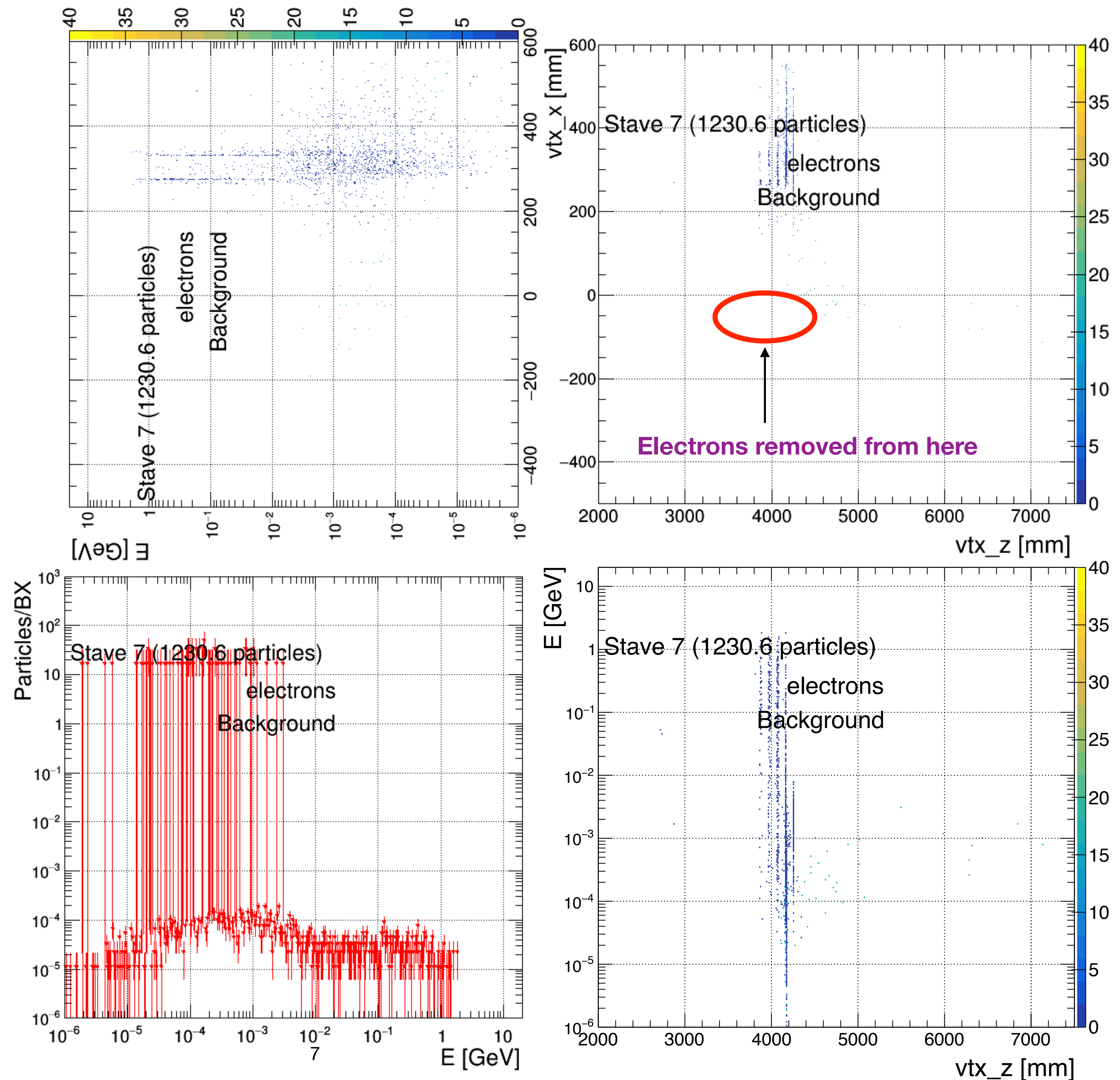
# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker

- 1D energy plot is added.
- Many electrons have energy  $> 100$  KeV.
- Almost half of the background electrons compared to that of the first stave.



# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker, cut on vtx\_z and vtx\_x

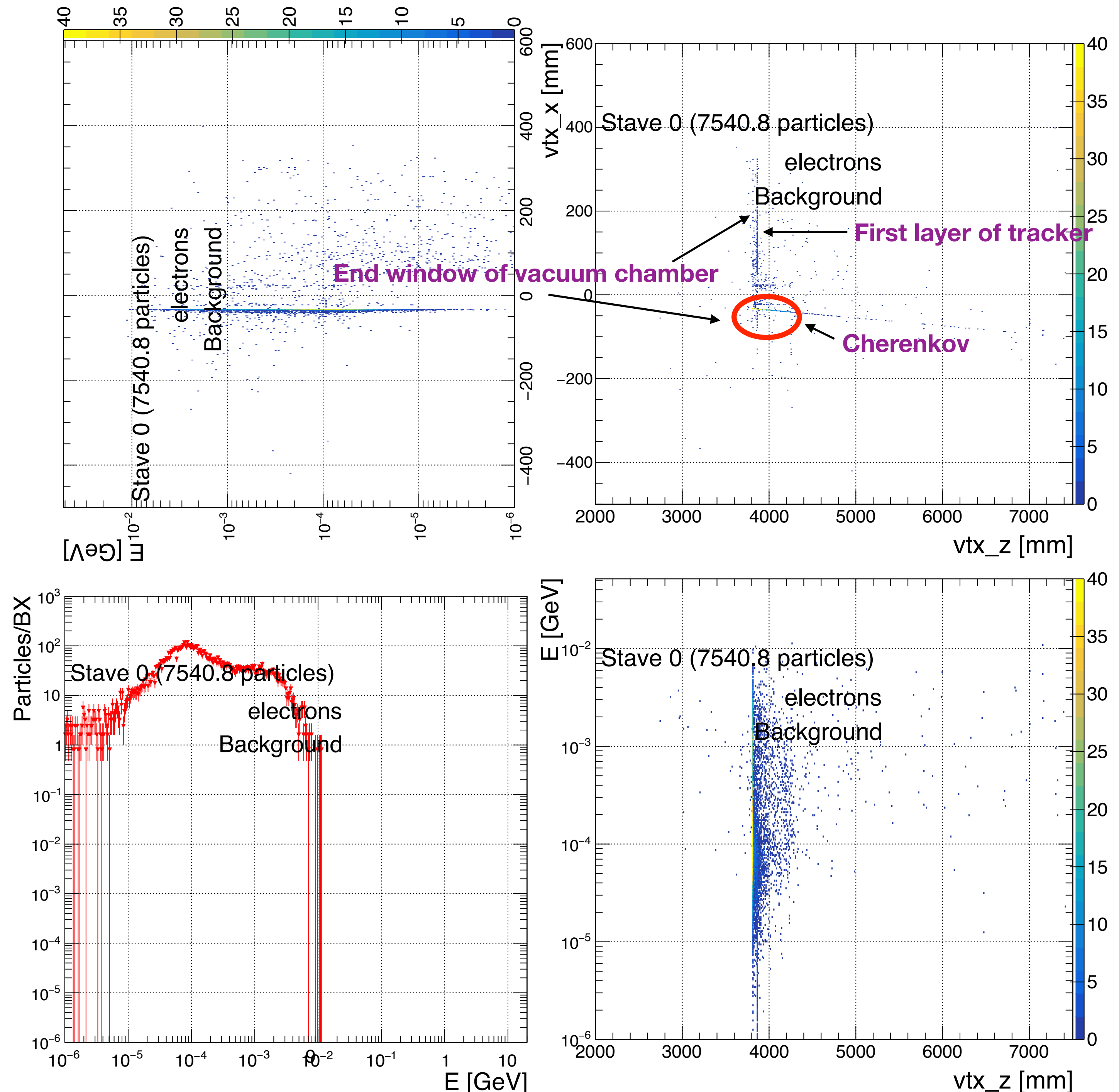
- Removed electrons from  $\text{vtx}_x < 0$  and  $\text{vtx}_z > 3600$  mm and  $\text{vtx}_z < 4600$  mm
- Now we have a factor of 1/3 background electrons
  - The effect is not much as the first stave.
- Most electrons from staves.



- e+laser hics setup
  - Only **electron beam, no laser**.
  - Easy to understand only beam related background.
  - Samples produced by Sasha.
  - Looked at the background particles:
    - electrons
- Plots from the tracks intersecting the tracker plane (not necessarily making a hit in the tracker).

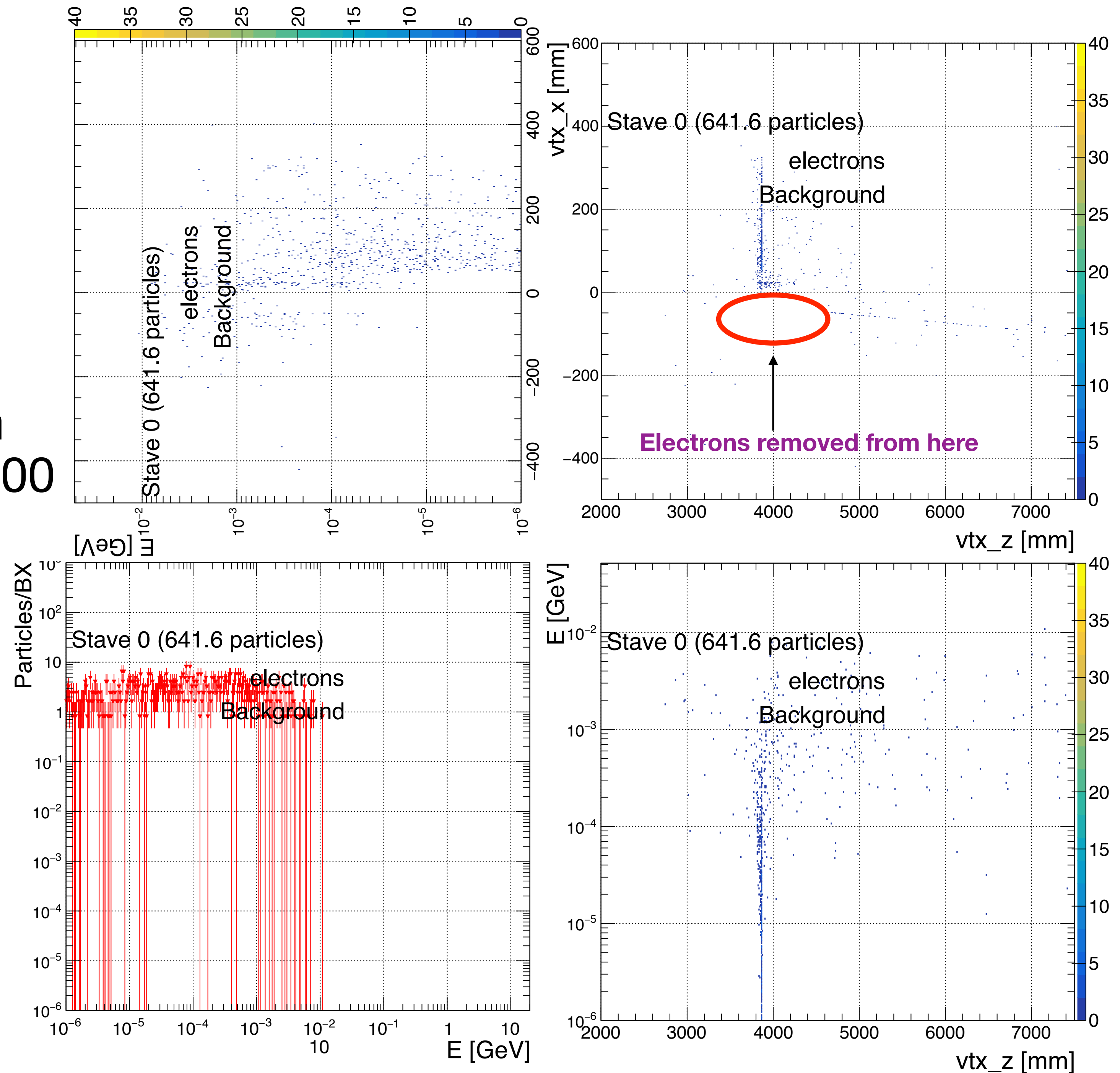
# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker

- These plots are being shown for the first time.
- We have high number of electrons having energies more than 10 KeV.
  - Many are not from staves.
- What happens if we can remove unwanted electrons mechanically?



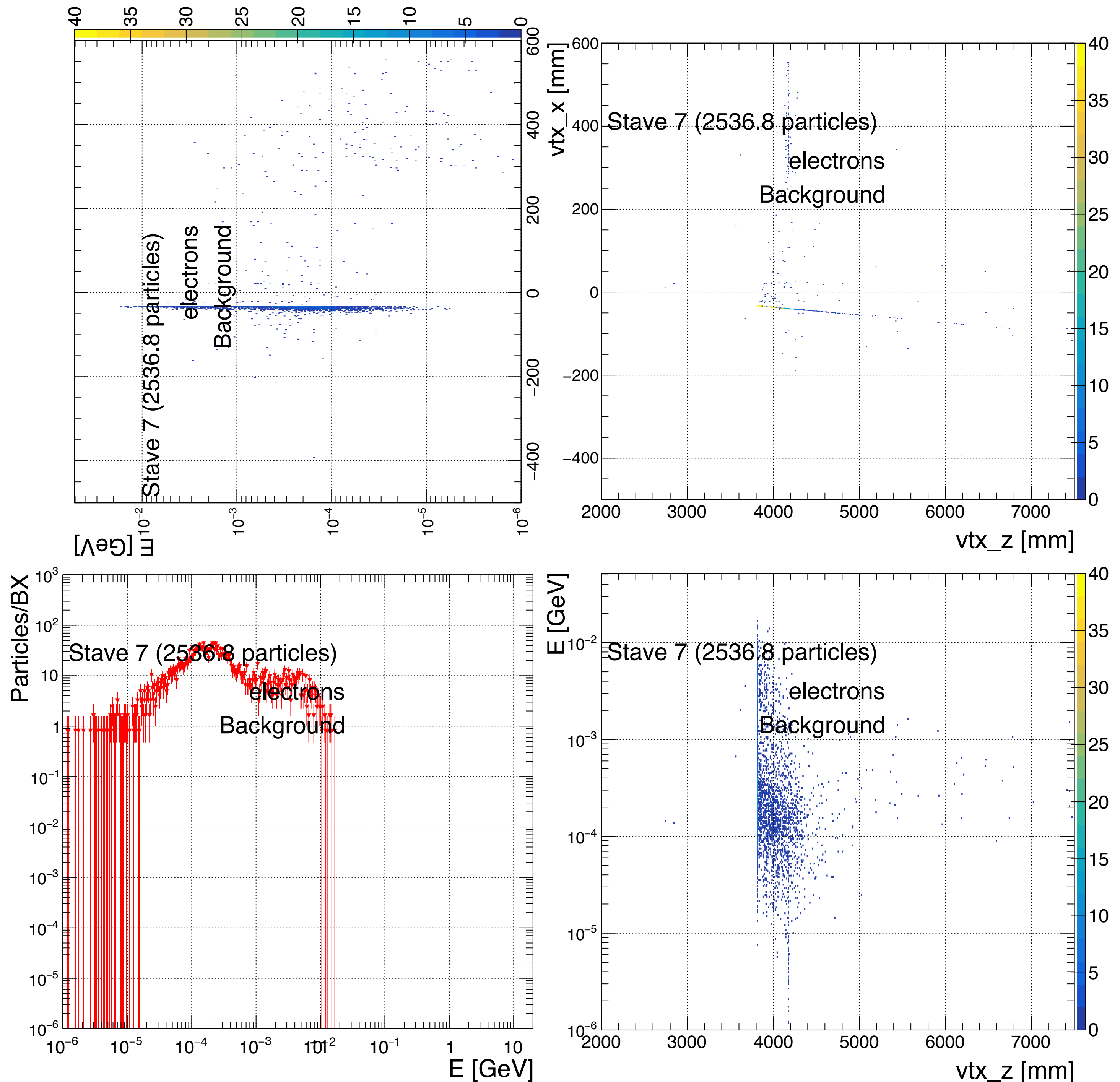
# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker, cut on vtx\_z and vtx\_x

- Removed electrons from  $\text{vtx}_x < 0$  and  $\text{vtx}_z > 3600$  mm and  $\text{vtx}_z < 4600$  mm
- Now we have a factor of 1/12 background electrons
- The energy distribution is mostly flat.



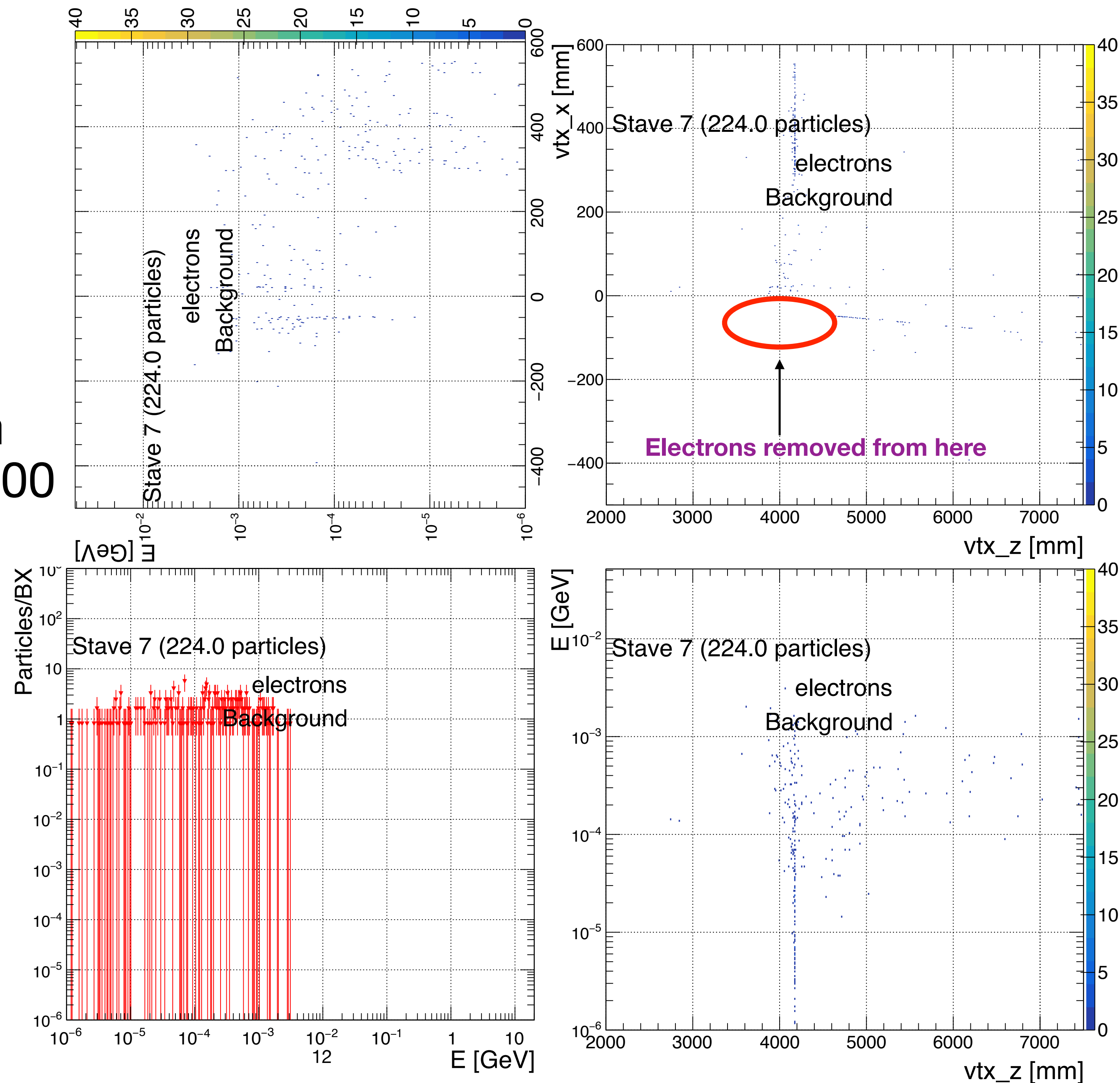
# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker

- This is now the stave 7.
- Most electrons have energies  $> 20$  KeV.
- Some electrons from the staves, not much.



# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker, cut on $vtx\_z$ and $vtx\_x$

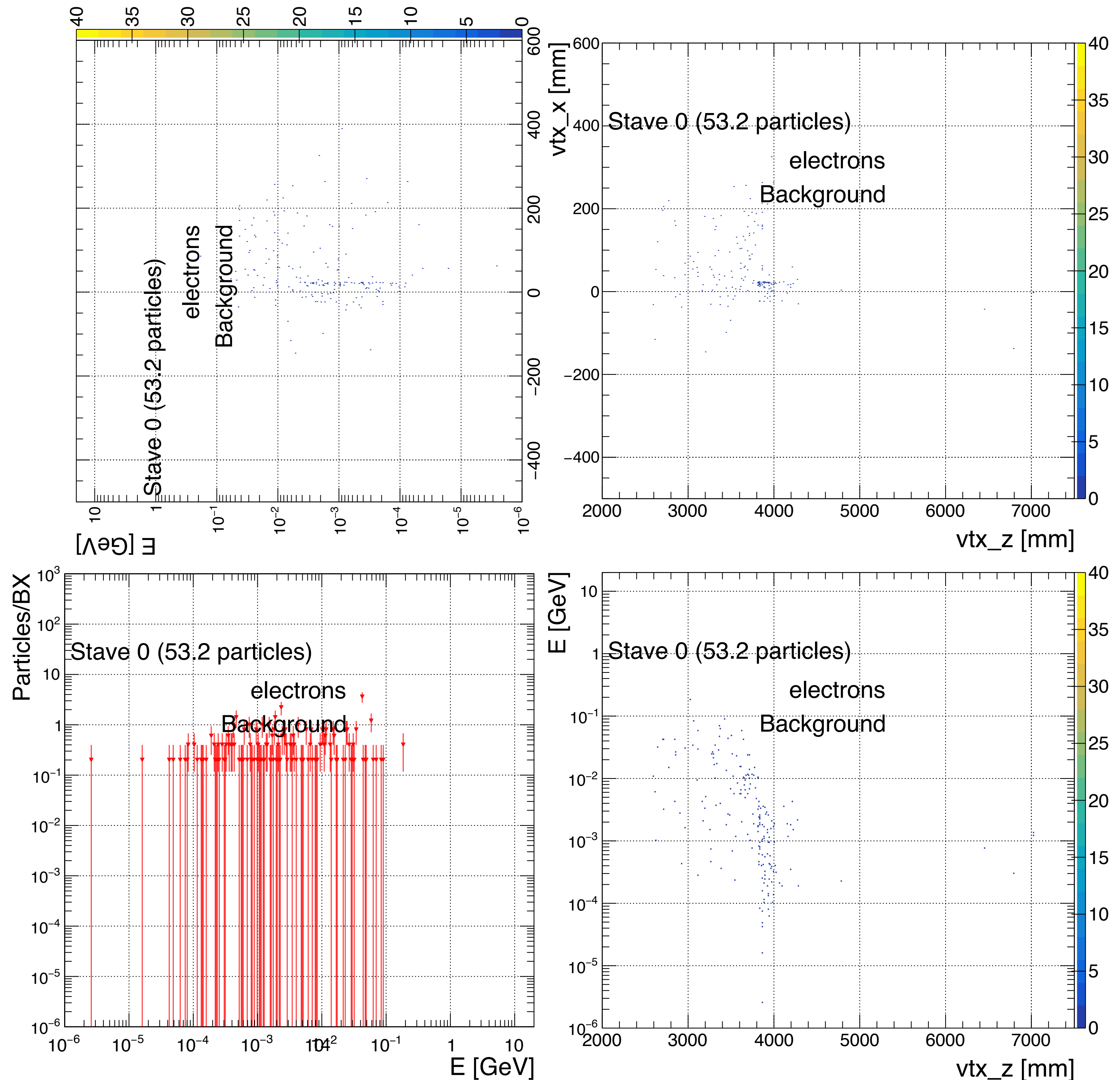
- Removed electrons from  $vtx\_x < 0$  and  $vtx\_z > 3600$  mm and  $vtx\_z < 4600$  mm
- 1/10th of the electrons remain.
- Mostly flat in energy.



- gamma+laser background
  - Samples produced by Sasha
  - Background electrons.
  - Plots from the tracks intersecting the tracker plane (not necessarily making a hit in the tracker).

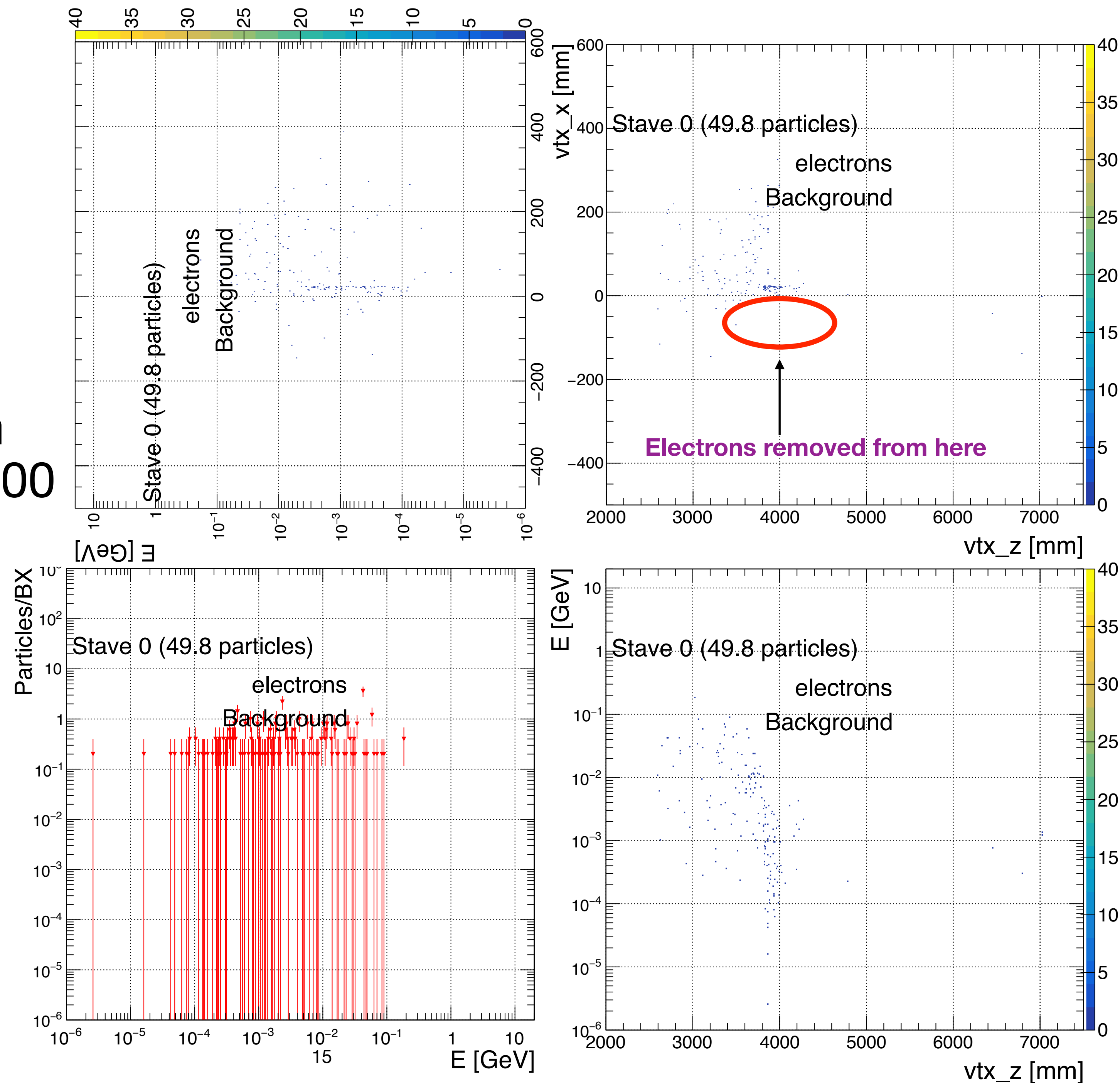
# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker

- This time, no electron beam to begin with, so less number of electrons.
- The background is coming from different places - not possible to reduce by mechanically cutting.



# Electrons in Inner Stave, first layer of tracker, cut on $vtx\_z$ and $vtx\_x$

- Removed electrons from  $vtx\_x < 0$  and  $vtx\_z > 3600$  mm and  $vtx\_z < 4600$  mm
- But not much effect as understandable from the previous slide.



# Summary table of the number of background electrons

| JETI40, e+laser          | Electrons/BX | Electrons/BX after the vtx cut |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Inner stave, first layer | 13125.8      | 1514.5                         |
| Outer stave, last layer  | 6247.4       | 1230.6                         |

| Only electron beam, e+laser | Electrons/BX | Electrons/BX after the vtx cut |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Inner stave, first layer    | 7540.8       | 641.6                          |
| Outer stave, last layer     | 2536.8       | 224.0                          |

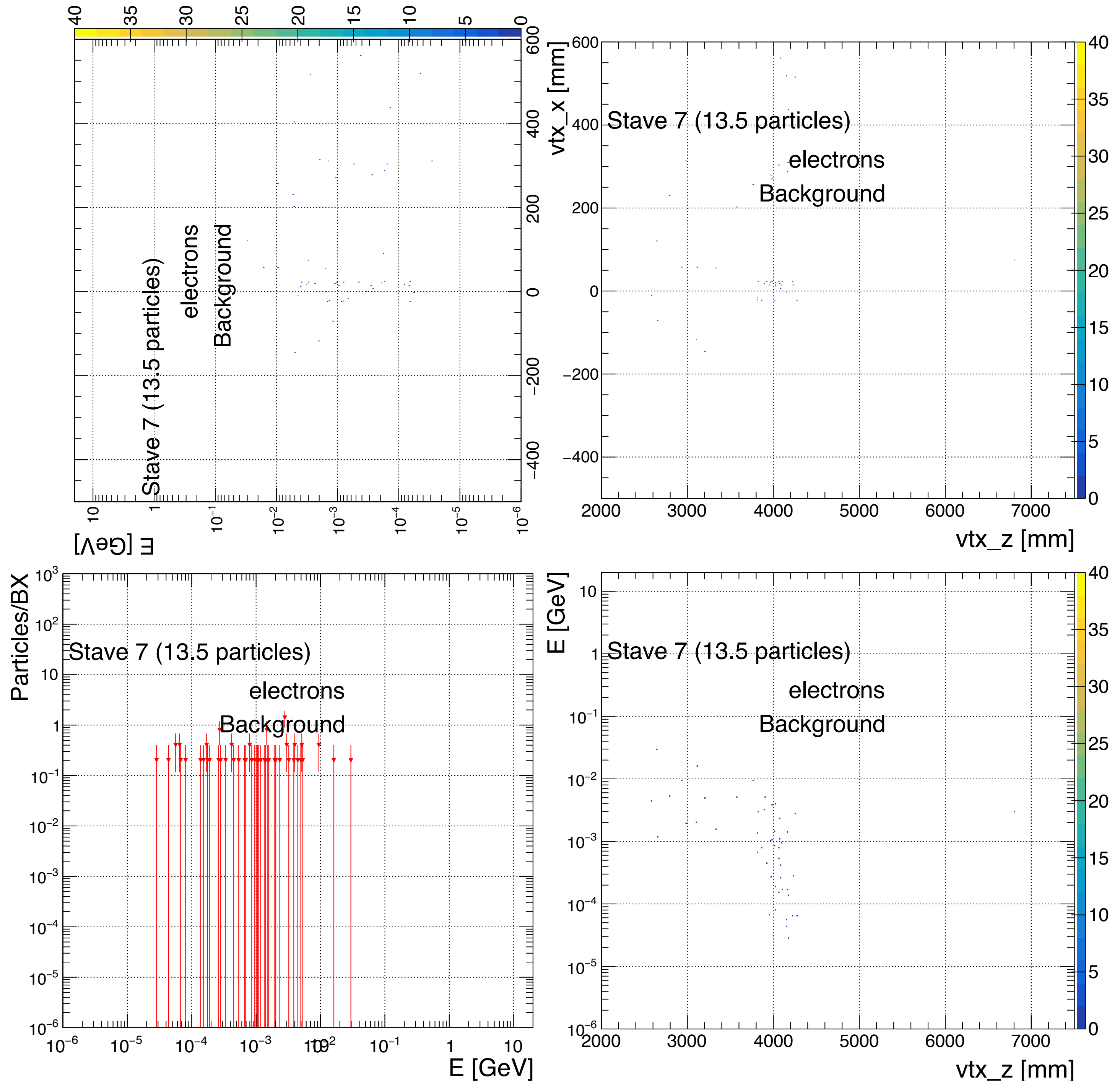
| Only photon beam, g+laser | Electrons/BX | Electrons/BX after the vtx cut |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| Inner stave, first layer  | 53.2         | 49.8                           |
| Outer stave, last layer   | 13.5         | 11.4                           |

# Summary

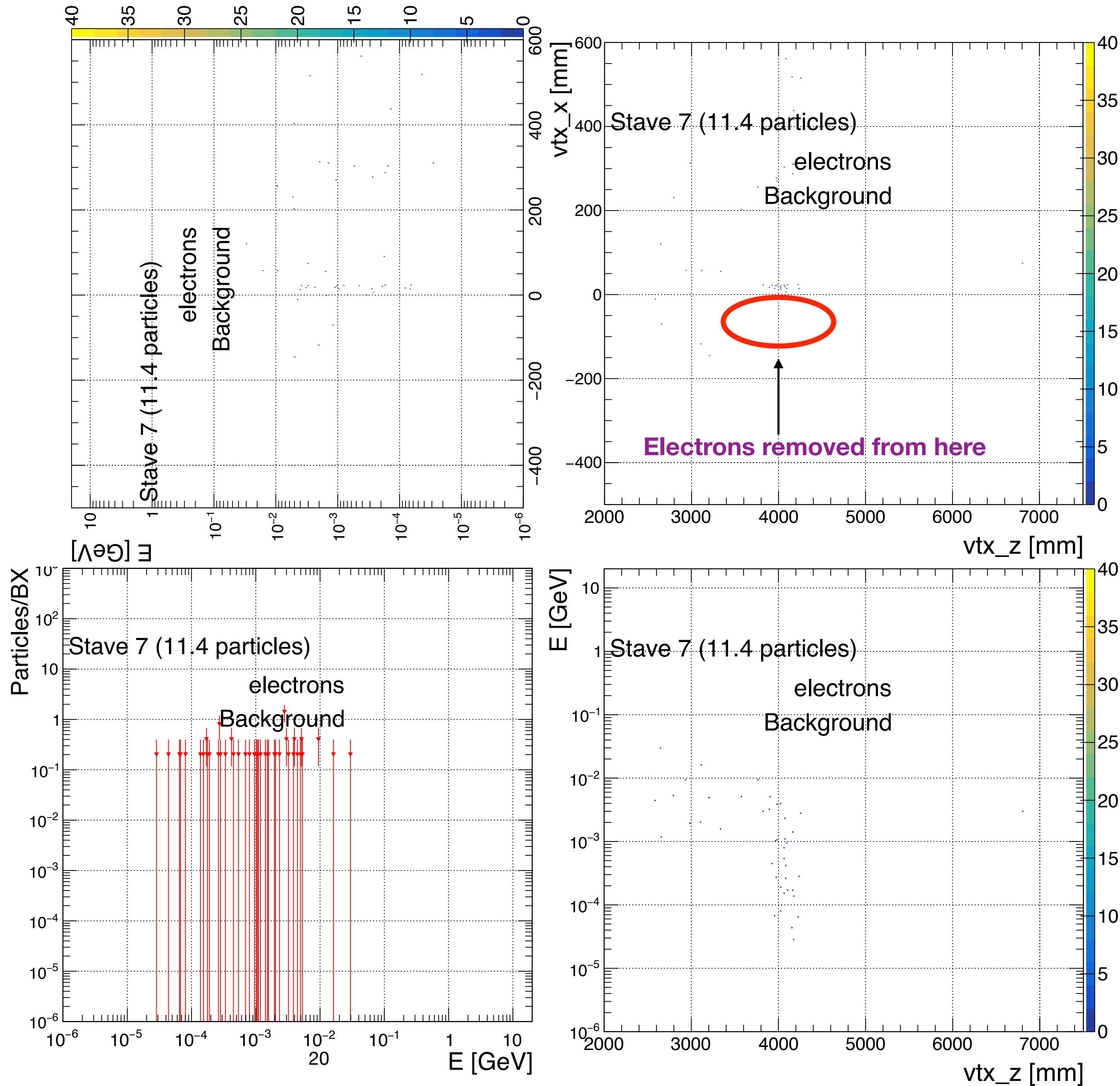
- A brief study of the origin of the background electrons.
  - Studied JETI40 e+laser hics, only electron beam and photon+laser setup.
- For the JETI40 hics, the “mechanical” vtx cut removed factor of 9 of background electrons.
  - The cut is not so effective for the last staves.
- First look at the electron beam only setup.
  - The “mechanical” vtx cut can remove factor of 12 of background.
- Photon+laser setup - vtx cut is not effective.
- For best tracker performance, we should aim to have  $\sim 10^2$  background electrons.
- Analysis of deposit of energy (“hits”) in the tracker plane:
  - A bit convoluted as different trees have different information: need to coherently add those trees to make meaningful plots.
  - Work in progress.

# Bonus slides

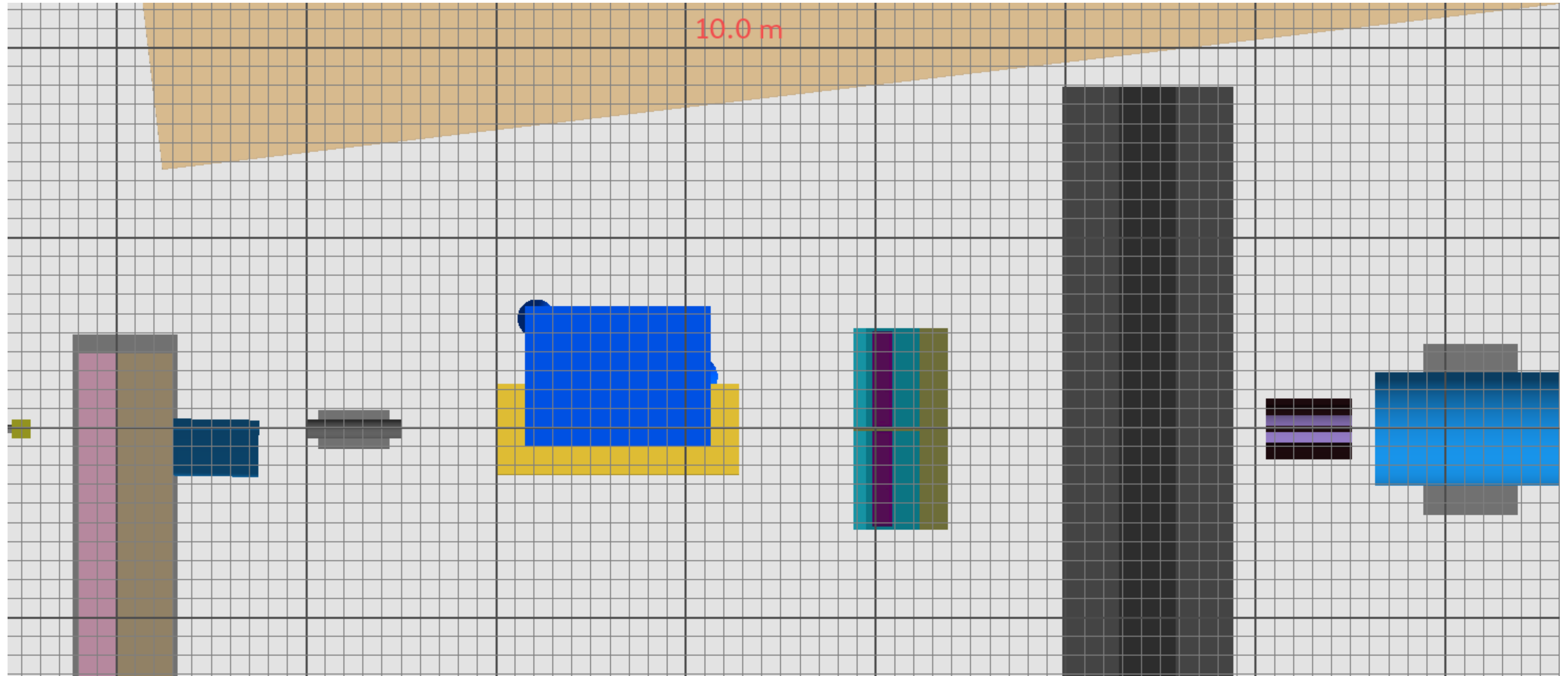
# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker (g+laser)



# Electrons in Outer Stave, last layer of tracker, cut on vtx\_z and vtx\_x (g+laser)

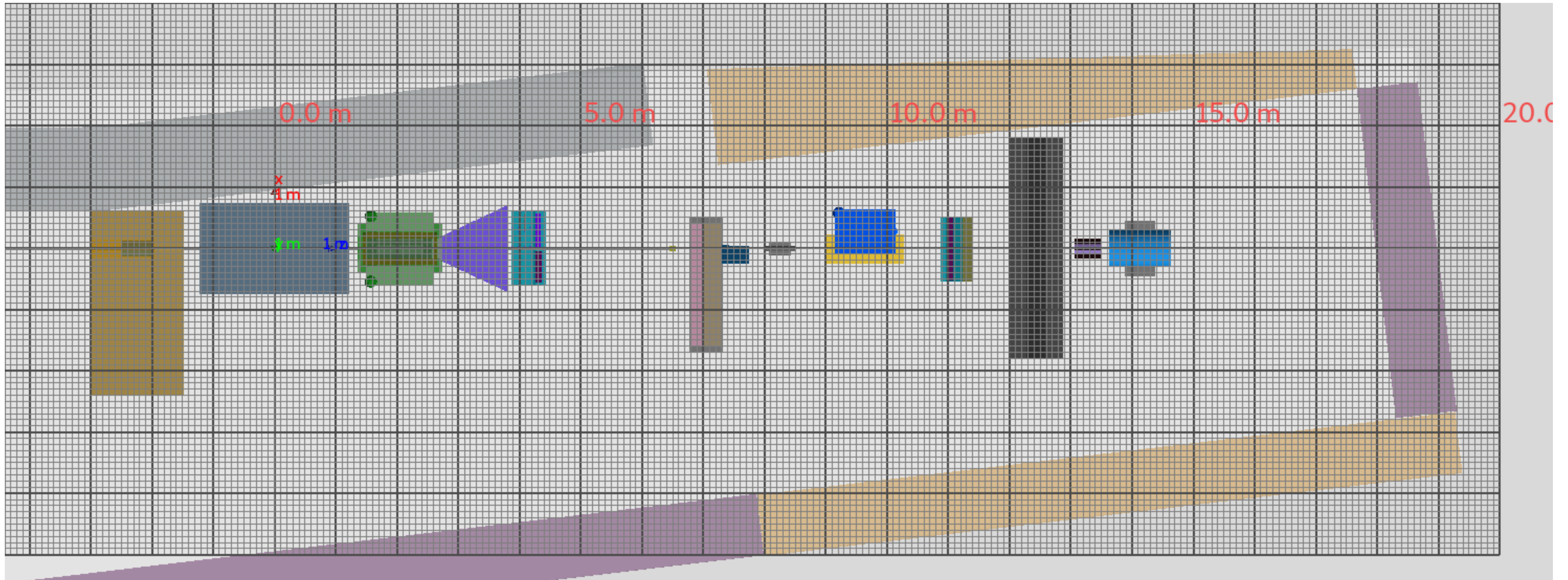


# The subsystems near the beam dump



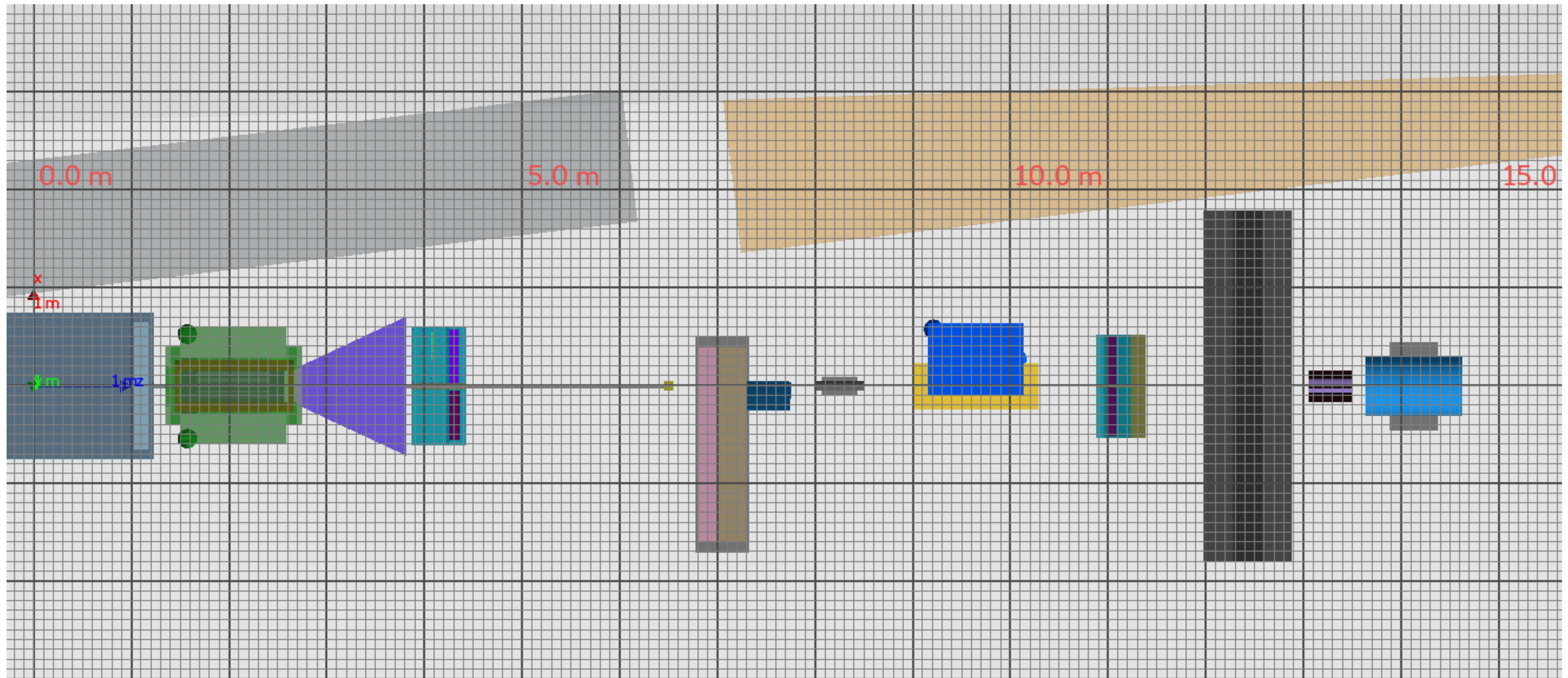
Plots from Sasha

# The entire subsystem



Plots from Sasha

# The subsystems from the IP to beam dump



Plots from Sasha