

Anomalous couplings and higher order corrections in Higgs boson pair production

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in collaboration with
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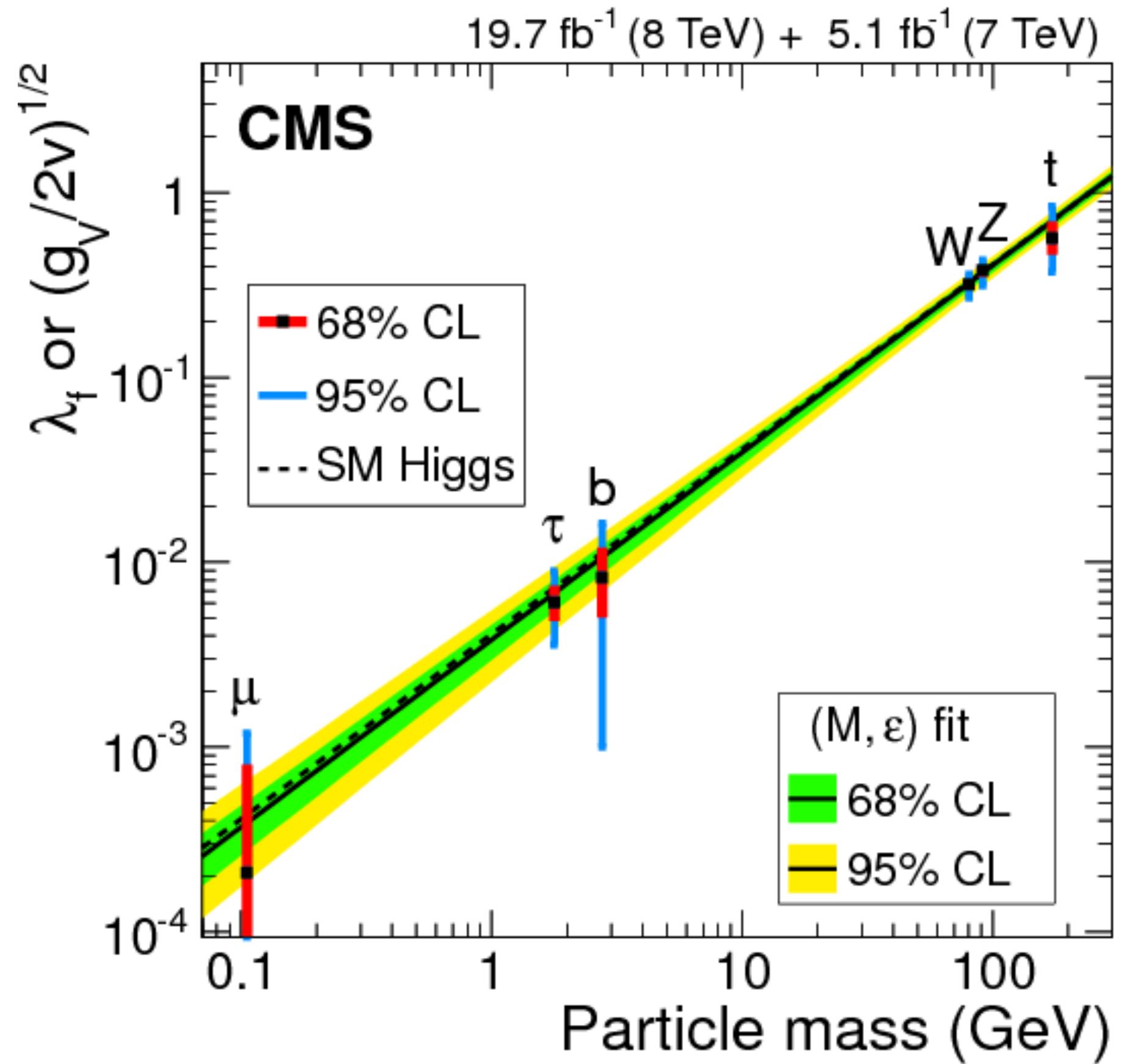
A Loop Summit

Cadenabbia, July 26, 2021

Foto: Konrad Adenauer Stiftung

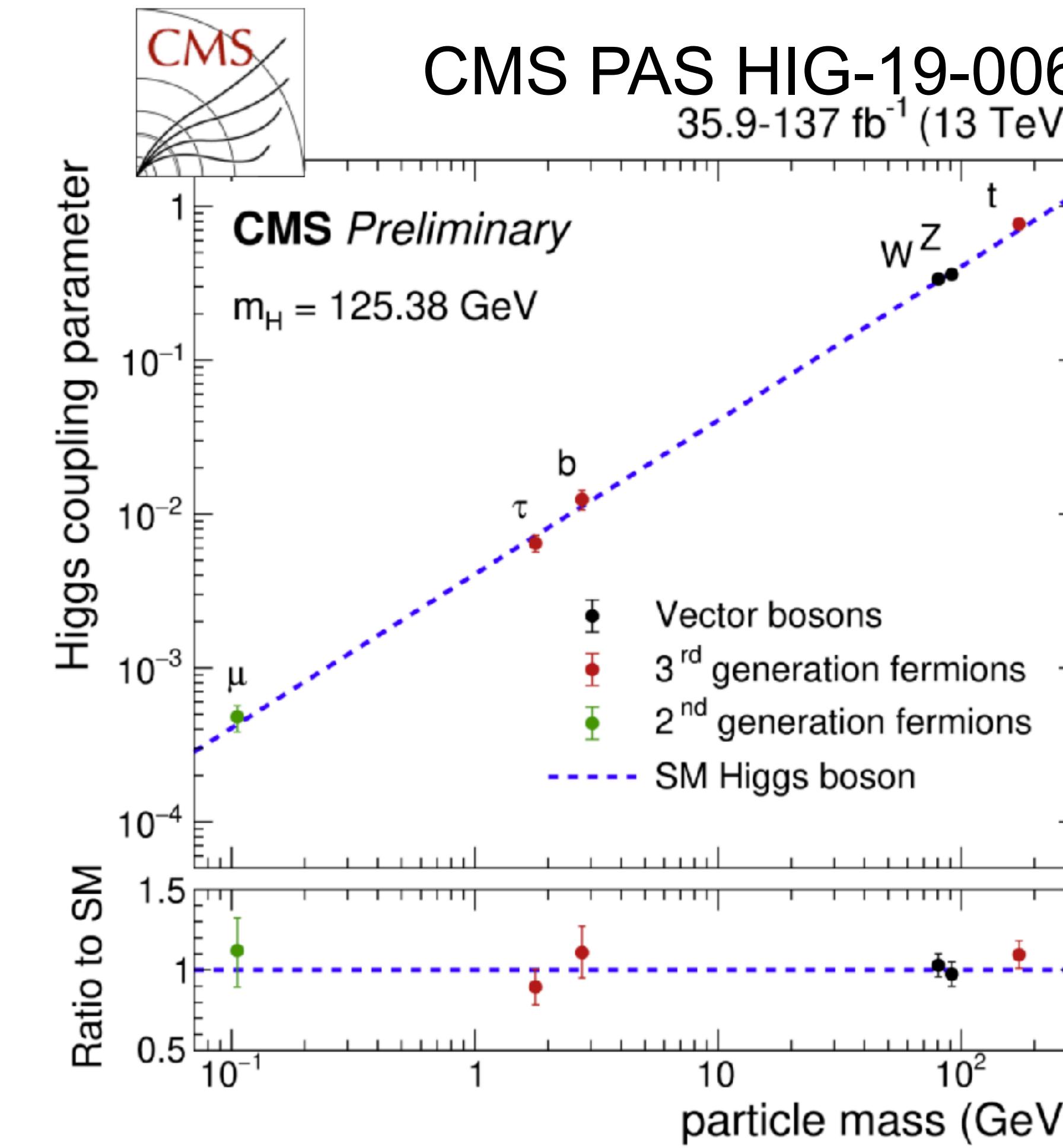
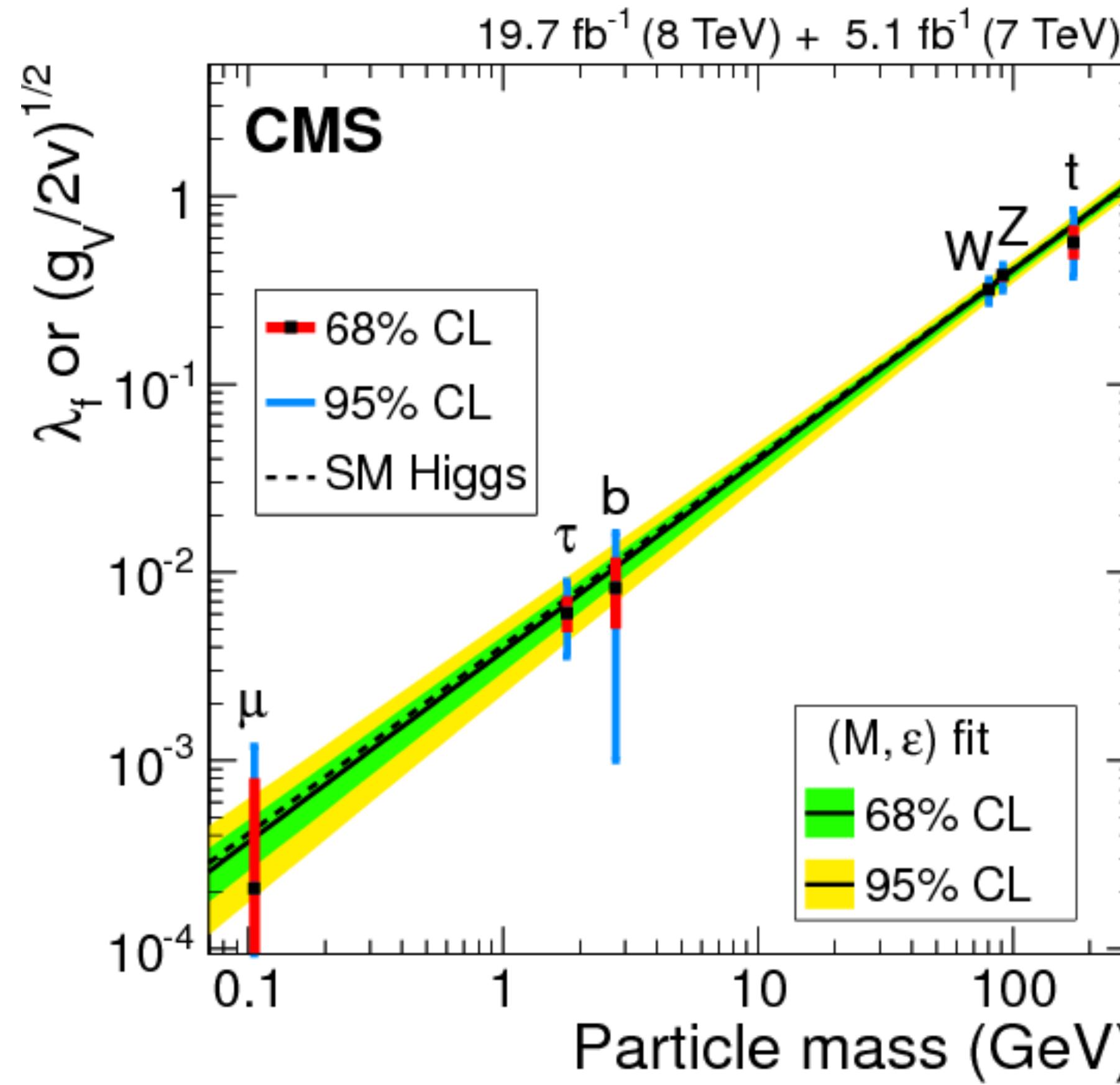
Motivation

Run I



Motivation

Run I



H?

enormous experimental progress

Progress on the theory side



Progress on the theory side



A chalkboard with handwritten notes about the Higgs mechanism:

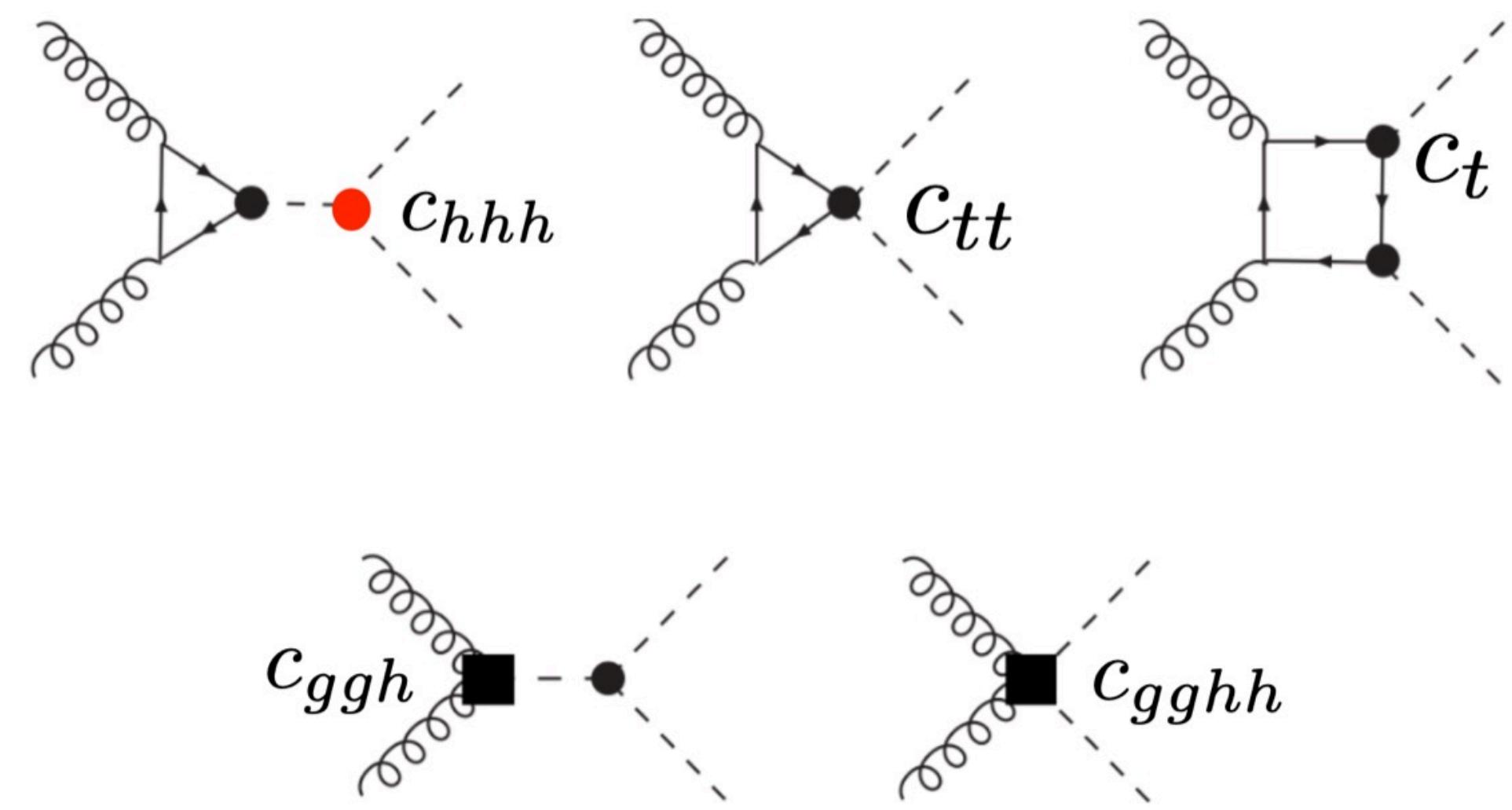
$$\mathcal{L} = (\partial_\mu \phi)^* D^\mu \phi - V(\phi) - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$$
$$D_\mu \phi = \partial_\mu \phi - ie A_\mu \phi$$
$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu A_\nu - \partial_\nu A_\mu$$
$$V(\phi) = \alpha \phi^* \phi + \beta (\phi^* \phi)^2$$
$$\alpha < 0, \beta > 0$$

Peter Higgs

The chalkboard also features a diagram of a cylinder with a vertical axis labeled ϕ , showing the potential V at the top and the field components $\text{Re } \phi$ and $\text{Im } \phi$ at the bottom.

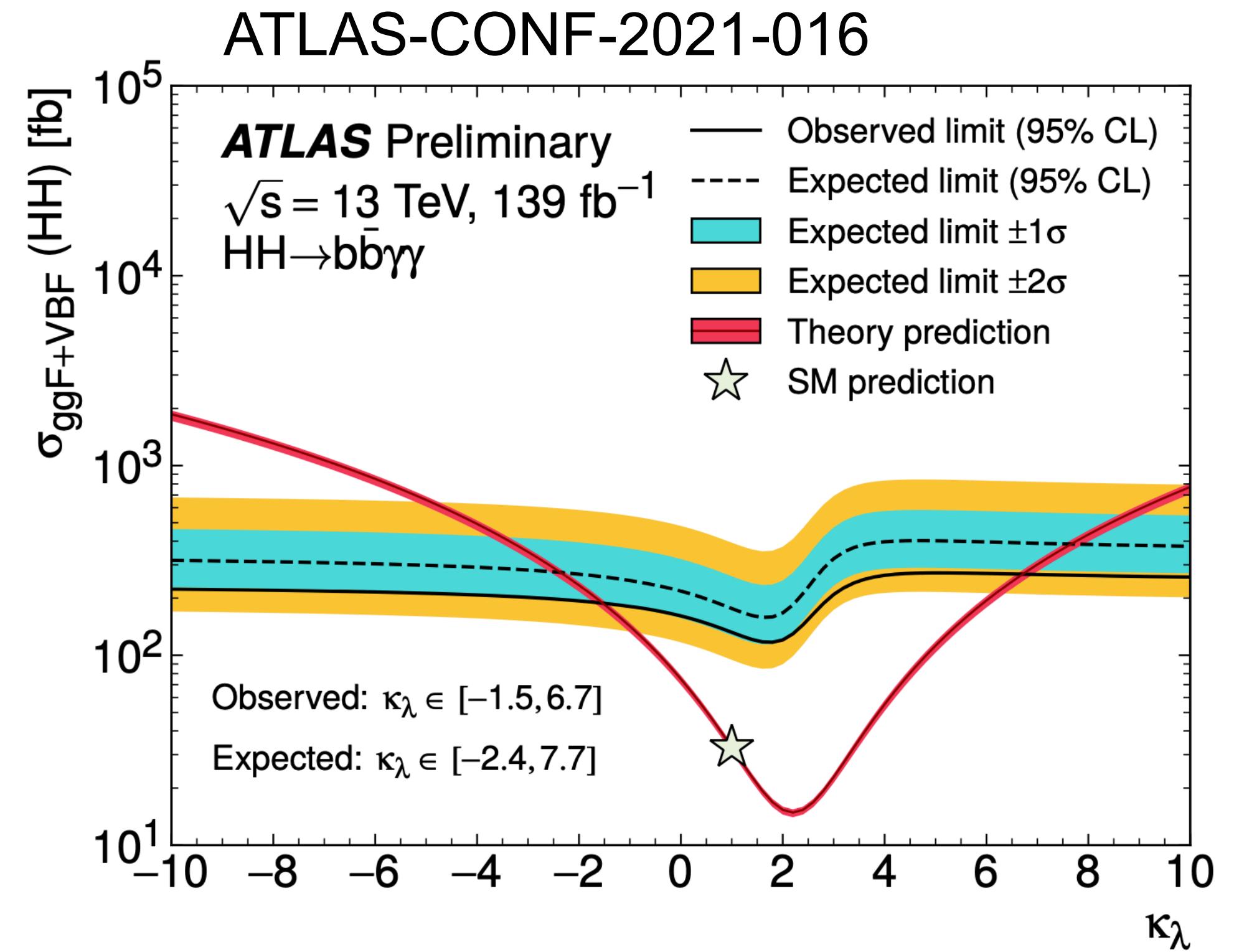
Exploring the Higgs potential

through Higgs boson pair production in gluon fusion



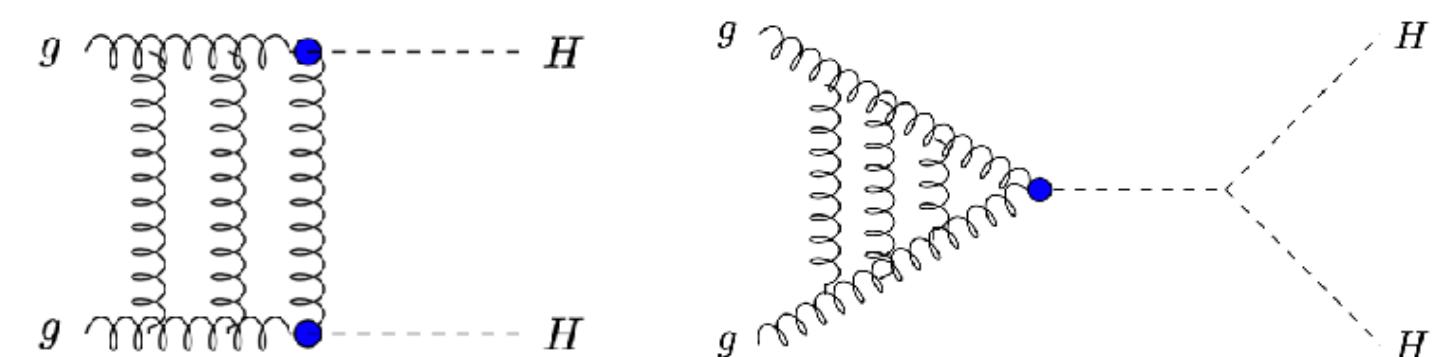
$$\mathcal{L} \supset -m_t \left(\textcolor{red}{c_t} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{c_{tt}} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) \bar{t}t - \textcolor{red}{c_{hhh}} \frac{m_h^2}{2v} h^3 + \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \left(\textcolor{red}{c_{ggh}} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{c_{gghh}} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu}$$

$\kappa_\lambda \equiv c_{hhh}$



Higher order corrections: SM

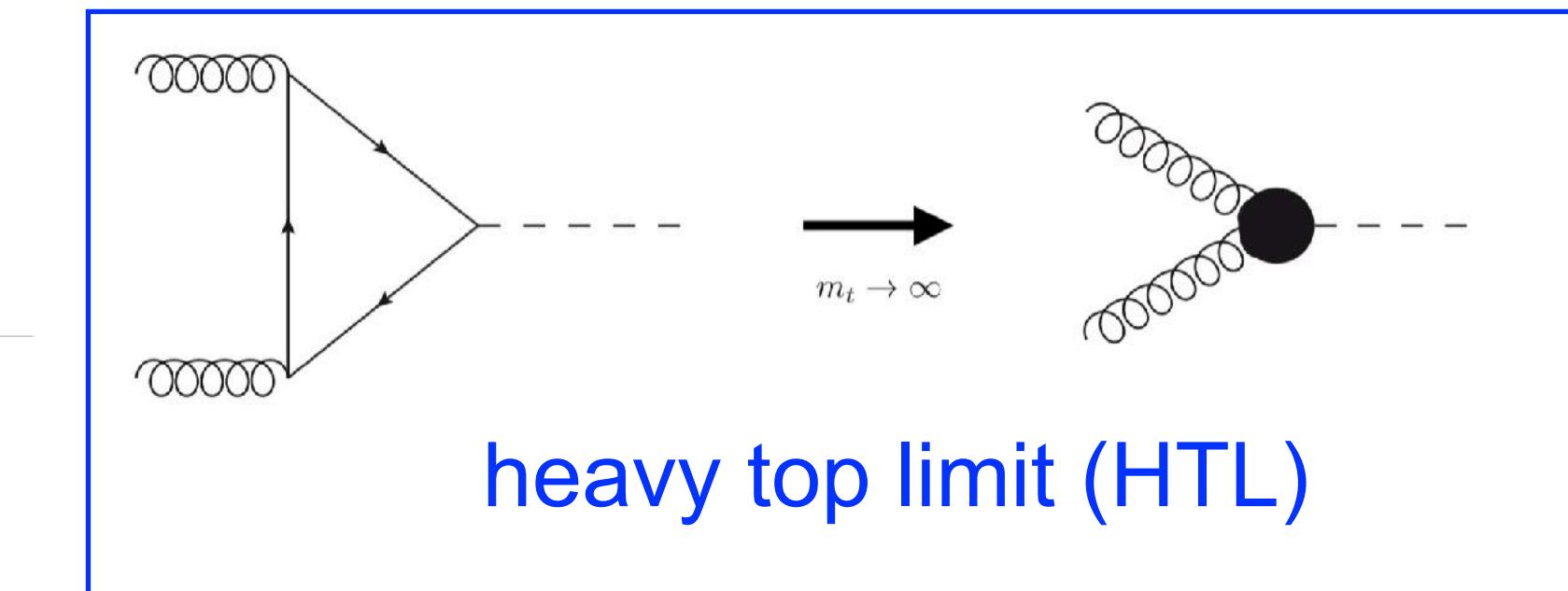
N3LO: Chen, Li, Shao, Wang '19
(HTL with top mass effects)



NNLO: De Florian, Mazzitelli '13
Grigo, Melnikov, Steinhauser '14

NNLO_{FTapprox} Grazzini, Kallweit, GH, Jones,
Kerner, Lindert, Mazzitelli '18

inclusion of top quark mass dependence except in virtual $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$

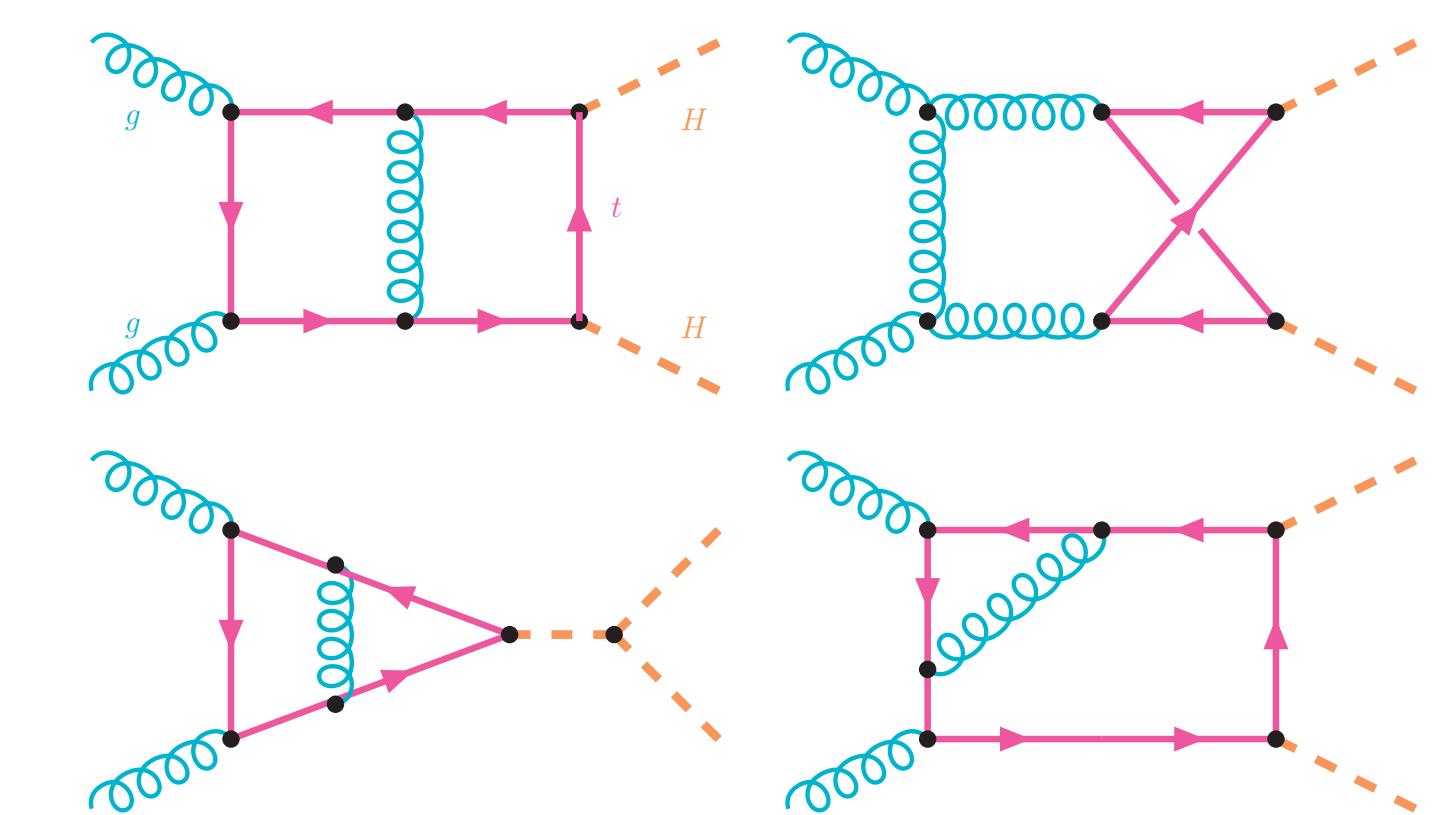


NLO full m_t

Borowka, Greiner, GH, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk et al. '16

Baglio, Campanario, Glaus, Mühlleitner, Spira, Streicher '18

Davies, GH, Jones, Kerner, Mishima, Steinhauser, Wellmann '19



top quark mass scheme uncertainties: pole mass versus $\overline{\text{MS}}$ mass

Baglio, Campanario, Glaus, Mühlleitner, Ronca, Spira '18, '20

Higher order corrections: EFT

NLO in (BI) heavy top limit	Gröber, Mühlleitner, Spira, Streicher '15
including CP-violating operators	Gröber, Mühlleitner, Spira '17
NLO in FTapprox (SMEFT)	Maltoni, Vryonidou, Zhang '16
NNLO in (BI) heavy top limit	De Florian, Fabre, Mazzitelli '16

Higher order corrections: EFT

NLO in (BI) heavy top limit
including CP-violating operators

Gröber, Mühlleitner, Spira, Streicher '15

NLO in FTapprox (SMEFT)

Maltoni, Vryonidou, Zhang '16

NNLO in (BI) heavy top limit

De Florian, Fabre, Mazzitelli '16

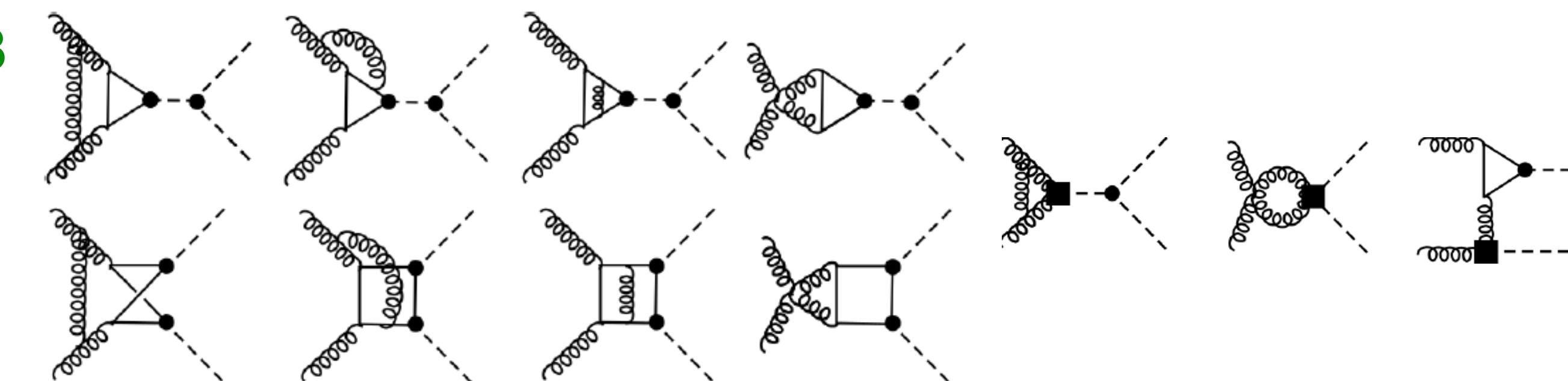
full NLO

Buchalla, Capozi, Celis, GH, Scyboz '18

Capozi, GH '19

approximate NNLO (NNLO'):

De Florian, Fabre, GH, Mazzitelli, Scyboz '21



Approximate NNLO

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -m_t \left(\textcolor{red}{c_t} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{c_{tt}} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) \bar{t} t - \textcolor{red}{c_{hhh}} \frac{m_h^2}{2v} h^3 + \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \left(\textcolor{red}{c_{ggh}} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{c_{gghh}} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu} \quad (\text{HEFT})$$

parametrisation of cross section in terms of combinations of anomalous couplings

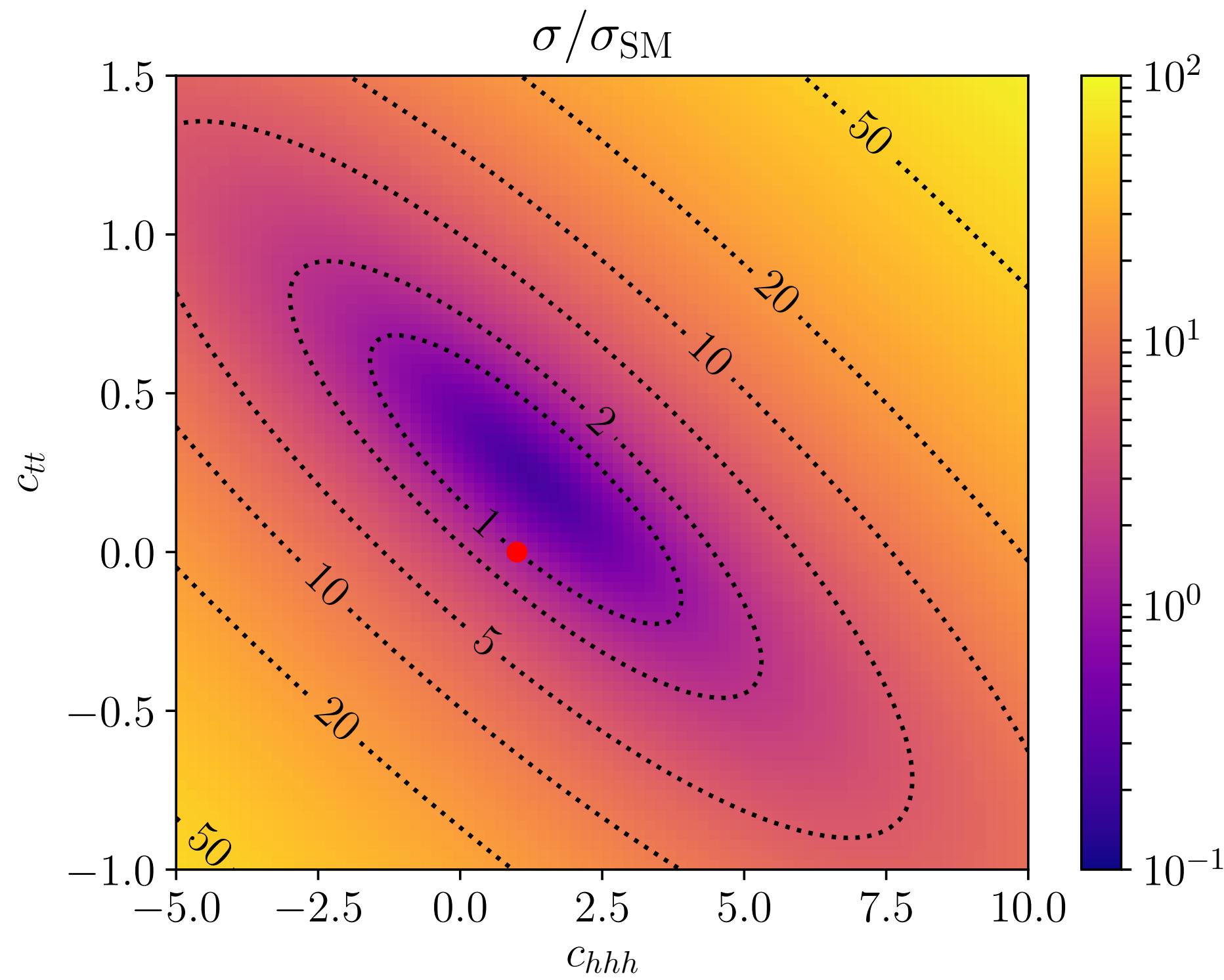
LO: 15, **NLO:** 23, **NNLO:** 25 combinations

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\text{BSM}}/\sigma_{\text{SM}} = & a_1 c_t^4 + a_2 c_{tt}^2 + a_3 c_t^2 c_{hhh}^2 + a_4 c_{ggh}^2 c_{hhh}^2 + a_5 c_{gghh}^2 + a_6 c_{tt} c_t^2 + a_7 c_t^3 c_{hhh} \\ & + a_8 c_{tt} c_t c_{hhh} + a_9 c_{tt} c_{ggh} c_{hhh} + a_{10} c_{tt} c_{gghh} + a_{11} c_t^2 c_{ggh} c_{hhh} + a_{12} c_t^2 c_{gghh} \\ & + a_{13} c_t c_{hhh}^2 c_{ggh} + a_{14} c_t c_{hhh} c_{gghh} + a_{15} c_{ggh} c_{hhh} c_{gghh} + a_{16} c_t^3 c_{ggh} \\ & + a_{17} c_t c_{tt} c_{ggh} + a_{18} c_t c_{ggh}^2 c_{hhh} + a_{19} c_t c_{ggh} c_{gghh} + a_{20} c_t^2 c_{ggh}^2 \\ & + a_{21} c_{tt} c_{ggh}^2 + a_{22} c_{ggh}^3 c_{hhh} + a_{23} c_{ggh}^2 c_{gghh} + a_{24} c_{ggh}^4 + a_{25} c_{ggh}^3 c_t \end{aligned}$$

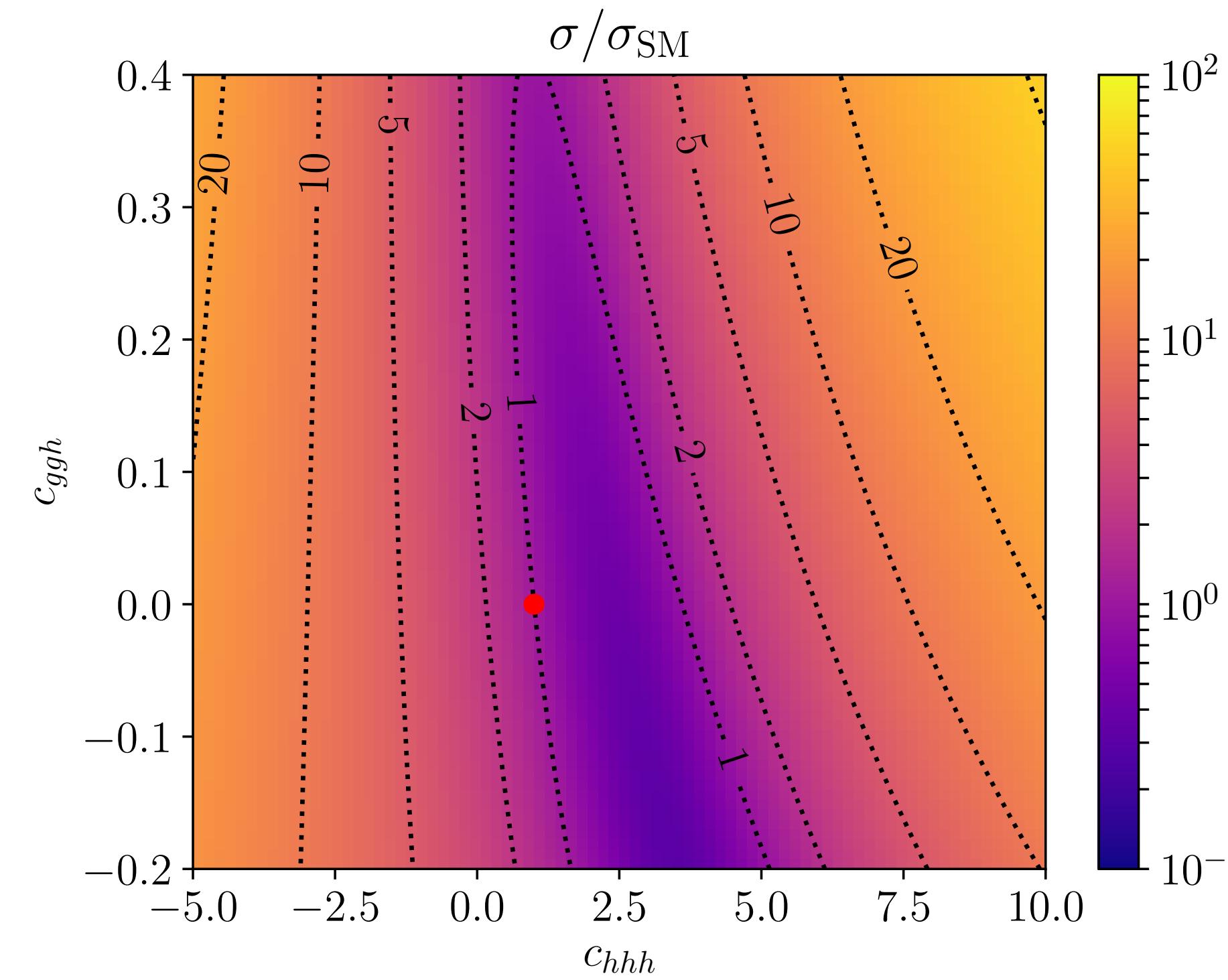
Total cross sections

- fit of coefficients based on 43 combinations of EFT parameter points
- scan over 10000 points in EFT parameter space

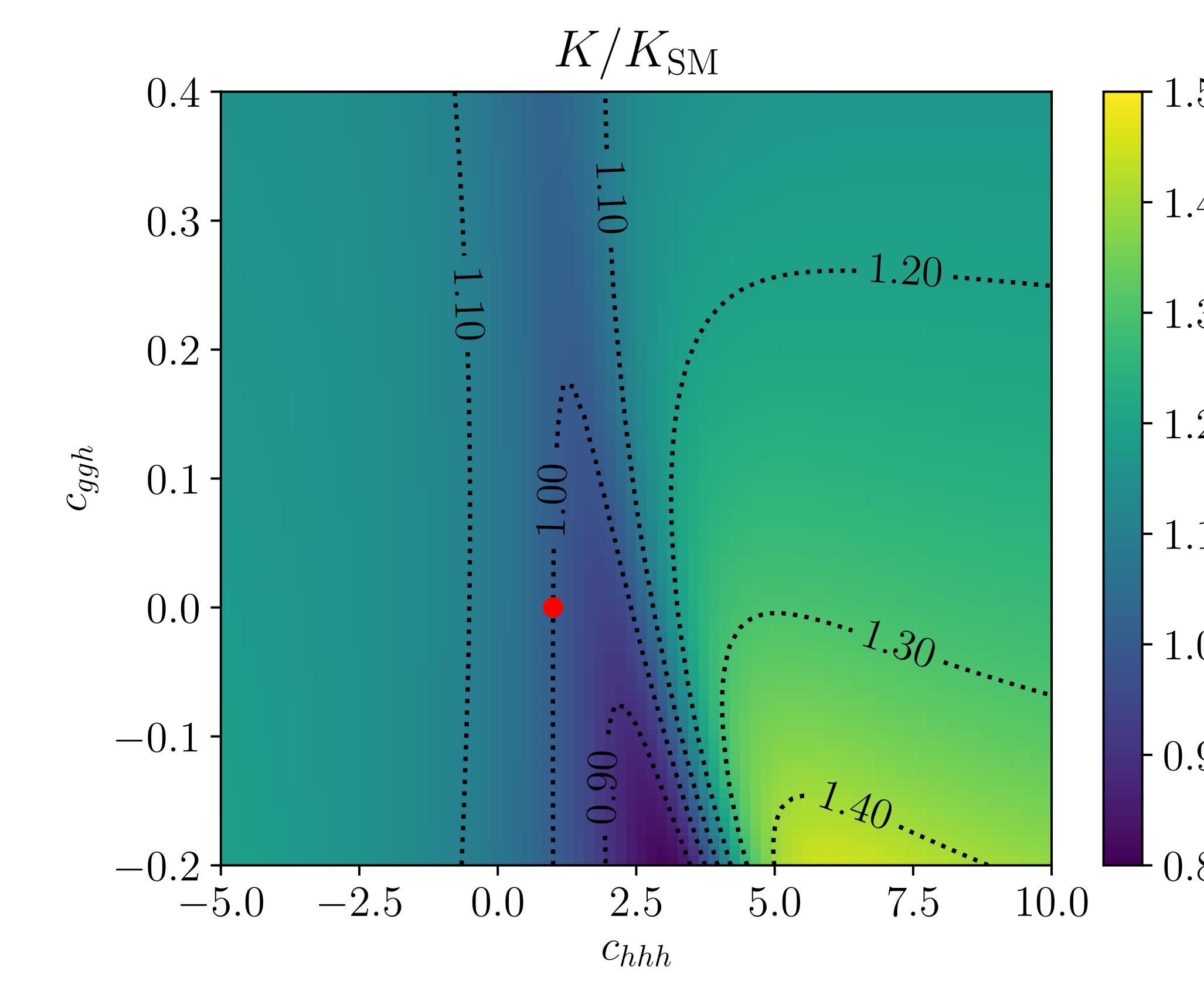
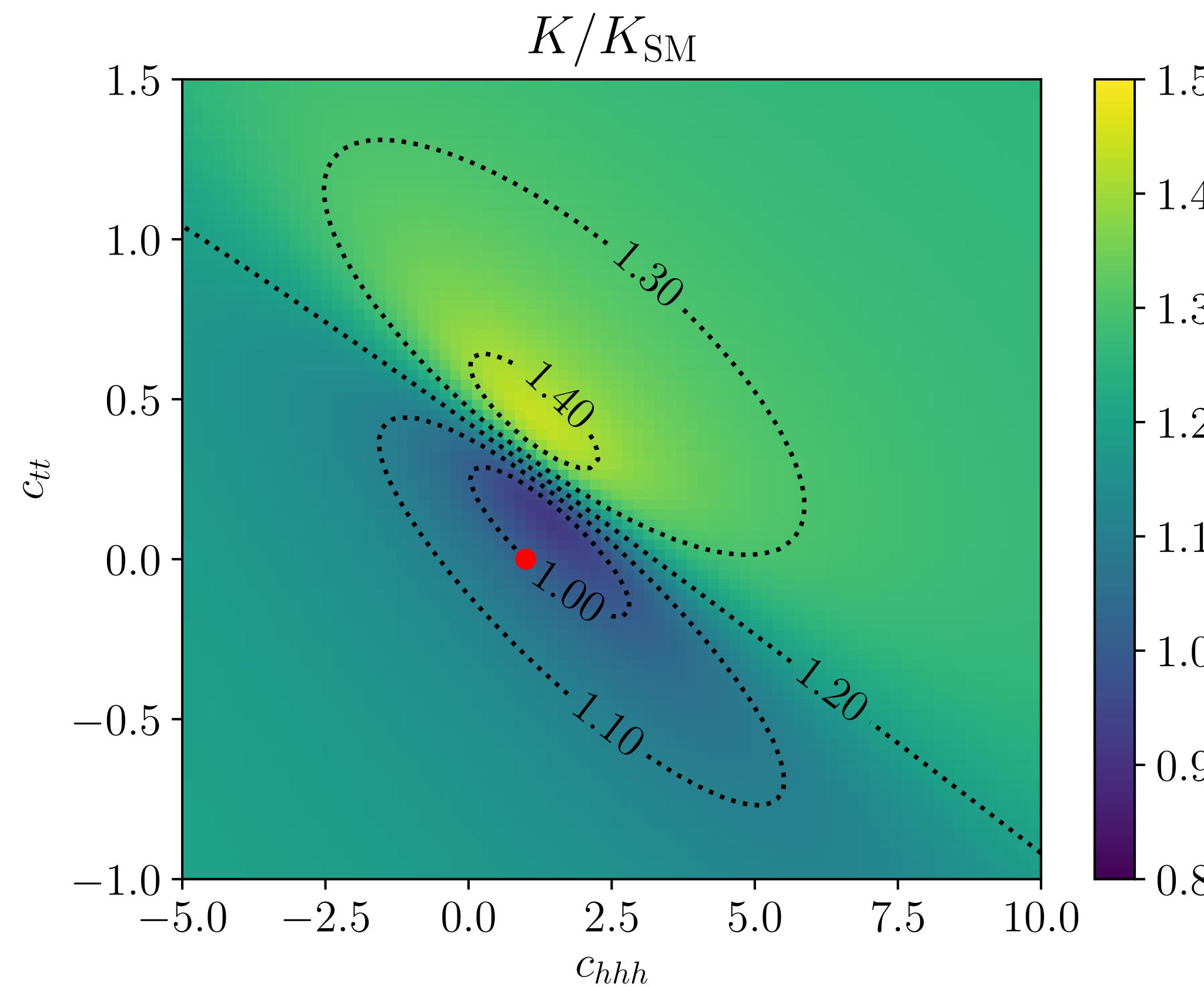
$$c_{gghh} = c_{ggh} = 0, \quad c_t = 1$$



$$c_{gghh} = c_{ggh}/2, \quad c_{ttt} = 0, \quad c_t = 1$$



K-factors



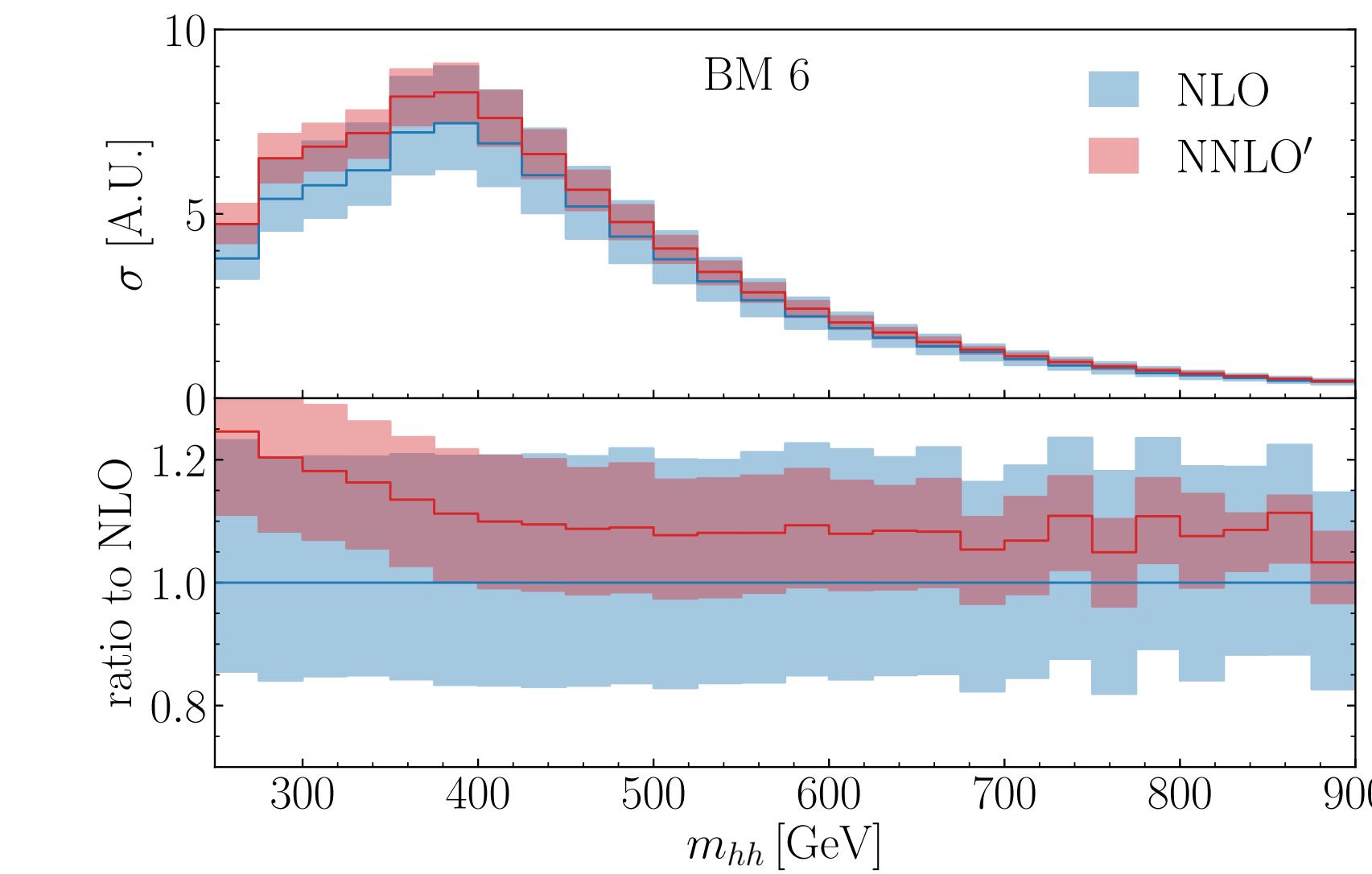
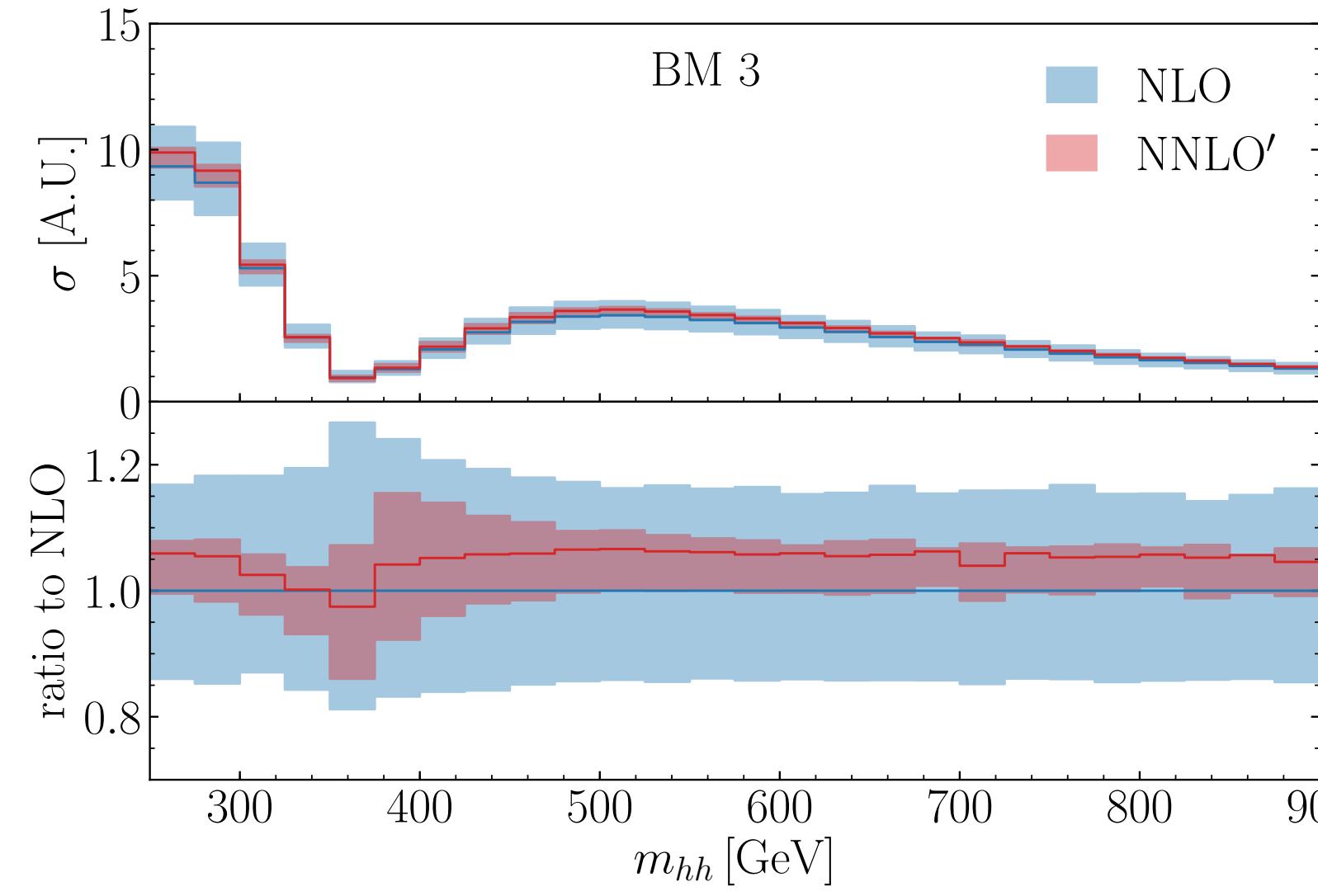
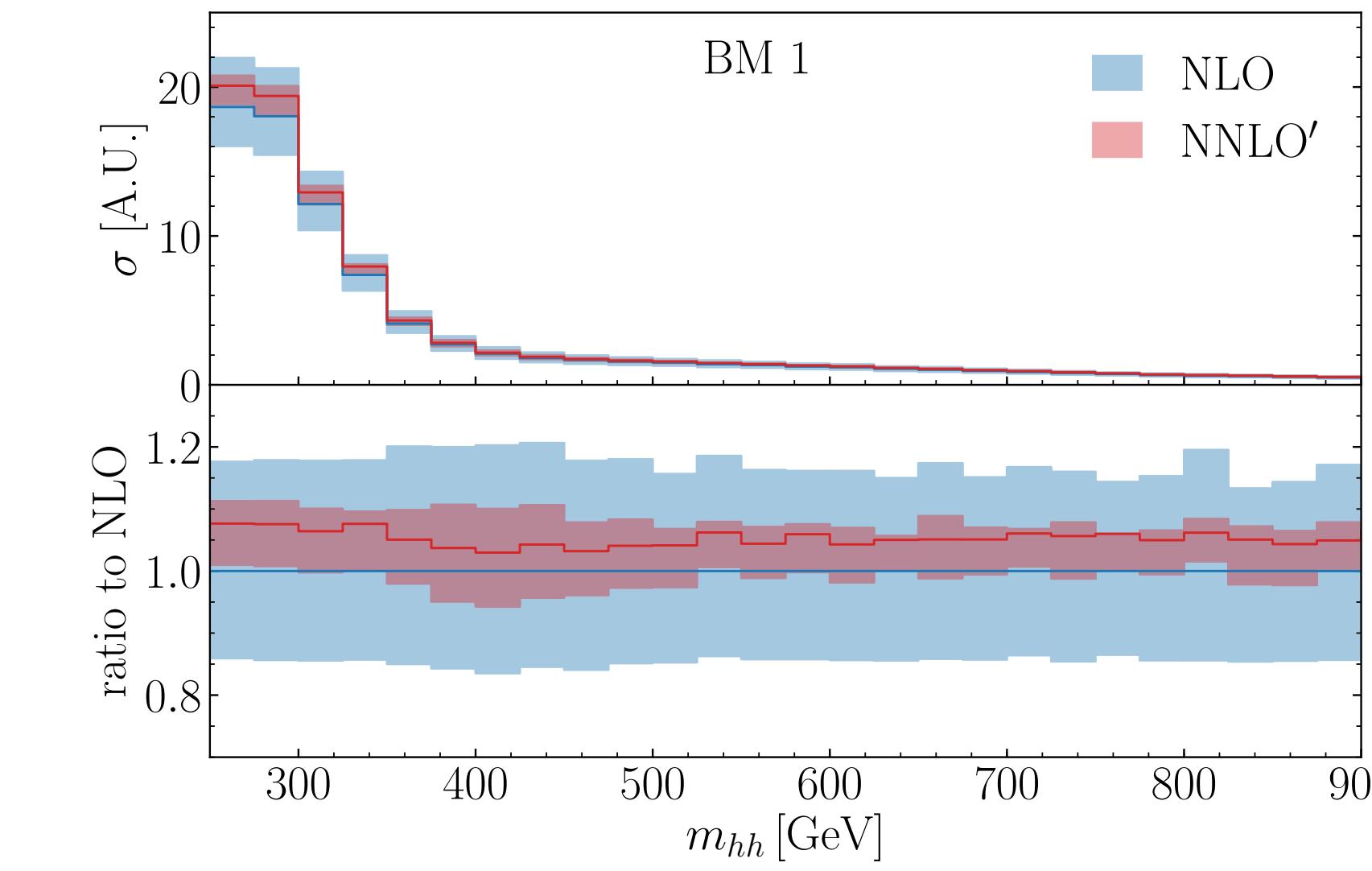
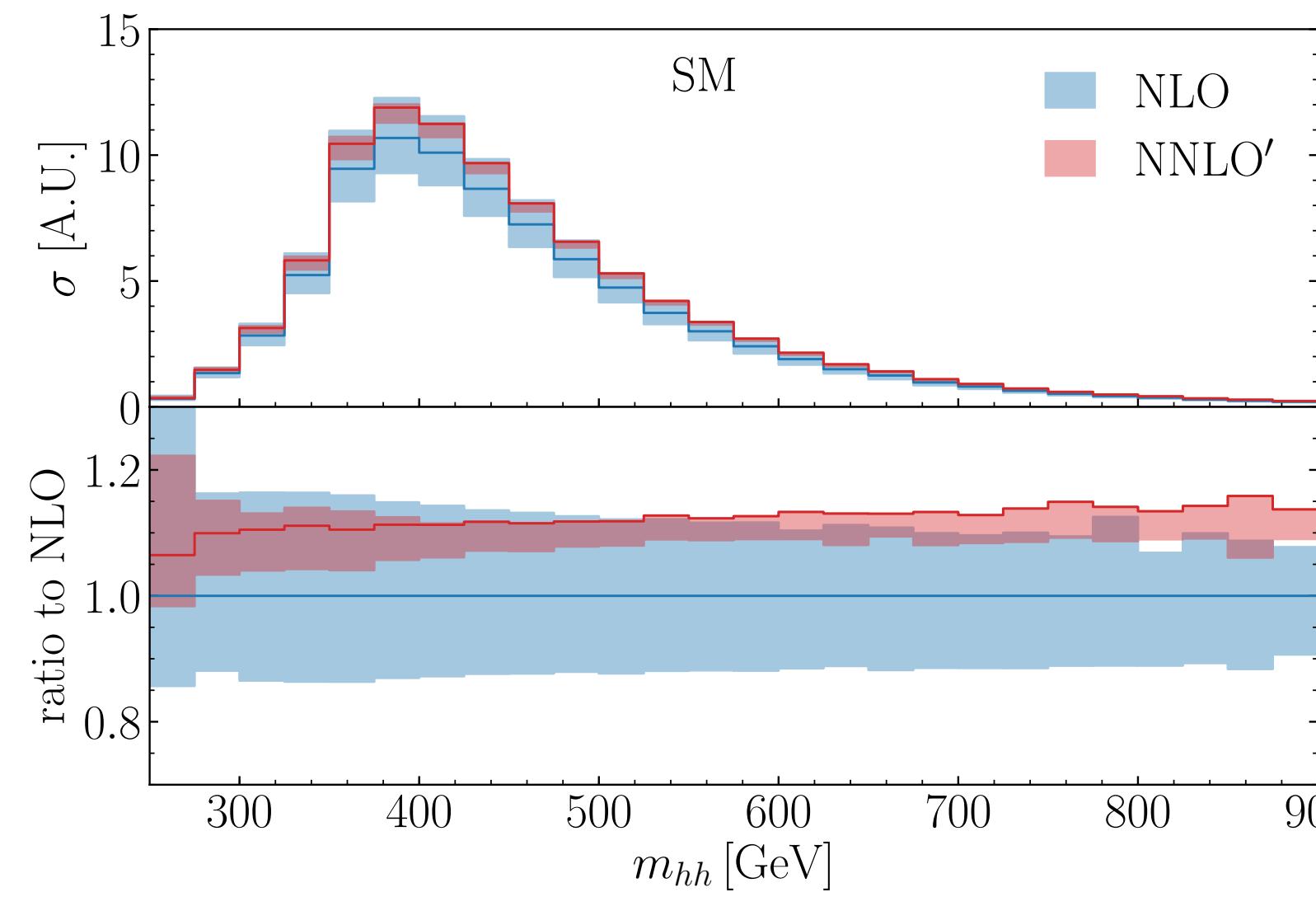
$$\sigma^{NNLO'} / \sigma^{LO} \quad \text{normalised to SM K-factor (1.85)}$$

Benchmark points

based on m_{hh} shape analysis at NLO [Capozi, GH '19]

benchmark	c_t	c_{hhh}	c_{tt}	c_{ggh}	c_{gghh}	$\sigma_{\text{NLO}} [\text{fb}]$	$\sigma_{\text{NNLO'}} [\text{fb}]$	$K_{\text{NNLO'}}$	ratio to SM
SM	1	1	0	0	0	$32.90^{+14\%}_{-16\%}$	$36.69^{+0.0\%}_{-4.3\%}$	1.85	1.00
1	0.94	3.94	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0.5	$\frac{1}{3}$	$222.6^{+18\%}_{-14\%}$	$237.2^{+2.7\%}_{-5.4\%}$	2.03	6.47
2	0.61	6.84	$\frac{1}{3}$	0.0	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$168.1^{+20\%}_{-16\%}$	$191.1^{+7.1\%}_{-8.6\%}$	2.43	5.21
3	1.05	2.21	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0.5	0.5	$151.9^{+17\%}_{-14\%}$	$159.9^{+2.1\%}_{-5.2\%}$	1.92	4.36
4	0.61	2.79	$\frac{1}{3}$	-0.5	$\frac{1}{6}$	$63.14^{+20\%}_{-16\%}$	$69.57^{+8.9\%}_{-9.1\%}$	2.37	1.90
5	1.17	3.95	$-\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	-0.5	$154.8^{+14\%}_{-13\%}$	$166.7^{+0.0\%}_{-3.7\%}$	1.75	4.54
6	0.83	5.68	$\frac{1}{3}$	-0.5	$\frac{1}{3}$	$179.4^{+20\%}_{-16\%}$	$200.1^{+5.9\%}_{-9.3\%}$	2.41	5.45
7	0.94	-0.10	1	$\frac{1}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{6}$	$131.1^{+22\%}_{-17\%}$	$146.2^{+12\%}_{-11\%}$	2.54	3.98

Distributions



Current experimental constraints

yellow line:
current limit on total xs

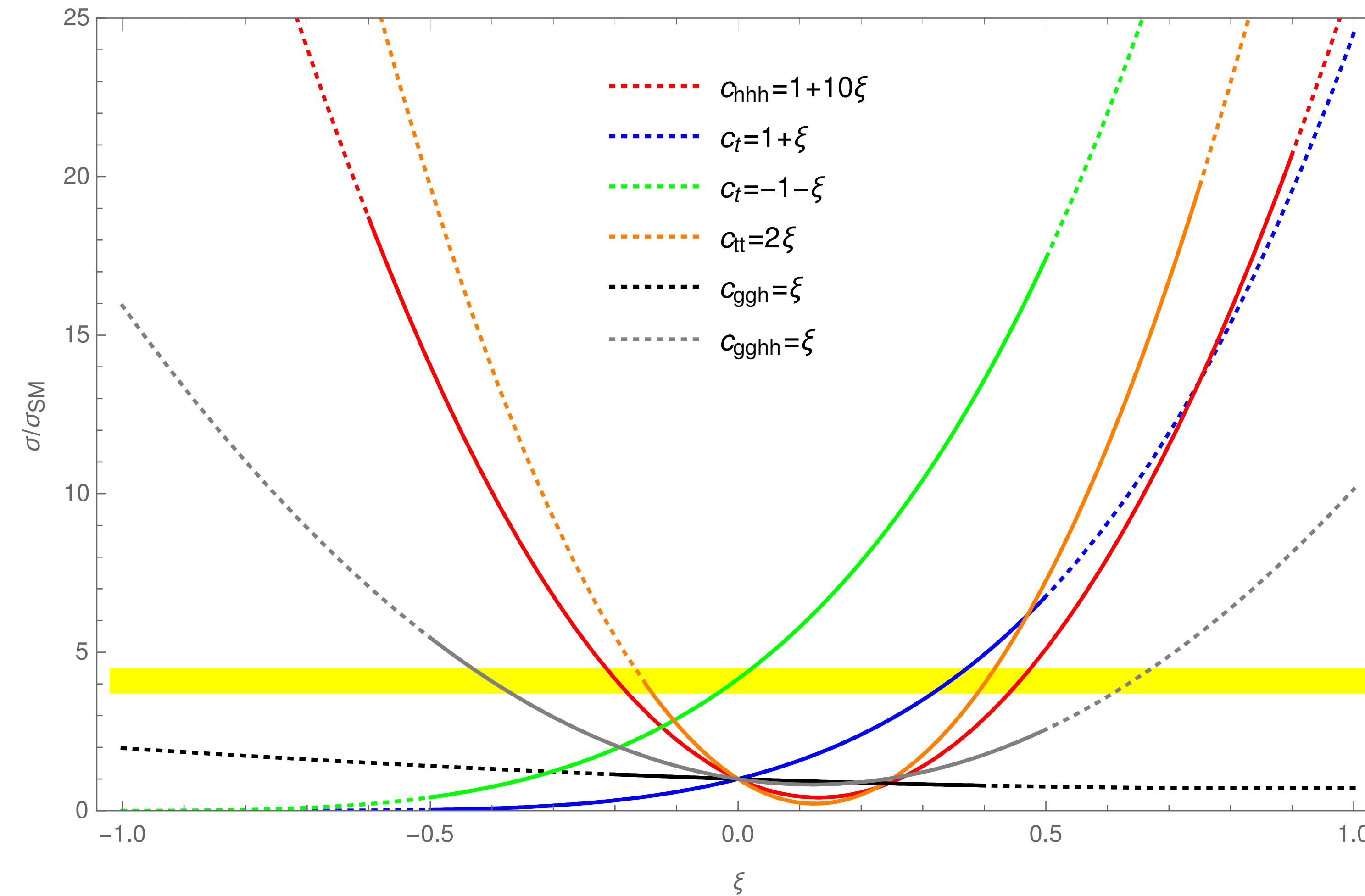
(ATLAS-CONF-2021-016)

solid: ~ experimental limits
on couplings

all couplings except c_{ggh}

can generate variations of the
cross section larger than
the current limit from hh xs

→ only simultaneous
variations are meaningful



What about SMEFT?

HEFT (EW Chiral Lagrangian):

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{ew}\chi} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{LO}} + \sum_{L=1}^{\infty} \sum_i \left(\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \right)^L c_i^{(L)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(L)}$$

SMEFT:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{C_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{\text{dim}6} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^3}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta \mathcal{L}_{\text{dim}6} = & \frac{\bar{c}_H}{2v^2} \partial_\mu (\phi^\dagger \phi) \partial^\mu (\phi^\dagger \phi) + \frac{\bar{c}_u}{v^2} y_t (\phi^\dagger \phi \bar{q}_L \tilde{\phi} t_R + \text{h.c.}) - \frac{\bar{c}_6}{2v^2} \frac{m_h^2}{v^2} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^3 \\ & + \frac{\bar{c}_{ug}}{v^2} g_s (\bar{q}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu} \tilde{\phi} t_R + \text{h.c.}) + \frac{4\bar{c}_g}{v^2} g_s^2 \phi^\dagger \phi G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} \end{aligned}$$

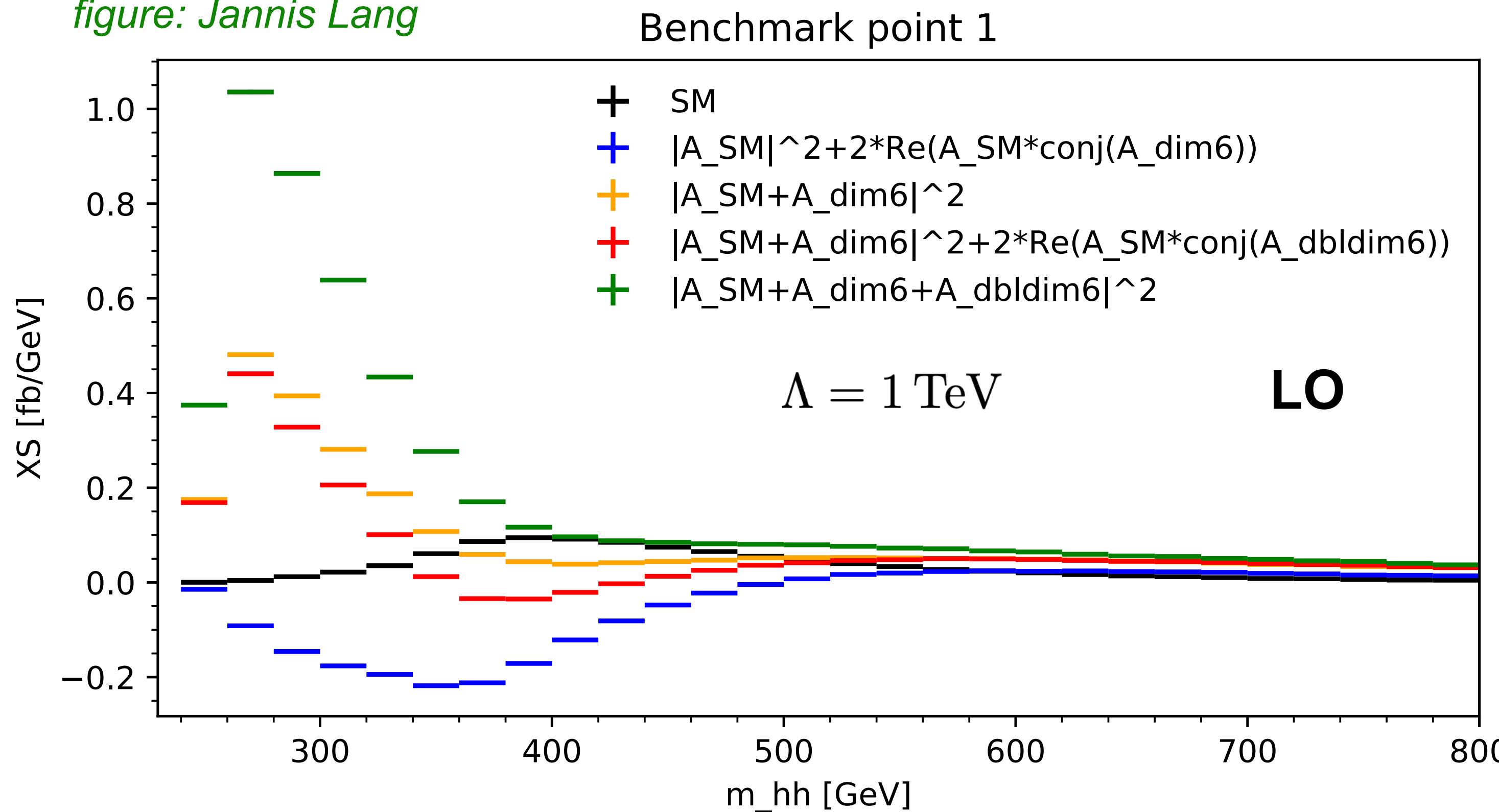
coupling relations: $c_t = 1 - \bar{c}_H/2 - \bar{c}_u$, $c_{tt} = -(\bar{c}_H + 3\bar{c}_u)/2$

$$c_{ggh} = 2 c_{gghh} = 128\pi^2 \bar{c}_g \quad , \quad c_{hhh} = 1 - \frac{3}{2} \bar{c}_H + \bar{c}_6$$

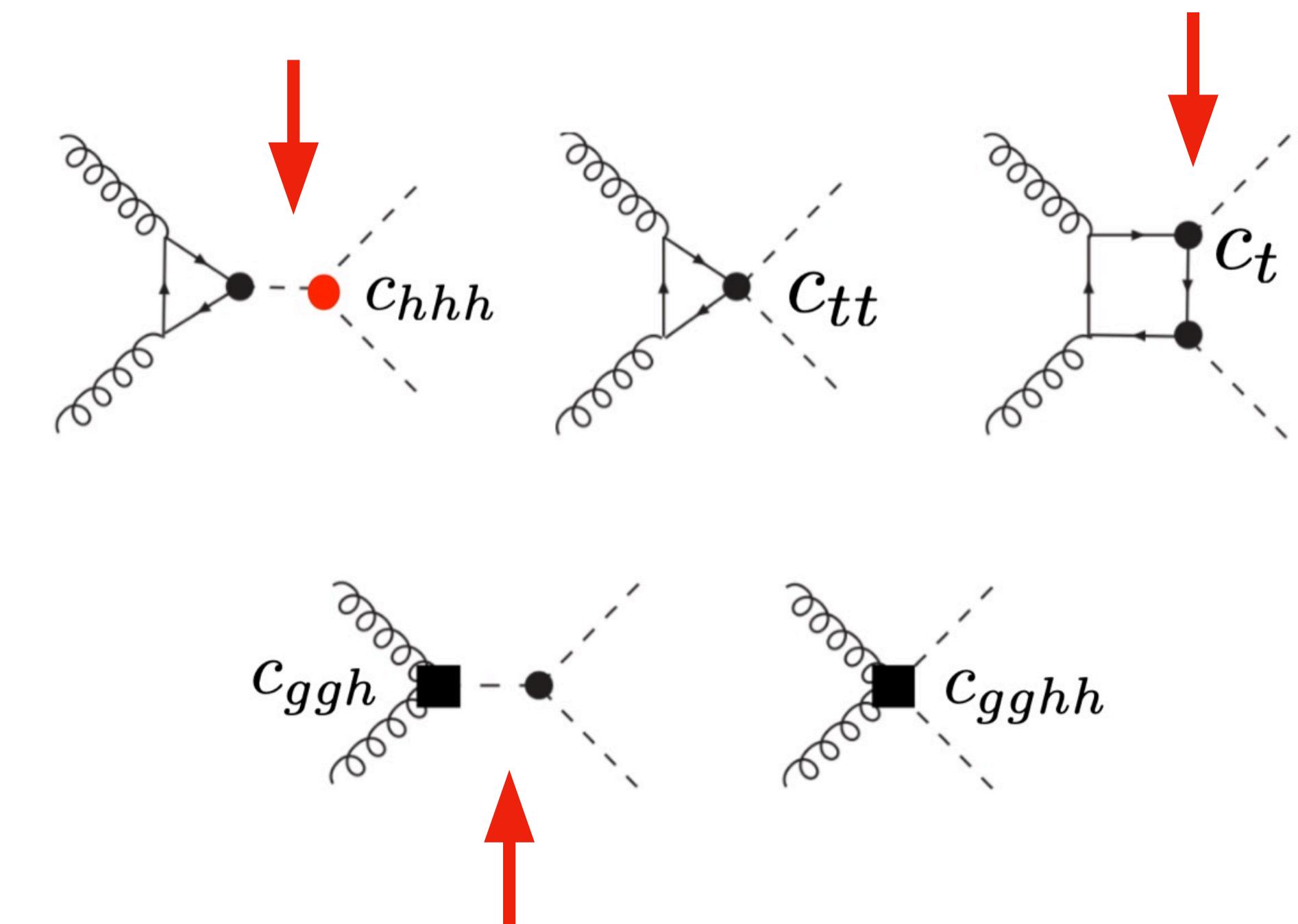
SMEFT

canonical dimension counting → how to treat $|\text{dim6}|^2$ versus dim8 ?
 → how to treat double operator insertions?

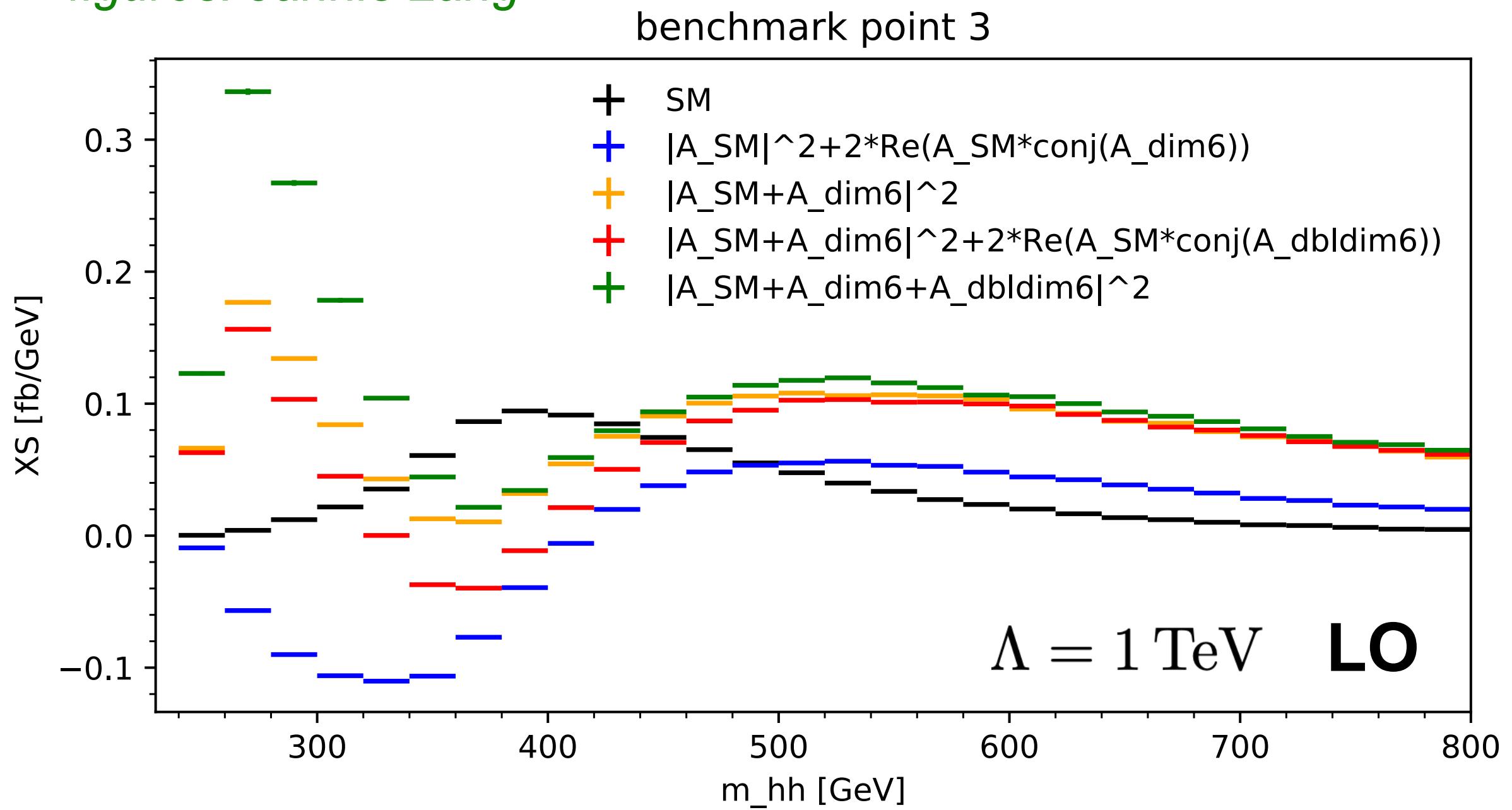
figure: Jannis Lang



two operators in one diagram



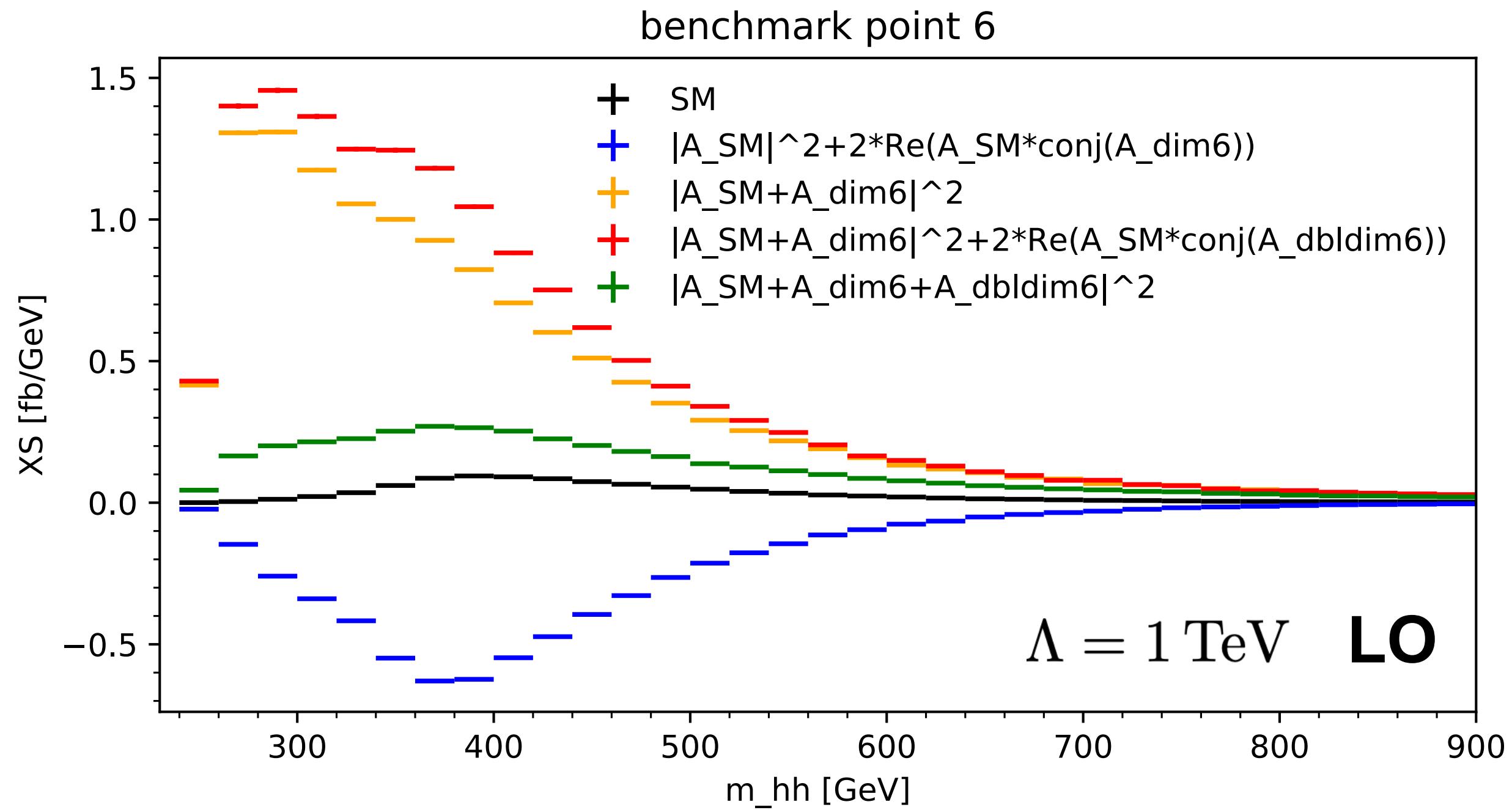
figures: Jannis Lang



$$c_t = 1.05, c_{hhh} = 2.21, c_{tt} = -1/3, c_{ggh} = c_{gghh} = 0.5$$

current “recommendation” of CERN LHC Higgs WG2:

- default: $|dim6|^2$
- use double insertions/dim8 (if available) to estimate uncertainty



$$c_t = 0.83, c_{hhh} = 5.68, c_{tt} = 1/3, c_{ggh} = -0.5, c_{gghh} = 1/3$$

Summary & Outlook

- The Higgs sector might be a window to New Physics
- Precision is the key at current collider energies
- Increasing the precision in the Higgs sector has many facets
 - example EFT parametrisation of New Physics effects for $pp \rightarrow HH$:
 - higher orders in QCD, mass effects, scheme dependence,
 - truncation of EFT series ...

A loop summit

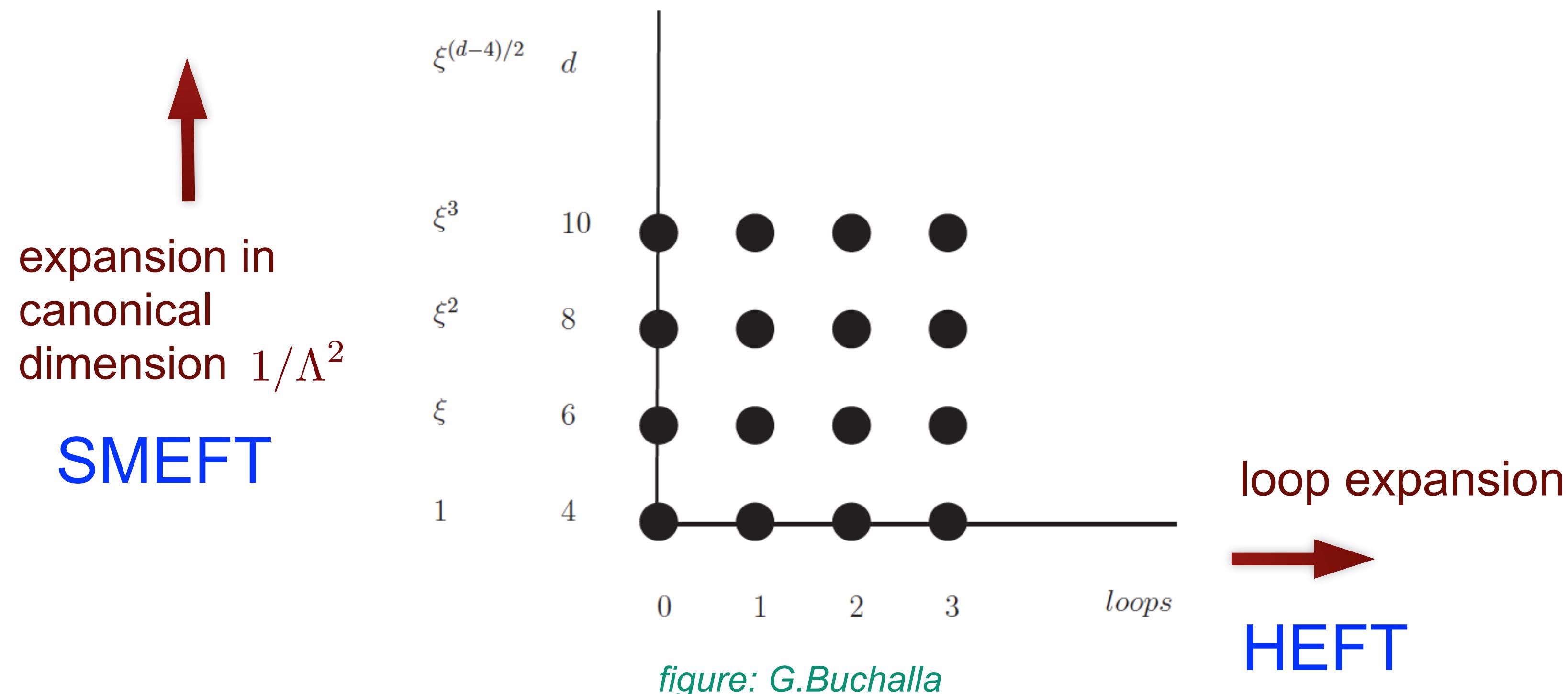


Counting schemes

HEFT (EWChL): “loop expansion”

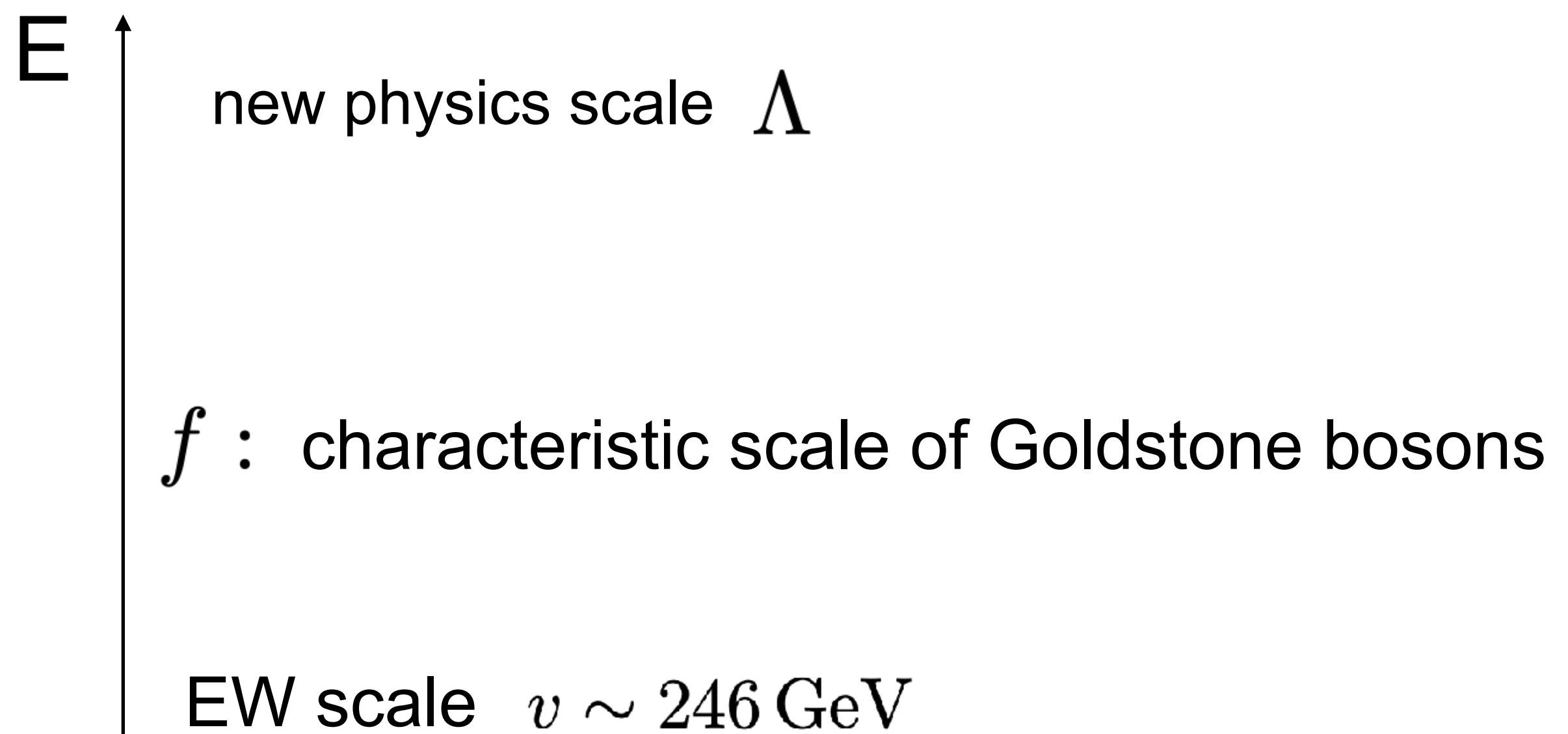
based on chiral dimension $d_\chi = 2L + 2$ L : “Loop”

with $d_\chi(A_\mu, \varphi, h) = 0$, $d_\chi(\partial, \bar{\psi}\psi, g, y) = 1$



Effective Field Theory descriptions

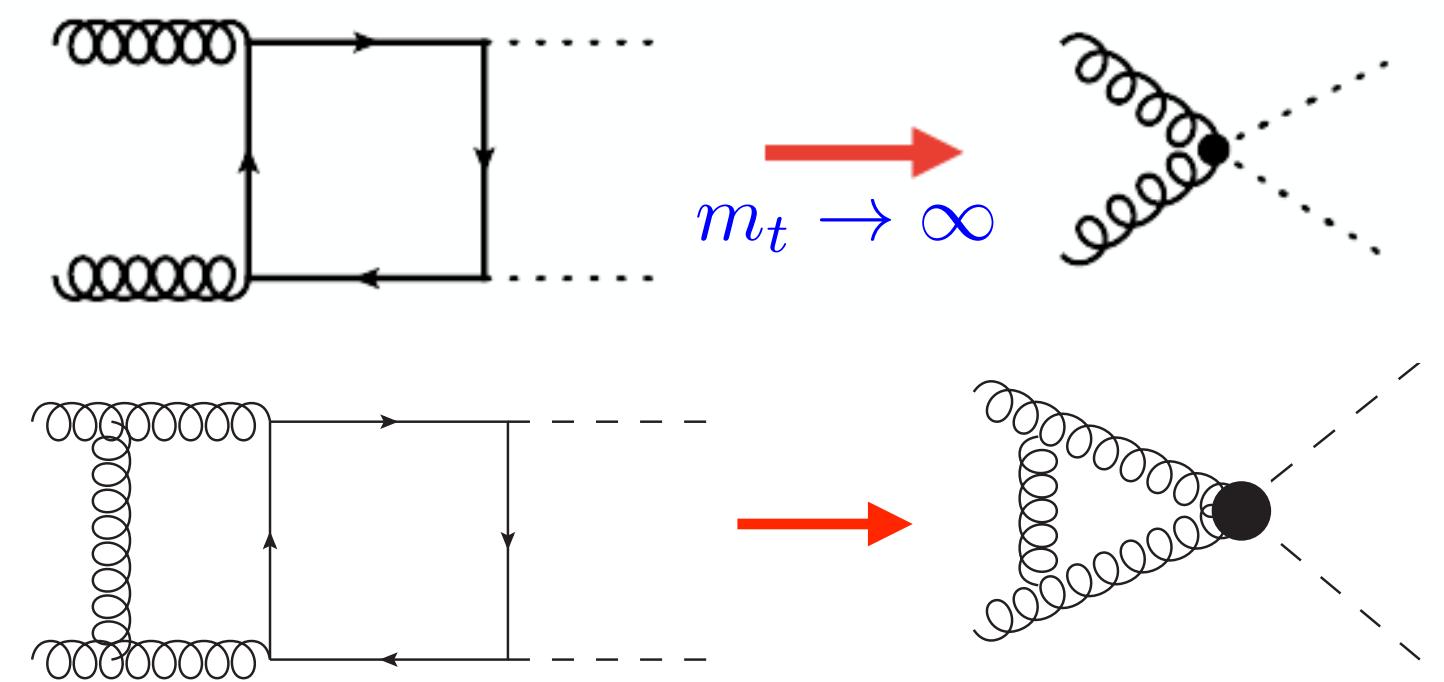
scale hierarchies



- 3 scales, $\Lambda = \min(\Lambda_{\text{BSM}}, 4\pi f), f, v \Rightarrow$
- expansion parameters $\xi = v^2/f^2$ and $f^2/\Lambda^2 = 1/(16\pi^2)$ (loop factor)
- SMEFT assumes $\xi \ll 1$, expansion in powers of ξ

Approximations: NLO

- $m_t \rightarrow \infty$ limit (HEFT):
("Higgs Effective Field Theory")

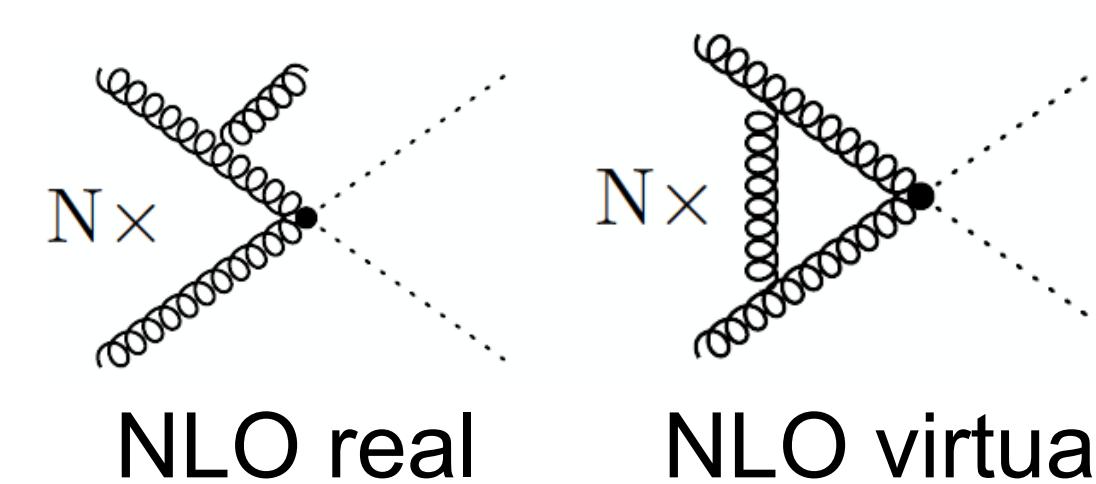


Leading Order (LO)

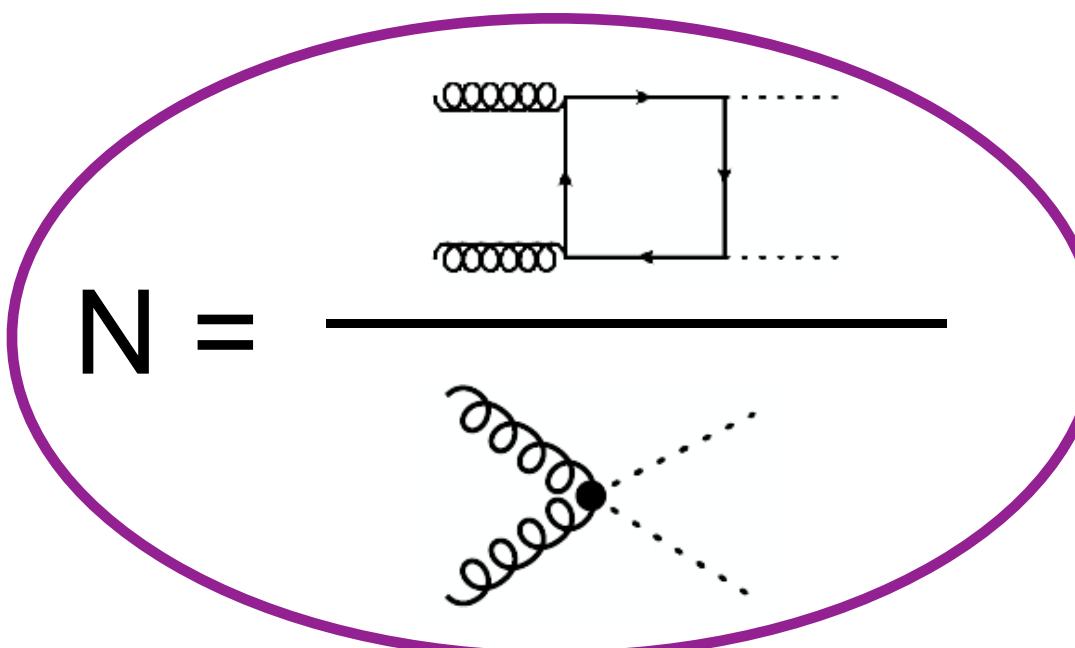
Next-to-Leading Order (NLO)

- Born-improved HEFT:

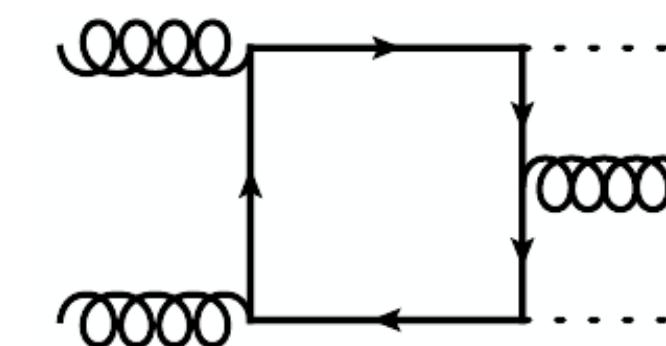
$$d\sigma_{m_t \rightarrow \infty}^{\text{NLO}} \times \frac{d\sigma^{\text{LO}}(m_t)}{d\sigma^{\text{LO}}_{m_t \rightarrow \infty}}$$



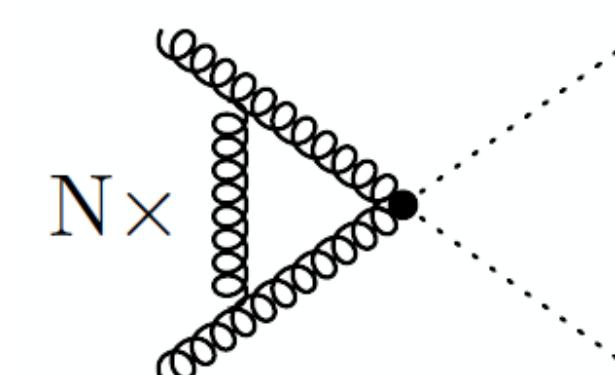
$$N =$$



- FTapprox:



NLO real:
full m_t -dependence



NLO virtual:
Born-improved HEFT

Approximations: NNLO approx

Technical ingredients

Tree-level and one-loop amplitudes (HEFT and full- M_t) → OpenLoops
[Cascioli, Lindert, Maierhofer, Pozzorini]

Full NLO (two-loop) virtual corrections → two dimensional grid + interpolation
[Borowka, Greiner, Heinrich, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk, Zirke, '16]

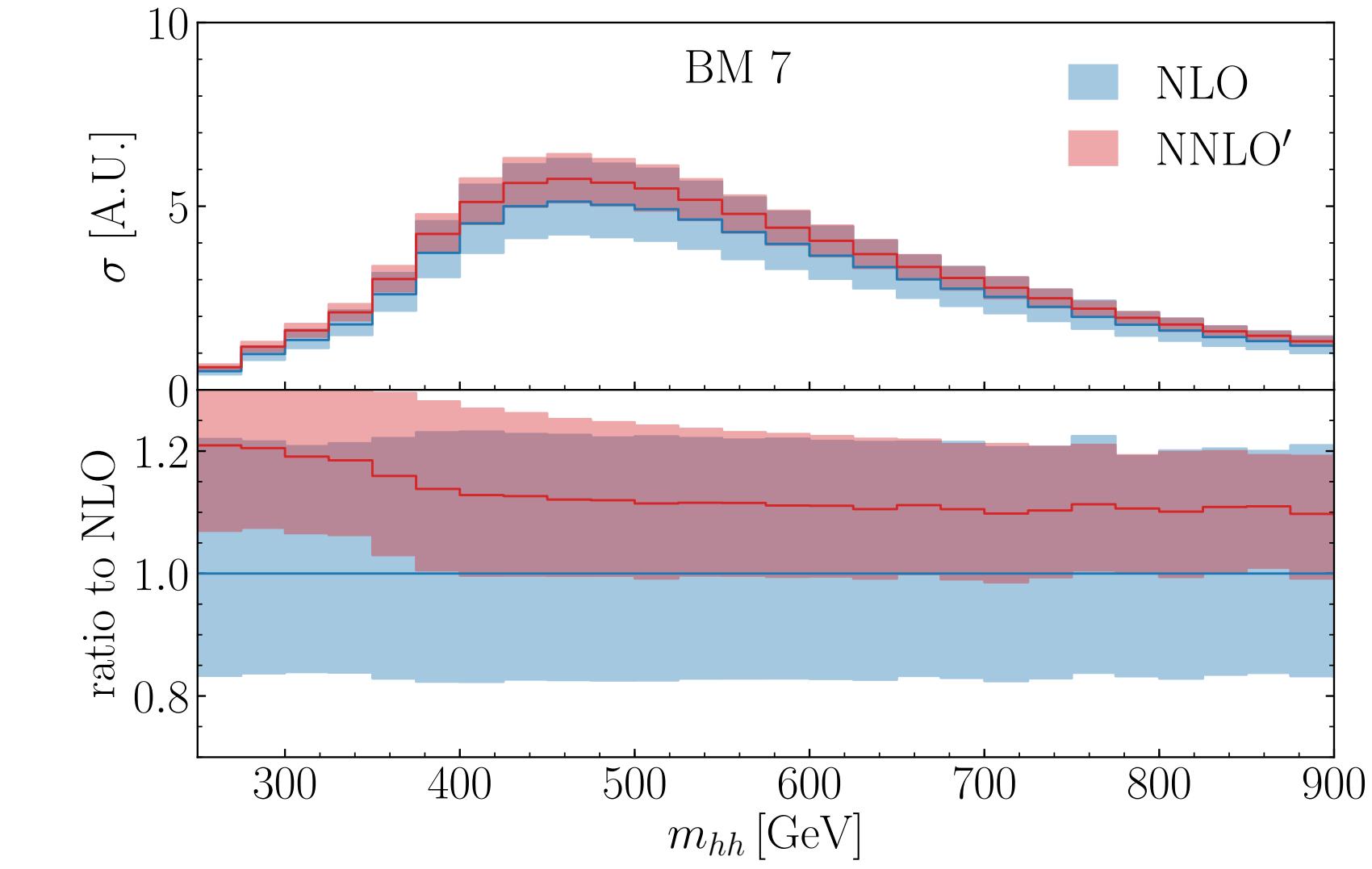
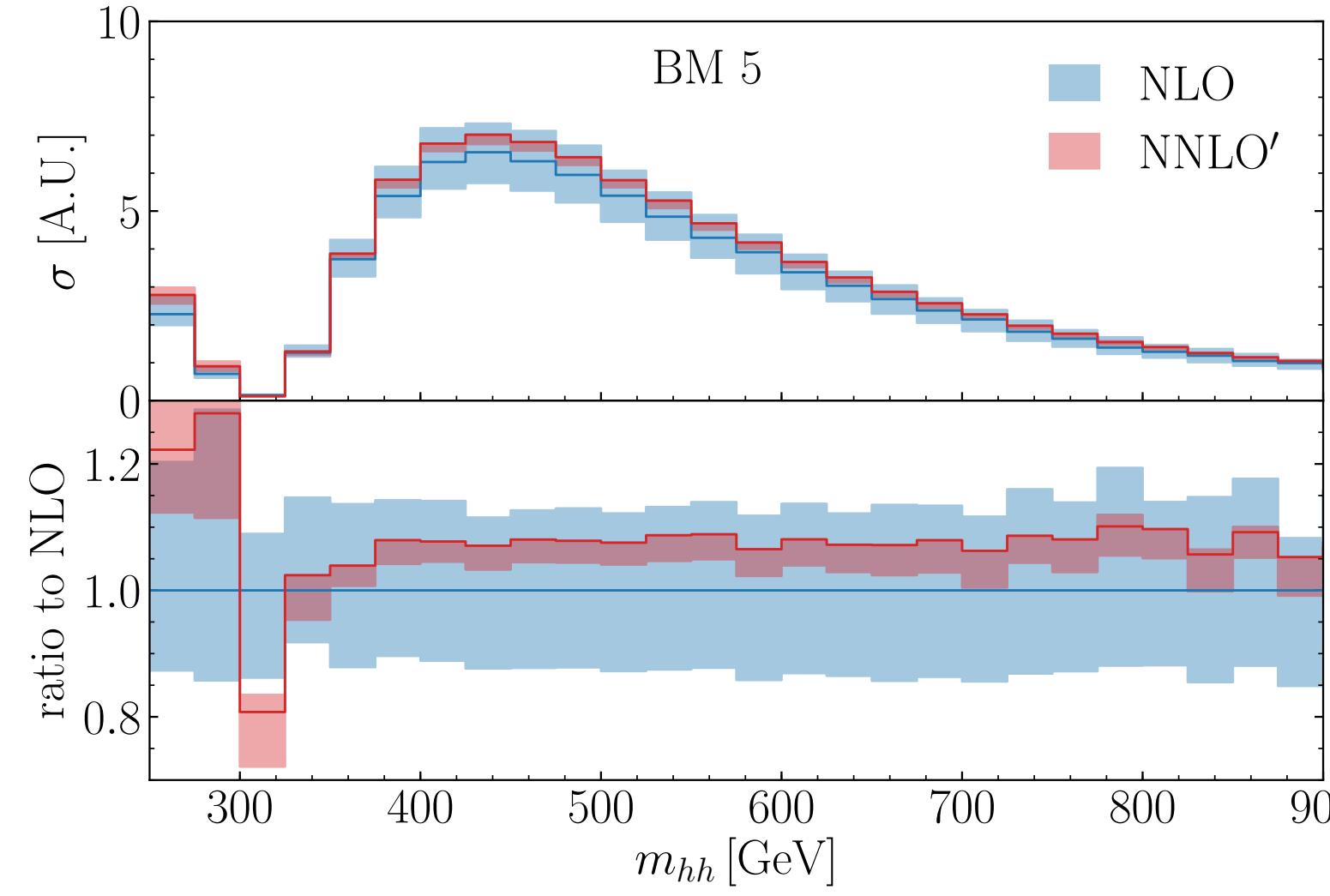
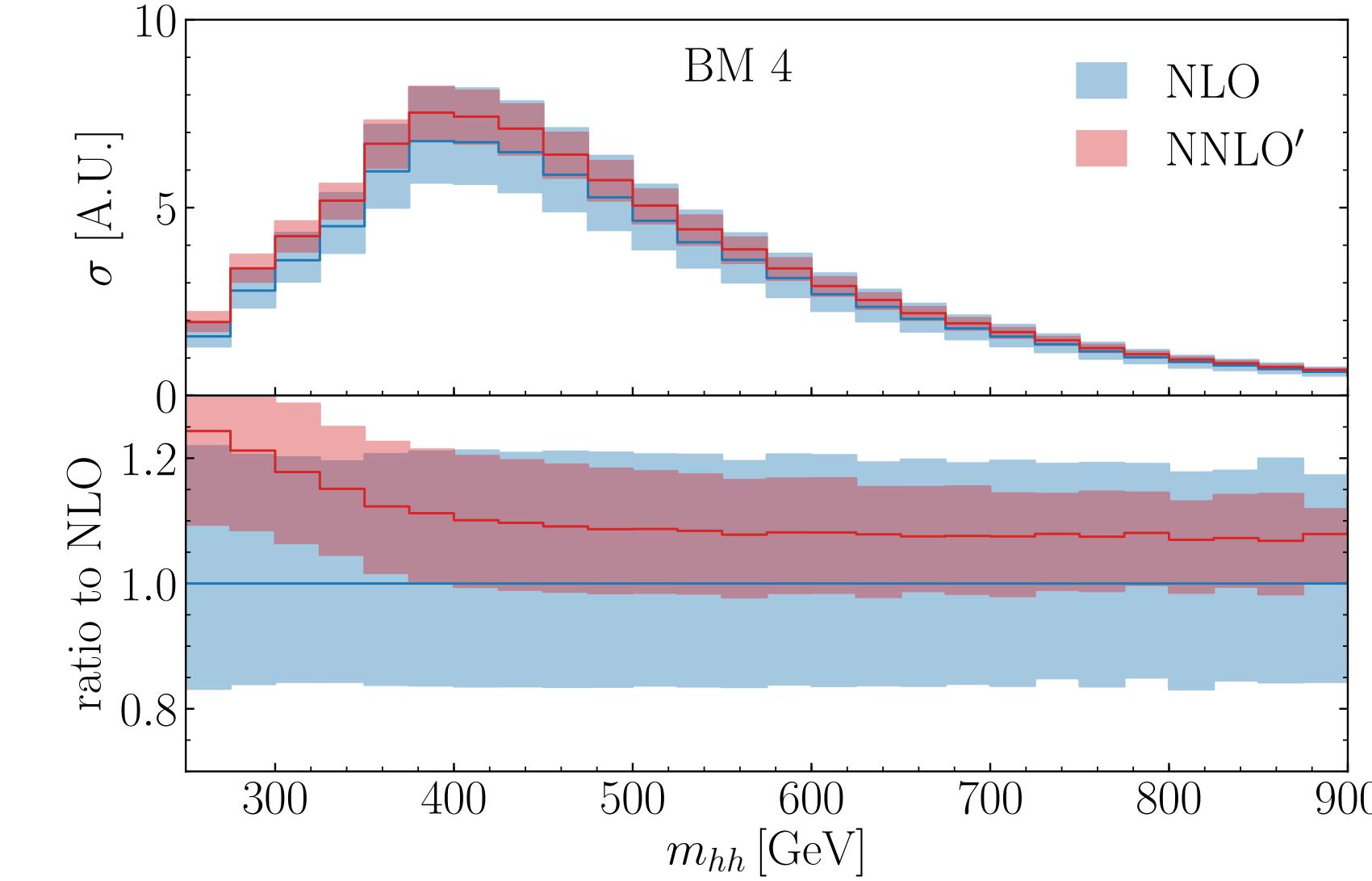
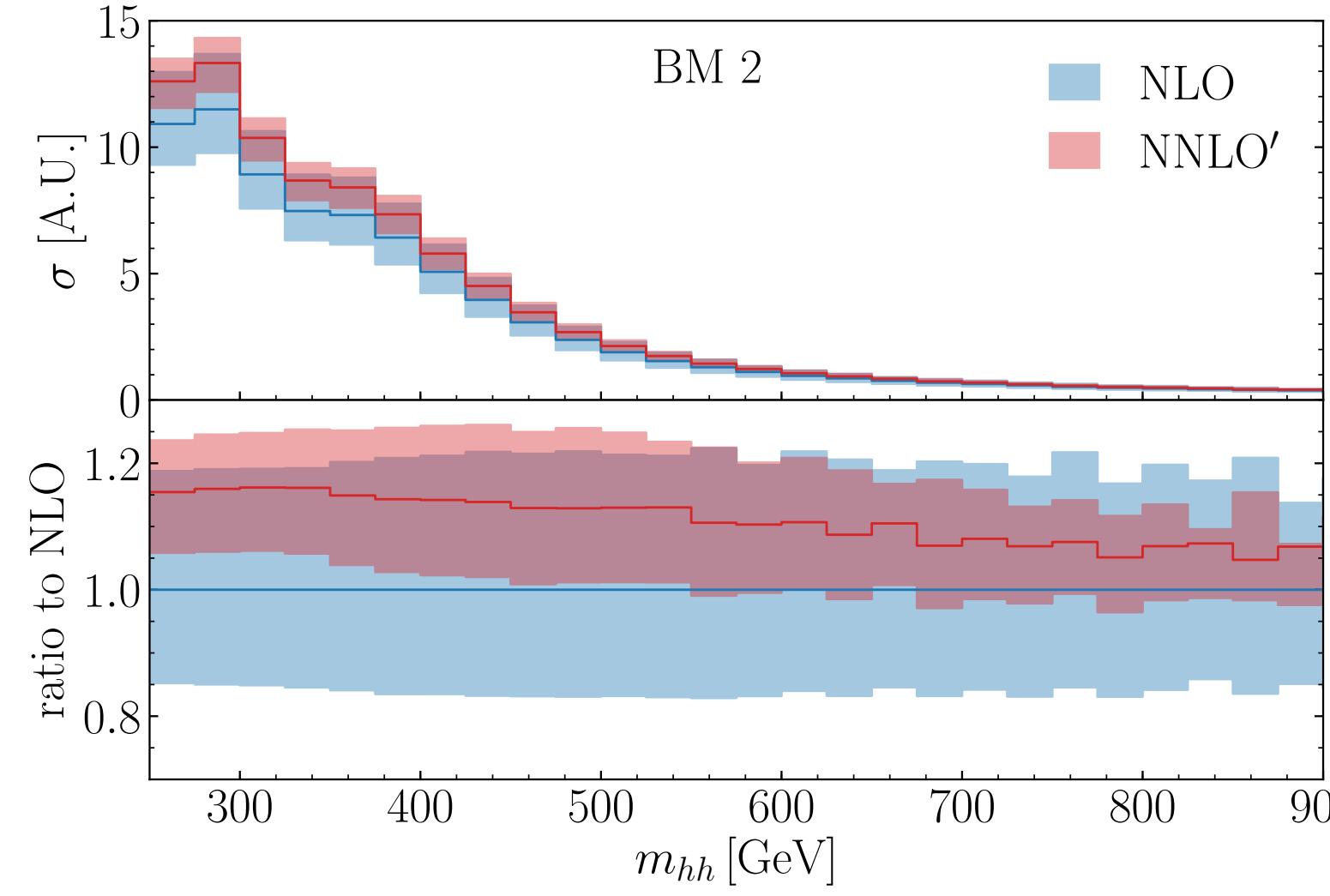
Analytical results for NNLO two-loop corrections in the HEFT
[de Florian, JM, '13]

NNLO subtraction formalism: q_T -subtraction
[Catani, Grazzini, '07]

Implementation based on public code MATRIX
[Kallweit, Grazzini, Wiesemann, '17]

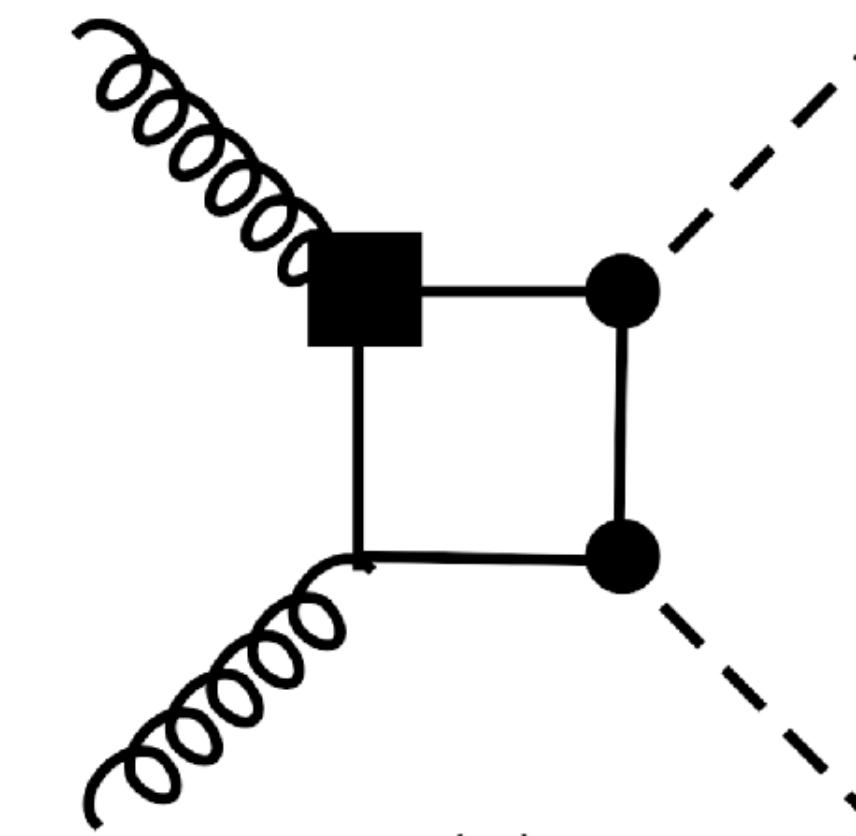
Javier Mazzitelli

benchmark points 2,4,5,7



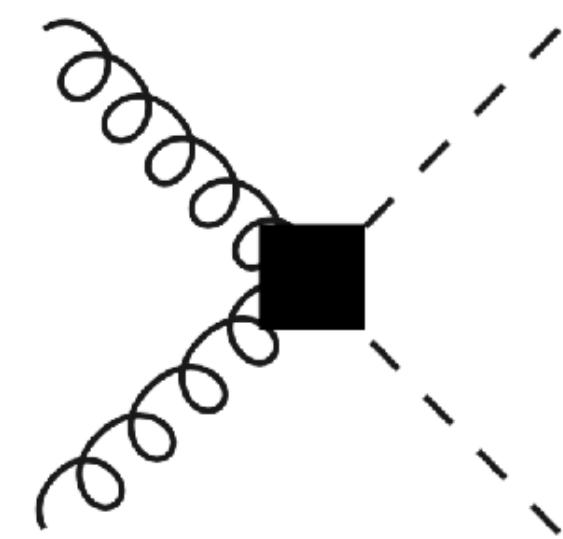
Chromomagnetic operator

$$O_{tG} = y_t g_s \bar{t}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} G^{\mu\nu} t_R$$



in weakly coupled theories operator must come from contracted loop
(see Arzt, Einhorn, Wudka hep-ph/9405214)

⇒ suppressed by $1/16\pi^2$



$ggh(h)$ interactions also come from contraction of a loop,
but they appear at tree level, while O_{tG} is inserted
into a loop diagram and therefore is suppressed