

Possible indications for new Higgs bosons in the reach of the LHC: N2HDM and NMSSM interpretations

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QUANTUM UNIVERSE

New physics at the LHC?

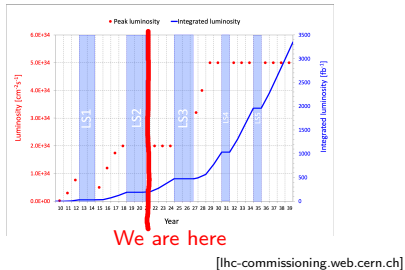


NO NEW PHYSICS...

Nat. hist. Museum Rotterdam

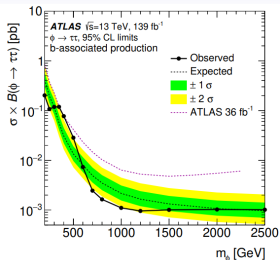
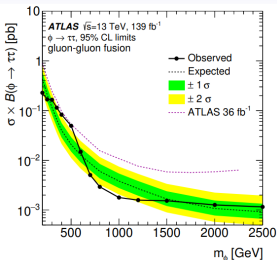
- Theory:** Susy, inflation, baryogenesis, ...
- ⇒ Non-minimal scalar sectors
 - ⇒ Presence of more than one Higgs boson

- Colliders:** Excesses at $\sim 3(2)\sigma$ locally(globally)
- ⇒ Are the excesses consistent with each other?
 - ⇒ Can they have a common origin?
 - ⇒ 10 times more LHC data “around the corner”

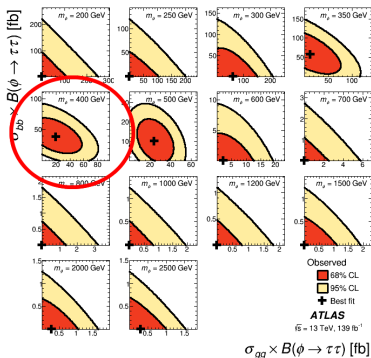


Two concrete model realizations:
Higgs bosons at 400 GeV and 96 GeV in the N2HDM and the NMSSM

"The $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess" at ~ 400 GeV



[ATLAS: 2002.12223]


 $\sigma_{gg} \times B(\phi \rightarrow \tau\tau)$ [fb]

[ATLAS: 2002.12223]

Local excess of 3σ at ~ 400 GeVGlobal significance below 2σ

Here: $\chi^2_{\tau^+\tau^-}(\sigma_{gg} \times B_{\phi \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-}, \sigma_{bb} \times B_{\phi \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-})$
 for $m_\phi = 400$ GeV

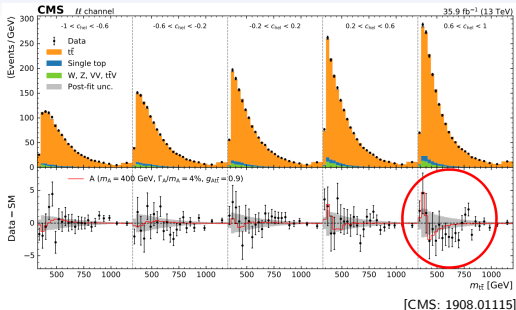
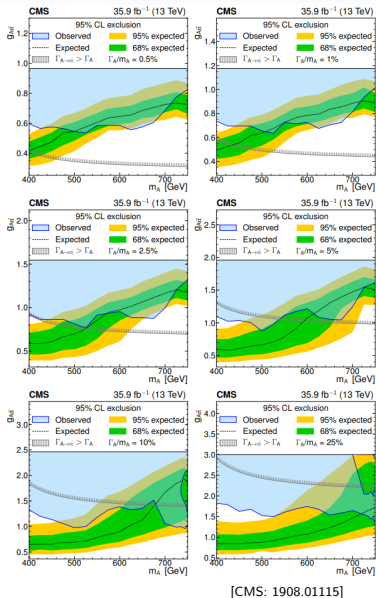
Both production modes relevant:

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{bb} \sim 2\sigma_{gg}$$

No excess in CMS analyses, but only 35.9fb^{-1}

[CMS: 1803.06553]

“The $t\bar{t}$ excess” at ~ 400 GeV



Local excess of $\gtrsim 3\sigma$ at ~ 400 GeV

Global significance below 2σ

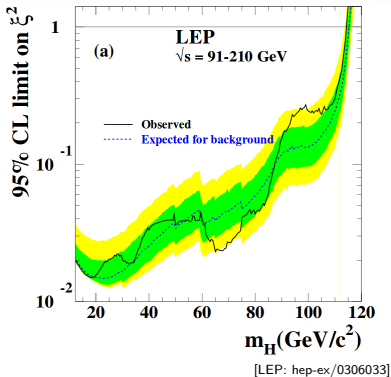
Consistent with a pseudoscalar Higgs boson at ~ 400 GeV

Most significant for $\Gamma_A/m_A = 4\%$ and $c_{A t\bar{t}} \sim 1$, but also consistent with slightly different m_A and Γ_A/m_A
 $\rightarrow \chi^2_{t\bar{t}}(m_A, \Gamma_A/m_A, c_{A t\bar{t}})$

Corresponding ATLAS limits only for $m_A > 500$ GeV and only 8 TeV data

[ATLAS: 1707.06025]

“The 96GeV excesses” (LEP and CMS)



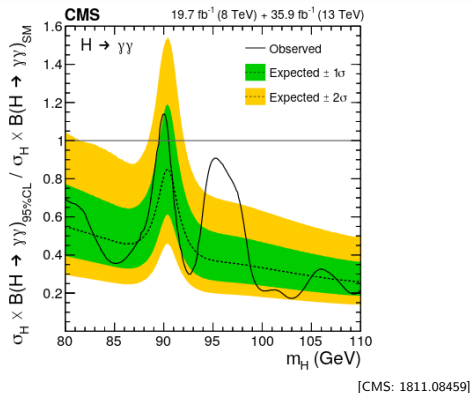
$\sim 2\sigma$ local excess at 96 - 98 GeV

Extracted signal strength:

$$\mu_{\text{LEP}}(e^+e^- \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow Zb\bar{b}) = 0.117 \pm 0.057$$

[1612.08522]

$$\rightarrow \chi^2_{96}(\mu_{\text{LEP}}, \mu_{\text{CMS}}) \text{ assuming no correlation between } \mu_{\text{LEP}} \text{ and } \mu_{\text{CMS}}$$



Run I/II data: Local excess of $\gtrsim 3\sigma$

Extracted signal strength:

$$\mu_{\text{CMS}}(gg \rightarrow h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 0.6 \pm 0.2$$

Many model interpretations with common origin of both excesses, including N2HDM and NMSSM

see [T.B, M. Chakraborti, S. Heinemeyer: 2003.05422] for a list models

The Next-to 2 Higgs Doublet Model: N2HDM

N2HDM = 2HDM-I/II/III/IV(ϕ_1, ϕ_2) + Real Scalar Singlet(ϕ_s), $\mathbb{Z}'_2: \phi_s \rightarrow -\phi_s$
 \mathbb{Z}'_2 spontaneously broken when $\langle \phi_s \rangle = v_s \neq 0 \Rightarrow \phi_{1,2,s}$ are mixed

Higgs sector

CP-even Higgs bosons $h_{1,2,3}$, pseudoscalar A , charged Higgs bosons H^\pm

1. Pseudoscalar A as the origin of the $t\bar{t}$ and the $\tau^+\tau^-$ excesses at ~ 400 GeV

	Yukawa type	$ c_{At\bar{t}} $	$ c_{A\tau\bar{\tau}} $	$ c_{Abb} $	
	$\tan\beta = \frac{v_1}{v_2}$	I	$1/\tan\beta$	$1/\tan\beta$	
	II	$1/\tan\beta$	$\tan\beta$	$\tan\beta$	
	III	$1/\tan\beta$	$\tan\beta$	$1/\tan\beta$	
	IV	$1/\tan\beta$	$1/\tan\beta$	$\tan\beta$	

2. Pseudoscalar A at 400 GeV and in addition a scalar h_1 at ~ 96 GeV?

Type II and IV can realize the 96 GeV excesses \rightarrow Simultaneously also the $t\bar{t}$ or (and) the $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess

[T.B, M. Chakraborti, S. Heinemeyer: 1903.11661]

Constraints: Vacuum stability, tree-level perturbative unitarity, collider searches, h_{125} signal rates, flavour physics observables, electroweak precision observables

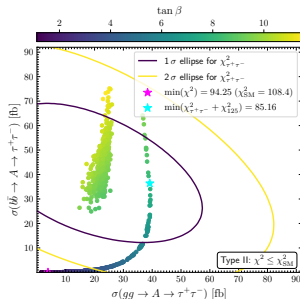
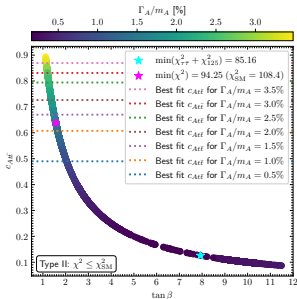
Codes: ScannerS, N2HDECAY, SusHi, HiggsBounds, HiggsSignals

A 400 GeV pseudoscalar in the type II N2HDM

$$\chi^2 = \chi_{125}^2 + \chi_{t\bar{t}}^2 + \chi_{\tau^+\tau^-}^2, \text{ we demand: } \chi^2 \leq \chi_{\text{SM}}^2$$

$$20 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{h_{a,c}} \leq 1000 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_{h_b} = 125.09 \text{ GeV}, \quad m_A = 400 \text{ GeV},$$

$$550 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{H^\pm} \leq 1000 \text{ GeV}, \quad 10 \text{ GeV} \leq v_s \leq 1500 \text{ GeV}, \quad 0.5 \leq \tan \beta \leq 12.5$$

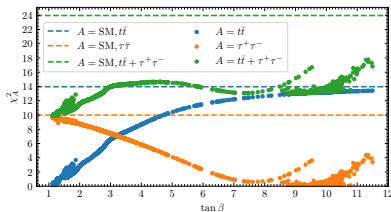


(Also the “ $A \rightarrow Zh$ ” excess can be realized)
 \rightarrow Appendix

Both the $t\bar{t}$ and the $\tau^+\tau^-$ excesses can be realized, but not simultaneously

$$\tan \beta \lesssim 2.5 \text{ for } t\bar{t} \text{ excess}$$

$$\tan \beta \gtrsim 5.5 \text{ for } \tau^+\tau^- \text{ excess}$$



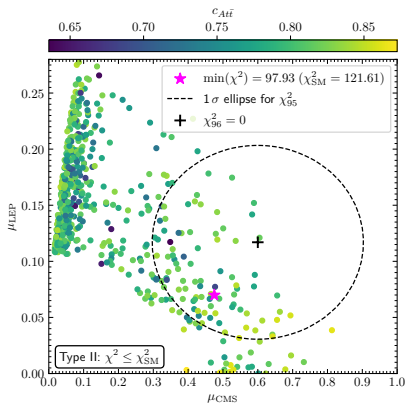
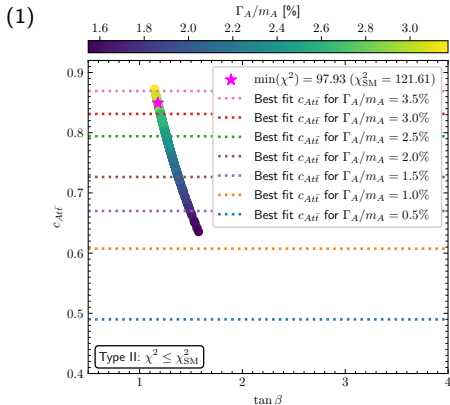
A 400 GeV pseudoscalar and a 96 GeV scalar in the type II N2HDM

$$\chi^2 = \chi_{125}^2 + \chi_{t\bar{t}}^2 + \chi_{\tau^+\tau^-}^2 + \chi_{96}^2, \text{ we demand: } \chi^2 \leq \chi_{\text{SM}}^2$$

Parameters as before, except: $95 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{h_1} \leq 98 \text{ GeV}$, and

(1) $0.5 \leq \tan \beta \leq 4$ for $t\bar{t}$ excess

(2) $6 \leq \tan \beta \leq 12.5$ for $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess



In the N2HDM type II the pseudoscalar A can give rise to the $t\bar{t}$ excess at 400 GeV in combination with a scalar h_1 at ~ 96 GeV giving rise to the LEP and CMS excesses

(Type IV also works)

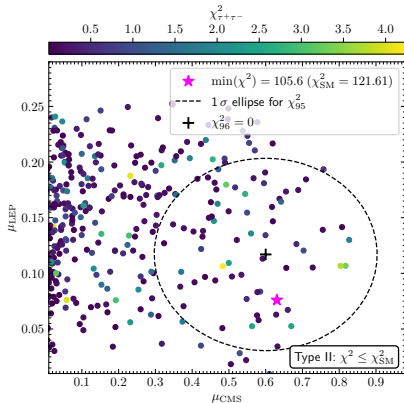
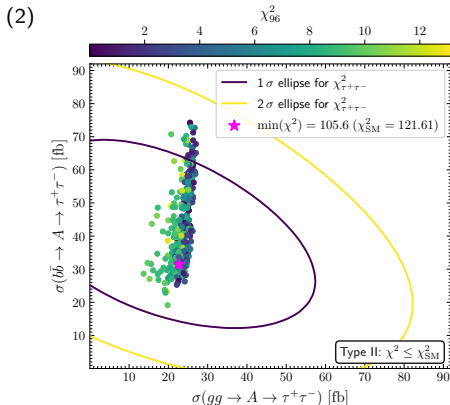
A 400 GeV pseudoscalar and a 96 GeV scalar in the type II N2HDM

$$\chi^2 = \chi_{125}^2 + \chi_{t\bar{t}}^2 + \chi_{\tau^+\tau^-}^2 + \chi_{96}^2, \text{ we demand: } \chi^2 \leq \chi_{\text{SM}}^2$$

Parameters as before, except: $95 \text{ GeV} \leq m_{h_1} \leq 98 \text{ GeV}$, and

(1) $0.5 \leq \tan \beta \leq 4$ for $t\bar{t}$ excess

(2) $6 \leq \tan \beta \leq 12.5$ for $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess



In the N2HDM type II the pseudoscalar A can give rise to the $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess at 400 GeV in combination with a scalar h_1 at ~ 96 GeV giving rise to the LEP and CMS excesses

(Type IV doesn't work)

A pseudoscalar at ~ 400 GeV in the NMSSM

The Higgs sector of the NMSSM is similar to the one of the N2HDM type II

$$W_{\text{NMSSM}} = W_{\text{MSSM}, \mu} + \lambda \hat{s} \hat{H}_u \cdot \hat{H}_d + \frac{1}{3} \kappa \hat{s}^3$$

$\bar{t}t$ excess \rightarrow low $\tan \beta$

Alignment without decoupling

$$\lambda = \frac{m_{h_{\text{SM}}}^2 - M_Z^2 \cos 2\beta}{v^2 \sin^2 \beta}$$

$$\frac{M_A^2 \sin^2 2\beta}{4\mu^2} + \frac{\kappa \sin 2\beta}{2\lambda} = 1$$

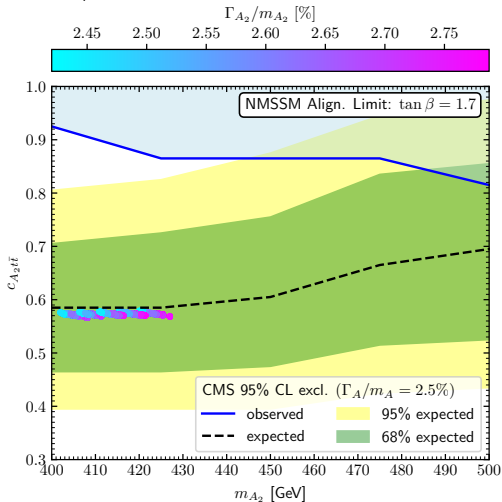
[Carena, Haber, Low, Shah, Wagner 1510.09137]

$$\begin{aligned} M_A &= [410.0, 430.0] \text{ GeV}, & \lambda &= 0.66, \\ \mu &= [182, 202] \text{ GeV}, & \kappa &= [0.043, 0.204], \\ A_\kappa &= [-517, 65] \text{ GeV}, & M_1 &= 140 \text{ GeV}, \\ M_2 &= 180 \text{ GeV}, & M_3 &= 3000 \text{ GeV}, \\ m_{\tilde{t}} &= 1200 \text{ GeV}, & A_{\tilde{t}} &= 0 \text{ GeV} \end{aligned}$$

Code: NMSSMTools

Also μ_{CMS} can be explained

\rightarrow Appendix/questions



A pseudoscalar at ~ 400 GeV in the NMSSM

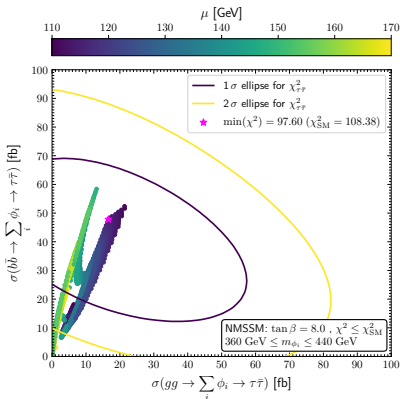
$\tau^+ \tau^-$ **excess** \rightarrow moderate $\tan \beta = 8$

Alignment via decoupling:

$\tan \beta = 8$, $\lambda = 0.36$, $\kappa = 0.58$, $110 \text{ GeV} \leq \mu \leq 170 \text{ GeV}$

$360 \text{ GeV} \leq M_A \leq 560 \text{ GeV}$, $A_\kappa = -200 \text{ GeV}$, $A_t = 6 \text{ TeV}$

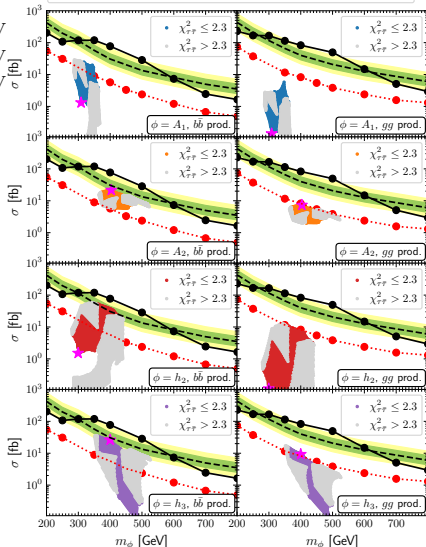
$m_{\tilde{\tau}} = 2.5 \text{ TeV}$, $M_3 = 2.7 \text{ TeV}$, $M_1 = 1 \text{ TeV}$, $M_2 = 2 \text{ TeV}$



Interference effects not important:

$$m_{h_3} - m_{h_2} \gg \Gamma_{h_2} + \Gamma_{h_3}$$

$$m_{A_2} - m_{A_1} \gg \Gamma_{A_1} + \Gamma_{A_2}$$



Conclusions

- **Pseudoscalar of the N2HDM type II:** Either the $t\bar{t}$ or the $\tau^+\tau^-$ excesses
 - In addition: **Singlet-like scalar** at 96 GeV for LEP and CMS excesses
 - $m_{h_1} \sim 96$ GeV, $m_{h_2} = 125$ GeV, $m_A \sim 400$ GeV and $m_{h_3} \sim m_{H^\pm} \gtrsim 550$ GeV
 - Very predictive
- **Pseudoscalar of the NMSSM:** $t\bar{t}$ excess in alignment-without-decoupling limit
 - In addition: **Singlet-like scalar** at 96 GeV can give rise to the CMS excess
- **NMSSM with $\tan\beta \sim 8$:** $\tau^+\tau^-$ excess

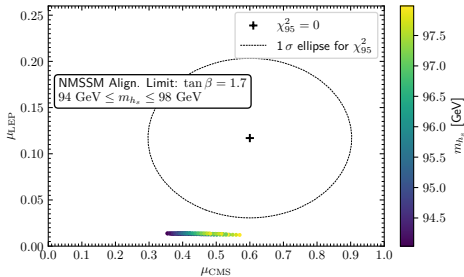
Outlook: How to probe?

- $t\bar{t}$ scenarios: $gg \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $pp \rightarrow H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ (SUSY), $gg \rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh$, $gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZA$ (✓)
- $\tau^+\tau^-$ scenarios: CMS/HL-LHC searches for $\phi \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$ with $139\text{fb}^{-1}/3000\text{fb}^{-1}$ ✓
- 96 GeV scenarios: Indirect h_{125} constraints, CMS $gg \rightarrow h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ with 139fb^{-1} , ILC (?)

THANKS!

A Higgs boson at 96 GeV in the alignment-without-decoupling limit of the NMSSM

$$\tan\beta = 1.7, \quad M_A \sim 400 \text{ GeV} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \lambda \sim 0.66, \quad \mu \gtrsim 100 \text{ GeV}$$

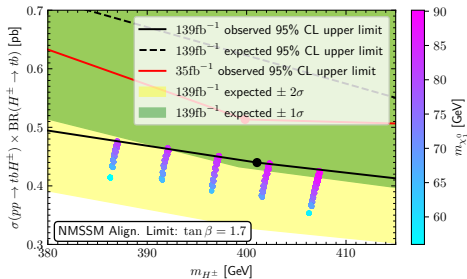


Side effect:

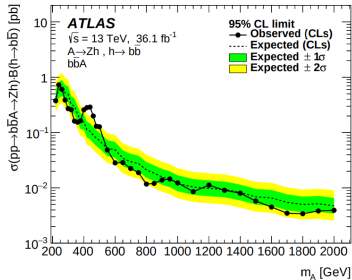
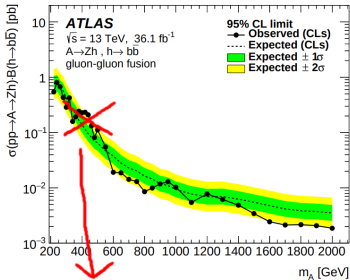
$$\leftarrow \kappa < \lambda$$

Side effect:

$$m_{H^\pm} \sim m_A \rightarrow$$



"The Zh excess" at ~ 400 GeV



[ATLAS: 1712.06518]

