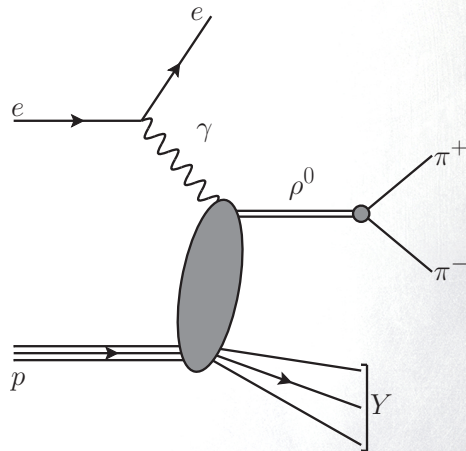


## Overview

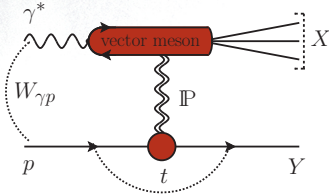
- measurement of  $\pi^+\pi^-$  photoproduction at HERA
- modelling of the  $m_{\pi\pi}$  spectrum
- extraction of  $\rho(770)$  cross sections w/ kinematic dependences
- extraction of the leading Regge trajectory

• [Eur.Phys.J.C 80 \(2020\) 12, 1189](#)

**Arthur Bolz** (DESY)  
for the H1 Collaboration



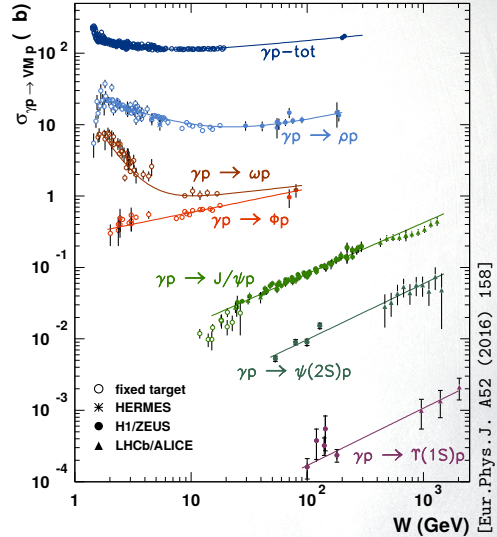
# Vector Meson Photoproduction



- $\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}$  fluctuations  $\rightarrow$  bound states
- $J^{PC}(\gamma) = 1^{--} \rightarrow$  vector mesons ( $\rho^0, \omega, \phi, \dots$ )
- long lifetime  $\rightarrow$  strong interaction:  $\sigma(\gamma \text{ had}) \sim \sigma(\text{had had})$

## Soft diffraction

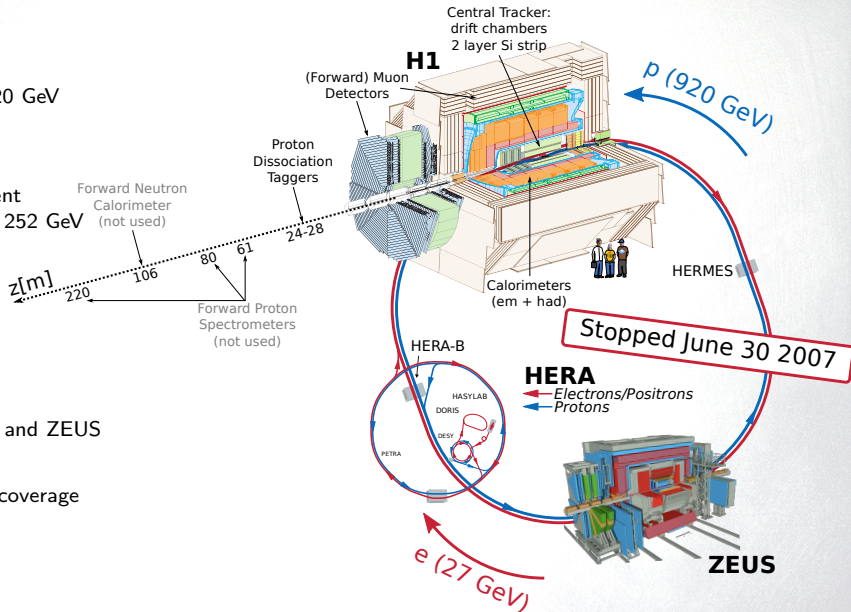
- color singlet exchange:
  - $\rightarrow$  Regge picture: low-erg.  $\mathbb{P}$ Reggeons, high-erg.  $\mathbb{P}$ Pomeron
  - $\rightarrow$  experimental: large rapidity gaps (e.g. between  $X$  and  $Y$ )
- cross section cms energy dependence:  $\sigma(W_{\gamma p}) \sim W_{\gamma p}^\delta$ 
  - $\rightarrow$  related to Regge trajectories:  $\delta(t) = 4(\alpha_{\mathbb{P}}(t) - 1)$
- momentum transfer at  $p$ -vertex  $t$ :  $d\sigma/dt(t) \sim e^{-b|t|}$



$\rightarrow$  HERA:  $20 \lesssim W_{\gamma p} \lesssim 300 \text{ GeV} \leftarrow$

## — HERA: —

- world's only  $ep$  collider
- $E_e = 27.6$  GeV, max  $E_p = 920$  GeV
- max  $\sqrt{s} = 319$  GeV
- $e^+p$  and  $e^-p$  data
- $\mathcal{L}_{int} \sim 0.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per experiment  
+ datasets at  $\sqrt{s} = 225$  and 252 GeV



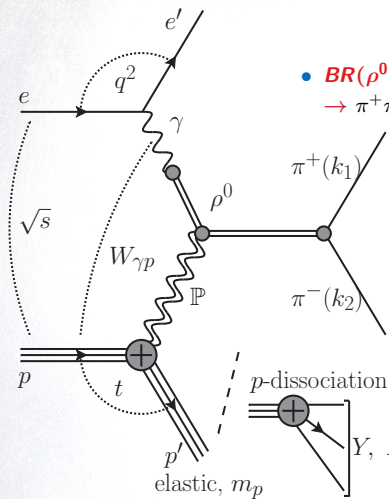
## — Detectors —

- two collider experiments: H1 and ZEUS
- multi-purpose detectors
- $\sim 4\pi$  calorimeter (em&had) coverage
- tracking in central region
- forward detectors

# Diffractive $\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ Photoproduction at HERA

- electro-  $\rightarrow$  photoproduction**

$Q^2 = -q^2 \rightarrow 0 \text{ GeV}^2$  with quasi-real  $\gamma$



- $BR(\rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) \sim 100\%$**   
 $\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  measurement

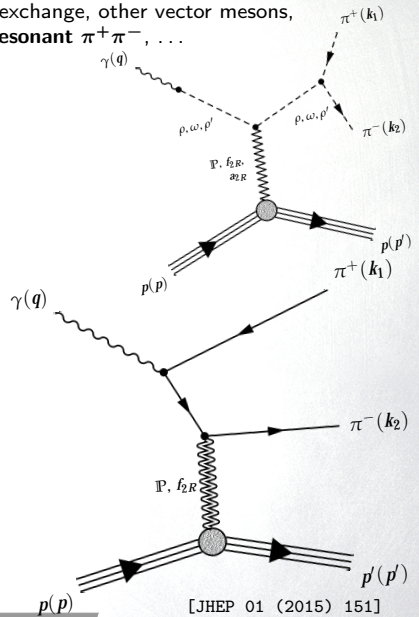
$\Leftarrow$  interference  $\Rightarrow$

- elastic scattering vs proton dissociating**

dissociation:  $p'^2 = M_Y^2 > m_p^2 \rightarrow$  dominates at large  $|t|$

- other contributions to  $\pi^+\pi^-$**

$\gamma, \mathbb{R}$  exchange, other vector mesons, non-resonant  $\pi^+\pi^-$ , ...

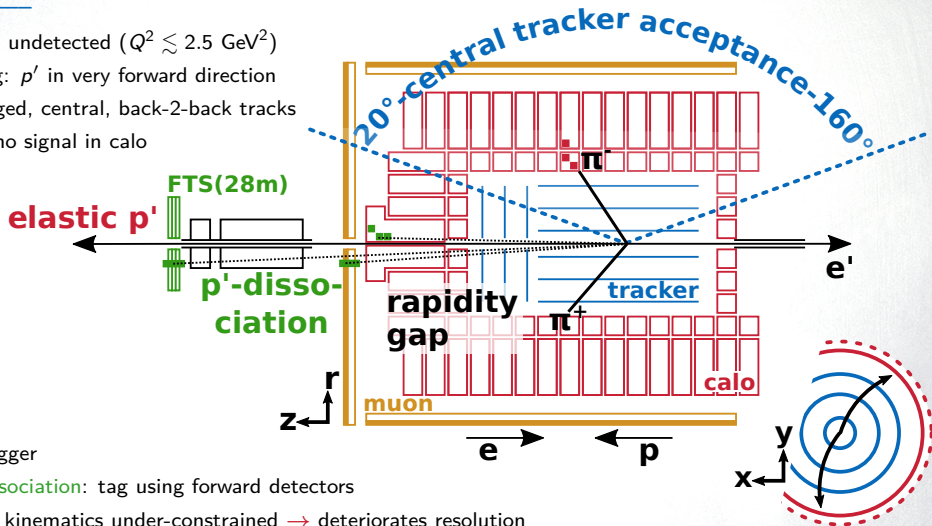




# $\pi^+\pi^-$ Photoproduction in H1

## Event topology

- photoproduction:  $e'$  undetected ( $Q^2 \lesssim 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2$ )
- diffractive scattering:  $p'$  in very forward direction
- two oppositely charged, central, back-2-back tracks
- $p_T \lesssim 1 \text{ GeV}$ : often no signal in calo

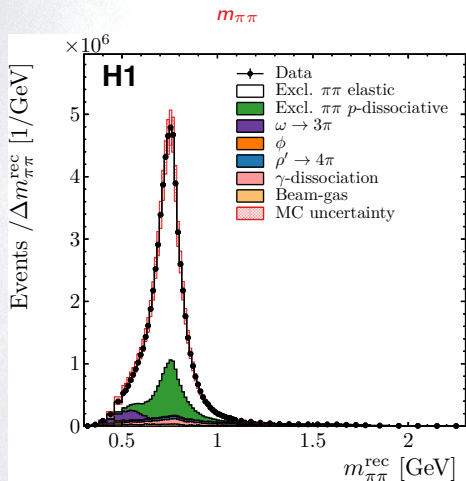


## Challenges

- trigger: L1 track trigger
- **elastic** vs **proton-dissociation**: tag using forward detectors
- $Q^2 > 0$ ,  $M_Y \neq m_p$ : kinematics under-constrained  $\rightarrow$  deteriorates resolution
- tracker acceptance: many (small) backgrounds

# Data Set - MC Modelling

- $\sqrt{s} = 319$  GeV 2006/2007 positron data set
- $\mathcal{L} \simeq 1.3 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  (downscaled trigger)
- $\sim 9 \cdot 10^5$  selected  $\pi^+\pi^-$  events

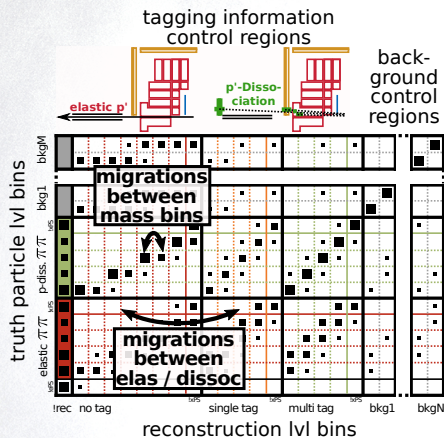


## — Modelling by DIFFVM MC —

- $\pi^+\pi^-$  signal: **elastic** & **proton-dissociative**
  - tuned to data in  $W_{\gamma p}$ ,  $m_{\pi\pi}$ ,  $t$
  - models also  $\omega$ ,  $\rho'$ , non-resonant  $\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  contributions
- **backgrounds:**
  - $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$
  - $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ ,  $K_S K_L$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ,  $\rho\pi$ ,  $\eta\gamma$
  - $\rho' \rightarrow \rho\pi\pi$ ,  $\pi\pi\pi\pi$
  - $\gamma$ -dissociation  $\rightarrow$  hadrons via JETSET
- **proton-dissociation:**
  - $d\sigma^{\gamma p}/dM_Y^2 \propto (1/M_Y^2)^\delta \otimes$  measured resonance structure
  - $M_Y < 1.9$  GeV :  $N^*$  resonance with measured decay channels
  - $M_Y > 1.9$  GeV :  $p' \rightarrow$  hadrons via JETSET

# $\pi^+\pi^-$ Cross Section Determination

## — Unfolding particle-level cross sections: —



- subtract backgrounds
- correct signal for detector efficiency and resolution
- separate **elastic** from **dissociative** contributions
- regularized template fit using TUnfold

## — Reduced fiducial phasespace —

$$\begin{aligned}
 0.5 \text{ GeV} &< m_{\pi\pi} < 2.2 \text{ GeV} \\
 20 \text{ GeV} &< W_{\gamma p} < 80 \text{ GeV} \\
 |t| &< 1.5 \text{ GeV}^2 \\
 Q^2 &< 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

elastic:

$$M_Y = m_p \text{ GeV}$$

p-dissociative:

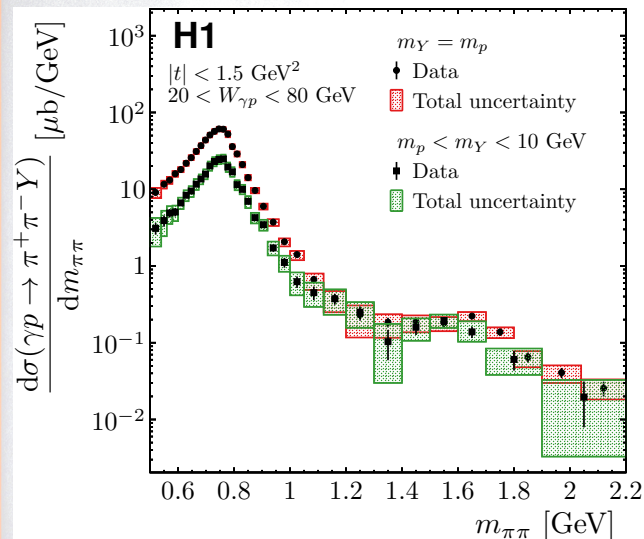
$$m_p < M_Y < 10 \text{ GeV}$$

## — Photoproduction cross section —

$$\frac{d^2\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- Y)}{dm_{\pi\pi} dt}(m_{\pi\pi}, t; W_{\gamma p}) = \frac{N_{\text{unf}}(\gamma^* p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- Y)}{\Delta m_{\pi\pi} \Delta t \mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \Phi_{\gamma/e}^{\text{eff}}}$$

- effective flux  $\Phi_{\gamma/e}^{\text{eff}}$  correction:  $Q^2 < 2.5 \text{ GeV}^2 \rightarrow Q^2 = 0$
- Weizsäcker-Williams and VDM approach

# Differential Cross Section $d\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-Y)/dm_{\pi\pi}$ vs $m_{\pi\pi}$



— Fiducial cross section: —

	$\sigma [\mu\text{b}]$	stat. $[\mu\text{b}]$	syst. $[\mu\text{b}]$
$m_Y = m_p$	11.52	$\pm 0.06$	$+0.76$ $-0.78$
$m_p < m_Y < 10 \text{ GeV}$	4.68	$\pm 0.06$	$+0.62$ $-0.64$

systematic uncertainties:

Source of uncertainty	Rel. $\sigma$ uncertainty [%]	
	$m_Y = m_p$	$m_p < m_Y < 10 \text{ GeV}$
Statistical	0.5	1.2
Trigger	4.1	5.3
Tracking	1.4	1.3
Momentum scale	0.1	0.1
Calorimeter	1.5	7.3
Tagging	2.0	8.4
Normalisation	3.9	3.9
MC model ( $m_Y, Q^2, \text{bgr.}$ )	2.0	2.7
MC model ( $m_{\pi\pi}, W_{\gamma p}, t$ )	0.1	0.4
Total	6.6	13.3

# Extraction of $\rho^0$ Contribution $\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \rho^0 Y)$

## — Söding-inspired model —

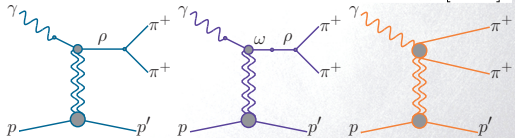
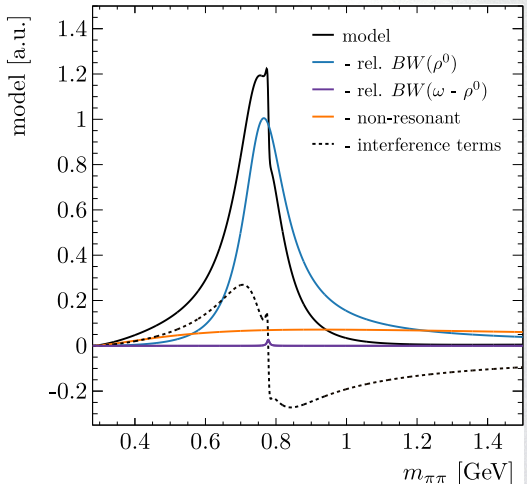
- $\sigma(\pi^+\pi^-)$ :  $\rho^0$ ,  $\omega(782)$ , and non-resonant contributions (...)
- fit  $d\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- Y)/dm_{\pi\pi}$  ( $m_{\pi\pi}$ ) with interference model
- $0.6 \leq m_{\pi\pi} \leq 1$  GeV

$$\frac{d\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- p)}{dm_{\pi\pi}} \propto \left| \underline{A}_{\rho,\omega}(m_{\pi\pi}) + \underline{A}_{non-res}(m_{\pi\pi}) \right|^2$$

- $\rho^0$  und  $\omega$ : relativistic Breit-Wigners
- $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  only via  $\omega$ - $\rho$  mixing (G-parity:  $\omega \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ )
- phenomenological non-resonant background (not pQCD)

## — $\rho^0$ cross section —

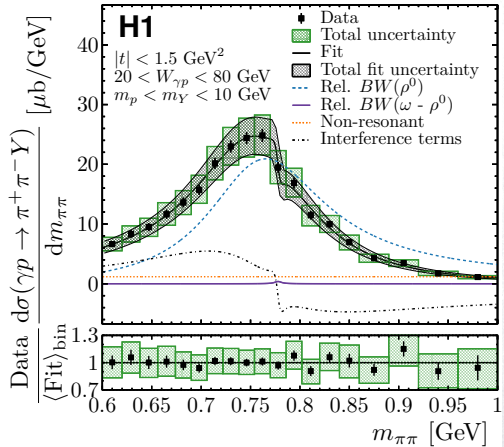
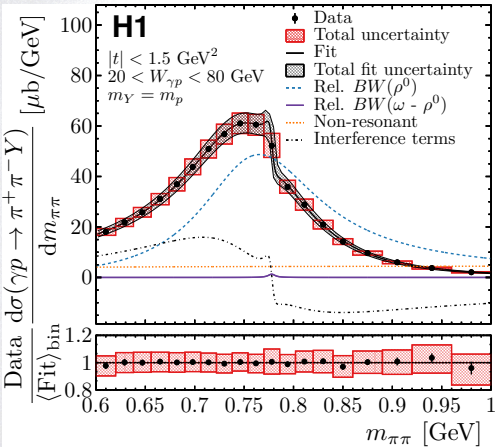
$$\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \rho^0 p) : \sim \int_{2m_\pi}^{m_\rho + 5\Gamma_\rho} \left| \underline{A}_\rho(m_{\pi\pi}) \right|^2 dm_{\pi\pi}$$



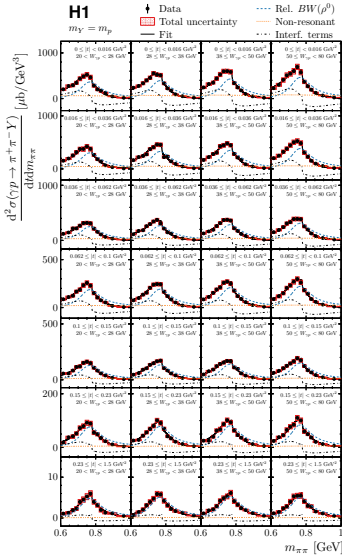
# 1D $m_{\pi\pi}$ Distributions Fit Results

- fit **elastic** and **p-dissociative** together
- different non-resonant contributions  $\rightarrow$  shape differences

	measured	PDG
$m_\rho$ [MeV]	$770.8 \pm 1.3^{+2.3}_{-2.4}$	$769.0 \pm 1.0$ ( $\gamma p$ )
$\Gamma_\rho$ [MeV]	$151.3 \pm 2.2^{+1.6}_{-2.8}$	$151.7 \pm 2.6$ ( $\gamma p$ )
$m_\omega$ [MeV]	$777.9 \pm 2.2^{+4.3}_{-2.2}$	$782.7 \pm 0.1$ ( $e^+e^-$ )

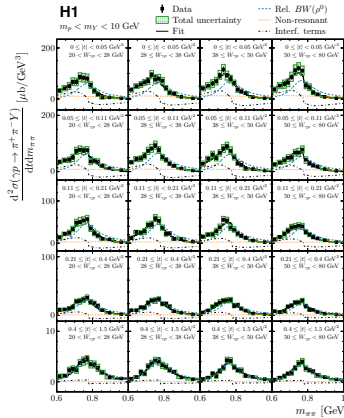


# Extraction of Kinematic $\rho^0$ Cross Section Dependences



i) unfold **elastic** (**p-dissociative**)  $m_{\pi\pi}$  distributions in

- 9 (6)  $W_{\gamma p}$ ,
- 12 (9)  $t$ , and
- $4 \times 7$  ( $4 \times 5$ )  $W_{\gamma p} \times t$  bins (displayed)



ii) fit  $m_{\pi\pi}$  lineshape model

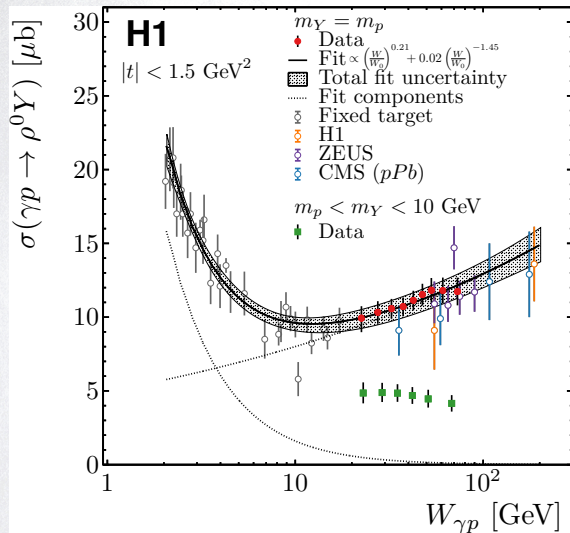
- to all  $m_{\pi\pi}$  distributions simultaneously
- assumptions on parameter dependences
- displayed fit: 65 parameters

iii) integrate  $\rho^0$  component

- propagate uncertainty correlations



# Energy Dependence of $\rho^0$ Cross Section $\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \rho^0 Y)$



## Parametrization and fit

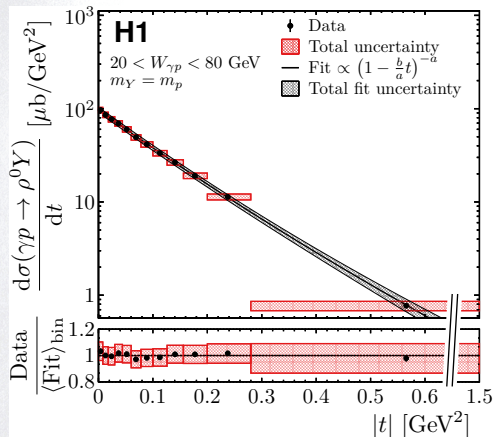
- **this measurement:**  $\sigma \propto W^\delta$ : ( $20 < W_{\gamma p} < 80 \text{ GeV}$ )  
 → fit **elastic** & **dissociative** together  
 $\delta_{\text{el}} = +0.171 \pm 0.009^{+0.039}_{-0.026}$   
 $\delta_{\text{pd}} = -0.156 \pm 0.026^{+0.081}_{-0.079}$
- $\delta_{\text{pd}} \neq \delta_{\text{el}}$ :  
 → phasespace shaping by  $m_Y < 10 \text{ GeV}$  cut!  
 → suppresses high  $W_{\gamma p}$  stronger than low  $W_{\gamma p}$
- **all elastic data:**  $\sigma \propto W^{\delta_{\text{P}}} + f W^{\delta_{\text{R}}}$ : (displayed)  
 $\delta_{\text{P,el}} = +0.207 \pm 0.015^{+0.053}_{-0.033}$   
 $\delta_{\text{R,el}} = -1.45 \pm 0.12^{+0.35}_{-0.21}$
- $\delta_{\text{P,el}} > \delta_{\text{el}}$ :  
 → Reggeon contribution in present analysis range?  
 →  $O(2\%)$  at  $W_0 = 40 \text{ GeV}$

# $t$ Dependence of $\rho^0$ Cross Section $d\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \rho^0 Y)/dt$

## Parametrization and fit

- $d\sigma/dt \propto \left(1 - \frac{bt}{a}\right)^{-a}$ 
  - small  $|t|$ :  $\sim \exp(bt)$
  - large  $|t|$ :  $\sim |t|^{-a}$

- fit **elastic** & **dissociative** in simultaneously
  - independent parameters
  - bin-centre correction via function bin-averaging
- both components deviate from exponential in considered range
- stronger deviation* (smaller  $a$ ) for **harder dissociative** spectrum

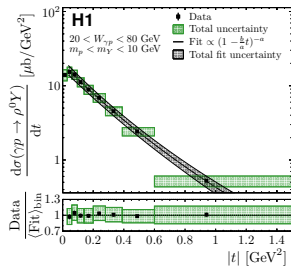


$$b_{\text{el}} = 9.59 \pm 0.10^{+0.17}_{-0.12} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

$$a_{\text{el}} = 19.8 \pm 2.7^{+4.9}_{-4.7}$$

$$b_{\text{pd}} = 4.79 \pm 0.19^{+0.37}_{-0.39} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

$$a_{\text{pd}} = 9.1 \pm 1.5^{+3.1}_{-2.4}$$



# Regge fit $\rho^0$ Cross Section as Function of $W_{\gamma p}$ and $t$

## — 2D Regge fit —

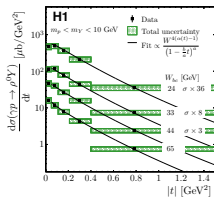
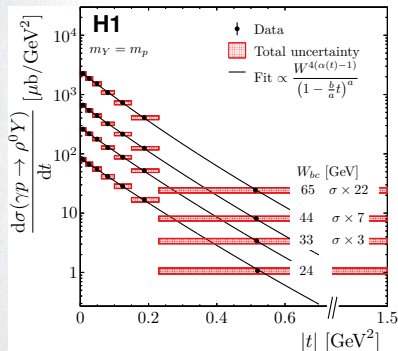
- parametrization  $\propto (1 - bt/a)^{-a} W_{\gamma p}^{4(\alpha(t)-1)}$
- $\alpha(t) = \alpha_0 + \beta ((\exp(-4\alpha_1/\beta) + 1)^{-1} - 1/2)$ 
  - is linear  $\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 t$  at small  $|t|$
  - becomes constant  $\alpha_0 \pm \beta/2$  for  $t \rightarrow \pm\infty$
  - curves in right plots

elastic  $\Rightarrow$  leading trajectory parameters:

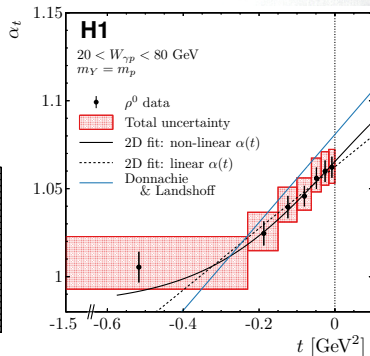
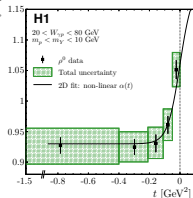
$\alpha_0$	$= 1.0654 \pm 0.0044$	$+0.0088$ $-0.0050$	$\text{GeV}^{-2}$
$\alpha_1$	$= 0.233 \pm 0.064$	$+0.020$ $-0.038$	
$\beta$	$= 0.164 \pm 0.068$	$+0.051$ $-0.045$	

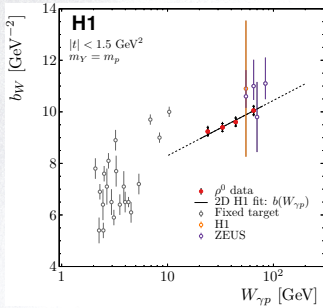
## — For visualization —

- 1D fit  $\propto W_{\gamma p}^{4(\alpha_t-1)}$  with free  $\alpha_t$  in all  $t$  bins
- data points in right plots



(shaped by fiducial phase space cuts)



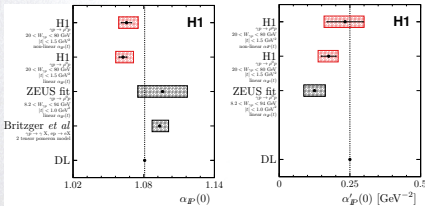


## — $\rho^0$ photoproduction at H1/HERA —

- measured up to three-dimensional  $\pi^+\pi^-$  cross sections at high precision
- **elastic** and **proton-dissociative** component
- extracted 1D & 2D  $\rho^0$  distributions via fit model
- interpreted  $\rho^0$  cross sections with fits

## — Leading Regge trajectory —

- determine precise leading trajectory from single experiment
- alternative interpretation: shrinkage of forward peak (displayed)
- potential reggeon contribution  $\Rightarrow \alpha_{\text{IP}}(t)$  or  $\alpha_{\text{IP}+\text{IR}}(t)$ ?
- indication for non-linear effects at large  $|t|$  but not significant

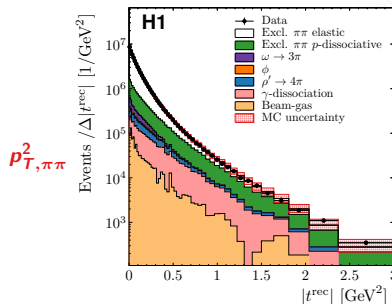
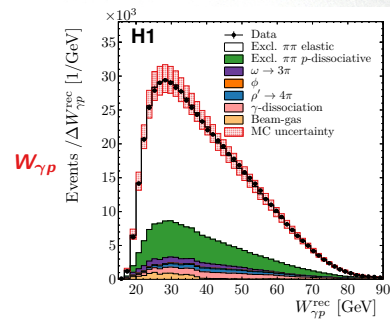
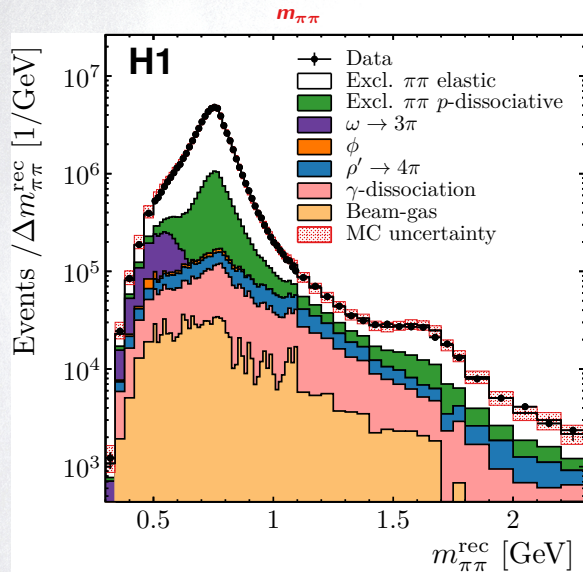


## — Publication: —

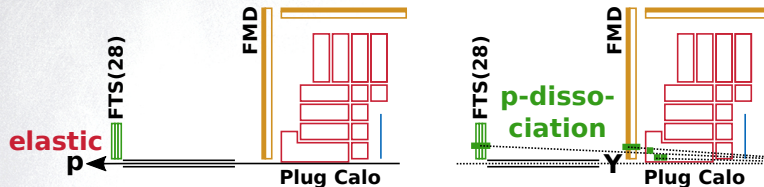
- Eur.Phys.J.C 80 (2020) 12, 1189
- e-print: [arxiv:2005.14471 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.14471)
- data: [H1 webpage](#) or via [HEPData](#)



# BACKUP



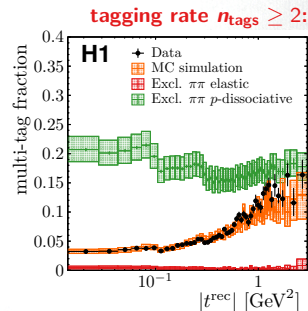
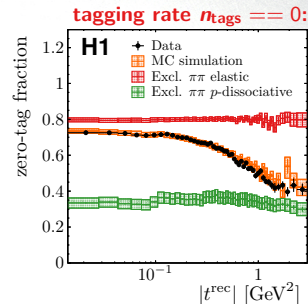
# Proton Dissociation Tagging



- forward detectors FTS(28m) ( $\eta \lesssim 7.5$ ), FMD, Plug calo
- proton remnants  $\Rightarrow$  induce signals  $\Rightarrow$  define “tags”
- poor detector modeling  $\Rightarrow$  “tag” = binary hit/no-hit info
- acceptance & efficiency  $\Rightarrow$  limited  $p$ -dissoc. tagging rate
- noise & secondary particles  $\Rightarrow$  finite elastic mistag rate
- sum possible tags  $0 \leq n_{\text{tags}} \leq 3$
- 3 control regions:

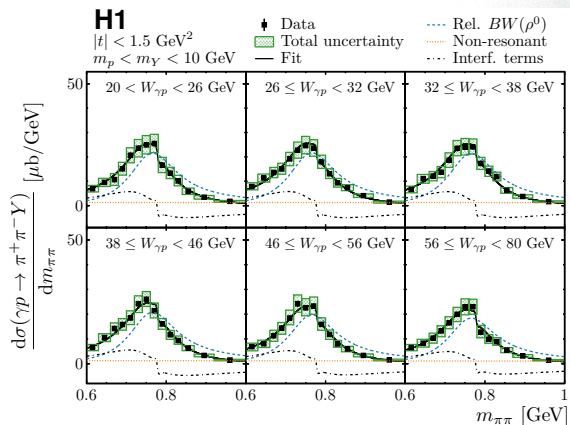
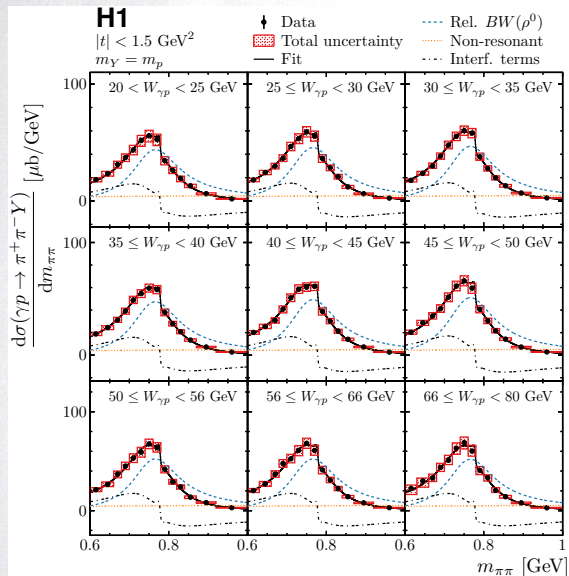
$N_{\text{pd}}/N$	$n_{\text{tags}} == 0$	$n_{\text{tags}} == 1$	$n_{\text{tags}} \geq 2$
	10%	36%	91%

$\Rightarrow$  normalize elas./ $p$ -dissoc. (MC) components





# $d\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-p)/dm_{\pi\pi} (m_{\pi\pi})$ in $W_{\gamma p}$ Bins



# $d^2\sigma(\gamma p \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-Y)/dm_{\pi\pi}dt (m_{\pi\pi})$ in $t$ Bins

