

# Recent developments on Parton Branching TMDs

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L. Keersmaekers<sup>1</sup>, F. Hautmann<sup>1,2</sup>, M. Hentschinski<sup>3</sup>, H. Jung<sup>4</sup>, A. Kusina<sup>5</sup>, K. Kutak<sup>5</sup>, A. Lelek<sup>1</sup>, S. Sadeghi Barzani<sup>1</sup>, S. Taheri Monfared<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> University of Antwerp, <sup>2</sup> University of Oxford, <sup>3</sup> Universidad de las Americas Puebla, <sup>4</sup> DESY, <sup>5</sup> IFJ PAN





# Parton Branching (PB) Evolution Equations

Method to obtain transverse momentum dependent PDFs (TMDs)  $\tilde{\mathcal{A}}_a(x, k_\perp, \mu^2)$  and collinear PDFs  $\tilde{f}_a(x, \mu^2) = \int dk_\perp^2 \tilde{\mathcal{A}}_a(x, k_\perp, \mu^2)$ :

[Hautmann, Jung, Lelek, Radescu, Ziebcik JHEP 01 (2018) 070, 1708.03279]

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Fixed ( $\mu$ -independent)  $z_M \approx 1 \leftrightarrow$  dynamical ( $\mu$ -dependent)  $z_M$



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 $b$ : incoming parton,  $a$ : outgoing parton,  $z$  momentum fraction of parton  $a$  to  $b$   
$$P_{ab}^R(z) = \sum_1^\infty P_{ab}^{(n)} \alpha_s^n$$



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- ▶ Sudakov form factor:

$$\Delta_a(\mu^2) = \exp\left(-\sum_b \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \int_0^{z_M} dz z P_{ba}^R(z)\right)$$

Interpretation: probability of an evolution without any resolvable branchings



## Solution of PB equations

Iterative form of the PB evolution equations:

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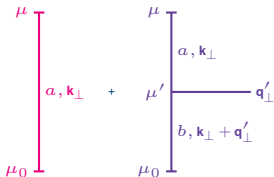




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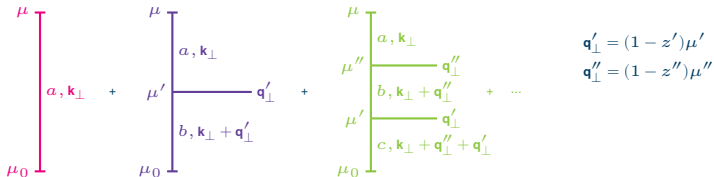
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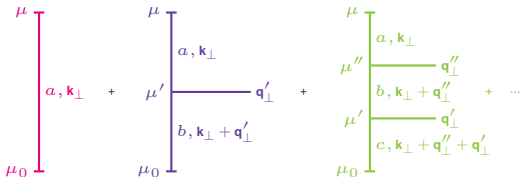




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PB calculates  $\mathbf{k}_\perp$  from every branching:

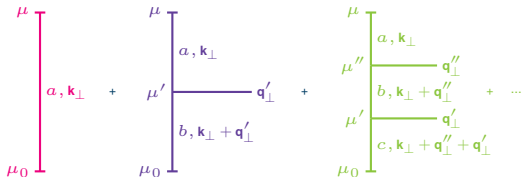
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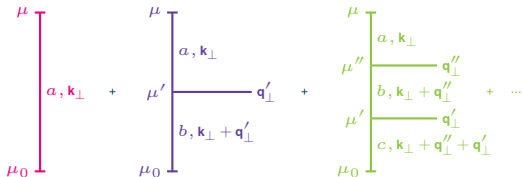
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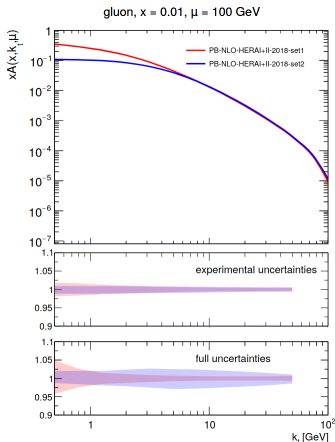
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$$\text{Initial distribution: } \tilde{\mathcal{A}}_a(x, \mathbf{k}_{\perp,0}, \mu_0^2) = \tilde{f}_a(x, \mu_0^2) \times \frac{1}{q_s^2} \exp\left(-\frac{k_\perp^2}{q_s^2}\right)$$

Existing PDF can be chosen for  $\tilde{f}_a(x, \mu_0^2)$  or can be fitted



Fits with NLO splitting functions performed [Bermudez Martinez, Connor, Jung, Lelek, Ziebcik, Hautmann, Radescu, Phys. Rev. D 99 (2019) 074008, 1804.11152], available in TMDlib (new release: [arXiv:2103.09741])



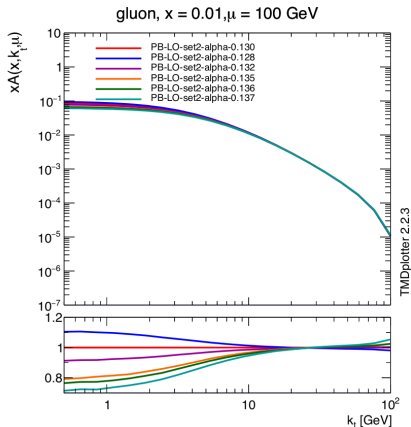
Fits performed with xFitter framework.

- ▶ Full coupled evolution with all flavours
- ▶ HERAPDF parametrization form for all flavours
- ▶ Using full HERAI+II inclusive DIS data ( $3.5 < Q^2 < 50000$  GeV<sup>2</sup> &  $4 \cdot 10^{-5} < x < 0.65$ )
- ▶ Fixed  $z_M$
- ▶ set1  $\alpha_s(\mu)$ , set2  $\alpha_s(q_\perp)$



## New - work in progress: LO Fits

- ▶ TMDs are now being used for jet production at the LHC
- ▶ "TMD jet merging" methods developed at LO [[arXiv:2107.01224](https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.01224)]  
→ parton showers + multi-jet ME
- ▶ Consistent treatment: LO fits
- ▶ Good fits with different values of  $\alpha_s$
- ▶ Influence low- $p_\perp$  range of TMDs
- ▶ Impact on low- $p_\perp$  range of DY



$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$	0.128	0.13	0.132	0.135	0.136	0.137
$\chi^2/dof$	1.385	1.392	1.455	1.537	1.569	1.579



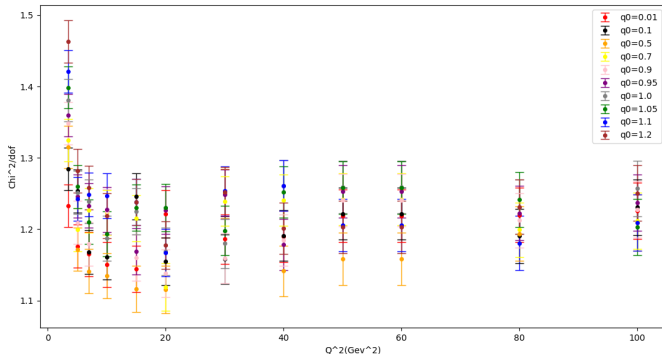
# New - work in progress: Fits with dynamical resolution scale

First time full effects of AO!

$z_M = 1 - \frac{q_0}{\mu'}$  with  $q_0$  minimal transverse momentum of emitted parton

$\chi^2/dof$  in NLO fits vs minimal  $Q^2$  in fits

→ Works well down to low  $Q_{min}^2$ , even with  $q_0 \approx 1\text{GeV}$







# Photon TMD

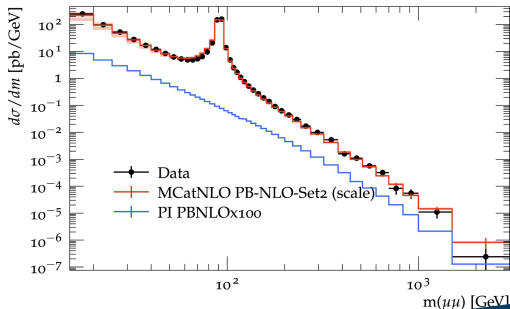
[H. Jung, S. Taheri Monfared, T. Wening, *Physics Letters B* 817 (2021) 136299, arXiv:2102.01494]

- ▶ Include QED corrections,  $\alpha \sim \alpha_s^2$ : LO QED and NLO QCD splitting functions
- ▶ QCD partons fitted, photons generated by perturbation
- ▶  $\chi^2/dof = 1.21 \rightarrow$  Same as only QCD

Differential Drell-Yan cross section in pp-collisions at 13 TeV (CMS-2018-11711625) [*JHEP* 12 (2019),

059]:

CMS, 13 TeV, DY, full phase-space



Calculation with CASCADE3

[*Eur. Phys. J. C* 81 (2021) no.5, 425],

ME: MC@NLO



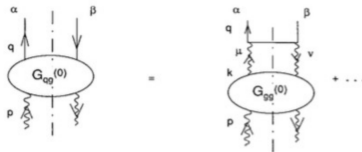
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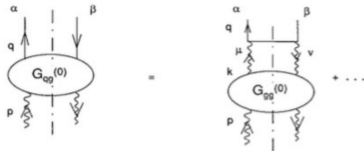
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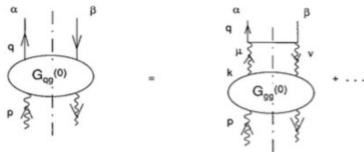
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▶  $\lim_{k_{\perp} \rightarrow 0} \tilde{P}_{ab}(z, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}, \mathbf{q}_{\perp}) = P_{ab}^{\text{DGLAP}}(z)$



# $k_{\perp}$ -dependent Sudakov form factor

New - work in Progress

Resolvable branchings:

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Sudakov form factor: probability of an evolution without any resolvable branchings

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- ▶ Should sum over all possible splittings  $\rightarrow$  Angular averaged splitting functions

$$\Delta_a(\mu^2) = \exp \left( - \sum_b \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \int_0^{z_M} dz z P_{ba}^R(z) \right) \rightarrow$$

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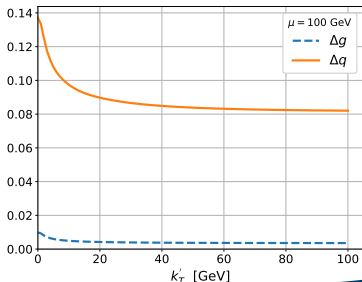
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The Sudakov form factors decrease with higher  $k_{\perp}$





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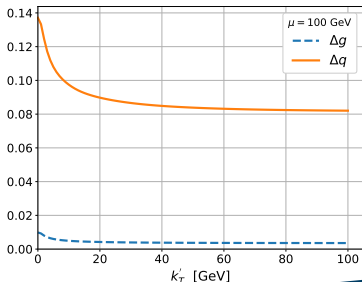
$$P_{ab}(z) \rightarrow \tilde{P}_{ab}(z, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}, \mu'_{\perp})$$

Sudakov form factor: probability of an evolution without any resolvable branchings

- ▶ Definition of  $\mathbf{k}_{\perp}$ -dependent Sudakov form factor
- ▶ Should sum over all possible splittings  $\rightarrow$  Angular averaged splitting functions

$$\Delta_a(\mu^2) = \exp\left(-\sum_b \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \int_0^{z_M} dz z P_{ba}^R(z)\right) \rightarrow$$

$$\Delta_a(\mu^2, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}^2) = \exp\left(-\sum_b \int_{\mu_0^2}^{\mu^2} \frac{d\mu'^2}{\mu'^2} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\phi}{2\pi} \int_0^{z_M} dz z \tilde{P}_{ba}^R(z, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}, \mu'_{\perp})\right)$$



The Sudakov form factors decrease with higher  $k_{\perp}$

Studies with:

1. col. P and col. Sudakov form factor (normal PB)
2. TMD P and col. Sudakov form factor
3. TMD P and TMD Sudakov form factor

Model 1 and 3 conserve momentum of proton, 2 not.

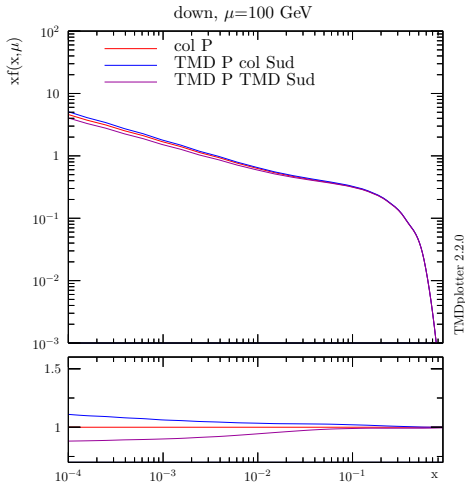


# Numerical Results with TMD P New - work in Progress

We studied effects of TMD Splitting functions on the evolution. No fits has been done yet.

Implementation with:

- ▶ PB method (LO)
- ▶ PB with TMD Splitting functions in resolvable branchings, but collinear Sudakov
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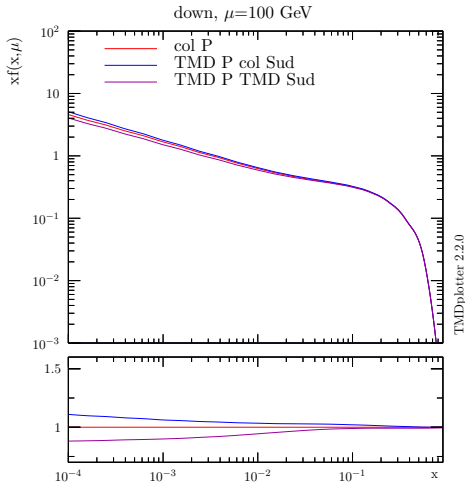


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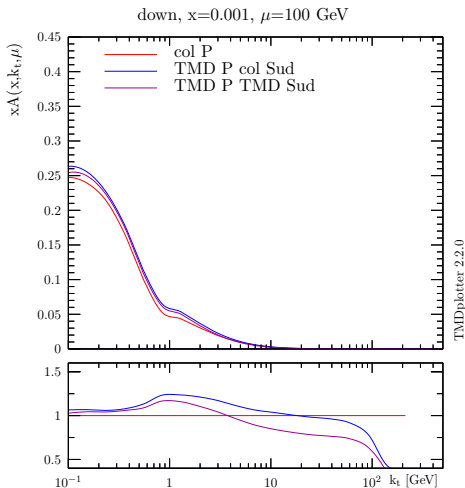
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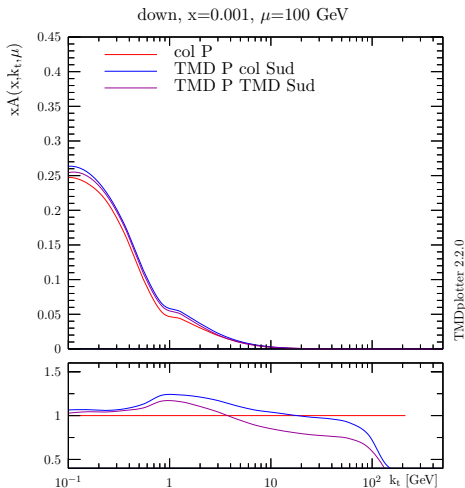
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- ▶ TMD Sudakov suppression compared to collinear Sudakov
- ▶ Whole  $\mathbf{k}_\perp$ -region is affected
- ▶ PB is capable of handling TMD P and TMD sudakov





# Summary and outlook

Fits obtained with PB method:

- ▶ NLO fits, set1 and set2, available in TMDlib

New fits:

- ▶ QCD+QED fit (including first photon TMD in PB)
- ▶ **Flavor-variable-number schemes 4FLVN/5FLVN** [H. Jung, S. Taheri Monfared, arXiv:2106.09791]

Fits in progress:

- ▶ LO fits
- ▶ Fits with dynamical resolution scale

Inclusion of TMD splitting functions in PB:

- ▶  $k_{\perp}$ -dependent splittings affect both real emissions and Sudakov form factors
- ▶ Working code to produce TMD and collinear PDFs
- ▶ Prospects to do phenomenology: fits will be performed and the fitted parton densities will be used for predictions of LHC and EIC processes

## Thank you!