



Measurement of electroweak-boson production in pp, p-Pb and Pb-Pb collisions with ALICE at the LHC

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Motivation

W/Z boson productions

Predominatly via a quark – antiquark pair annihilation (Drell-Yan)

- $\blacksquare \ u\bar{d} \to W^+, d\bar{u} \to W^-, \text{and } q\bar{q} \to Z$
- Sensitive to quark and antiquark content in nucleon / nucleus
 - Difference in pp & p-Pb (Pb-Pb) --- nuclear Parton Distribution Function (nPDF)
 - W charge asymmetry --- sensitive to the down / up ratio (isospin)



Partons in nuclear (nPDF)

- Enhance @ $x \sim 10^{-1}$
- Suppress @ *x* < 10⁻²
- ALICE probe different x regimes, from $x \sim 10^{-3} 10^{-4}$ to $x \sim 10^{-1}$
- Several prediction in the market
 with large theory uncertainties
- Important to understand the distribution to investigate the initial condition in QCD matter (QGP) in heavy-ion collisions

W yields extraction in ALICE



Z yields extraction in ALICE



■ $Z \to \mu^{\pm}$ (-4 < y_{lab} < -2.5, p_T > 20 GeV/c)

Invariant mass of opposite-sign muon pair

 \blacksquare Z $\rightarrow \tau \tau \rightarrow \mu \mu$, paris from charm and bottom and top (FONLL, POWHEG) ~1%

W^{\pm} in pp collisions at 13 TeV (1)



- Cross sections for $e^{\pm} \leftarrow W^{\pm}$ in |y| < 0.6■ Electrons in 30 < $p_{T} < 60$ GeV/c
- Compared to a model including pQCD NLO (POWHEG) + CT10nlo
 - Consistent with data in uncertainties



W^{\pm} in pp collisions at 13 TeV (2)



- p_T differential cross sections for $e^{\pm} \leftarrow W^{\pm}$ in |y| < 0.6
- Compared to a model including pQCD NLO (POWHEG) + CT10nlo
 Measurements and model are consistent within the uncertainties

W^{\pm} in pp collisions at 13 TeV (3)





Z production in p-Pb @ 8.16 TeV



Within experimental and theoretical uncertainties, pQCD+isospin with/without nPDF are consistent with the measured cross section



W^{\pm} in p-Pb at 8.16 TeV (1)



Within experimental and theoretical uncertainties, pQCD + isospin with/without nPDF are consistent with the measured cross section

■ 3.7σ deviation from free-PDF calculation for W+ at forward rapidity for the bin at largest rapidity

W^{\pm} in p-Pb at 8.16 TeV (2)



Charge asymmetry

 -4.46 < y_{cms} < -2.96 ; dū → W⁻ dominant
 2.03 < y_{cms} < 3.53 ; ud̄ → W⁺ dominant

 pQCD + isospin with/without nPDF reproduces the rapidity dependence

Z in Pb-Pb at 5.02 TeV



- $x < \sim 10^{-3}$ --- probing shadowing region
- \blacksquare Model with free PDF --- 3.4 σ deviation w.r.t. measured Z cross section
- Models with nPDF --- well reproduced measured Z cross section
- Strong evidence of modification of Z production in Pb-Pb collisions



- W[±] production (2.5 < y < 4) as a function of centrality in Pb-Pb collisions
 - followed by the # of binary NN collisions <T_{AA}>
 - Indicate there is no final state effect (i.e. energy loss) on W



Summary

- W production in pp collisions (New)
 - Consistent with POWHEG (NLO) + CTI0nlo
 - Integrated & p_T differential cross section
 - W^+ / W^- ratio
- W/Z production in p-Pb
 - Clear rapidity dependence of the productions
 - Models + isospin with/without nPDF are reproduced the data
- W/Z production in Pb-Pb
 - Both follow by # of binary NN collisions
 - Indicate no final state effects (no interaction with QGP)
 - Z productions are well reproduced by the model with nuclear PDF
- Sizeable amount of new measurements at large rapidities, providing extra inputs for nPDFs global fits

Back up



W-boson yield extraction (1)



■ $e^{\pm} \leftarrow W^{\pm}$ (|y| < 0.6, p_{T} > 30 GeV/c)

- Based on isolation cuts on energy; $E_{iso} = \frac{\sum E_R}{E_e} < 0.05$
- $e^{\pm} \leftarrow c, b$ are obtained by data driven (large isolation energy)
- $e^{\pm} \leftarrow Z$ contribution was estimated by POWHEG
- Other backgrounds, electrons from conversion and neutral mesons decays are less than 3%

W-boson yield extraction (2)



 $f(p_{\mathrm{T}}) = N_{\mathrm{HF}} \cdot f_{\mathrm{HF}}(p_{\mathrm{T}}) + N_{\mu \leftarrow W} \cdot (f_{\mu \leftarrow W}(p_{\mathrm{T}}) + R \cdot f_{\mu \leftarrow Z}(p_{\mathrm{T}}))$

- f_x(p_T) : MC templates (FONLL, POWHEG)
- Nx : free parameters
- R : ratio of the Z to W cross section from POWHEG





■ $Z \rightarrow \tau \tau \rightarrow \mu \mu$, paris from charm and bottom and top (FONLL, POWHEG) ~1% ■ Combinatorial background (same-sign dimuon invariant mass), negligible

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W and Z at the ALICE



x < 10 - 1