

Non-prompt D⁺ meson production in Pb-Pb collisions with ALICE



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Physics Motivation

In Pb-Pb ultrarelativistic collisions, /QCD predicts colour-deconfined phase, called quark-gluon plasma (QGP): time

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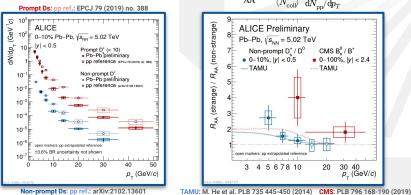
- Heavy-guark produced in shorter time scales than QGP formation
 - Experience full system evolution
 - Interact with QGP constituents, energy loss in the medium

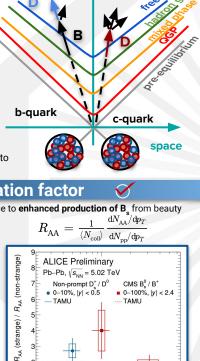
Heavy-flavour hadronisation in presence of OGP medium

- Two competing mechanisms
 - Fragmentation
 - Coalescence
- Strange guarks abundant in the QGP
 - Enhancement of heavy-flavour mesons with strange quarks relative to non-strange heavy-flavour mesons

D-meson nuclear modification factor

R_{AA}(strange)/R_{AA}(non-strange): enhancement due to enhanced production of B_a from beauty dN_{AA}/dp_T hadronisation via coalescences





3 4 5 6 7 8 10

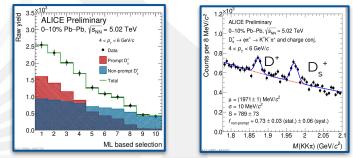
20 30 40

p_ (GeV/c)

Analysis Strategy

Prompt D,* mesons: sensitive to charm hadronisation via coalescence; Non-prompt D + mesons: from B meson decays (5-10%) sensitive to beauty hadronisation via coalescence;

Candidate selection based on Machine Learning (ML) multi-class classification (XGBoost)



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Outlook: ITS Upgrades

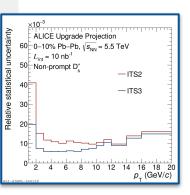
Major upgrades of the ALICE Inner Tracking System (ITS) ongoing:

ITS3

- ITS crucial for heavy-flavour measurements
 - ITS2: completely new detector
 - ITS3: truly cylindrical layer based on ultra-thin curved sensor

ITS2

7	3
0.35%	0.05%
22	18
30x30	O(15x15)
	22



ITS: CERN-LHCC-2019-018