



THE UNIVERSITY
of
WISCONSIN
MADISON

Measurements of single top quark production cross sections at ATLAS

Rui Zhang

on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

University of Wisconsin-Madison, Wisconsin

EPS-HEP Conference 2021

July 26-30, 2021

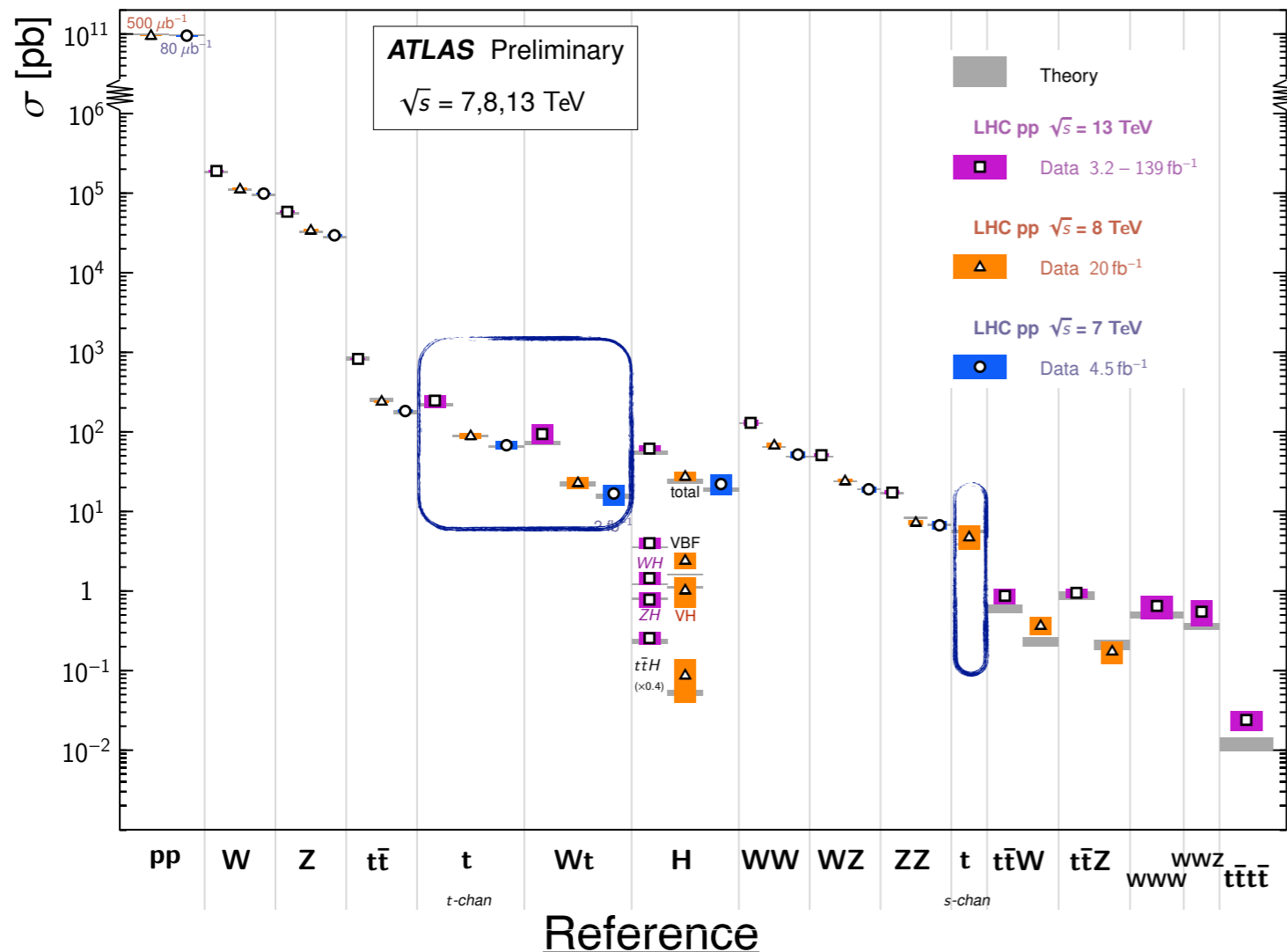
Introduction

- LHC is a top-quark factory
 - ~ 830 pb top quark pair production
 - 100+ Million $t\bar{t}$ events in Run 2
 - ~ 10 — 200 pb single top production

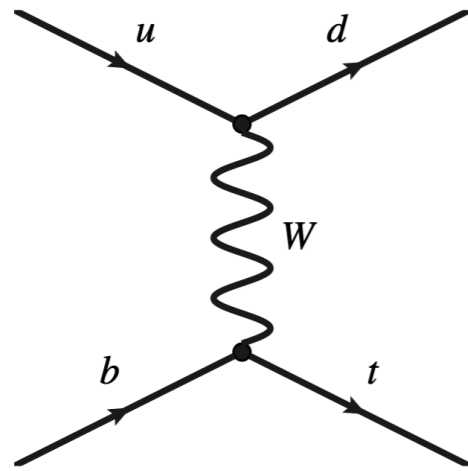
- Single-top production

- Weak interaction, unlike $t\bar{t}$
- Probe Wtb vertex for new physics.
- Important background in direct searches for particles beyond the SM

Standard Model Total Production Cross Section Measurements Status: March 2021



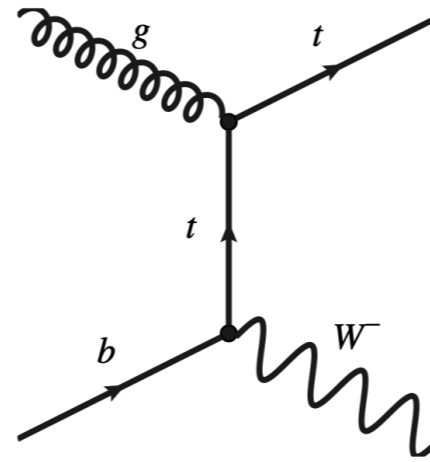
Single top production



t-channel

$$\sigma(8\text{TeV}) = 87.76^{+3.44}_{-1.91} \text{ pb}$$

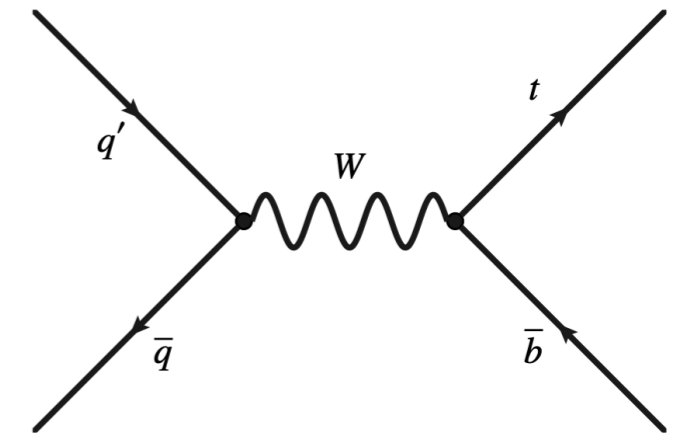
$$\sigma(13\text{TeV}) = 216.99^{+9.04}_{-7.71} \text{ pb}$$



tW-channel

$$\sigma(8\text{TeV}) = 24.6^{+1.1}_{-0.8} \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(13\text{TeV}) = 79.5^{+2.8}_{-2.3} \text{ pb}$$



s-channel

$$\sigma(8\text{TeV}) = 5.61 \pm 0.22 \text{ pb}$$

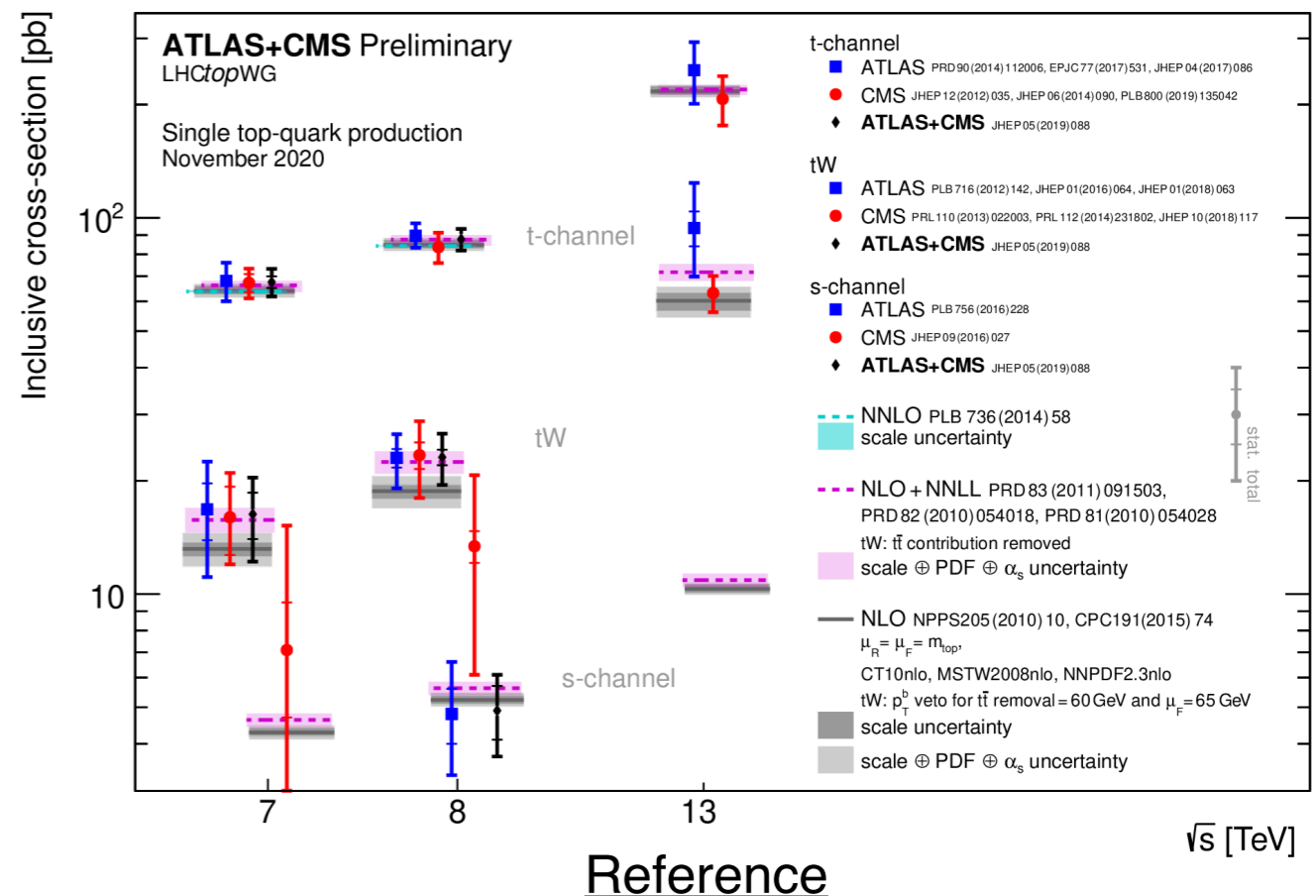
$$\sigma(13\text{TeV}) = 10.32^{+0.40}_{-0.36} \text{ pb}$$

◎ Cross sections

- t-channel > tW-channel > s-channel
- tW final-state can test modelling of off-shell tops / interference with $t\bar{t}$

◎ Today we will be looking at:

- tW inclusive cross section (l+jets)
- Top polarisation in single-top production (t-channel)



tW inclusive cross section

Inspire, arXiv:2007.01554, accepted by EPJC

tW in l+jets

- Most measurements of tW to date use dilepton channel
- Present first evidence for tW production in single lepton (l+jets) final states at 8 TeV
 - 1 electron or muon, 3 jets with 1 b-tag (3j1b)
 - Missing transverse energy $E_{\text{miss}}^T > 30$ GeV
 - The transverse mass of the leptonically decaying W $m_T(W) > 50$ GeV
- Challenging: S/B ~ 0.05
- Major backgrounds
 - $t\bar{t}$: 58%
 - W+jets: 28%
- Region with an additional b-jet (4j2b) serves as a $t\bar{t}$ validation region

Process	Signal region (3j1b)
tW ($\sigma_{tW}^{\text{th.}} = 22.4$ pb)	6300 ± 600
$t\bar{t}$	77000 ± 6000
t, t -channel	4180 ± 290
t, s -channel	307 ± 19
W+jets, HF	31000 ± 14000
W+jets, LF	6000 ± 3000
Z+jets	3900 ± 1700
WW/WZ/ZZ+jets	650 ± 280
Fake leptons	4300 ± 1900
Total background	128000 ± 18000
Total signal + background	134000 ± 18000
Observed	134633

Signal and background separation

- Neural network is used to combine differences in multiple kinematic variables to a stronger discriminant

- Variable list is carefully selected to avoid an increase of unexpected uncertainty
- Four variables are selected and trained on signal against $t\bar{t}$:

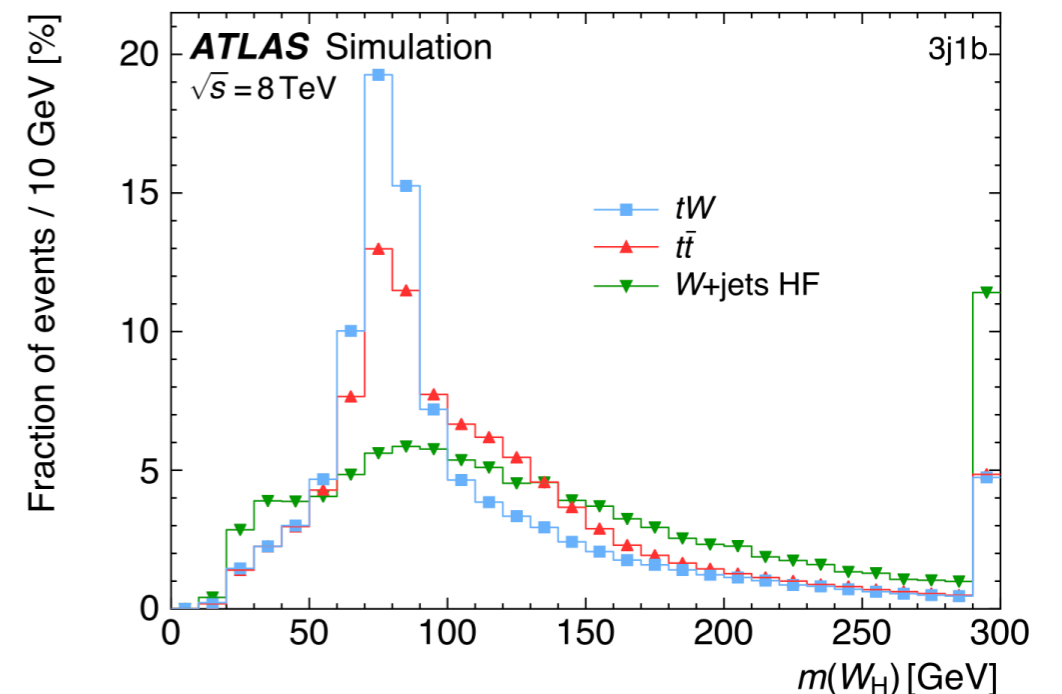
$$\rho_T(W_H, W_L, j_B) = \frac{p_T(W_H W_L j_B)}{p_T(W_H) + p_T(W_L) + p_T(j_B)} \quad m(W_L W_H j_B) \quad |\Delta\eta(\ell, j_{L1})| \quad |\eta(\ell)|$$

- Hadronically decaying W mass, $m(W_H)$, is strongly affected by uncertainties from reconstructed jet energy, thus is not used in NN

- Strong separation power provided by $m(W_H)$

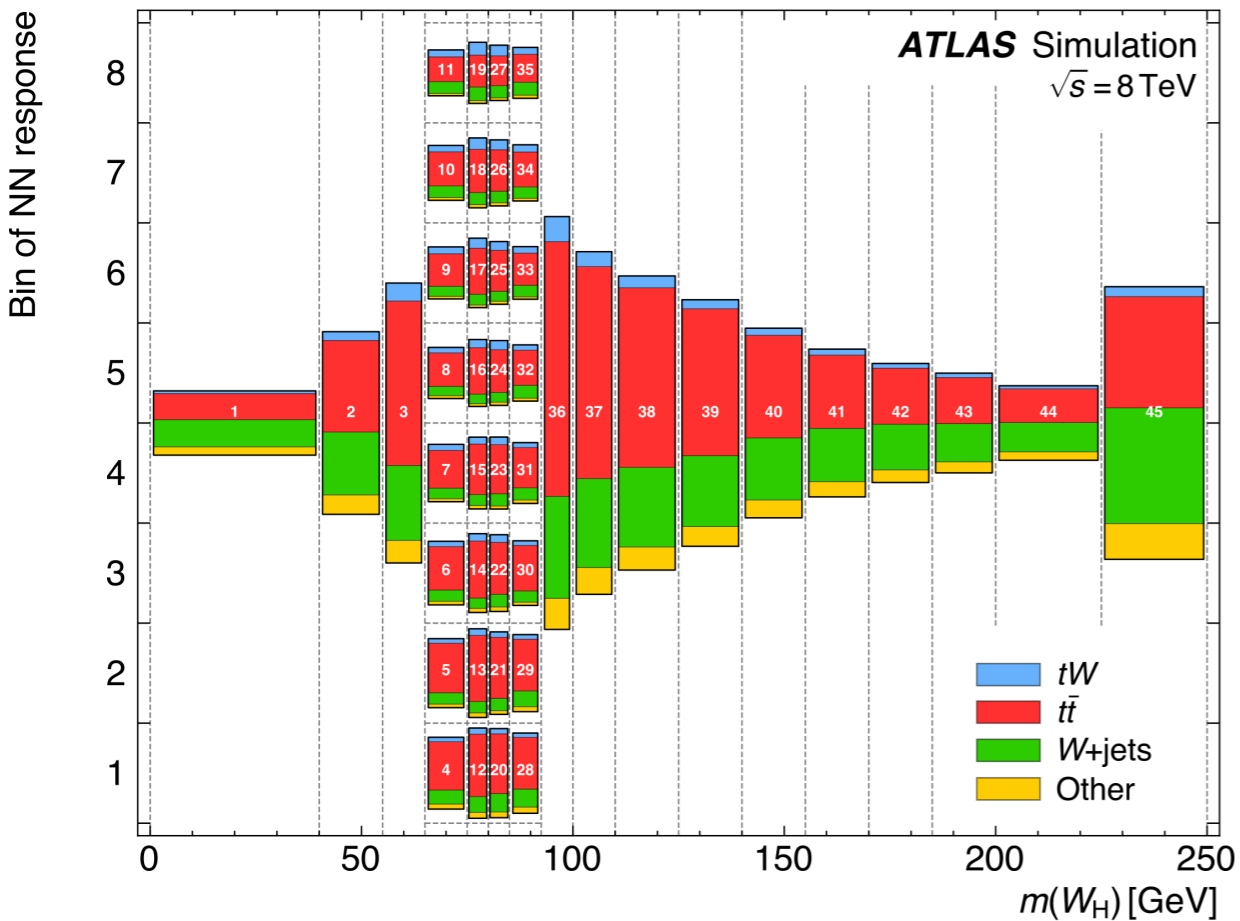
- For tW and $t\bar{t}$, peak at $m(W)$ when two untagged jets are correctly assigned to W_H
- Lower peak for $t\bar{t}$ due to higher jet multiplicity
- W +jets does not peak since W must decay leptonically

- How to combine $m(W_H)$ with NN?

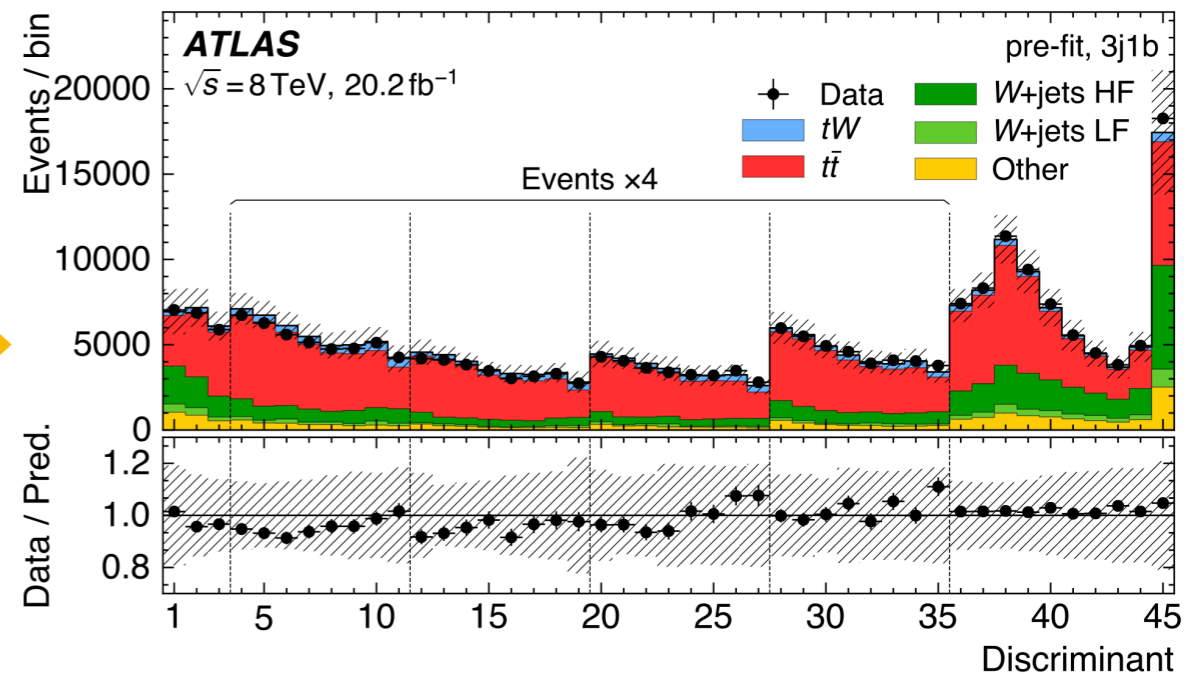


The two-dimensional discriminant

- NN is trained in $65 \text{ GeV} < m(W_H) < 92.5 \text{ GeV}$
 - Focusing on well-reconstructed hadronic W events, primarily $t\bar{t}$
 - Outside of this range, NN response is ignored



Unroll

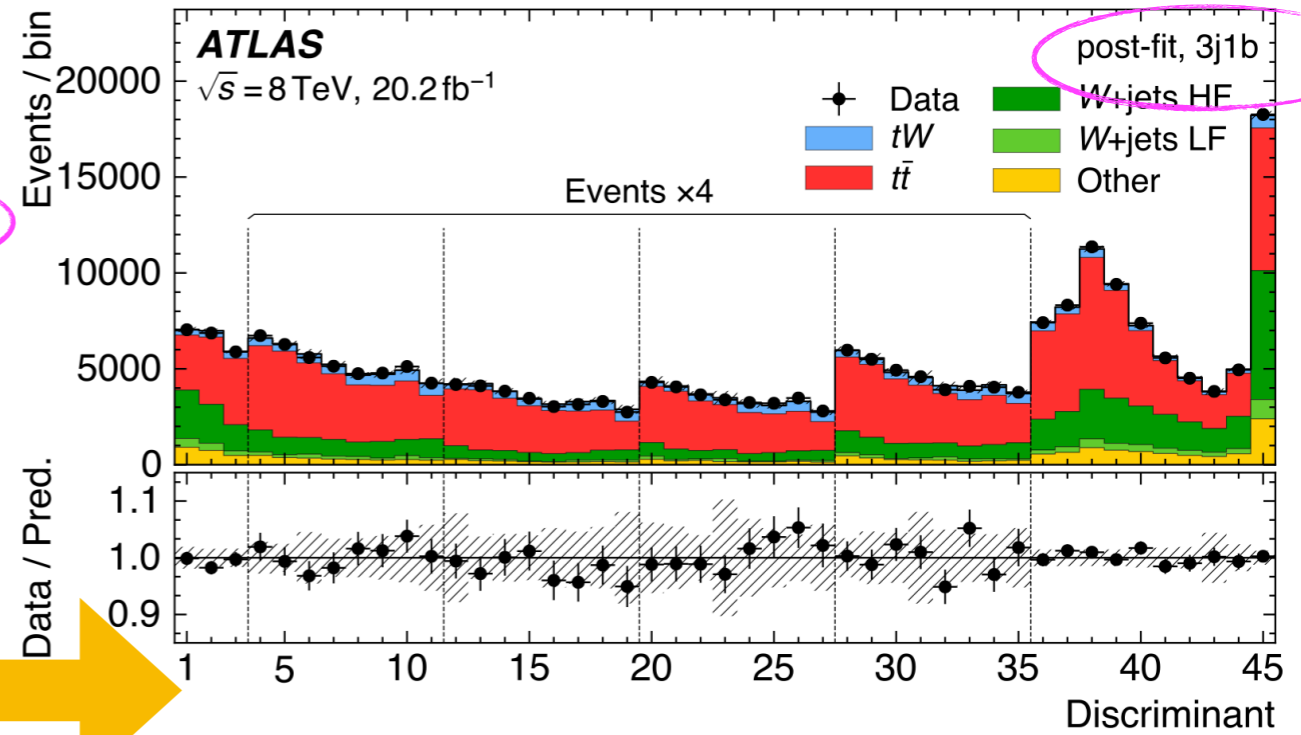
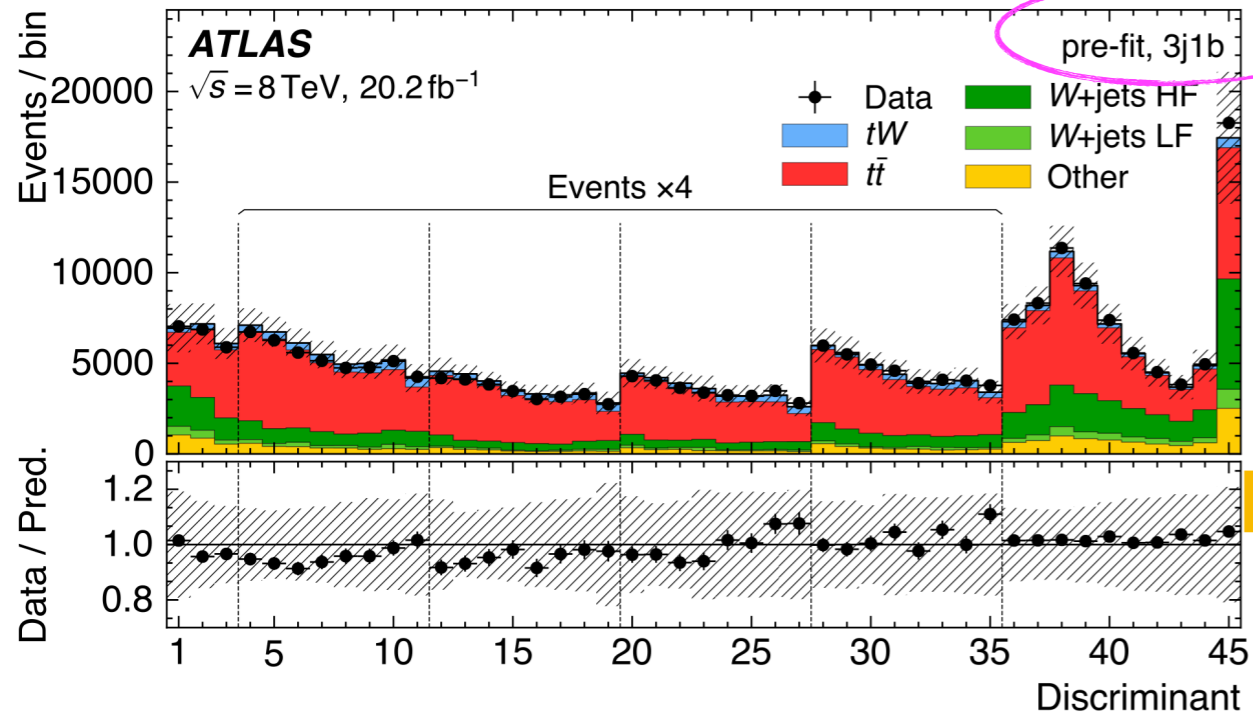


Systematic uncertainties

- ◉ Grouped into experimental and theoretical uncertainties
 - Dominated by Jet energy scale, $t\bar{t}$ radiation and MC statistics

Source	Uncertainty [%]
Jet energy scale	10
b -tagging	8
Jet energy resolution	7
E_T^{miss} reconstruction	7
Lepton reconstruction	4
Luminosity	3
Jet vertex fraction	3
$t\bar{t}$ radiation	10
tW radiation	9
$tW-t\bar{t}$ interference	7
$t\bar{t}$ cross-section normalisation	6
Other background cross-section normalisations	5
tW and $t\bar{t}$ parton shower	4
tW and $t\bar{t}$ NLO matching	3
PDF	1
Model statistics	11
Data statistics	4
Total	27

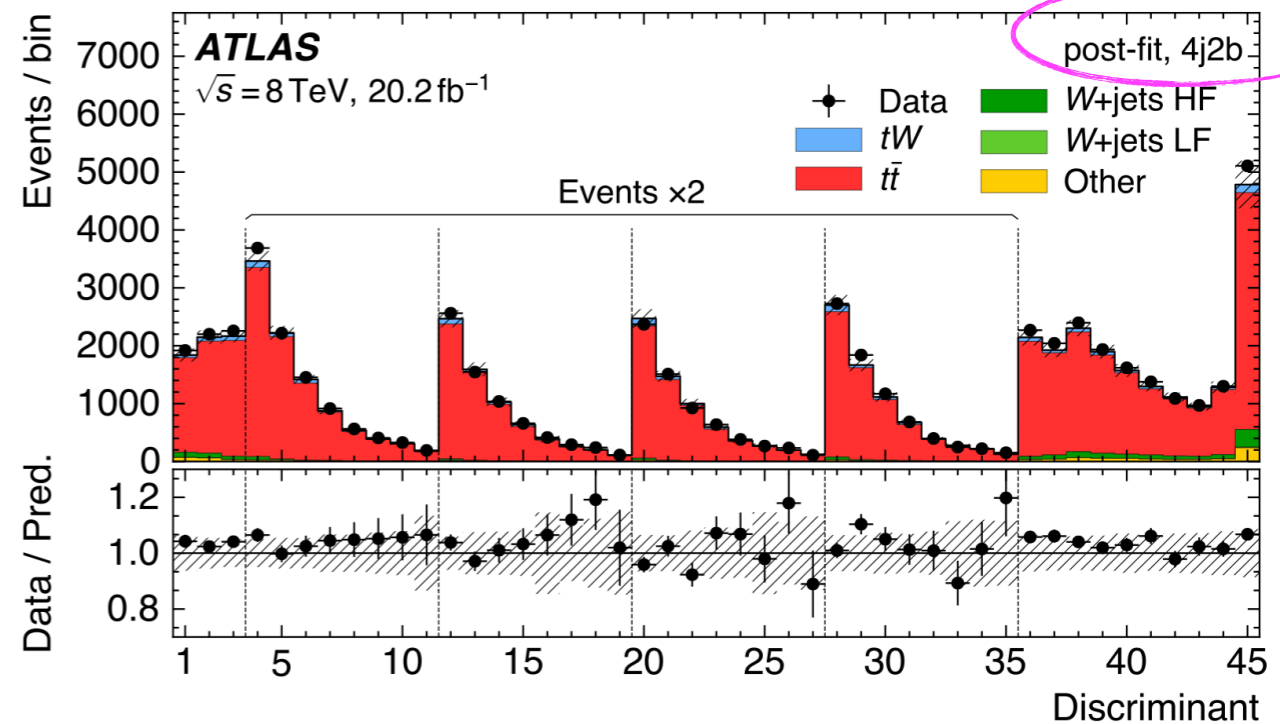
Results



$$\sigma_{tW}^{\text{meas.}} = 26 \pm 7 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{tW}^{\text{th.}} = 24.6^{+0.6+0.9}_{-0.5-0.6} \text{ pb} \quad \text{JHEP 278 (2021)}$$

Significance: 4.5σ
 (3.9σ expected)



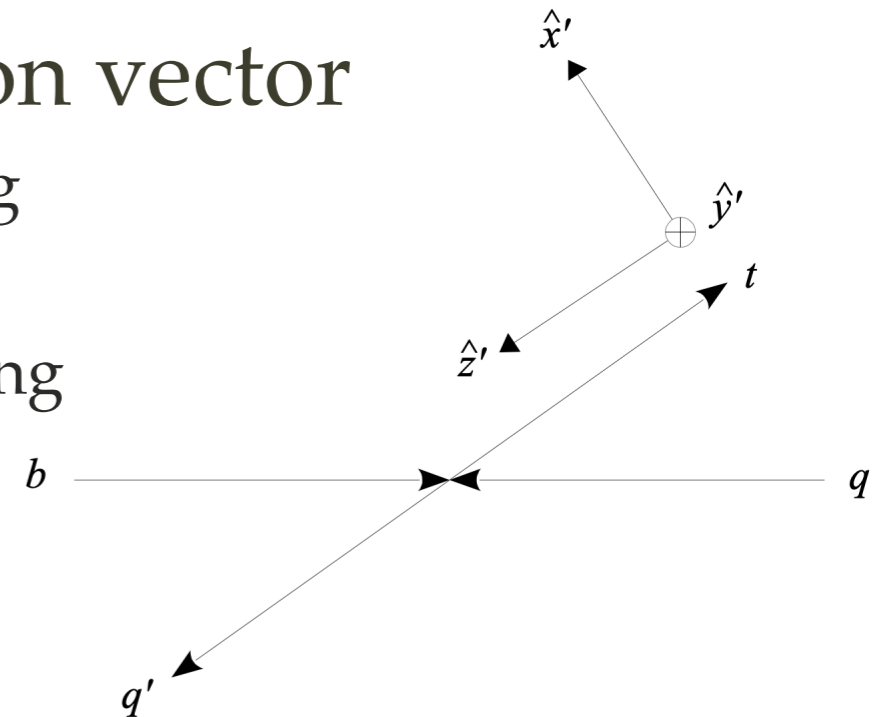
Top polarisation in single-top production (t-channel)

ATLAS-CONF-2021-027

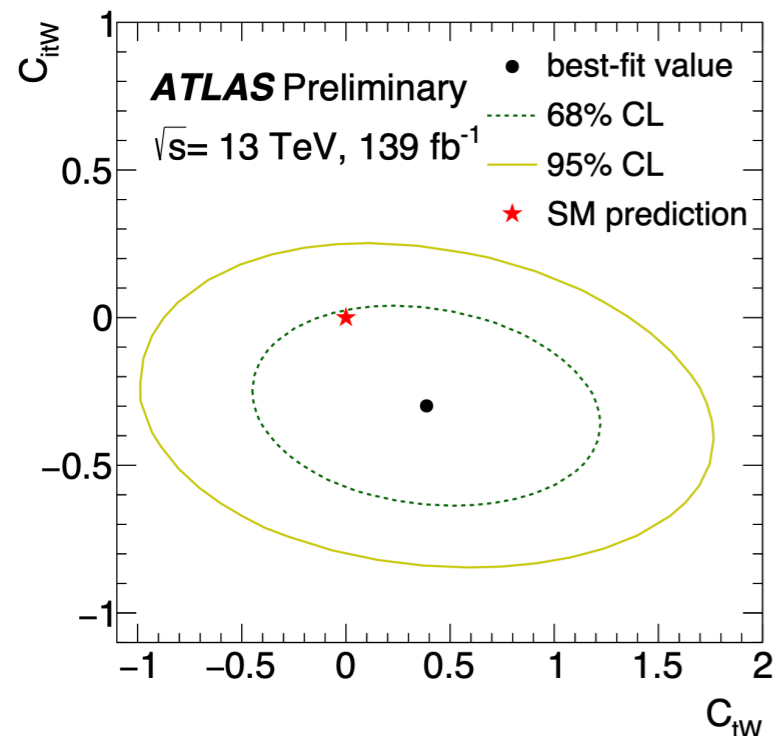
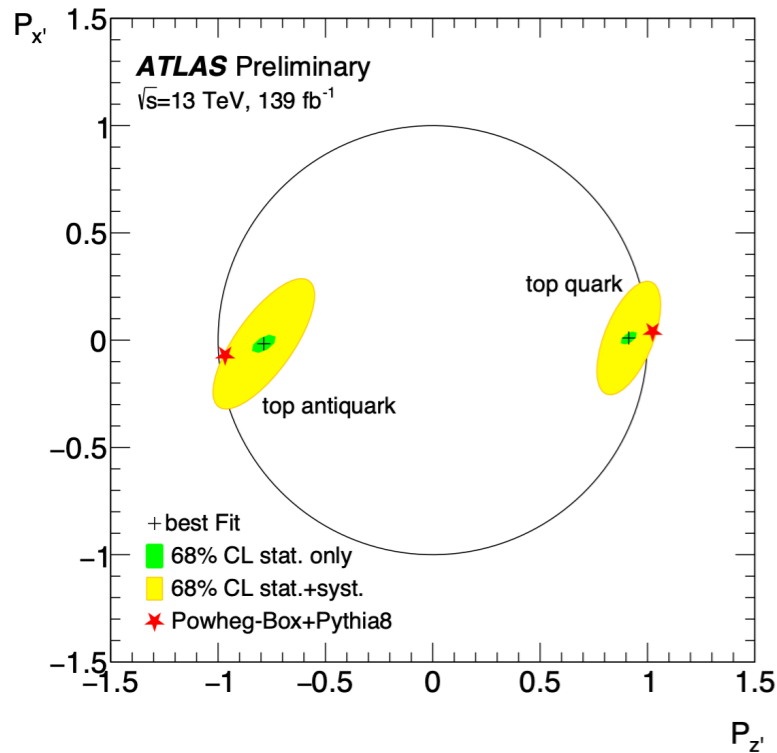
More detailed talk 29/07/2021, 10:05 by Carlos Escobar

Top quark polarisation

- Unique chance to the polarisation measurement in single top
 - Weakly produced single tops are polarised
 - Top quarks in $t\bar{t}$ production are unpolarised (QCD conserves parity)
- First measurement of the full polarisation vector
 - In the t-channel at LO, top quark spin is aligned along the direction of the down-type quarks.
 - Measured also in two orthogonal axes, hence providing a complete description of the top quark polarisation
 - Measured for both top quark and top anti-quark
- Unfolded to particle level
 - Differential cross sections are extracted for angular variables $\cos\theta_{\ell x'}$, $\cos\theta_{\ell y'}$, $\cos\theta_{\ell z'}$
 - EFT \mathcal{O}_{tW} : only tree-level dimension-6 operator sensitive to polarisation
 - $\cos\theta_{\ell x'}$ sensitive to $\text{Re}(C_{tW})$
 - $\cos\theta_{\ell y'}$ sensitive to $\text{Im}(C_{tW})$, hint of CP violation in the tWb vertex if non-zero
 - $\cos\theta_{\ell z'}$ sensitive to many additional operators, thus ignore in the analysis



Results



Polarisation measurement

Parameter	Extracted value	(stat.)
t -channel norm.	$+1.045 \pm 0.022$	(± 0.006)
W +jets norm.	$+1.148 \pm 0.027$	(± 0.005)
$t\bar{t}$ norm.	$+1.005 \pm 0.016$	(± 0.004)
$P_{x'}^t$	$+0.01 \pm 0.18$	(± 0.02)
$P_{x'}^{\bar{t}}$	-0.02 ± 0.20	(± 0.03)
$P_{y'}^t$	-0.029 ± 0.027	(± 0.011)
$P_{y'}^{\bar{t}}$	-0.007 ± 0.051	(± 0.017)
$P_{z'}^t$	$+0.91 \pm 0.10$	(± 0.02)
$P_{z'}^{\bar{t}}$	-0.79 ± 0.16	(± 0.03)

No deviation from the SM

Refer to a more detailed talk on 29/07/2021, 10:05 given by Carlos Escobar

Limits on Wilson coefficients

	C_{tW}		C_{itW}	
	68% CL	95% CL	68% CL	95% CL
All terms	[-0.2, 0.9]	[-0.7, 1.5]	[-0.5, -0.1]	[-0.7, 0.2]
Order $1/\Lambda^4$	[-0.2, 0.9]	[-0.7, 1.5]	[-0.5, -0.1]	[-0.7, 0.2]
Order $1/\Lambda^2$	[-0.2, 1.0]	[-0.7, 1.7]	[-0.5, -0.1]	[-0.8, 0.2]

Summary

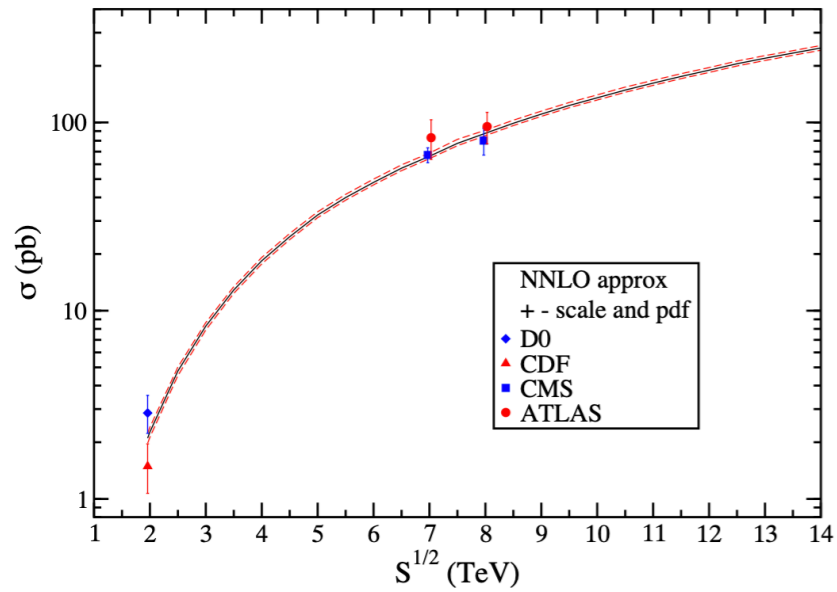
- ◉ Overviewed recent single top publications at ATLAS
- ◉ First measurements on the tW lepton+jets final state
 - Analysis exploits multivariate techniques to achieve a relatively clean signal
 - No deviations from the SM are seen
- ◉ First measurement of the full polarisation vector and for top quarks and antiquarks separately
 - Most stringent limit is set for Wilson coefficients for tWb vertex
 - No deviations from the SM are seen
- ◉ More info
 - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>

Thank you for listening!

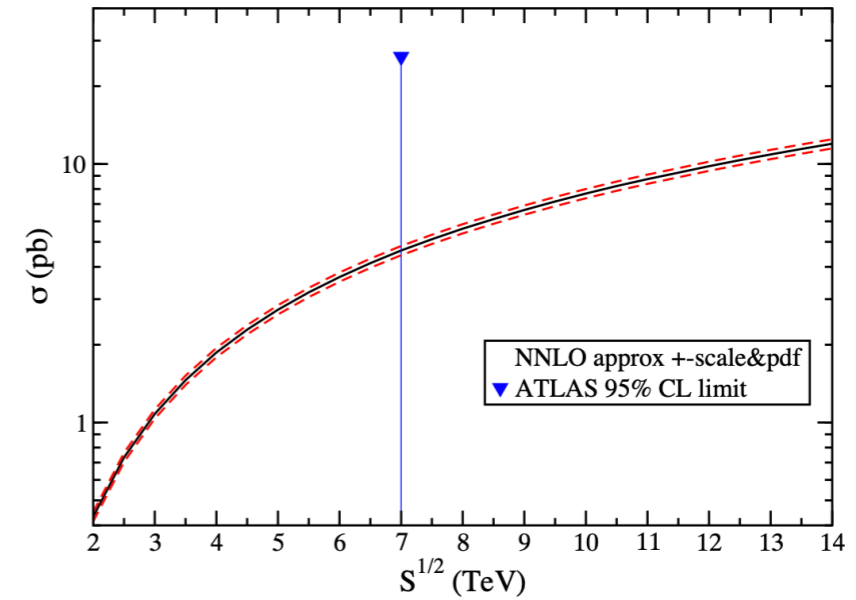
$$\Gamma_{St-11}^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{-t}{s} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{m_t^2 - t}{m_t \sqrt{s}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_{Ss-11}^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{s - m_t^2}{m_t \sqrt{s}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

t-channel total cross section $m_t=172.5$ GeV

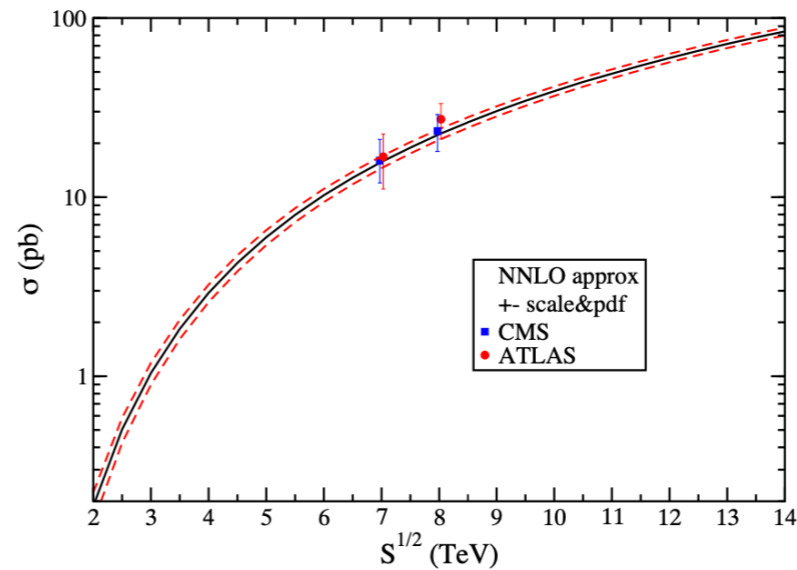


s-channel total cross section $m_t=172.5$ GeV



$tW^- + \bar{t}W^+$ cross section $m_t=172.5$ GeV

$$\Gamma_{StW-}^{(1)} = C_F \left[\ln \left(\frac{m_t^2 - t}{m_t \sqrt{s}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right] + \frac{C_A}{2} \ln \left(\frac{m_t^2 - u}{m_t^2 - t} \right)$$



Reference

Systematic tables from other analysis

ATLAS 8TeV 20.3 fb dilepton tW

ATLAS 13TeV 3.2 fb dilepton tW

Source	$\Delta\sigma_{Wt}/\sigma_{Wt}[\%]$
Jet energy scale	21
Jet energy resolution	8.6
E_T^{miss} soft terms	5.3
b -tagging	4.3
Luminosity	2.3
Lepton efficiency, energy scale and resolution	1.3
NLO matrix element generator	18
Parton shower and hadronisation	7.1
Initial-/final-state radiation	6.4
Diagram removal/subtraction	5.3
Parton distribution function	2.7
Non- $t\bar{t}$ background normalisation	3.7
Total systematic uncertainty	30
Data statistics	10
Total uncertainty	31

Uncertainty	Impact on $\hat{\mu}$ [%]
Statistical	± 5.8
Luminosity	± 4.7
Theory modelling	
ISR/FSR	+8.2 -9.4
Hadronisation	± 1.7
NLO matching method	± 2.5
PDF	± 0.6
DR/DS	+2.2 -4.8
Detector	
Jet	+9.0 -9.9
Lepton	± 3.0
E_T^{miss}	± 5.5
b -tag	± 1.0
Background norm.	+2.9 -2.6
Total	+16 -17

MC simulator

- $tW, t\bar{t}$: Baseline Powheg-box + Pythia 6
 - Radiation: higher (radHi) and lower (radLo) radiation relative to the nominal set, together with varied renormalisation and factorisation scales
 - PS: Pythia with Herwig
 - NLO: MC@NLO and Powheg-Box