



Extending $hh \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ searches into the HL-LHC era

ULB

UNIVERSITÉ
LIBRE
DE BRUXELLES

Jacob Amacker, William Balunas, Lydia Beresford, Daniela Bortoletto,
James Frost, Cigdem Issever, Jesse Liu, James McKee, Alessandro Micheli,
Santiago Paredes Saenz, Michael Spannowsky, and Beojan Stanislaus

santiago.paredes@cern.ch

EPS-HEP2021 conference
July 2021



This Talk

- Introduction & **Motivation**
- **Signal & Background** Modelling
- Analysis **Strategies**
- **Self-Coupling** Constraints
- Conclusion

Based on [arXiv:2004.04240](https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.04240)

High Energy Physics – Phenomenology

[Submitted on 8 Apr 2020 (v1), last revised 12 Oct 2020 (this version, v3)]

Higgs self-coupling measurements using deep learning in the $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ final state

Jacob Amacker, William Balunas, Lydia Beresford, Daniela Bortoletto, James Frost, Cigdem Issever, Jesse Liu, James McKee, Alessandro Micheli, Santiago Paredes Saenz, Michael Spannowsky, Beojan Stanislaus

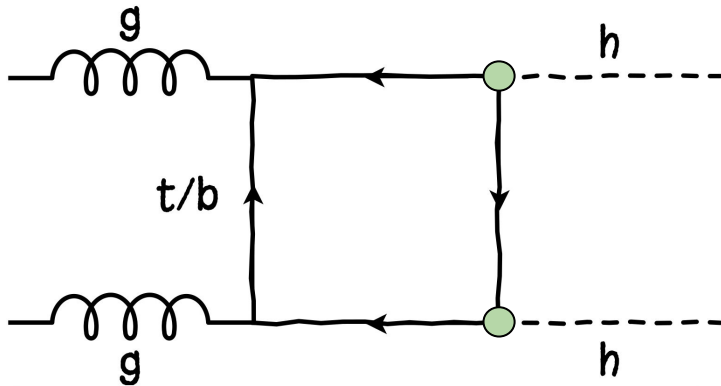
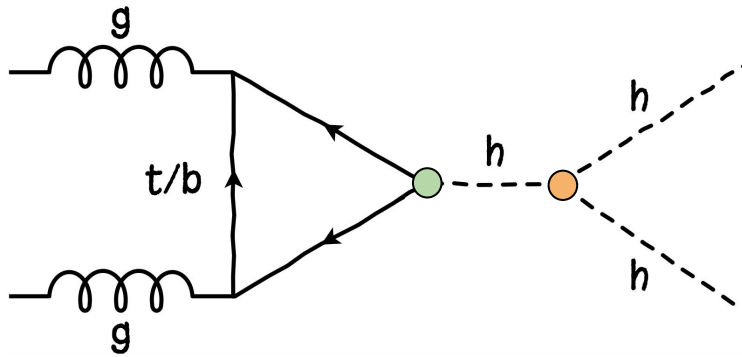
Measuring the Higgs trilinear self-coupling λ_{hhh} is experimentally demanding but fundamental for understanding the shape of the Higgs potential. We present a comprehensive analysis strategy for the HL-LHC using di-Higgs events in the four b -quark channel ($hh \rightarrow 4b$), extending current methods in several directions. We perform deep learning to suppress the formidable multijet background with dedicated optimisation for BSM λ_{hhh} scenarios. We compare the λ_{hhh} constraining power of events using different multiplicities of large radius jets with a two-prong structure that reconstruct boosted $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ decays. We show that current uncertainties in the SM top Yukawa coupling y_t can modify λ_{hhh} constraints by $\sim 20\%$. For SM y_t , we find prospects of $-0.8 < \lambda_{hhh}/\lambda_{hhh}^{\text{SM}} < 6.6$ at 68% CL under simplified assumptions for 3000-fb^{-1} of HL-LHC data. Our results provide a careful assessment of di-Higgs identification and machine learning techniques for all-hadronic measurements of the Higgs self-coupling and sharpens the requirements for future improvement.

Comments: 36 pages, 15 figures + bibliography and appendices
Subjects: **High Energy Physics – Phenomenology (hep-ph)**; High Energy Physics – Experiment (hep-ex)
Journal reference: JHEP 12 (2020) 115
DOI: [10.1007/JHEP12\(2020\)115](https://doi.org/10.1007/JHEP12(2020)115)
Report number: IPPP/20/11
Cite as: arXiv:2004.04240 [hep-ph]
(or [arXiv:2004.04240v3](https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.04240v3) [hep-ph] for this version)

Introduction & Motivation

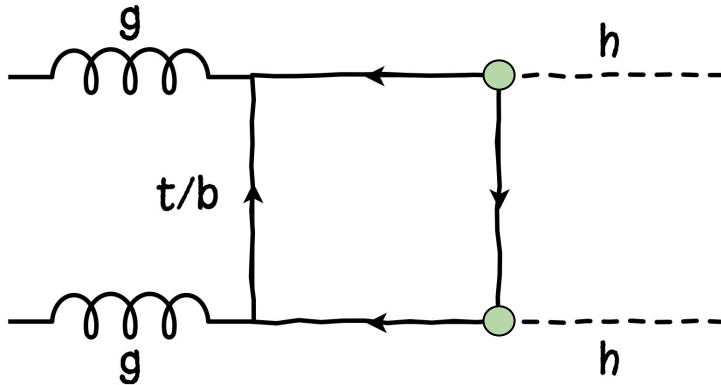
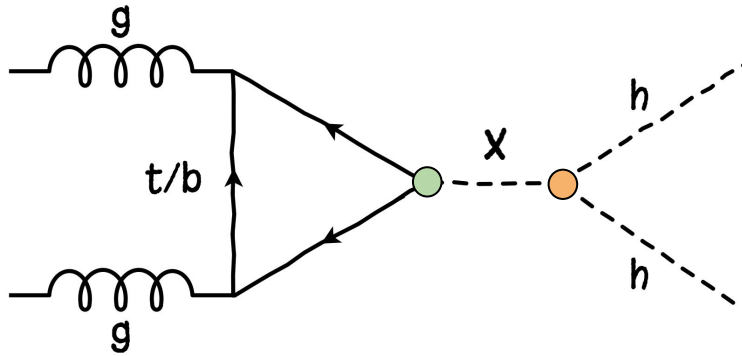


Why hh?



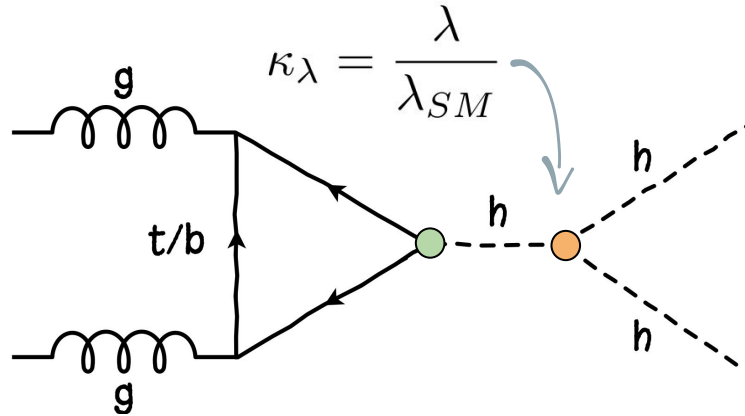
- Standard Model
 - ⇒ Sensitive to the higgs **self-coupling** ●
 - ⇒ Also to the **tth** ● vertex
- Beyond the SM
 - ⇒ New physics effects in ● & loops
 - ⇒ Heavy resonances (X) decaying to di-higgs

Why hh?



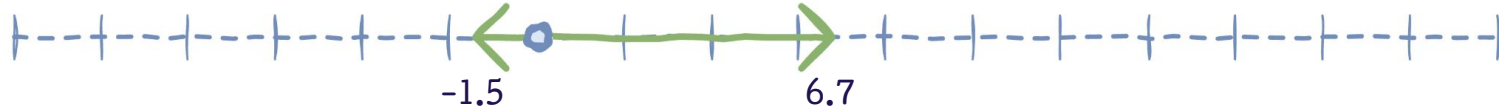
- Standard Model
 - ⇒ Sensitive to the higgs **self-coupling** ●
 - ⇒ Also to the **tth** ● vertex
- Beyond the SM
 - ⇒ **New physics** effects in ● & ● loops
 - ⇒ **Heavy resonances** (X) decaying to di-higgs

Why hh?

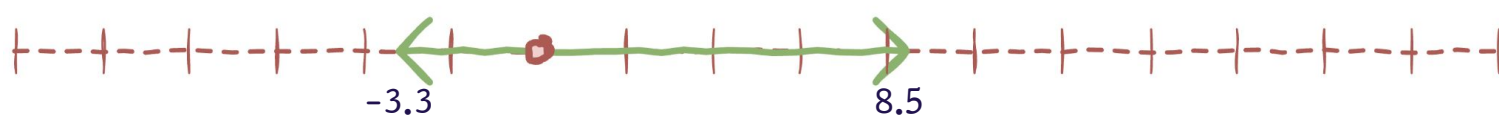


- **Key parameter** in the standard model
↪ **Not only** for collider physics
- **hh the only way to directly** measure self-coupling!

full Run II data - $bb\gamma\gamma$ - 95% C.L. κ_λ constraints*

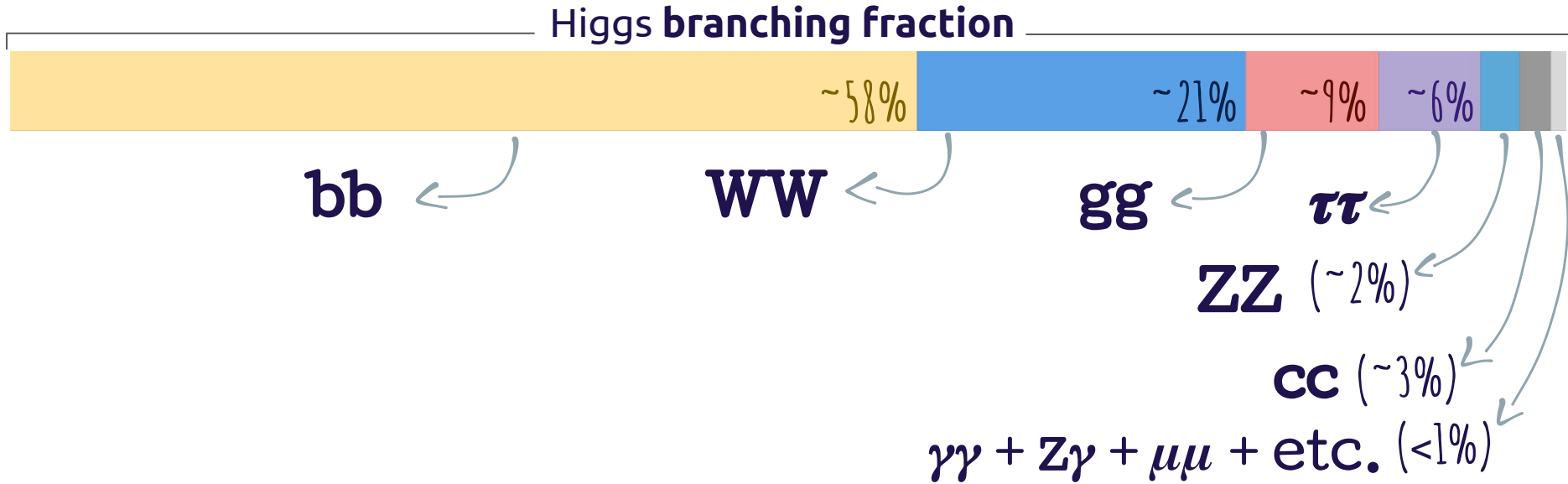


[ATLAS-CONF-2021-016](#)



[JHEP03\(2021\)257](#)

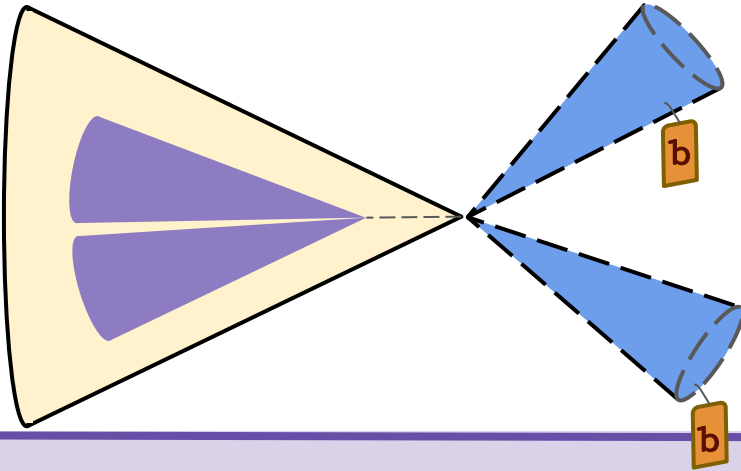
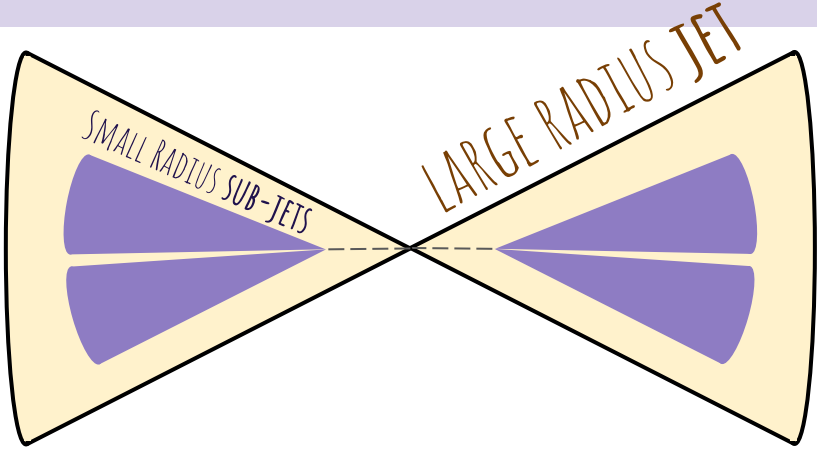
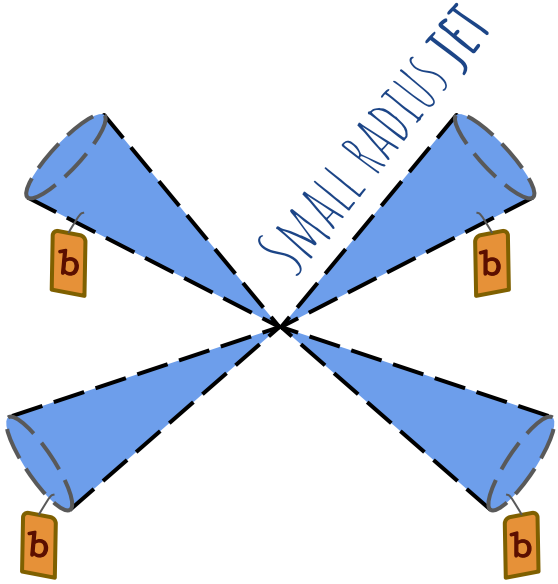
Why $hh \rightarrow 4b$?



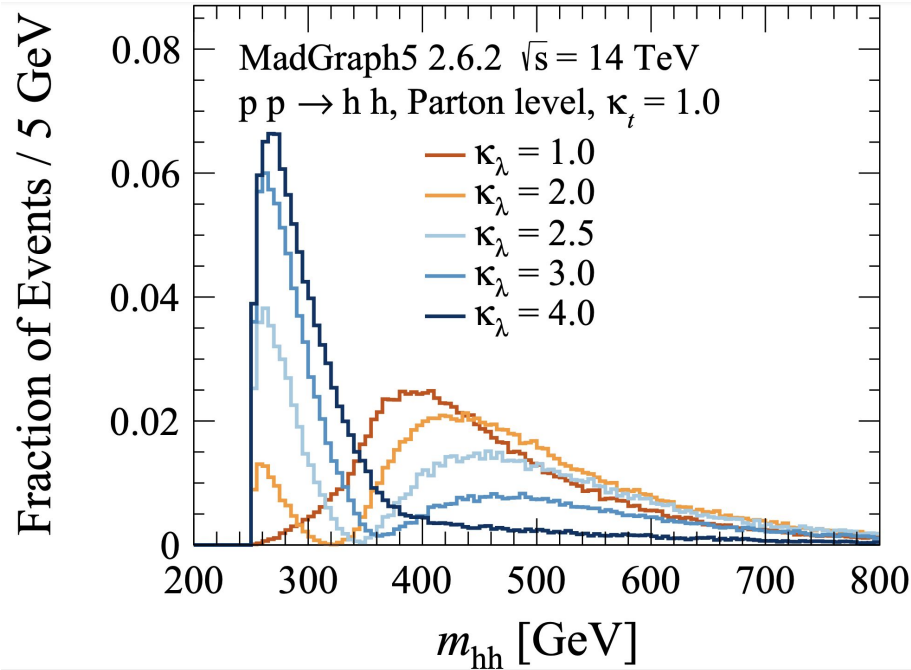
Signal & Background Modelling



Signal Topology



Signal Samples

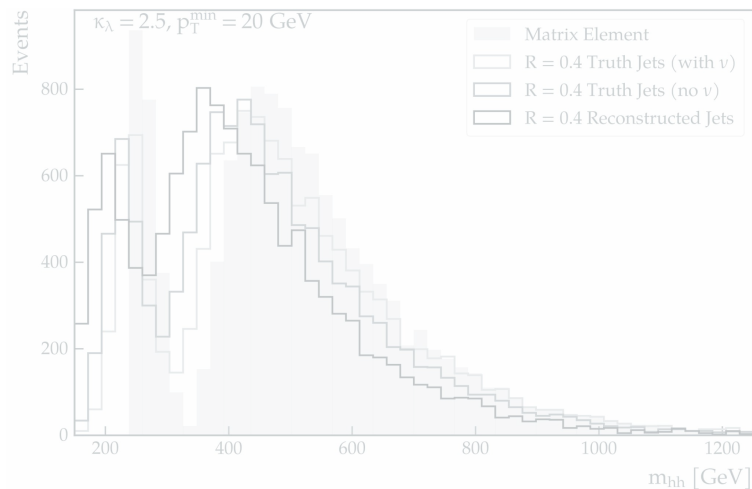
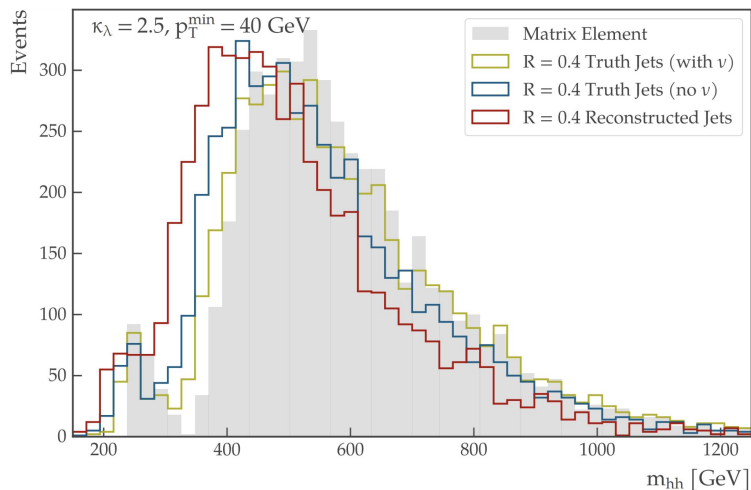


- $gg \rightarrow hh$ production
 - ↪ MadGraph 2.6.2
 - ↪ **Inclusive h decay**
- Decay, parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event \rightarrow Pythia 8.230
- Points with **varied** coupling to **top** quark and **self couplings**
- Extra $\kappa_t = 1$ samples for **ML training**
 - ↪ **250k** events per point
 - ↪ Exclusive decay $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Parentheses - m_{hh} shape degradation

- m_{hh} spectrum, various jets
 - ↪ $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$ → Same as analysis
 - ↪ $\kappa_\lambda = 2.5$ → Max. interference
- **Double-peak is degraded**

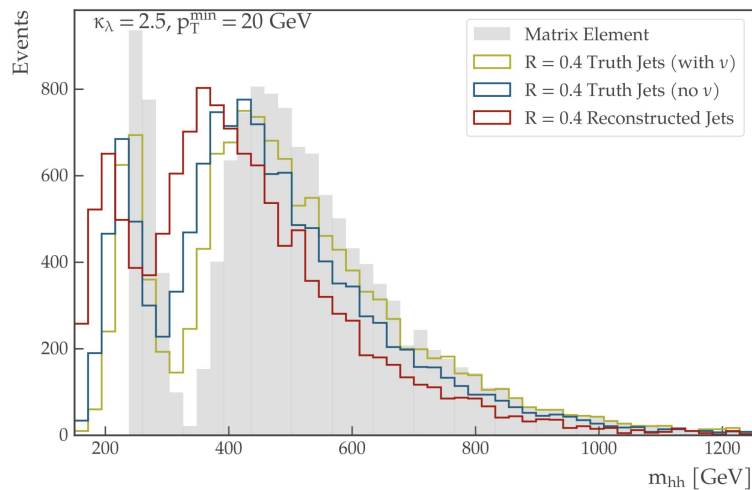
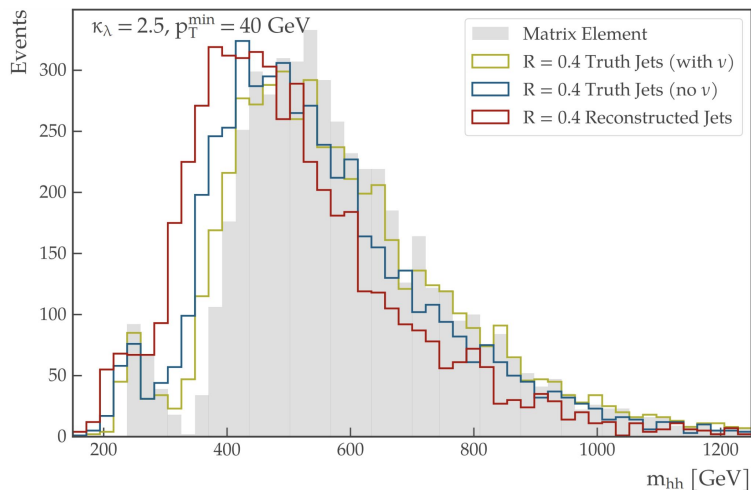
- Same plot, except:
 - ↪ $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- **Recover double peak**



Parentheses - m_{hh} shape degradation

- m_{hh} spectrum, various jets
 - ↪ $p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$ → Same as analysis
 - ↪ $\kappa_\lambda = 2.5$ → Max. interference
- **Double-peak is degraded**

- Same plot, except:
 - ↪ $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- **Recover double peak**



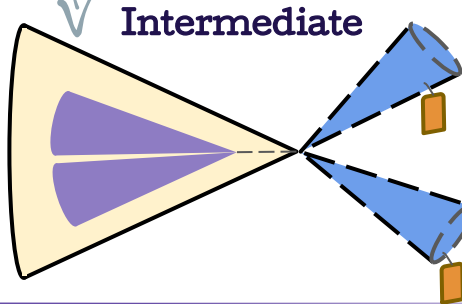
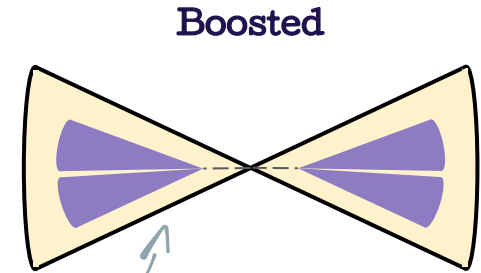
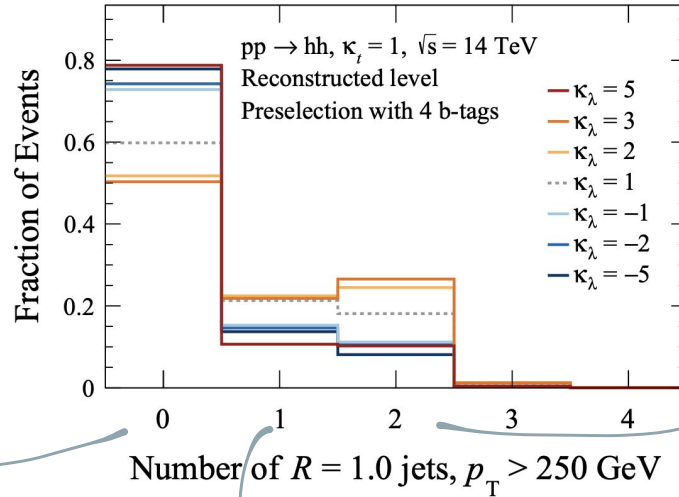
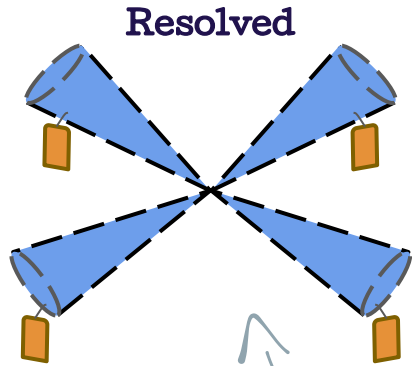
Background Samples

- Similar generation process to signals
- **Main** backgrounds:
 - ↪ **Multijet** → 4b and 2b-2j
 - ↪ **Top quark backgrounds** → $t\bar{t}$ (+ $b\bar{b}$) and $t\bar{t}h$
- Other backgrounds:
 - ↪ $b\bar{b}h$
 - ↪ ZZ
 - ↪ Zh
 - ↪ Wh

Analysis Strategies

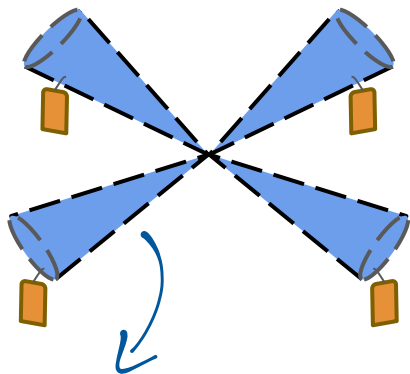


Channels

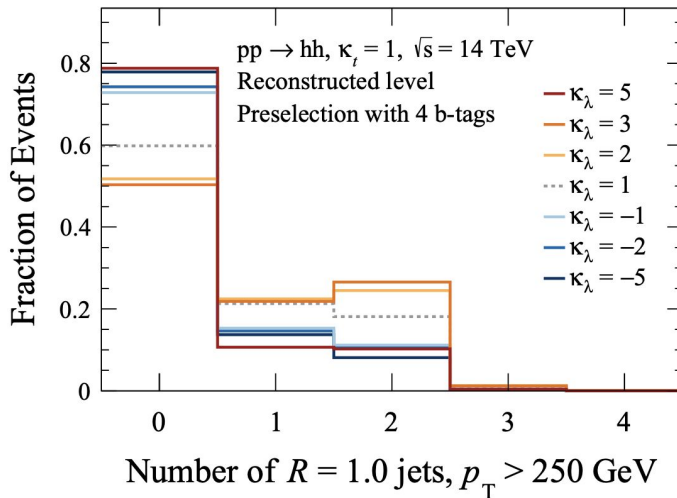


Channels

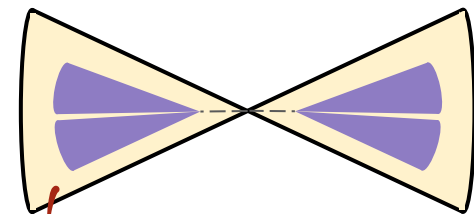
Resolved



$$j_s \left| \begin{array}{l} R = 0.4 \\ p_T > 40 \text{ GeV} \\ |\eta| < 2.5 \end{array} \right.$$

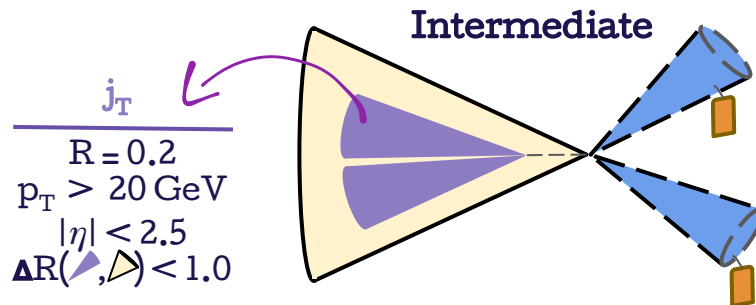


Boosted



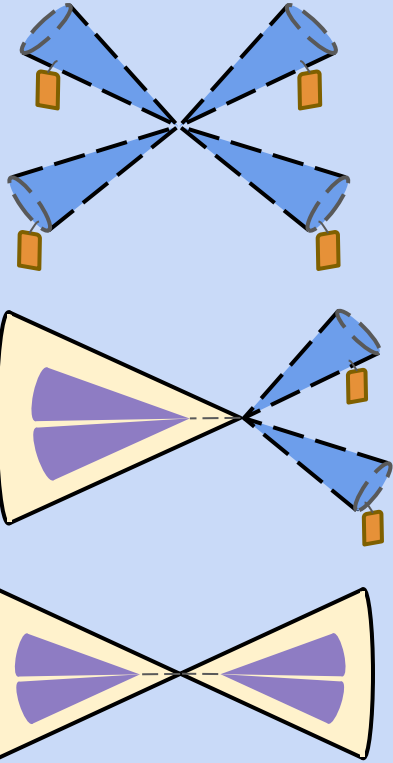
$$p_T > 250 \text{ GeV} \left| \begin{array}{l} R = 1.0 \\ j_L \\ |\eta| < 2.0 \end{array} \right.$$

Intermediate



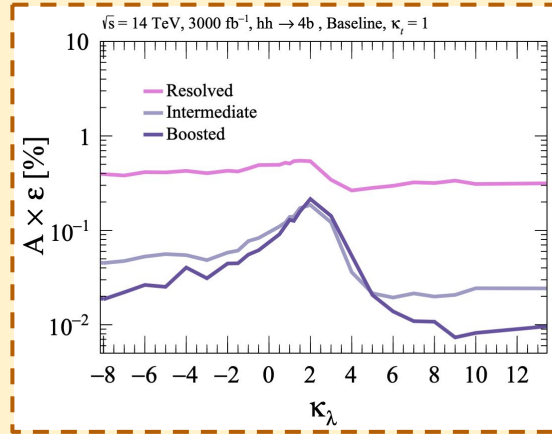
$$j_T \left| \begin{array}{l} R = 0.2 \\ p_T > 20 \text{ GeV} \\ |\eta| < 2.5 \\ \Delta R(\triangleleft, \triangle) < 1.0 \end{array} \right.$$

Analysis Strategy



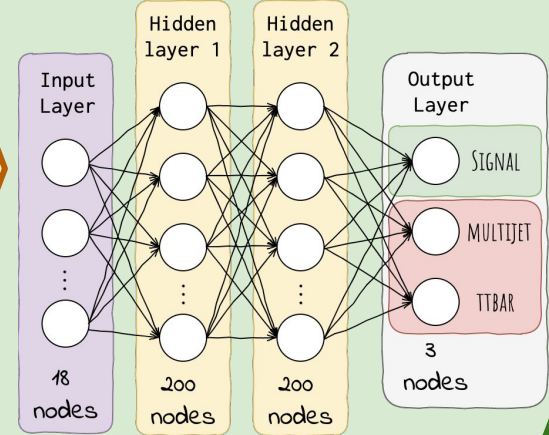
Baseline Analysis

- **Cut Based**
- **ATLAS/CMS-inspired**



DNN Analysis

- Trained NN **classifier**
- **Cut on NN score**



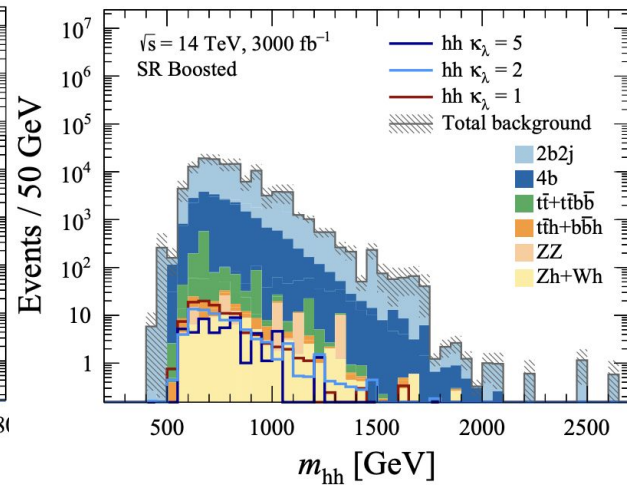
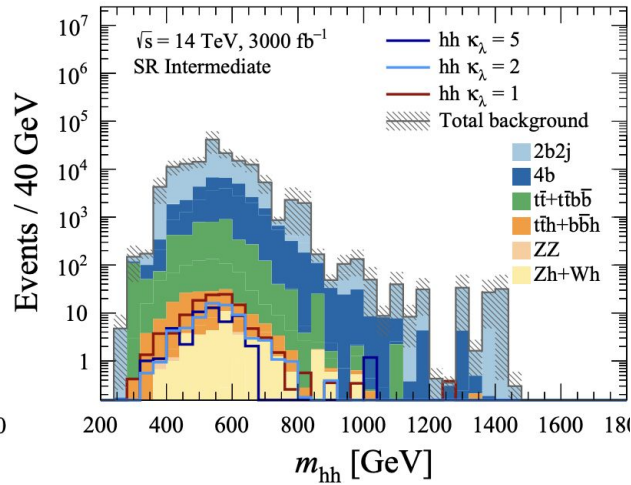
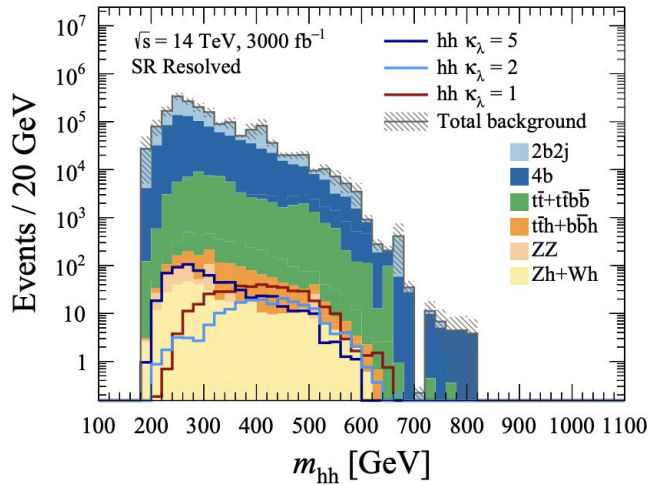
Baseline Analysis

- **Analysis-specific cuts** \Rightarrow define Signal Region (**SR**) in m_{hh}

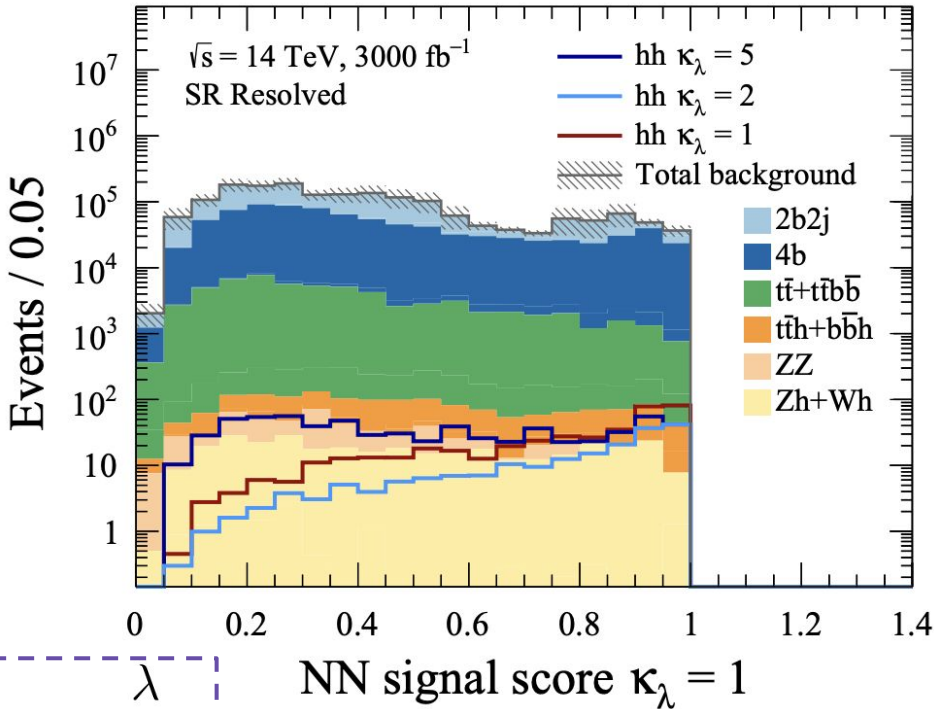
- $\hookrightarrow N(j_L \triangle) = 0$
- $\hookrightarrow N(j_S \triangle) \geq 4$
- \hookrightarrow Lepton, MET veto
- \hookrightarrow 4 b-tags
- $\hookrightarrow \Delta R(j_S^1 \triangle, j_S^2 \triangle)$ cut

- $\hookrightarrow N(j_L \triangle) = 1$
- $\hookrightarrow N(j_S \triangle) \geq 2$
- \hookrightarrow Lepton, MET veto
- \hookrightarrow 4 b-tags

- $\hookrightarrow N(j_L \triangle) = 2$
- $\hookrightarrow N(j_S \triangle) \geq 0$
- \hookrightarrow Lepton, MET veto
- \hookrightarrow 4 b-tags



DNN Analysis



- **Multi-class** classifier
 ↪ Signal vs multijet vs $t\bar{t}$
- Trained with **multiple κ_λ** signals
 ↪ **Use $\kappa_\lambda = 5$** network
- Cut \Rightarrow NN signal score > 0.75

TRAINING VARIABLES

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| ➤ p_T^{HH} | ➤ MET | ➤ SUB-JET η |
| ➤ M^{HH} | ➤ MET ϕ | ➤ SUB-JET ϕ |
| ➤ #MUONS | ➤ SUB-JET MASS | ➤ SUB-JETS ΔR |
| ➤ #ELEC | ➤ SUB-JET p_T | ➤ SUB-JETS B-TAG |

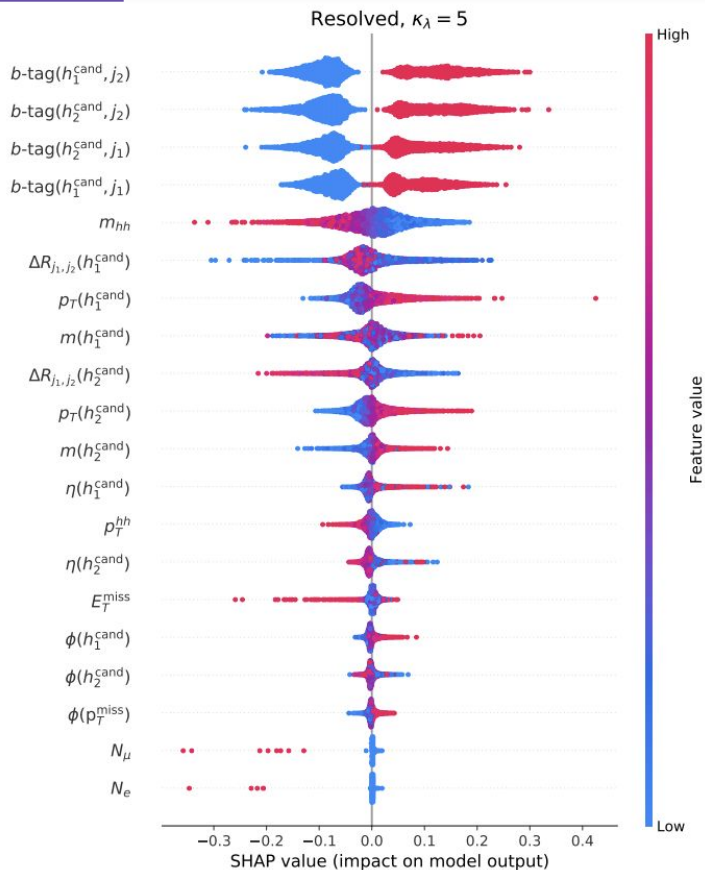
$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$$

Parentheses - What did our machine learn?

- SHAP value framework
→ ML interpretability

NN variables

Ranked
by impact on
NN score



SHAP value

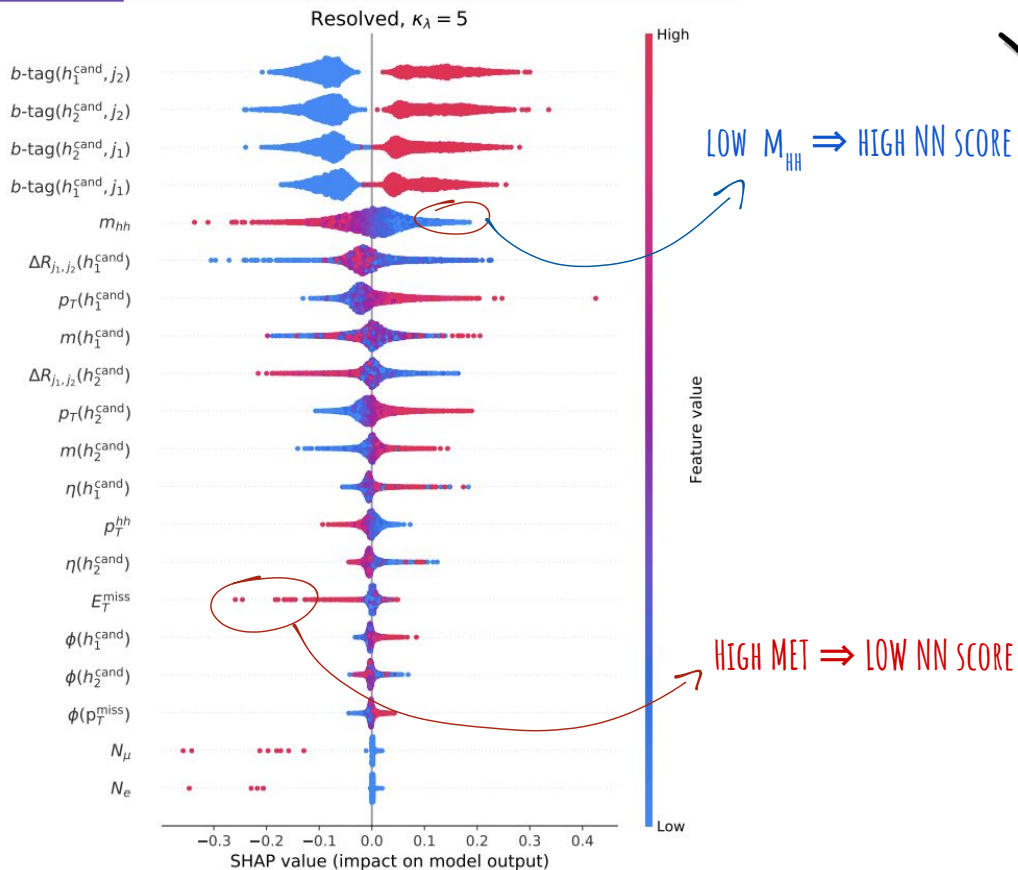
More signal-like impact on score

Parentheses - What did our machine learn?

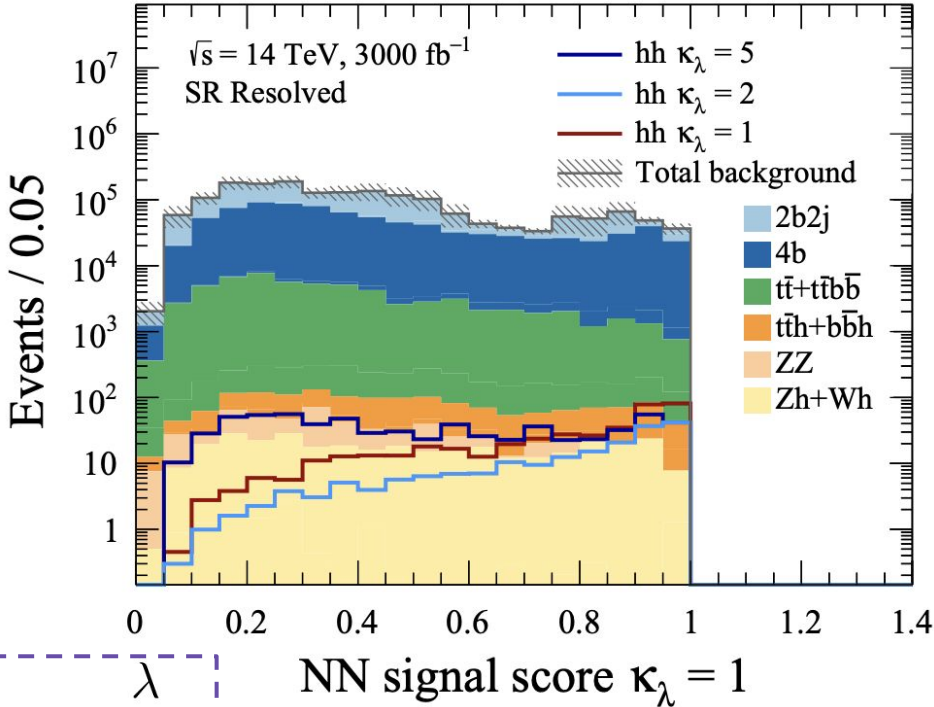
NN variables

Ranked
by impact on
NN score

- SHAP value framework
→ ML interpretability



DNN Analysis



- **Multi-class** classifier
 ↪ Signal vs multijet vs $t\bar{t}$
- Trained with **multiple κ_λ** signals
 ↪ **Use $\kappa_\lambda = 5$** network
- Cut \Rightarrow NN signal score > 0.75

TRAINING VARIABLES

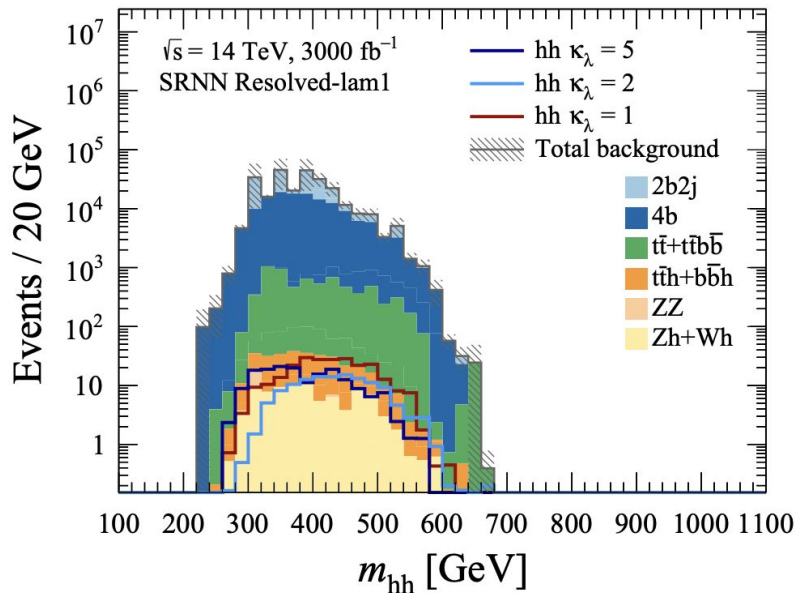
- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| ➤ p_T^{HH} | ➤ MET | ➤ SUB-JET η |
| ➤ M^{HH} | ➤ MET ϕ | ➤ SUB-JET ϕ |
| ➤ #MUONS | ➤ SUB-JET MASS | ➤ SUB-JETS ΔR |
| ➤ #ELEC | ➤ SUB-JET p_T | ➤ SUB-JETS B-TAG |

$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$$

Parentheses - BSM κ_λ training

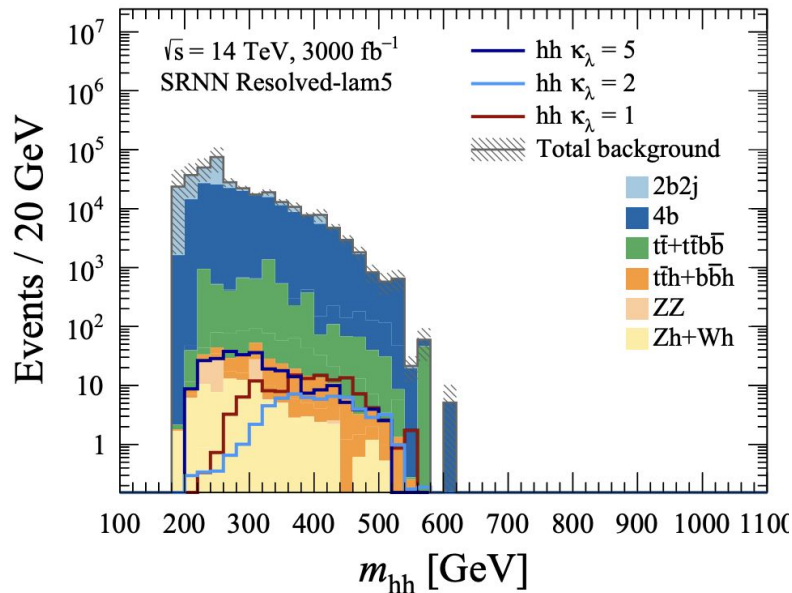
$\kappa_\lambda = 1$ NN cut

- **Background rejection** ✓
- **Signal characterization** ✗

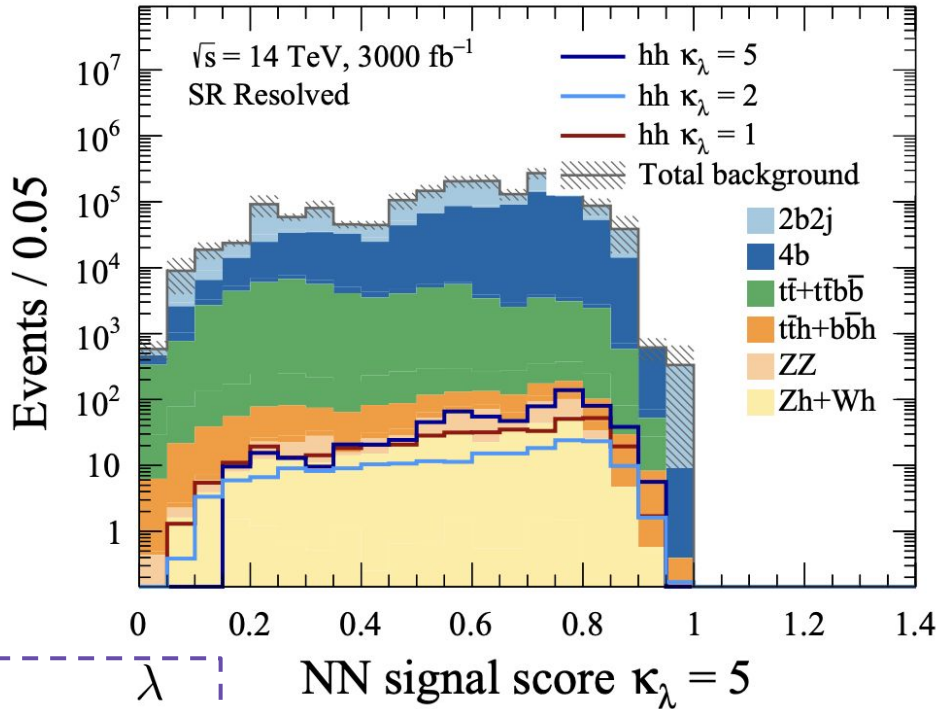


$\kappa_\lambda = 5$ NN cut

- **Background rejection** ✓
- **Signal characterization** ✓



DNN Analysis



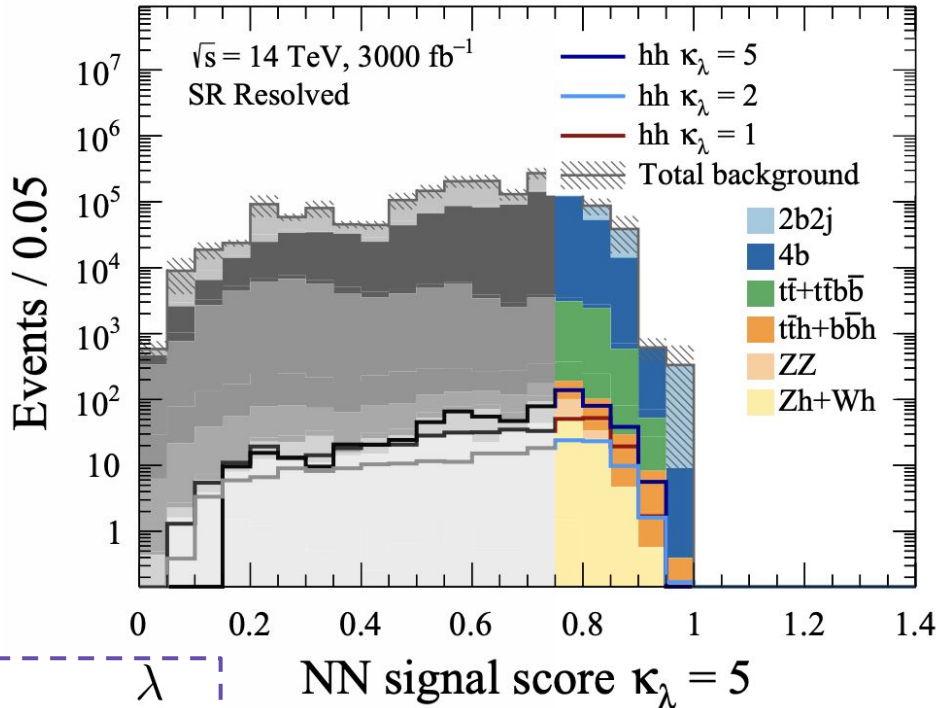
$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$$

- **Multi-class** classifier
 - ↪ Signal vs multijet vs $t\bar{t}$
- Trained with **multiple κ_λ** signals
 - ↪ **Use $\kappa_\lambda = 5$** network
- Cut \Rightarrow NN signal score > 0.75

TRAINING VARIABLES

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| ➤ p_T^{HH} | ➤ MET | ➤ SUB-JET η |
| ➤ M_T^{HH} | ➤ MET ϕ | ➤ SUB-JET ϕ |
| ➤ #MUONS | ➤ SUB-JET MASS | ➤ SUB-JETS ΔR |
| ➤ #ELEC | ➤ SUB-JET p_T | ➤ SUB-JETS B-TAG |

DNN Analysis



- **Multi-class** classifier
 ↪ Signal vs multijet vs $t\bar{t}$
- Trained with **multiple κ_λ** signals
 ↪ **Use $\kappa_\lambda = 5$** network
- Cut \Rightarrow NN signal score > 0.75

TRAINING VARIABLES

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| ➤ p_T^{HH} | ➤ MET | ➤ SUB-JET η |
| ➤ M_T^{HH} | ➤ MET ϕ | ➤ SUB-JET ϕ |
| ➤ #MUONS | ➤ SUB-JET MASS | ➤ SUB-JETS ΔR |
| ➤ #ELEC | ➤ SUB-JET p_T | ➤ SUB-JETS B-TAG |

$$\kappa_\lambda = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$$

Self-Coupling Constraints



Constraints on κ_λ - κ_t Plane

- Resolved \rightarrow **most powerful**

\hookrightarrow Intermediate \rightarrow **non-negligible**

\hookrightarrow Boosted \rightarrow **negligible*** (but made it in the plot!)

- Strong dependence** on κ_t

Parentheses - Upper Bound for κ_t

- Assuming $\kappa_\lambda = 1 \rightarrow \kappa_t < 1.22!$

\hookrightarrow (Not really a **safe** assumption)

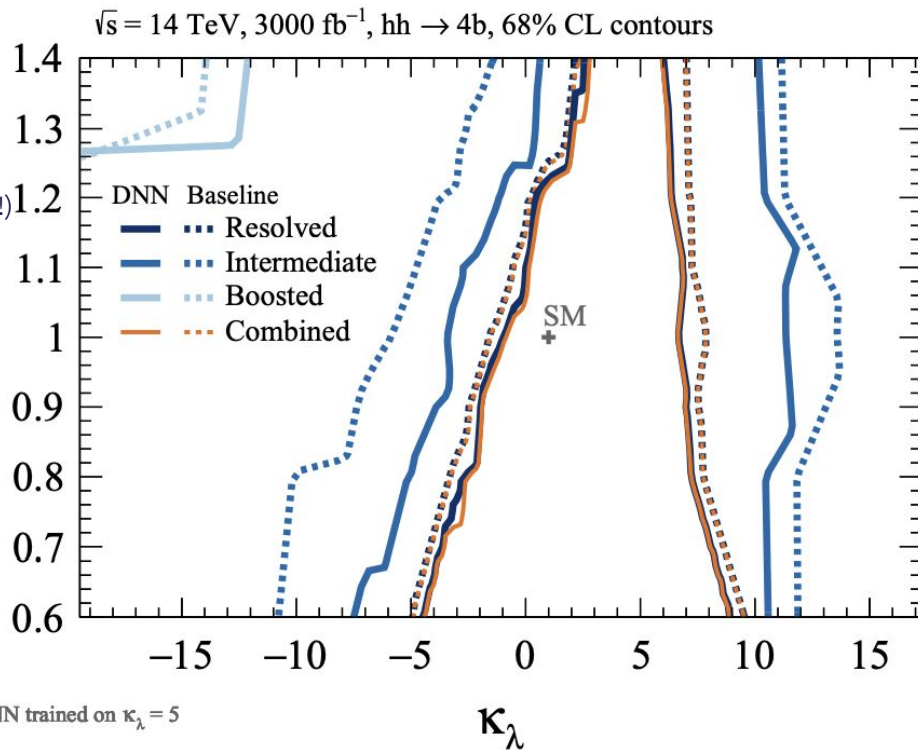
- Independent** of current methods

- Possible in **any hh process**

\hookrightarrow **Likely better** in **other decay modes**

S. Paredes Saenz

HH



*Note that this does not necessarily apply to analyses optimized for discovery of SM hh production - only those aiming to constrain κ_λ .

Constraints on $\kappa_\lambda - \kappa_t$ Plane

- Resolved \rightarrow **most powerful**

\hookrightarrow Intermediate \rightarrow **non-negligible**

\hookrightarrow Boosted \rightarrow **negligible*** (but made it in the plot!)

- Strong dependence** on κ_t

Parentheses - Upper Bound for κ_t

- Assuming $\kappa_\lambda = 1 \rightarrow \kappa_t < 1.22!$

\hookrightarrow (Not really a **safe** assumption)

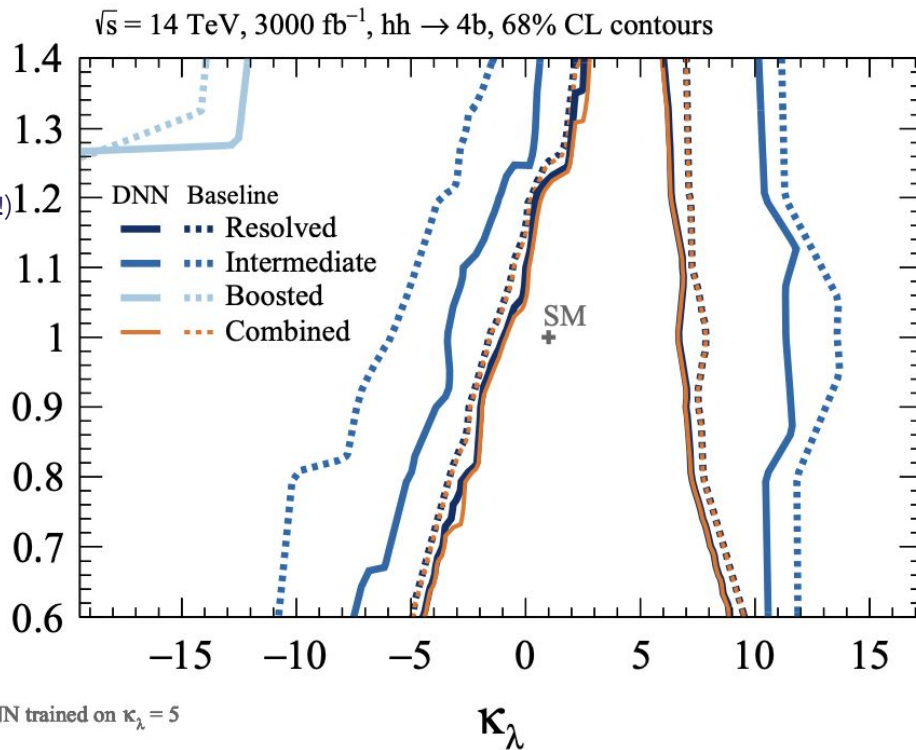
- Independent** of current methods

- Possible in **any hh process**

\hookrightarrow **Likely better** in **other decay modes**

S. Paredes Saenz

HH



*Note that this does not necessarily apply to analyses optimized for discovery of SM hh production - only those aiming to constrain κ_λ .

Conclusion



Conclusions

- **First detailed comparison** of λ_{hhh} **constraints** in $hh \rightarrow 4b$ resolved, intermediate and boosted channels, in the context of HL-LHC.
 - ↪ **Resolved most constraining**, then intermediate and then boosted
- A basic **DNN analysis** provided **noticeable improvement** over the cut based baseline analysis
- Best constraints came from NN trained on BSM signal
 - ↪ $hh \rightarrow 4b$ analyses **optimized** for **discovery of SM hh** may be **suboptimal**

Conclusions

- **Experimental limitations**, triggering and jet reconstruction, **affect** the reconstruction of the **main discriminating variable m_{hh}**
- **Uncertainty** on k_t has a strong impact on sensitivity to k_λ
 - ↪ Same applies for **uncertainty multijet BKG estimates**
- This **1h** → **4b** search has **some sensitivity** to constrain k_t despite no dedicated optimization
- **4b** is a **challenging** **1h** channel for λ_{hhh} constraints, but can provide important **independent information** for statistical **combinations**



Thanks!

ULB

UNIVERSITÉ
LIBRE
DE BRUXELLES

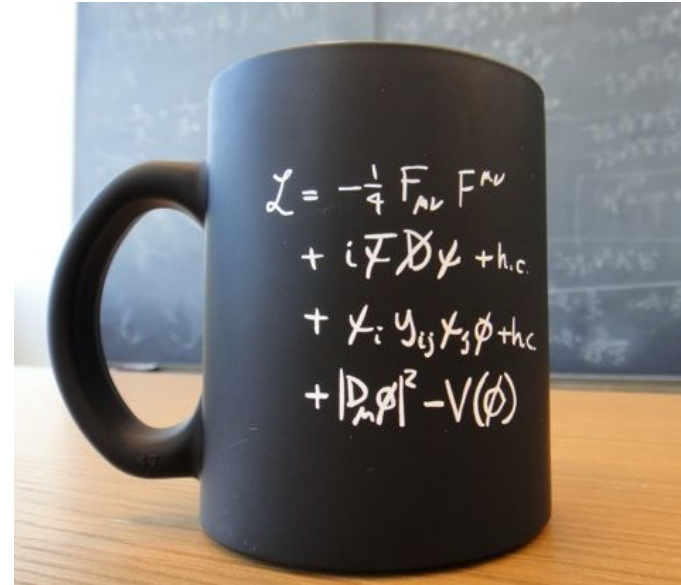
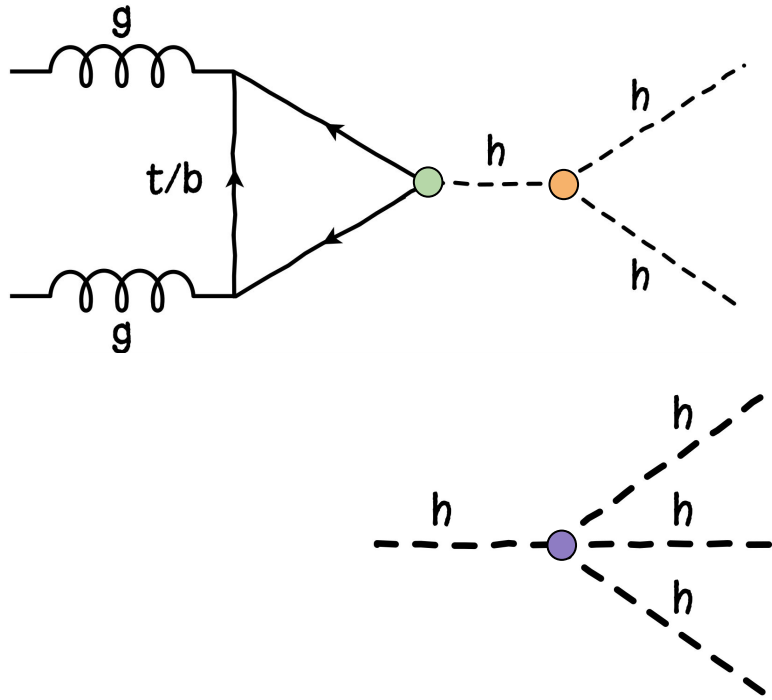
Jacob Amacker, William Balunas, Lydia Beresford, Daniela Bortoletto, James Frost, Cigdem Issever, Jesse Liu, James McKee, Alessandro Micheli, **Santiago Paredes Saenz**, Michael Spannowsky, and Beojan Stanislaus

santiago.paredes@cern.ch

EPS-HEP2021 conference
July 2021

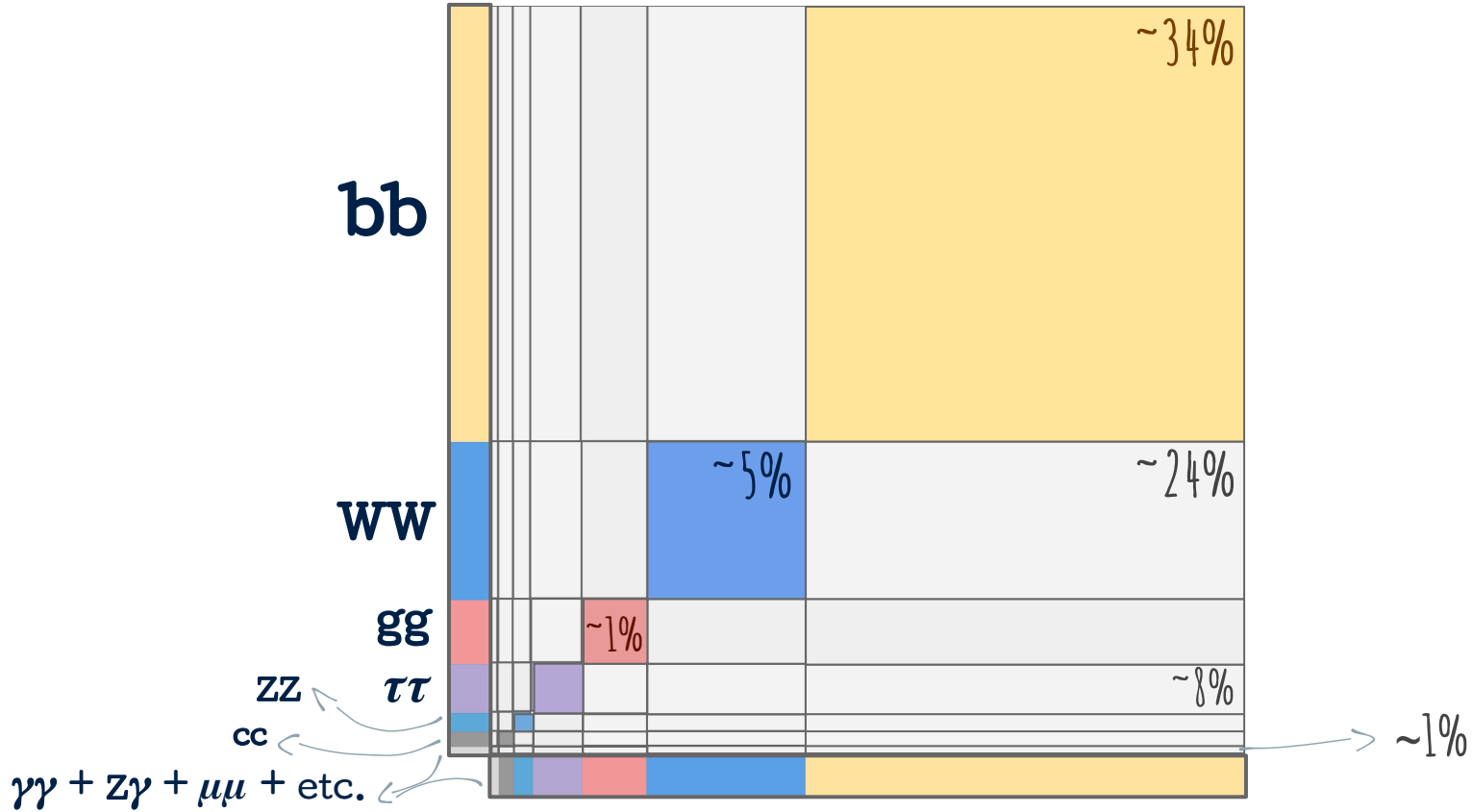


Why di-higgs?

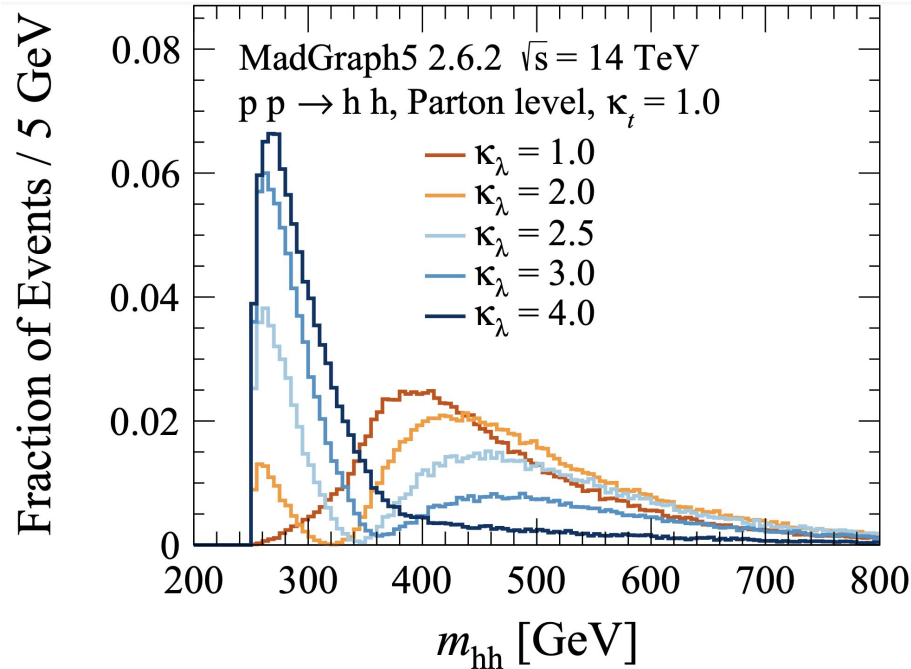


$$\lambda v^2 h^2 + \lambda v h^3 + \frac{\lambda}{4} h^4$$

Why $hh \rightarrow 4b$?



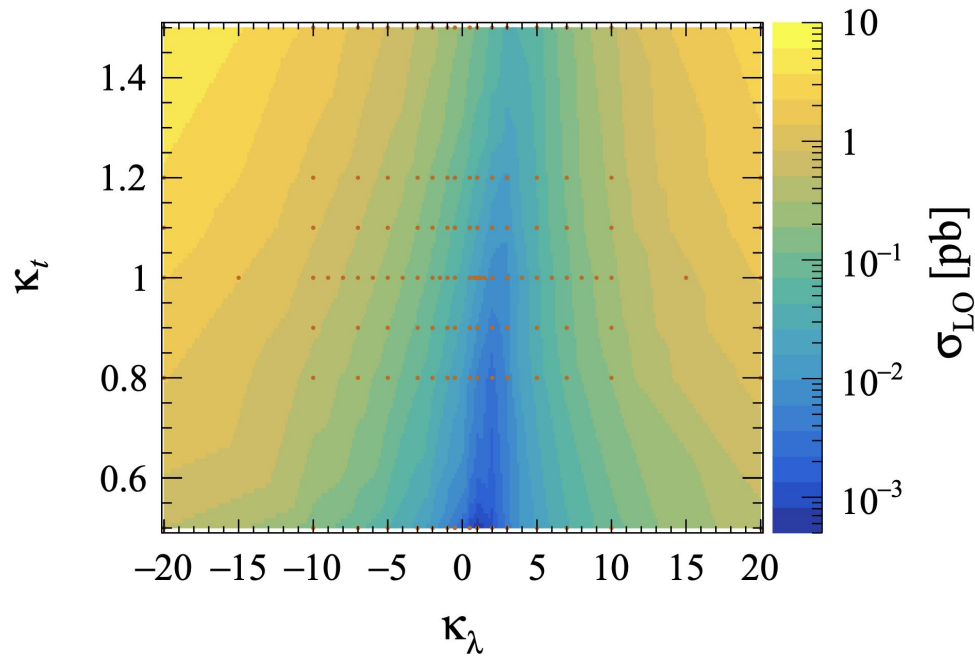
Signal Samples



- $gg \rightarrow hh$ production
 - ↪ **100k events** per point
 - ↪ MadGraph 2.6.2
 - ↪ **Inclusive h decay**
- Decay, parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event \rightarrow Pythia 8.230
- **Varied** coupling to **top** quark and **self couplings**
 - ↪ All **BSM couplings** set to **0**
- Extra $\kappa_t=1$ samples for **ML training**
 - ↪ **250k** events per point
 - ↪ Exclusive decay $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Signal Samples

MadGraph5 2.6.2 $\sqrt{s} = 14$ TeV, $pp \rightarrow hh$ • Points sampled



- $gg \rightarrow hh$ production
 - ↪ **100k events** per point
 - ↪ MadGraph 2.6.2
 - ↪ **Inclusive h decay**
- Decay, parton shower, hadronization, and underlying event
 - ↪ Pythia 8.230
- **Varied** coupling to **top** quark and **self couplings**
 - ↪ All **BSM couplings** set to **0**
- Extra $\kappa_t=1$ samples for **ML training**
 - ↪ **250k** events per point
 - ↪ Exclusive decay $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$

Event and Object Selection

Observable	Preselection		
Large jet j_L	$R = 1.0, p_T > 250 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.0$		
Small jet j_S	$R = 0.4, p_T > 40 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$		
Track jet j_T	$R = 0.2, p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}, \eta < 2.5$		
$j_T \in j_L$	$\Delta R(j_T, j_L) < 1.0$		
	Resolved	Intermediate	Boosted
$N(j_L)$	$= 0$	$= 1$	$= 2$
$N(j_S)$	≥ 4	≥ 2	≥ 0
h_1^{cand}	$j_S^{(i)}$ pair	j_L	$j_L^{(1)}$
h_2^{cand}	$j_S^{(i)}$ pair	$j_S^{(i)}$ pair, $\Delta R(j_S^{(i)}, j_L) > 1.2$	$j_L^{(2)}$
ΔR_{jj}	See Eqs. 3.2, 3.3	—	—

Signal region definitions

Signal region			
$j_T \in h_1^{\text{cand}}$	—	≥ 2	≥ 2
$j_T \in h_2^{\text{cand}}$	—	—	≥ 2
b -tagging	Two b -tags for each h_i^{cand}		
$ \Delta\eta(h_1, h_2) $	< 1.5		
E_T^{miss}	< 150 GeV		
$p_T^\ell, \eta_\ell $	> 10 GeV, < 2.5		
N_ℓ	$= 0$		
$p_{\text{signal}}^{\text{DNN}}$	> 0.75 (<i>neural network analysis only</i>)		
	Resolved	Intermediate	Boosted
$m(h_1)$ [GeV]	[90, 140]	[90, 140]	[90, 140]
$m(h_2)$ [GeV]	[90, 140]	[90, 140]	[90, 140]
Lower bin edges for m_{hh} binning [GeV]			
Resolved	[200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 500]		
Intermediate	[200, 500, 600]		
Boosted	[500, 800]		

Fixed $k_t=1$

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i \left[\frac{(S - S_{SM})^2}{S + B + (\zeta_b B)^2 + (\zeta_s S)^2} \right]_i$$

BSM k_λ yield

SM k_λ yield

m_{hh} bins

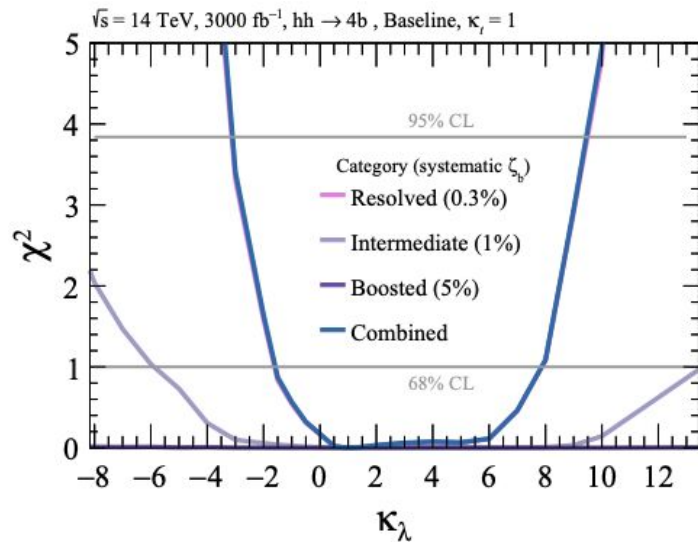
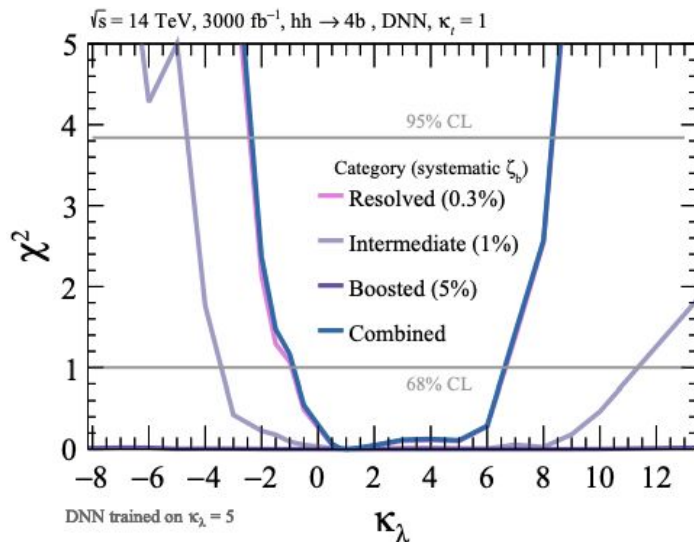
background uncertainty

signal uncertainty

Category	Systematic ζ_b
Resolved	0.3%
Intermediate	1%
Boosted	5%

Constraints on κ_λ - Fixed $\kappa_t=1$

- Resolved \rightarrow **most powerful**
 - \hookrightarrow Intermediate \rightarrow **non-negligible**
 - \hookrightarrow Boosted \rightarrow **negligible***
- Basic DNN analysis improved sensitivity**



Parentheses - Impact of BKG Uncertainty

- **Background uncertainty** has **large impact** on sensitivity
 - ↳ **Often a large uncertainty** in $hh \rightarrow 4b$ searches

