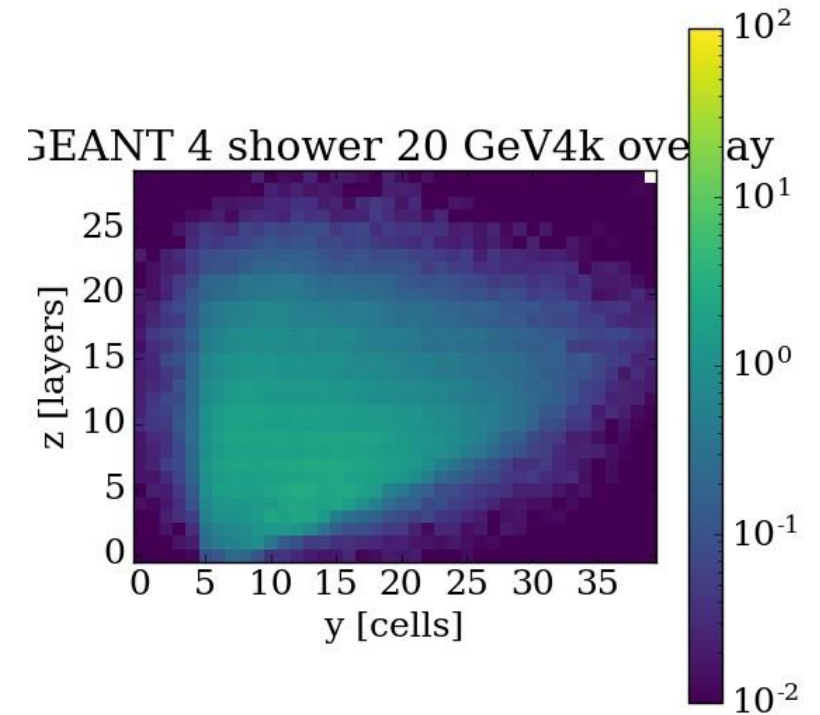


# Conditioning on angle of incidence

- Fixed energy- 20 GeV
- Vary polar angle- no transformation (i.e. same initial point of incidence at calorimeter center)
- Shifted gun position in y: 6<sup>th</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> bin
- Angular range: 30-90 degrees
- Calorimeter block: 30x30x40



## None-uniform in $z$

- ILD ECAL layers aren't evenly spaced in z!
- Was causing systematic shift in angle

[illegible]

# PCA- numpy magic

The (symmetric) matrix representing the inertia tensor of a collection of masses,  $m_i$ , with positions  $(x_i, y_i, z_i)$  relative to their centre of mass is

$$\mathbf{I} = \begin{pmatrix} I_{xx} & I_{xy} & I_{xz} \\ I_{xy} & I_{yy} & I_{yz} \\ I_{xz} & I_{yz} & I_{zz} \end{pmatrix},$$

where

$$I_{xx} = \sum_i m_i (y_i^2 + z_i^2),$$

$$I_{yy} = \sum_i m_i (x_i^2 + z_i^2),$$

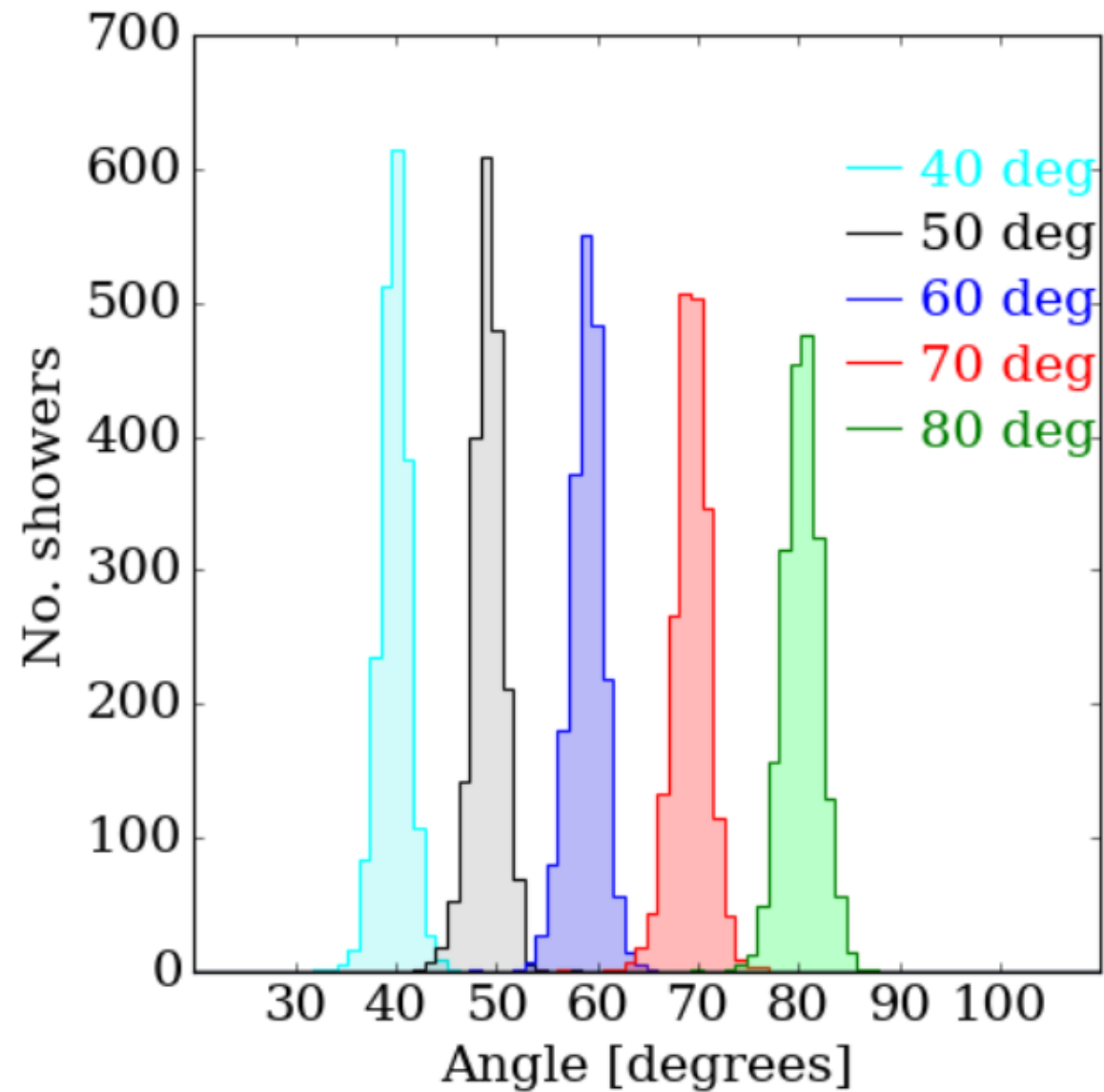
$$I_{zz} = \sum_i m_i (x_i^2 + y_i^2),$$

$$I_{xy} = - \sum_i m_i x_i y_i,$$

$$I_{yz} = - \sum_i m_i y_i z_i,$$

$$I_{xz} = - \sum_i m_i x_i z_i.$$

# Angular distribution for GEANT4 showers



# Backup- code

[illegible]