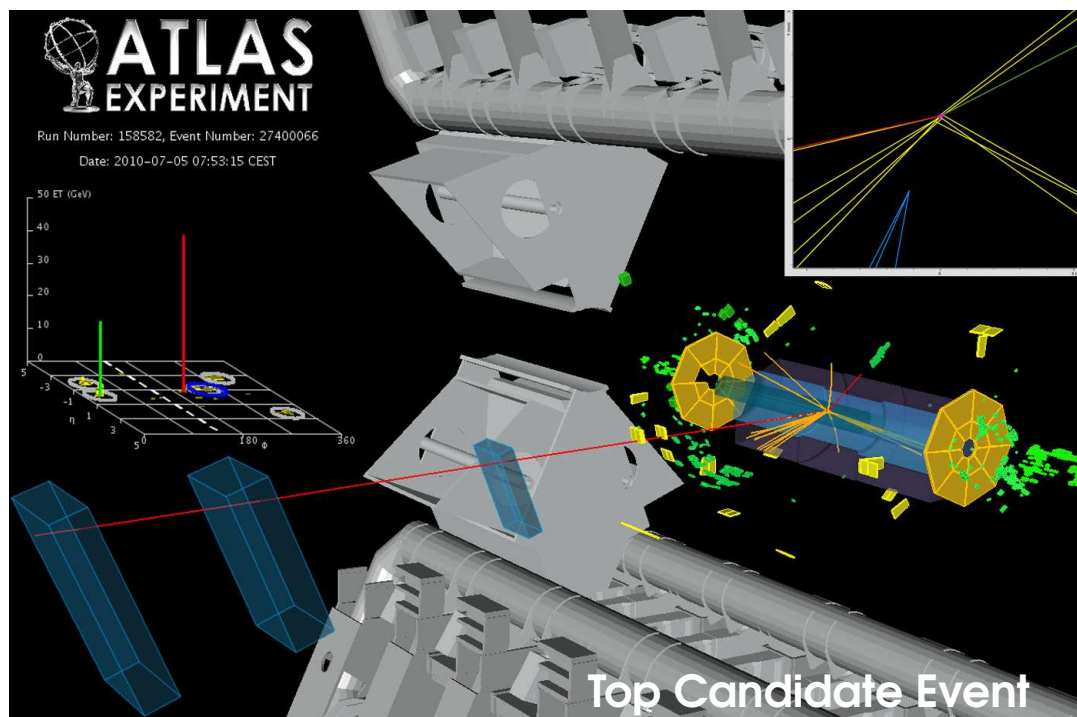


# Top, $W$ and $Z$ in ATLAS



- ① Introduction
- ②  $W$  Cross Section
- ③  $Z$  Cross Section
- ④  $W$  Charge Asymmetry
- ⑤ Top Analysis
- ⑥ Summary and Outlook

Sara Strandberg, UC Berkeley / LBNL  
for the ATLAS Collaboration

## From the Standard Model to New Physics

See yesterday's ATLAS plenary by A. Belloni

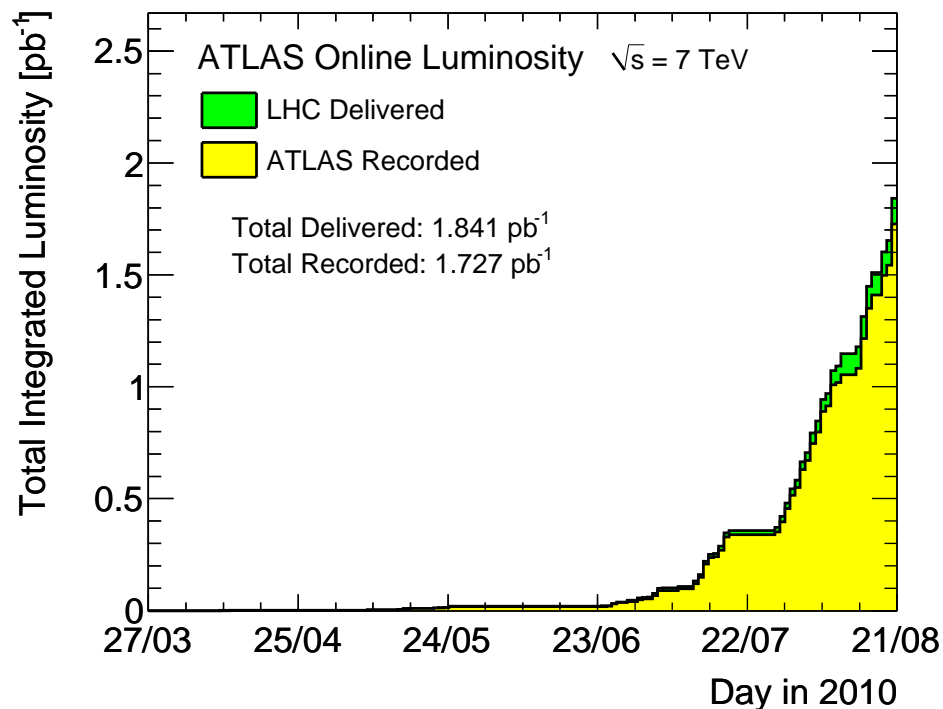
- Built LHC and ATLAS to find new physics.
- Often involves high  $p_T$  leptons and missing energy.
- Well known SM processes are excellent to study these objects.
- Detector commissioning
- Trigger efficiency
- Lepton identification
- Lepton energy scale and resolution
- Missing transverse energy
- Jet reconstruction and  $b$ -tagging
- Backgrounds to new physics
- Test QCD and EW at new energy



Isn't it a little 80s?

## Data Sample

- ATLAS has recorded over  $1.5 \text{ pb}^{-1}$  at  $> 90 \%$  data-taking efficiency.
- $W$  and  $Z$  performance plots use  $0.3\text{-}1.1 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ .
- $W$  cross section uses  $17 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .
- $Z$  cross section uses  $219\text{-}229 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .
- Top analyses use  $280\text{-}295 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .





## Object Reconstruction

### Electrons

- Sliding window algo with seed  $E_T > 2.5$  GeV. Track match.
- **Loose**: shower shapes
- **Medium**: more shower shapes, track match quality
- **Tight**:  $E/p$ , transition radiation
- Efficiency 94-72 % for rejection 1.1k-92k.

### Jets

- Reconstructed using the anti-kT algorithm with  $R = 0.4$ .

### $E_T^{\text{miss}}$

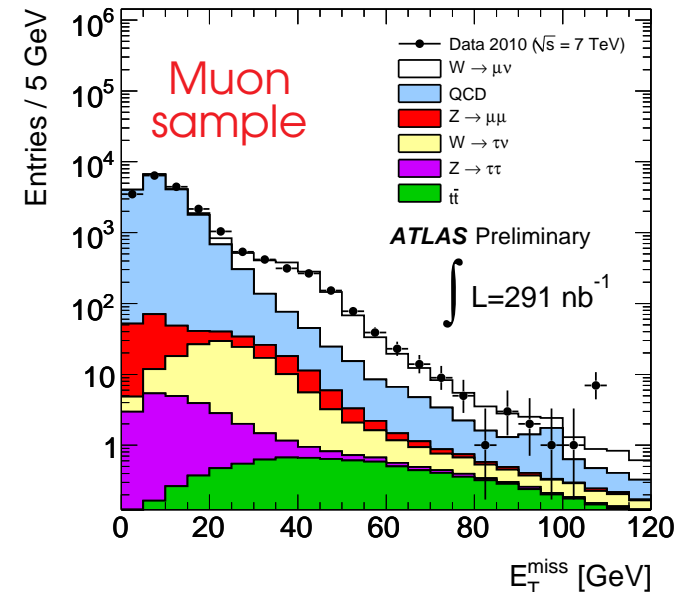
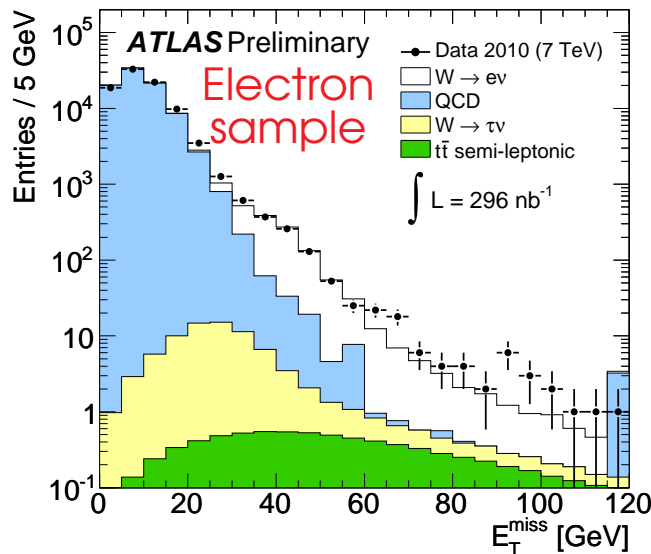
- Uses calibrated 3D topological clusters. Corrected for muon  $p_T$  in muon analyses.

### Muons

- **Standalone** muons reconstructed only from muon system information, extrapolate to IP.
- **Combined** muons use both muon and Inner Detector information to obtain one set of track parameters.

## W/Z Event Preselection

- Single lepton trigger. Primary vertex with at least 3 tracks.
- Loose electron,  $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 1.37$  or  $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$ .
- Combined muon,  $p_T > 15$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$  ( $p_T^{MS} > 10$  GeV,  $\Delta p_T < 15$  GeV,  $\Delta z < 1$  cm).



- Sample dominated by QCD. MC cross section is too large by approximately  $\times 2$ . Normalization from data-driven method.

# W Selection

- Tight electron.
- Muon with  $p_T > 20$  GeV.

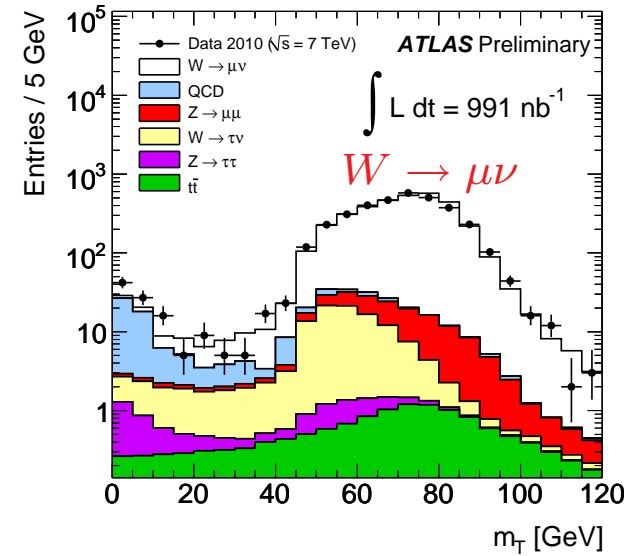
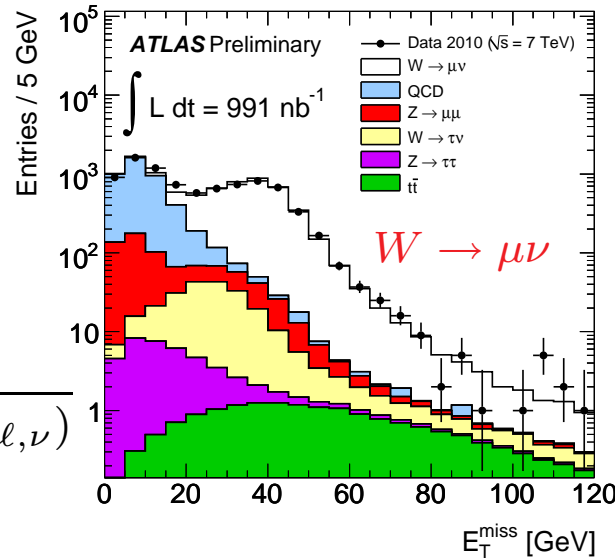
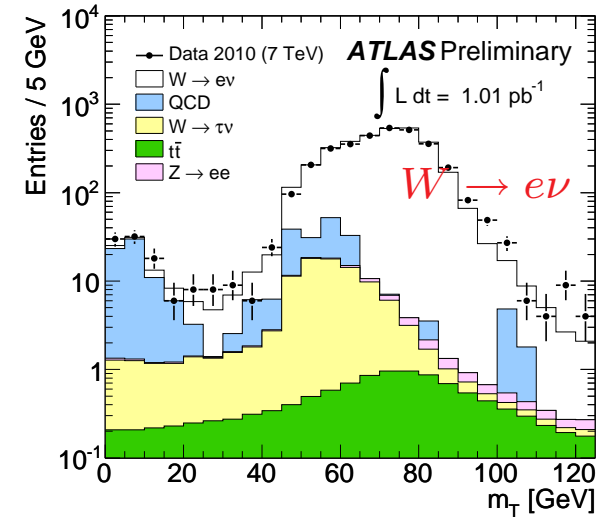
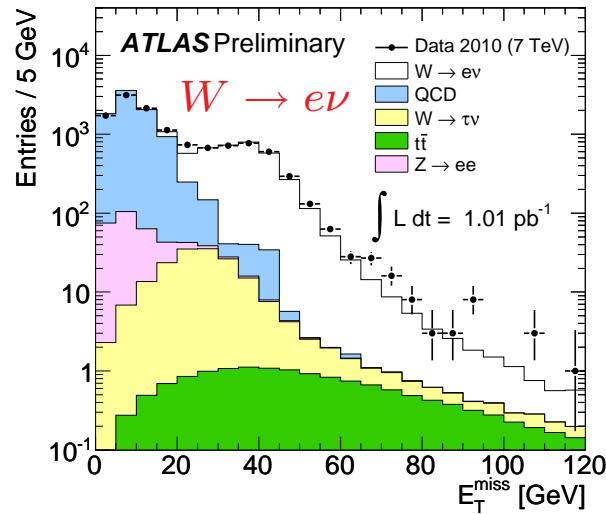
- Muon isolation

$$\sum_{\Delta R < 0.4} p_T^{trk} / p_T^\mu < 0.2$$

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25$  GeV.

- $m_T > 40$  GeV.

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell p_T^\nu (1 - \cos(\Delta\phi_{\ell,\nu}))}$$

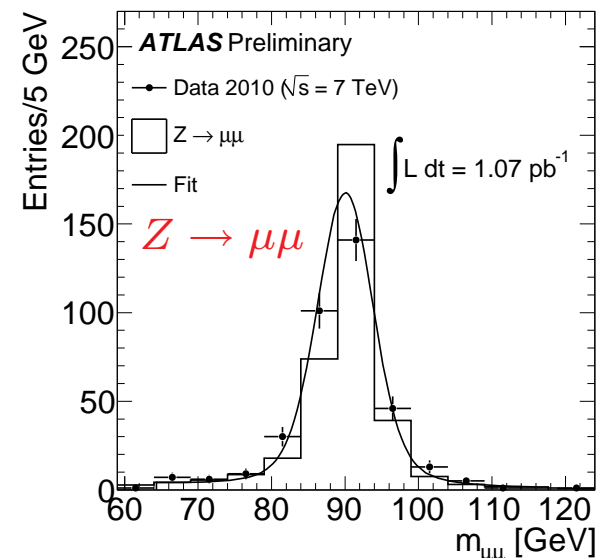
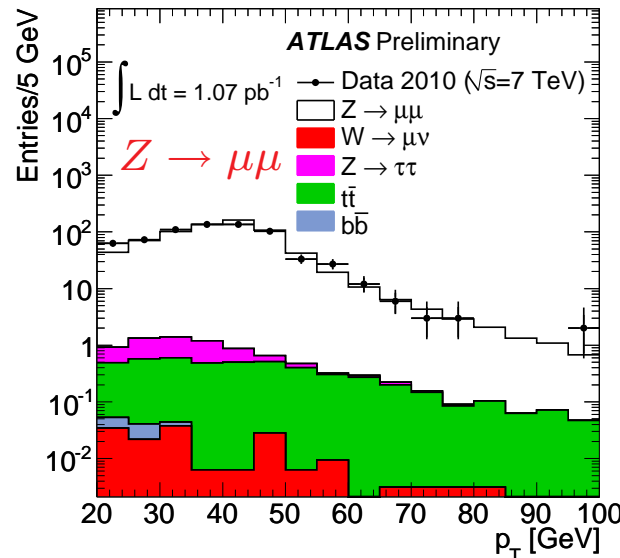
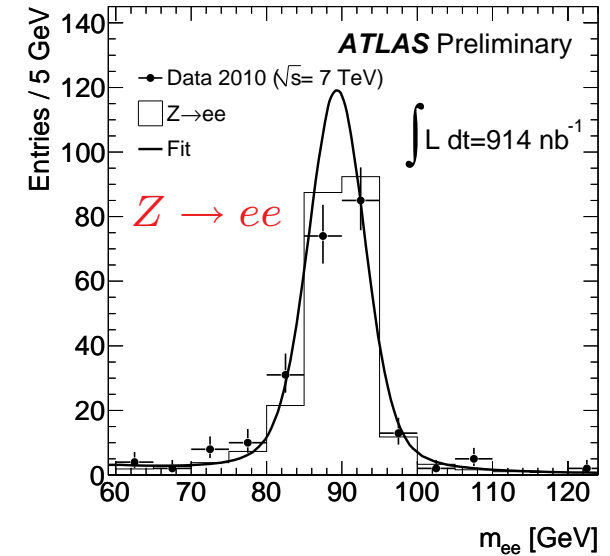
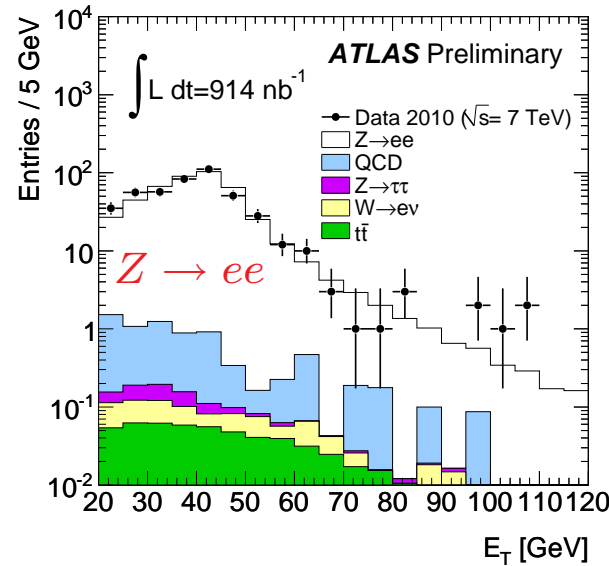


$E_T^{\text{miss}}$

$m_T$

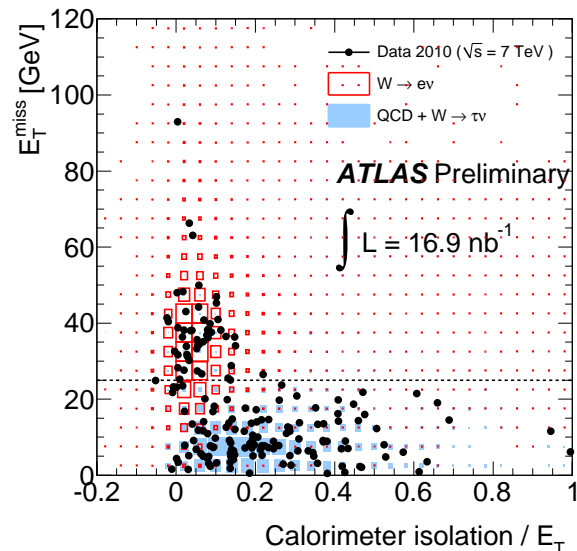
# Z Selection

- Two oppositely charged leptons ( $e/\mu$ ).
- Same lepton selection as  $W$  analysis except medium electrons.
- Invariant mass  $66 < m_Z < 116$  GeV.



## Signal and Background Estimates

- Signal estimate and EW backgrounds from Monte Carlo.
- QCD background mainly from data-driven methods.
- $W \rightarrow e\nu$ : Binned likelihood fit to electron isolation.
- $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ :  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ /track-isolation plane divided in 4 regions.
- $Z \rightarrow ee$ : N loose electron pairs from MC. Data-driven loose-to-medium rejection factor.
- $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ : From Monte Carlo.



	$W \rightarrow e\nu$	$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	$Z \rightarrow ee$	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$
Luminosity	$16.9 \text{ nb}^{-1}$	$16.6 \text{ nb}^{-1}$	$219 \text{ nb}^{-1}$	$229 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
Observed	46	72	46	79
QCD	1.1	0.9	0.31	0.02
$W \rightarrow e\nu/\mu\nu$	-	-	0.06	0.01
$W \rightarrow \tau\nu$	1.4	1.9	-	-
$Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu$	0.1	2.2	-	-
$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$	-	0.08	0.04	0.06
$t\bar{t}$	-	0.2	0.08	0.08



## Systematic Uncertainties

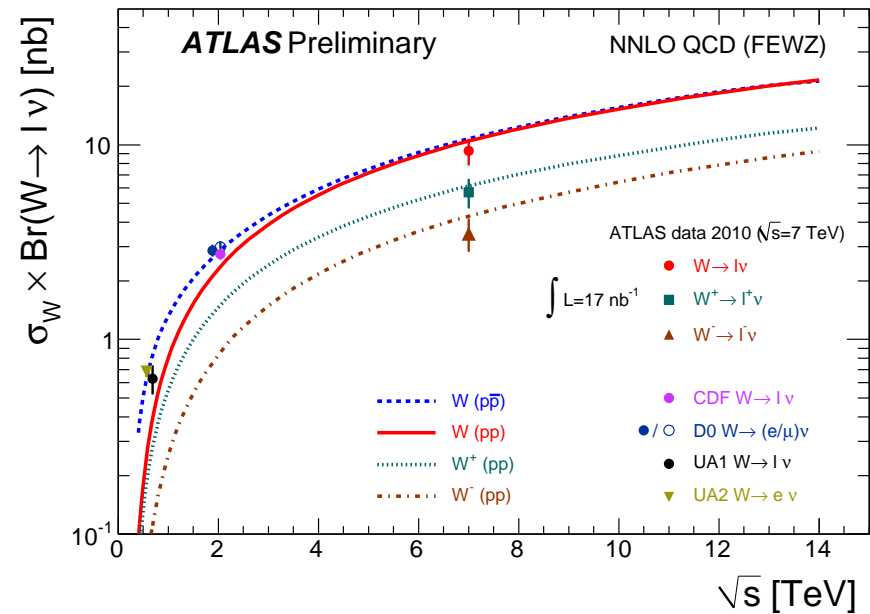
- Backgrounds are small, so systematic uncertainties come from acceptance, signal efficiency and luminosity.

	$W \rightarrow e\nu$	$W \rightarrow \mu\nu$	$Z \rightarrow ee$	$Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$
Acceptance	3 %	3 %	3 %	3 %
Trigger efficiency	< 0.1 %	4 %	0.2 %	2 %
EM ID modelling	6 %	-	10 %	-
Muon reconstruction & ID	-	4 %	-	7 %
Material effects	4 %	-	9 %	-
EM energy scale	3 %	-	2 %	-
Muon $p_T$ scale & resolution	-	4 %	-	1 %
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ scale & resolution	2 %	2 %	-	-
Pileup	-	-	2 %	< 0.1 %
Luminosity	11 %	11 %	11 %	11 %

# W Cross Section

$$\sigma = \sigma_W \times BR(W \rightarrow l\nu) = \frac{N_W^{sig}}{A_W C_W L_{int}}$$

- $N_W^{sig}$  Number of background-subtracted signal events.
- $A_W$  Acceptance.  
46 % ( $W \rightarrow e\nu$ ), 48 % ( $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ )
- $C_W$  Selection efficiency for in-fiducial events  
65-66 % ( $W \rightarrow e\nu$ ), 80-82 % ( $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$ )
- $L_{int}$  Integrated luminosity.
- $pp$  collider,  $W$  production is not charge symmetric.

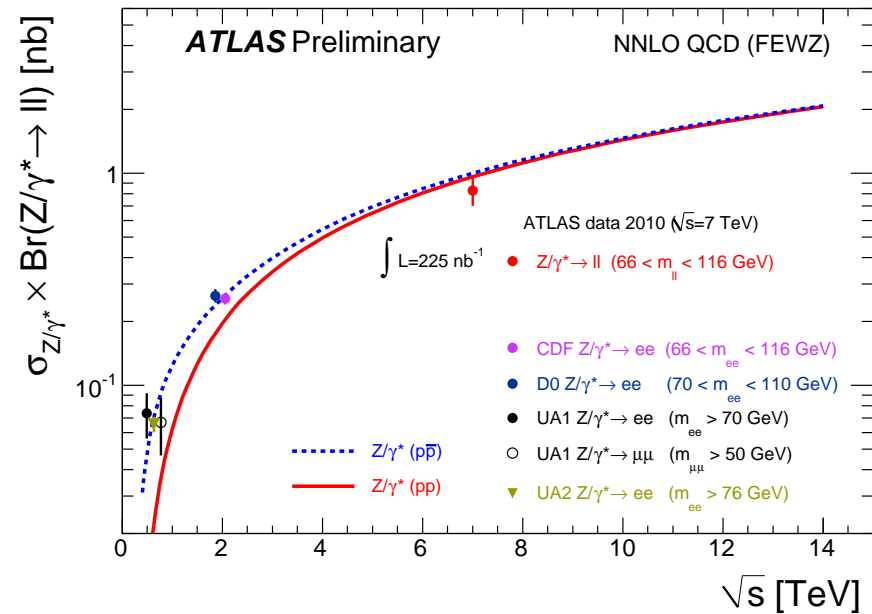


$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(W^+) &= [5.7 \pm 0.7(\text{stat}) \pm 0.4(\text{syst}) \pm 0.6(\text{lumi})] \text{ nb} \\ \sigma(W^-) &= [3.5 \pm 0.5(\text{stat}) \pm 0.2(\text{syst}) \pm 0.4(\text{lumi})] \text{ nb} \\ \sigma(W^\pm) &= [9.3 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 0.6(\text{syst}) \pm 1.0(\text{lumi})] \text{ nb} \end{aligned}$$

# Z Cross Section

$$\sigma = \sigma_Z \times BR(Z \rightarrow \ell\ell) = \frac{N_Z^{sig}}{A_Z C_Z L_{int}}$$

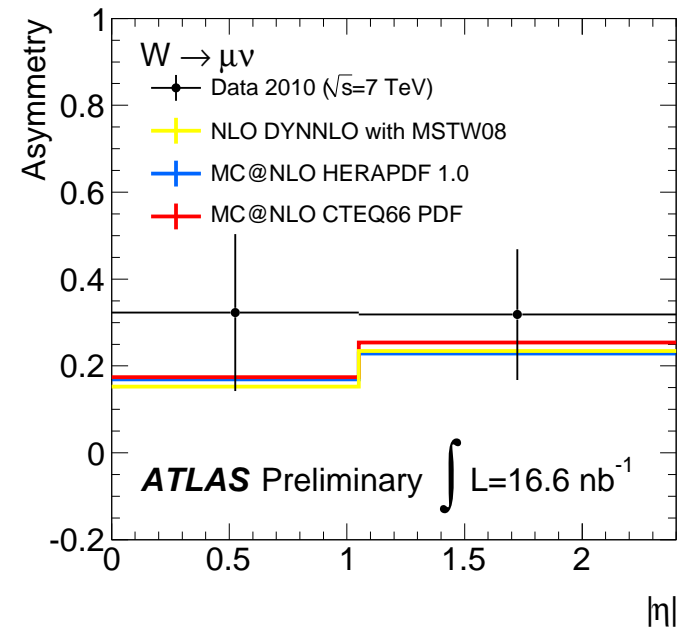
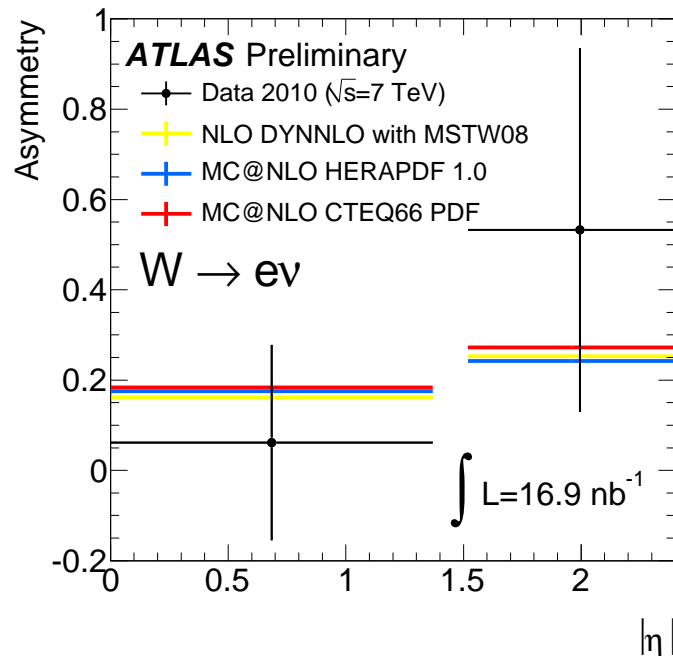
- $N_Z^{sig}$  Number of background-subtracted signal events.
- $A_Z$  Acceptance.  
45 % ( $Z \rightarrow ee$ ), 49 % ( $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ )
- $C_Z$  Selection efficiency for in-fiducial events.  
65 % ( $Z \rightarrow ee$ ), 78 % ( $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ )
- $L_{int}$  Integrated luminosity.



$$\sigma(Z) [66 < m_Z < 116] = [0.83 \pm 0.07(\text{stat}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst}) \pm 0.09(\text{lumi})] \text{ nb}$$

# W Charge Asymmetry

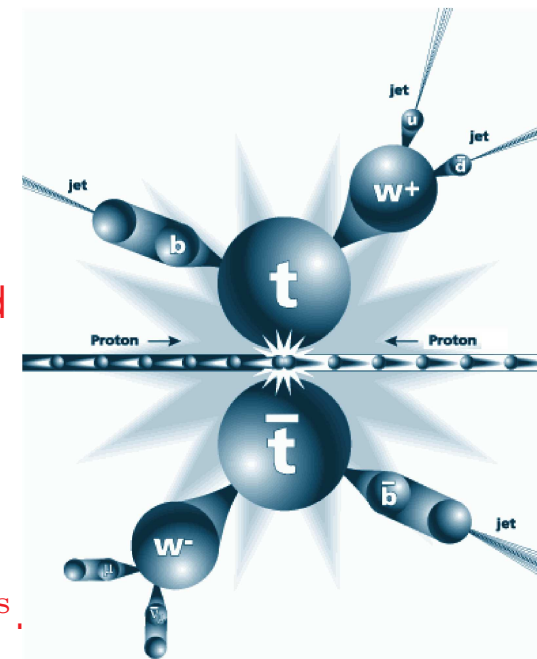
- Asymmetry,  $A = \frac{\sigma^{l^+} - \sigma^{l^-}}{\sigma^{l^+} + \sigma^{l^-}}$ , depends on lepton  $\eta$ .
- Important information about parton distribution functions.
- Tool to estimate  $W$  background in new physics searches.



- Measurements consistent with expectation from MC.

## Top Quark Production

- Top quarks so far only seen at Fermilab. Much larger cross-section at LHC  $\Rightarrow$  Detailed measurements possible.
- Dominant background to much new physics such as SUSY.
- In the SM, top decays to  $Wb$  almost 100% of the time.
- Thus the final state is determined by the decay of the  $W$ .
- In the **lepton+jets** channels:
  - One  $W$  boson decays leptonically.
  - One  $W$  boson decays hadronically.
  - Final state contains  $\geq 4$  jets, one lepton and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ .
- In the **dilepton** channels:
  - Both  $W$  bosons decay leptonically.
  - Final state contains  $\geq 2$  jets, 2 leptons and  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ .

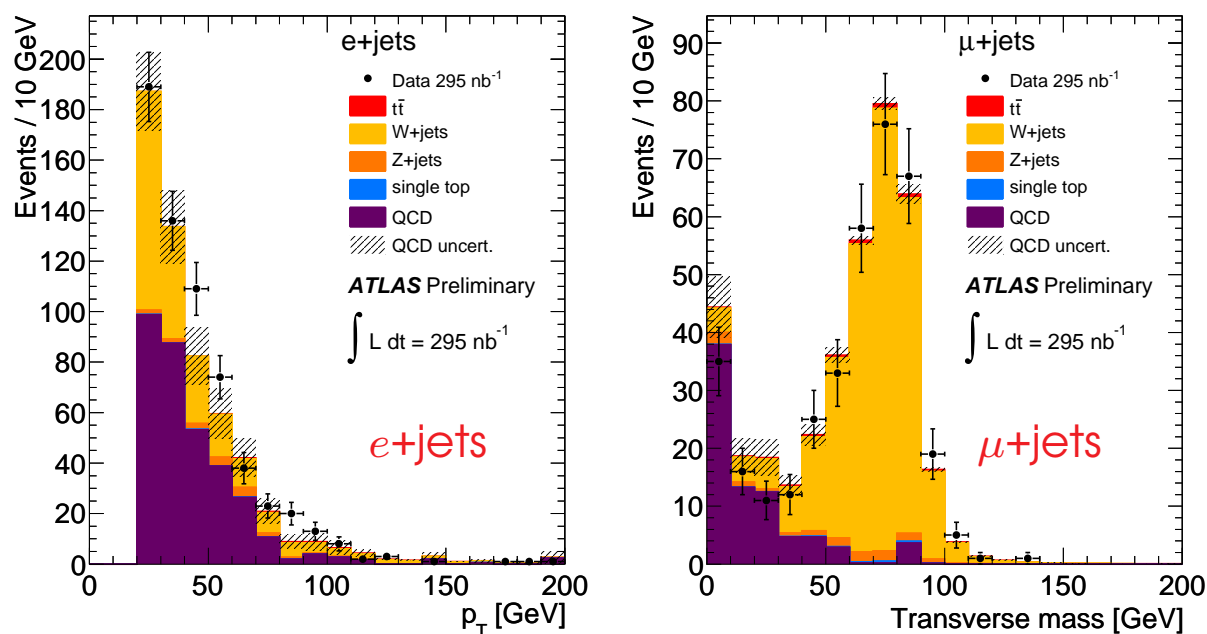


## Top Event Selection

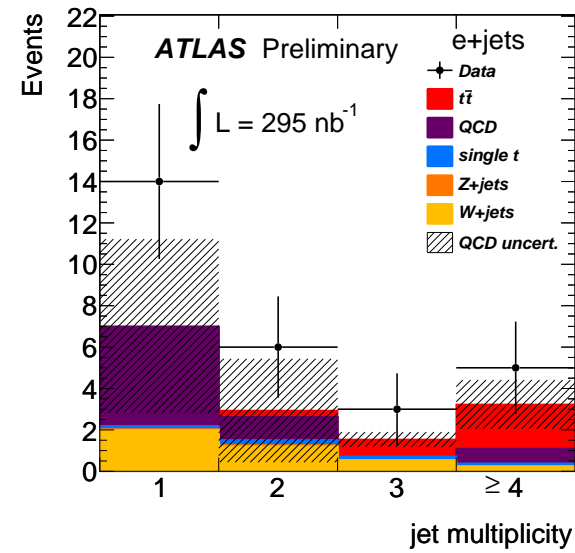
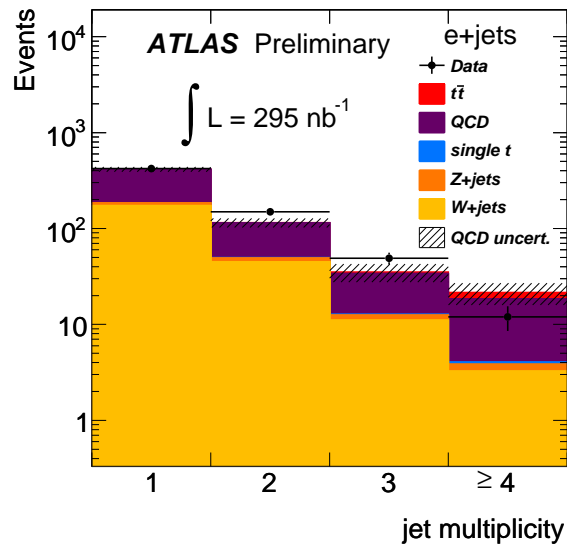
- At least one medium  $e$  or combined  $\mu$  associated with the trigger object.
- Primary vertex with at least 5 tracks.
- **Lepton+jets:**
  - Exactly 1  $e/\mu$  with  $p_T > 20$  GeV.
  - $\geq 4$  jets with  $p_T > 20$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$ .
  - $\geq 1$  b-tagged jet.
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$  GeV.
- **7 candidate events in  $280 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .**
- **Dilepton:**
  - 2 oppositely charged  $e/\mu$  with  $p_T > 20$  GeV.
  - $\geq 2$  jets with  $p_T > 20$  GeV.
  - $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 40(30)$  GeV in  $ee$  ( $\mu\mu$ ) channel.
  - $|m_{ee} - m_Z| > 5$  GeV,  $|m_{\mu\mu} - m_Z| > 10$  GeV.
  - $H_T > 150$  GeV in  $e\mu$  channel.
- **2 candidate events in  $280 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .**

## Background Estimate in Lepton+Jets

- Main backgrounds are  $W$ +jets and QCD multijet (misID lepton).
- EW backgrounds estimated from MC.
- QCD background from data-driven method using tight (signal) sample and loose (relaxed lepton selection) sample.
- QCD and  $W$  backgrounds well modelled:

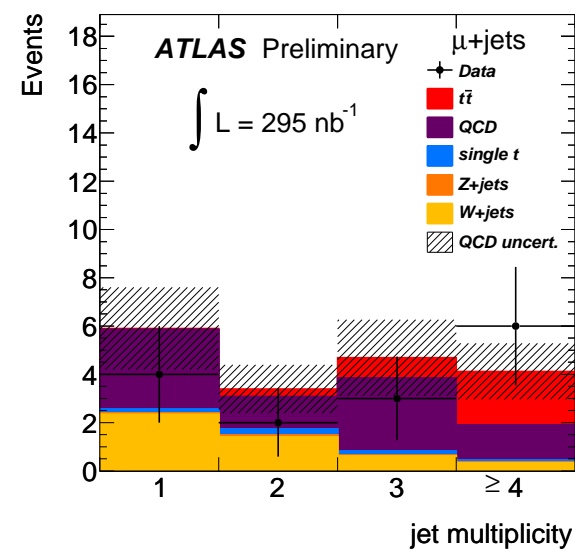
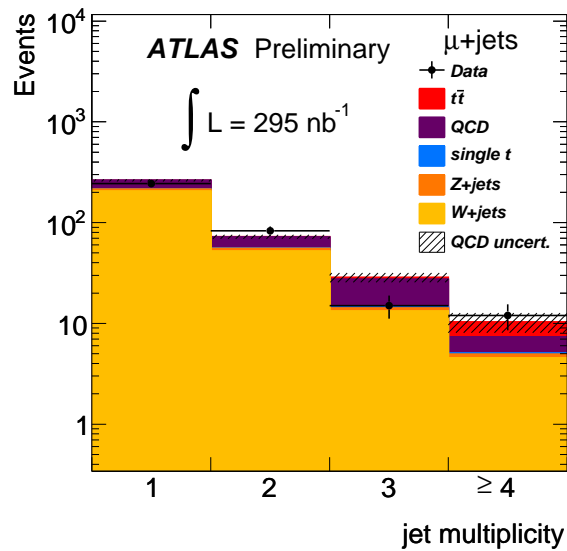


$\geq 1$  jet, no  $b$ -tag selection



→

**b-tagging**





## Summary and Outlook

- The LHC is working very well and ATLAS keeps collecting data with high efficiency.
- Already many solid SM measurements.
- First measurement of  $W$  and  $Z$  production cross sections as well as  $W$  charge asymmetry.
- So far everything consistent with SM expectations.
- 9 top candidate events in  $280 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ .  
Working on background estimates.  
Cross-section to come soon - stay tuned!
- This is only the beginning!

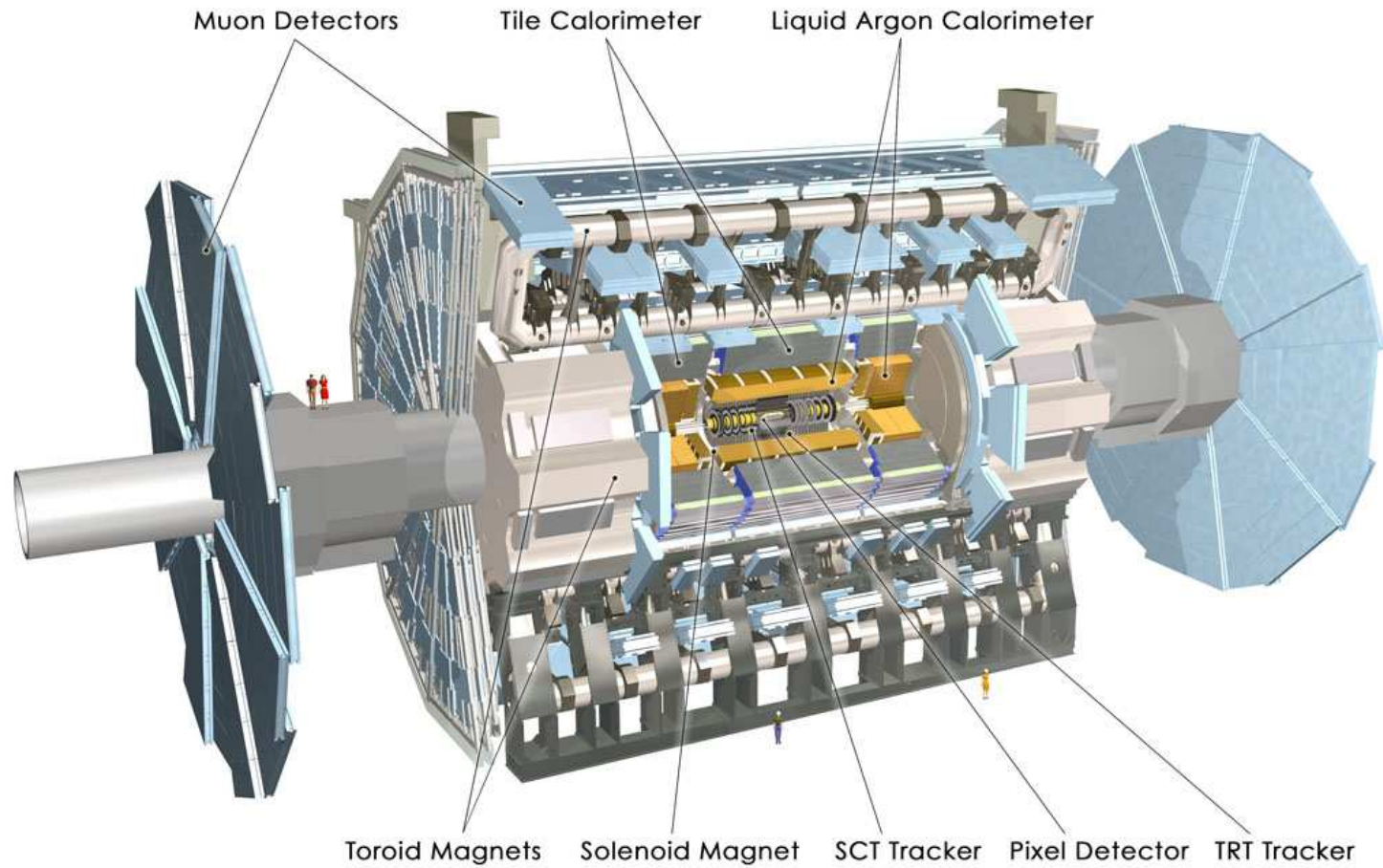


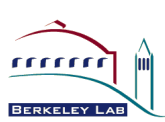


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# Background Material

# The ATLAS Detector





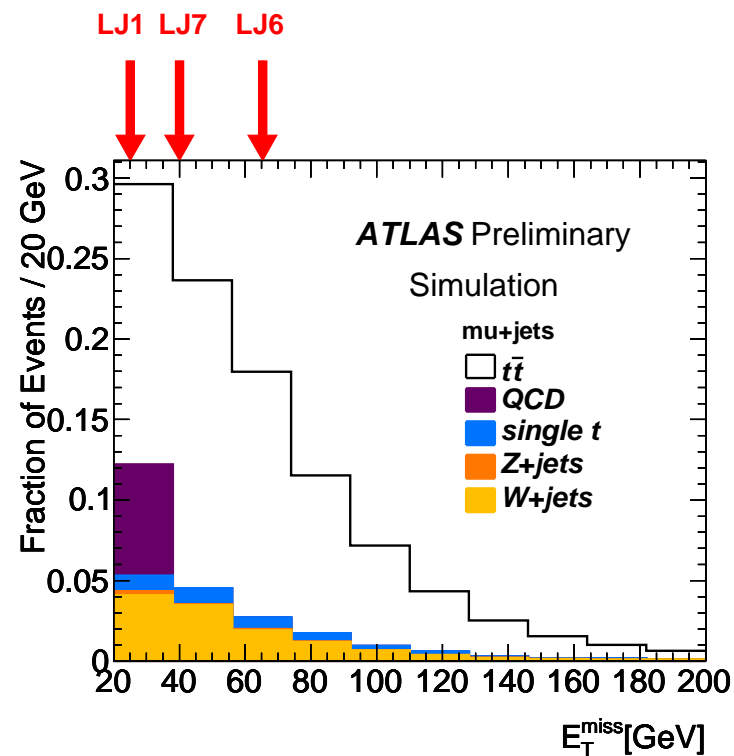
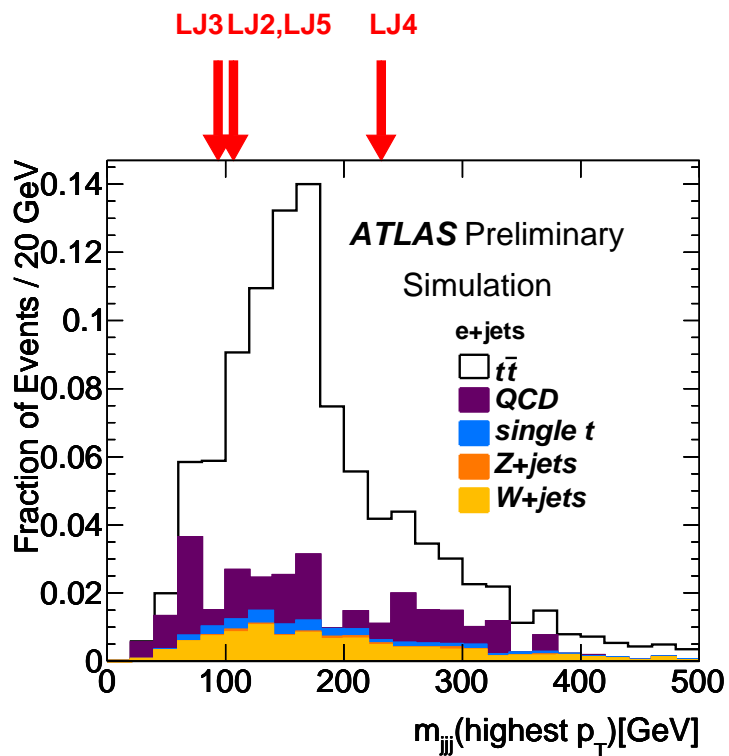
## QCD Estimate in Top Analysis

$$N^{loose} = N_{real}^{loose} + N_{fake}^{loose}$$

$$N^{tight} = \varepsilon_{real} \cdot N_{real}^{loose} + \varepsilon_{fake} \cdot N_{fake}^{loose}$$

- $\varepsilon_{real}$  from  $Z \rightarrow ll$  MC.
- $\varepsilon_{fake}$  from jet+low  $E_T^{miss}$  sample.

# Lepton+Jets Candidate Events



# Dilepton Candidate Events

