

Effects of one-loop correction on the beta decay within R-parity violating MSSM

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2010/08/27
Bonn,
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Introduction

Many candidate of New Physics:

SUSY , Left-right sym. Model , Composite Model , Extra dimension , ...

New physics can manifest in neutron beta decay

⇒ **Neutron beta decay is a good probe of New Physics**

- General analysis of New physics in neutron beta decay

P. Herczeg, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. **29**, 413 (2001).

- Loop level analysis of neutron beta decay within MSSM

M. Drees, M. Rauch, Eur. Phys. J. **C46**, 573 (2003).

S. Profumo, M.J. Ramsey-Musolf, S. Tulin, Phys. Rev. **D75**, 075017 (2007).

- Tree level analysis of neutron beta decay within RPVMSSM

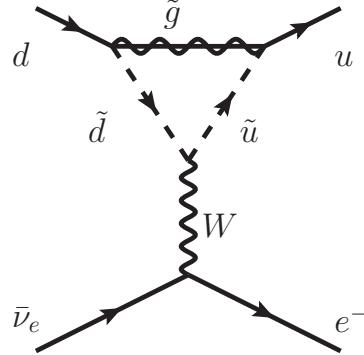
P. Herczeg, J. Res. Natl. Inst. Stand. Technol. **110**, 453 (2005).

NY, T. Sato, T. Kubota, J. Phys. **G37**, 055104 (2010).

⇒ **What about analysis of neutron beta decay
within RPVMSSM at the loop level?**

Previous works

MSSM at loop level:



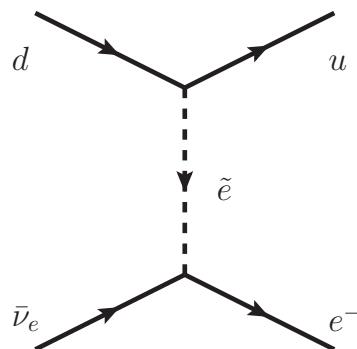
Contribute to D-correlation $D \frac{\vec{\sigma}_n \cdot \vec{p}_e \times \vec{p}_\nu}{E_e E_\nu}$

and Fierz interference term $b \frac{m_e}{E_e}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} D < 10^{-7} \\ b < 10^{-3} \end{cases}$$

M. Drees, M. Rauch, Eur. Phys. J. C**29**, 573 (2003).
 S. Profumo *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D**75**, 075017 (2007).

RPV MSSM at tree level:



Contribute to Fierz interference term $b \frac{m_e}{E_e}$

and R-correlation $R \frac{\vec{\sigma}_e \cdot \vec{\sigma}_n \times \vec{p}_e}{E_e}$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} |\text{Re } \lambda_{1i1} \lambda'_{i11}^*| < 1.6 \times 10^{-3} [m_{\tilde{e}_L}]^2 \\ |\text{Im } \lambda_{1i1} \lambda'_{i11}^*| < 3.0 \times 10^{-2} [m_{\tilde{e}_L}]^2 \end{cases}$$

P. Herczeg, J. Res. Natl. Inst. Stand. Technol. **110**, 453 (2005).
 NY, T. Sato, T. Kubota, J. Phys. G**37**, 055104 (2010).

D correlation of the Neutron beta decay

Observable: angular correlations

$$\omega(E_e, \Omega_e, \Omega_\nu) \propto 1 + a \frac{\vec{p}_e \cdot \vec{p}_\nu}{E_e E_\nu} + b \frac{m_e}{E_e}$$

$$+ \langle \vec{\sigma}_n \rangle \cdot \left(A \frac{\vec{p}_e}{E_e} + B \frac{\vec{p}_\nu}{E_\nu} + D \frac{\vec{p}_e \times \vec{p}_\nu}{E_e E_\nu} \right) + \dots$$

D correlation

Properties of D correlation:

- Sensitive to CP-odd ($V+A$)x($V-A$)
- Small CKM contribution
- FSI: $O(10^{-5})$, known to 10^{-7}

⇒ **Sensitive to new physics!!**

$$D_{\text{exp}} = (2.8 \pm 7.1) \times 10^{-4}$$

Soldner *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B**581** (2004).

$$D_{\text{CKM}} \leqq 10^{-12}$$

Herczeg, Khrapovich, PRD**56** (1997).

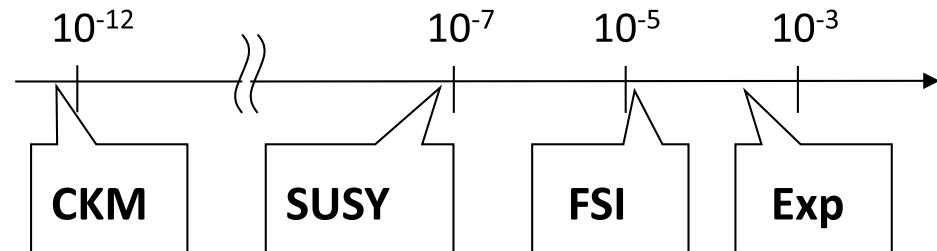
$$D_{\text{MSSM}} \leqq 10^{-7}$$

Drees, Rauch, EPJ C**29** (2003).

$$D_{\text{fsi}} \doteq 1.31 \times 10^{-5}$$

Ando, *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B**677**, 109 (2009).

$$D_{\text{RPV}}$$
 No tree contribution!



⇒ **Analysis of RPVMSSM at one-loop level is meaningful**

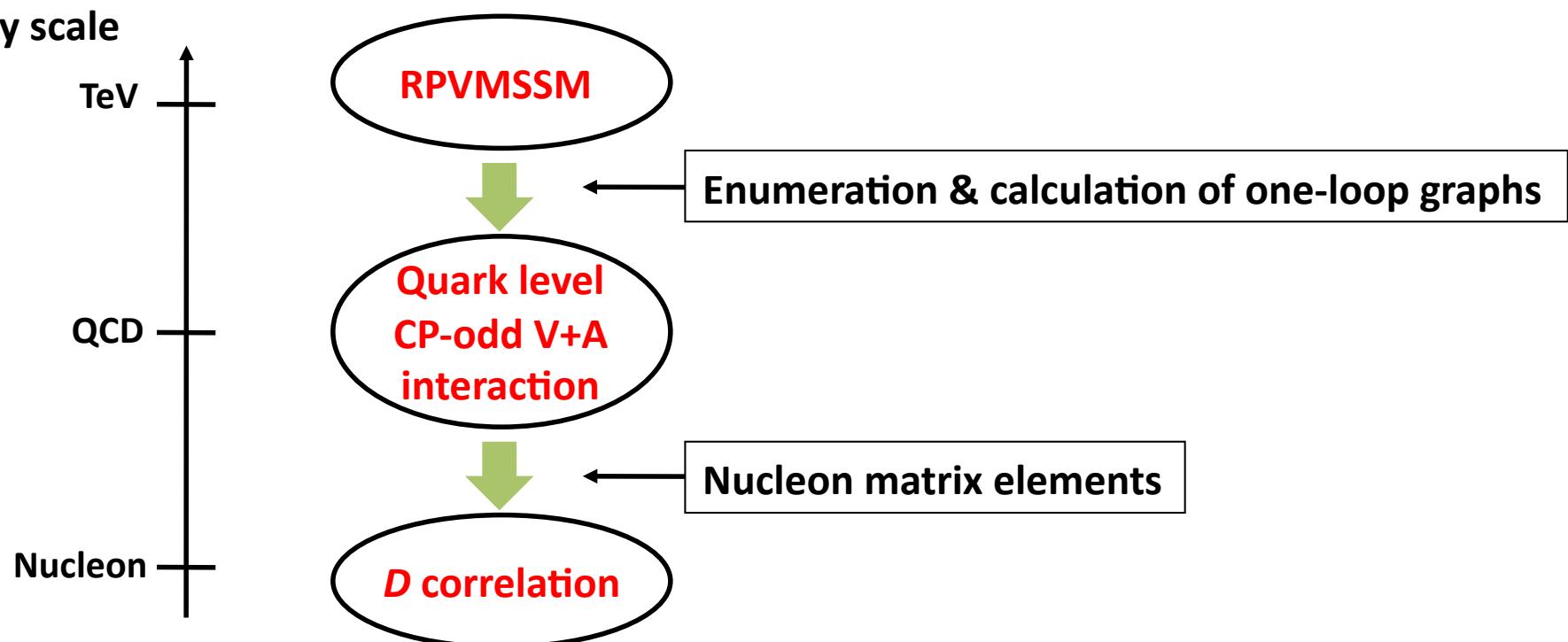
Object & outline of calculation

Object:

Investigate the **D correlation** of the neutron beta decay within the R-parity violating minimal supersymmetric Standard Model (**RPVMSSM**) at **one-loop level**.

Outline of calculation:

Energy scale



R-parity violation

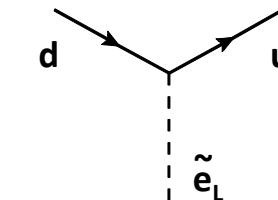
R-parity : $R = (-1)^{3B-L-2s}$

R-parity violation \rightarrow lepton/baryon number violation

RPV interactions:

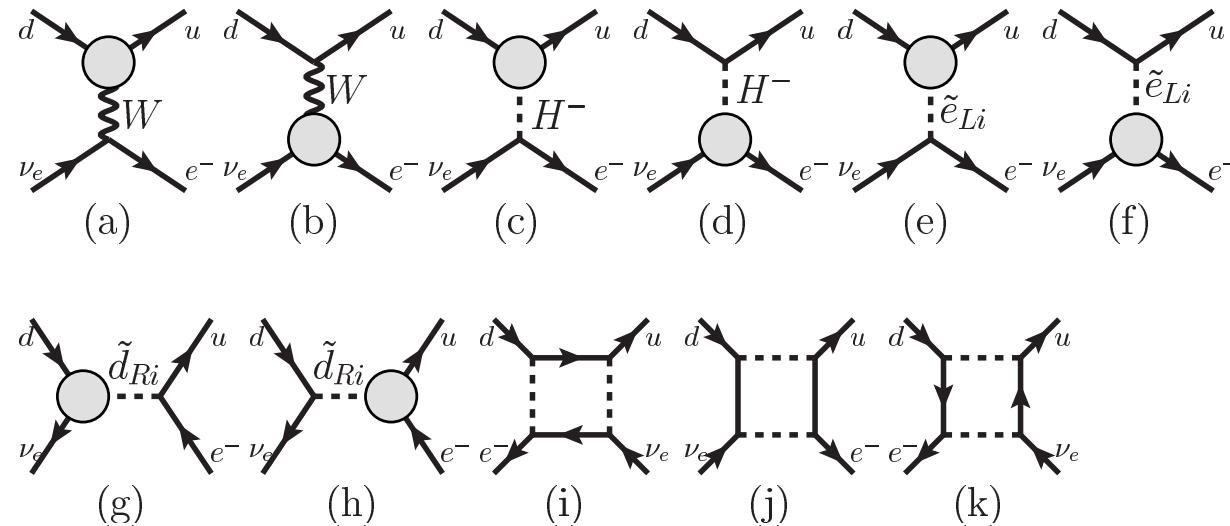
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = & -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{ijk} \lambda_{ijk} \left\{ \tilde{e}_{Rk}^\dagger \bar{\nu}_i^c P_L e_j + \tilde{e}_{Lj} \bar{e}_k P_L \nu_i + \tilde{\nu}_i \bar{e}_k P_L e_j + \dots \right\} \\ & - \sum_{ijk} \lambda'_{ijk} \left\{ -\tilde{e}_{Li} \bar{d}_k P_L u_j + \dots \right\} \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ijk} \lambda''_{ijk} \left\{ \tilde{d}_{Rk}^\dagger \bar{u}_i P_L d_j^c + \dots \right\} \\ & + \text{h.c.} \end{aligned}$$

Coupling	Current upper bounds	Sources
$ \lambda_{121} $	$< 0.04 [m_{e_R}]$	CC universality
$ \lambda_{131} $	$< 0.05 [m_{e_R}]$	τ decay ratio
$ \lambda'_{211} $	$< 0.012 [m_{d_R}]$	$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$ decay
$ \lambda'_{311} $	$< 0.012 [m_{d_R}]$	$K \rightarrow \pi \nu \bar{\nu}$ decay
$ \lambda''_{312} $	$< 2.1 \times 10^{-3}$	$n \bar{n}$ oscillation
$ \lambda''_{123} $	(< 1.25)	RG analysis

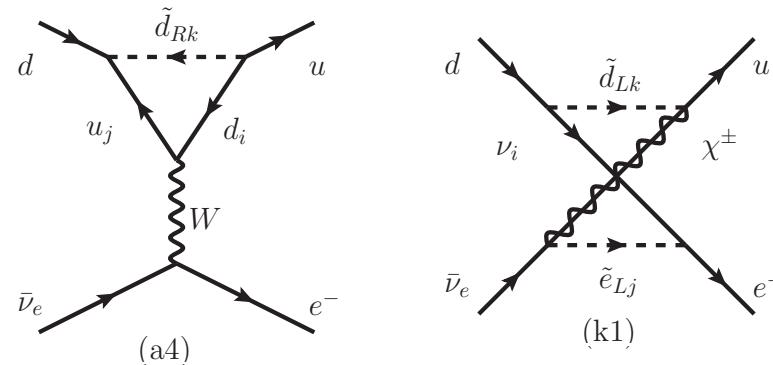


Yukawa interaction!!

Loop level analysis



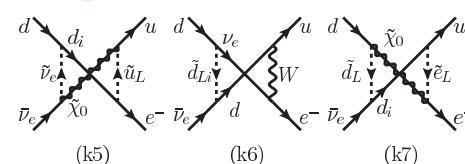
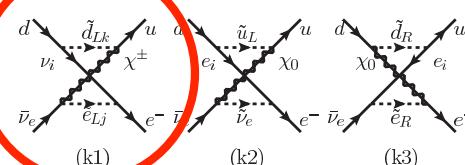
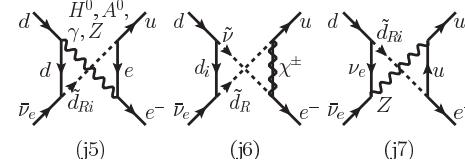
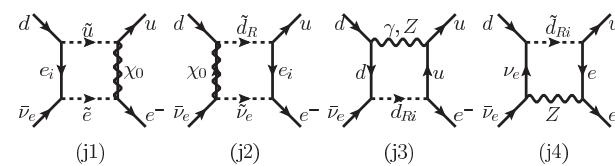
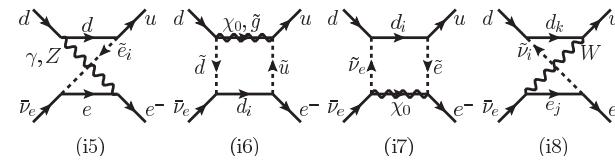
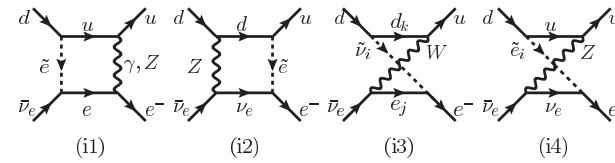
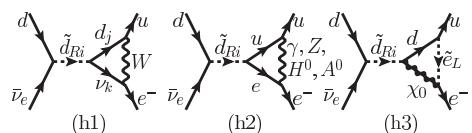
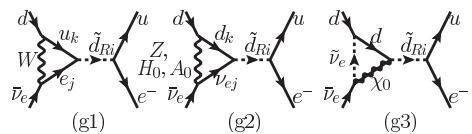
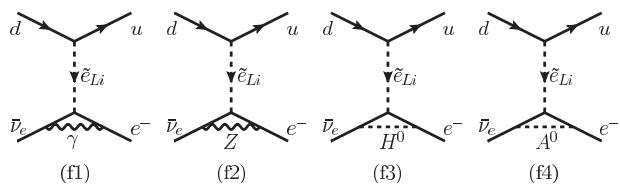
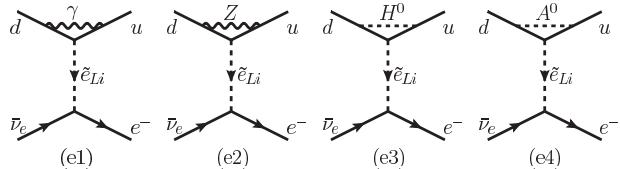
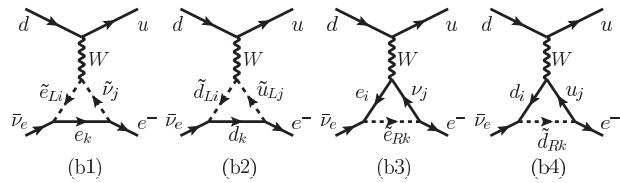
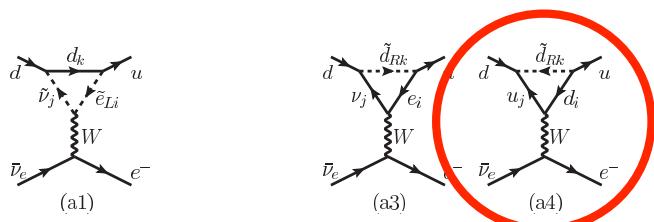
Contributing diagrams:



Considerations:

- Only $(V+A) \times (V-A)$ contribute
- Diagrams with RPV couplings constrained by tree level analysis not considered
- Yukawa couplings with 1st & 2nd generations neglected

Contributing diagrams



Charged Higgs contribution not enumerated

D correlation from effective interaction

Effective interaction:

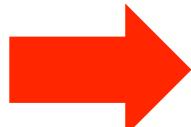
$$H_{V,A} = V_{ud} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{p} \gamma^\mu (g_V - g_A \gamma_5) n \bar{e} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu_e$$

$+ a_{LR} \bar{p} \gamma^\mu (g_V + g_A \gamma_5) n \bar{e} \gamma_\mu (1 - \gamma_5) \nu_e$

Exotic CP-odd ($V+A$)x($V-A$) interaction

Nucleon matrix element:

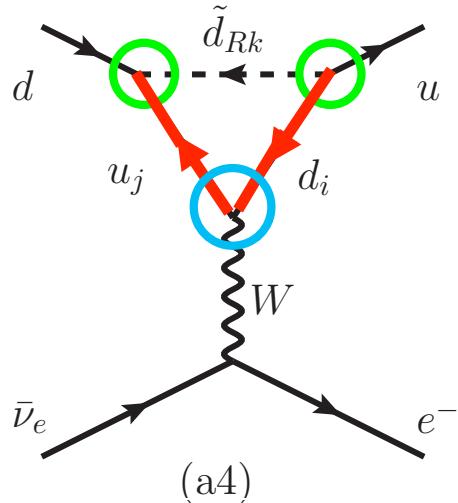
$$\begin{cases} \langle p | \bar{u} \gamma^\mu d | n \rangle &= g_V \bar{p} \gamma^\mu n & \mathbf{g}_V = 1 & \text{(CVC)} \\ \langle p | \bar{u} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 d | n \rangle &= g_A \bar{p} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 n & \mathbf{g}_A = 1.27 & \text{(exp. data)} \end{cases}$$



D correlation:

$$D = \frac{4g_V g_A}{g_V^2 + 3g_A^2} \frac{\text{Im } a_{LR}}{V_{ud} G_F / \sqrt{2}}$$

Result & Analysis



B violating!

Anti-quarks!

V+A current!

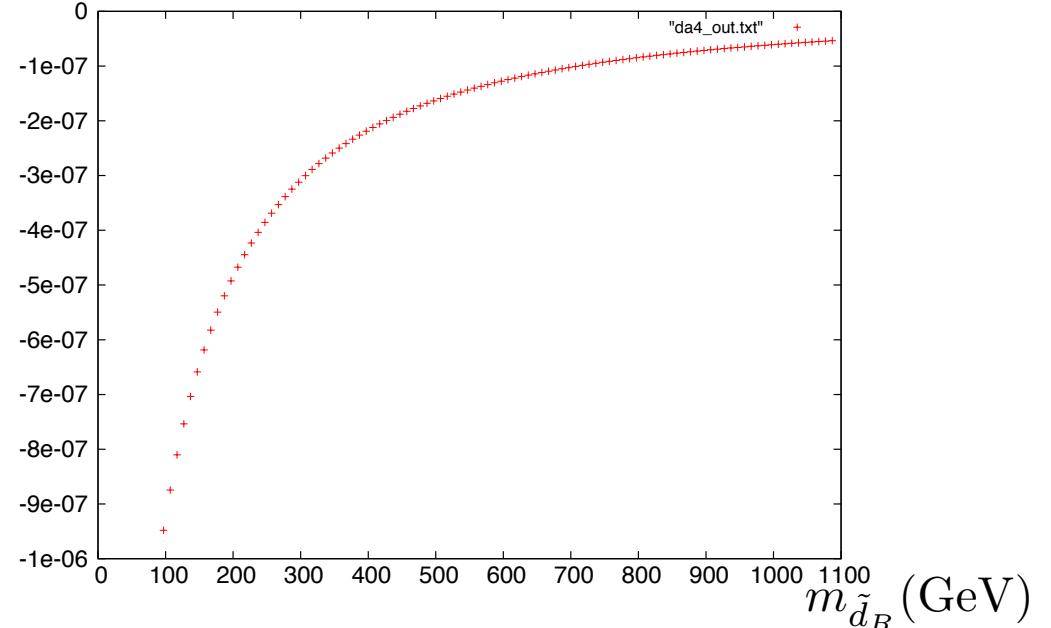
**Contribute to
D correlation!**

$$a_{LR} = -2\lambda''^{*\dagger}_{312}\lambda''_{123} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{m_t m_b}{(4\pi)^2} \text{loop}(m_b, m_t, m_{\tilde{d}_{Rk}})$$

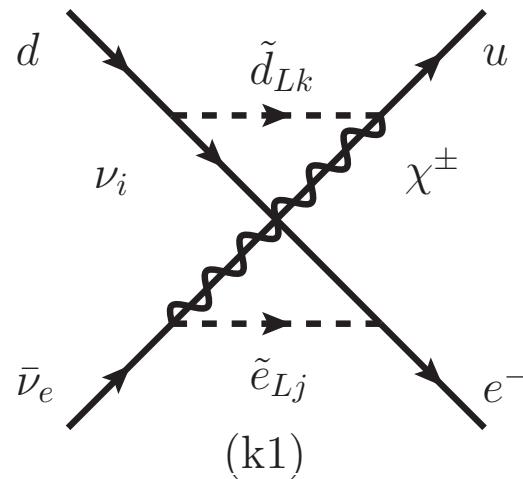
For $m_{\text{SUSY}} = 100\text{GeV}$, $|\lambda''_{312}| = 2.1 \times 10^{-3}$,

$$D = \mathcal{O}(10^{-6})$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Limit to } \text{Im}(\lambda''^{*\dagger}_{312} \lambda''_{123})$$



Result & Analysis



Box diagram
 ↓
Fierz transformation
 ↓
 $(V+A)x(V-A)$ → **D correlation!**

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{LR} &= \sum_{i,I} \lambda'_{i11}^* \lambda_{1i1} V_{ud} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} |Z_-^{1I}|^2 \frac{m_W^2}{(4\pi)^2} \text{loop}(m_{\tilde{d}_L}, m_{\chi_I}, m_{\tilde{e}}) \\
 &< \sum_i \lambda'_{i11}^* \lambda_{1i1} V_{ud} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{m_W^2}{(4\pi)^2} \frac{1}{2 \min(\tilde{d}_L, m_{\chi_I}, m_{\tilde{e}})}
 \end{aligned}$$

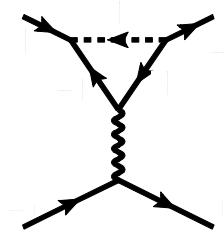
For $m_{\text{SUSY}} = 100\text{GeV}$ (degenerate), $\lambda'^*_{i11} \lambda_{1i1} = 4.8 \times 10^{-4}$,

→ $D = O(10^{-7})$

⇒ Limit to $\text{Im} (\lambda'^*_{211} \lambda_{121})$, $\text{Im} (\lambda'^*_{311} \lambda_{131})$

Summary & Future prospects

- We have investigated the D correlation of the neutron beta decay at one-loop level within RPVMSSM
- RPVMSSM can contribute up to $D = \mathcal{O}(10^{-6})$ via baryon number violating interaction
- With further progress in experiment, possibility to obtain information on RPVMSSM from neutron beta decay



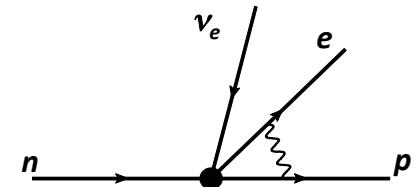
Future prospects:

- One-loop analysis for other weak processes (EDMs, other particle decays, etc)

Backup slides: final state interaction

Final state interaction:

- Electromagnetic interaction between final state particles
- Contributes to the naïve T-odd observable (on-shell)



NLO:

$$D_{\text{FSI}} = \mathcal{O}(10^{-5})$$

C. G. Callan, Jr., S. B. Treiman, Phys. Rev. **162**, 1494 (1967).

NNLO: (Heavy baryon EFT)

$$D_{\text{FSI}} = (0.228(p_e^{\max}/p_e) + 1.083(p_e/p_e^{\max})) \times 10^{-5}$$

⇒ Accurate to 1%

⇒ Sensitivity of CP violating contribution to $\mathcal{O}(10^{-7})$

S. Ando, J. McGovern, T. Sato, Phys. Lett. **B677**, 109 (2009).

Backup slides: loop integral

$$\begin{aligned} \text{loop}(m_1, m_2, m_3) &= \frac{1}{m_1^2 - m_2^2} \left[\frac{m_1^2}{m_3^2 - m_1^2} \log \frac{m_3^2}{m_1^2} - \frac{m_2^2}{m_3^2 - m_2^2} \log \frac{m_3^2}{m_2^2} \right] \\ &< \frac{1}{2 \min(m_1, m_2, m_3)} \end{aligned}$$

- Limit from atomic EDM

$$Im \sum_{i=2,3} \lambda_{1i1} \lambda'_{i11}^* < 6 \times 10^{-6} [m_{\tilde{e}_L}]^2 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2\pi}{\alpha} \frac{m_{\tilde{e}_j L}^2}{m_{\tilde{\nu}_j L}^2} \frac{\cos \theta_e \sin \phi_e}{\cos \theta_\nu \sin \phi_B} \right)$$

→ loop level analysis

(Herczeg, J. Res. Natl. Ins. Sta. Tech., 110, 2005)

Backup slides

Sakharov's conditions:

- C & CP violations
- Baryon/lepton number violation
- Departure from equilibrium

