

Low Scale Gauge Mediation at Early LHC

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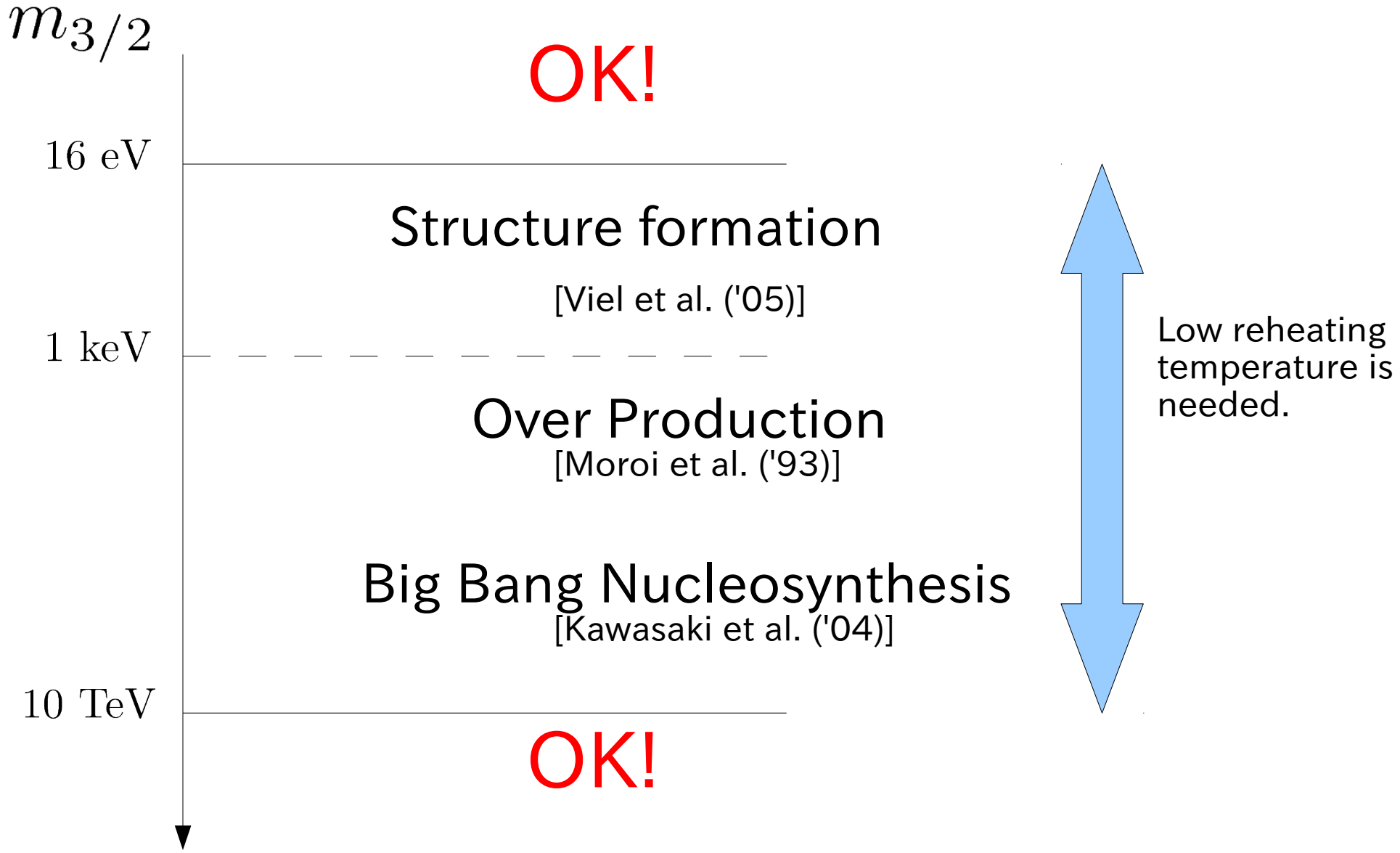
(University of Tokyo)

“Low Scale Direct Gauge Mediation with Perturbatively Stable Vacuum”
R.S. and K.Yonekura [hep-ph:0912.2802]

“LHC Reach of Low Scale Gauge Mediation with Perturbatively Stable Vacuum”
R.S. and S.Shirai [hep-ph:1005.1255]

1. Introduction

gravitino causes some cosmological problems



1. Introduction

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$m_{3/2}$

OK!

16

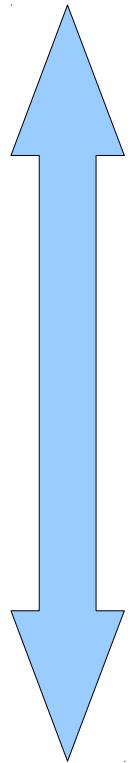
Can we discover a model
can achieve
 $m_{3/2} \leq 16 \text{ eV} ?$

Information

[Kawasaki et al. ('05)]

Production

[Kawasaki et al. ('93)]



Low reheating
temperature is
needed.

Big Bang Nucleosynthesis

[Kawasaki et al. ('04)]

10 TeV

OK!



1. Introduction
2. The model with light gravitino and stable vacuum
3. Discovery region of the model
4. Summary

2. The GMSB model with light gravitino and stable vacuum

(1) based on the Izawa-Yanagida-Intriligator-Thomas (IYIT) model

$$W = fZ + \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{\Psi}_1 & \tilde{\Psi}_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} kZ & m \\ m' & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Psi_1 \\ \Psi_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

[Izawa et al.(1997)]

(2) based on the Intriligator-Seiberg-Shih (ISS) model

Intriligator-Seiberg-Shih model

[Intriligator et al. (2006)]

$$W = k\Phi_{ai}M_j^i\tilde{\Phi}^{aj} + \mu^2\text{tr}M$$

In the present model, the gaugino masses are suppressed.

$$m_{\tilde{g}} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{F}{m} \left(\cancel{c_1} + c_2 \frac{F}{m^2} + c_3 \left(\frac{F}{m^2} \right)^2 + \dots \right) \sim \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{F^2}{m^3}$$

$$m_{\tilde{s}} \sim \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{F}{m}$$

→ Discovery region of the model
are determined by
the gaugino masses.

Upperbounds of
gaugino masses

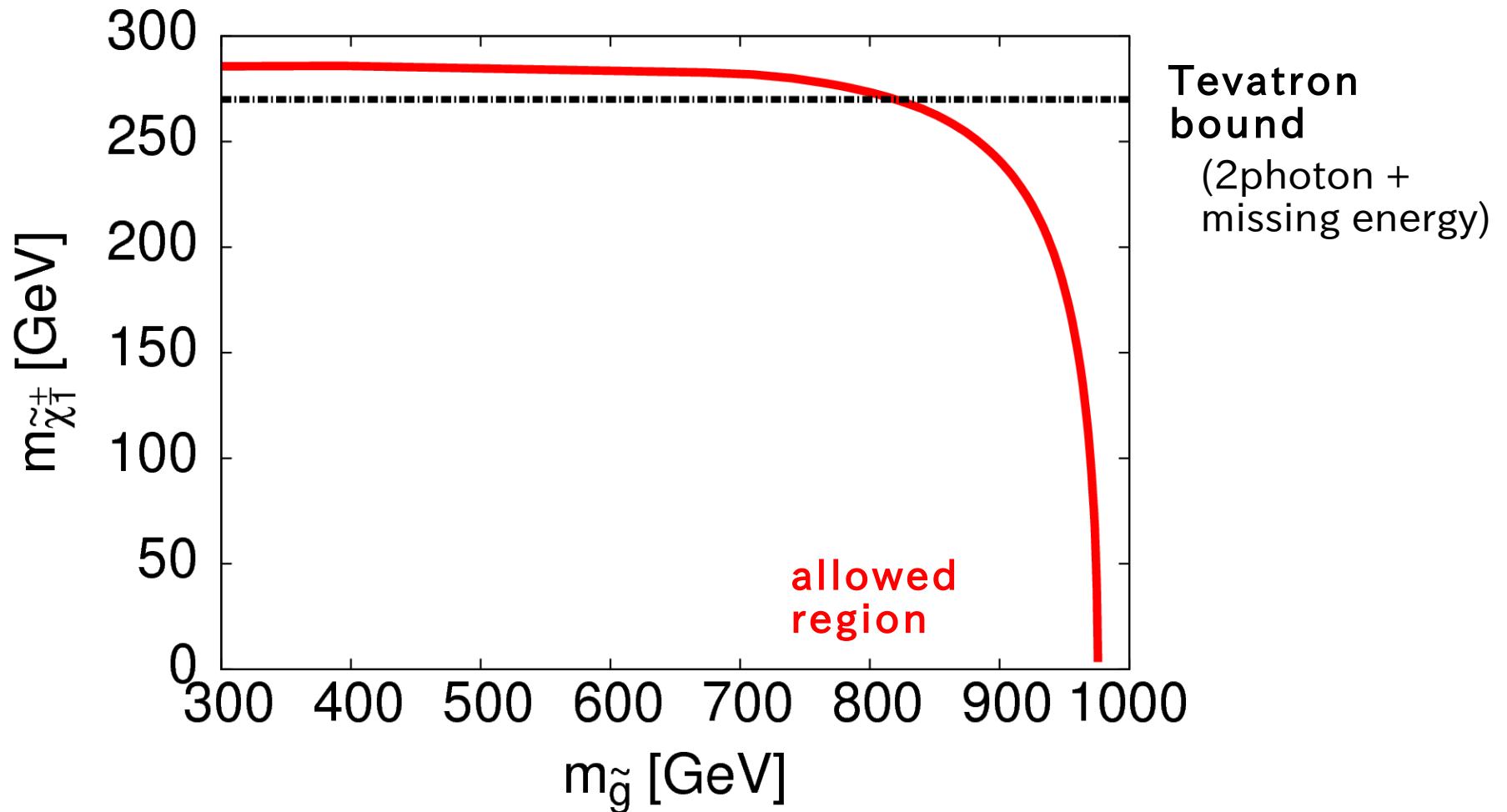


Yukawa couplings

Flavor number of messengers

3. Discovery region of the model

The allowed region of the gaugino masses ($m_{3/2} = 16 \text{ eV}$)



Event Selection

In the present model, NLSP is Bino.

→ 2 photon with missing energy

Cut A

At least 2 isolated photons with $p_T > 20$ GeV

At least 4 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV

The leading jet with $p_T > 100$ GeV

$E_{T,\text{miss}} > \max(100 \text{ GeV}, 0.2M_{\text{eff}})$

$$M_{\text{eff}} \equiv \sum_{4 \text{ leading jets}} p_{T,j} + E_{T,\text{miss}} + \sum_{\text{lepton}} p_{T,l}$$

Cut B

At least 2 isolated photons with $p_{T,\gamma 1} > 60$ GeV, $p_{T,\gamma 2} > 20$ GeV

$E_{T,\text{miss}} > 80$ GeV

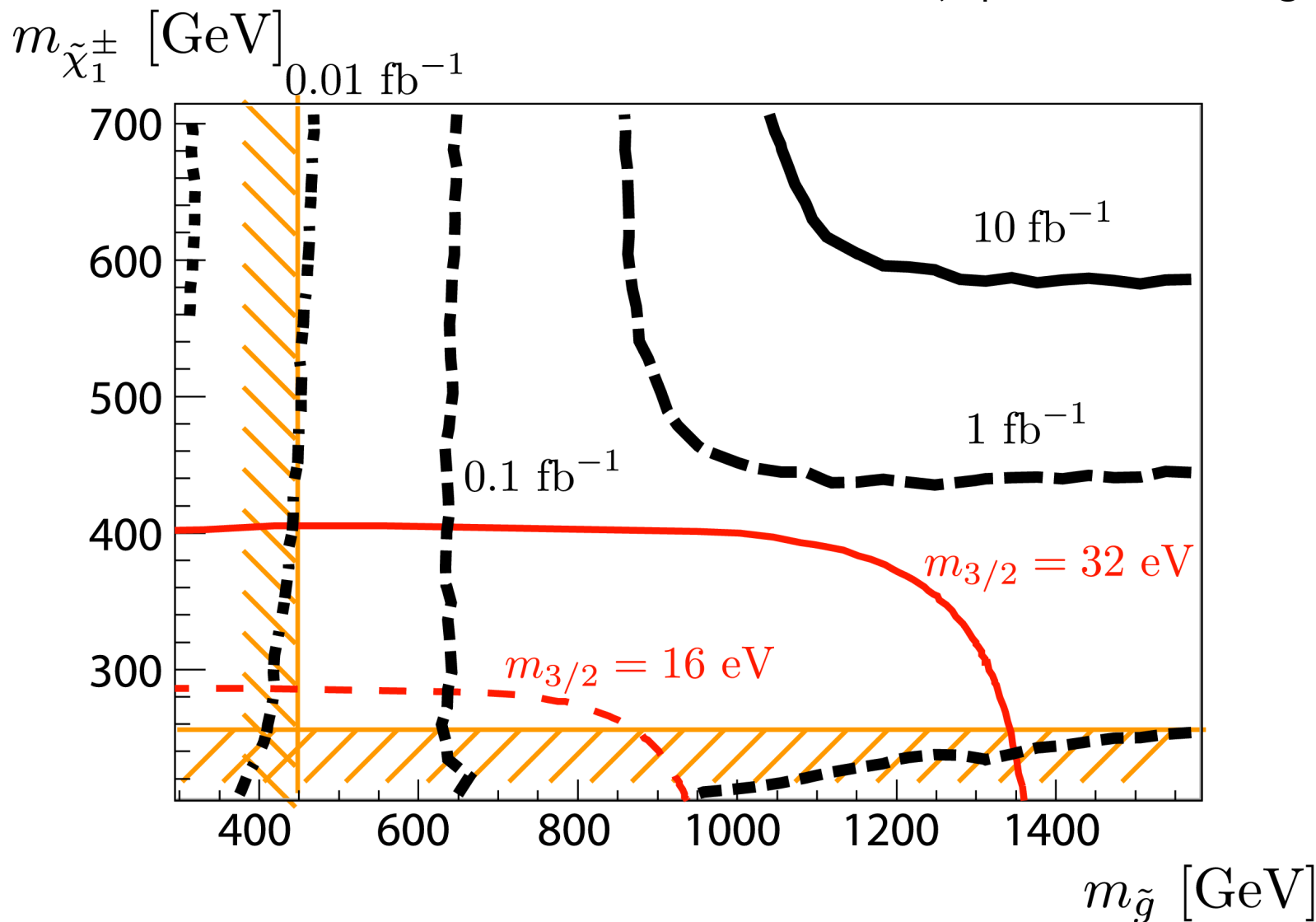
$m_{\gamma 1 \gamma 2} > 100$ GeV

$$\text{significance} = \frac{\# \text{ of signals}}{\max(1, \# \text{ of BG})}$$

The discovery region @ 7TeV LHC

The discovery region where the significance reaches 5.

(2 photon + missing energy)



4. Summary

Light gravitino mass $m_{3/2} < 16 \text{ eV}$ satisfies all constraints from cosmology.

In the known model which can achieve the gravitino mass $m_{3/2} < 16 \text{ eV}$, the gaugino masses are suppressed.

These model can be completely discovered / excluded @ 7TeV LHC.

(Backup slide)

In the present model, the gaugino masses are suppressed.

$$m_{\tilde{g}} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{F}{m} \left(\cancel{c_1} + c_2 \frac{F}{m^2} + c_3 \left(\frac{F}{m^2} \right)^2 + \dots \right) \sim \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \frac{F^2}{m^3}$$

$$W = fZ + m_{ij} \tilde{\Psi}_i \Psi_j + k_{ij} Z \tilde{\Psi}_i \Psi_j \quad \longrightarrow \quad \det(m + kZ) = \det m$$

With stable SUSY breaking vacuum [Komargodoski and Shih (2009)]

The leading term of the gaugino masses are given as follows

$$m_{\tilde{g}} = \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} F \frac{\partial}{\partial Z} \det(m + kZ) \quad \text{[Guidice and Rattazi (1998)]}$$