Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles with dE/dx Measurements from the Tracker

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April 28, 2010

Introduction

Analyzing 7 TeV Data with CRAB

- start with a clean server shell, then

```
source /afs/cern.ch/cms/LCG/LCG-2/UI/cms_ui_env_3_2.sh

cd your/cmssw/environment

cmsenv
source /afs/cern.ch/cms/ccs/wm/scripts/Crab/CRAB_2_7_2_pre1/crab.sh
```

- get a JSON file containing certified good runs/lumi sections from https://cms-service-dqm.web.cern.ch/cms-service-dqm/CAF/certification/
- adjust your crab.cfg, see next slide
- submit your crab jobs

crab.cfg

```
[CRAB]
jobtype = cmssw
scheduler = glite
use server = 1
[CMSSW]
datasetpath = /MinimumBias/Commissioning10-PromptReco-v8/RECO
pset = your/cmssw/environment/your_cfg.py
\#total\_number\_of\_events = -1
number_of_jobs = 500
\#events\_per\_job = 50
lumi_mask = your_json.txt
total_number_of_lumis = -1
#lumis_per_iob = 5
get\_edm\_output = 1
[USER]
return data = 1
copy_data = 0
dontCheckSpaceLeft = 1
[GRID]
#se_white_list = T2_DE
group = dcms
```

necessary

necessary

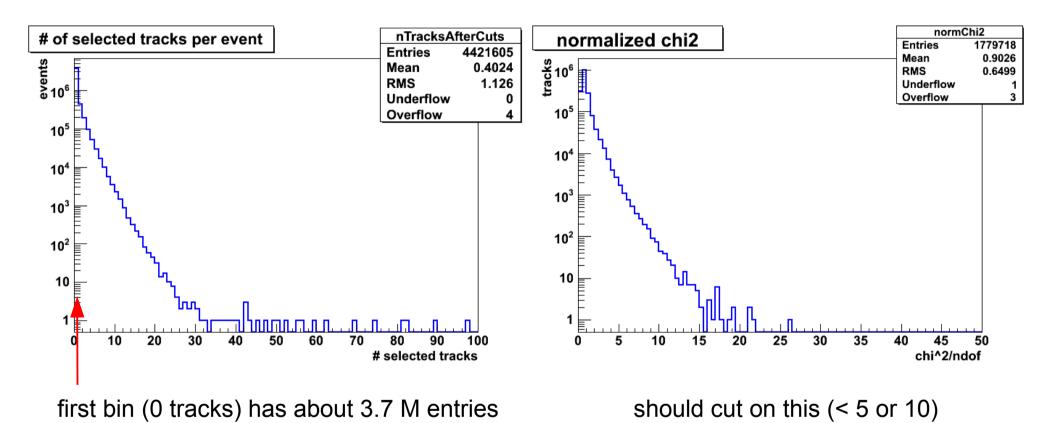
2 out of 3 of these parameters must be used/specified

NB: It is currently *not possible* to select jobs by event number when using JSON files with **CRAB**

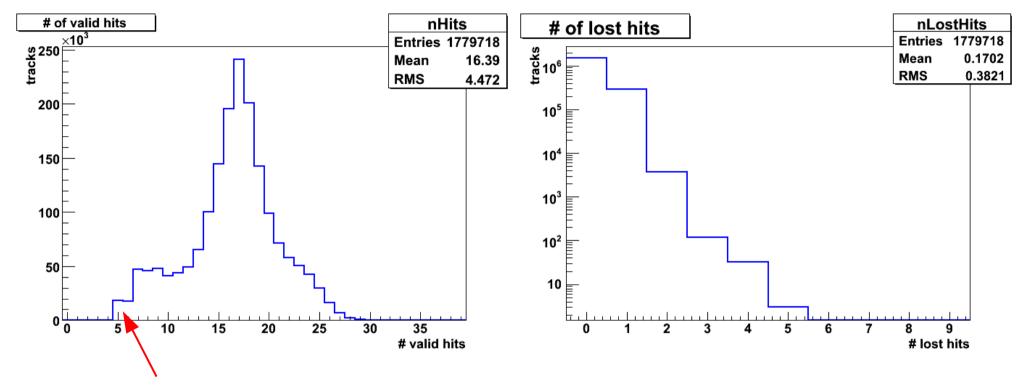
7 TeV Data

Software, Sample, Selection

- CMSSW_3_5_6, GR10_P_V4
- sample: /MinimumBias/Commissioning10-PromptReco-v8/RECO
 - → 89 M events
- ◆ Run range: 132440 133336, 6774 'good' lumi sections
- 'monster event' filter used
- ◆ trigger bits: 0 & (40 or 41) & NOT (36 39)
- 200 out of 374 CRAB job failed ('bad' server)
 - \rightarrow 4.4 M events
- ◆ track p_⊤ > 2 GeV/c, at least 4 dE/dx measurements/track, |dz| < 10 cm
 </p>
 - \rightarrow 0.7 M events \rightarrow 1.78 M tracks
- caveat: no particle gain calibration for strip modules in global tag (to be included in next reprocessing with 3_5_8)

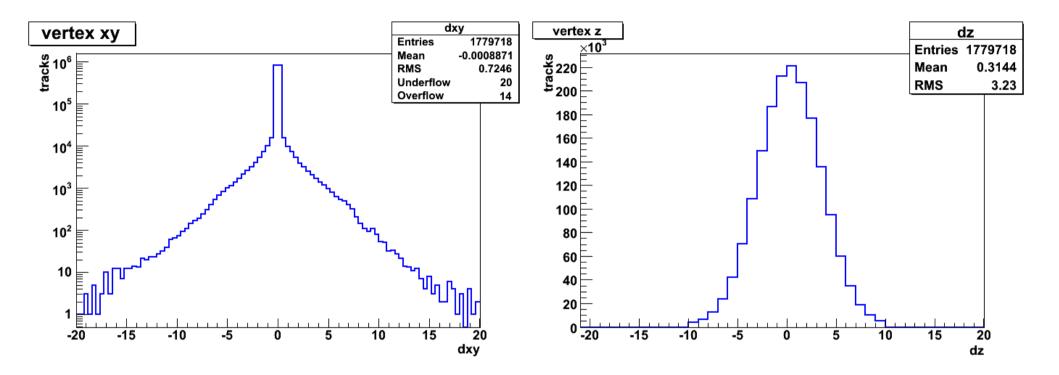


5



4 dE/dx measurements required, a few tracks have only 1 or 2 pixel hits

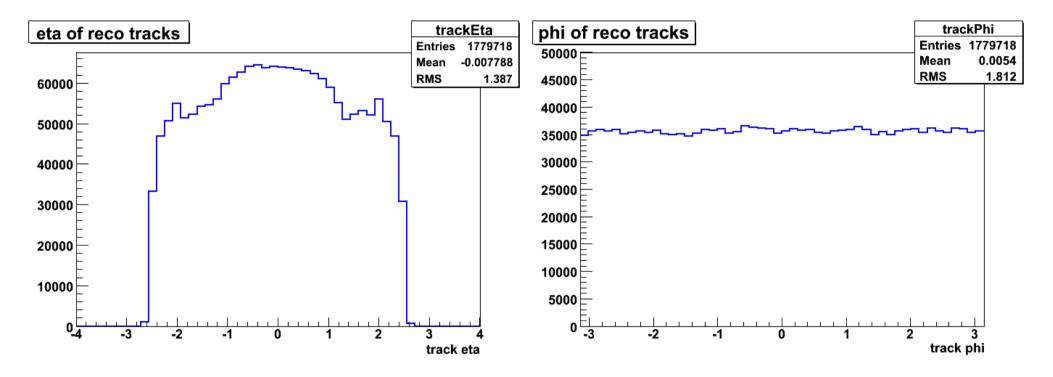
hits that the track reco algorithm expects but doesn't find



transverse impact parameter; could cut here, too (< 2 or 3?)

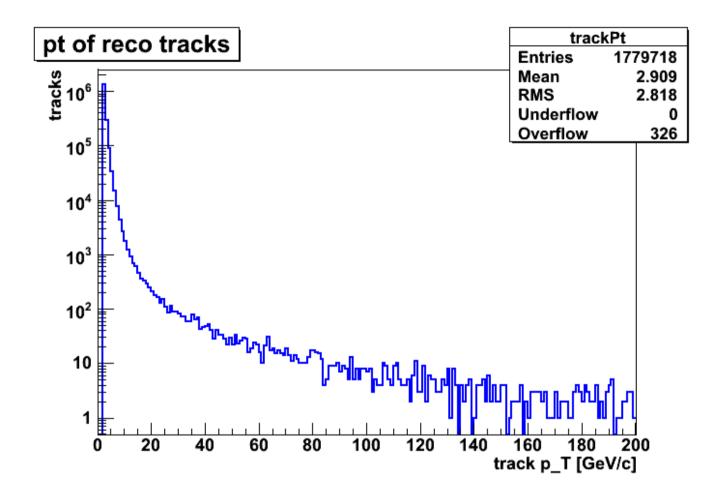
longitudinal impact parameter;

rejected: > |10 cm|



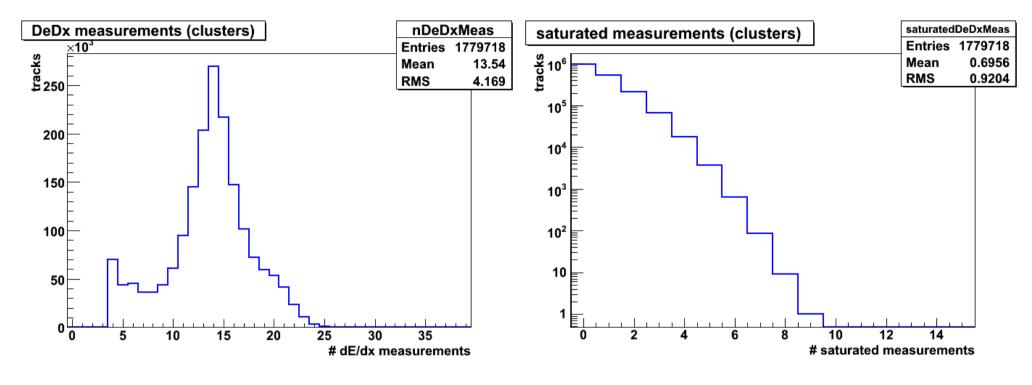
slightly more activity in the barrel (|eta| < 1.4)

flat, good



rejected: < 2 GeV/c

DATA – lots of studies to be done!



similar to # of valid hits, although

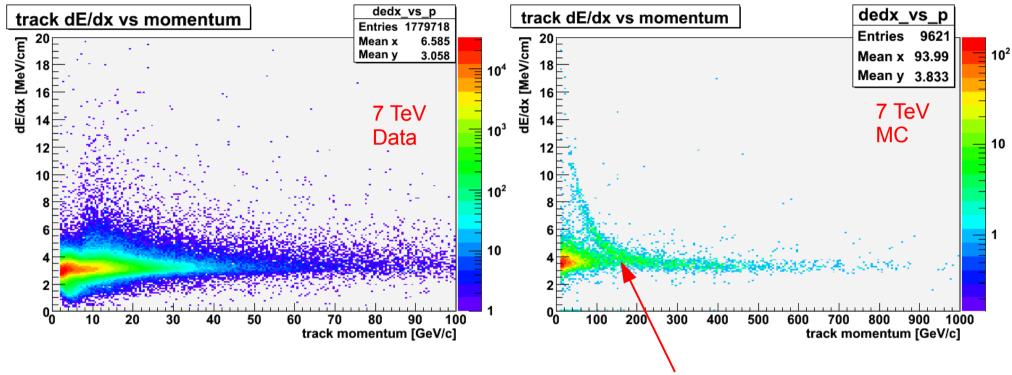
Mean is reduced by ~ 3

(no pixel dE/dx measurements used)

rejected: < 4

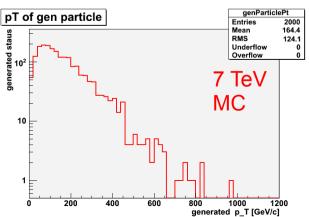
number of dE/dx measurements (hits) with *at least* one saturated strip (> 254 ADC counts)

Comparison with GMSB stau MC sample (m = 100 GeV)

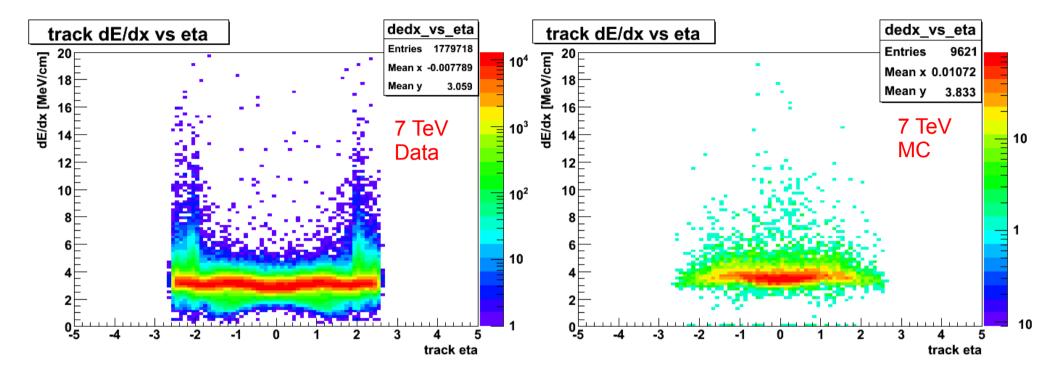


Minimally Ionizing Particles (MIPs) have dE/dx ~ 3 MeV/cm; different momentum scale on the right-hand MC plot!

band branching off at p \sim 150 GeV/c is stau distribution



Comparison with GMSB stau MC sample (m = 100 GeV)



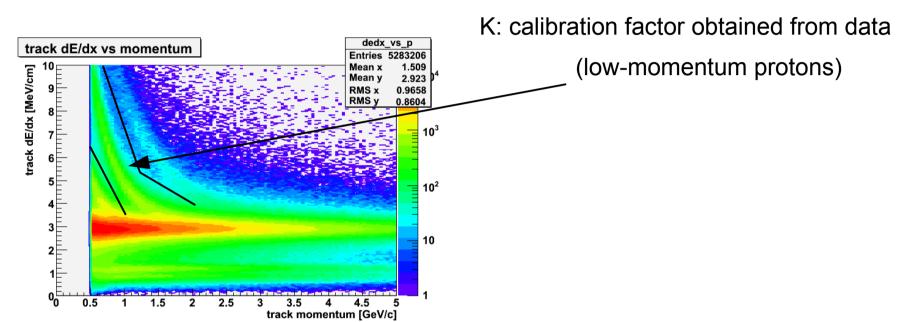
- red band at 3 MeV/cm are MIPs;
- forward tracks have some higher values;
- ♦ Mean = 3.06

- 1000 events, 2000 staus, 10 000 tracks;
- more central distribution due to high transverse momentum spectrum of staus;
- ♦ higher Mean = 3.83

Detecting HSCPs

Measurement of β

- Tracker: estimate dE/dx of tracks \rightarrow 1/ β = sqrt(K dE/dx)



- Drift Tubes: time-of-flight measurement

$$\rightarrow$$
 1/β = c Δ x / d(layer) v(drift) + 1

Δx: distance of reconstructed to actual hit position due to delayed arrival of HSCP at DTs

Phenomenology

Heavy Stable Charged Particles (HSCPs) may emerge from several BSM theories

- GMSB: stau (NLSP)
- Split SUSY: long-lived gluino -> hadronizes to form R-hadrons
- Universal Extra Dimensions: Kaluza-Klein tau
- and a few others...

HSCP characteristics

- lepton-like (stau, KK-tau) or hadron-like (R-hadrons)
- cross entire CMS detector before decaying
- mass of order > 100 GeV
- highly ionizing, (very) little bremsstrahlung
- high momentum, often slow (v < c) due to high mass ($p = \beta \gamma c M$)
- lepton-like HSCPs behave like muons
- R-hadrons may interact hadronically (via light partons), switching charge but "surviving"