Search for Large Extra Dimensions (LED) in the di-muon final state with CMS



Metin Ata

- Thomas Hebbeker
- Arnd Meyer
- Stefan A. Schmitz

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Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung

GEEÖRDERT VON

III. Physikalisches Institut A, RWTH Aachen



Outline



- Introduction
- **Output** Event Selection
- Monte Carlo Generation
- MC-Data comparison
- 6 Limits Setting
- 6 Long-term prospects



Motivation

Why extra dimensions?



 Huge hierarchy between VEV of Higgs (*M_{EW}*) and characteristic energy scale of gravity (*M_{Planck}*) given by :



- Closely related is the fine-tuning problem of the Higgs mass (e.g. contributions by lepton loops)
- Such hierarchies tend to collaps and are considered unnatural

Possible Solutions?

- In SUSY divergent loop corrections cancel due to super partners
- Large Extra Dimensions (LED) Assume a higher dimensional works



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What are LED about?



- SM trapped on Brane, gravity escapes into extra dimensions (Bulk)
- Extra dimensions are compactified possibly at the mm-scale



• Boundary conditions lead to effective Planck scale: $M_S^{2+\eta_{\rm ED}} \approx \frac{M_{\rm Planck}^2}{R^{\eta_{\rm ED}}}$ • Effective Lagrangian given by:

Theory of LED can be tested at LHC at high energies



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Theory II

How to search for LED?

- Theory of LED can be tested at LHC at high energies
- Direct graviton production at LHC via single photon/jet signatures

• This talk is about virtual graviton coupling to fermion pairs

Metin Ata, CMS TS-2010/021

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 Expect additional di-muon pairs at high invariant masses compared to SM



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Muon Selection

Analysis based on Exotica Muon cut recommendations :



- Single muon trigger required • $|\eta| \le 2.1$ (muon trigger)
- $p_t > 30$ GeV
- Tight Muon ID:
 - Criterion on goodness of track fit
 - Reconstructed in Muon System and Tracker
 - Matching track in Tracker and Muon System
- Isolation requirements for the track in the Silicon Tracker

Also need to refit p_t , η , ϕ for high energy muons

Metin Ata (RWTH Aachen)

Transverse distance of the track fit to interaction point < 0.2 cm Number of hits that have been used for the track fit

- In the Silicon Tracker > 10
- In the Muon System > 0



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Monte Carlo Generation

Signal Monte Carlos



- Currently using Pythia 8 package documented in arXiv:0912.4233v2
 Using GRW convention, only depending on reduced Planck scale
 M_S, not on number of extra dimensions, hep-ph/9811291
 - Producing high invariant di-muon masses where signal becomes dominant \sqrt{s} > 300 GeV
 - Different values of M_S from 1200 GeV to 1800 GeV (DØ limits at $M_S \approx 1600$ GeV (GRW))

Be aware

Theory demands a cut-off scale to avoid divergences. Presently the cut-off scale set to COM energy but naivly at M_S in theory.

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Z to Muon pairs





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 Excellent muon momentum resolution of the CMS detector



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Interesting Event Displays



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Bayesian Limit Calculations

Statistical model:

Calculate posterior probability by:

$$\Pi_{\text{posterior}}(\sigma_{\mu\mu}|N_{\text{obs}}) = \int dL \ d\epsilon \ db \frac{(\sigma_{\mu\mu} \cdot L \cdot \epsilon + b)^{N_{\text{obs}}}}{N_{\text{obs}}} \cdot e^{-(\sigma_{\mu\mu} \cdot L \cdot \epsilon + b)} \cdot \pi(b) \cdot \pi(L) \cdot \pi(\epsilon) \cdot \pi_{\rho}(\sigma)$$

- Currently calculated with a flat prior for the signal uncertainty E.g. Gaussian prior for background uncertainties
- $\circ\,$ Cross section and muon efficiency systematic uncertainty $\sim\,15\%$
- Luminosity uncertainty reduced by normalizing to Z peak;
- Limits calculated with RooStats: PhysicsTools/RooStatsCms/macros/examples/roostats_cl95_bc.C



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LED can be studied at the LHC collider

 CMS detector is capable to detect experimental signatures of LED (here virtual gravitons)

- Reach DØ limits with 2010/first 2011 data
- Increase sensitivity by studying systematics more precisly
- Only LO MC used so far, studies of NLO EW and QCD corrections on-going
- Compare signal MC to other generators like Sherpa in future
- Sensitive to LED up to $\sim M_S =$ 2.3 TeV with 1 fb $^{-1}$ 2011 data





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