

Prospects for investigation of radiative top quark processes $t\bar{t}\gamma$ at the ATLAS detector

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Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung



Why investigating top photon radiation?

- 1 Determination of the **electric charge** Q_t of the top quark
 - ▶ QED: $|\mathcal{M}_{t \rightarrow t\gamma}|^2 \propto Q_t^2$ (Standard model (SM): $Q_t = +2e/3$)
 - ▶ **Model with exotic top quark** \tilde{t} with $Q_{\tilde{t}} = -4e/3$ only excluded at **95% CL** (Tevatron)
 - Look for differences in $t\bar{t}\gamma$ spectra
- 2 Measurement of the **electro-magnetic form factors of the top quark**:

$$-i\Gamma_{\mu}^{tt\gamma} = e\gamma_{\mu} (V_{tt}^{\gamma}(s) + A_{tt}^{\gamma}(s)\gamma_5) + e\sigma_{\mu\nu} (q + \bar{q})^{\nu} \left[i\frac{a_t^{\gamma}(s)}{2m_t} - \frac{d_t^{\gamma}(s)}{e}\gamma_5 \right]$$

Factor	Interpretation	SM value
$V_{tt}^{\gamma}(s)$	electric charge	$-2e/3$
$A_{tt}^{\gamma}(s)$	axial-vectorial coupling	0
$a_t^{\gamma}(s)$	anomalous magnetic form factor	0
$d_t^{\gamma}(s)$	electric dipole form factor	0

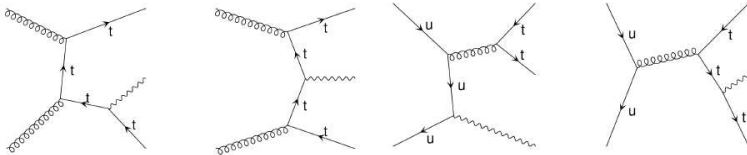
The process $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$ (1)

- $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow bW^+\bar{b}W^-\gamma$ can be separated into 2 sub-processes:
 - ▶ Radiative top quark production: $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma, t \rightarrow Wb$
 $\hat{=}$ Radiative correction of $t\bar{t}$ production vertex
 - ▶ Radiative top quark decay: $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}, t \rightarrow Wb\gamma$
 $\hat{=}$ Radiative correction of $t(\bar{t})$ -decay vertex
- Radiative top quark decay: Also γ coupling to b quark or W boson possible
 \Rightarrow **not sensitive to top quark charge!**
(ISR: γ coupling to initial state quarks)

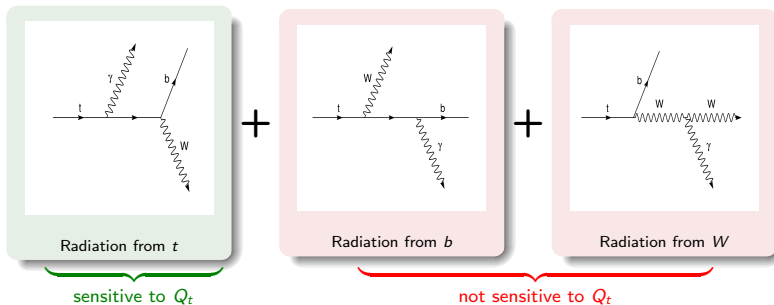
But: $W\gamma/b\gamma/q\gamma$ cannot be disentangled from $t\gamma$ coupling (interference terms)

The process $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$ (2)

■ Radiative top quark production



■ Radiative Top quark decay



MC production of $t\bar{t}\gamma$

- MC generator **WHIZARD** (W. KILIAN, T. OHL, J. REUTER)
 - ▶ LO generator with automatic matrix element generation
- 3, 5 and 7 particle final states simulated:
 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$, $pp \rightarrow bWbW\gamma$, $pp \rightarrow b\ell\nu bq_1\bar{q}_2\gamma$
- $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$; $p(\gamma) > 10 \text{ GeV}$

Cross sections

σ [fb]	$q_t = \frac{2}{3}e$		$q_t = -\frac{4}{3}e$
$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$	931 ± 3	$\xrightarrow{\times 2.29}$	2133 ± 7
$pp \rightarrow W^+bW^-\bar{b}\gamma$	2031 ± 4	$\xrightarrow{\times 1.61}$	3266 ± 10
$pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}q\bar{q}'e^\pm\nu_e\gamma$	513.4 ± 0.3^a	$\xrightarrow{\times 1.19}$	612.6 ± 0.3

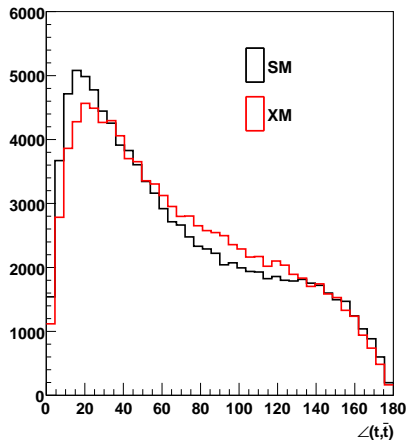
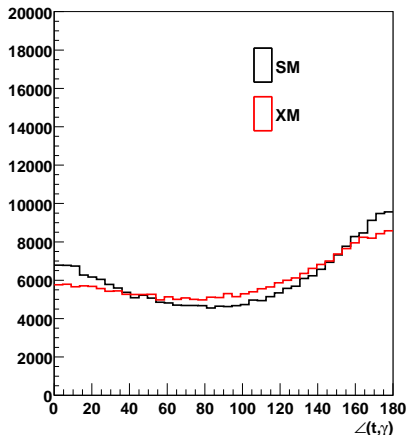
^a**Attention!** 7-particle final state xsecs low due to BR: $\frac{\sigma_{\text{semi-lep}}}{\sigma_{\text{total}}}$

- WHIZARD: Only LO calculation of $t\bar{t}\gamma$ xsec
⇒ large scale dependency of total xsec!
- Calculation of QCD NLO available → K-factors!
[arXiv:0907.1324v2 [hep-ph]]
 - ▶ K-factor for $t\bar{t}\gamma$ calculated for Tevatron RUN II and LHC @ 14 TeV
 - ▶ QCD correction only (no QED/EW NLO calculation!)
 - ▶ For LHC @ 14 TeV: $K_{\text{QCD}} = 1.524$ (Tevatron: $K_{\text{QCD}} = 0.977$)
 - ▶ Re-calculation for 7(8) TeV possible?
- QED NLO calculation not available yet (?)

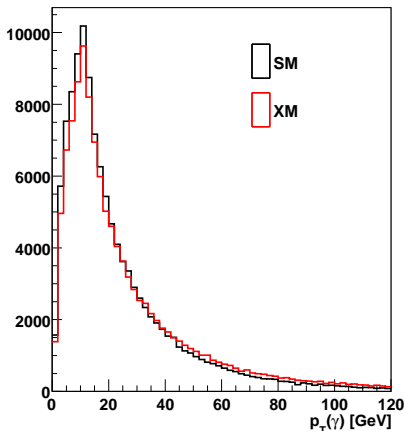
- Total x_{sec} only known up to large scale dependency
- Look for observables most sensitive to $t\gamma$ couplings
- Strategies developed on 4-vector level
 - ▶ 7-particle final state official WHIZARD samples
($pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2\ell\nu\gamma$) @ 7 TeV
 - ▶ 120k events per model (SM/XM)
 - ▶ Plots normalized to same number of events
- \rightarrow any good transition to reco level possible?

$+2e/3$ vs. $-4e/3$: strategies for model separation (2)

- Compare **angle** (2D in x-y plane and 3D) **between photon and top/anti-top** for SM and XM
- Some differences visible \rightarrow will be **smeared after reconstruction**



$+2e/3$ vs. $-4e/3$: strategies for model separation (3)

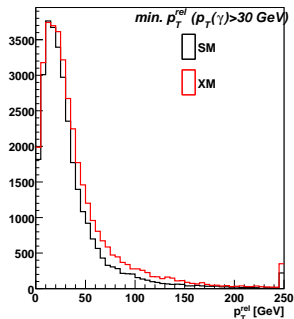
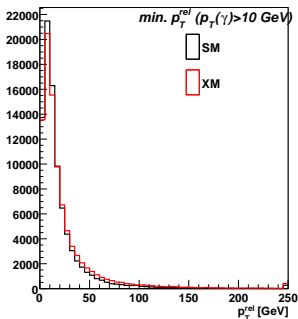
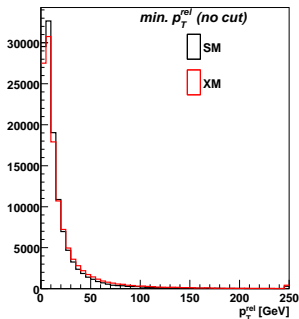
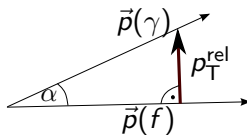


- $p_T(\gamma)$ spectrum for XM slightly harder than for SM

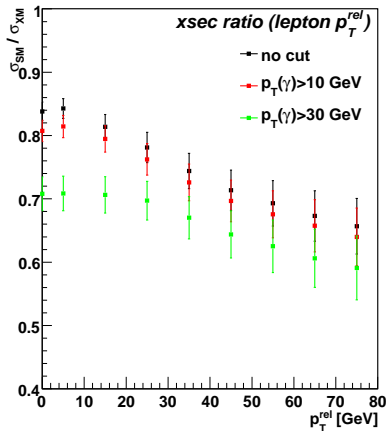
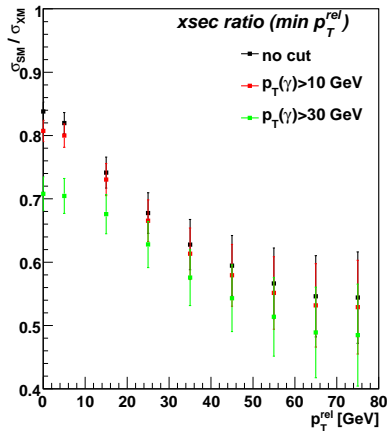
Relative $p_T(f, \gamma)$ (2)

- Consider relative photon p_T w.r.t. momentum of some other MC particle f :

$$p_T^{\text{rel}} = \sin(\angle(\gamma, f)) \cdot |\vec{p}(\gamma)|$$



Relative $p_T(f, \gamma)$ (2)



- xsec ratios are calculated from 120k events ($\hat{=} 90 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)
- Errors are scaled for $\int L dt = 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

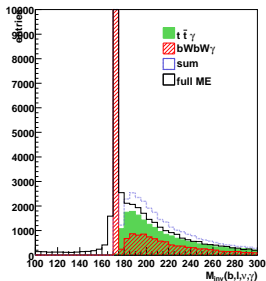
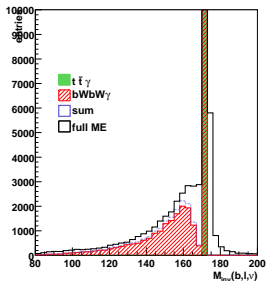
Factorization of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2l\nu\gamma$ (1)

- QFT: Only probabilistic interpretation of $t\gamma$ coupling
→ no unique discrimination possible, **but:**
- WHIZARD 2: Factorization in intermediate sub-processes possible (“narrow width approximation”)
- Create two samples ($\sum = 50\text{ k}$, event number weighted by $x_{\text{sec}} \times \text{BR}$):
 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \quad \Rightarrow t \rightarrow b l \nu \quad (t \rightarrow b q \bar{q}')$
 $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} \quad \Rightarrow t \rightarrow b l \nu \gamma \quad (t \rightarrow b q \bar{q}' \gamma)$
- Compare with full ME calculation
($pp \rightarrow b q \bar{q}' \bar{b} l \bar{\nu} \gamma$) (also 50k events)

Cross sections \times BR ($\sqrt{s} = 7\text{ TeV}$)

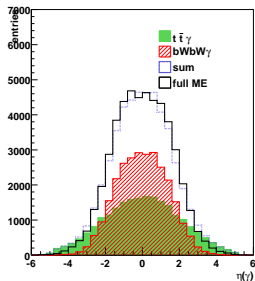
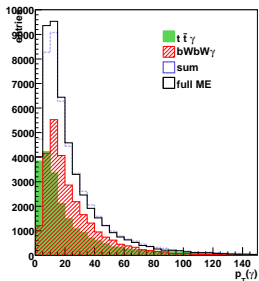
$\sigma_{\text{fact.}} \times \text{BR}$	642, 7 fb
$\sigma_{\text{full ME}} \times \text{BR}$	506, 2 fb

Factorization of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2l\nu\gamma$ (2)



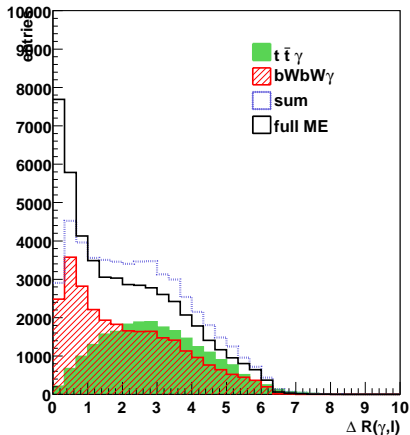
- Look at **reconstructed top mass**
 - ▶ Upper plot: M_{top} reconstructed without photon
 - ▶ Lower plot: M_{top} reconstructed with photon
- Height of top mass peak cut in these views
- Far away from top mass peak: **Good agreement** between **full ME calc.** and **factorization**
- **Good discriminant!** (Disadvantage: exact top mass reconstruction required!)

Factorization of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2l\nu\gamma$ (3)



- Upper plot: signal photon p_T spectrum ($t\bar{t}\gamma$ couplings) softer than background \rightarrow not good
- Lower plot: η spectrum: excess for $\eta \gtrsim 2.0 \rightarrow$ difficult to cut for such η range
- p_T and η not good discriminating variables

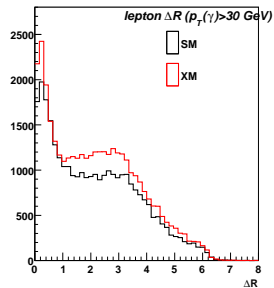
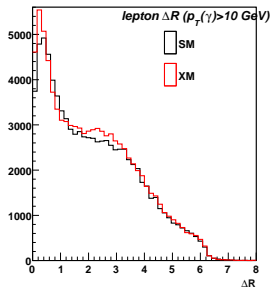
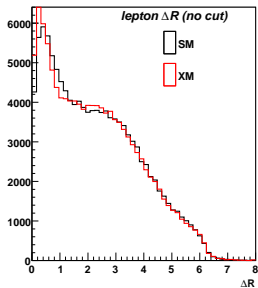
Factorization of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2l\nu\gamma$ (4)

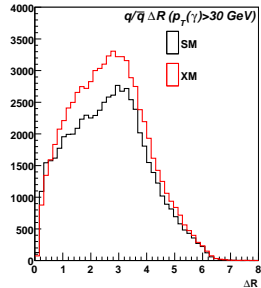
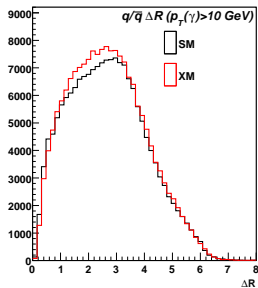
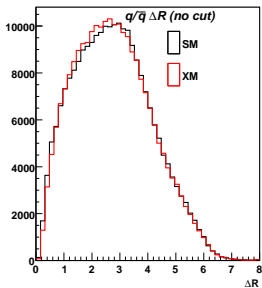


- ΔR between photon and lepton
- In principle: Good separation potential
→ leptons+photon can be reconstructed with good accuracy!
- But: Poor agreement with full ME!
⇒ How much can we trust this approximation?

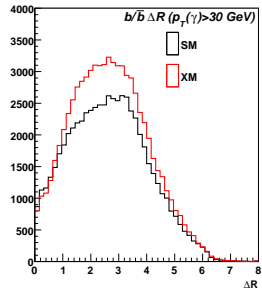
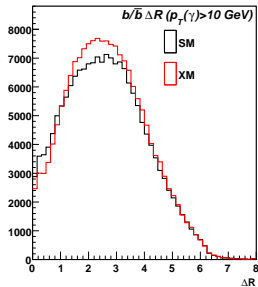
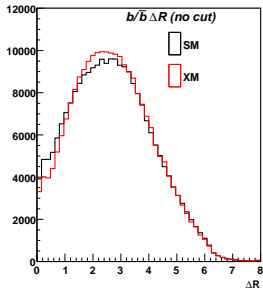
- Investigation of radiative top quark processes $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma$ important for
 - ① Determination of the electric charge of the top quark (SM $+2e/3$ vs. exotic model with $-4e/3$)
 - ② Measurement of the electro-magnetic form factors
- MC generator WHIZARD for generating $t\bar{t}\gamma$ events
 - ▶ Improvements on absolute xsec prediction via K-factors from QCD NLO calculation?
- Looking further for improvements of SM/XM separation (angular distributions, relative p_T xsec ratios)
- WHIZARD 2: Factorization of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}\gamma \rightarrow b\bar{b}j_1j_2\ell\nu\gamma$ into sub-processes
 - ▶ Optimizing phase space cuts to increase gain of $t\gamma$ couplings
- Until mid of 2011: Begin studies on form factors
- **Further discussion very welcome!**

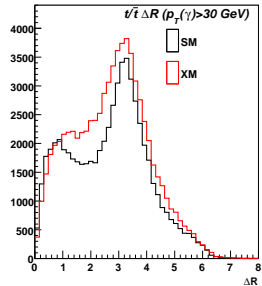
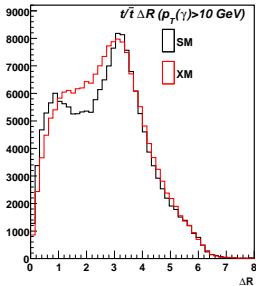
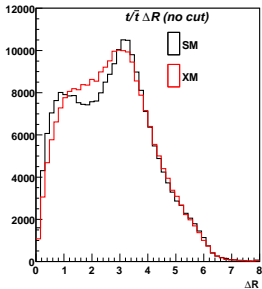
Backup slides



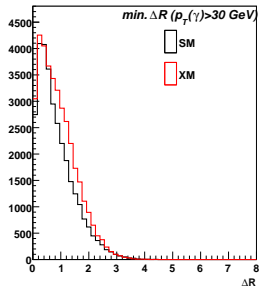
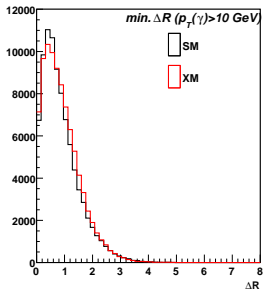
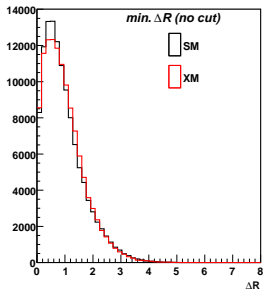


$\Delta R(b/\bar{b}, \gamma)$

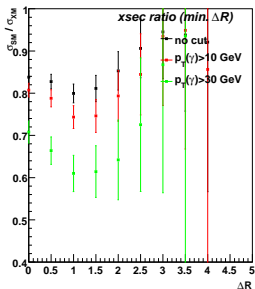
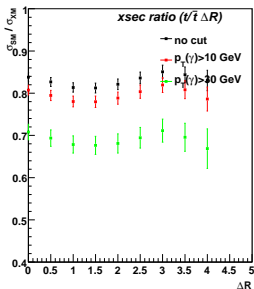
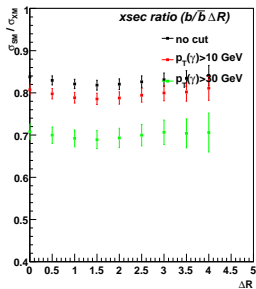
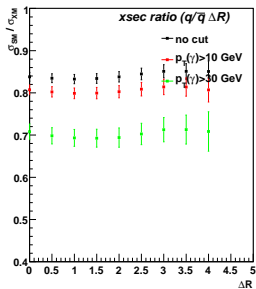
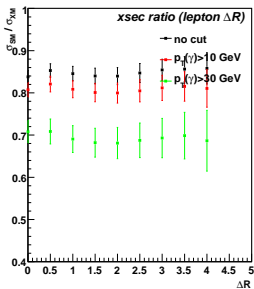


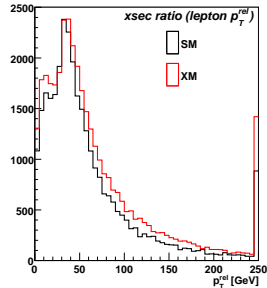
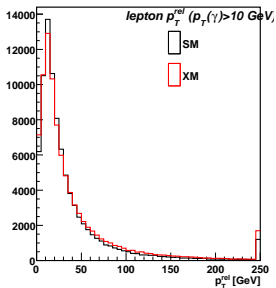
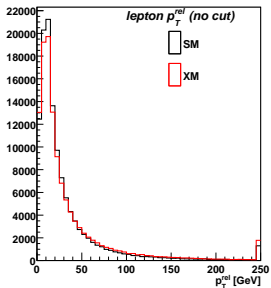


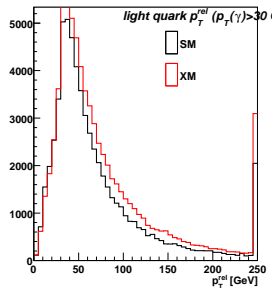
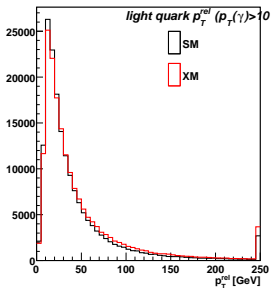
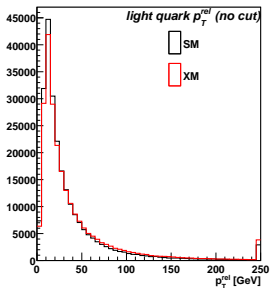
minimum $\Delta R(f, \gamma)$

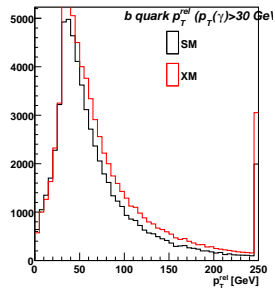
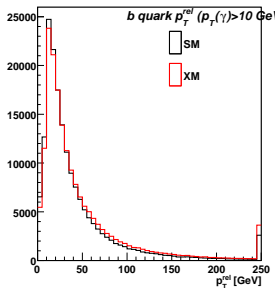
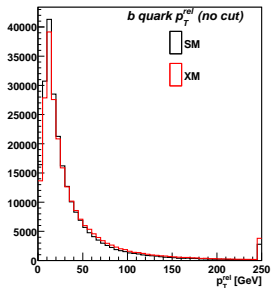


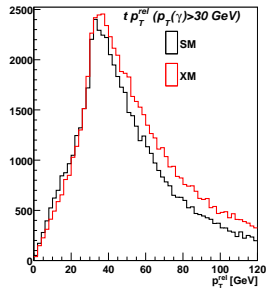
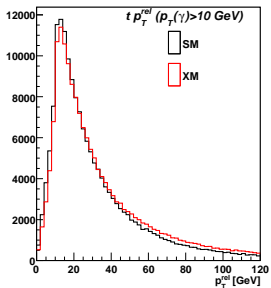
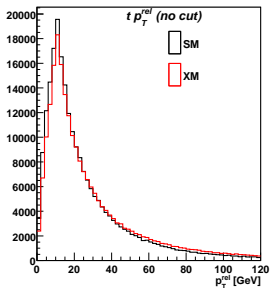
$\Delta R(f, \gamma)$ vs. xsec ratios

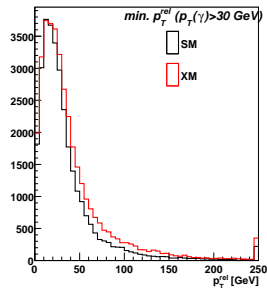
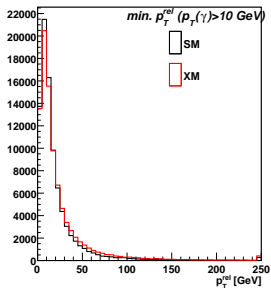
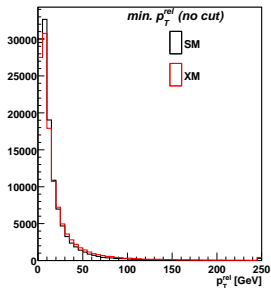












$p_T^{\text{rel}}(f, \gamma)$ vs. xsec ratios

