COMPLEMENTARY CONSTRAINTS ON $Zb\bar{b}$ COUPLING AT THE LHC

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L,R $Zb\bar{b}$ Coupling and the SM prediction:

$$\mathcal{L}_{Zb\bar{b}} = \frac{-e}{s_W c_W} Z_\mu (g_L \bar{b}_R \gamma^\mu b_L + g_R \bar{b}_L \gamma^\mu b_R)$$
$$g_{L,SM} = -1/2 + s_W^2/3$$
$$g_{R,SM} = s_W^2/3$$

Symmetric / asymmetric observable

$$\begin{array}{ll} ({\rm LEP}) & \frac{\sigma_Q^{inc}}{\sigma_q^{inc}} = R_Q \propto (g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) \\ ({\rm LEP}) & \frac{\sigma^A}{\sigma^{inc}} = A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)} \\ ({\rm Tevatron, LHCb}) & A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) + \sigma_{\rm QCD}} \\ ({\rm LHCb}) & R_{b/c} \propto A_b/A_c \end{array}$$



For small deviation, R_Q and A_{FB} give orthogonal bounds

LEP(2.9 σ) SLD(1 σ) @ Z-pole: $e^-e^+ \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ [hep-ex/0509008],1407.3792

Tevatron/LHCb: $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z^* \rightarrow bb$ 1504.06888, 1505.02429, 1504.02493, 1901.07573

Future Proposal e^-e^+ collider: 1508.07010, 2107.02134 HL-LHC processes: 2101.06261 ($gg \rightarrow Zh$)

Symmetric / asymmetric observable: $\sqrt{s} \approx m_{\tau}$

$$\begin{array}{ll} ({\rm LEP}) & \frac{\sigma_Q^{inc}}{\sigma_q^{inc}} = R_Q \propto (g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) \\ ({\rm LEP}) & \frac{\sigma^A}{\sigma^{inc}} = A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 - g_{e,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + g_{e,R}^2)} \\ ({\rm Tevatron, LHCb}) & A_{FB} \propto \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 - g_{Q,R}^2)}{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2) + \sigma_{\rm QCD}} \\ ({\rm LHCb}) & R_{b/c} \propto A_b/A_c \end{array}$$



For small deviation, R_O and A_{FB} give orthogonal bounds

Observable for the $gg \rightarrow bb\ell^-\ell^+$ process: Total cross section: $\propto g_L^2 + g_R^2$ Systematics dominant (>2-3%) and not competitive with LEP (0.3%)

Asymmetric observable:

In the massless fermion limit, for the Z-mediated channel: $g_L \rightarrow b_L, \bar{b}_R \rightarrow b(-), \bar{b}(+); g_R \rightarrow b_R, \bar{b}_L \rightarrow b(+), \bar{b}(-)$

Chirality of the coupling $\{g_L, g_R\}$ corresponds to charge ordering: $\mathcal{M}_{I}^{-+}(b,\bar{b}) = \mathcal{M}_{R}^{-+}(\bar{b},b)$

 $\{g_L, g_R\}$ asymmetric term <=> $\{b, b\}$ Asymmetric observable: A_{FB} : whether b/\bar{b} is closer to the ℓ^- (Forward) direction: $sign(\cos \phi)$ Or in Lorentz invariant form $(p_b - p_{\bar{b}})(p_{\ell} - p_{\ell})$











$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Observable for the } gg \to b\bar{b}\ell^{-}\ell^{+} \text{ process:} \\ & \text{Polarisation summed } \overline{|\mathcal{M}|}^{2}(\ell^{-}\ell^{+} \to Z^{*}/\gamma^{*} \to b\bar{b}); & \overset{\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{S}}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}})}{\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{A}}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}})} \\ & |\mathcal{M}|^{2} = |\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{S}}|^{2}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}) \\ & \left(\frac{1}{m_{\ell\ell}^{4}} + \frac{9/4}{\sin\theta_{W}^{4}\cos\theta_{W}^{4}} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^{2} + g_{Q,R}^{2})(g_{e,L}^{2} + g_{e,R}^{2})}{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2}} + \frac{3/2}{\sin\theta_{W}^{2}\cos\theta_{W}^{2}} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})(g_{Q,L} + g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} + g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^{2}((m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2})} \right) \\ & + |\mathcal{M}_{A}|^{2}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}) \\ & \left(\frac{9/4}{\sin\theta_{W}^{4}\cos\theta_{W}^{4}} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^{2} - g_{Q,R}^{2})(g_{e,L}^{2} - g_{e,R}^{2})}{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2}} + \frac{3/2}{\sin\theta_{W}^{2}\cos\theta_{W}^{2}} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})(g_{Q,L} - g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} - g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^{2}((m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2})}\right). \end{aligned}$$

Similar to the LEP process: The asymmetric Lorentz invariant coefficient for $\{g_L, g_R\}$ asymmetric term

$$(p_b - p_{\bar{b}}).(p_{l^-} - p_{l^+})$$

Define angle in the Z^* ($m_{\ell\ell}$) rest frame: $sign(cos\psi)$

$$\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{S}}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}) = \mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{S}}(p_{\bar{b}}, p_{b}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}),$$
$$\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{A}}(p_{b}, p_{\bar{b}}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}) = -\mathcal{M}_{\mathcal{A}}(p_{\bar{b}}, p_{b}, p_{\ell^{-}}, p_{\ell^{+}}).$$

w) between
$$\overrightarrow{p}_{b} - \overrightarrow{p}_{\overline{b}}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{p}_{\ell^{-}}$



Through mee Analysis: γ, Z and interference contribution $gg \to Zb\bar{b}, Z \to \ell^-\ell^+$

 $\frac{d\sigma_{\gamma}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{1}{m_{\ell\ell}^4}$ $\frac{d\sigma_Z}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{9/4}{(\sin\theta_W^2 \cos\theta_W^2)^2} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^2 + g_{Q,R}^2)(g_{e,L}^2 + G_{Q,R}^2)}{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2 + \Gamma_Z^2}$ $\frac{d\sigma_{\rm int}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = F(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{3/2}{\sin\theta_W^2 \cos\theta_W^2} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)(g_{Q,L} + g_Q)}{m_{\ell\ell}^2 ((m_{\ell\ell}^2 - M_Z^2)^2)}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma}^{A}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} &= 0\\ \frac{d\sigma_{Z}^{A}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} &= G(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{9/4}{(\sin\theta_{W}^{2}\cos\theta_{W}^{2})^{2}} \frac{(g_{Q,L}^{2} - g_{Q,R}^{2})(g_{e,L}^{2} - g_{e,R}^{2})}{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2}}\\ \frac{d\sigma_{\text{int}}^{A}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} &= G(m_{\ell\ell}) \frac{3/2}{\sin\theta_{W}^{2}\cos\theta_{W}^{2}} \frac{(m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})(g_{Q,L} - g_{Q,R})(g_{e,L} - g_{e,R})}{m_{\ell\ell}^{2}((m_{\ell\ell}^{2} - M_{Z}^{2})^{2} + \Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2})} \end{aligned}$$

$$A(m_{\ell\ell}) = \frac{d\sigma_{tot}^A}{d\sigma_{tot}} = \frac{d\sigma_{\gamma}^A + d\sigma_Z^A + d\sigma_{int}^A}{d\sigma_{\gamma} + d\sigma_Z + d\sigma_{int}},$$



$$\frac{+g_{e,R}^{2}}{2M_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2}}$$

$$\frac{Q_{R}(g_{e,L}+g_{e,R})}{2+\Gamma_{Z}^{2}M_{Z}^{2}}$$



Simulation and Realistic effects

Benchmark fit $pp \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell^-\ell^+$ with LO simulation $\sigma = A + B(g_L + g_R) + C(g_L^2 + g_R^2)$ $\sigma^A = D + E(g_L + g_R) + F(g_L^2 + g_R^2)$

Parton analysis for 10 GeV bin from 35-125 GeV: σ , σ_A , ATotal Asymmetry contribution $A_p = \frac{\sum_c A_c \sigma_c}{\sum_c \sigma_c}$ (Charge) Tagging efficiency: $A_{obs} = \frac{2\varepsilon_{charge} - 1}{1 - 2\varepsilon_{charge} + 2\varepsilon_{charge}^2} A_p$ Basic Selection Cuts: $p_{T,bjet} > 20, p_\ell > 10$ GeV and $|\eta|_{bjet,\ell} < 2.5$

MET>30 GeV (for reducing $t\bar{t}$ background)

Simulation and Realistic effects

Statistic error and results

$$(\delta\sigma^{stat})^2 = \frac{(\sigma_{bbZ} + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{\rm SF})^2}{N}$$

$$A_{\rm SF} = \frac{\sigma_{\rm SF}^A}{\sigma_{\rm SF}} = \frac{A_{Zb\bar{b}}\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}} + A_{t\bar{t}}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}}{\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}} + \sigma_{t\bar{t}}}$$

$$(\delta A_{\rm SF}^{\rm stat})^2 = \frac{1 - A_{SF}^2}{N_{SF}}$$

 g_L

Systematic error: (Higher order correction, PDF, m_b correction, experimental error) Estimate with LO scale variation (20-30% on $\delta\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ and $\delta\sigma_{Zb\bar{b}}$)

 $\chi^2 = \sum_{I=bins} \frac{\left(A_{obs}^I(g_L, g_R) - A_{obs}^{I,SM}\right)^2}{\left(\delta A_{stat}^I\right)^2 + \left(\delta A_{sust}^I\right)^2}.$

Low, High, Z-pole bins give complementary constraints

LO Sys/2. Inc

LO Sys. Inc.

(correlated systematics between $t\bar{t}$ -SF and $t\bar{t}$ -DF)

$$\bar{A} = \frac{\bar{\sigma}^A}{\bar{\sigma}} = \frac{(\sigma_{\rm SF}^+ - \sigma_{\rm DF}^+) - (\sigma_{\rm SF}^- - \sigma_{\rm DF}^-)}{(\sigma_{\rm SF}^+ + \sigma_{\rm SF}^-) - (\sigma_{\rm DF}^+ + \sigma_{\rm DF}^-)} \approx A_{Zb\bar{b}}$$

Conclusion

- The $Zb\bar{b}$ coupling measurement at LEP has persistent anomaly which remain a poorly constrained at the hadron collider era
- The study at Tevatron, LHCb huge QCD contribution and associated systematics
- Asymmetric observable $\mathcal{O}_{[b,\bar{b}]}$ provide orthogonal information to total cross section measure on the $\{g_L, g_R\}$ coupling, also the main source of anomaly
- $b\bar{b}\ell^{-}\ell^{+}$ study at LHC provides complimentary probe through $m_{\ell\ell}$ spectra
- Systematic error as dominant source can be availed by $t\bar{t}(DF)$ subtraction
- Realistic systematic error prospects give competitive HL-LHC constraints