Inclusive & differential tZq measurements at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

Results from <u>arXiv:2111.02860</u> (submitted to JHEP)

Physics at the Terascale

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Introduction

tZq process highly relevant

- Complementary to ttZ
- Rare couplings
- Electroweak produced
 - Polarized top quark







Different modeling aspects (JHEP 08 (2020) 082)



Sensitive to EFT operators (JHEP 10 (2018) 005)



CMS

Introduction



77.4 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

tZq WZ

Previous CMS measurement (Phys. Rev. Lett. 122 (2019) 132003)

- Observation using partial Run-II data •
- Inclusive cross section with ~15% precision •

 $\sigma_{tZq} = 111 \pm 13(\text{stat.})^{+11}_{-9}(\text{syst.})$ fb

Theory (5FS) (Phys. Lett. B 779 (2018) 358)

$$\sigma_{tZq} = 94.2 \pm 3.1(scale + PDF)$$
fb

CMS CMS 77.4 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV) Events / 0.13 Events / 0.13 100 tZq tīZ ZZ Data Data ě WZ tīZ ttX / tX Nonprompt e / μ tīX / tX Xγ^(*) Χγ^(*) 100 Multiboson Total unc. 2-3 jets, 1 b-tagged 50 50 Data / Pred. Total unc 0.5 0.5 0E

0.5

BDT output

-0.5

0



Today

- New result using full Run-II data •
- Improved inclusive cross section
- First differential cross sections •
- First measurement of the top quark spin asymmetry ٠
 - Proportional to polarization



Event selection & reconstruction

CMS

secondary vertex

Full Run-II data: 138 fb⁻¹

Three lepton final state (e/ μ)

- Single/double/triple lepton triggers
- 3 Leptons p_T > 25/15/10 GeV
 - Improved prompt lepton MVA
 BDT
- OSSF lepton pair $|m_{\parallel} m_{Z}| < 15 \text{ GeV}$
- \geq 2 Jets $p_{\tau} > 25 \text{GeV}$ $|\eta| < 5$
- \geq 1 b-jet DeepJet: $\epsilon \approx 85\%$ MT $\approx 1\%$ [gluon or u,d,s quark] 15% [c quark]

 W^{-}

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Analytic event reconstruction

- Top quark
 - E_{T}^{miss} from neutrino
 - W mass constraint \rightarrow neutrino p_z
 - Choose b jet for best top mass
- Recoiling jet
 - Non b tagged jet with max p_T



prompt

nonprompt

primary vertex

Backgrounds

Different backgrounds in the signal region Defined four control regions to:

- Verify modeling
- Constrain related uncertainties in fit

WZ:

• 0 b-jets



- 4 leptons
- ≥ 2 jets
- 1 Z candidate

400

200

0.5

Stat. uncertainty





Data / Pred.

Number of jets

0.8

Stat. uncertainty

Number of muons in event

Backgrounds with nonprompt leptons

Data driven estimation using fake factors

- Probability for nonprompt lepton to pass ID
 - Measured in multijet enriched region
- Fake factors applied on data in sideband region
- Closure test in MC
 - Ensure measured fake factor can be applied to sideband region

Validated in control region

Nonprompt:

1 b-jets, 2/3 jets, no Z candidate







Signal extraction

MVA to isolate tZq

- Discriminating features related to
 - Recoiling jet
 - N_{jets} & N_{b-jets}
 - Z & top candidate

Inclusive:

...

• BDT with 16 input variables



Differential:

- Multiclass NN with 22 input variables
- 5 classes for different backgrounds







CMS

Inclusive cross section



Inclusive cross section measured with maximum likelihood fit





$$\sigma_{tZq} = 87.9^{+7.5}_{-7.3}(stat)^{+7.3}_{-6.0}(syst) fb$$

Also measured: Charge ratio

$$R = \frac{\sigma_{tZq(\ell_t^+)}}{\sigma_{\bar{t}Zq(\ell_t^-)}} = 2.37^{+0.56}_{-0.42}(\text{stat})^{+0.27}_{-0.13}(\text{syst})$$

Likelihood based unfolding

Multidimensional likelihood

- Separate signal template for each generator level bin
- Fit histogram binned in observable x NN tZq score

Number of events / bin

Data / Pred.

10⁴

10³

10²

10

1.4

0.8 0.6

Including control regions

Unregularized profile likelihood fit

Directly accounted for

- Bin to bin migrations •
- **Background subtraction** •
- Systematic and statistic uncertainties •



Differential cross sections

- 9 Observables chosen for
- Sensitivity to BSM physics
- Modeling aspects
- Measuring properties

Parton & particle level, absolute & normalized

Precision in each bin

- Down to 15% for leptonic observabels
- Down to 20% for observables including jets

Compared to 4FS & 5FS simulation

• Yet not sensitive to differences

DESY. | CMS | tZg | david.walter@cern.ch, 24/11/2021







Top quark spin asymmetry

CMS

Electroweak produced top quarks

- Polarized
- Sensitive to anomalous couplings





- Lepton from top quark prefers to travel along direction of top quark spin
- Top quark travels in opposite direction of light flavored quark / recoiled jet
- Spin asymmetry measured in "optimized basis"

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma}{\mathrm{d}\cos(\theta_{\mathrm{pol}}^{\star})} = \sigma_{\mathrm{tZq}} \left(\frac{1}{2} + A_{\ell}\cos(\theta_{\mathrm{pol}}^{\star})\right)$$

$$\cos(\theta_{\rm pol}^{\star}) = \frac{\vec{p}(\mathbf{q'}^{\star}) \cdot \vec{p}(\ell_{\rm t}^{\star})}{|\vec{p}(\mathbf{q'}^{\star})| |\vec{p}(\ell_{\rm t}^{\star})|}$$

Reparameterized likelihood function

• Extracted directly in fit

 $A_{\ell} = 0.54 \pm 0.16 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.06 (\text{syst})$



Summary & conclusion

Most precise inclusive cross section measurement

• Including charge ratios First differential cross section measurement

First measurement of the top quark spin asymmetry

Still statistically dominated

Significant systematic contribution
 Overall good agreement with SM predictions



Higher statistics from Run 3 highly beneficial for this analysis: stay tuned!

Thanks!





BACKUP

Inclusive cross section

CMS

Leading systematic uncertainties

- Matrix element $\mu_{_{\!R}}\,\&\,\mu_{_{\!F}}$
- Nonprompt background normalization constrained by control region





















absolute

normalized