

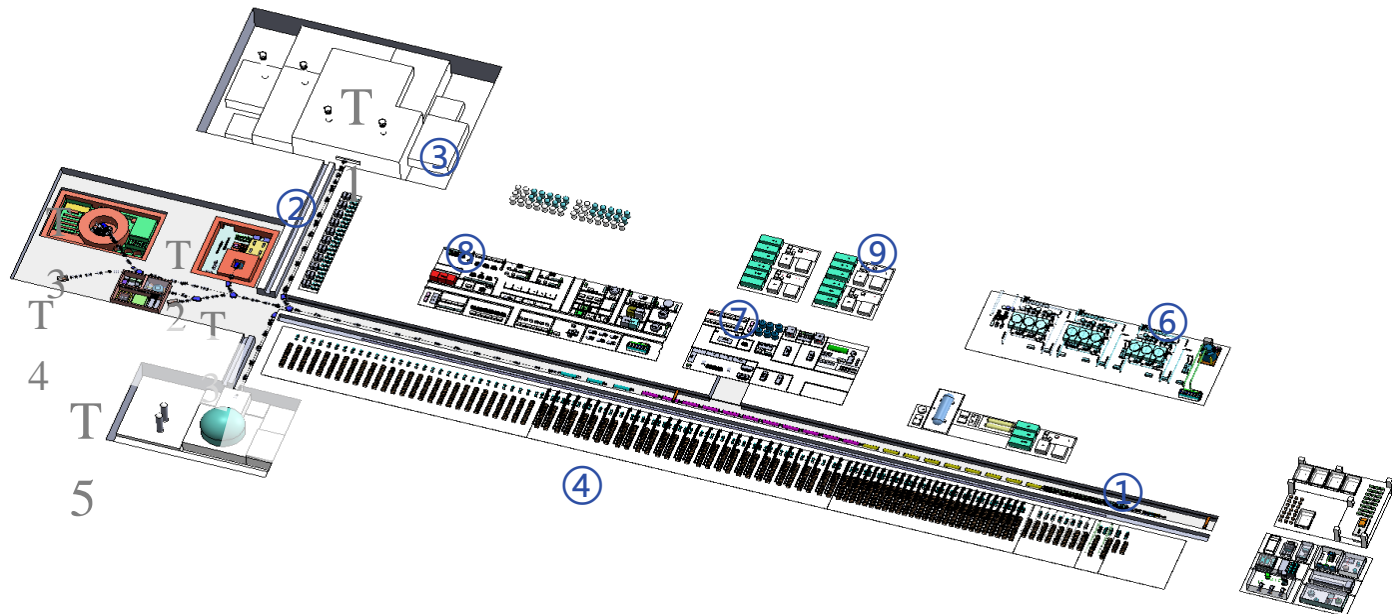
A faint, light-gray background diagram of a particle accelerator facility, showing various buildings, a long central structure, and connecting lines, likely representing the Linac Center.

IMP novel cavity technology development for industrial application

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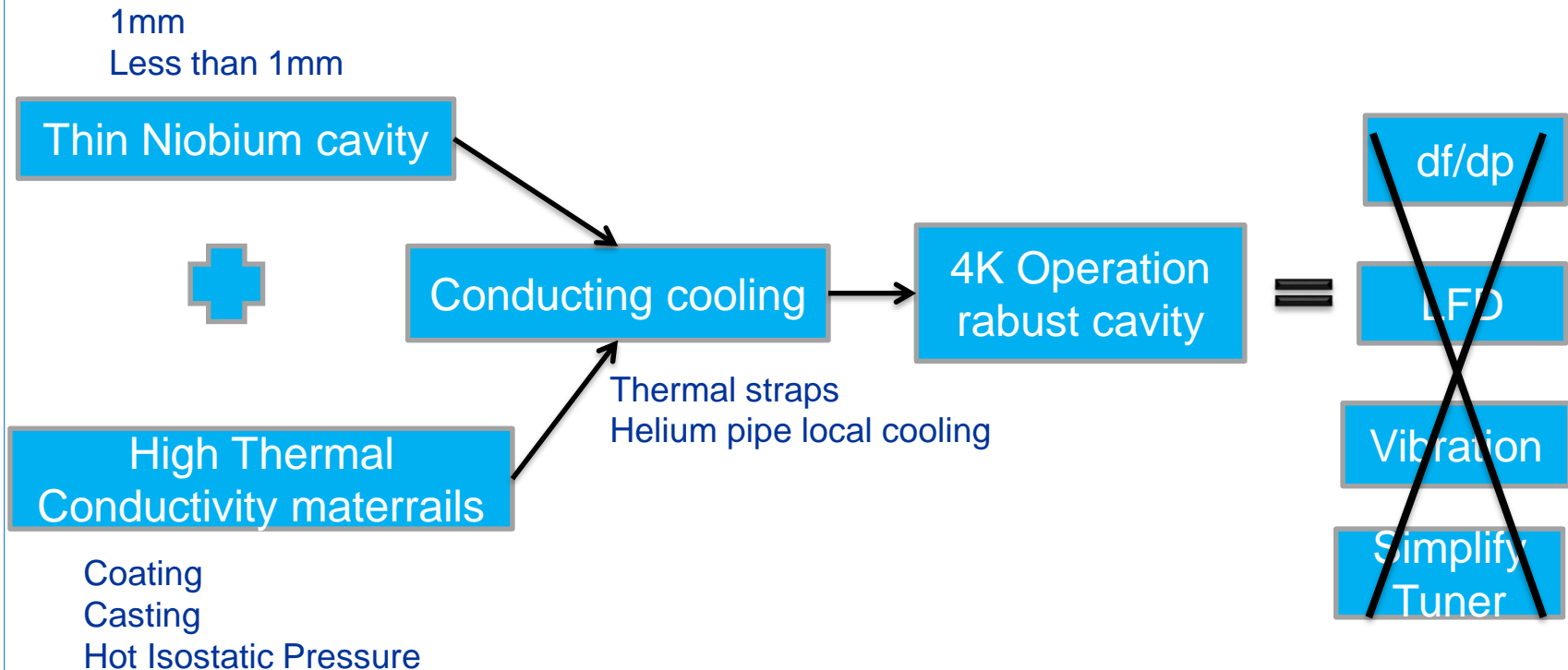
- ❑ **1. Introduction**
- ❑ **2. Niobium Copper Cavity**
 - ❑ 2.1 Thin cavity development
 - ❑ 2.2 Nb-Cu HWR Cavity Design
 - ❑ 2.3 Cavity Vertical Testing Results
 - ❑ 2.4 Horizontal Testing Prepare
- ❑ **3. Conclusions and Future plans**

- ❑ **SRF Cavity Requirements for Industrial application**
 - ❑ CiADS(153 Cavity)
 - ❑ Medical Isotope Production(60 Cavity \times 2)
 - ❑ University researching small facility(a few cavity).....
 - ❑ High stability
 - ❑ Affording constructing cost
 - ❑ High performance



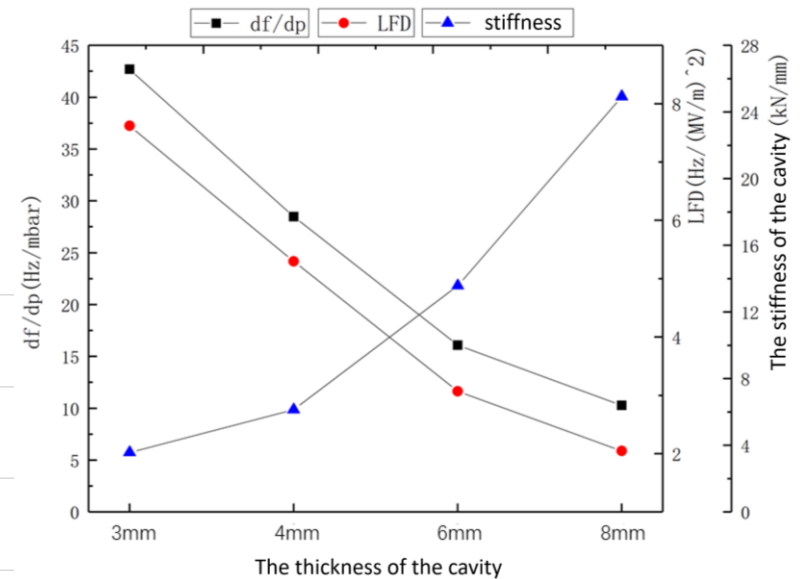
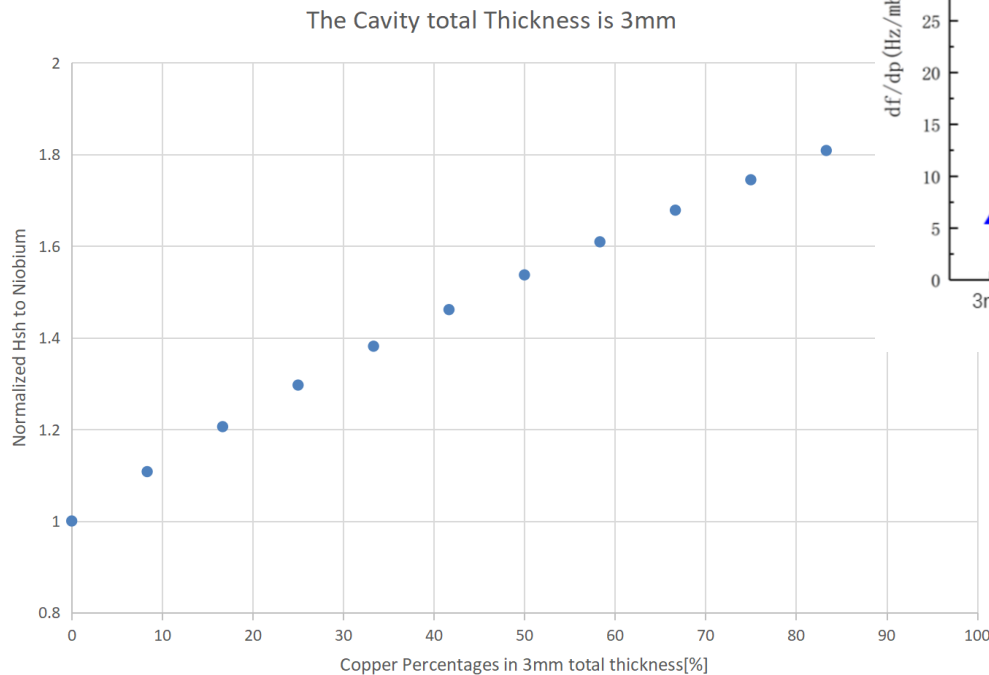
□ A system integration of new technology

- Thin niobium cavity fabrication
- Bonding high thermal conductivity materials to niobium
- Conducting cooling at 4K

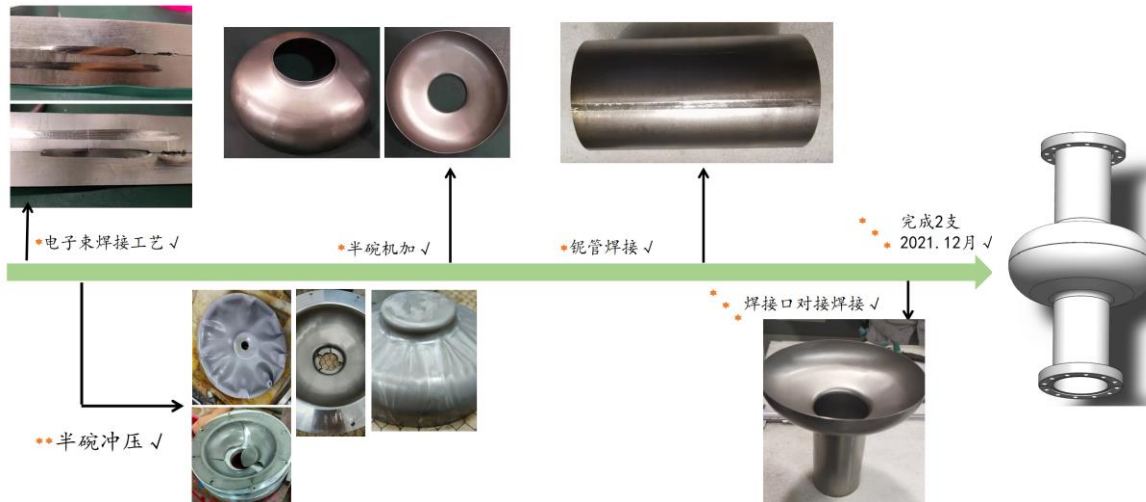


2. Niobium Copper Cavity

- **Higher thermal stability**
 - Nb thermal conductivity $0.25RRR=75 \text{ W/(m.k)}$
 - Cu thermal conductivity 400 W/(m.k) even more
- **Low cost of niobium(3mm to 1mm)**
- **High Mechanical stability**

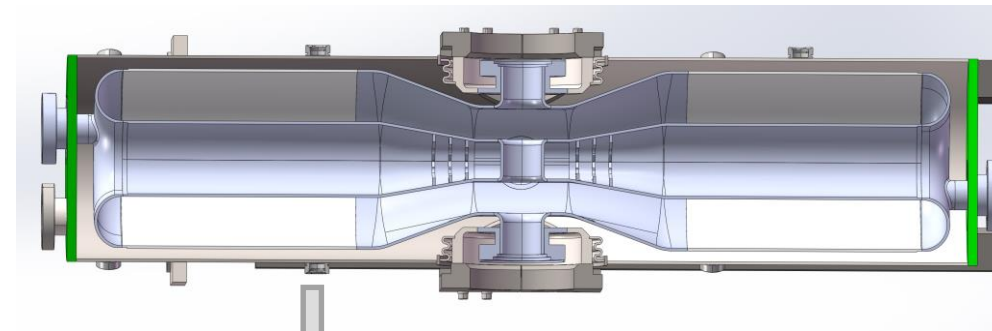


- ❑ 1mm thickness 1.3 GHz cavity are develeoped
- ❑ Three cavity fabrication vendors are involved
- ❑ Completed Two single cell cavities



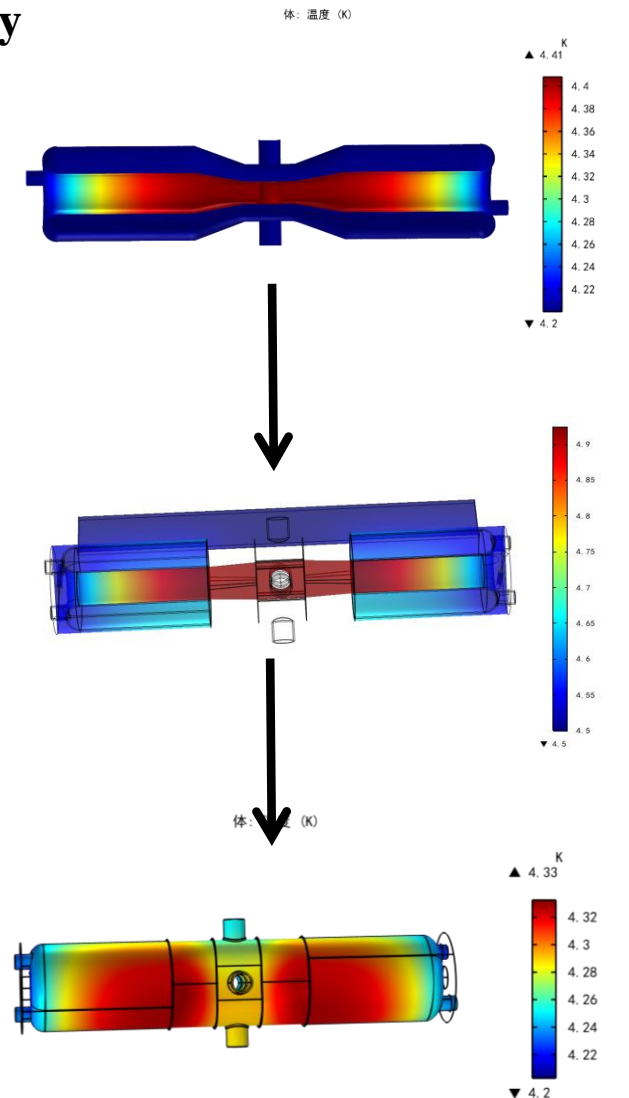
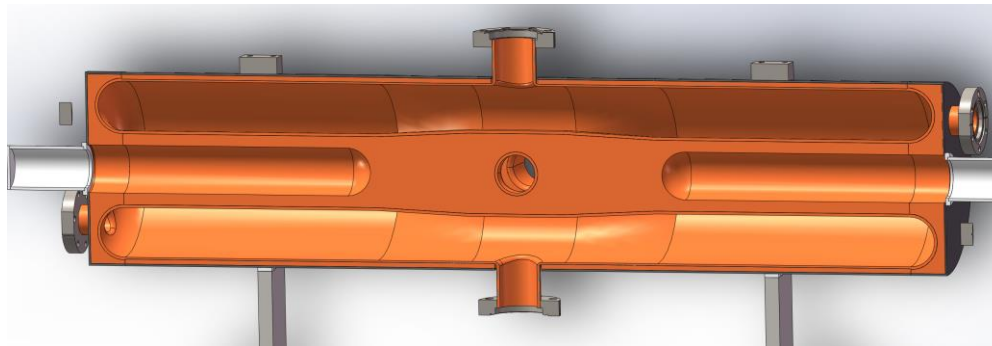
□ Aimed to improve the stability of low beta cavity

- Local area helium cooling
- Rest area use conducting cooling

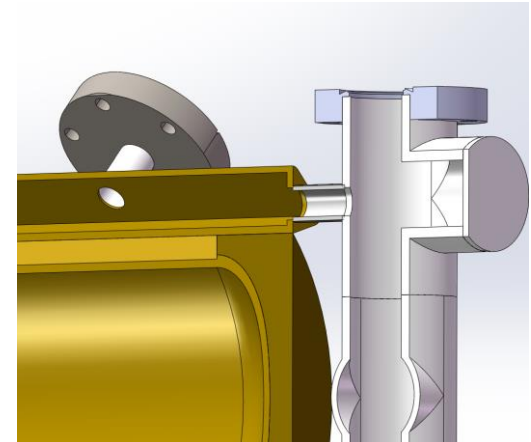
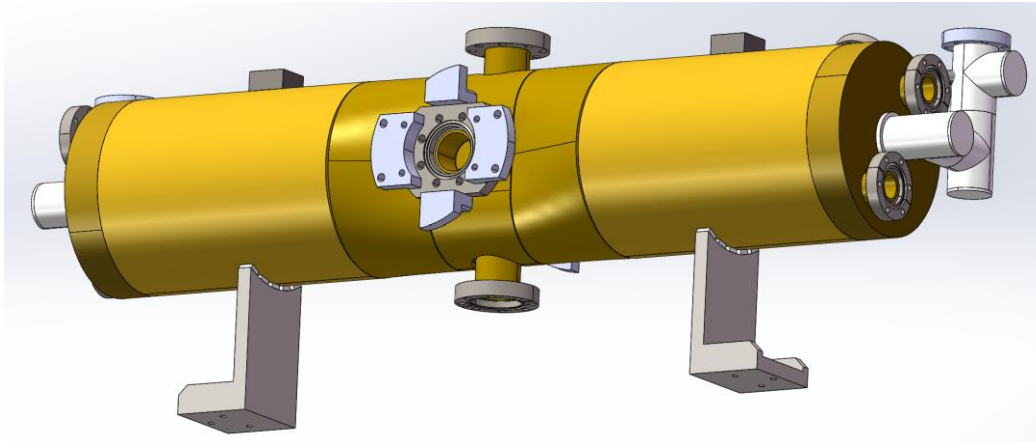
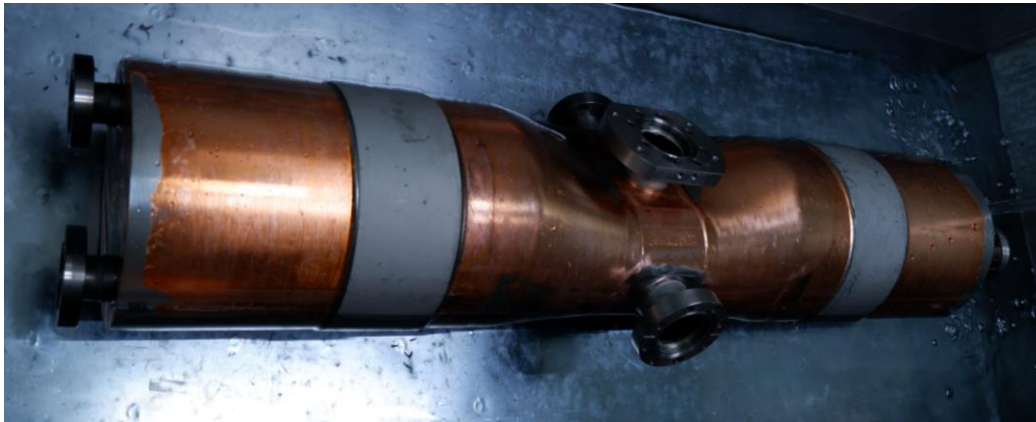


$$\frac{df}{dp} = -8 \text{ Hz/mbar}$$

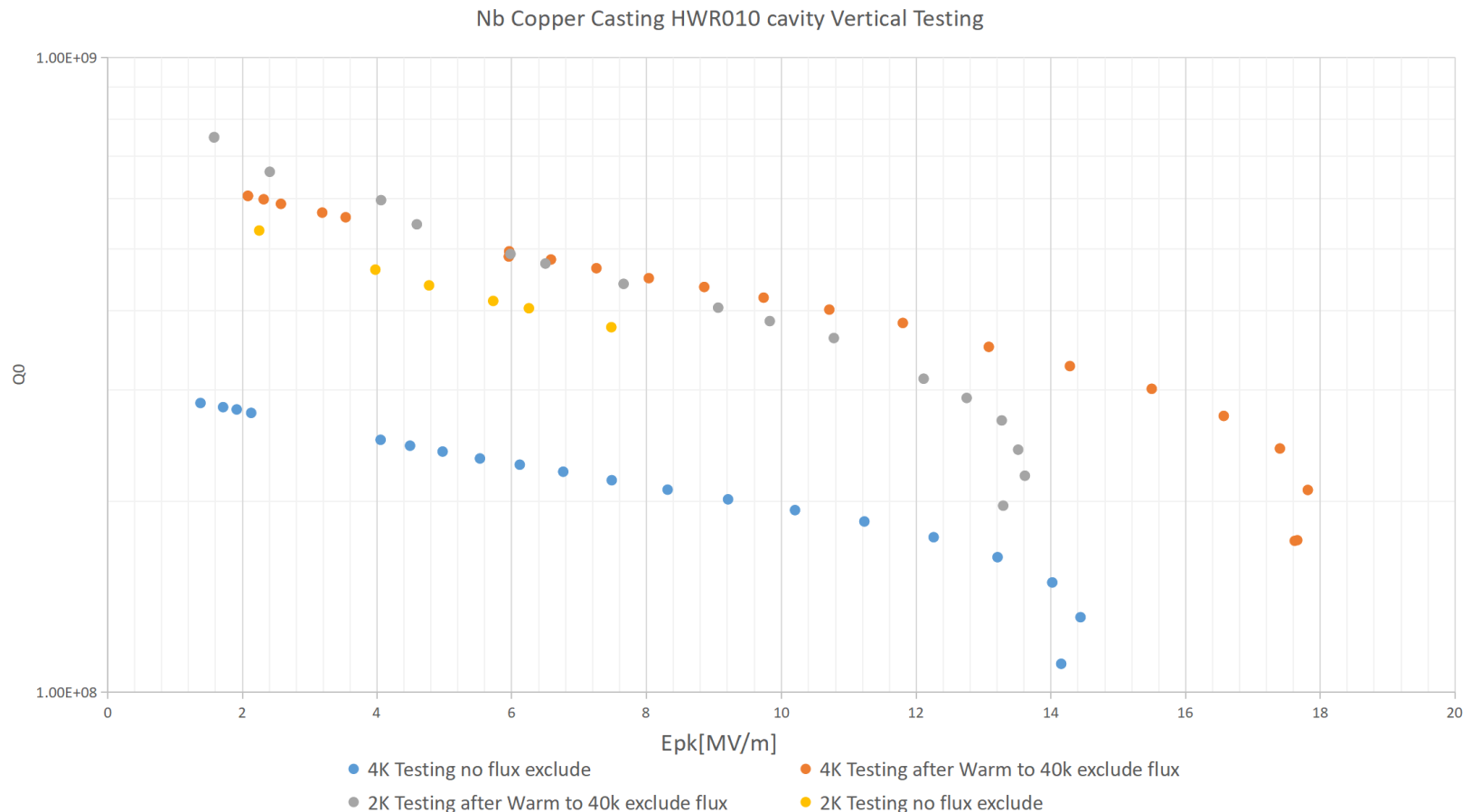
$$\frac{df}{dp} = -0.08 \text{ Hz/mbar}$$



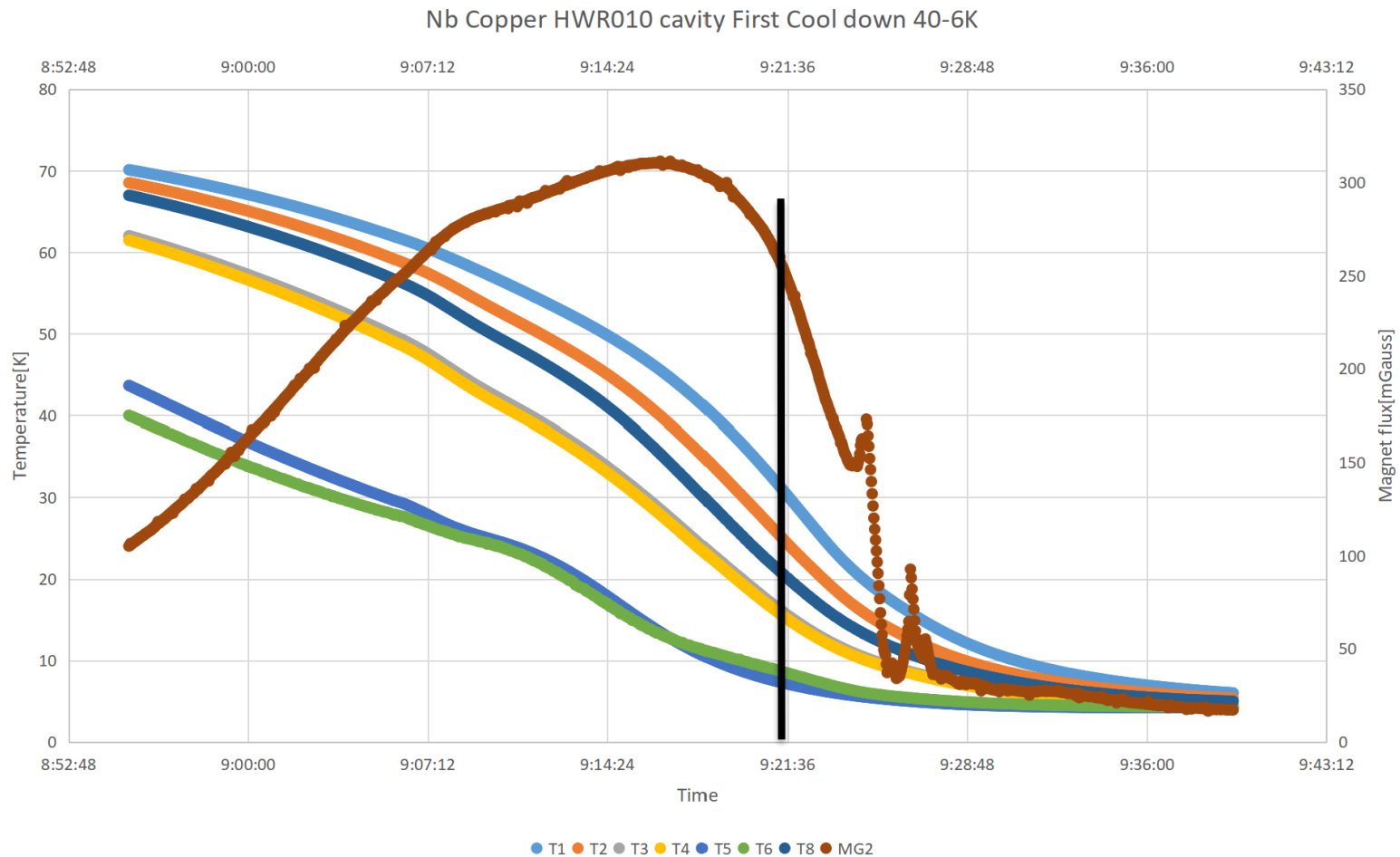
- ❑ 2mm Niobium Cavity+4~5mm Casting Copper
- ❑ 200 μ m BCP +600 0C 10 hours + light BCP +HPR



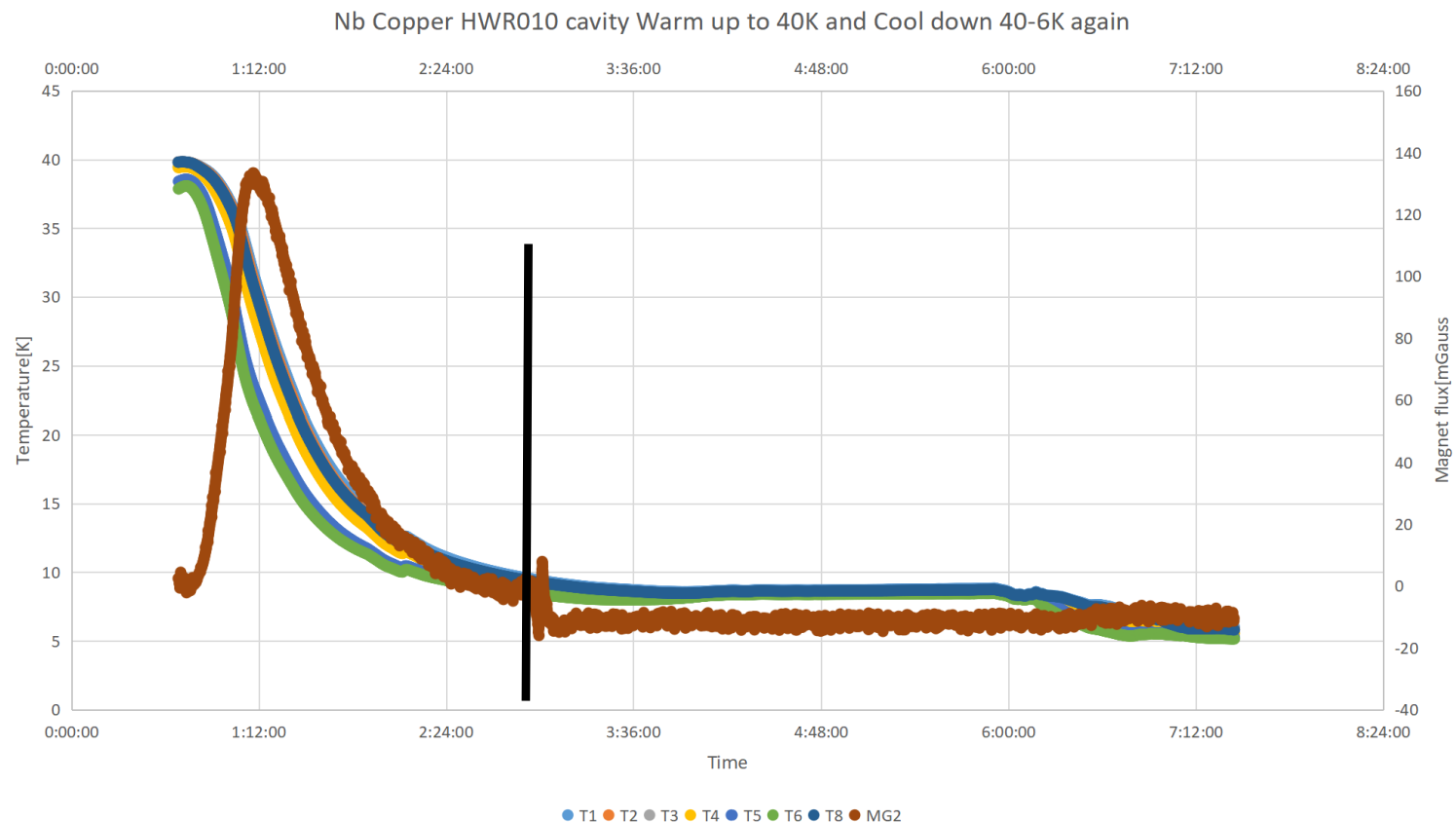
- Firt vertical testing shows the cavity performance limited by the trapping flux and hydrogen Q disease



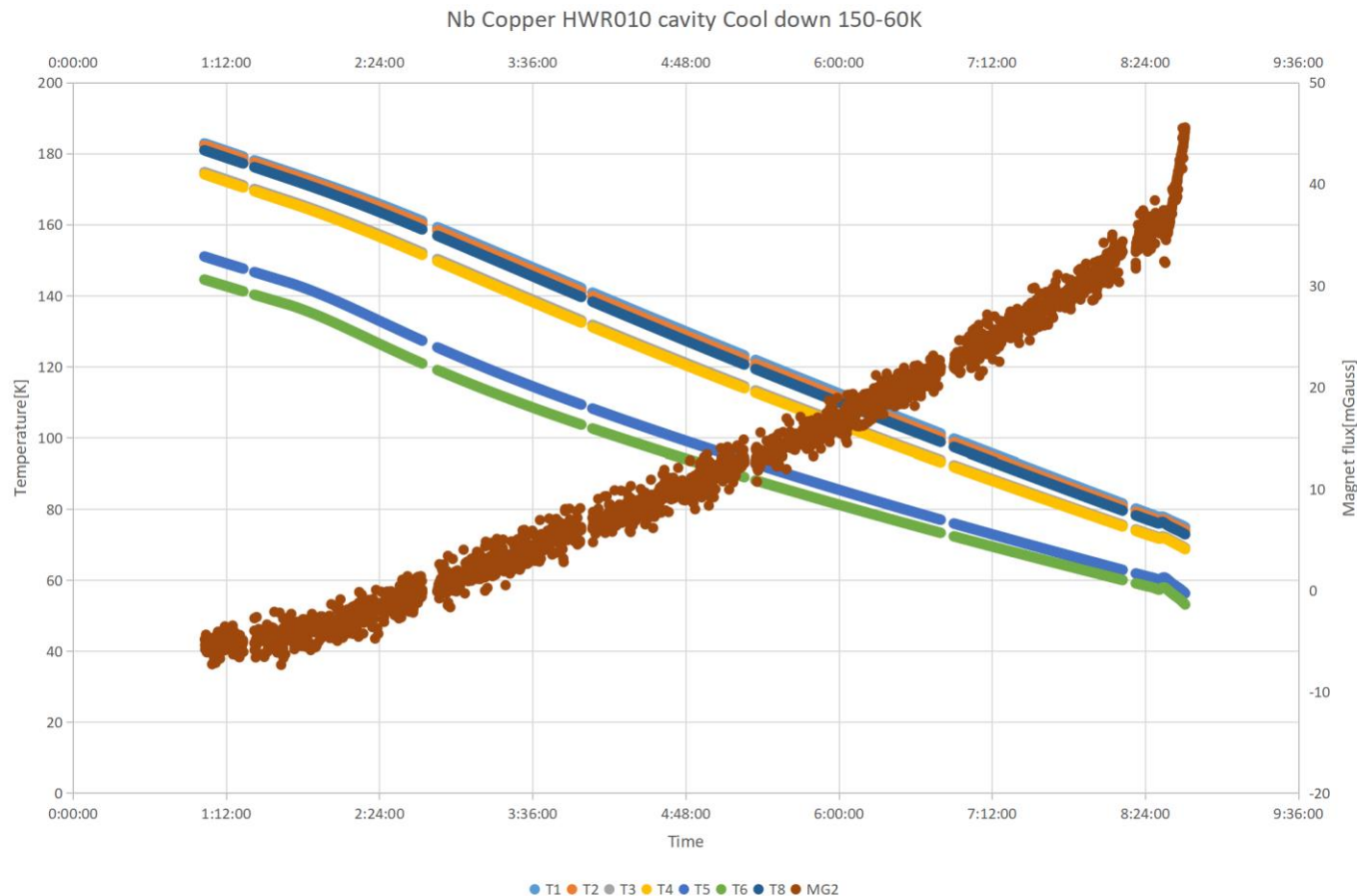
- ❑ Confirmed part of resistance come from trapping flux
- ❑ First round cool down absorbed 250 mGauss Flux



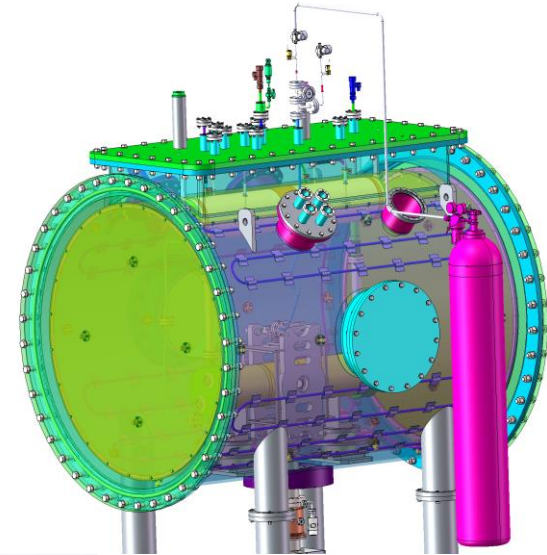
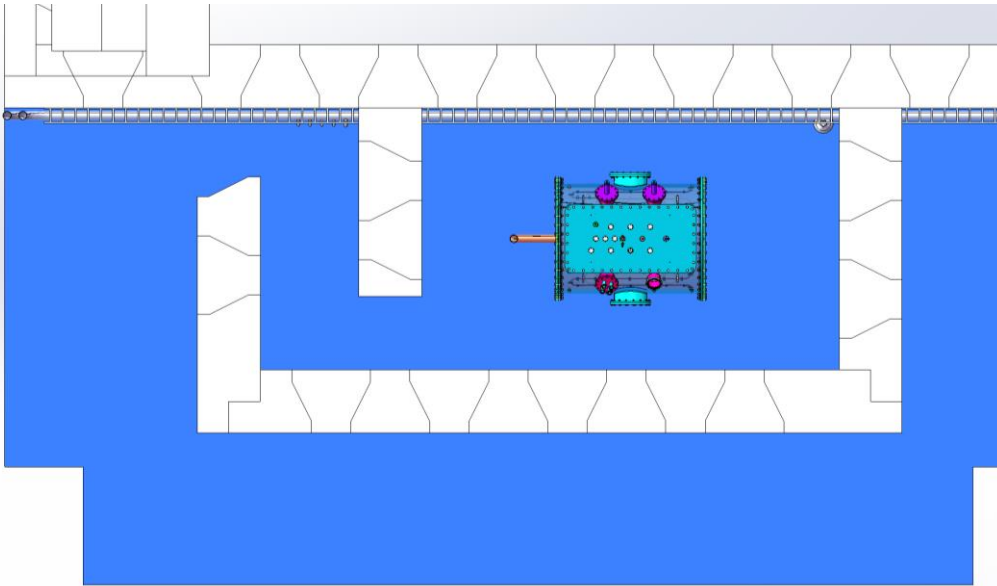
- ❑ Warm up to 40K and re cool down absorbed 14mGauss Flux
- ❑ Low beta cavity sensitivity is $1.1\text{n}\Omega/10\text{mGauss}$
- ❑ Additional resistance is $28\text{n}\Omega$ in first cool down, consisting with the Q0 testing, which shows $42\text{n}\Omega$ difference.



- ❑ 150K-75K slowing cool down possible low down Q0
- ❑ 1K/min cool down are not achieved, stay 8hours in the dange area
- ❑ Another round testing is prepared



- ❑ Validating the conducting cooling method
- ❑ Validating the integration performance, cavity, tuner and coupler



- ☐ **The technology of producing thin cavity (near 1mm) have been ready**
- ☐ **Bonding high thermal conductivity copper to niobium cavity have been developed**
- ☐ **The surface preparation for casting copper to niobium cavity will be investigated**
- ☐ **1mm thick 1.3GHz cavity will be tested soon**
- ☐ **The horizontal testing facility will be ready soon**

Thanks for your attentions!