





## MPII - reading binary files

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#### Introduction

- \* Reading binary files from disk
  - ▶ Bottleneck for parallelization, ~ 50 MB/s
  - Caching by OS helps, but needs lot of memory
- \* Gzipped binary files
  - About factor 2 smaller
  - Need time for decompression (zlib)
    - -> read and decompress in parallel

## Parallel reading of binaries

- \* Loop over binary files
  - Parallelized
    - + Each thread reads from different file
    - + After 'end of file' thread takes next (unread) file
  - After first loop
    - + Sort files by size (number of records)
  - Second and later loops
    - \*Read in decreasing order to optimize load balancing (use smallest files (the loads to be distributed) at the end to have all threads finished at the same time)

# Timing example

#### \* Bows&kinks@UHH

- X5520, 2.27GHz, 96GB memory, 7 threads
- ▶ 4.6M tracks in 120 files (160 to 160k tracks)
- Read 19 times (cached by OS) for 6 MP iterations

GZIP	volume* [GB]	#threads (reading)	wall time [h:m]	reading binaries [s]	wait for last thread [s]	reading total time [s]	reading wall time [s]	reading speed [MB/s]
no	353	1	3:49	209	0	209	209	1700
no	353	7	3:47	311	44	355	51	7000
yes	171	1	4:26	2441	0	2441	2441	70
yes	171	7	3:52	2466	134	2601	372	460

<sup>\*</sup> volume by 'du -k',  $1GB = 10^{3}MB = 10^{6}KB$ 

#### Summary

- \* MillePede revision 69
  - Read binary files in parallel: threads nproc nread
- \* Parallelization of reading binaries
  - Decompression is much faster than reading from (usual) disks
  - Size reduction (gzip: factor 2) translates almost into similar time gain
- \* Tests with disk reading without OS caching
  - Will be done by Frank at PSI