

Detector Challenges of the Strong-Field QED Experiment LUXE at the European XFEL



LUXE



UCL

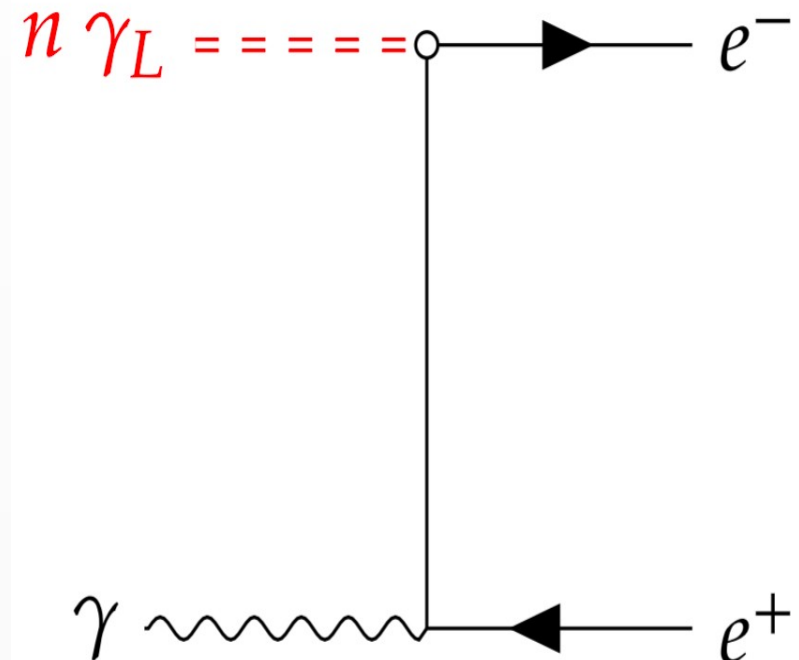
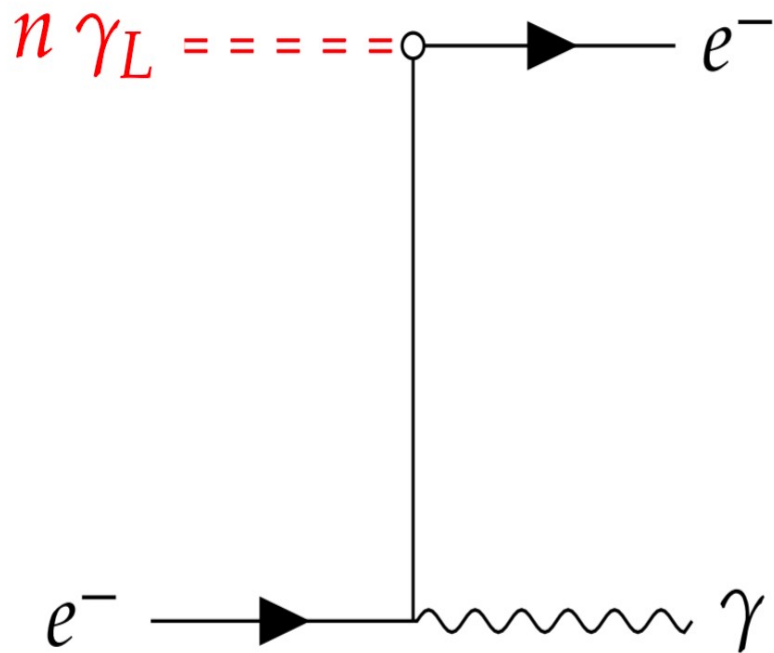
John A. Hallford^{1*}, on behalf of the LUXE experiment
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26.09.22-27.09.22

1. University College London / Deutsches Elektronen Synchrotron

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Strong-Field QED

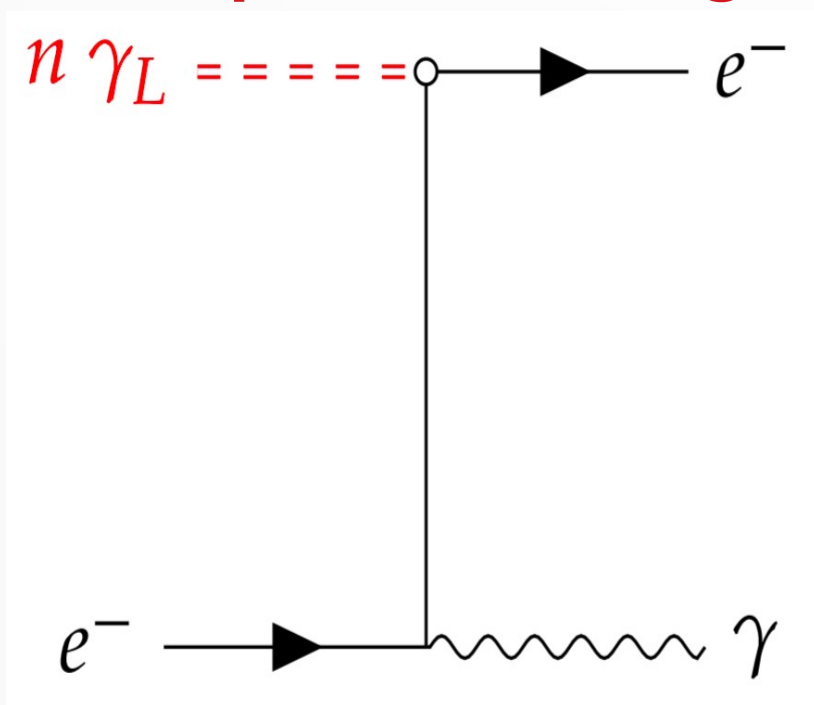
- QED is a remarkably accurate theory... until it isn't, at high energy / intensity scales
 - Near Schwinger Limit, non-linear QED processes can occur
- LUXE intends to measure these processes with high-power LASER pulses & the XFEL electron beam



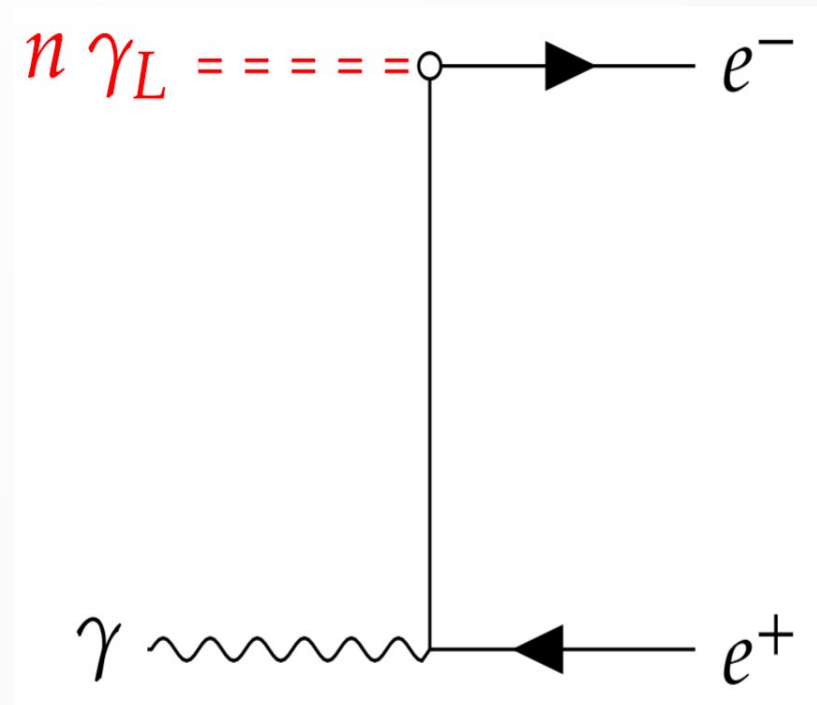
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Non-Linear Compton Scattering



Multiphoton Breit-Wheeler

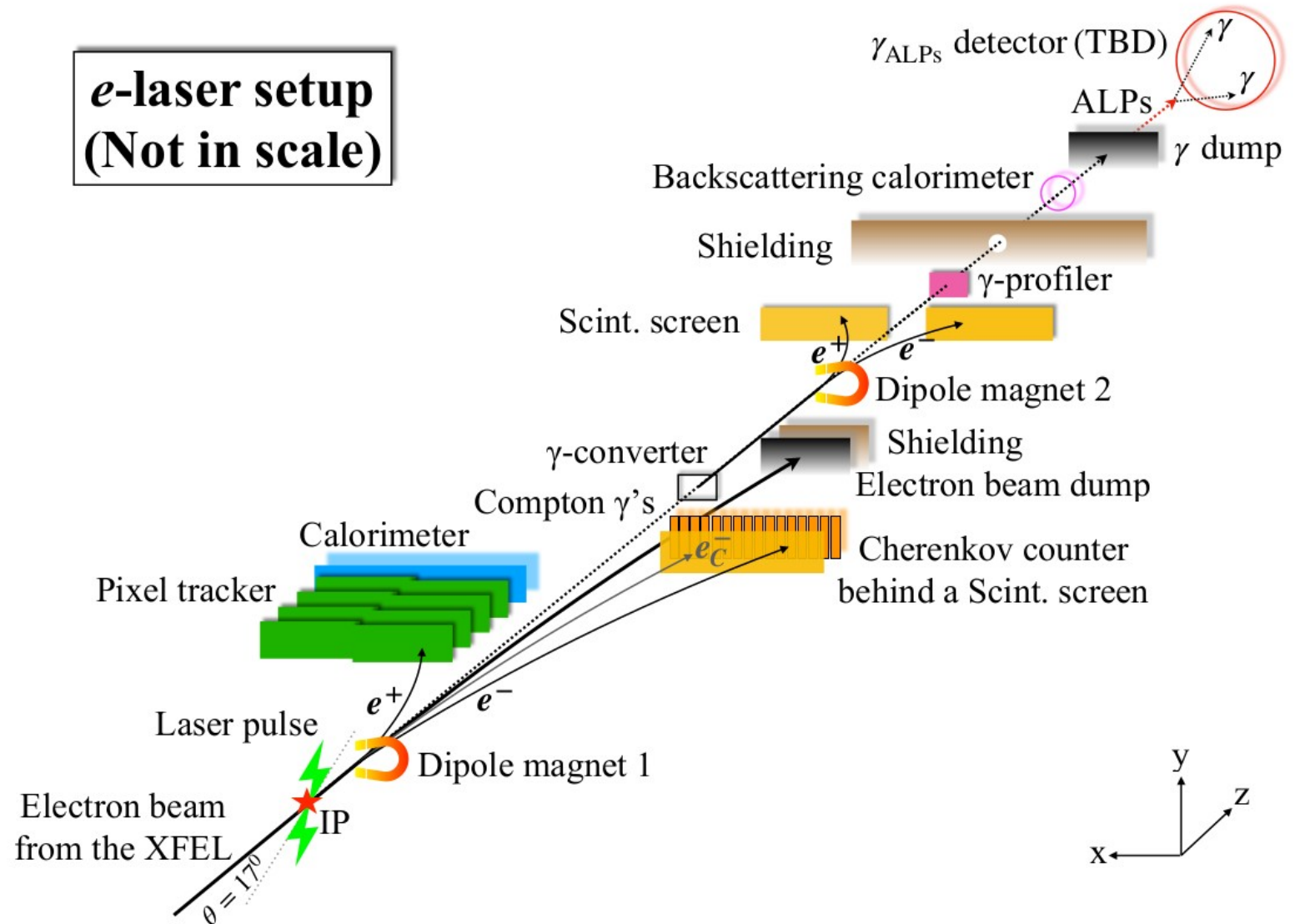


Detector Outline

Key Detection challenges:

- a. $\sim 10\text{GeV}$ electrons, in rates $10^7\text{-}10^9$
- b. $\sim 10\text{GeV}$ photons, in rates $10^7\text{-}10^9$ + directly measuring beam shape
- c. $\sim 5\text{GeV}$ positrons, in rates $10^3\text{-}10^6$ + in high background environment

***e*-laser setup
(Not in scale)**



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