# **Generative Models Hadronic Shower Simulation**

Erik Buhmann, Sascha Diefenbacher, <u>Engin Eren</u>, Frank Gaede, Daniel Hundhausen, Gregor Kasieczka, William Korcari, Anatolii Korol, Katja Krüger, Peter McKeown, Lennart Rustige

22.03.2022
DPG Spring Meeting





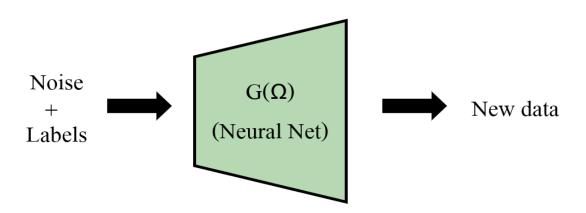


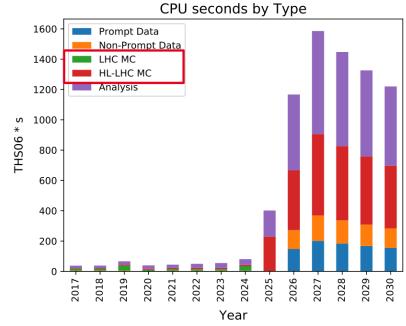




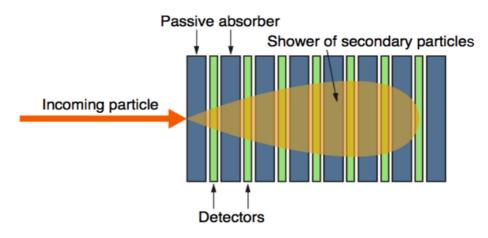
# The bottleneck in HEP Computing Resources

- MC simulation is computationally expensive
  - Calorimeters most intensive part of detector simulation
- Generative models potentially offer orders of magnitude speed up
- Amplify statistics of original data set
  - Generate new samples following distribution of original data
  - Significant less time per shower

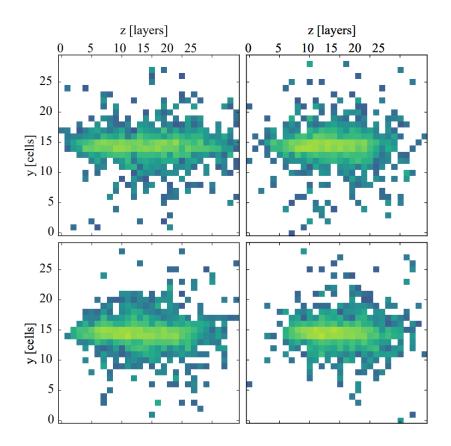




The HEP Software Foundation., Albrecht, J., Alves, A.A. et al. A Roadmap for HEP Software and Computing R&D for the 2020s. Comput Softw Big Sci 3, 7 (2019).



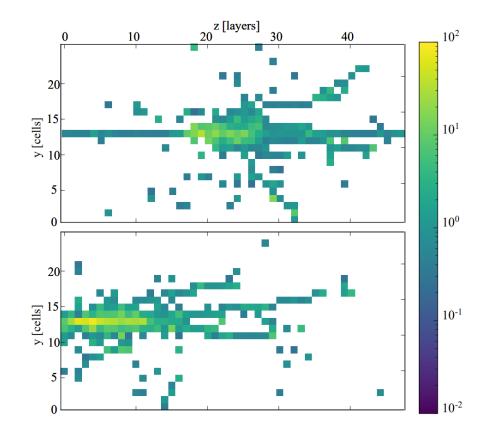
## **From Photons to Pions**



#### **Photon showers**

- Predominantly governed by EM interactions
- Compact structure





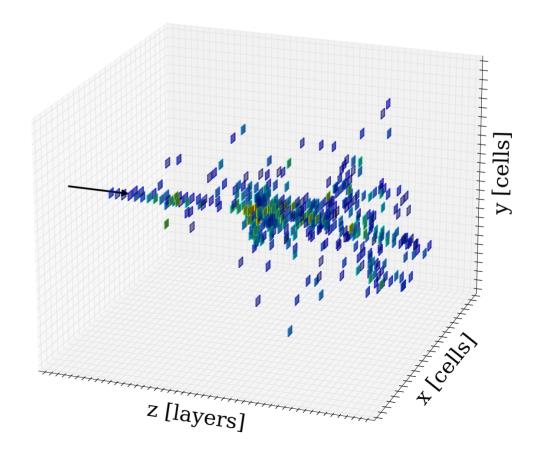
#### **Pion showers**

- Hadronic and EM interactions
- Complex structure
- Large event-to-event fluctuations

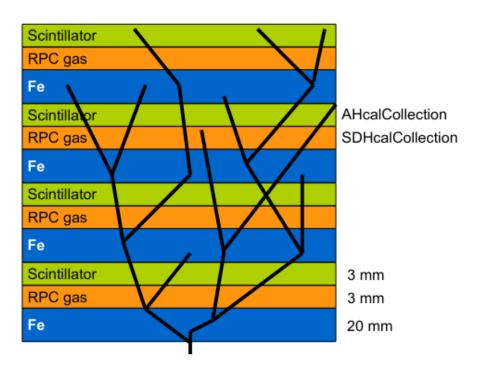
Hard to learn

**DESY.** | Engin Eren

# **Pion Dataset**



- 500k showers
- Fixed incident point and angle
- Projected onto 48 x 25 x 25
- Uniform energy: 10 GeV to 100 GeV



#### Hybrid simulation of ILD Hadron Calorimeter:

- Hits are recorded for scintillator and RPCs at the same time
- Here only scintillator (AHCal) is used

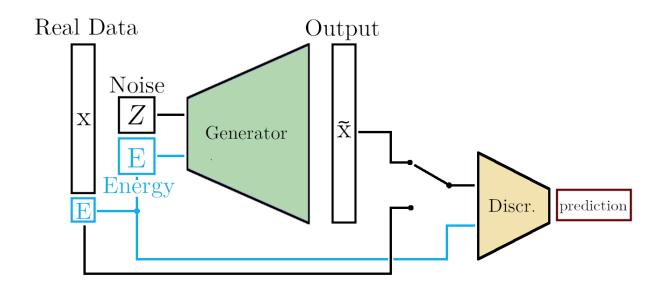
## **Architectures: GAN and WGAN**

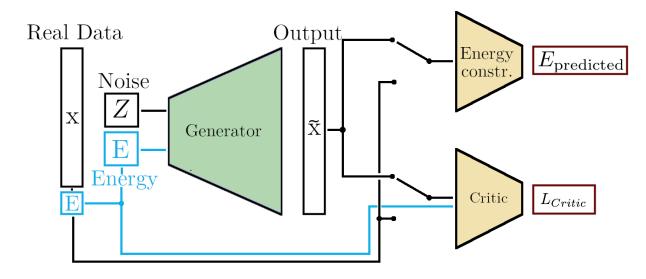
#### **GAN**

- Original Generative architecture applied for shower generation
- Discriminator and Generator play a minmax game

#### **WGAN**

- Alternative to classical GAN training
- Wasserstein-1 distance as loss with gradient penalty: improve stability
- Addition of auxiliary constrainer networks for improved conditioning performance





# **Architectures: BIB-AE**

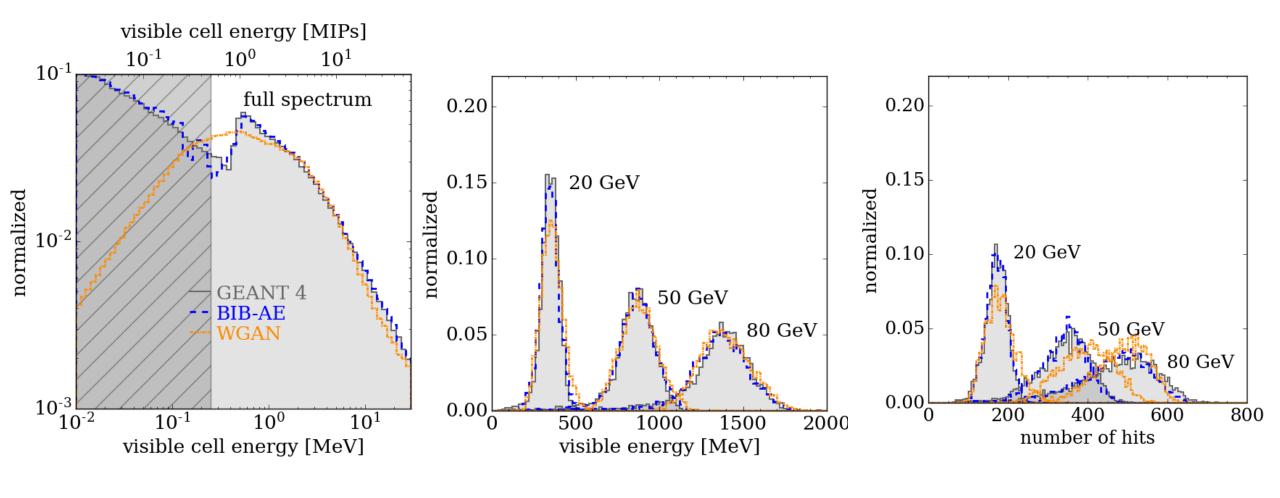
**Bounded-Information Bottleneck Autoencoder (BIB-AE)** 

- Unifies features of both GANs and VAEs
- Post-Processor network: Improve per-pixel energies; second training
- Multi-dimensional KDE sampling: better modeling of latent space

Input Intermediate Output  $\overline{_{
m Difference}}$   $L_{
m CriticD}$ Latent Post Decoder Processor Encoder Network  $L_{
m Critic}$ Critic KLD MSELatent  $L_{\mathrm{CriticL}}$ Critic  $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$ MMD  $L_{\text{Post}} = \text{MMD} + \text{MSE}$  $L_{\text{BIB-AE}} = \text{KLD} + L_{\text{CriticL}} + L_{\text{CriticD}} + L_{\text{CriticD}}$ 

Voloshynovskiy et. al: **Information bottleneck through variational glasses**, arXiv:1912.00830

# **Pion Shower Results I**

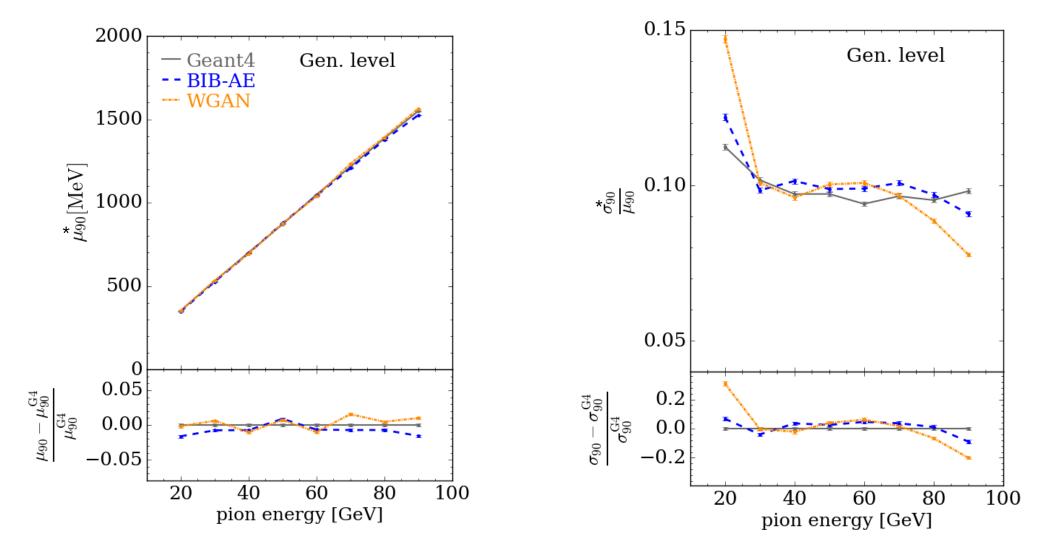


Very good agreement of MIP peak for **BIB-AE** with Post-Processing!

Great agreement with Geant4

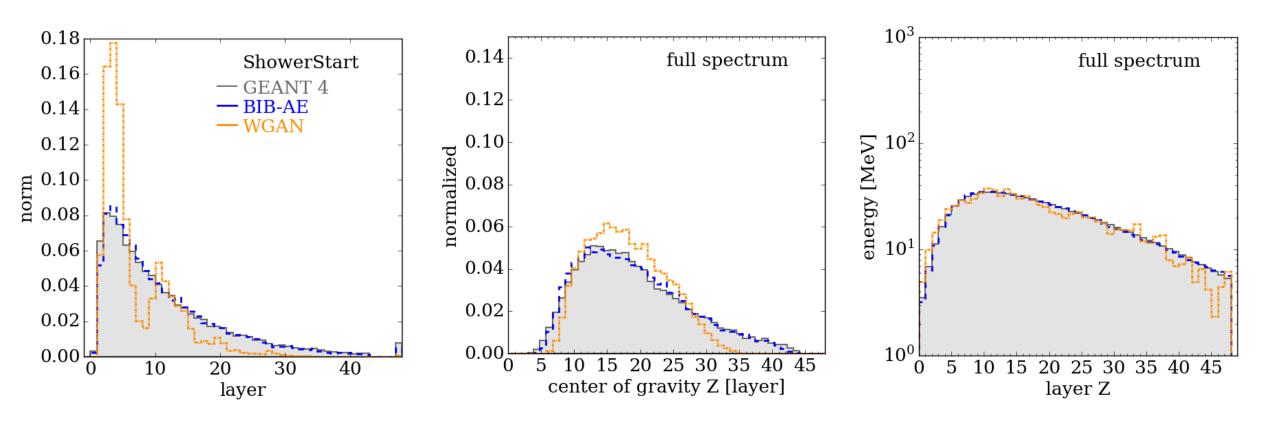
Too much hits for WGAN ~50 GeV BIB-AE is better

# **Pion Shower Results II**



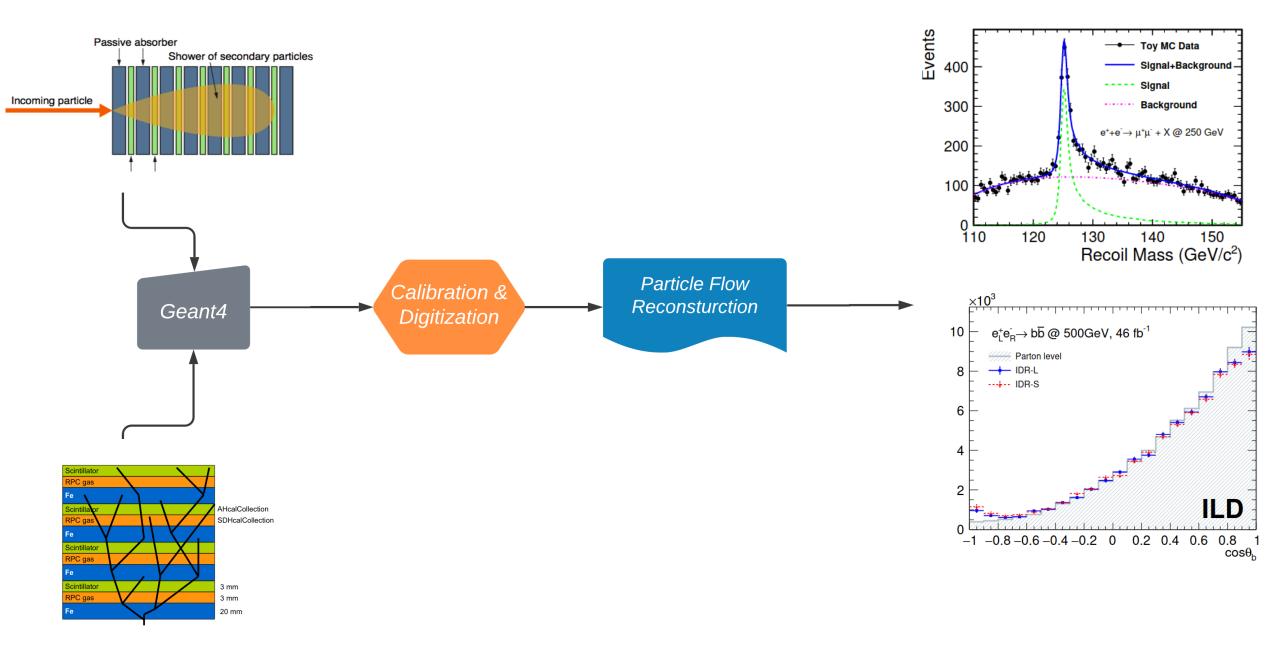
The most important quantity to get it right..

# **Pion Shower Results III**

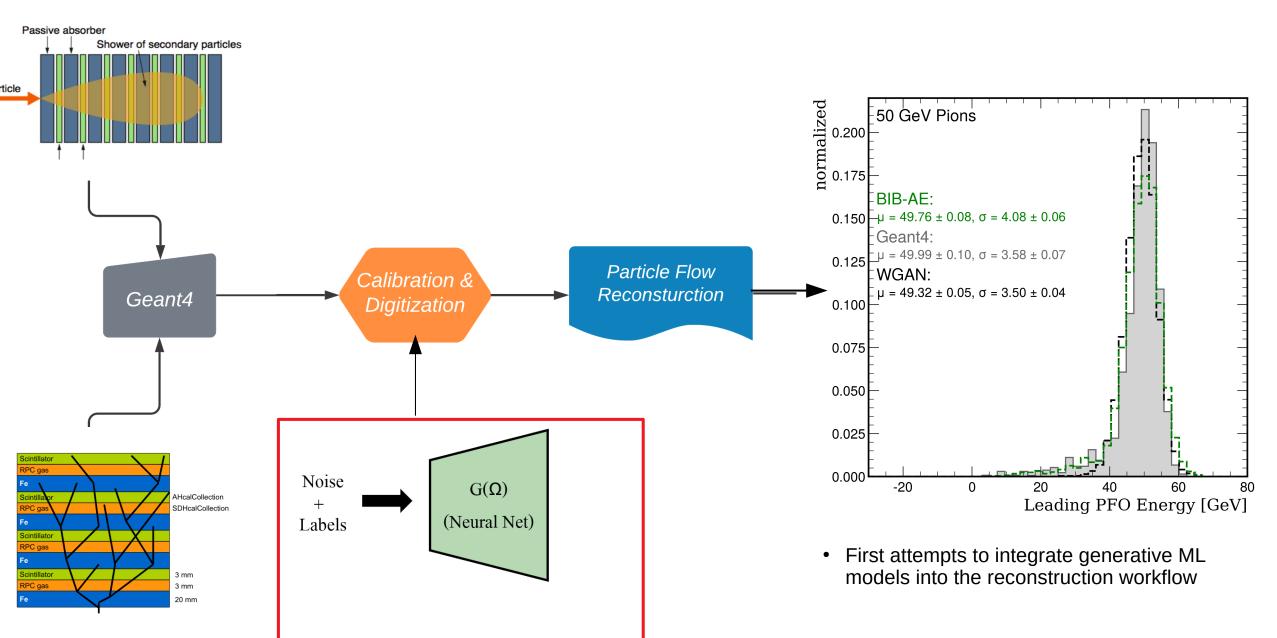


**BIB-AE** reproduces Geant4 distributions **WGAN** performance is not as great...

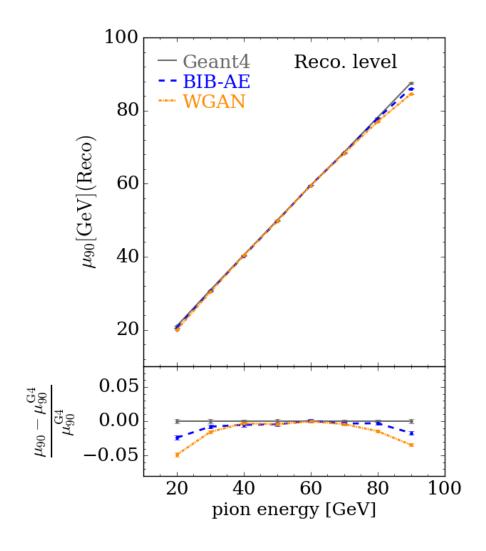
# **ILD Analysis Pipeline**

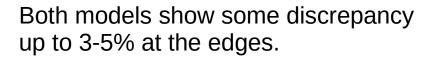


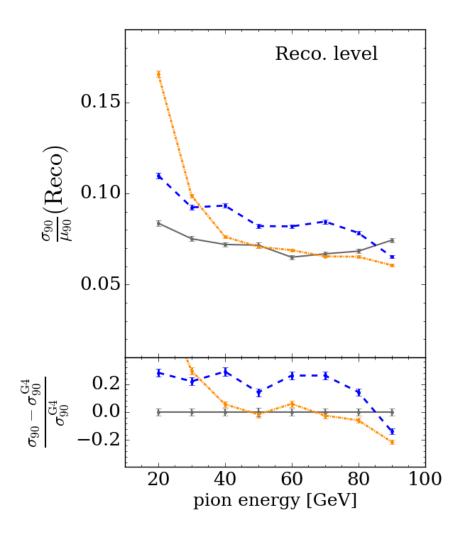
## ..with Generative Models



# **Pion Showers after Reconstruction**







Very good agreement by **WGAN** in the middle incident energies.

#### **Generation Time** Particle Flow Calibration & Reconsturction Geant4 Digitization Very slow... Bottleneck! Noise $G(\Omega)$ (Neural Net) Labels Simulator Time / Shower [ms] Speed-up Hardware CPU Geant4 2684 $\pm 125$ $\times 1$ Compare WGAN $47.923 \pm 0.089$ $\times 56$ BIB-AE $350.824 \pm 0.574$ $\times 8$ GPUWGAN $\times 10167$ $0.264 \pm 0.002$ BIB-AE $2.051 \pm 0.005$ $\times 1309$

Both models offer significant speedups!

## **Conclusion**

### **Achieved**

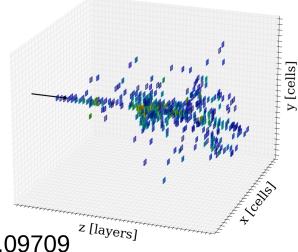
- Generative models hold promise for fast simulation of calorimeter showers with high fidelity
- Demonstrated high fidelity simulation of hadronic showers with generative models
  - Submitted to *Machine Learning: Science and Technology*

## **Ongoing Work**

- Vary energy and angle simultaneously and study effect on performance
- Incorporate angular conditioning in more sophisticated architectures e.g. B

## **Next Steps**

Simulation of hadronic showers including HCAL and ECAL



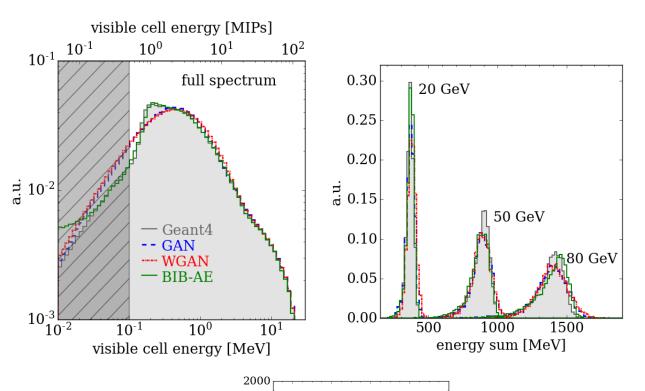
<u>arXiv:2112.09709</u>

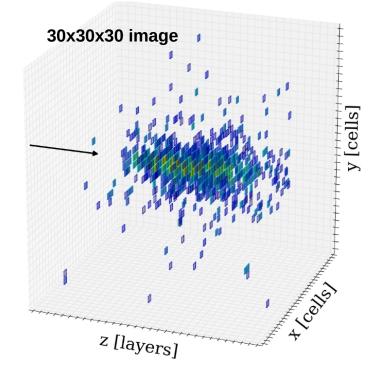
**DESY.** I Engin Ere

# **Backup**

DESY. Page 15

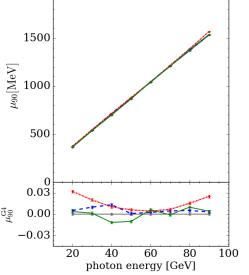
# **Photon Showers**





High fidelity of shower properties are achieved

**DESY.** | Engin Eren



Hardware	Simulator	Photons	
		Time/shower[ms]	Speed-up
CPU	Geant4	4082±170	×1
	WGAN	61.44±0.03	×66
	BIB-AE	95.98±0.08	×43
GPU	WGAN	3.93±0.03	×1039
	BIB-AE	1.60±0.03	×2551

Buhmann, et al.: Getting High: High Fidelity Simulation of High Granularity Calorimeters with High Speed. Comput Softw Big Sci 5, 13 (2021)

