



BCM1F TDCs

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DESY

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Bug fix in TDCs code

- Wednesday 1. September, Elena informed that the address used in the VETO function with the LUT, implemented in the TDC code, was wrong.
- On Thursday, the modifications were implemented and the TDCs restarted.
 - Many error messages: Is TDC in error?
 - TDCs crashing
 - After many attempts, the TDCs finally stayed up. But only after the scalers crashed/stopped(?)

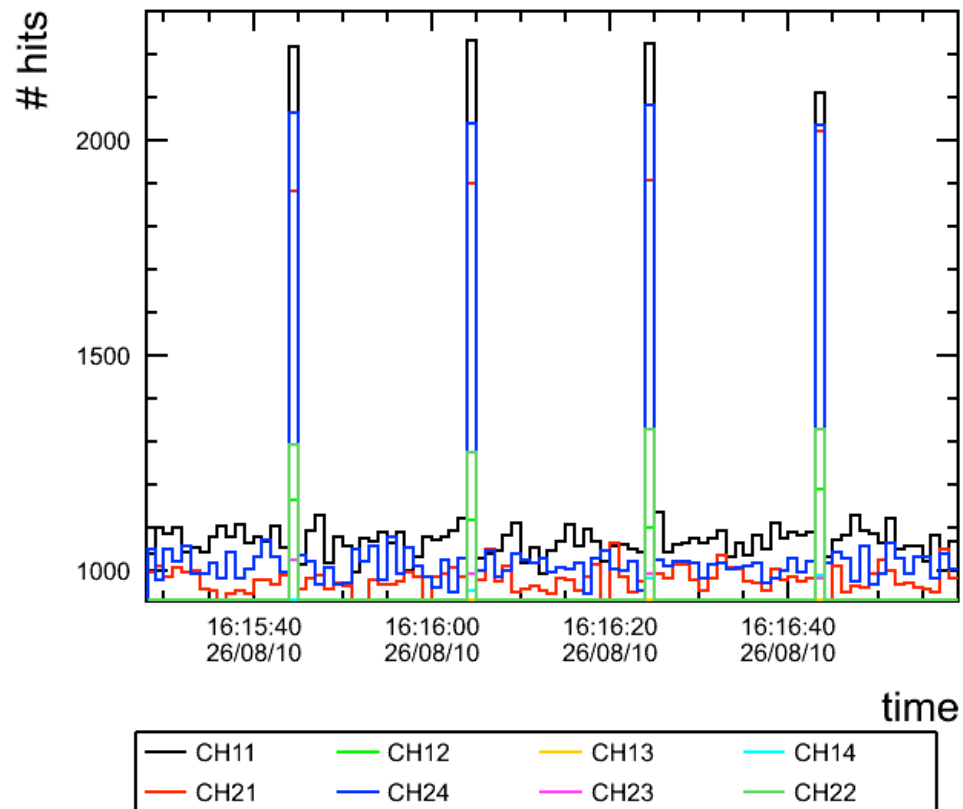


Spikes on BCM1F TDCs

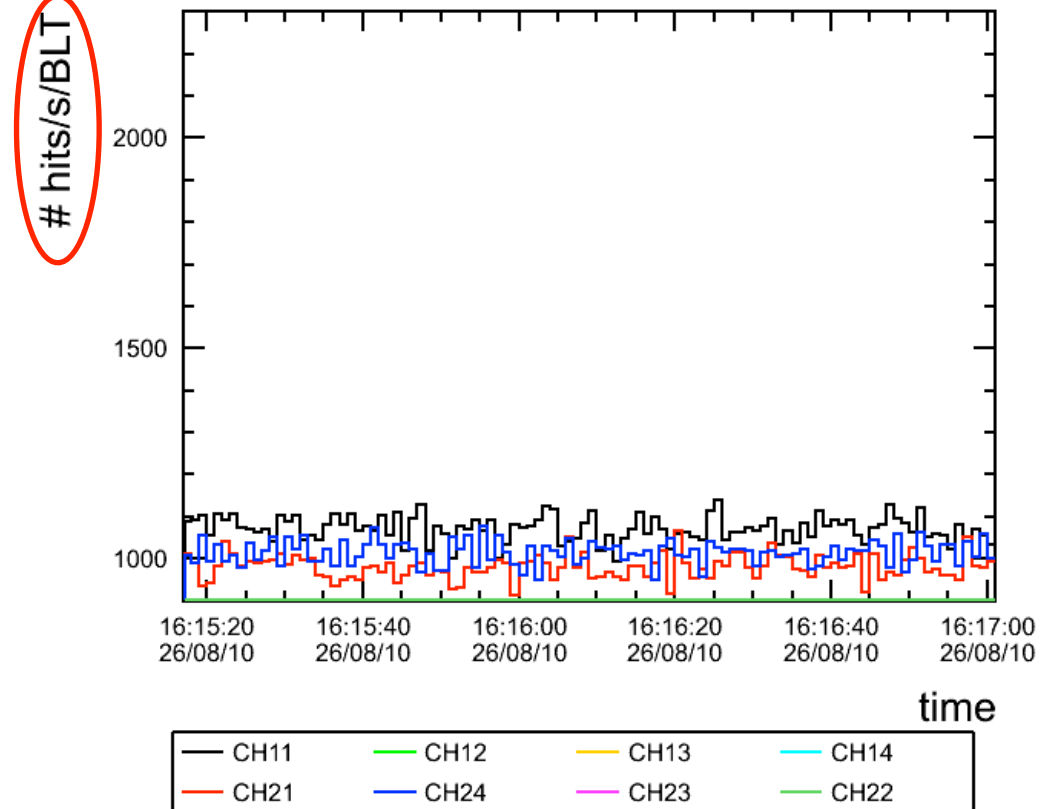


- Two weeks ago I showed spikes in TDC rates.
- Just a feature: rates were high and there were 2 BLTs in those particular seconds.
- Dividing the entries by the number of BLTs in all bins...

CMS Fast Beam Condition Monitor (BCM1F)



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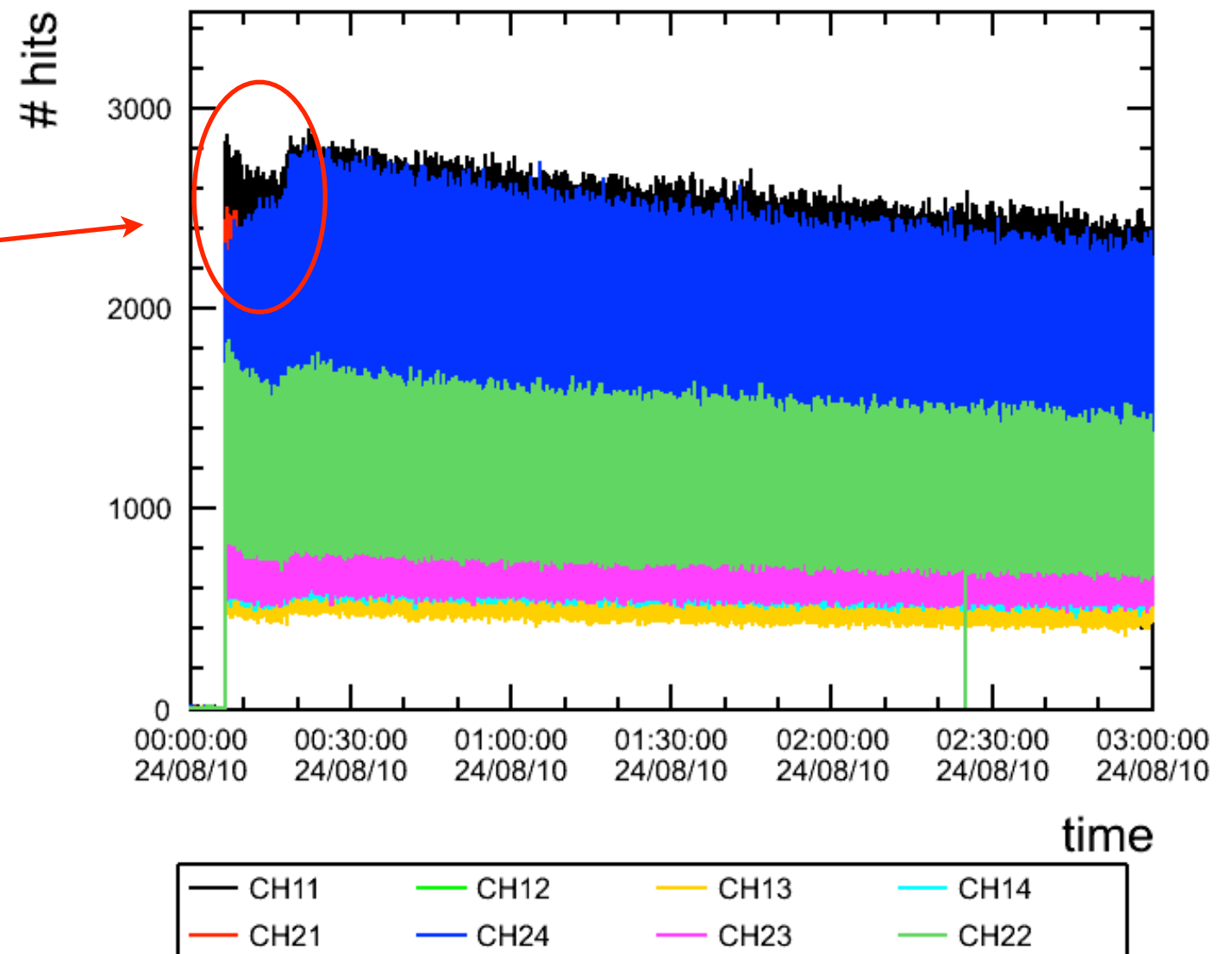


Channels with different behavior at the beginning of the fill



- Shown two weeks ago...
- Notice channels with different behavior in the beginning of the fill, particularly CH24.

CMS Fast Beam Condition Monitor (BCM1F)

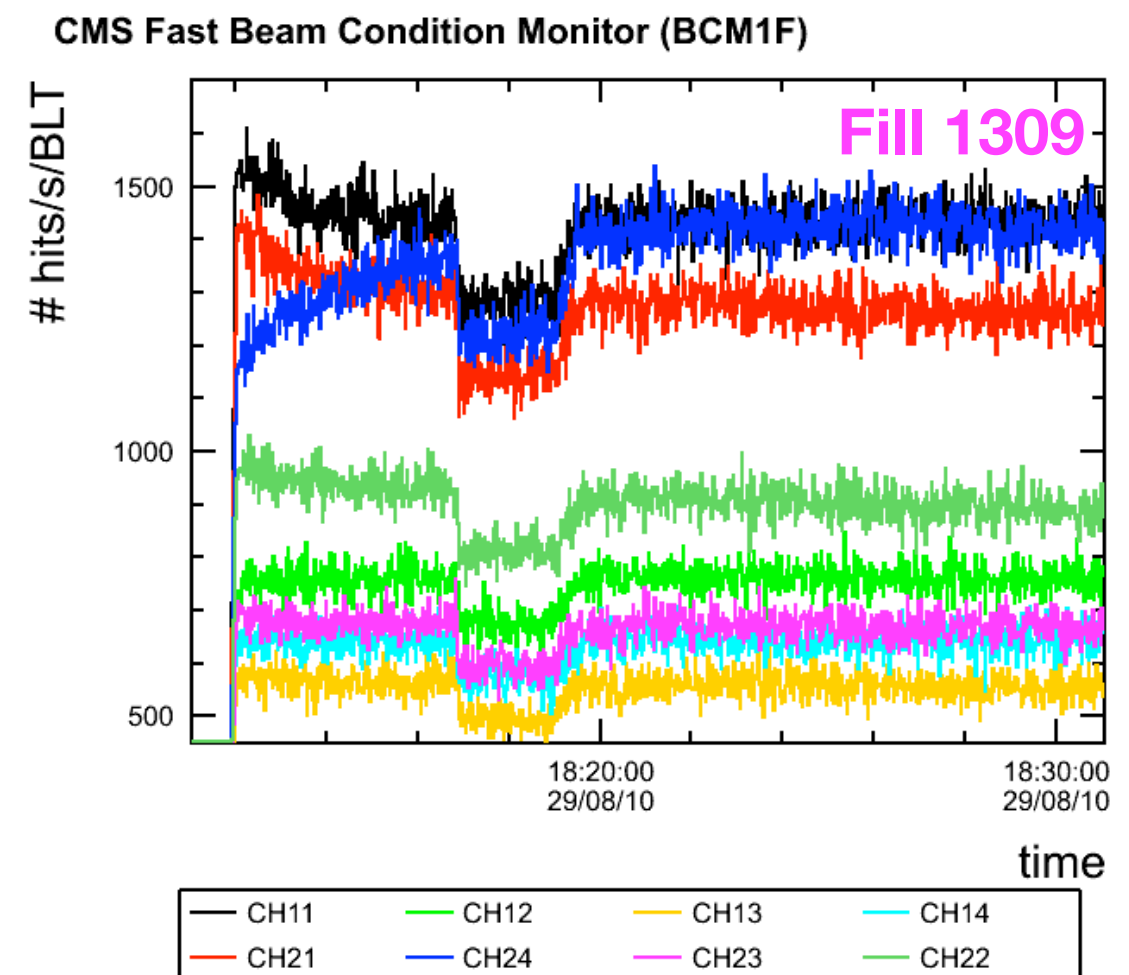
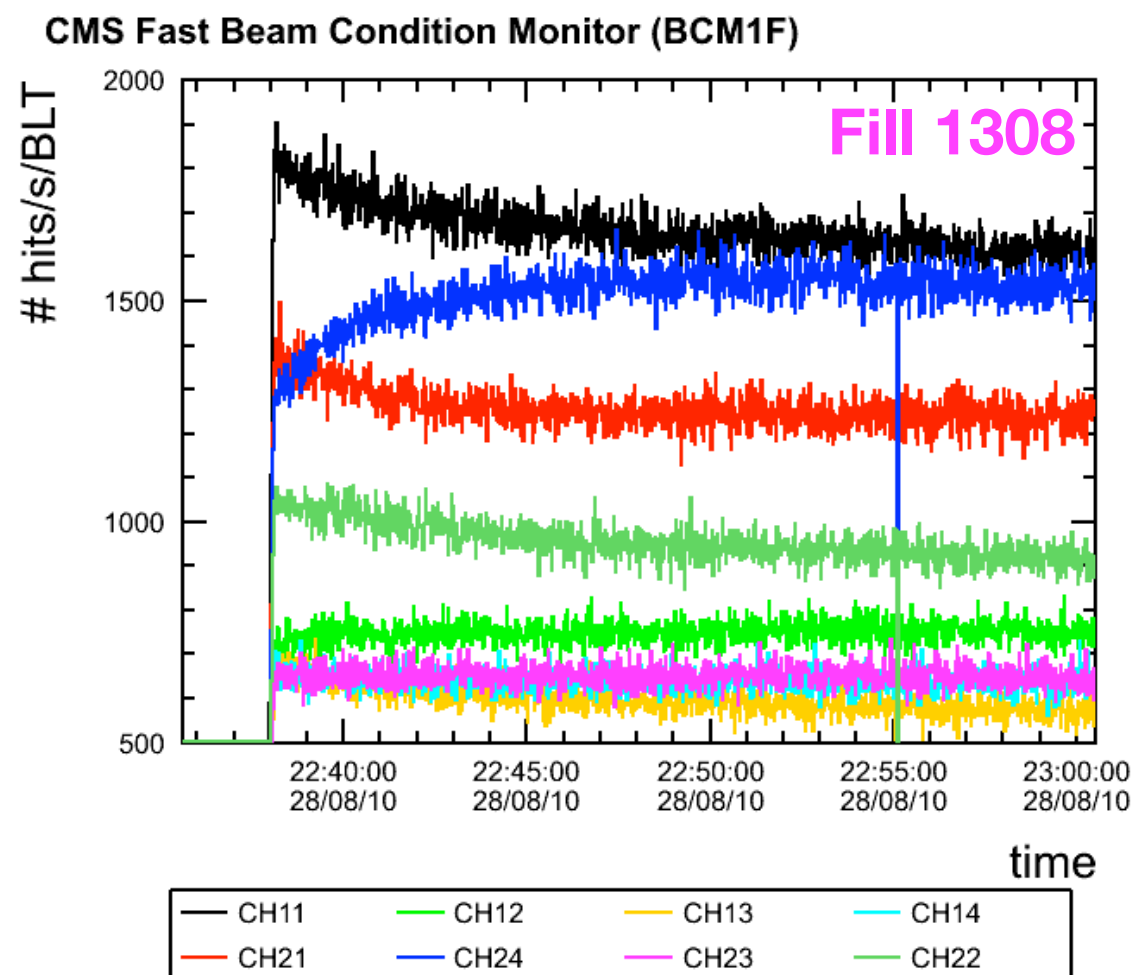




Channels with different behavior at the beginning of the fill



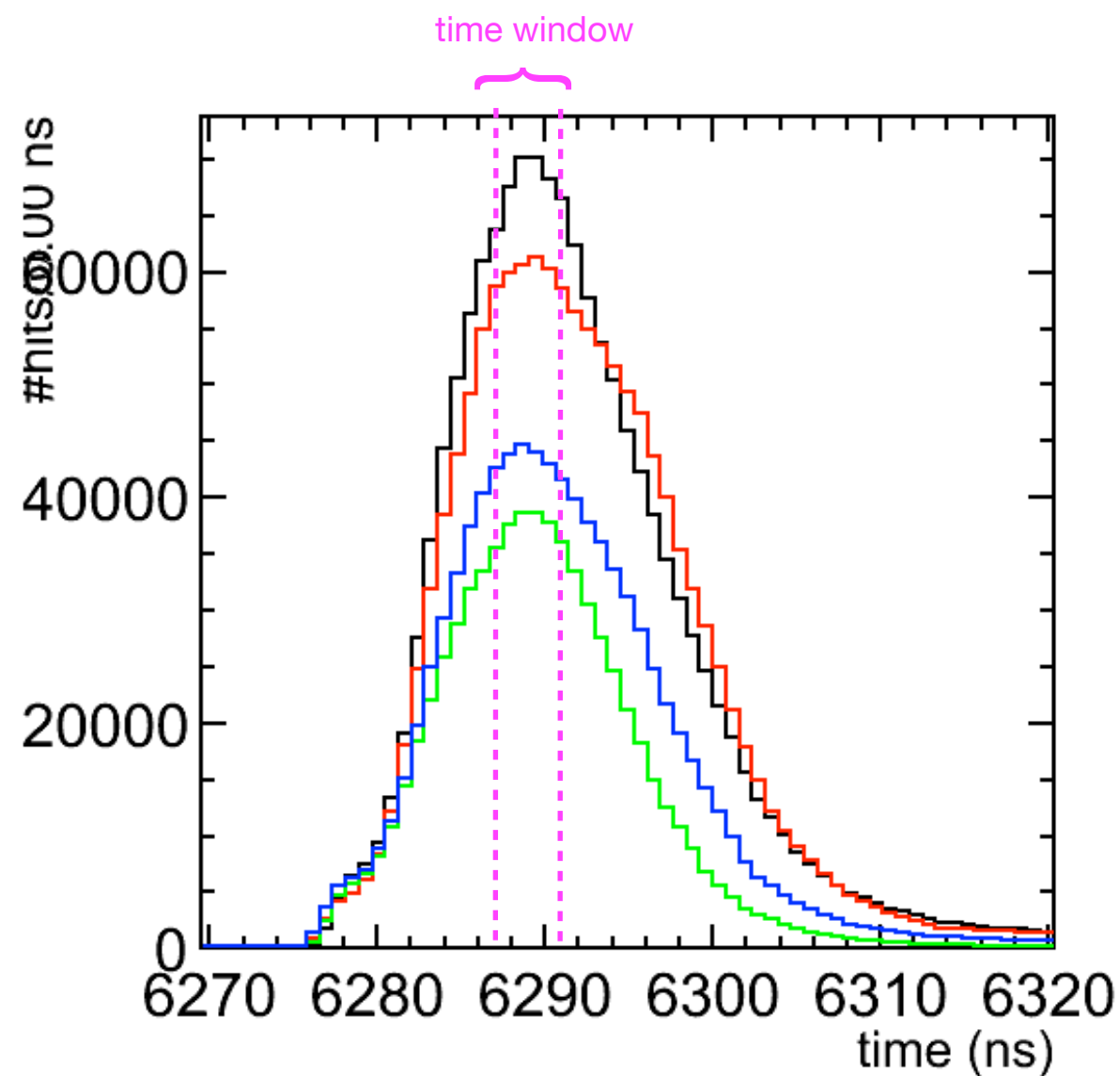
- David suggested comparing fills 1308 and 1309.
 - Still channels behave differently in the beginning of the fill. But in fill 1309 the discrepancy between channels is smaller.
 - Notice that rates in ch11 and ch21 (top) decrease at the same time the rates in ch24 and ch12 (out) increase.
 - Beam moving? Would HF be less sensitive? Lack of time to look the beam spot, vertex...





Coincidences from collisions

- Coincidences of back-to-back channels.
 - Coincident hits time difference, for pairs with the smallest time difference.
 - Define a time window close/ around the colliding peak.
 - **To do:** Define a small time window ($\sim 4\text{ns}$) and scan the whole colliding distribution.





Coincidences from collisions

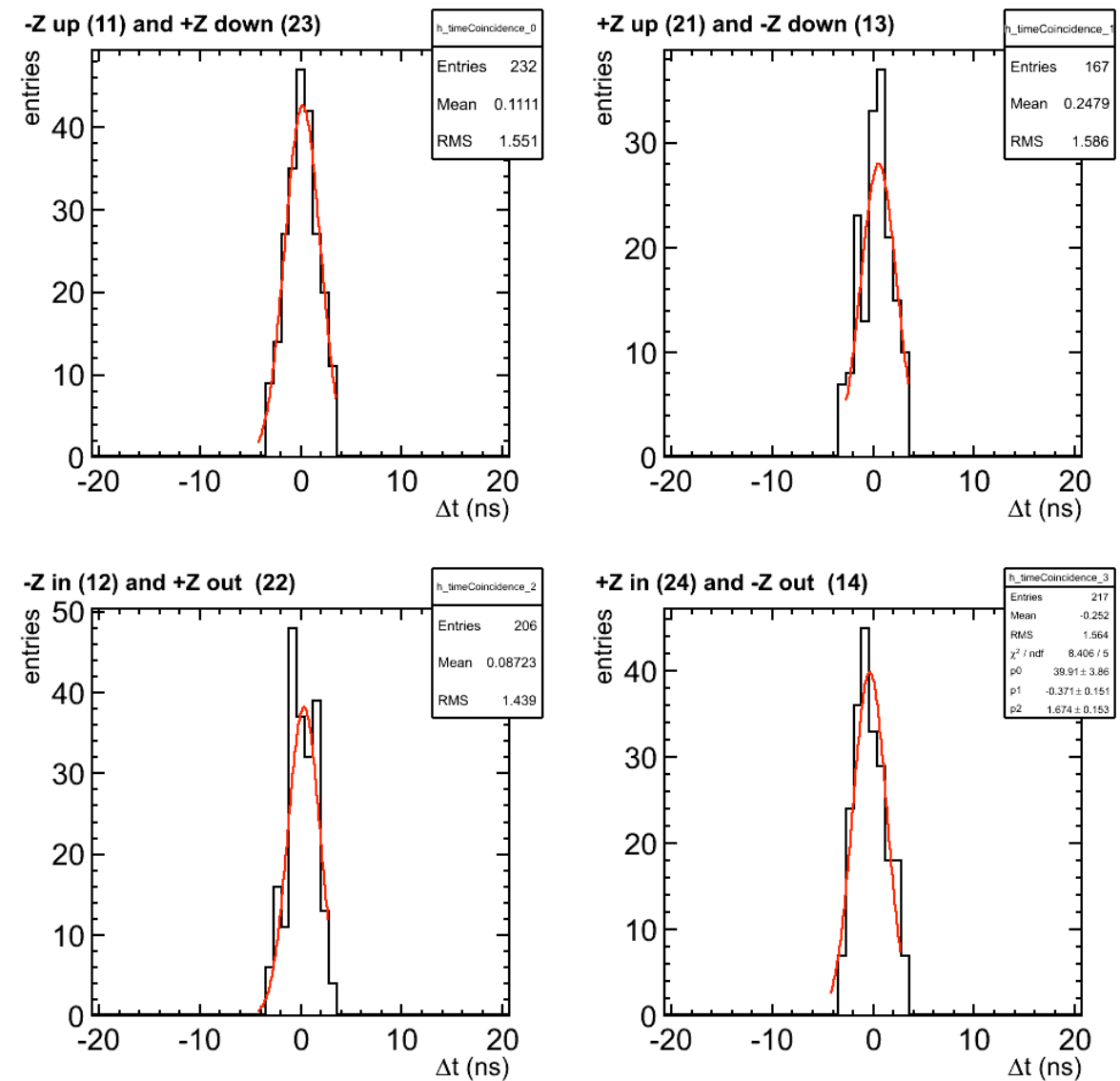
- Time resolution
- VERY PRELIMINARY!
- Time window of ± 2 ns around de colliding peak.

Gaussian fit (ns)

$\mu = 0.15 \pm 0.13$ $\sigma = 1.76 \pm 0.14$	$\mu = 0.52 \pm 0.18$ $\sigma = 1.77 \pm 0.14$
$\mu = 0.28 \pm 0.14$ $\sigma = 1.58 \pm 0.16$	$\mu = -0.37 \pm 0.15$ $\sigma = 1.67 \pm 0.15$

- Compatible with published value using the ADCs (1.8 ns)

bunch #1 – corrected
 ± 2 ns around the peak

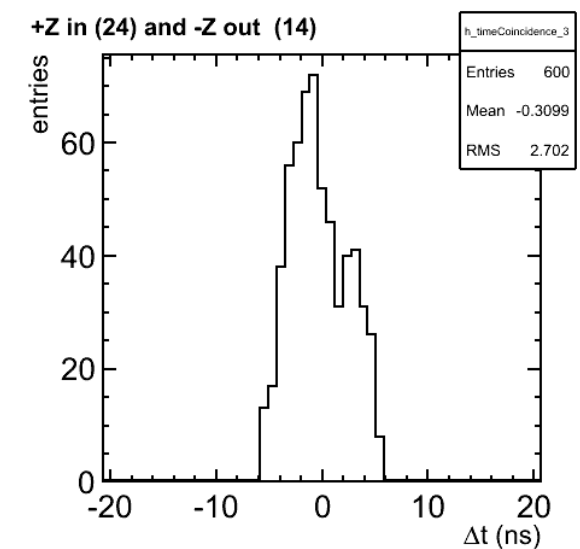
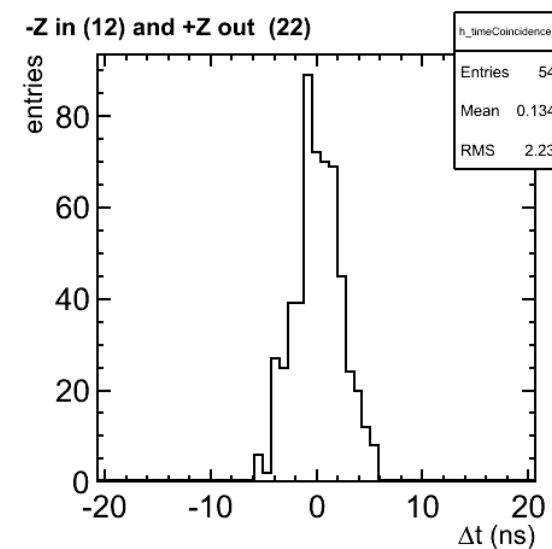
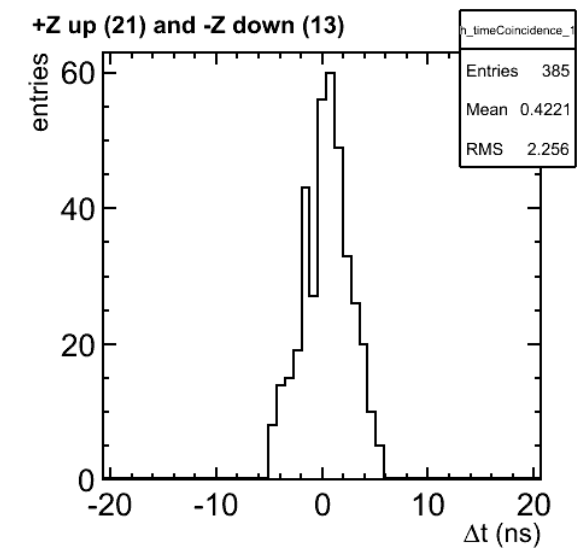
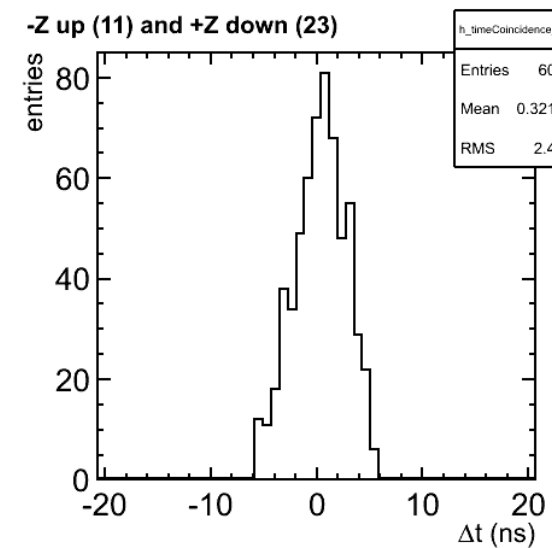




Coincidences from collisions

- Larger time window ± 3 ns around the peak.
- Secondary peaks appearing(?)

bunch #1 – corrected
 ± 3 ns around the peak

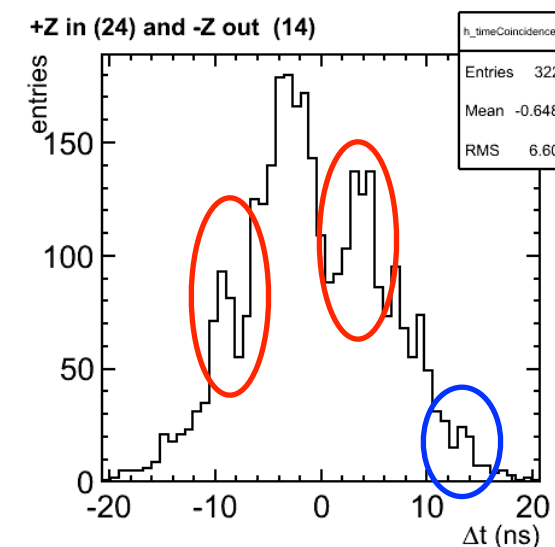
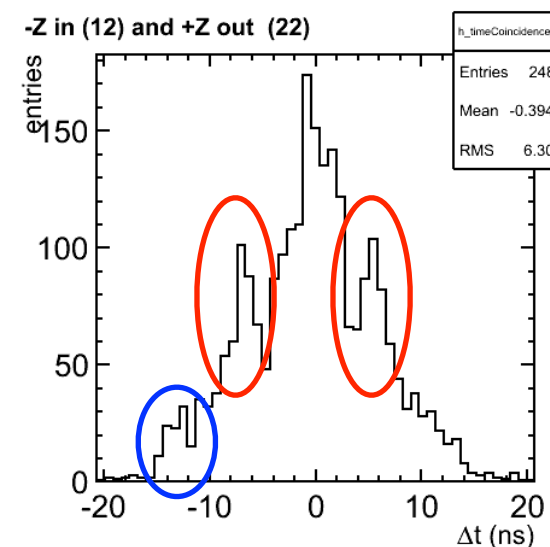
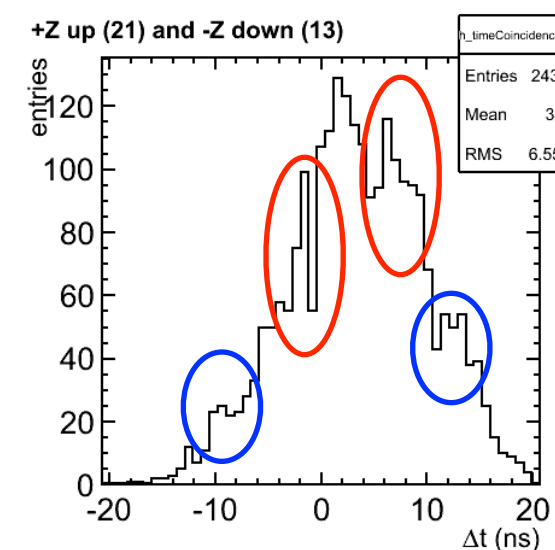
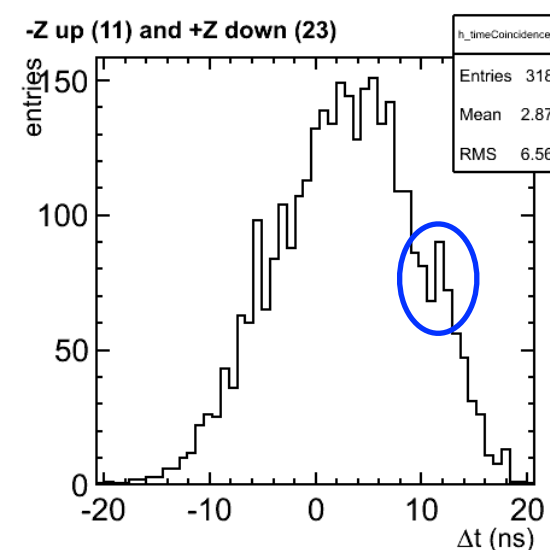




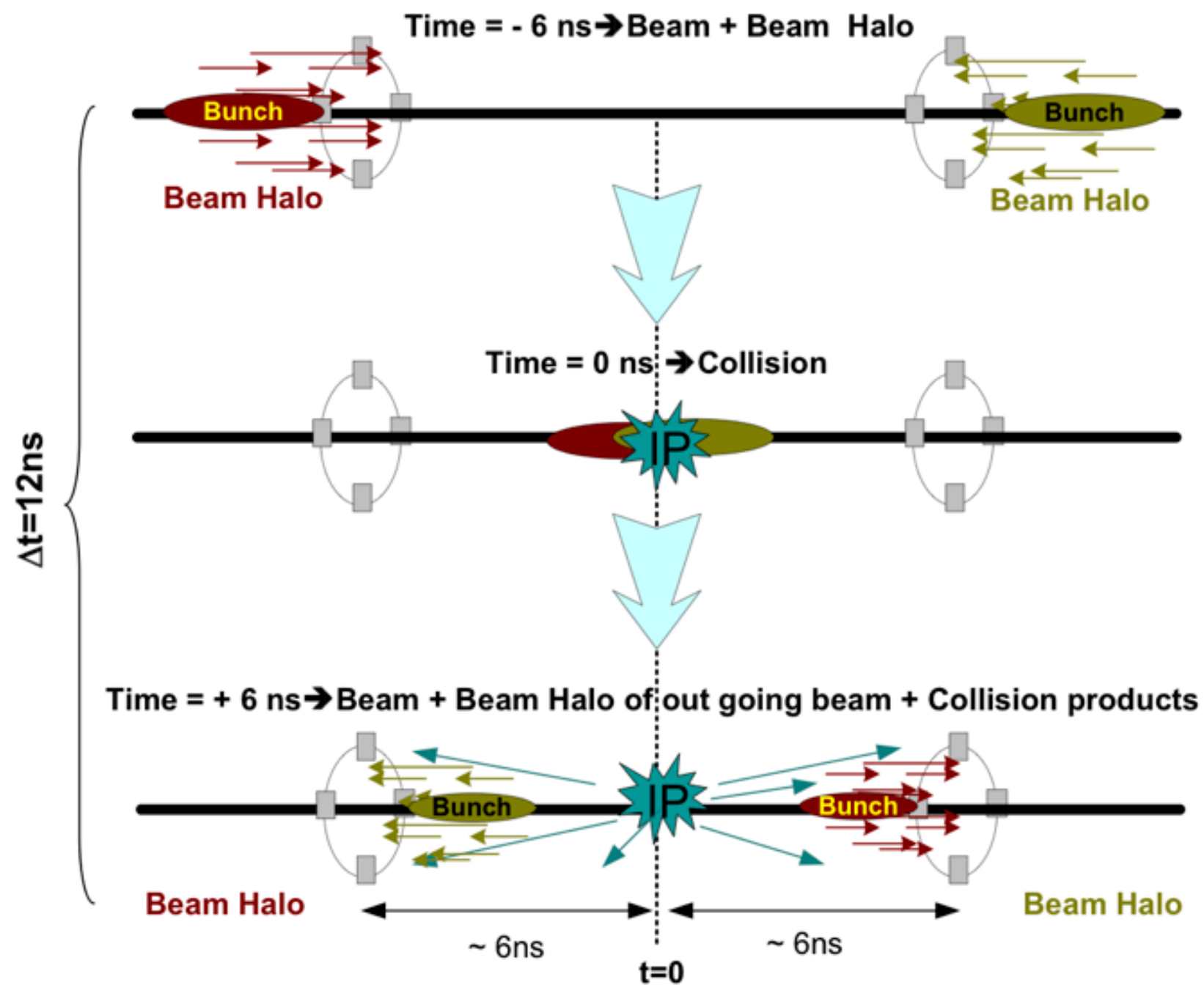
Coincidences from collisions

- Time window ± 10 ns around peak: $t = (6280, 6300)$ ns
- Secondary peaks at ± 6 ns!?
 - Extra bucket?
 - e^\pm clusters predicted in simulation?
 - ???
- Secondary peaks at ± 12 ns!?
 - Beam halo?
 - Beam halo + collision?
 - ???
- Need more investigation...

bunch #1 – corrected
 ± 10 ns around the peak



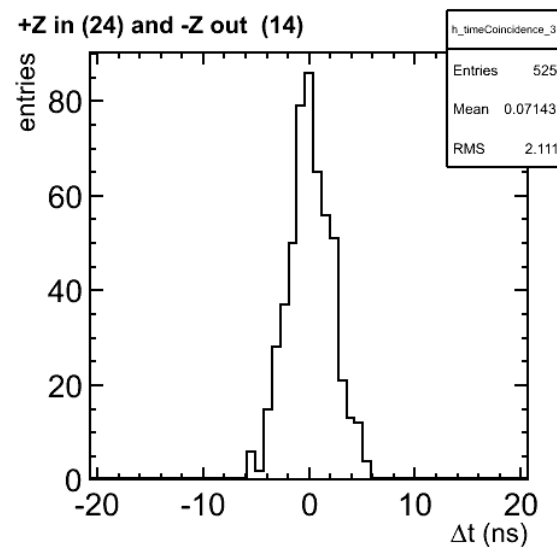
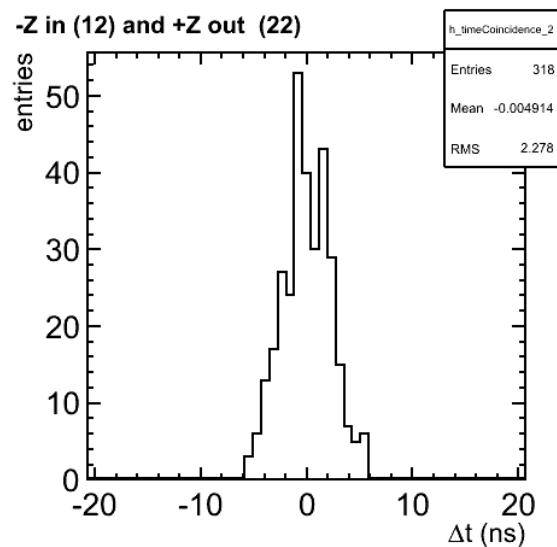
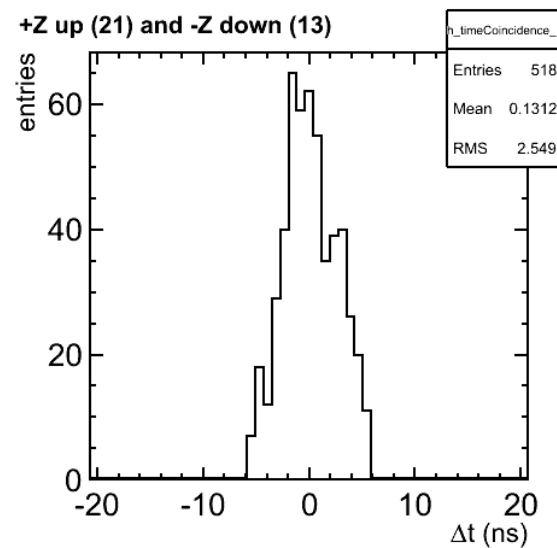
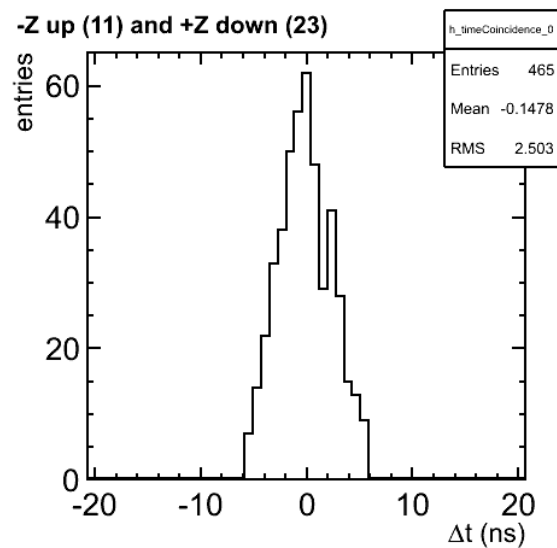
What BCM1F should see





Coincidences from collisions

bunch #1 – uncorrected
 ± 3 ns around the peak

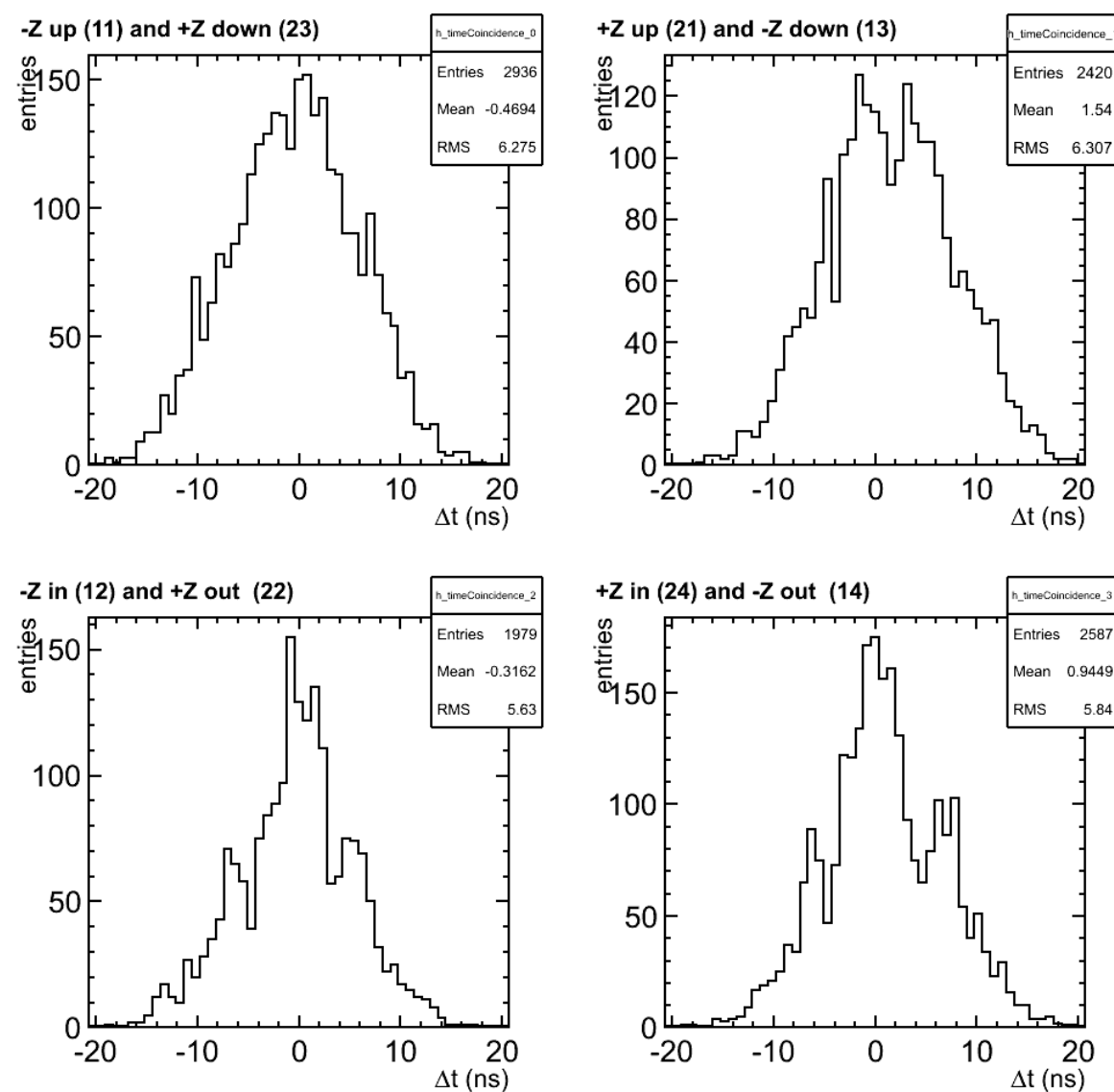


- Without corrections.
- Why peaks are more centered?
 - Calibration method not very good?
 - Or should it be like this?



Coincidences from collisions

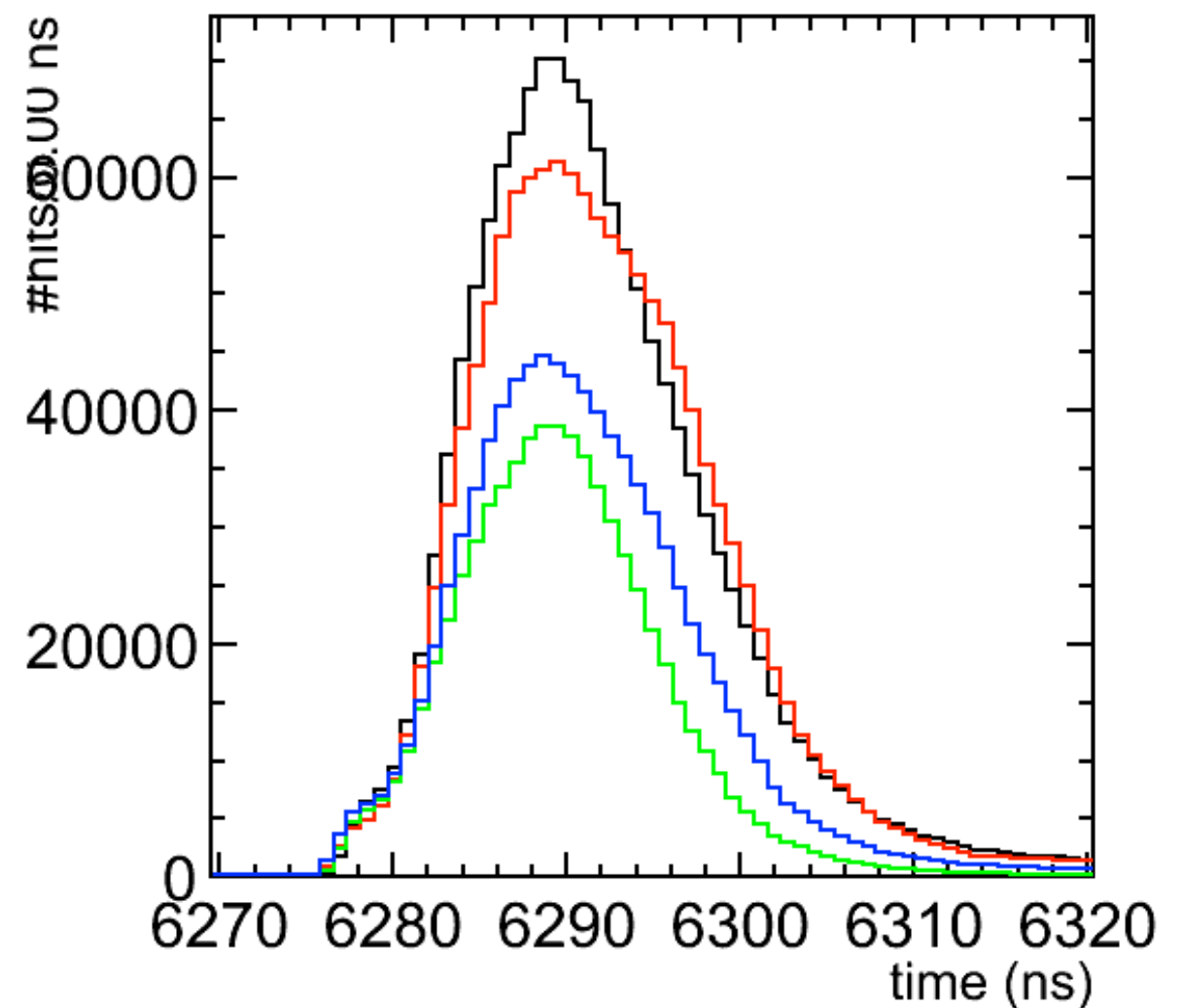
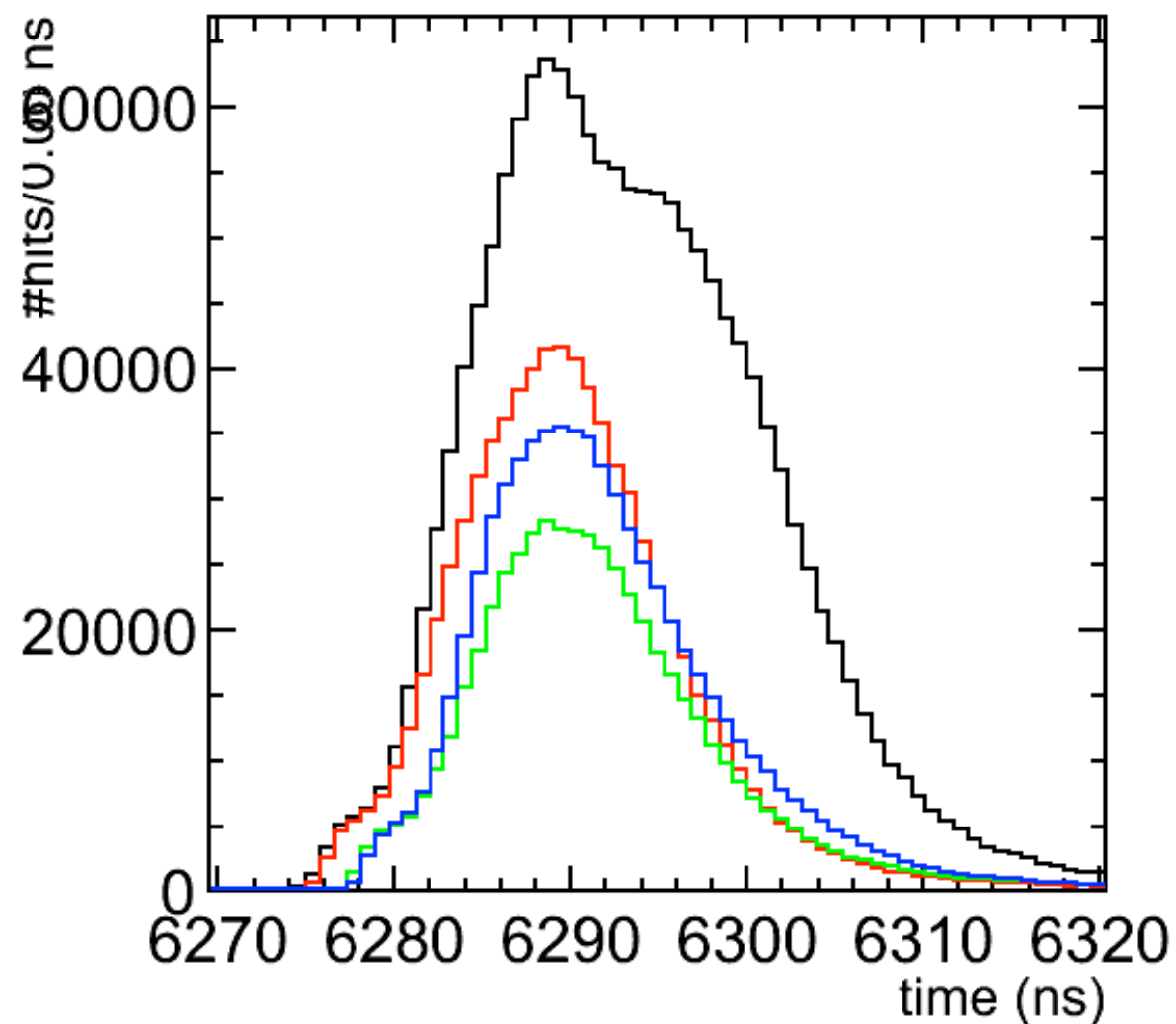
bunch #1 – uncorrected
 ± 10 ns around the peak





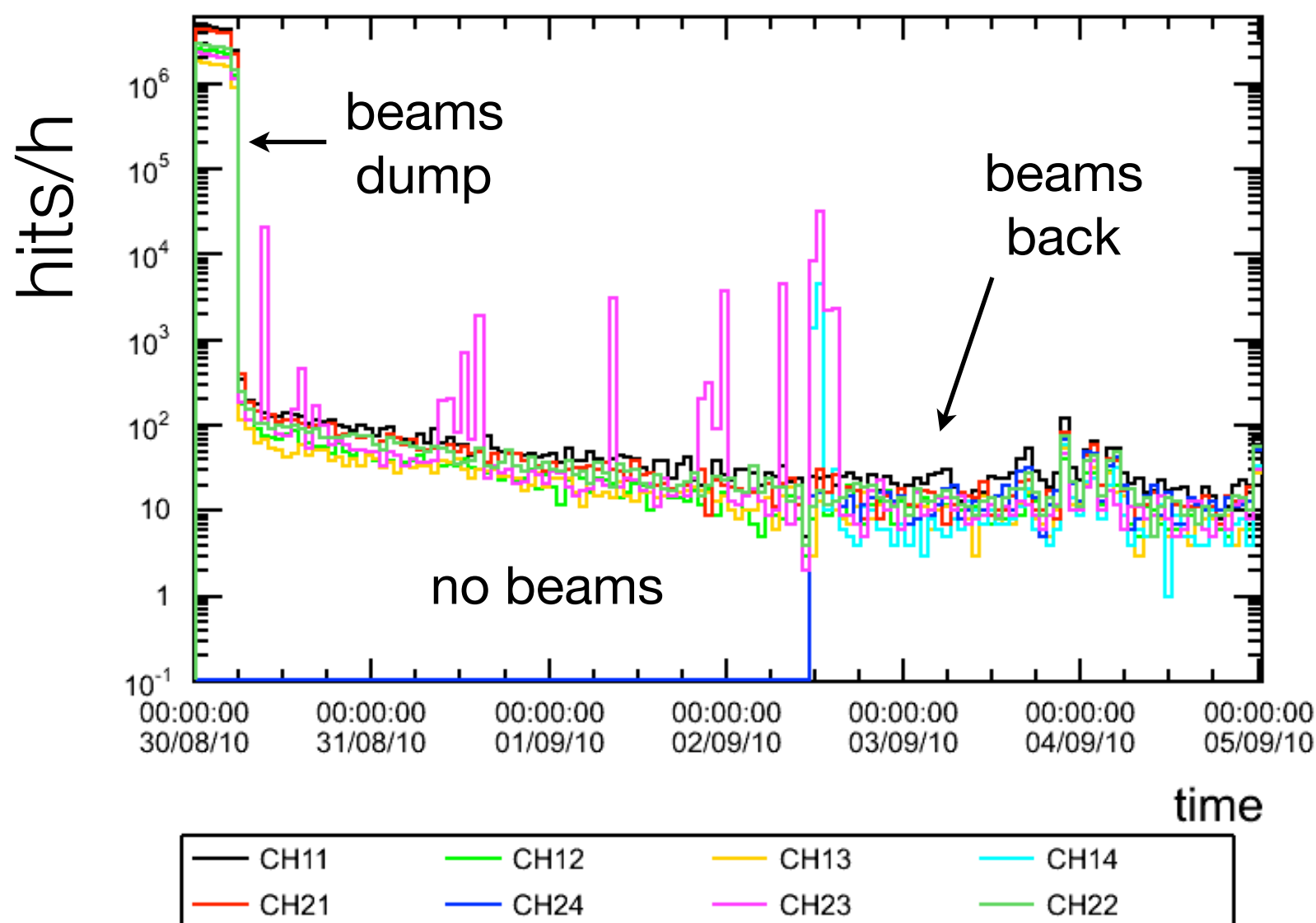
Coincidences from collisions

- Using Fill 1262
 - Bunch #1: calibration applied. Peaks are at the same position.



After-glow late effects

CMS Fast Beam Condition Monitor (BCM1F)



- Beginning of September no beams for few days.
- Observation of the detector material decaying with a long lifetime.
- This kind of plot can also be useful to evaluate different acceptance between channels independent on beam conditions. But would castor also have some influence?
- Noise in channels 23 and 14 appearing from time to time.