Impacts of the 2010 LHC run on SUSY/mSUGRA and expectations for 2011/2012

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1 Introduction and Methods

2 Fit Results

Model Independent Data from LHC, Model Dependent Fits

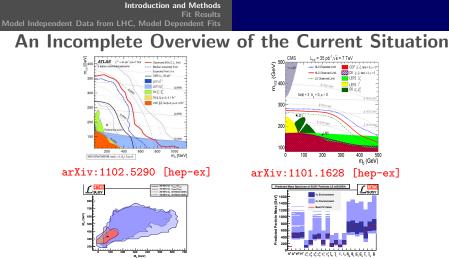


Introduction and Methods

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e.g. arXiv:0907.2589 [hep-ph]

- Does the non-observation of SUSY in the 2010 LHC searches agree with mSUGRA?
- If mSUGRA-like SUSY is realized, can we expect to discover SUSY in 2011/2012?
- If not, what are the implications for mSUGRA/SUSY and for Collider Physics?



Confronting LHC Searches with Precision Data

- See PB et al. arXiv:1102.4693 [hep-ph]: Frequentist Markov Chain Global Fit of mSUGRA using NLO+NLL/Herwig++ predictions
- Fit with Fittino hep-ph/0412012, using also SPheno hep-ph/0301101, theory codes collected in Mastercode arXiv:0907.5568 [hep-ph], and HiggsBounds arXiv:0811.4169 [hep-ph]
- See e.g. also

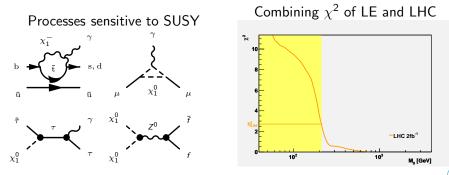
Buchmüller et al. arxiv:1102.3149 [hep-ph], Allanach arxiv:1102.4585 [hep-ph], Strumia arxiv:1101.2195 [hep-ph], Cassel et al. arXiv:1101.4664 [hep-ph] (list incomplete, just a snapshot)

 Many activities converging in LPCC meetings (e.g. http://indico.cern.ch/categoryDisplay.py?categId=2689) and many interesting discussions in the Terascale Alliance http://www.terascale.de/research_topics/rt1_physics_analysis/ susy__bsm_fit_working_group/

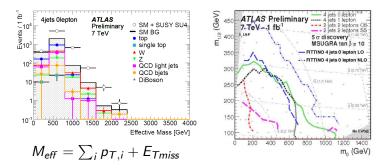


Confronting LHC Searches with Precision Data

- Multi-Messenger: Combine Information about SUSY from different sources
- \bullet For LHC: Do not only use the 95 % CL as a brick wall, but calculate $\Delta\chi^2$

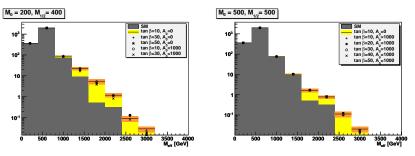


Implementation of an LHC Limit Projection



- Using the open parametrized detector simulation tool DELPHES arXiv:0903.2225 [hep-ph]
- Careful tuning against public ATLAS full simulation
- Implement the 4jet+MET cuts from atl-pub-phys-2010-010 and generate a grid in ($\Delta M_{1/2} = 25 \,\mathrm{GeV}, \Delta M_0 = 50 \,\mathrm{GeV}$)
- Use a bilinear interpolation to obtain the resulting M_{eff} spectrum

Systematic Check of the MSUGRA Parameter Grid



- Variations of the signal shape for different $\tan\beta$ and A_0 covered by systematic uncertainty
- This is specific for the 0ℓ search more complicated grids would be necessary for other searches
- Based on the full M_{eff} distribution, calculate CL_{s+b} for the median background hypothesis
- Transfer CL_{s+b} into $\chi^2 = 2[\operatorname{erf}^{-1}(1-2 \ CL_{s+b})]^2$



Introduction and Methods



3 Model Independent Data from LHC, Model Dependent Fits



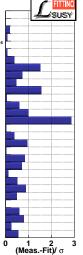
Introduction and Methods

Fit Results

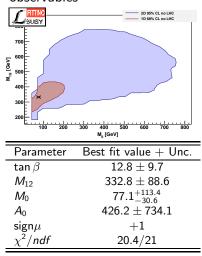
Model Independent Data from LHC. Model Dependent Fits

Pre-LHC knowledge about mSUGRA/CMSSM

melice	A fit to LE		
IIISUGK	ATILIOLE		
m,	172.4 ± 1.2	172.4	
m,	$\textbf{4.2} \pm \textbf{0.17}$	4.2	
m,	91.1875 ± 0.0021	91.1871	
α	0.1176 ± 0.0020	0.1177	
G _F	1.16637 10 ⁻⁵ ± 10 ⁻¹⁰	1.16637 10 ⁻⁵	
αζ ¹ em	127.925 ± 0.016	127.924	
m, >	114.4	113.3	
σ ⁰ bad	$\textbf{41.54} \pm \textbf{0.04}$	41.48	
m _h > ^o ^{bad} A ¹	$\textbf{0.01714} \pm \textbf{0.00095}$	0.01644	
A,	$\textbf{0.1465} \pm \textbf{0.0032}$	0.1480	
A,	$\textbf{0.1513} \pm \textbf{0.0021}$	0.1480	
Ac	$\textbf{0.67} \pm \textbf{0.027}$	0.67	
A A ^{Fb} A ^{Fb} _b	$\textbf{0.923} \pm \textbf{0.02}$	0.935	
Ac	$\textbf{0.0707} \pm \textbf{0.0035}$	0.0742	
A _b	$\textbf{0.0992} \pm \textbf{0.0016}$	0.1038	
R	0.1721 ± 0.003	0.1722	
R _b	$\textbf{0.21629} \pm \textbf{0.00066}$	0.21604	
R	$\textbf{20.767} \pm \textbf{0.025}$	20.746	
Γ,	$\textbf{2495.2} \pm \textbf{2.51}$	2495.1	
sin0 _{eff}	$\textbf{0.2324} \pm \textbf{0.0012}$	0.2314	
m _w	80.399 ± 0.027	80.380	
Ω _{DM}	0.1099 ± 0.0135	0.1115	
(g-2)	3.02 10 ⁻⁹ ± 9.0 10 ⁻¹⁰	2.55 10 ⁻⁹	
BR(b→ sγ)	1.117 ± 0.122	1.009	
BR($b \rightarrow \tau v$)	$\textbf{1.15} \pm \textbf{0.4}$	0.96	
$BR(B_s \rightarrow X_sII)$	$\textbf{0.99} \pm \textbf{0.32}$	0.99	
BR(K→ Iv)	1.008 ± 0.014	1.000	
$\Delta_{m_{\kappa}}$	$\textbf{0.92} \pm \textbf{0.14}$	1.03	
∆(m̂_)	1.11± 0.32	1.03	
$\Delta_{m_s} / \Delta_{m_s}$	$\textbf{1.09} \pm \textbf{0.16}$	1.00	
			0 1 2
			(MeasFit



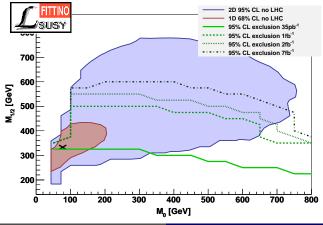
 mSUGRA Fit to measured observables





Projection: Low Energy Fit vs. Present and Future (?) LHC Exclusion

• Projection of how the LHC exclusion potential would evolve during the 7 TeV run compared to the LE data preferred region:

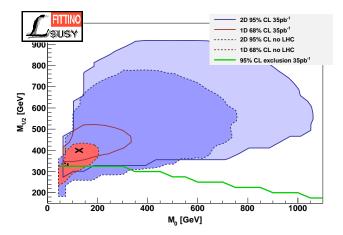




P. Bechtle: mSUGRA Fits with LHC AC Meeting 18.04.2011

Combined Fit of real LE Data and Estimated Present ATLAS Exclusion

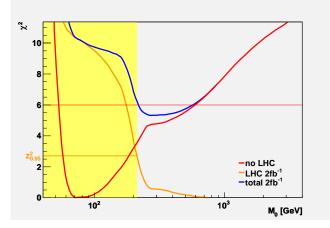
• Not surprisingly: Combined Fit allows a small area below LHC exclusion





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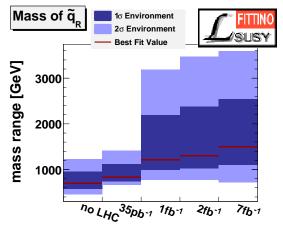
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Outlook for the Coloured Sector

Not so strongly model dependent

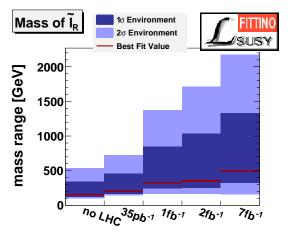


 Looks like SUSY cannot be excluded in the first 2 years at LHC using SUSY searches (combination of searches of course missing, but not so promising for mSUGRA)

However, if Tevatron and LHC should exclude the Giggs below 170 GeV ...

Outlook for the Non-Coloured Sector

Strongly model dependent

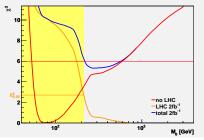


 Doing this for a wider range of models than mSUGRA is interesting to test implications for ILC



Is there a Tension Building Up?

 LE prefers low mass scales (for non-coloured sector), LHC prefers high mass scales (for coloured sector)



$\mathcal{L}^{int}/\mathrm{fb}^{-1}$	χ^2/ndf	$\mathcal{P}-V$ alue
0	18.9/20	53.1 %
0.035	20.4/21	49.8 %
1	23.7/21	30.9 %
2	24.2/21	28.3 %
7	25.0/21	24.6 %

• Using the present systematic uncertainties on the background estimation (and ignoring fine-tuning), even mSUGRA will survive the 2011/2012 run.

You may not find the model too attractive anymore, but that's an entirely different question

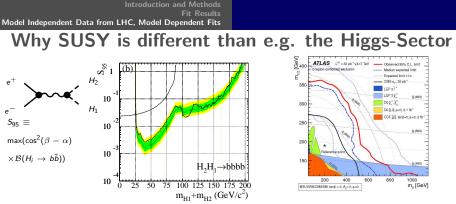


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2 Fit Results

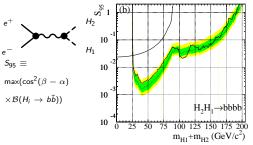
Model Independent Data from LHC, Model Dependent Fits





- Higgs Searches (at least at LEP) could be presented in terms of S_{95} for each signature separately, because the signatures can be nicely isolated experimentally: $hZ \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell\ell$, $hA \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}...$
- Higgs: Only very few parameters: $m_h, m_A, \cos^2(\beta \alpha)$, model-independent comparison with all possible models e.g. in PB et al. arXiv:0811.4169 [hep-ph]
- SUSY: incredibly complicated signatures possible, many masses and relations of couplings

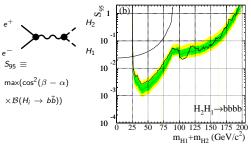
Why SUSY is different than e.g. the Higgs-Sector

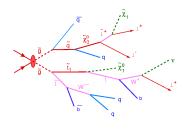


	Signal region A
QCD	$7 {}^{+8}_{-7}[u+j]$
W+jets	$50 \pm 11[u] {}^{+14}_{-10}[j] \pm 5[\mathcal{L}]$
Z+jets	$52 \pm 21[u] {}^{+15}_{-11}[j] \pm 6[\mathcal{L}]$
$t\bar{t}$ and t	$10 \pm 0[u] + \frac{3}{2}[j] \pm 1[\mathcal{L}]$
Total SM	$118 \pm 25[u] {}^{+32}_{-23}[j] \pm 12[\mathcal{L}]$
Data	87

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Other Approaches to Parametrizations of Searches

• Obvious: For model independent results, everything has to be presented in terms of (pseudo)observables (e.g. *M_{eff}*, masses, couplings, . . .)



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- 95% CL Limit on $\sigma \times \prod_i \mathcal{B}_i$ for a given signature
 - 95 % CL not very useful for global fits \rightarrow need full CL_{s+b} space
 - Very high dimensional binning would be needed (many masses)
 - Can any given signature be isolated experimentally? If yes (e.g. $\ell\ell$ egde), much less sensitive for discovery or exclusion
- $\bullet~95\,\%$ CL Limit on the number of events for a given selection
 - Simulation needed to determine number of events for any model prediction
- Distributions of *b*, *d* in discriminating variables corrected for detector effects, acceptances
 - Sounds nice, but probably impossible: Correction depends on many factors (many masses, couplings)
- 95 % CL Limit on "Simplified Model": see CL above, + not (yet?) proven that for each model point in a global fit there is a matching simplified model.

Conclusion Based on Our Experience

- As obviously already done here and in many other approaches, and in the first papers by ATLAS and CMS: Publish distributions of *b*, *d* in any discriminating variable/regions not corrected for any detector effects or acceptances
- Determine s from a simulation for every model in an appropriate way
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 - Probably cannot produce MC for every point tested in the fit parametrization in N-dimensional grid
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 - Very personal addition:

The Power of Open Source ATLAS and CMS could release officially endorsed, public, fast simulation tools



Conclusion and Outlook

- It is possible to reconcile the LE measurements (dominated by $(g-2)_{\mu}$ and $\Omega_{DM})$ with a possible non-discovery of mSUGRA at the LHC in 2011/2012
- As expected, LHC generally moves the lower bounds on sparticles to higher values (directly true only for coloured ones)
- As expected, but less obvious: As long as global fit χ^2/ndf remain acceptable: LHC moves up the upper bound on sparticles very significantly
- For other SUSY than mSUGRA, the coloured and non-coloured sector can be more decoupled, no definite statements on non-coloured sector yet
- Only Higgs searches can exclude SUSY at the Terascale
- Outlook:
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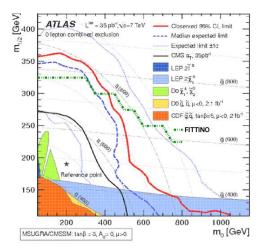
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Backup Slides

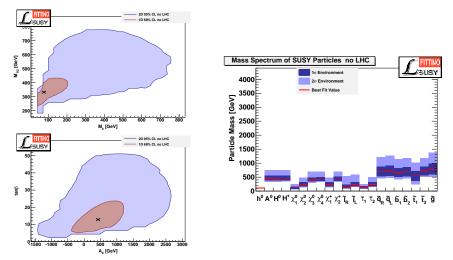


Agreement of our Implementation with the Actual ATLAS Analysis with Data



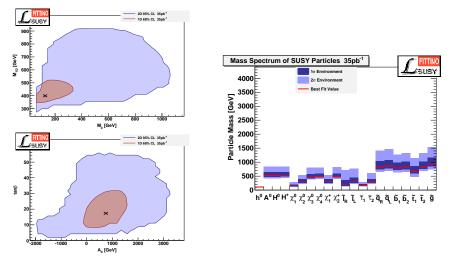


Full Results for no LHC



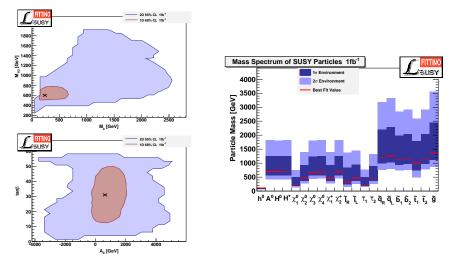


Full Results for $35 \,\mathrm{pb}^{-1}$ ATLAS Search



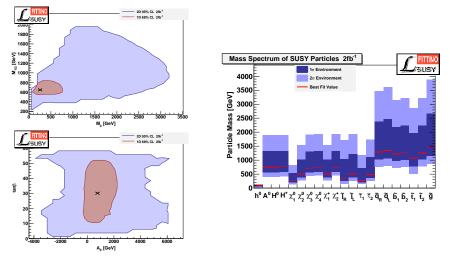


Full Extrapolated Results for $1 \, {\rm fb}^{-1}$ ATLAS Search



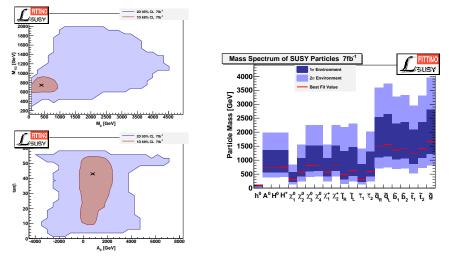


Full Extrapolated Results for $2 \, \mathrm{fb}^{-1}$ ATLAS Search

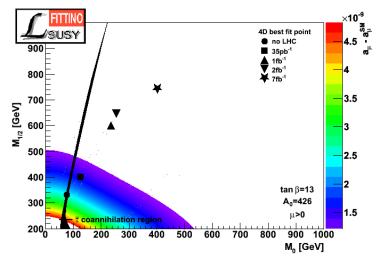




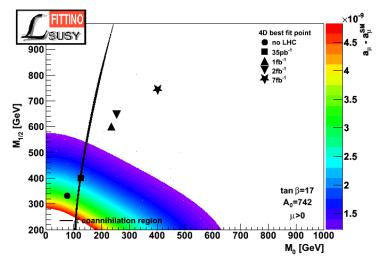
Full Extrapolated Results for $7 \, \text{fb}^{-1}$ ATLAS Search



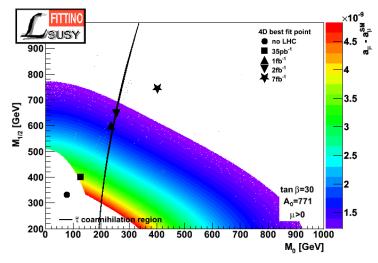




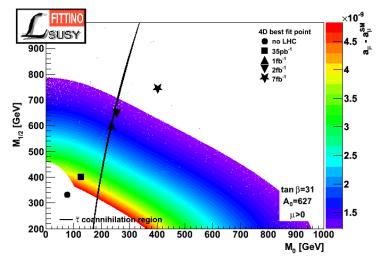




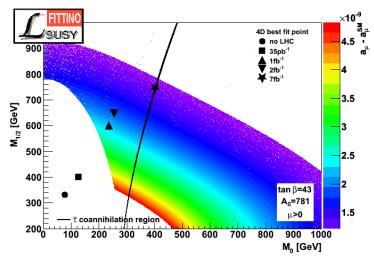








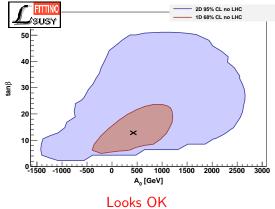






Why are global fits of SUSY so CPU-consuming?

- ... and impossible with naively employing Minuit?
 - Looking at any correlations for all other allowed parameters:

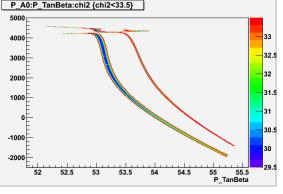




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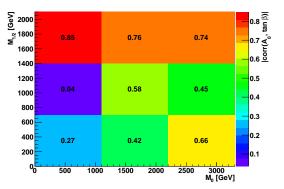
Looks Terrible



Why are global fits of SUSY so CPU-consuming?

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Looking at any correlations for regions of other parameters:



Correlations growing for higher mass parameters



Search Cuts

Number of jets	\geq 2 jets	\geq 3 jets	\geq 4 jets
Leading jet P_T (GeV)	> 180	> 100	> 100
Other jets P_T (GeV)	> 50 (Jet 2)	> 40 (Jet 2-3)	> 40 (Jet 2-4)
$\Delta \phi(jet_i, E_T^{miss})$	[>0.2,>0.2]	[>0.2,>0.2,>0.2]	[>0.2,>0.2,>0.2,>0.0]
$E_T^{miss} > f \times M_{\rm eff}$	f = 0.3	f = 0.25	f = 0.2

Table 1: Cuts on the P_T of the leading jet, the P_T of the other jets, the azimuthal angle between the leading jets and the missing transverse energy vector and the cut on the missing transverse energy expressed as a fraction of the effective mass. The cuts are shown for each of the studied jet multiplicities.

In the following we describe the event selection criteria for the 0, 1 and 2 lepton channels.

Zero-lepton channels In addition to the electron crack veto, the pre-selection cuts are:

- 1. Reject events with at least one lepton having $P_T > 20$ GeV.
- 2. Cut on the number of jets and jet transverse momenta as defined in Table 1.
- 3. Missing transverse energy $E_T^{miss} > 80$ GeV.
- 4. Cut on ratio f between E_T^{miss} and M_{eff} as defined in Table 1.
- 5. Cut on $\Delta \phi(jet_i, E_T^{miss})$ as defined in Table 1.
- 6. Transverse sphericity, $S_T > 0.2$.



Calculating the χ^2 from LHC

$$Q = \prod_{i=1}^{N_{\text{bins}}} \frac{\mathcal{L}(\mu_i = s_i + b_i; n_i)}{\mathcal{L}(\mu_i = b_i; n_i)}.$$
 (1)

$$\operatorname{CL}_{s+b} = \int_{t_{\rm obs}}^{\infty} P_{s+b}(t) \, dt < 0.05 \,. \tag{2}$$

$$\chi^2 = 2[\operatorname{erf}^{-1}(1 - 2\operatorname{CL}_{s+b})]^2.$$
(3)

