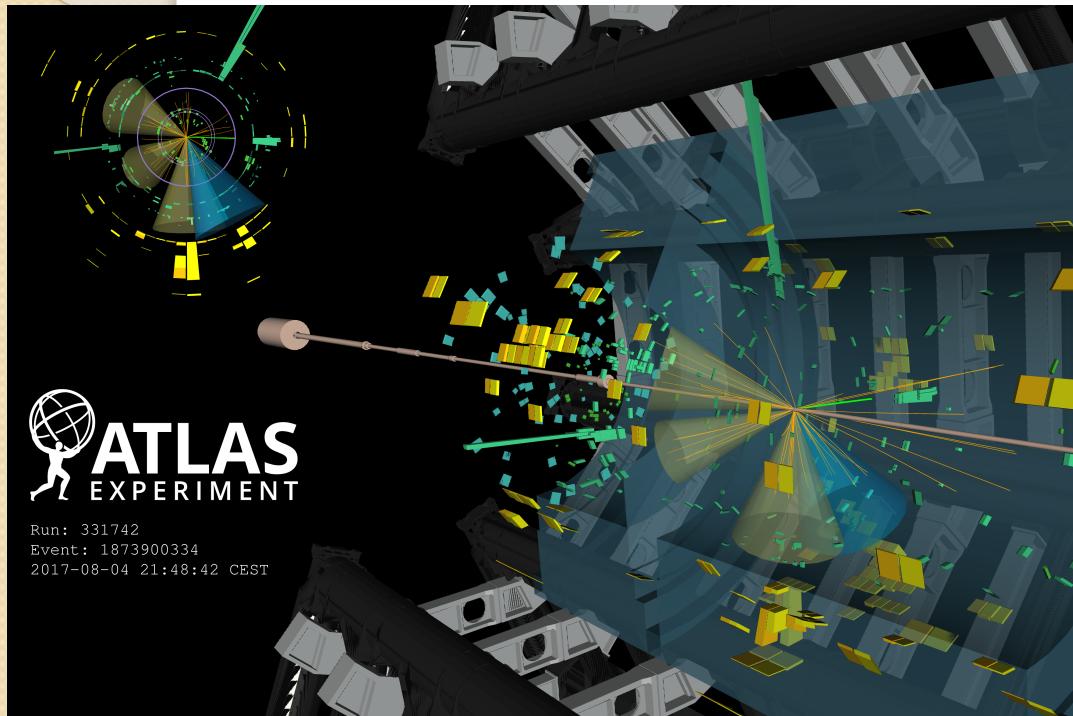


# Measurements of Higgs boson production in association with top quarks at the ATLAS experiment



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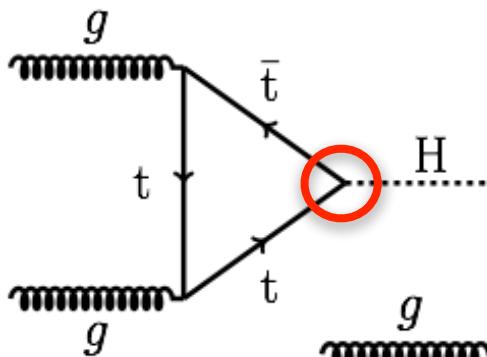
*on behalf of the ATLAS  
collaboration*

EPS-HEP 2023 Hamburg  
August 21st, 2023

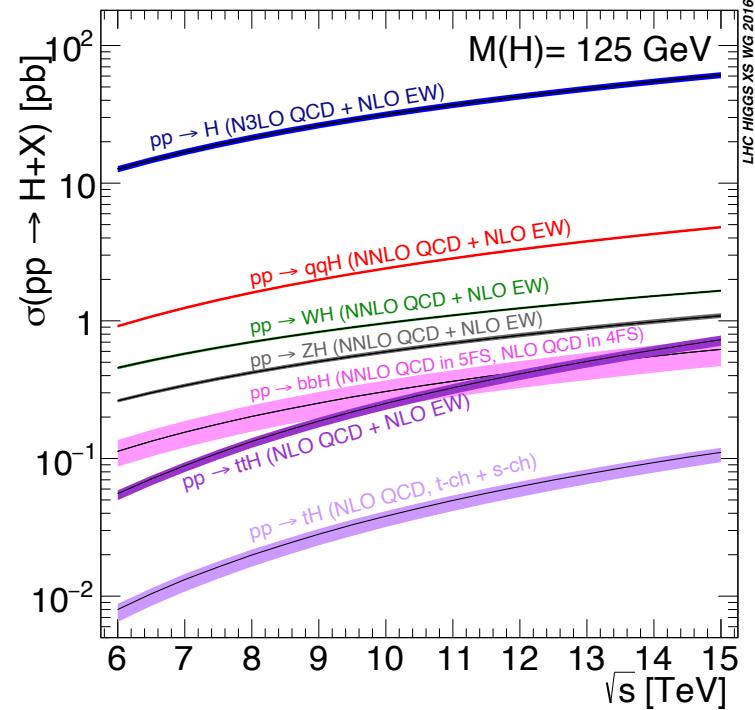
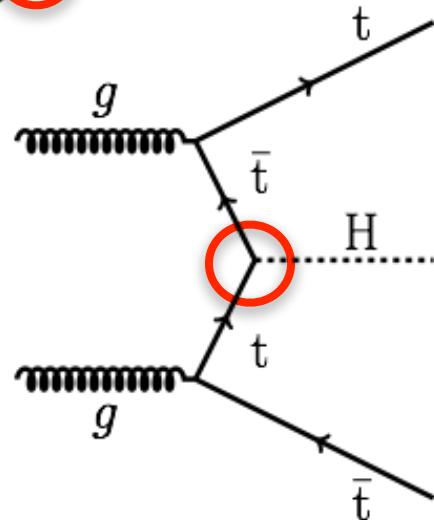


# Motivation

- In SM, top-Higgs coupling ( $y_t$ ) **very large wrt other fermions**: good opportunity to study Higgs Yukawa couplings to fermions
- Access to  $K_t = y_t/y_t(\text{SM})$  with  $\text{ggF} + \text{H} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  decay
- **Model-dependent constraints on  $K_t$** , assuming no BSM particles in the loop

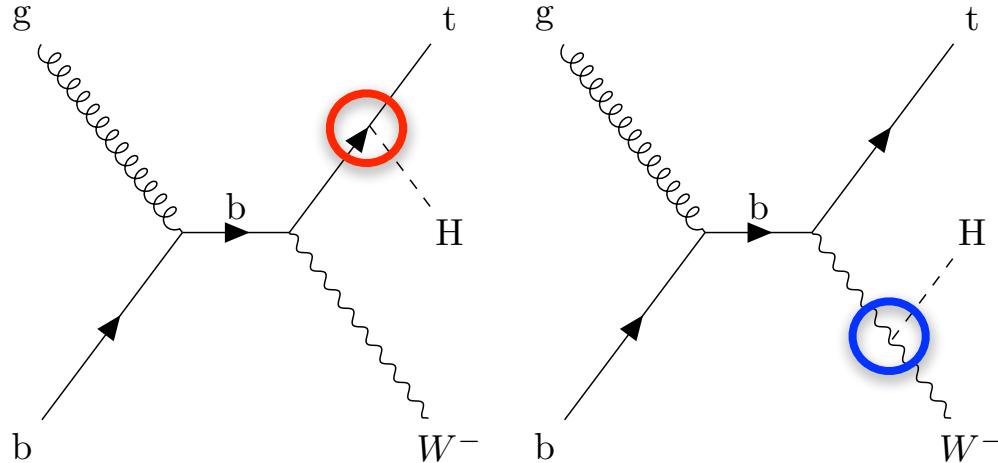


•  $\text{ttH} + \text{tH} \Rightarrow \text{direct probes to study } y_t$



- Small cross-section for  $\text{ttH}$  (0.5 fb,  $\sim 1\%$  ggF)
- Single top + Higgs cross-section even one order of magnitude lower than  $\text{ttH}$ : very challenging SM process to observe...

# Motivation

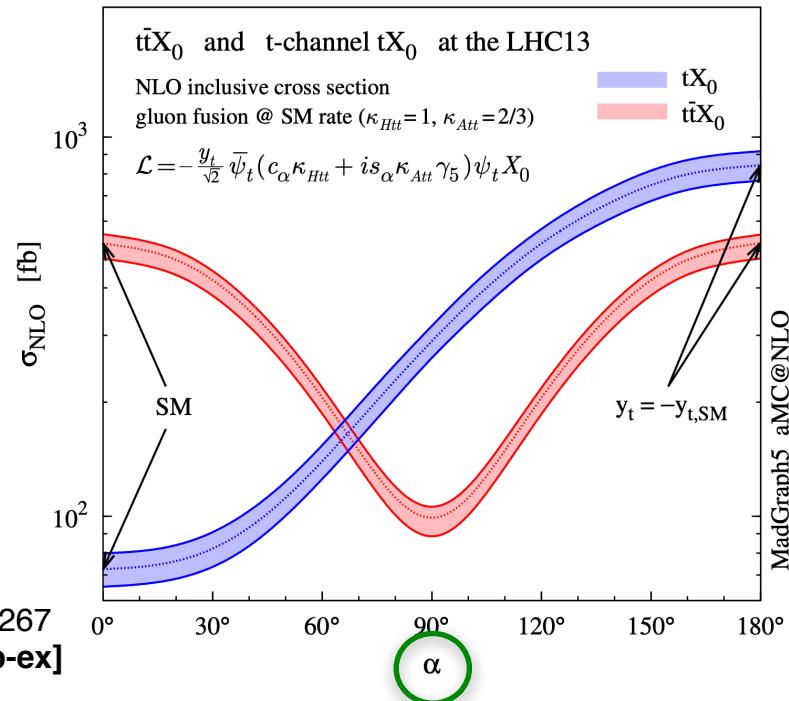


$$\mathcal{L}_{t\bar{t}H} = -\kappa_t y_t \phi \bar{\psi}_t (\cos\alpha + i\gamma_5 \sin\alpha) \psi_t$$

- **CP-structure of top-Higgs coupling** (mixing angle  $\alpha$ ) can also be probed  
=> impact both cross-section + kinematics
- **Combined analysis of ttH + tH processes** can be used to constrain  $\kappa_t$  and  $\alpha$
- For more Higgs CP-related measurements see [C. Grefe's talk](#)

Eur. Phys. J. C 75 (2015) 6, 267  
[arXiv:1504.00611 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1504.00611)

- Single-top + Higgs production involves interfering diagrams with **top-Higgs** and **W-Higgs** couplings
- In SM destructive interference but if  $\kappa_t = -1$  tH cross-section can be enhanced by one order of magnitude



# Strategy

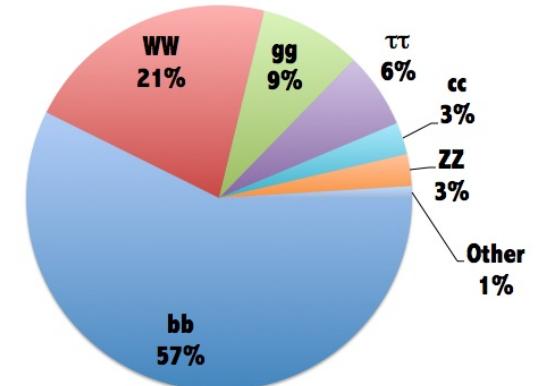
- Target as many decay modes as possible for top + Higgs to maximise sensitivity

- **tH + tH H $\rightarrow$ bb channel**

Largest branching ratio

Low S/B + combinatorics

Large theoretical uncertainties on irreducible tt+bb background



Higgs BR

- **tH + tH H $\rightarrow$ WW / ZZ /  $\tau\tau$  multilepton channels**

Clean final state with leptons

Low irreducible backgrounds (S/B~1)

Challenging reducible backgrounds w/ non-prompt leptons + jets faking  $\tau_h$

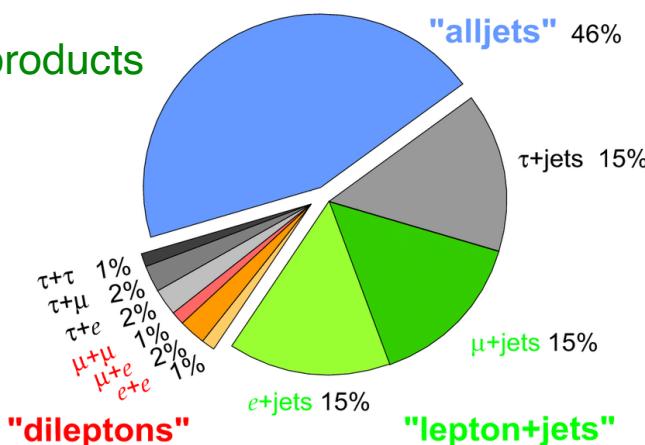
Top pair BR

- **tH + tH H $\rightarrow$  $\gamma\gamma$  channel**

Very clean signature, possible to reconstruct all Higgs decay products

Good S/B

Low branching ratio



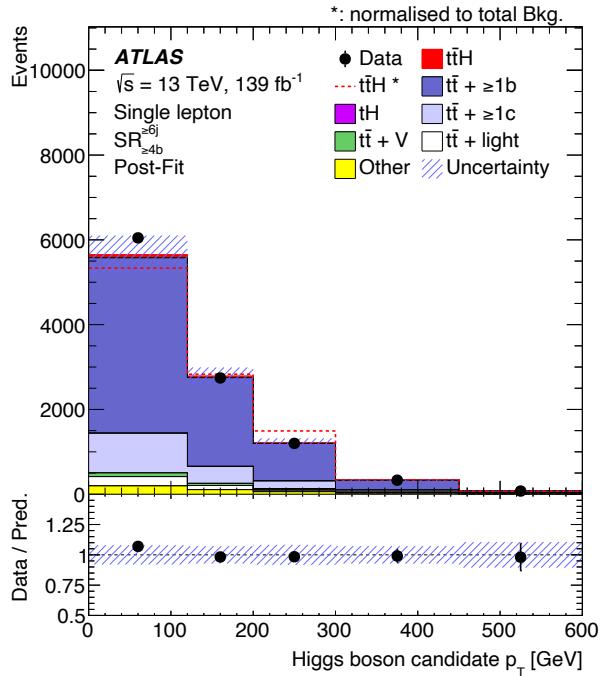
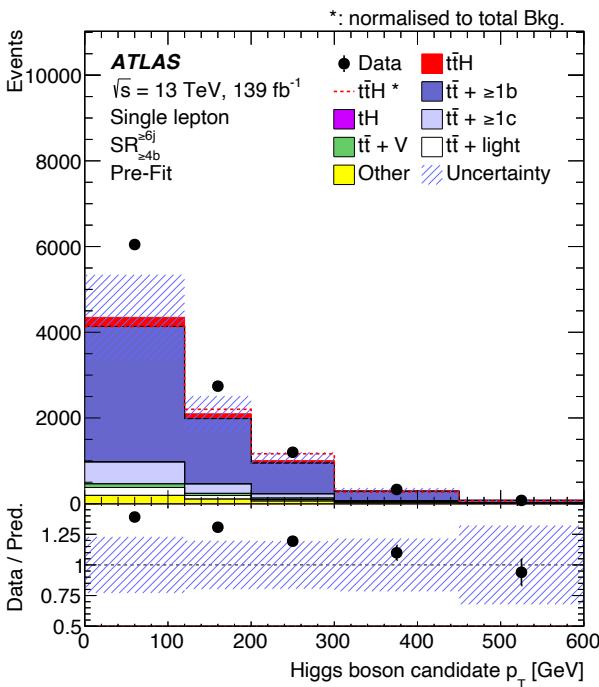
- Other subdominant channels also covered in other analyses: H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ 4l, H $\rightarrow$   $\tau_h\tau_h$ ...

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# **Cross-section and STXS measurements**

- Dilepton + single lepton resolved + boosted channels:** dominated by tt+heavy flavour background

- BDTs + DNN used for:**
  - jet-parton assignment
  - signal extraction

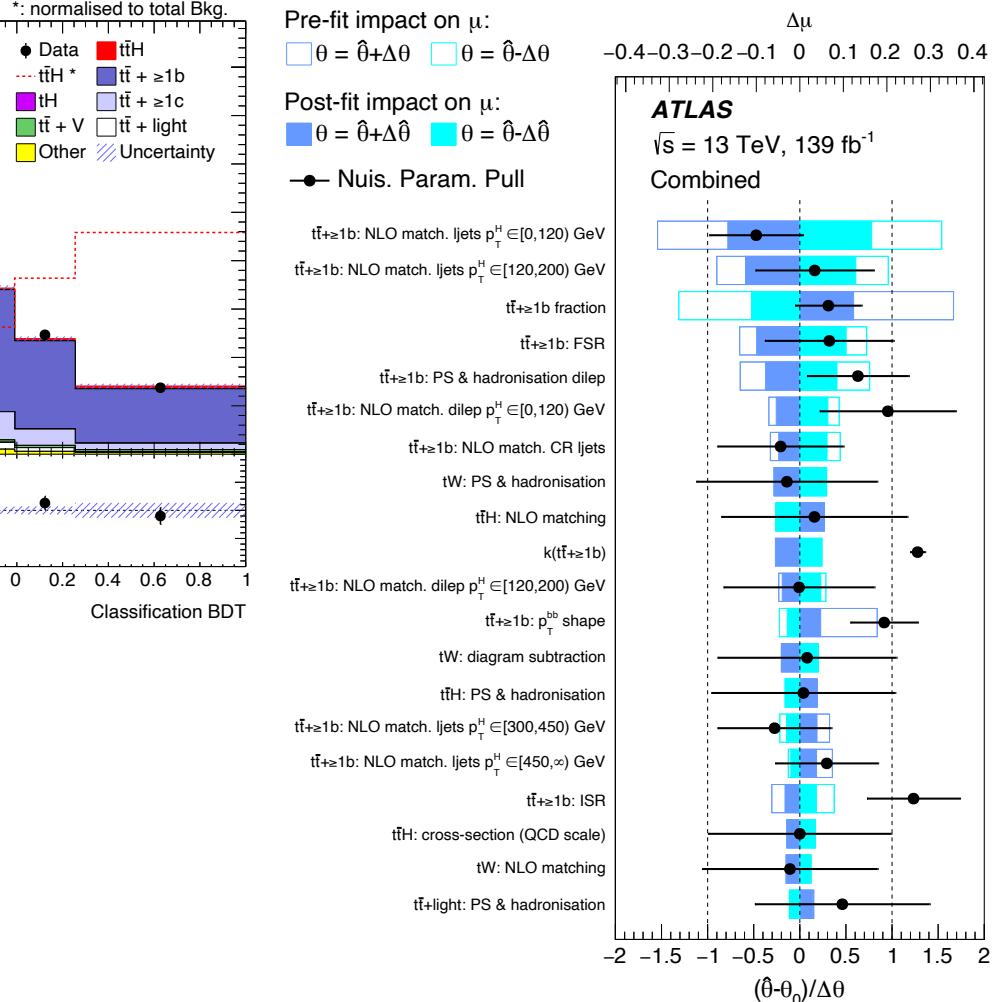
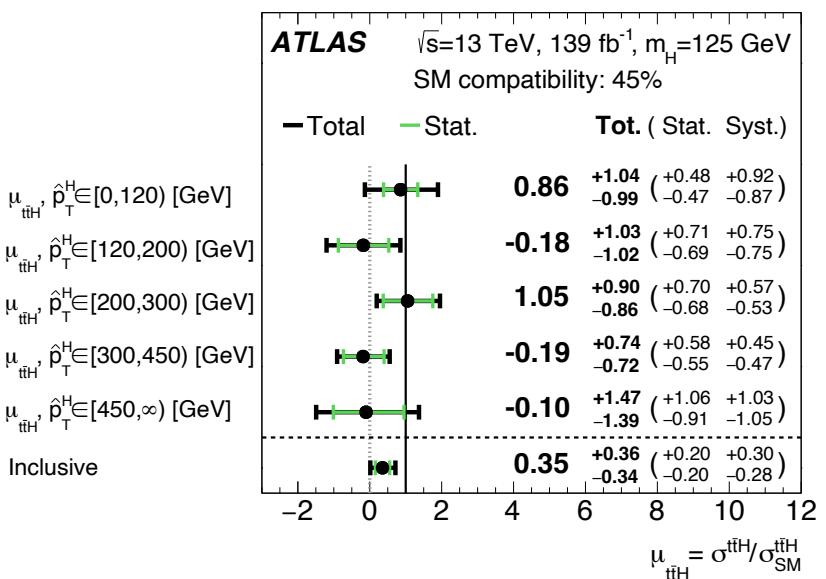
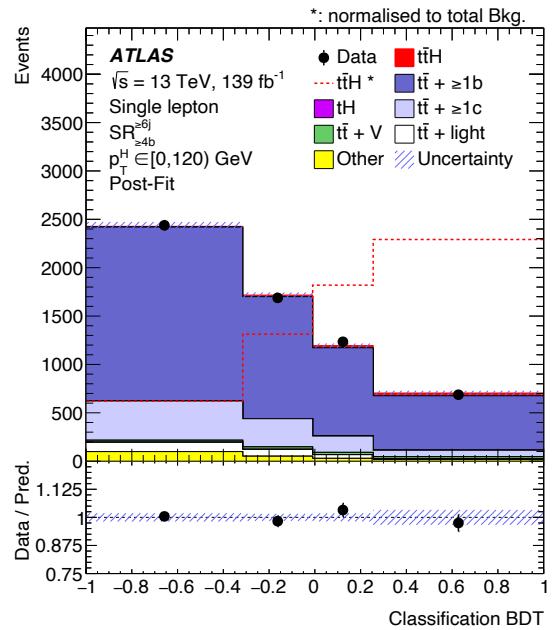


Region	Dilepton				Single-lepton					
	SR $_{\geq 4b}^{\geq 4j}$	CR $_{3b \text{ hi}}^{\geq 4j}$	CR $_{3b \text{ lo}}^{\geq 4j}$	CR $_{3b \text{ hi}}^{3j}$	SR $_{\geq 4b}^{\geq 6j}$	CR $_{\geq 4b}^{5j}$	CR $_{\geq 4b \text{ lo}}^{5j}$	SR $_{\text{boosted}}$		
#leptons	$= 2$				$= 1$					
#jets	$\geq 4$		$= 3$		$\geq 6$	$= 5$	$\geq 4$			
@85%	–				$\geq 4$					
@77%	–				–					
#b-tag	$\geq 4$	$= 3$		$\geq 4$				$\geq 2^\dagger$		
@70%	–				$\geq 4$					
@60%	–	$= 3$	$< 3$	$= 3$	–	$\geq 4$	$< 4$	–		
#boosted cand.	–				0					
Fit input	BDT	Yield		BDT/Yield	$\Delta R_{bb}^{\text{avg}}$		BDT			

- tt+bb background** modelled with **4FS NLO simulation** with extra b-jets from ME + **free-floating normalisation**  
 $k(\text{tt+bb}) = 1.26 \pm 0.09$

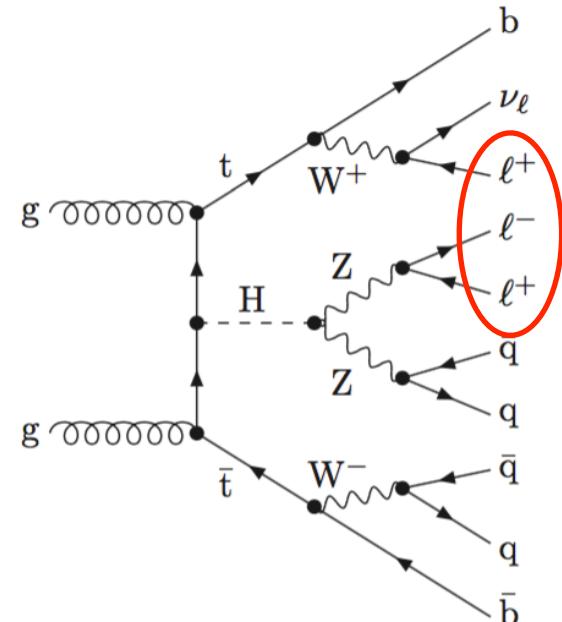
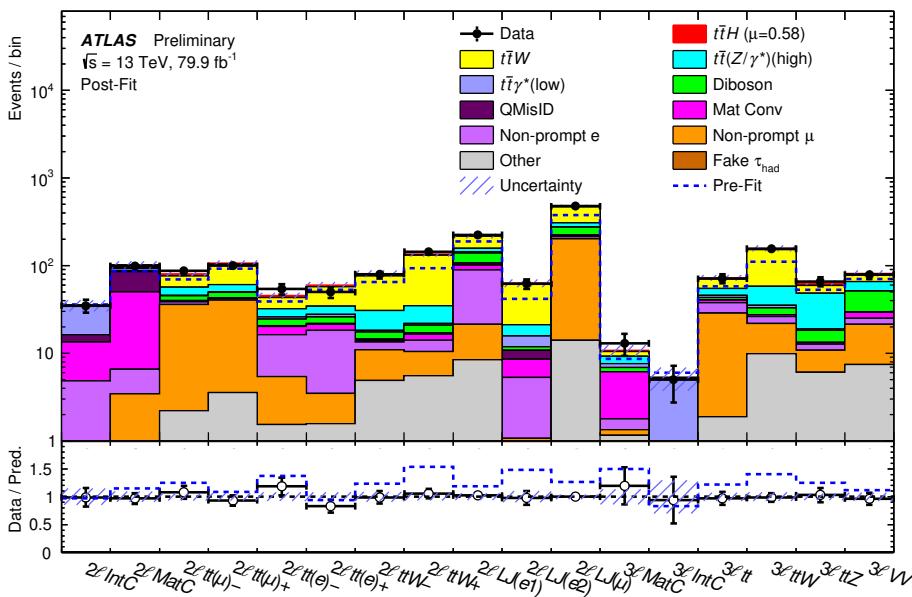
- Ad-hoc uncertainty** derived from inclusive signal region used to cover for **reco  $p_T(H)$  mismodelling in background**

- Good post-fit agreement observed, with uncertainty dominated by tt+hf modelling systematics
- Sensitivity: 1.0 $\sigma$  observed (2.7 $\sigma$  expected)



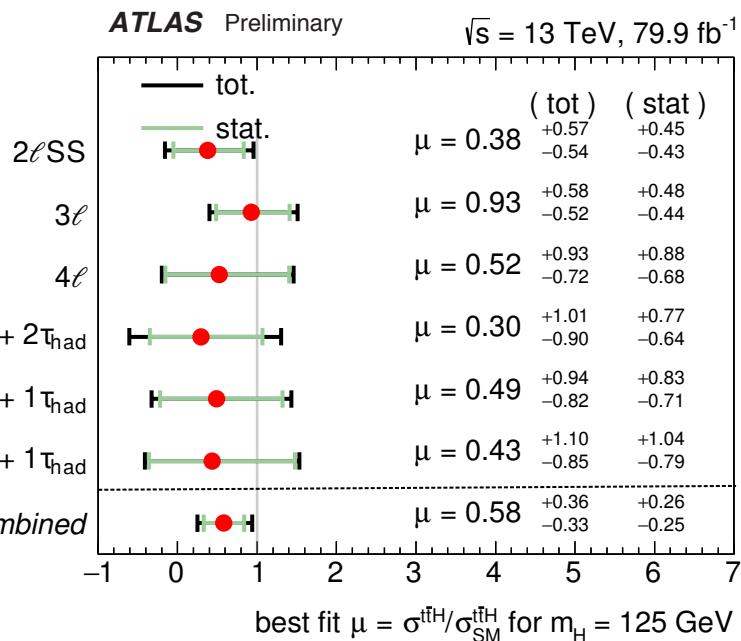
• Sensitivity beyond pT=300 GeV thanks to boosted categories

- Targets final-state with several leptons +  $\tau_h$
- Main sources of background:
  - irreducible: ttV, di-boson
  - reducible: non-prompt leptons, fake  $\tau_h$ , photon conversions, charge mis-ID
- MVA selections used to separate **prompt leptons** (from W/Z/ $\tau$  decays) from **non-prompt leptons** (b decays, light hadrons)

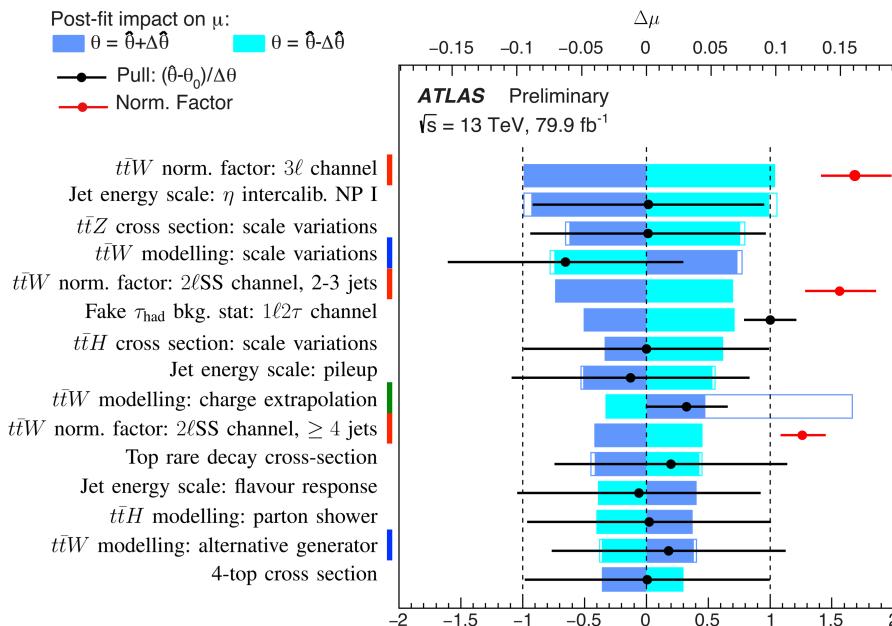


- Subcategories based on lepton charge + flavour + b-jet multiplicity
- **Background modelling:**
  - simulation for shape
  - control regions for normalisation
- **BDTs used for signal extraction:**  
 multi-dimensional binning w/ binary classifiers or multi-classifiers

- Challenging modelling of ttW background:
    - several uncorrelated free-floating normalisations factors
    - theoretical uncertainties
    - ad hoc extrapolation uncertainties for charge asymmetry + b-jet multiplicity
- => recent dedicated ttW measurements will help improving those (see [R. Ospanov's talk](#))



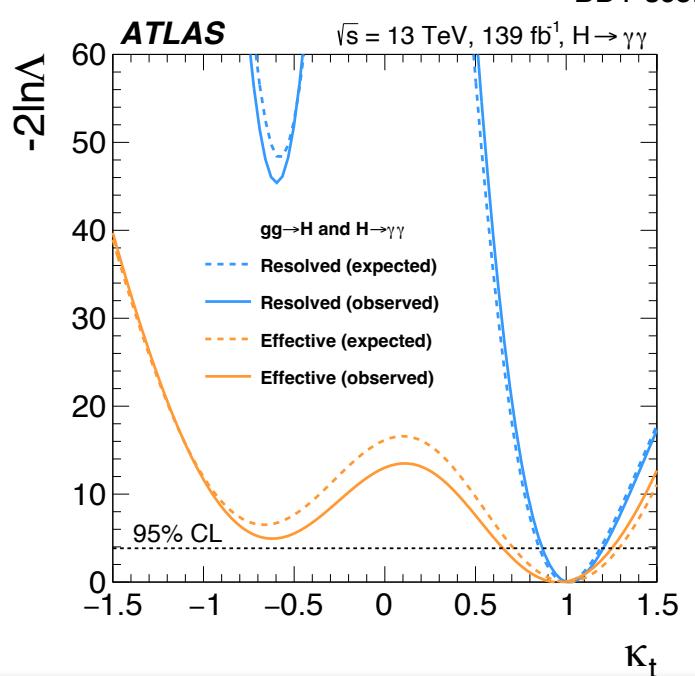
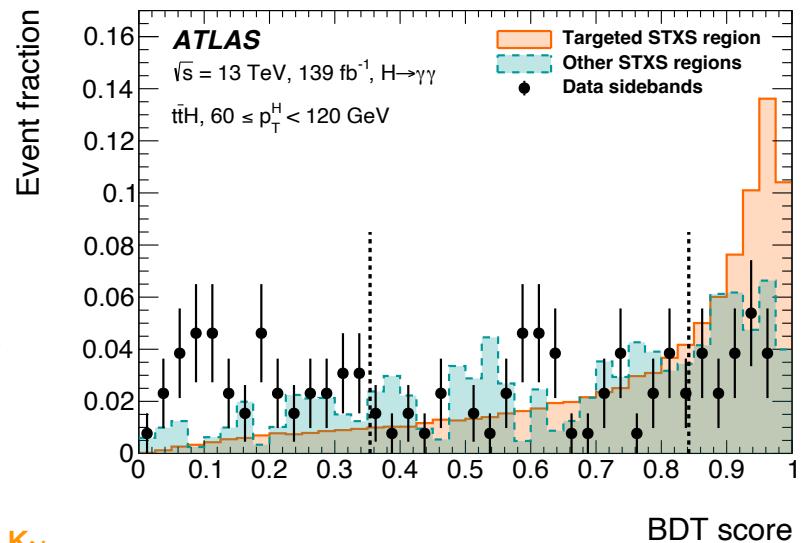
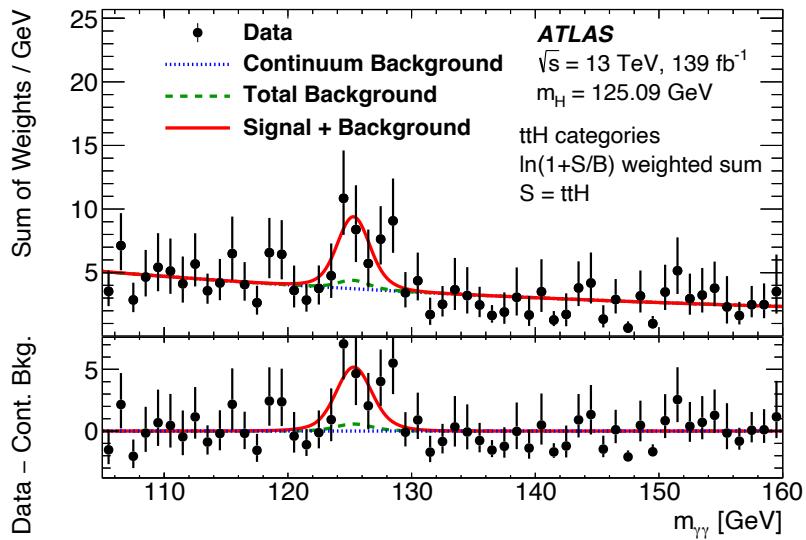
Pre-fit impact on  $\mu$ :  
□  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta\theta$     □  $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta\theta$   
 Post-fit impact on  $\mu$ :  
■  $\theta = \hat{\theta} + \Delta\theta$     ■  $\theta = \hat{\theta} - \Delta\theta$   
● Pull:  $(\theta - \theta_0) / \Delta\theta$   
● Norm. Factor



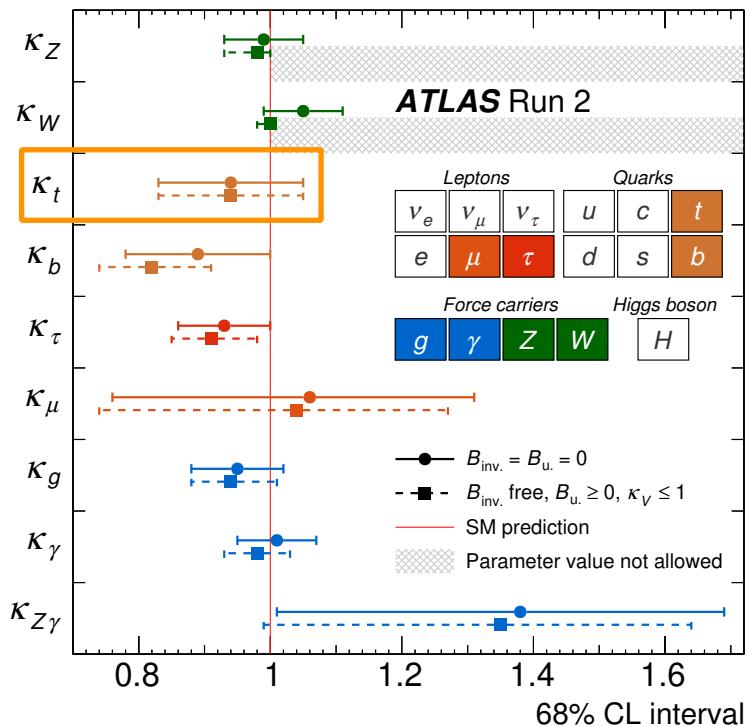
- **Observed excess in ttW** taking into account state-of-the-art QCD and EW corrections ( $\sigma(\text{ttW})=727 \text{ fb}$ )
- **Systematic uncertainties getting larger than stat. uncertainty:** dominated by ttW modelling + jet energy scale
- **Sensitivity:**  $1.8\sigma$  observed ( $3.1\sigma$  expected)

- Part of inclusive H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$  STXS measurements:
  - STXS bin assignment handled w/ multi-classifier BDT
  - subcategories with increasing purity defined with signal vs background BDT

=> fit of  $m(\gamma\gamma)$  for signal extraction
- tH categories split between categories optimised for tHW / tHq  $\kappa_t=1$  (SM) / tHq  $\kappa_t=-1$  (BSM)
- STXS measurements performed +  $\kappa_t$  measurement:  
 **$\kappa_t < 0$  excluded at  $2.2\sigma$  with effective  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_y$ , sensitivity from tH categories**



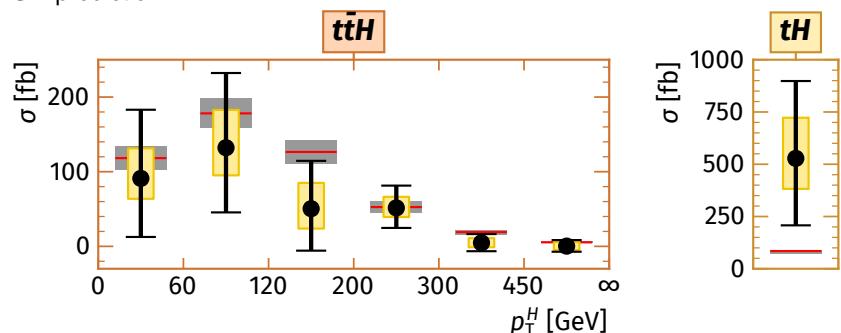
# Higgs combination



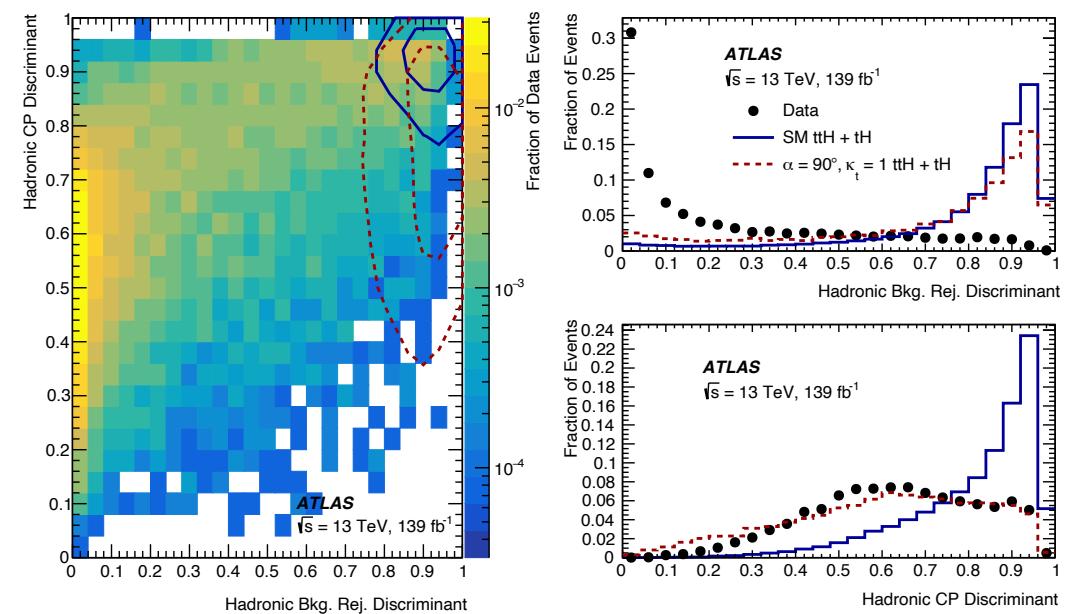
- Combination of all Run 2 Higgs analyses: inclusive cross-section + STXS measurements
- Combined  $t\bar{t}H + tH$  sensitivity  $6.4\sigma$  (exp.  $6.6\sigma$ )
- Sensitivity to  $\kappa_t$  from  $t\bar{t}H$  categories (under hypothesis with independent effective  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_\gamma$ )
 
$$\kappa_t = 0.94 \pm 0.11 \text{ under } B_{\text{inv}}=B_u=0 \text{ hypothesis}$$
- Complementary between different channels exploited for STXS measurement

Data (Total uncertainty)  
 Syst. uncertainty  
 SM prediction

- Separate  $tH$  measurement possible thanks to  $tH, H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  categories
 
$$\sigma(tH) < 15 \times \text{SM} @ 95\% \text{ CL} (7 \times \text{exp.})$$
- Large  $t\bar{t}H$  vs  $tH$  correlation -56%: improved in the future thanks to dedicated  $tH$  analyses for all channels



# Top Yukawa CP properties

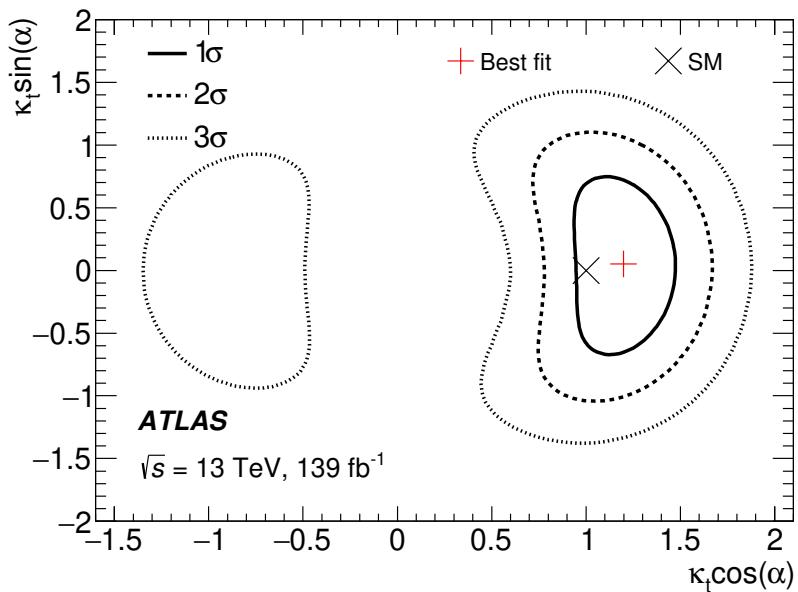


- **Measurement of  $\kappa_t \cos(\alpha)$  -  $\kappa_t \sin(\alpha)$**  with  $\kappa_g$  and  $\kappa_\gamma$  inputs from Higgs coupling combination w/o ttH + tH channels

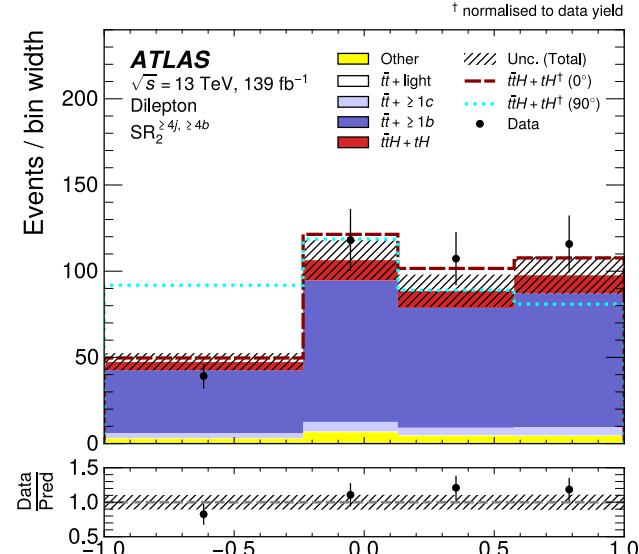
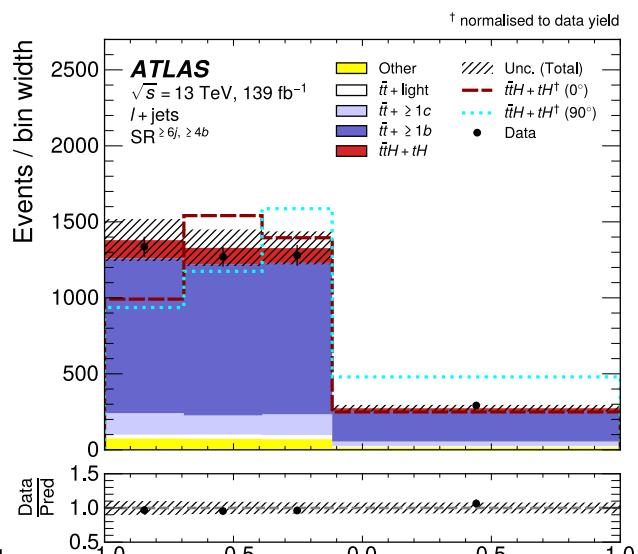
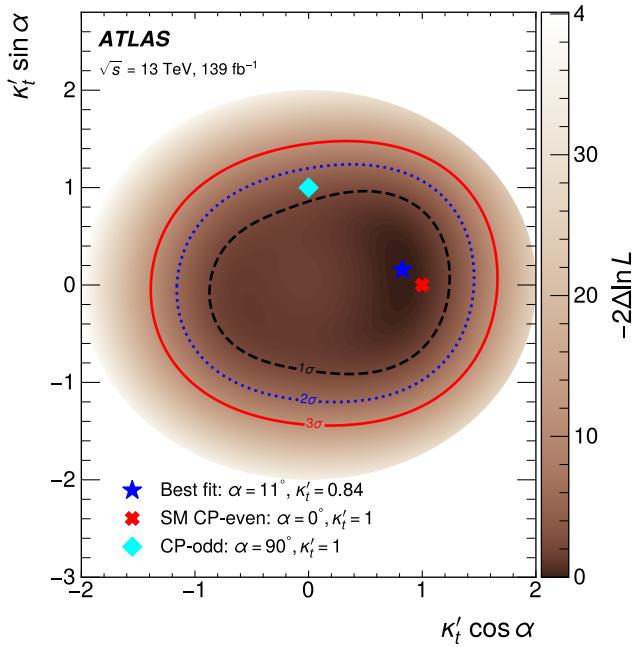
### • Results:

- $|\alpha| > 43^\circ$  excluded at 95% CL
- Inverted top coupling hypothesis ( $\alpha = 180^\circ$ ) excluded at  $2.5\sigma$
- Pure CP-odd hypothesis ( $\alpha = 90^\circ$ ) excluded at  $3.9\sigma$

- Similar analysis strategy as for SM ttH + tH H $\rightarrow$  $\gamma\gamma$  analysis
- 2D categories based on **sig. vs bkg BDT + CP-even vs CP-odd signal** exploiting:
  - top reco. BDT for jet assignment
  - angular + kinematic variables related to reconstructed tops + Higgs



- Similar analysis strategy as SM ttH $\rightarrow$ bb measurement for event categorisation + background estimation



$$b_2 = \frac{(\vec{p}_1 \times \hat{z}) \cdot (\vec{p}_2 \times \hat{z})}{|\vec{p}_1||\vec{p}_2|}$$

$p_1, p_2 = 4$ -momenta  
top quarks  
 $\hat{z} =$  beam-axis

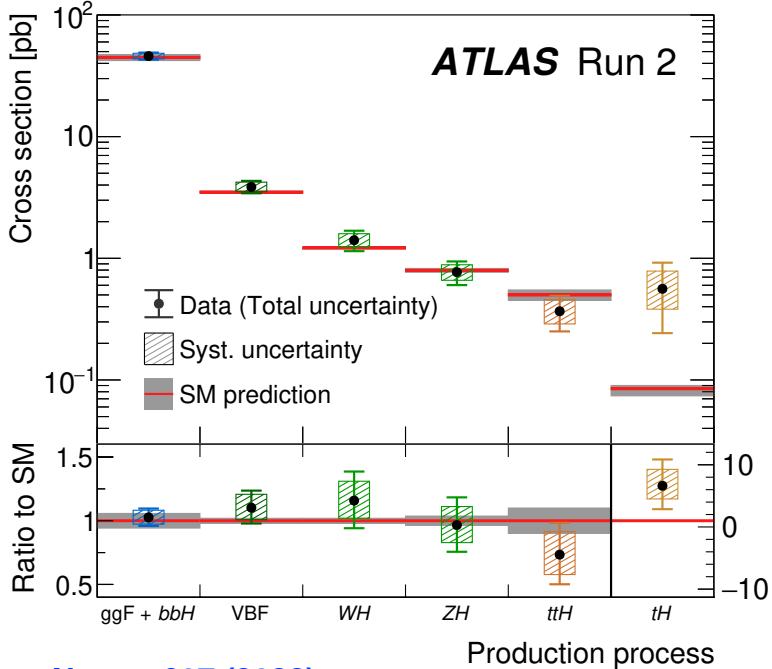
$$b_4 = \frac{(\vec{p}_1 \cdot \hat{z})(\vec{p}_2 \cdot \hat{z})}{|\vec{p}_1||\vec{p}_2|}$$

- 2D categories built on top based on sig. vs bkg BDT + angular variables  $b_2$  /  $b_4$

## Results:

- Best fit  $\alpha = 11^\circ_{-73^\circ}{}^{+52^\circ}$  and  $\kappa_t' = 0.84_{-0.46}{}^{+0.30}$
- Pure CP-odd hypothesis ( $\alpha = 90^\circ$ ) excluded at  $1.2\sigma$

# Conclusion



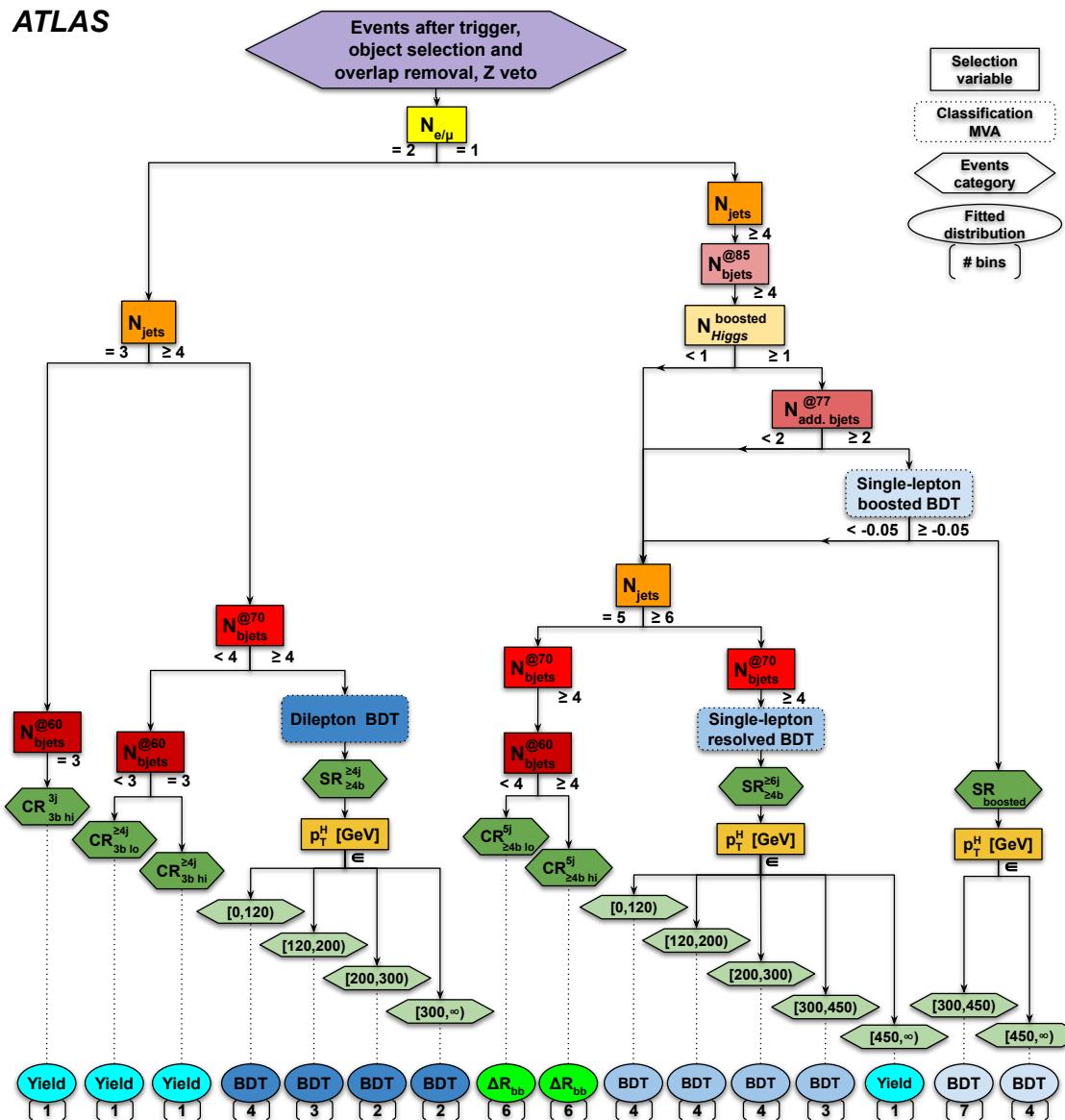
[Nature 607 \(2022\)](#)

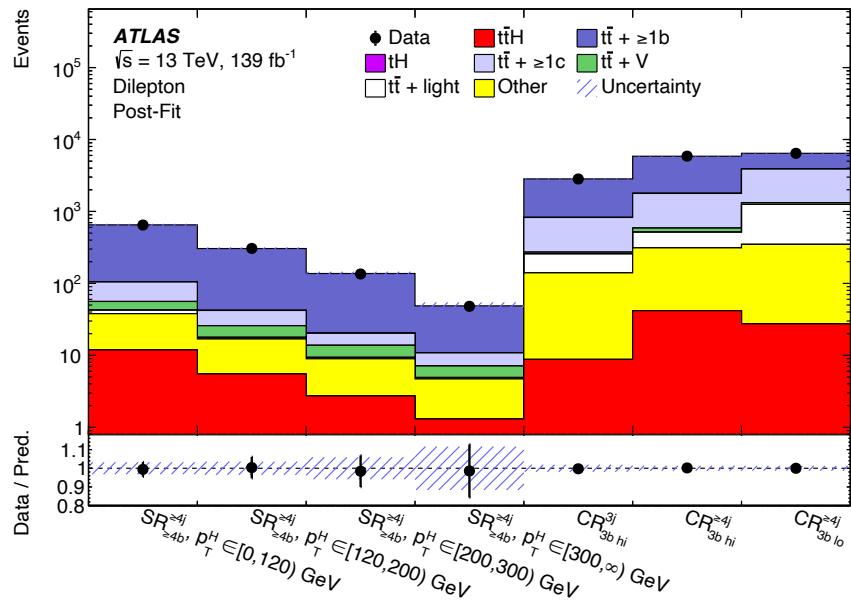
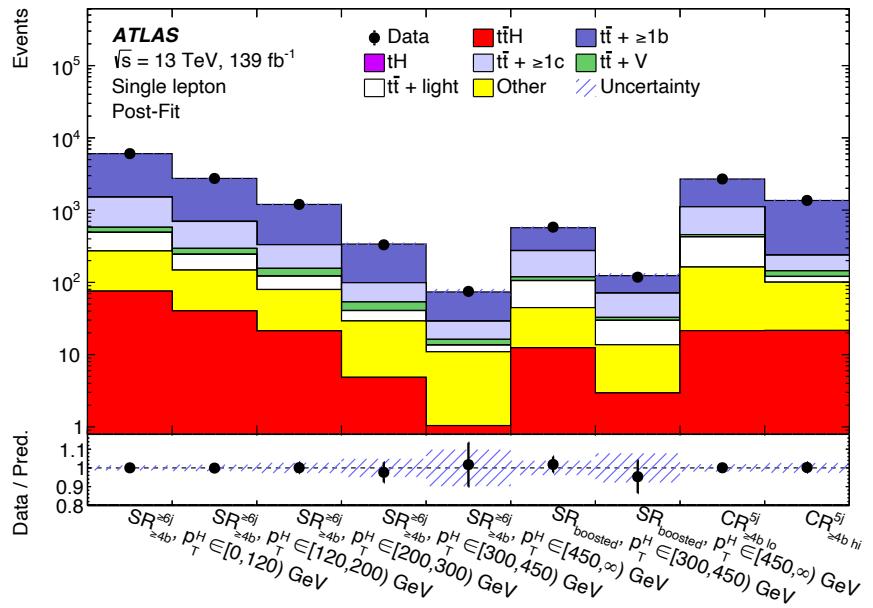
- Full Run 2 dataset has allowed to firmly confirm observation of ttH production mode
- Opens the way for more detailed studies beyond inclusive cross-section measurements:
  - differential STXS measurements
  - studies of CP properties of top Yukawa
  - search for rare tH process

- Background modelling very challenging for some channels (tt+bb, ttW)  
=> ttH analyses prompted studies leading to dedicated measurements, improving their predictions
- Some channels still statistically limited + new analysis strategies to explore so large room for improvement with Run 3 dataset currently collected

# Back-up

ATLAS



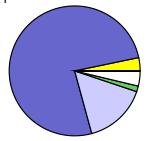


## ATLAS

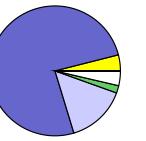
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

Single lepton

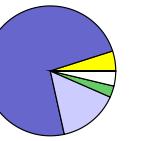
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [0, 120] \text{ GeV}$



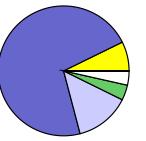
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [120, 200] \text{ GeV}$



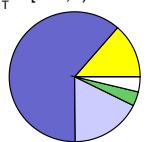
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [200, 300] \text{ GeV}$



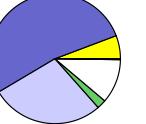
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [300, 450] \text{ GeV}$



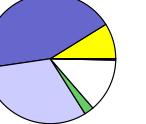
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [450, \infty) \text{ GeV}$



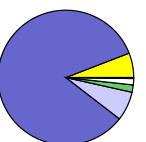
SR $_{\text{boosted}}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [300, 450] \text{ GeV}$



SR $_{\text{boosted}}^{>6j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [450, \infty) \text{ GeV}$



CR $_{\geq 4b}^{>5j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [450, \infty) \text{ GeV}$

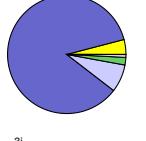


## ATLAS

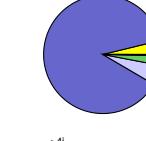
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$

Dilepton

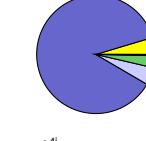
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>4j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [0, 120] \text{ GeV}$



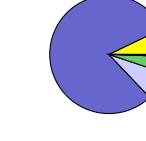
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>4j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [120, 200] \text{ GeV}$



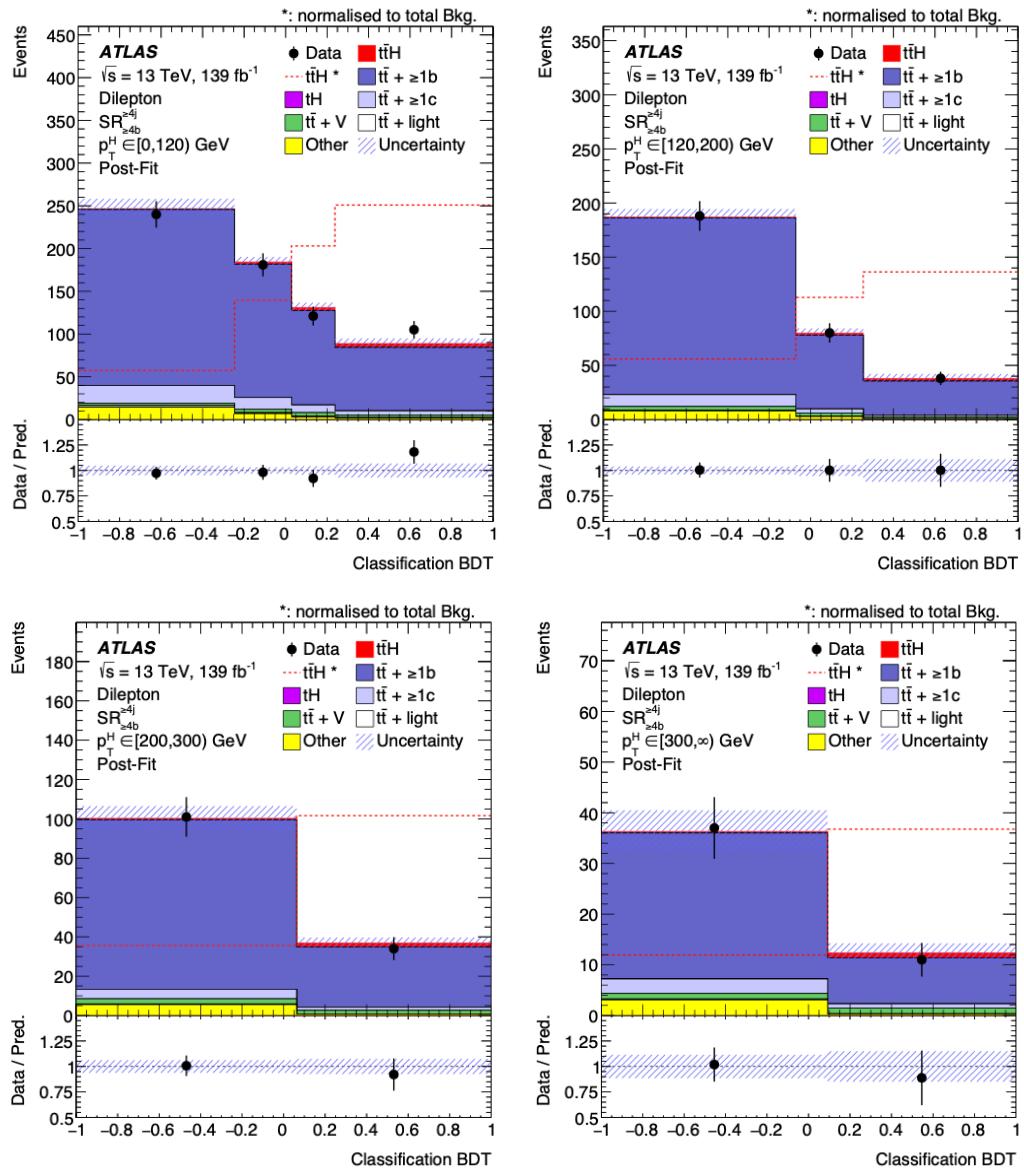
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>4j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [200, 300] \text{ GeV}$



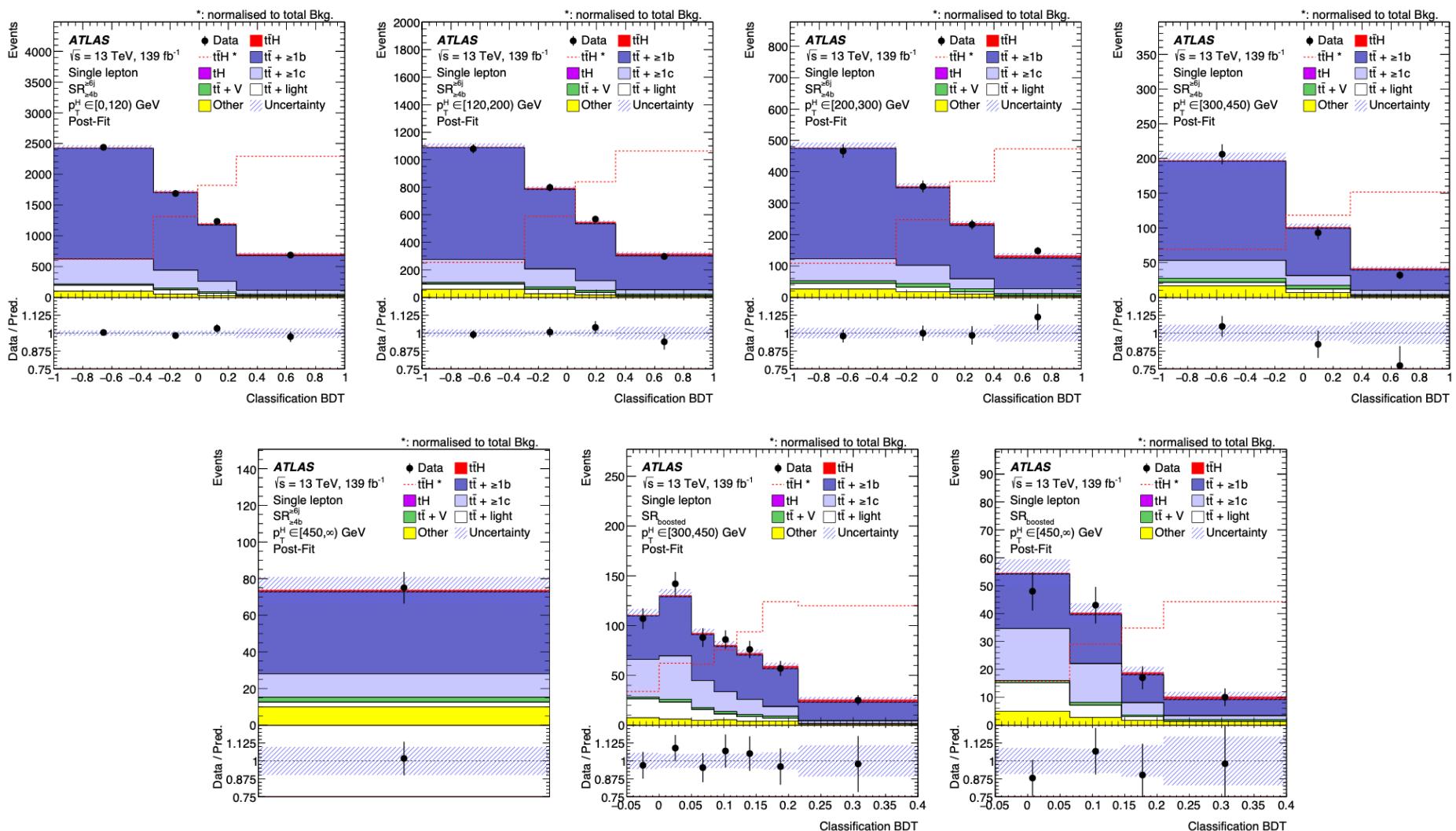
SR $_{\geq 4b}^{>4j}$   
 $p_T^H \in [300, \infty) \text{ GeV}$

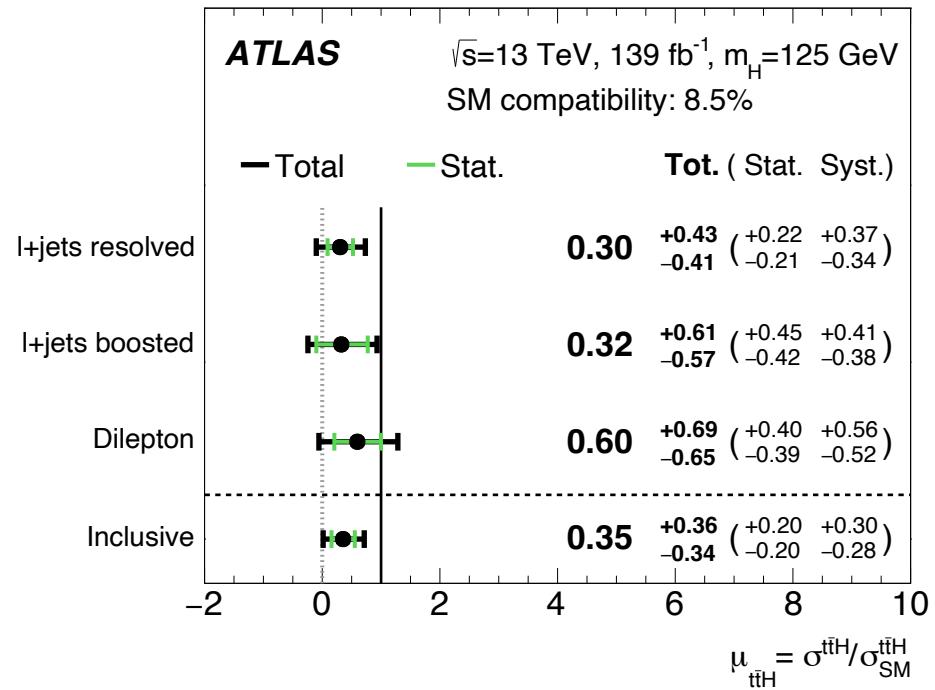
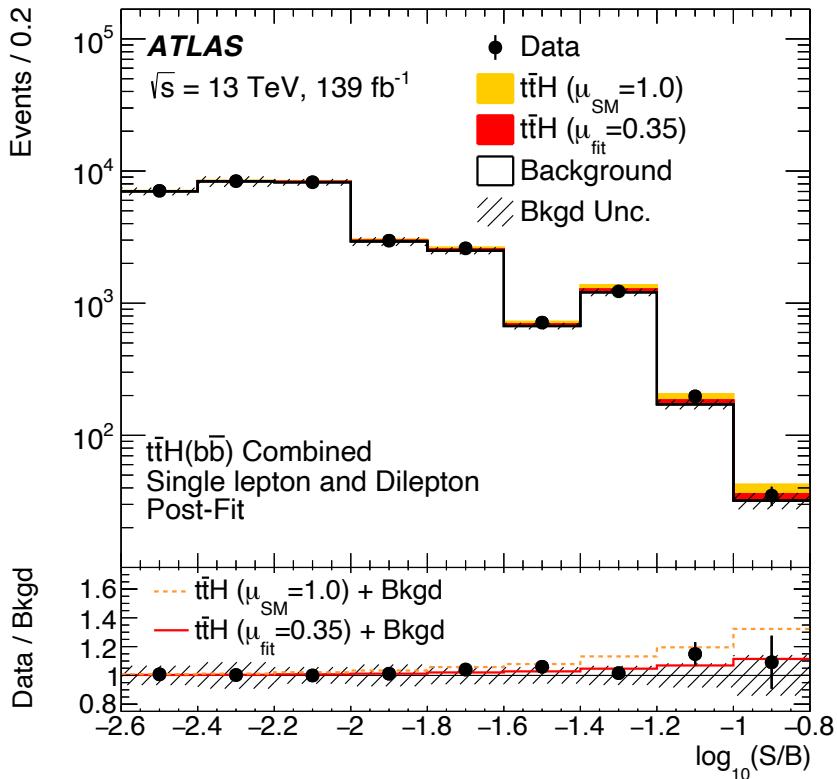


- Dilepton BDT distributions



## • Single-lepton BDT distributions





- ttbar samples + systematics

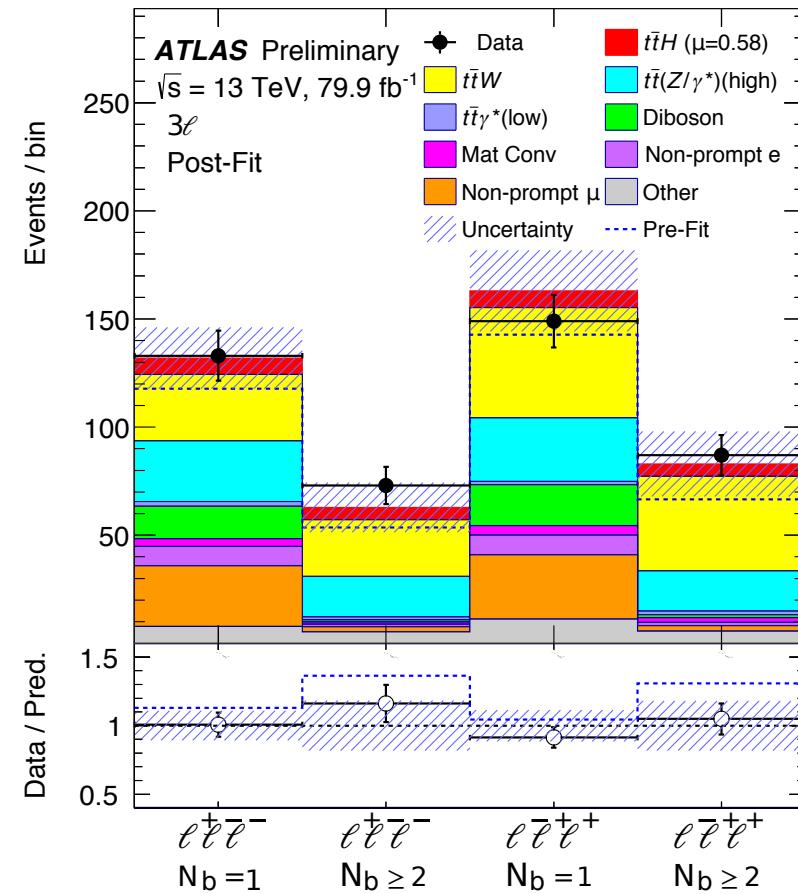
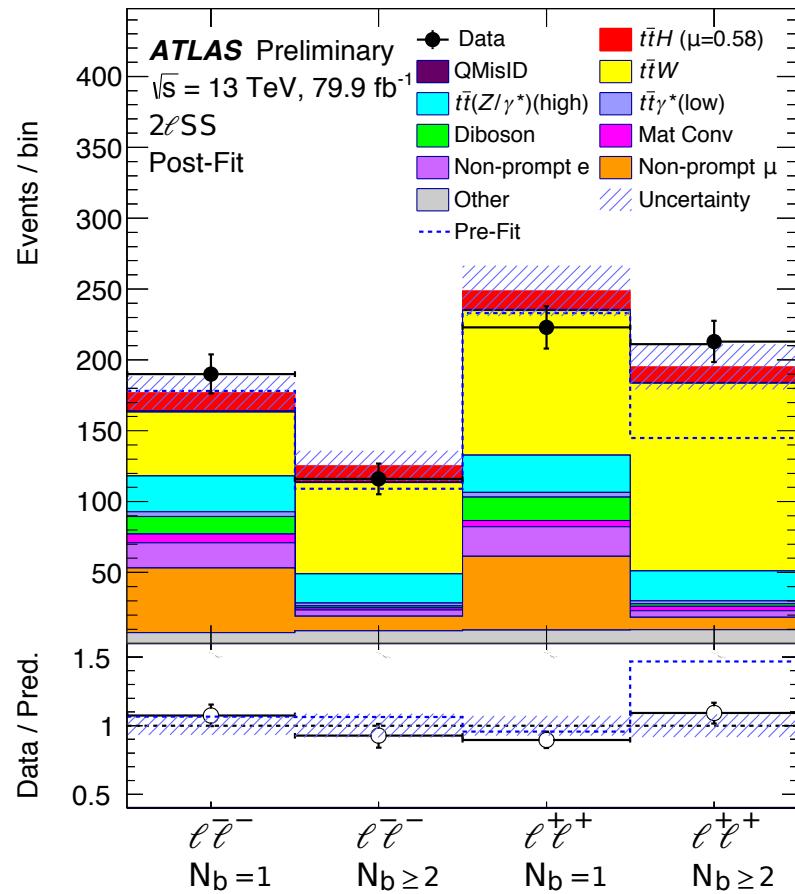
$t\bar{t}$  + jets and single-top

$t\bar{t}$	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]	
	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO	HERWIG 7.04	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]	
	MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.6.0	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]	
$t\bar{t} + b\bar{b}$	POWHEG BOX RES	NNPDF3.0NLO nf4	PYTHIA 8.230	—	
	SHERPA 2.2.1	NNPDF3.0NNLO nf4	SHERPA	—	
$tW$	POWHEG BOX v2 [DR]	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]	
	POWHEG BOX v2 [DS]	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]	
	POWHEG BOX v2 [DR]	NNPDF3.0NLO	HERWIG 7.04	NLO+NNLL [52,53]	
	MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.6.2 [DR]	CT10NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]	
t-channel	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO nf4	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO [54,55]	
	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO nf4	HERWIG 7.04	NLO [54,55]	
	MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.6.2	NNPDF3.0NLO nf4	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO [54,55]	
s-channel	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO [54,55]	
	POWHEG BOX v2	NNPDF3.0NLO	HERWIG 7.04	NLO [54,55]	
	MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO 2.6.2	NNPDF3.0NLO	PYTHIA 8.230	NLO [54,55]	

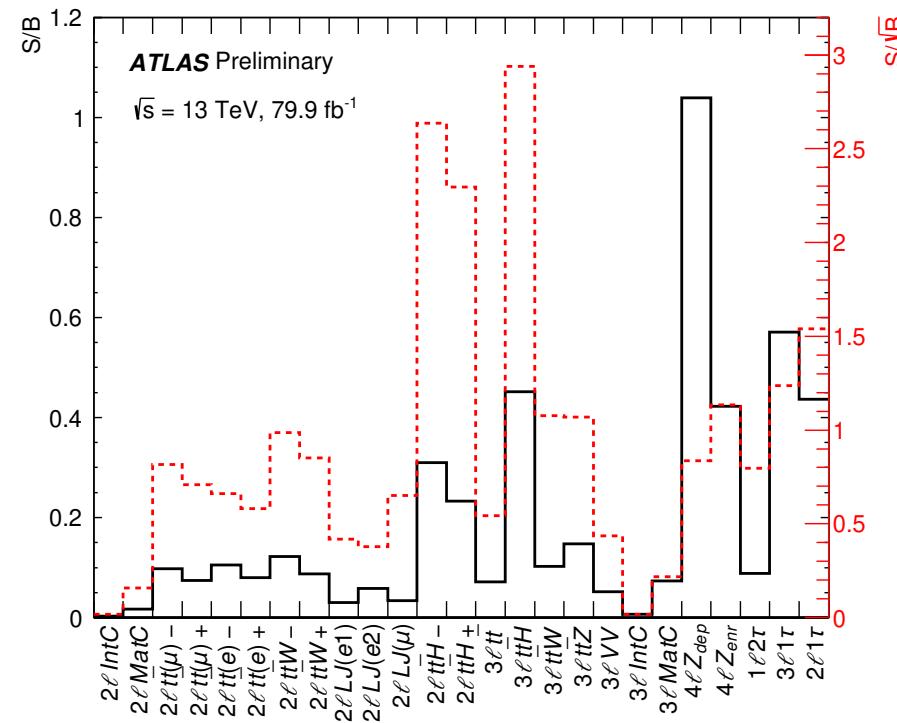
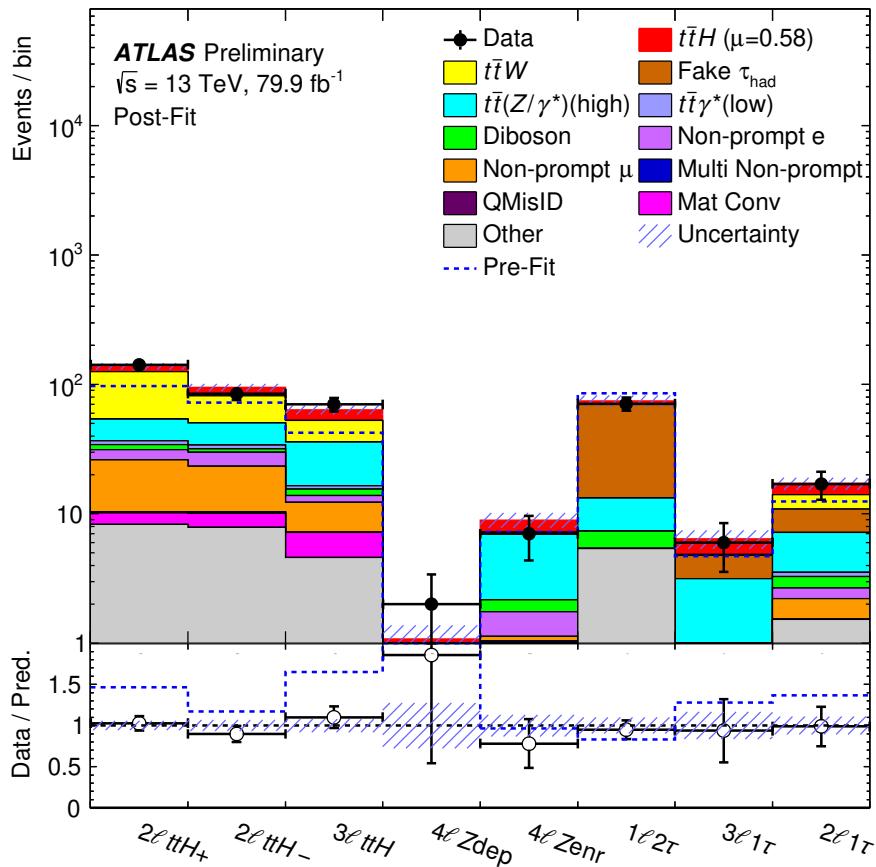
Uncertainty source	Description	Components
$t\bar{t}$ cross-section	$\pm 6\%$	$t\bar{t} + \text{light}$
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ normalisation	Free-floating	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ normalisation	$\pm 100\%$	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$
NLO matching	MADGRAPH5_AMC@NLO + PYTHIA 8 vs POWHEG Box + PYTHIA 8	All
PS & hadronisation	POWHEG Box + HERWIG 7 vs POWHEG Box + PYTHIA 8	All
ISR	Varying $\alpha_s^{\text{ISR}}$ (PS), $\mu_r$ & $\mu_f$ (ME)	in POWHEG Box RES + PYTHIA 8 $t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ in POWHEG Box + PYTHIA 8 $t\bar{t} + \geq 1c, t\bar{t} + \text{light}$
FSR	Varying $\alpha_s^{\text{FSR}}$ (PS)	in POWHEG Box RES + PYTHIA 8 $t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ in POWHEG Box + PYTHIA 8 $t\bar{t} + \geq 1c, t\bar{t} + \text{light}$
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ fractions	POWHEG Box + HERWIG 7 vs POWHEG Box + PYTHIA 8	$t\bar{t} + 1b, t\bar{t} + \geq 2b$
$p_T^{bb}$ shape	Shape mismodelling measured from data	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$

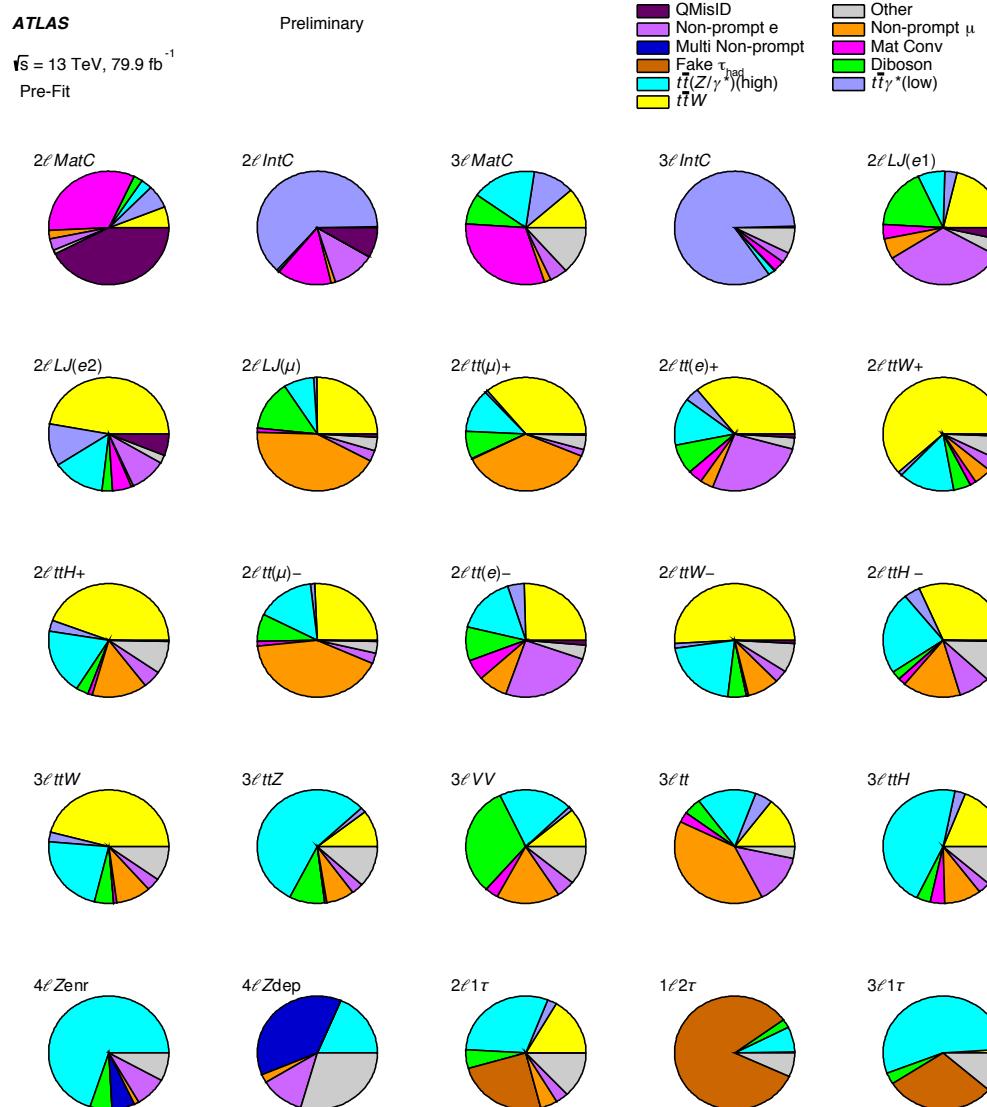
Channel	Selection criteria
Common	$N_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$
2 $\ell$ SS	<p>Two same-charge (SS) very tight (<math>T^*</math>) leptons, <math>p_T &gt; 20</math> GeV</p> <p>No <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidates</p> <p><math>m(\ell^+\ell^-) &gt; 12</math> GeV for all SF pairs</p> <p><b>13 categories:</b> enriched with <math>t\bar{t}H</math>, <math>t\bar{t}W</math>, <math>t\bar{t}</math>, mat. conv, int. conv., split by lepton flavour, charge, jet and <math>b</math>-jet multiplicity</p>
3 $\ell$	<p>Three loose (L) leptons with <math>p_T &gt; 10</math> GeV; sum of light-lepton charges = <math>\pm 1</math></p> <p>Two SS very tight (<math>T^*</math>) leptons, <math>p_T &gt; 15</math> GeV</p> <p>One OS (w.r.t the SS pair) loose-isolated (<math>L^*</math>) lepton, <math>p_T &gt; 10</math> GeV</p> <p>No <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidates</p> <p><math>m(\ell^+\ell^-) &gt; 12</math> GeV and <math> m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2</math> GeV  &gt; 10 GeV for all SFOS pairs</p> <p><math> m(3\ell) - 91.2</math> GeV  &gt; 10 GeV</p> <p><b>7 categories:</b> enriched with <math>t\bar{t}H</math>, <math>t\bar{t}W</math>, <math>t\bar{t}Z</math>, <math>VV</math>, <math>t\bar{t}</math>, mat. conv, int. conv</p>
4 $\ell$	<p>Four loose-isolated (<math>L^*</math>) leptons; sum of light lepton charges = 0</p> <p><math>m(\ell^+\ell^-) &gt; 12</math> GeV and <math> m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2</math> GeV  &gt; 10 GeV for all SFOS pairs</p> <p><math>m(4\ell) &lt; 115</math> GeV or <math>m(4\ell) &gt; 130</math> GeV</p> <p><b>2 categories:</b> Zehr (Z-enriched; 1 or 2 SFOS pairs) or Zdep (Z-depleted; 0 SFOS pairs)</p>
1 $\ell$ 2 $\tau_{\text{had}}$	<p>One tight (T) lepton, <math>p_T &gt; 27</math> GeV</p> <p>Two OS <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidates</p> <p>At least one tight <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidate</p> <p><math>N_{\text{jets}} \geq 3</math></p>
2 $\ell$ SS1 $\tau_{\text{had}}$	<p>2<math>\ell</math>SS selection, except: One medium <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidate</p> <p><math>N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4</math></p>
3 $\ell$ 1 $\tau_{\text{had}}$	<p>3<math>\ell</math> selection, except:</p> <p>One medium <math>\tau_{\text{had}}</math> candidate, of opposite charge to the total charge of the light leptons</p> <p>Two SS tight (T) leptons</p>

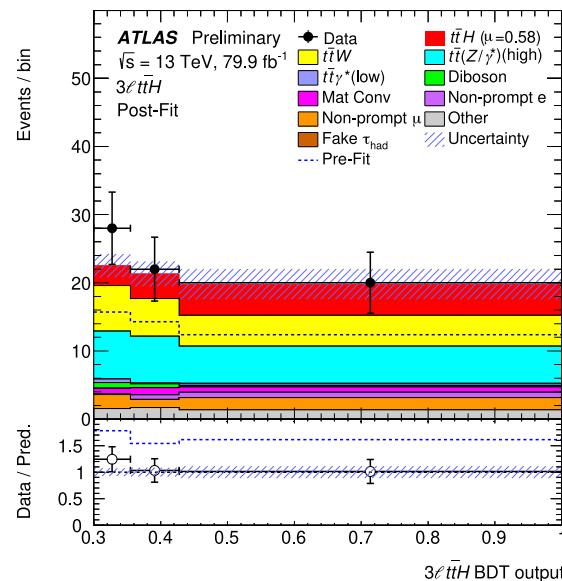
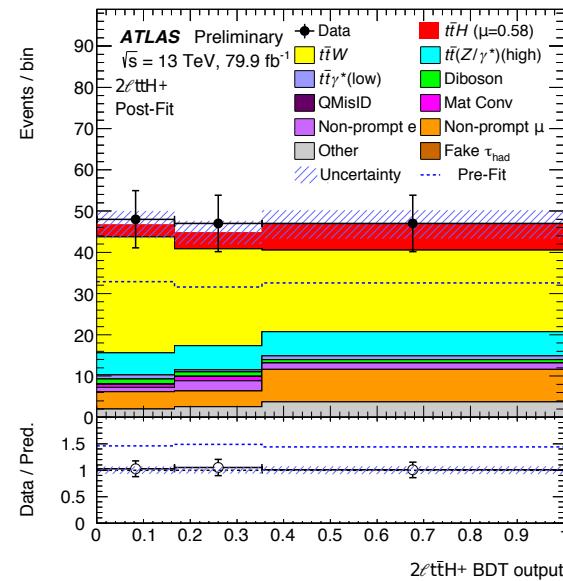
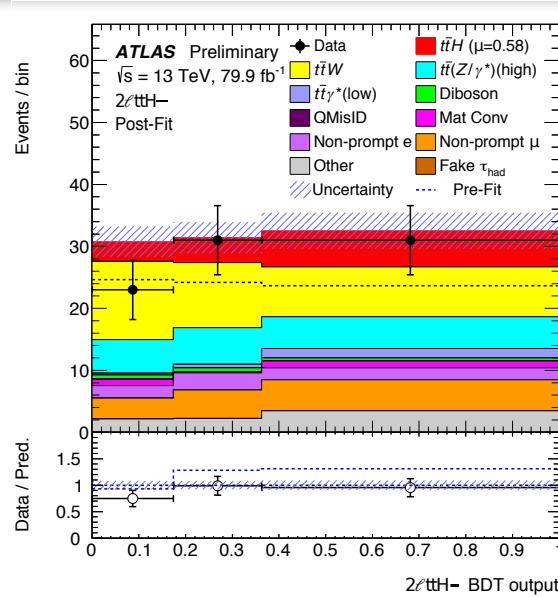
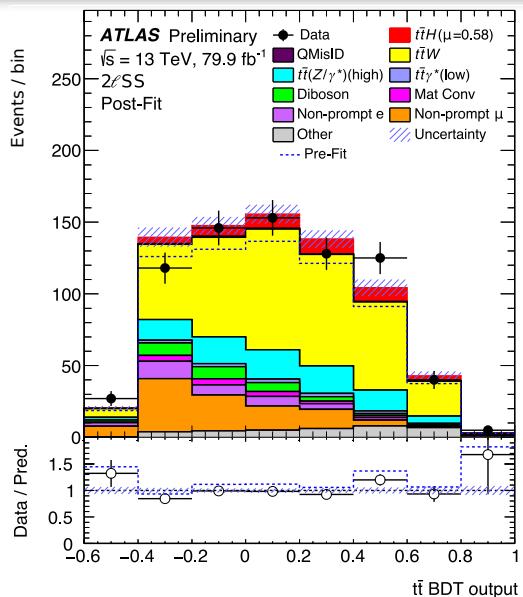
- b-jet multiplicity + lepton charge asymmetry



- Signal regions





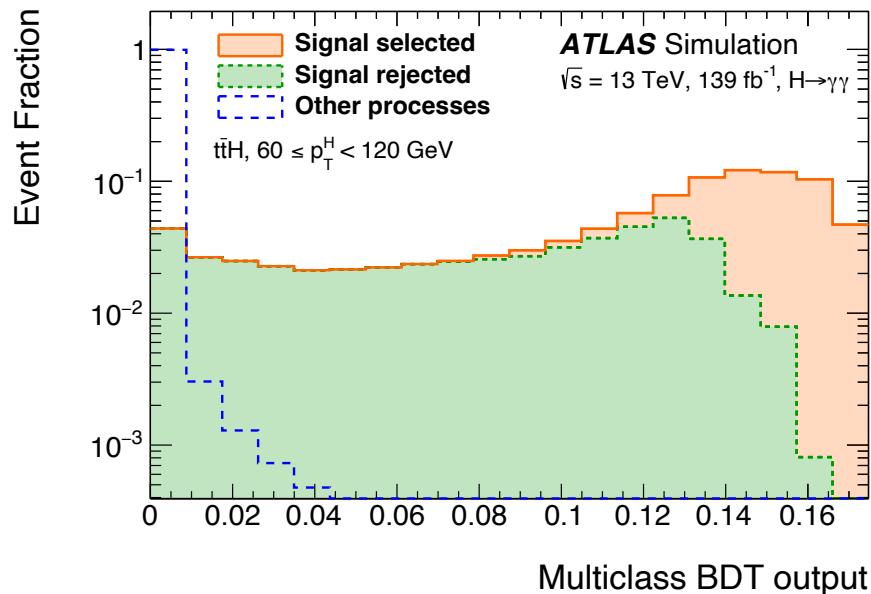


## • BDT outputs

- **Systematics**

Uncertainty source	$\Delta\hat{\mu}$	
Jet energy scale and resolution	+0.13	-0.13
$t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$ (high mass) modelling	+0.09	-0.09
$t\bar{t}W$ modelling (radiation, generator, PDF)	+0.08	-0.08
Fake $\tau_{\text{had}}$ background estimate	+0.07	-0.07
$t\bar{t}W$ modelling (extrapolation)	+0.05	-0.05
$t\bar{t}H$ cross section	+0.05	-0.05
Simulation sample size	+0.05	-0.05
$t\bar{t}H$ modelling	+0.04	-0.04
Other background modelling	+0.04	-0.04
Jet flavour tagging and $\tau_{\text{had}}$ identification	+0.04	-0.04
Other experimental uncertainties	+0.03	-0.03
Luminosity	+0.03	-0.03
Diboson modelling	+0.01	-0.01
$t\bar{t}\gamma^*$ (low mass) modelling	+0.01	-0.01
Charge misassignment	+0.01	-0.01
Template fit (non-prompt leptons)	+0.01	-0.01
Total systematic uncertainty	+0.25	-0.22
Intrinsic statistical uncertainty	+0.23	-0.22
$t\bar{t}W$ normalisation factors	+0.10	-0.10
Non-prompt leptons normalisation factors (HF, material conversions)	+0.05	-0.05
Total statistical uncertainty	+0.26	-0.25
Total uncertainty	+0.36	-0.33

- ttH STXS BDT multi-classifier



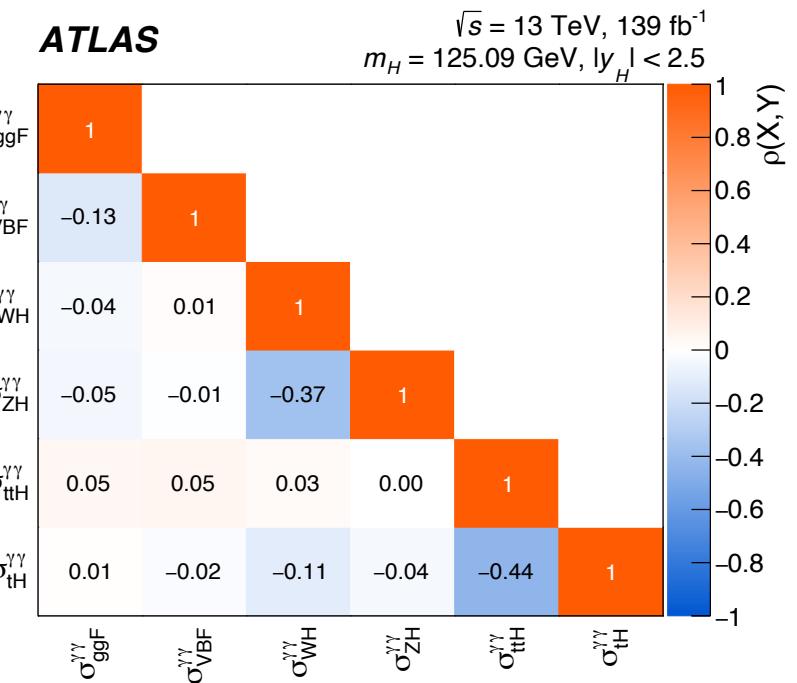
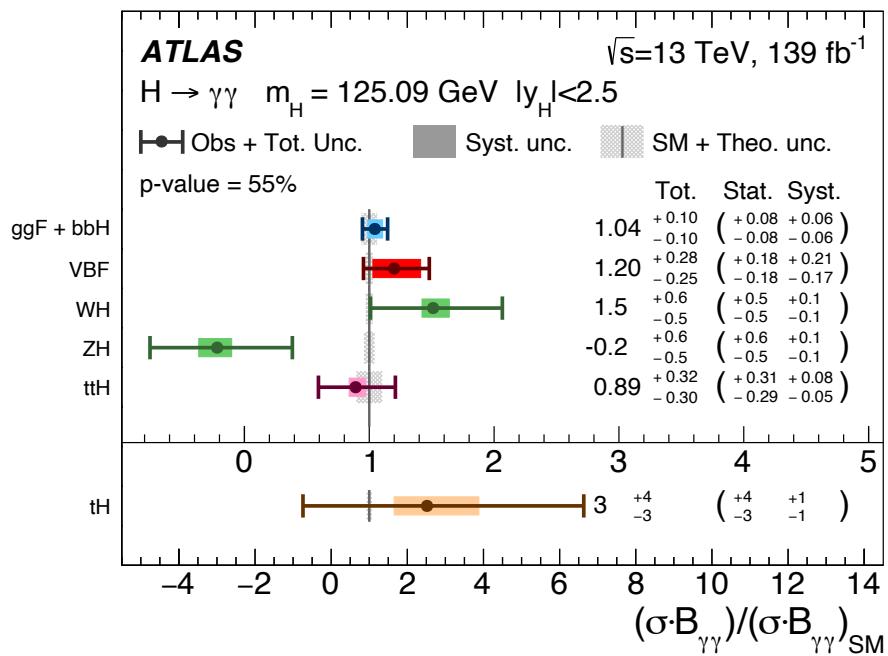

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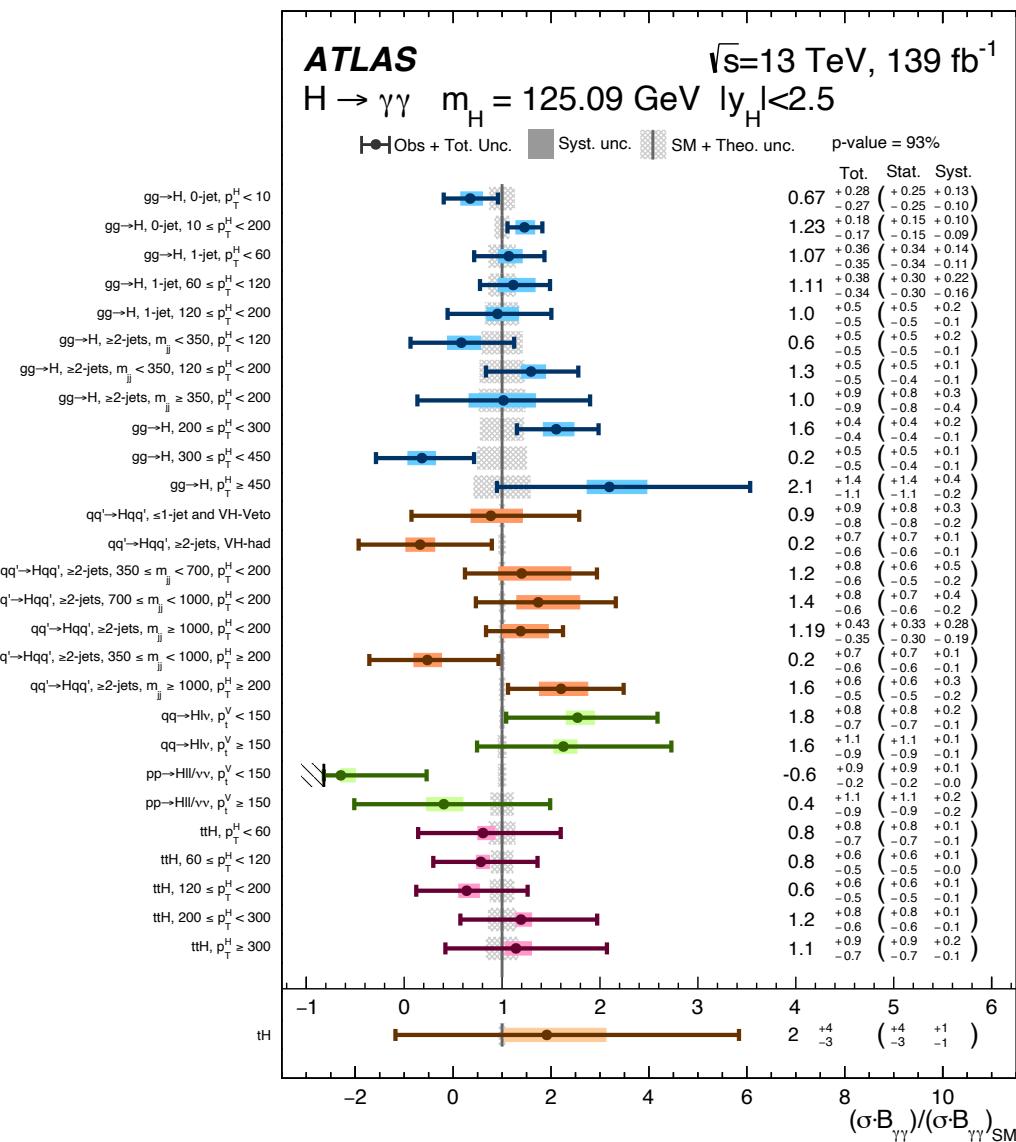
$\eta_{\gamma_1}, \eta_{\gamma_2}, p_T^{\gamma\gamma}, y_{\gamma\gamma},$   
 $p_{T,jj}^\dagger, m_{jj}$ , and  $\Delta y, \Delta\phi, \Delta\eta$  between  $j_1$  and  $j_2$ ,  
 $p_{T,\gamma\gamma j_1}, m_{\gamma\gamma j_1}, p_{T,\gamma\gamma jj}^\dagger, m_{\gamma\gamma jj}$   
 $\Delta y, \Delta\phi$  between the  $\gamma\gamma$  and  $jj$  systems,  
minimum  $\Delta R$  between jets and photons,  
invariant mass of the system comprising all jets in the event,  
dilepton  $p_T$ , di- $e$  or di- $\mu$  invariant mass (leptons are required to be oppositely charged),  
 $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ ,  $p_T$  and transverse mass of the lepton +  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  system,  
 $p_T, \eta, \phi$  of top-quark candidates,  $m_{l_1 l_2}$   
Number of jets $^\dagger$ , of central jets ( $|\eta| < 2.5$ ) $^\dagger$ , of  $b$ -jets $^\dagger$  and of leptons,  
 $p_T$  of the highest- $p_T$  jet, scalar sum of the  $p_T$  of all jets,  
scalar sum of the transverse energies of all particles ( $\sum E_T$ ),  $E_T^{\text{miss}}$  significance,  
 $|E_T^{\text{miss}} - E_T^{\text{miss}}(\text{primary vertex with the highest } \sum p_{T,\text{track}}^2)| > 30 \text{ GeV}$   
Top reconstruction BDT of the top-quark candidates,  
 $\Delta R(W, b)$  of  $t_2$ ,  
 $\eta_{j_F}, m_{\gamma\gamma j_F}$   
Average number of interactions per bunch crossing.

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- Signal vs background binary classifier

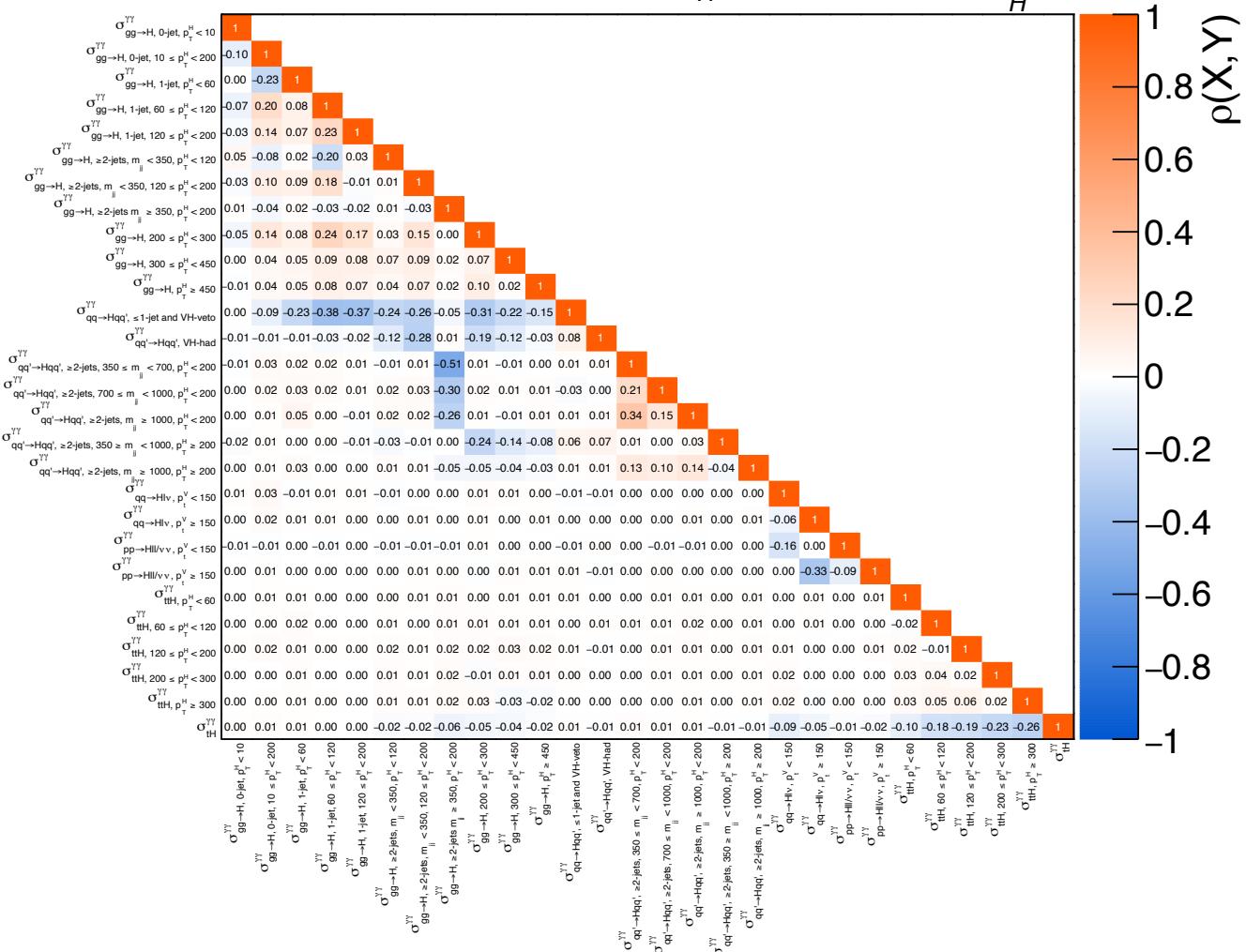
STXS classes	Variables
Individual STXS classes from $gg \rightarrow H$ $qq' \rightarrow Hqq'$ $qq \rightarrow H\ell\nu$ $pp \rightarrow H\ell\ell$ $pp \rightarrow H\nu\bar{\nu}$	All multiclass BDT variables, $p_T^{\gamma\gamma}$ projected to the thrust axis of the $\gamma\gamma$ system ( $p_{Tt}^{\gamma\gamma}$ ), $\Delta\eta_{\gamma\gamma}, \eta^{\text{Zeppl}} = \frac{\eta_{\gamma\gamma} - \eta_{jj}}{2},$ $\phi_{\gamma\gamma}^* = \tan\left(\frac{\pi -  \Delta\phi_{\gamma\gamma} }{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \tanh^2\left(\frac{\Delta\eta_{\gamma\gamma}}{2}\right)},$ $\cos\theta_{\gamma\gamma}^* = \left  \frac{(E^{\gamma_1} + p_z^{\gamma_1}) \cdot (E^{\gamma_2} - p_z^{\gamma_2}) - (E^{\gamma_1} - p_z^{\gamma_1}) \cdot (E^{\gamma_2} + p_z^{\gamma_2})}{m_{\gamma\gamma} \sqrt{m_{\gamma\gamma}^2 + (p_T^{\gamma\gamma})^2}} \right $ Number of electrons and muons.
all $t\bar{t}H$ and $tHW$ STXS classes combined	$p_T, \eta, \phi$ of $\gamma_1$ and $\gamma_2$ , $p_T, \eta, \phi$ and $b$ -tagging scores of the six highest- $p_T$ jets, $E_T^{\text{miss}}, E_T^{\text{miss}}$ significance, $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ azimuthal angle, Top reconstruction BDT scores of the top-quark candidates, $p_T, \eta, \phi$ of the two highest- $p_T$ leptons.
$tHqb$	$p_T^{\gamma\gamma}/m_{\gamma\gamma}, \eta_{\gamma\gamma},$ $p_T$ , invariant mass, BDT score and $\Delta R(W, b)$ of $t_1$ , $p_T, \eta$ of $t_2$ , $p_T, \eta$ of $j_F$ , Angular variables: $\Delta\eta_{\gamma\gamma t_1}, \Delta\theta_{\gamma\gamma t_2}, \Delta\theta_{t_1 j_F}, \Delta\theta_{t_2 j_F}, \Delta\theta_{\gamma\gamma j_F}$ Invariant mass variables: $m_{\gamma\gamma j_F}, m_{t_1 j_F}, m_{t_2 j_F}, m_{\gamma\gamma t_1}$ Number of jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV, Number of $b$ -jets with $p_T > 25$ GeV*; Number of leptons*, $E_T^{\text{miss}}$ significance*



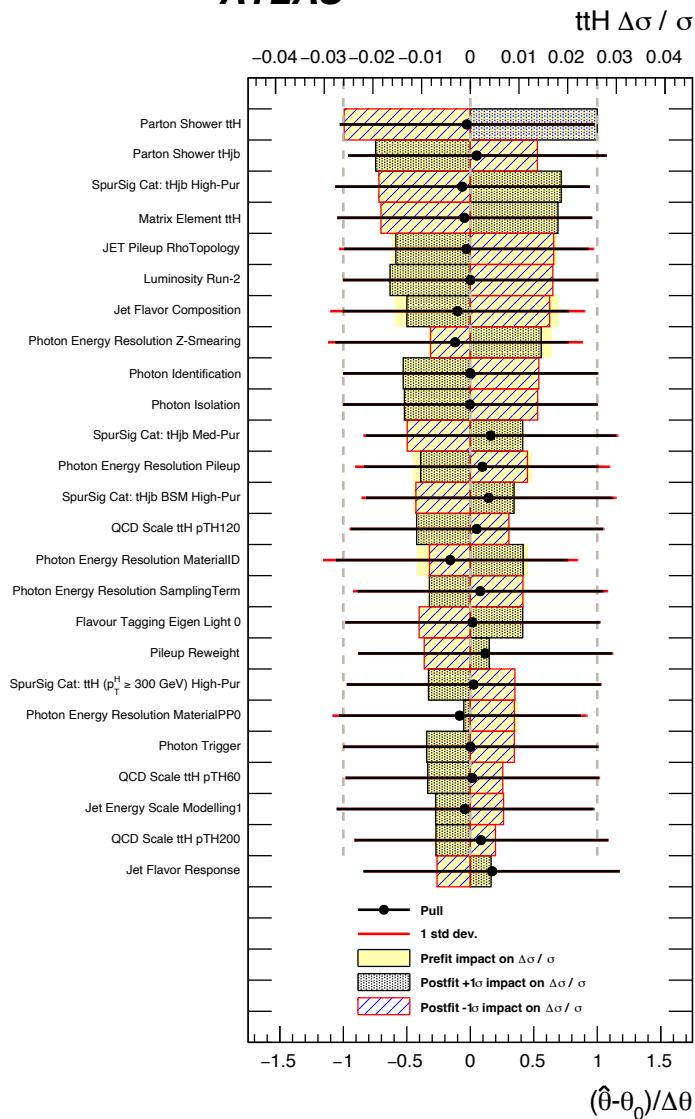


ATLAS

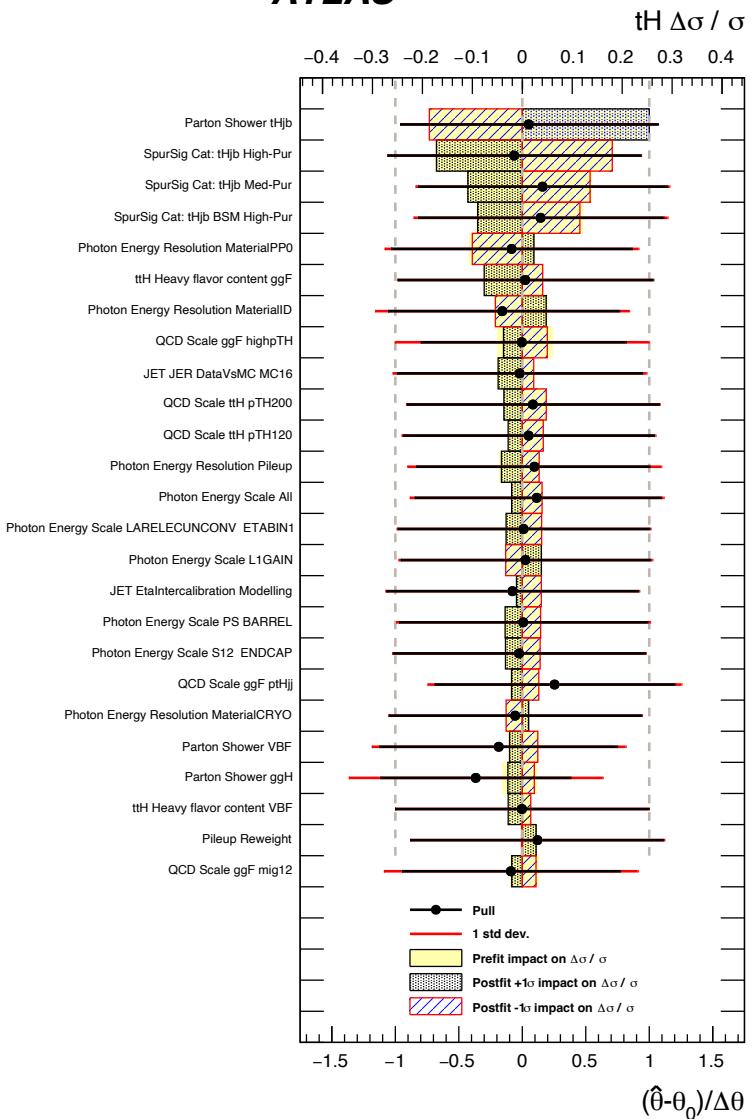
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   
 $m_H = 125.09 \text{ GeV}, |\gamma_H| < 2.5$



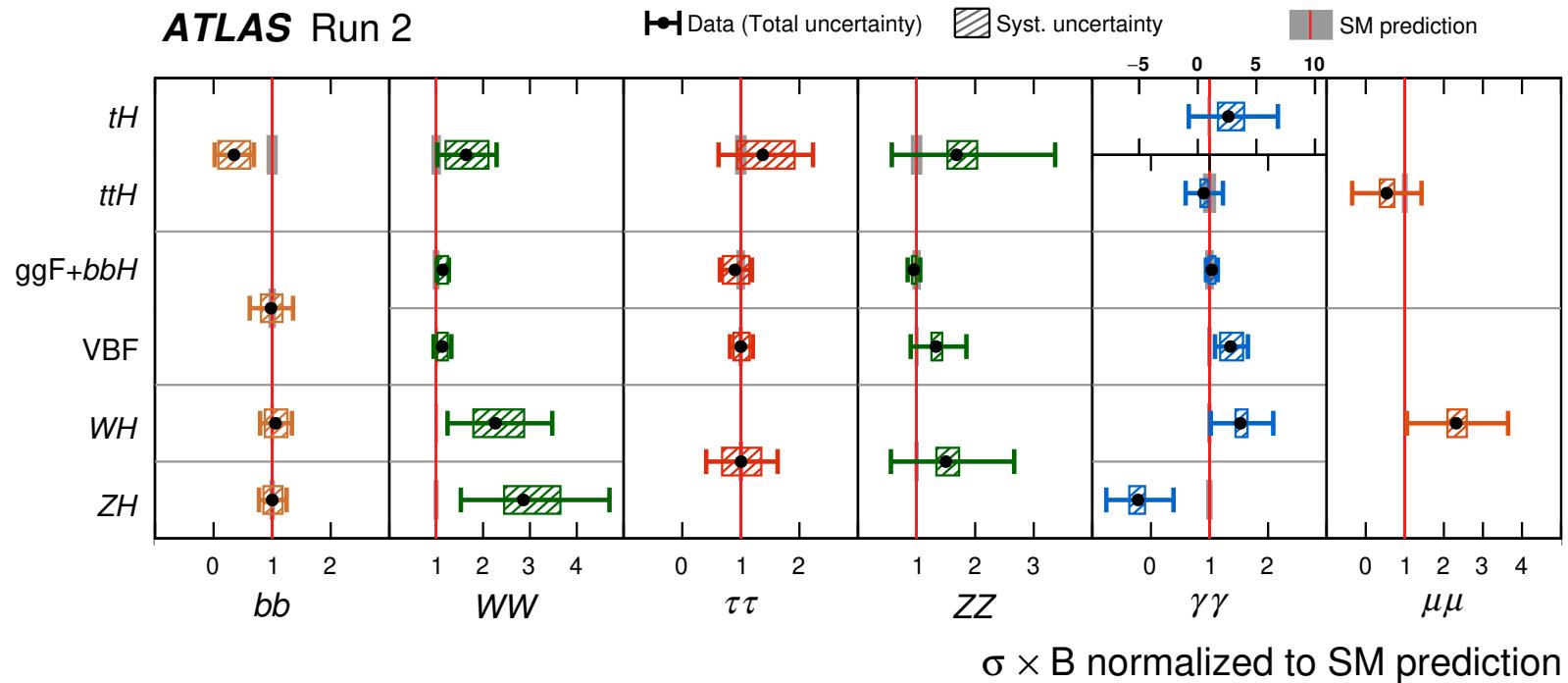
ATLAS



ATLAS

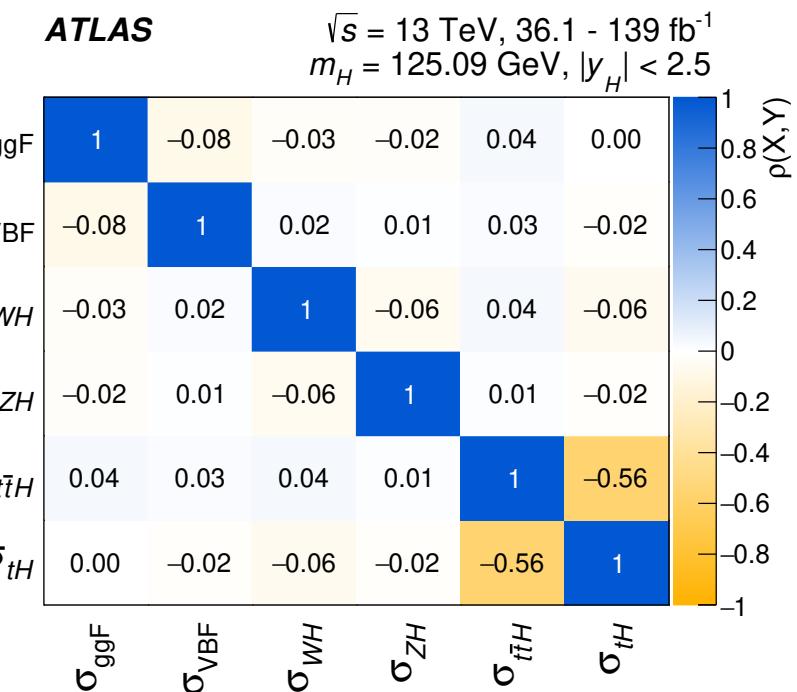
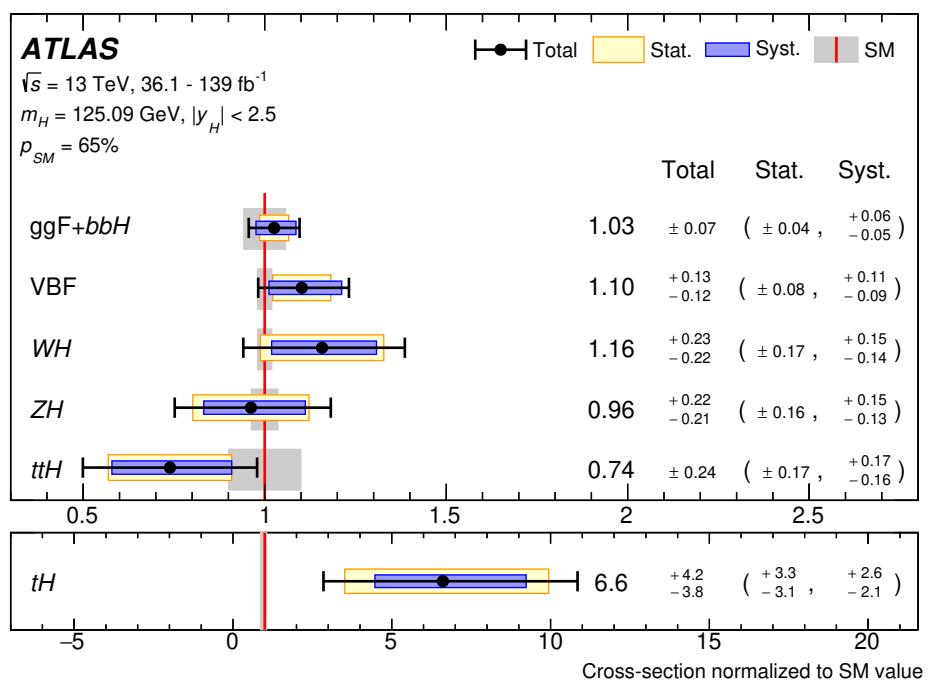


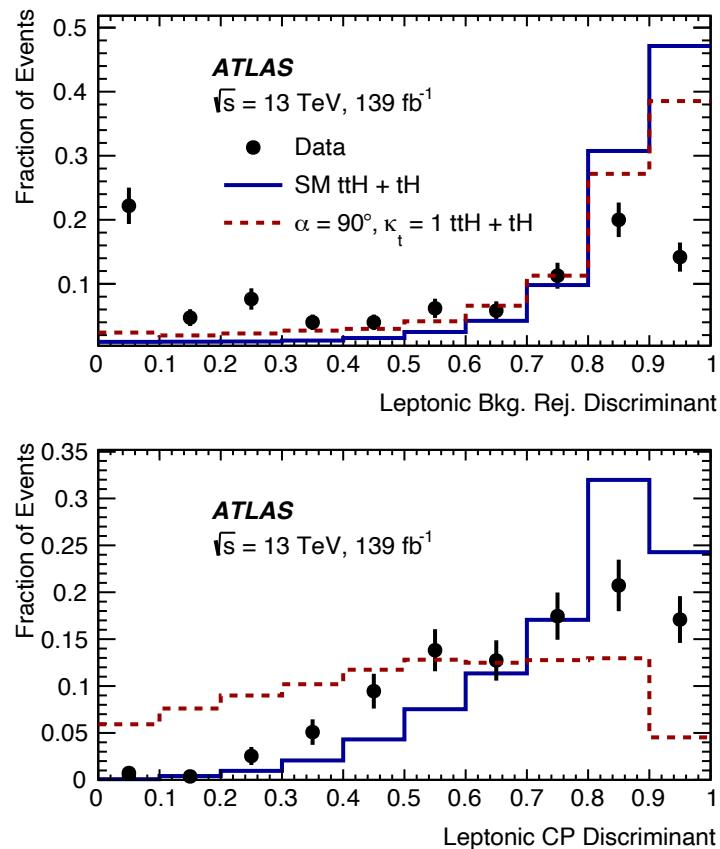
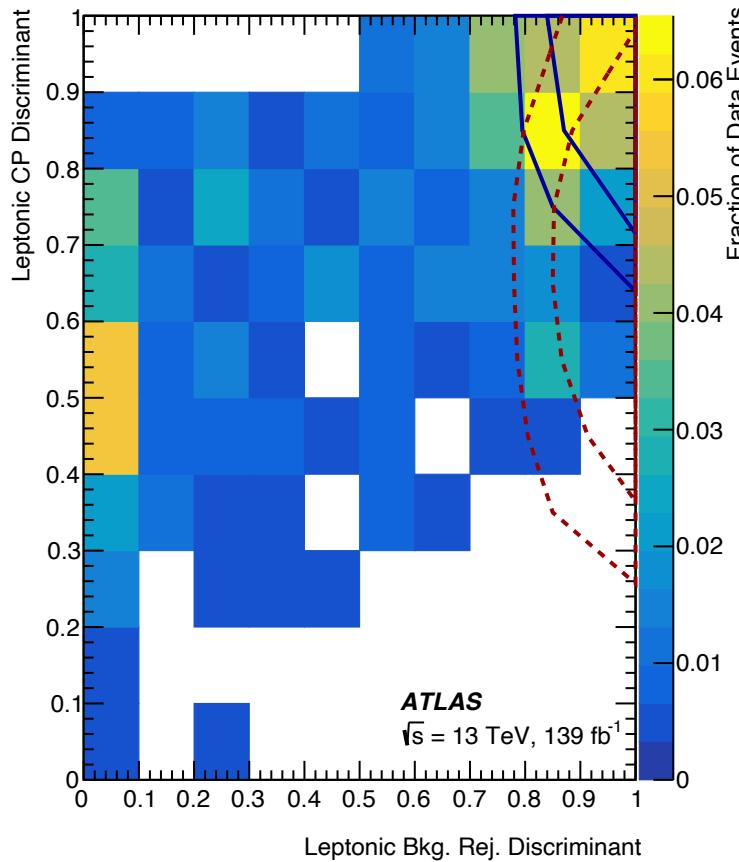
# Higgs combination

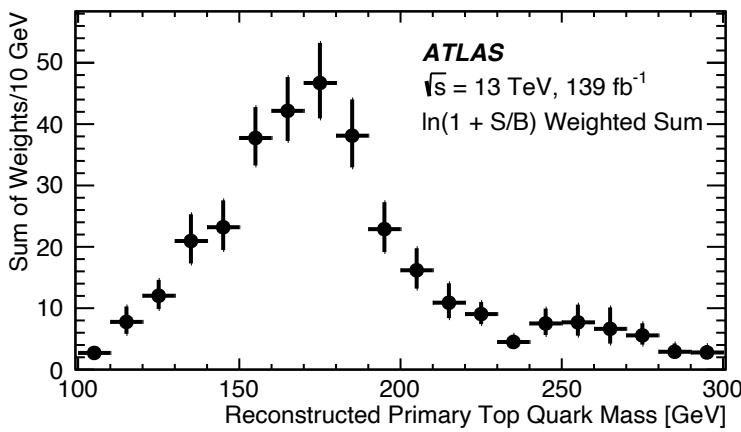
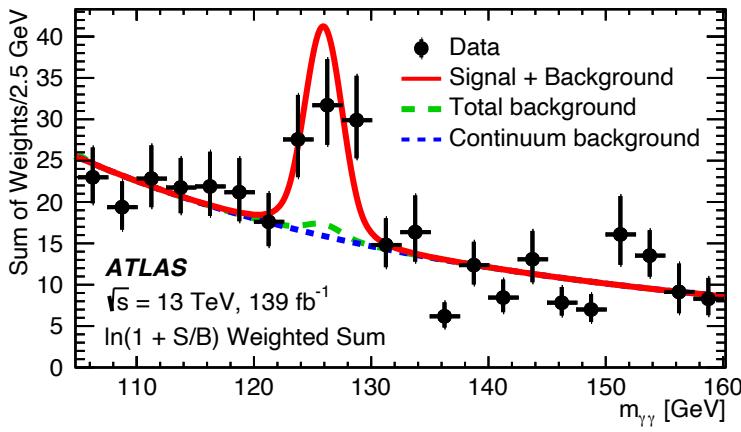
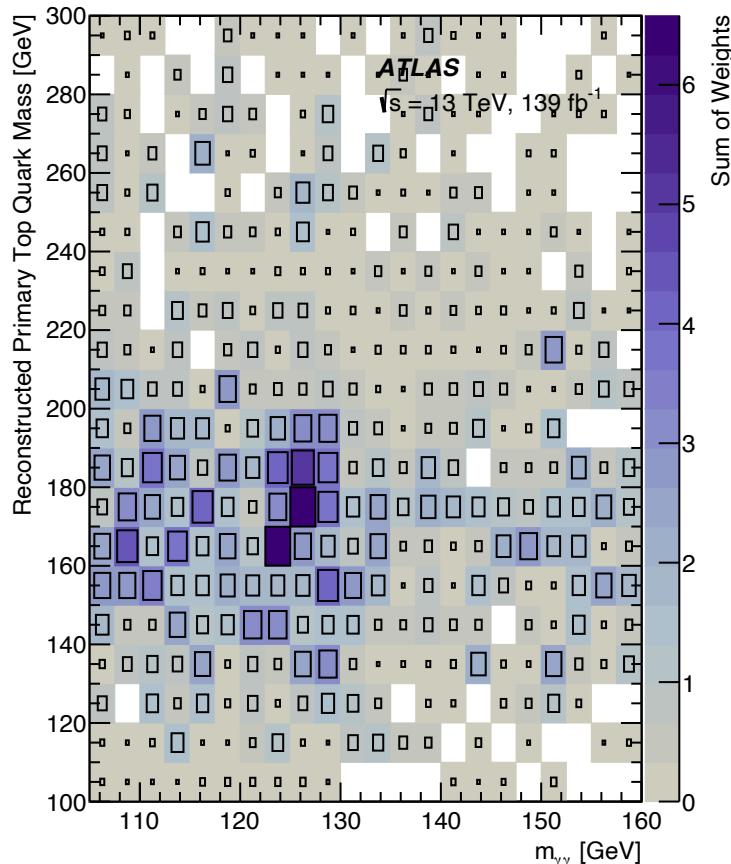


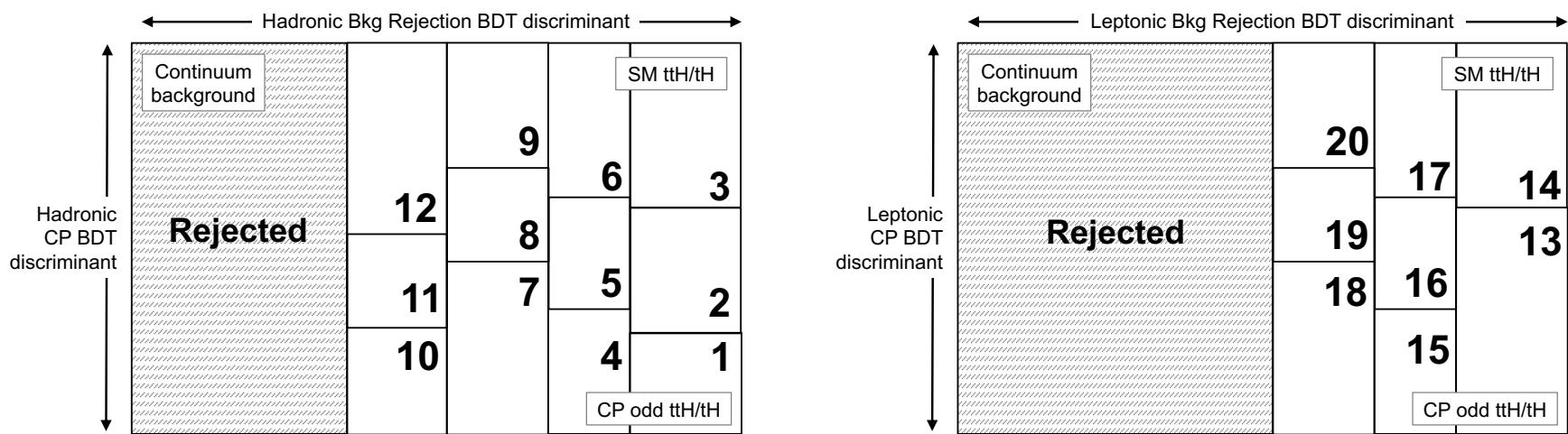
# Higgs combination

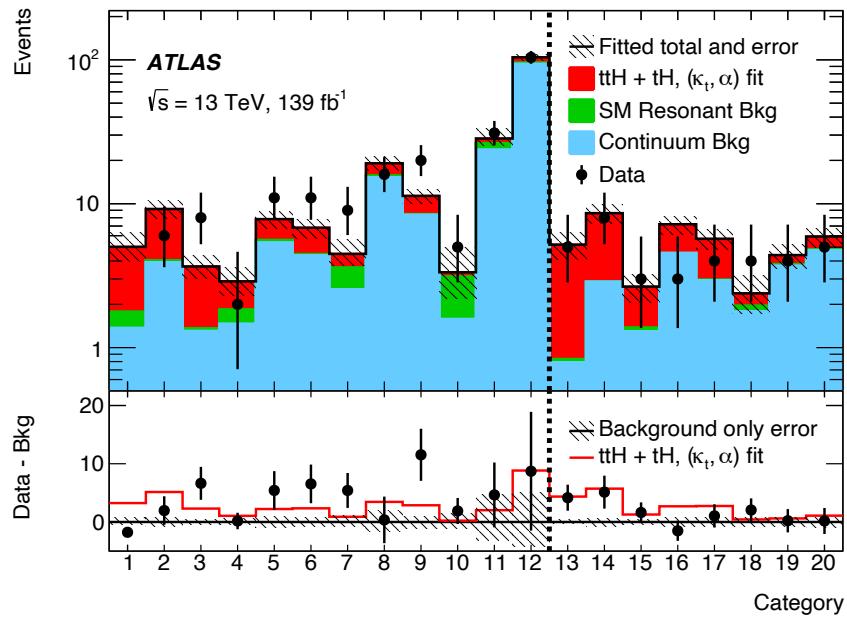
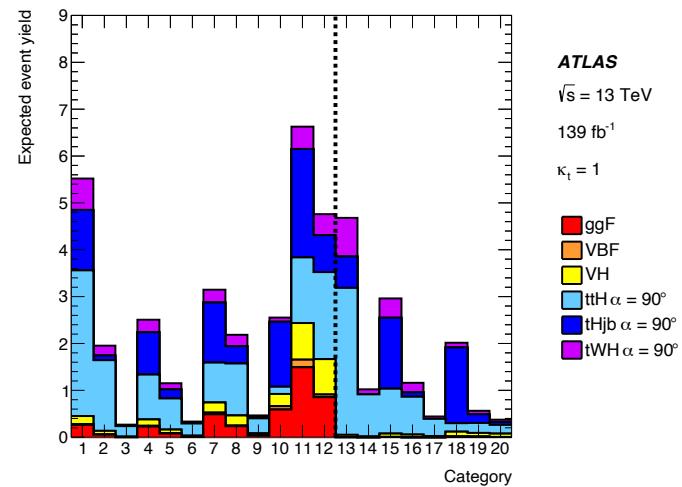
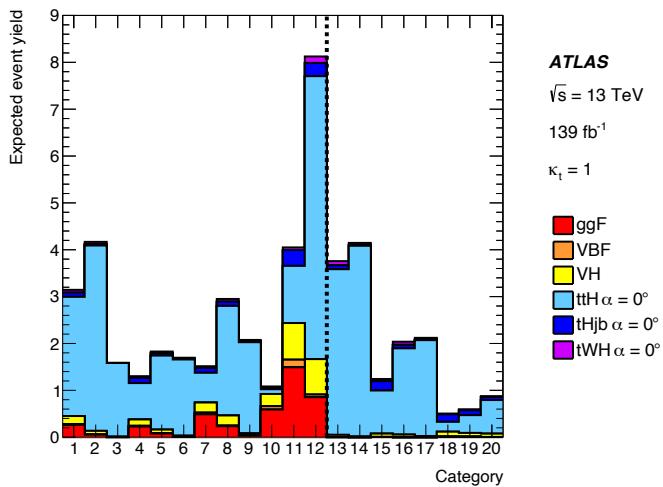
HIGG-2021-23  
Nature 607 (2022)



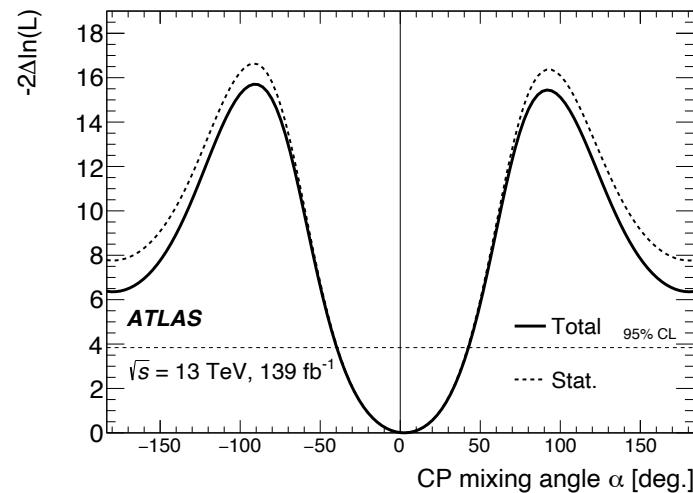
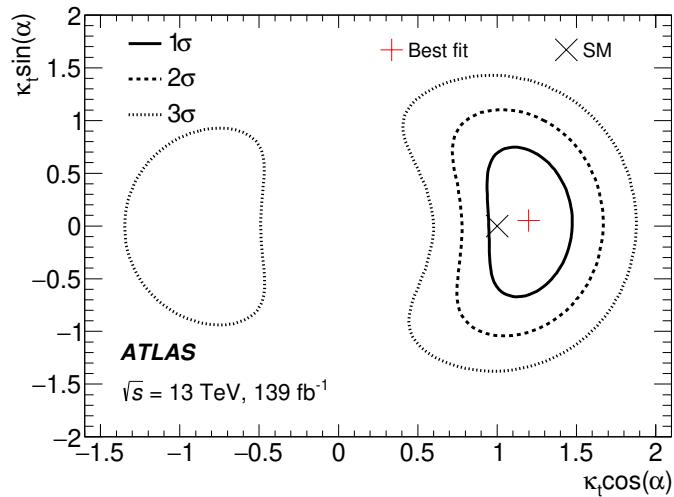




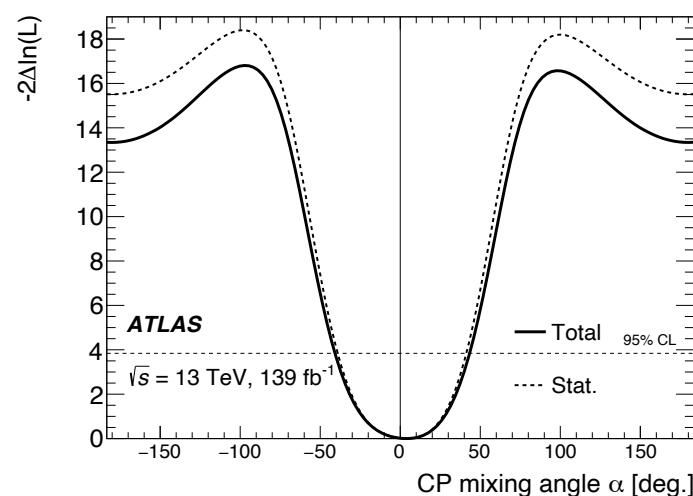
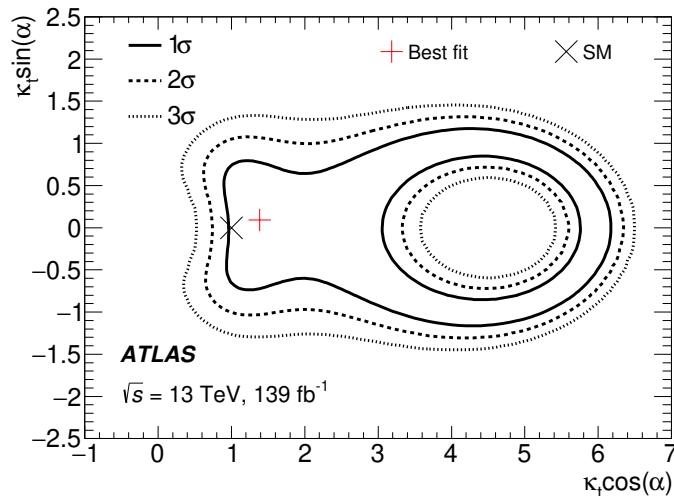


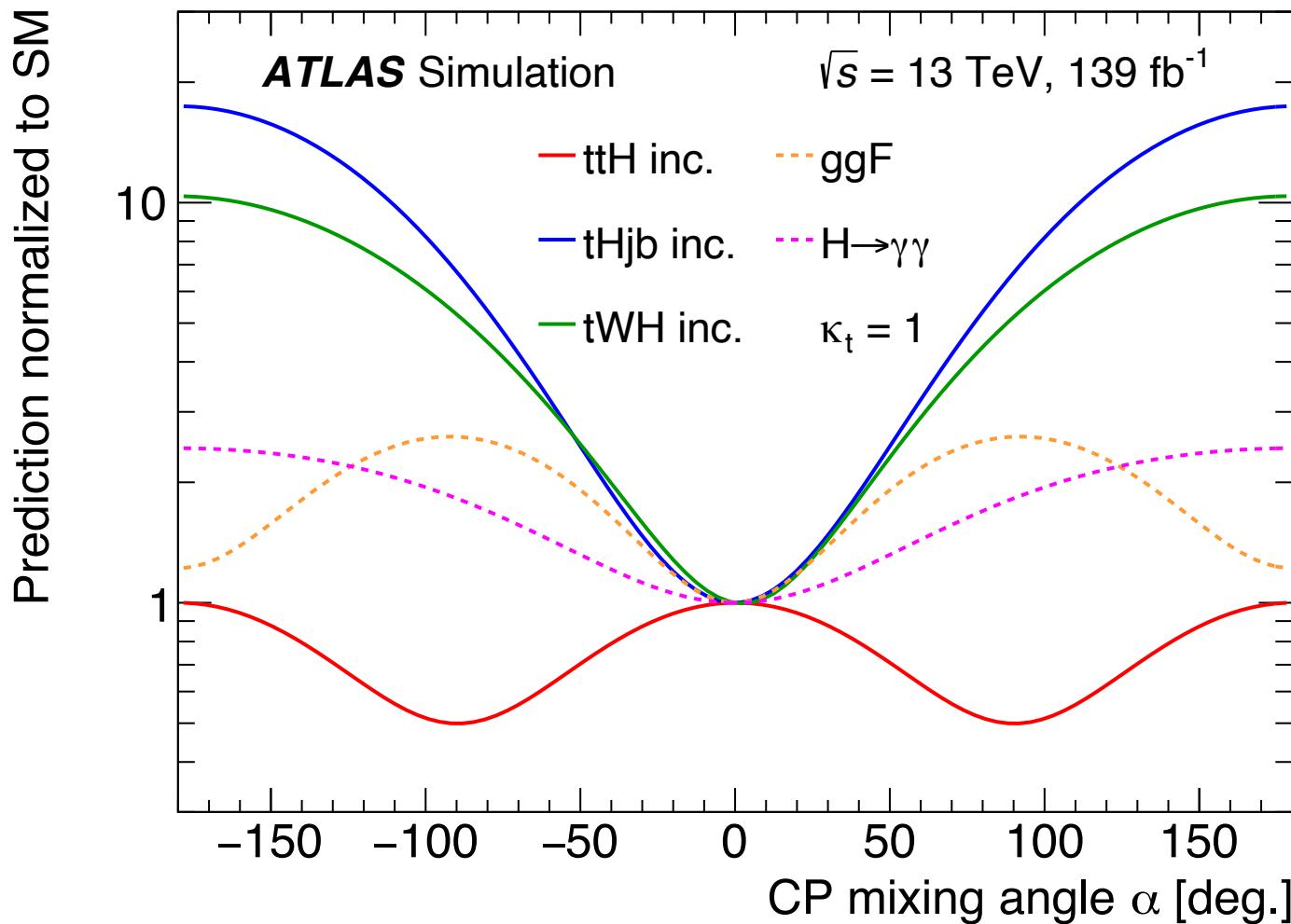


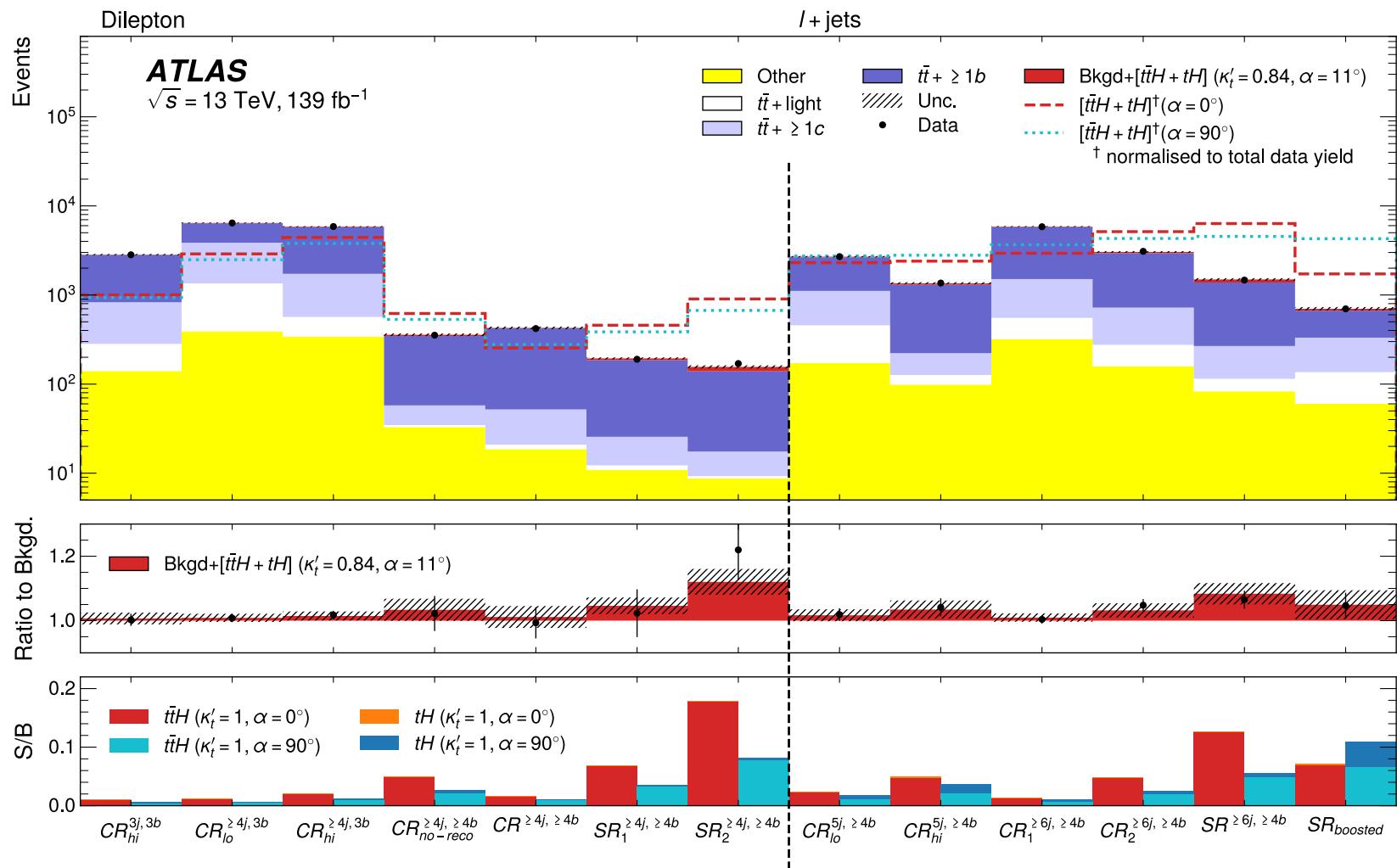
- Gluon and photon effective Higgs couplings constrained with other  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  prod. modes



- Gluon and photon effective Higgs couplings parametrised vs  $\kappa_t$  and  $\alpha$







Uncertainty source	$\Delta\alpha [^\circ]$	
Process modelling		
Signal modelling	+8.8	-14
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ modelling		
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ 4V5 FS	+23	-37
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ NLO matching	+22	-33
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ fractions	+14	-21
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ FSR	+5.2	-9.9
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ PS & hadronisation	+16	-24
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ $p_T^{b\bar{b}}$ shape	+5.4	-4.6
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ ISR	+14	-24
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ modelling	+6.6	-11
$t\bar{t} +$ light modelling	+2.5	-4.7
$b$ -tagging efficiency and mis-tag rates		
$b$ -tagging efficiency	+8.7	-15
$c$ -mis-tag rates	+6.7	-11
$l$ -mis-tag rates	+2.3	-2.7
Jet energy scale and resolution		
$b$ -jet energy scale	+1.6	-3.8
Jet energy scale (flavour)	+7.8	-11
Jet energy scale (pileup)	+5.2	-7.9
Jet energy scale (remaining)	+8.1	-13
Jet energy resolution	+5.7	-9.3
Luminosity	$\leq \pm 1$	
Other sources	+4.9	-8
Total systematic uncertainty	+41	-54
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ normalisation	+8.2	-13
$\kappa'_t$	+17	-33
Total statistical uncertainty	+32	-49
Total uncertainty	+52	-73

Uncertainty source	$\Delta\kappa'_t$	
Process modelling		
Signal modelling	+0.10	-0.10
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ modelling		
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ 4V5 FS	+0.08	-0.23
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ NLO matching	+0.15	-0.30
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ fractions	+0.09	-0.21
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ FSR	+0.01	-0.02
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ PS & hadronisation	+0.09	-0.20
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ $p_T^{b\bar{b}}$ shape	+0.07	-0.11
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ ISR	+0.07	-0.17
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ modelling	+0.04	-0.10
$t\bar{t} +$ light modelling	+0.00	-0.01
$b$ -tagging efficiency and mis-tag rates		
$b$ -tagging efficiency	+0.06	-0.12
$c$ -mis-tag rates	+0.03	-0.07
$l$ -mis-tag rates	+0.01	-0.03
Jet energy scale and resolution		
$b$ -jet energy scale	+0.02	-0.02
Jet energy scale (flavour)	+0.01	-0.05
Jet energy scale (pileup)	+0.02	-0.05
Jet energy scale (remaining)	+0.04	-0.08
Jet energy resolution	+0.03	-0.09
Luminosity	$\leq \pm 0.01$	
Other sources	+0.03	-0.07
Total systematic uncertainty	+0.29	-0.45
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ normalisation	+0.05	-0.15
$\alpha$	+0.08	-0.07
Total statistical uncertainty	+0.09	-0.10
Total uncertainty	+0.30	-0.46