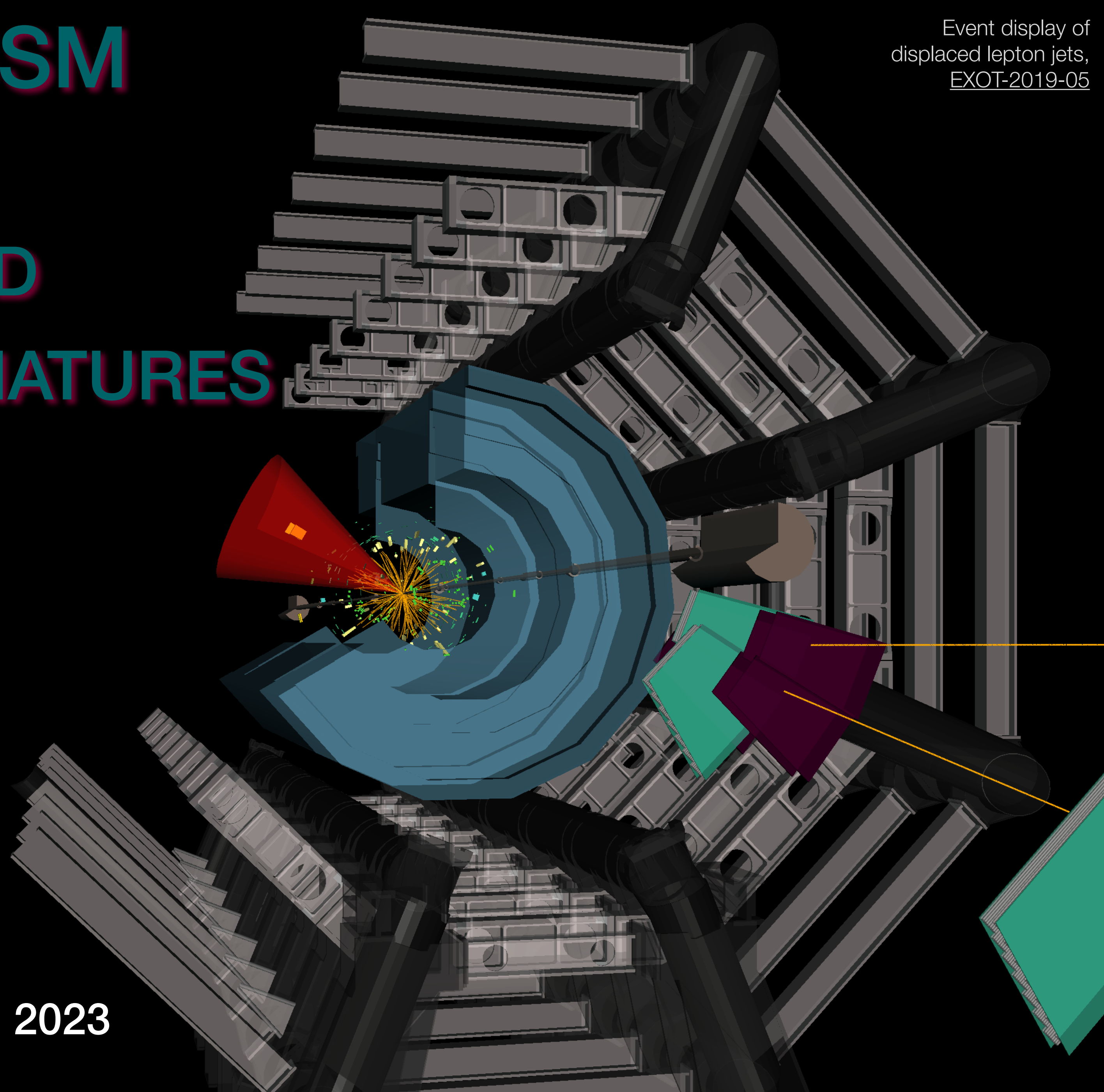


# SEARCHES FOR BSM PHYSICS USING CHALLENGING AND LONG-LIVED SIGNATURES WITH THE ATLAS DETECTOR

STEFANIE MORGENSTERN (CERN)  
ON BEHALF OF THE  
ATLAS COLLABORATION



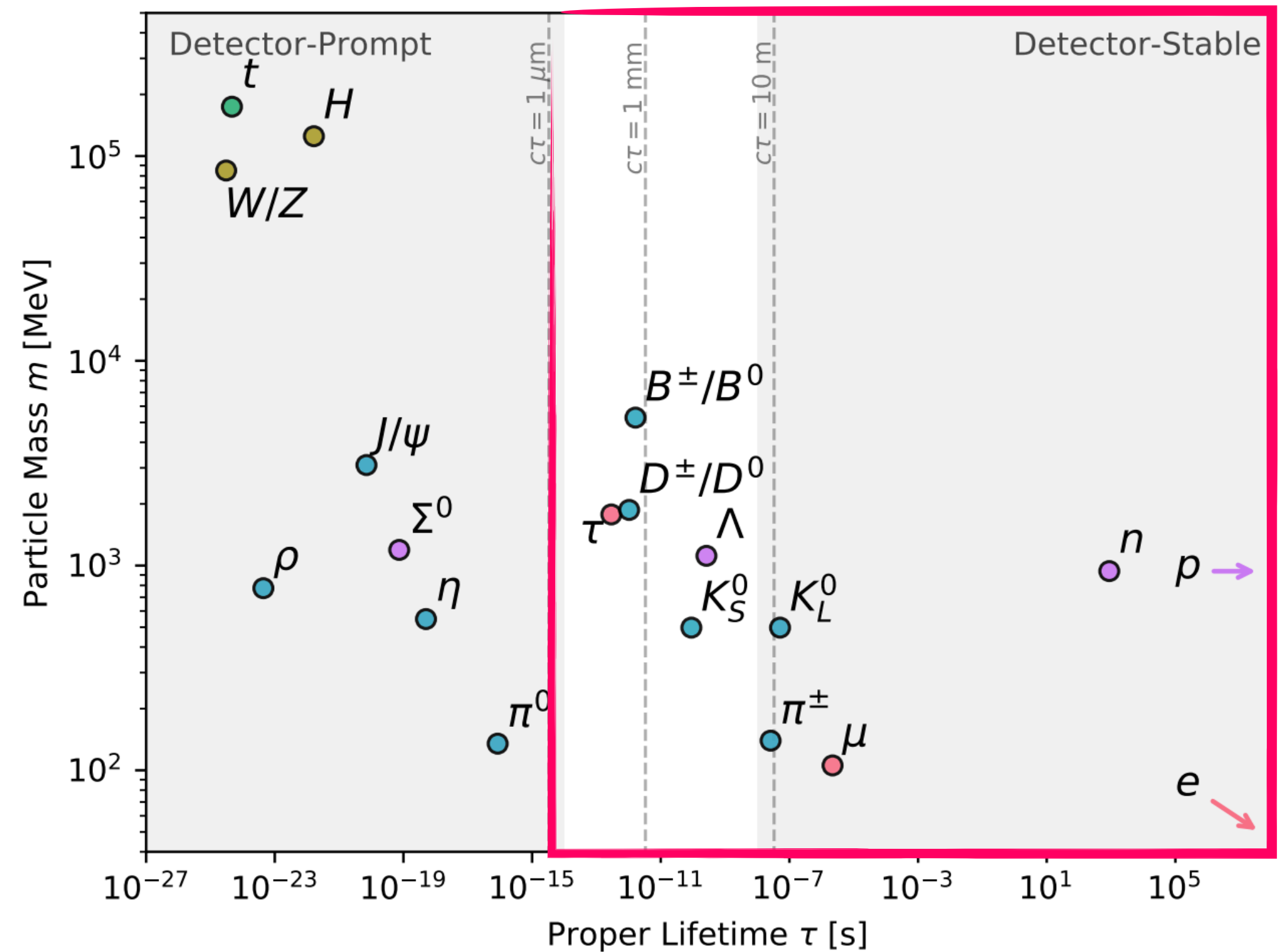
EPS-HEP 2023



# LONG-LIVED PARTICLES IN THEORY

- **Standard Model**: a very successful theory
  - But also leaves some **questions unanswered**: Dark Matter, neutrino mass, matter-antimatter asymmetry, ...
- **Long-lived particles** are predicted by many **BSM** theories:
  - Hidden sector, SUSY, Portal models, Leptogenesis, Neutral Naturalness, HECO and monopoles, ...
- Long-lifetimes due to **small couplings**, **small phase space**, or **off-shell decays**
- Not so unconventional: many **long-lived particles** exist in the **Standard Model**
  - But ...

JPPNP 3695 (2019)

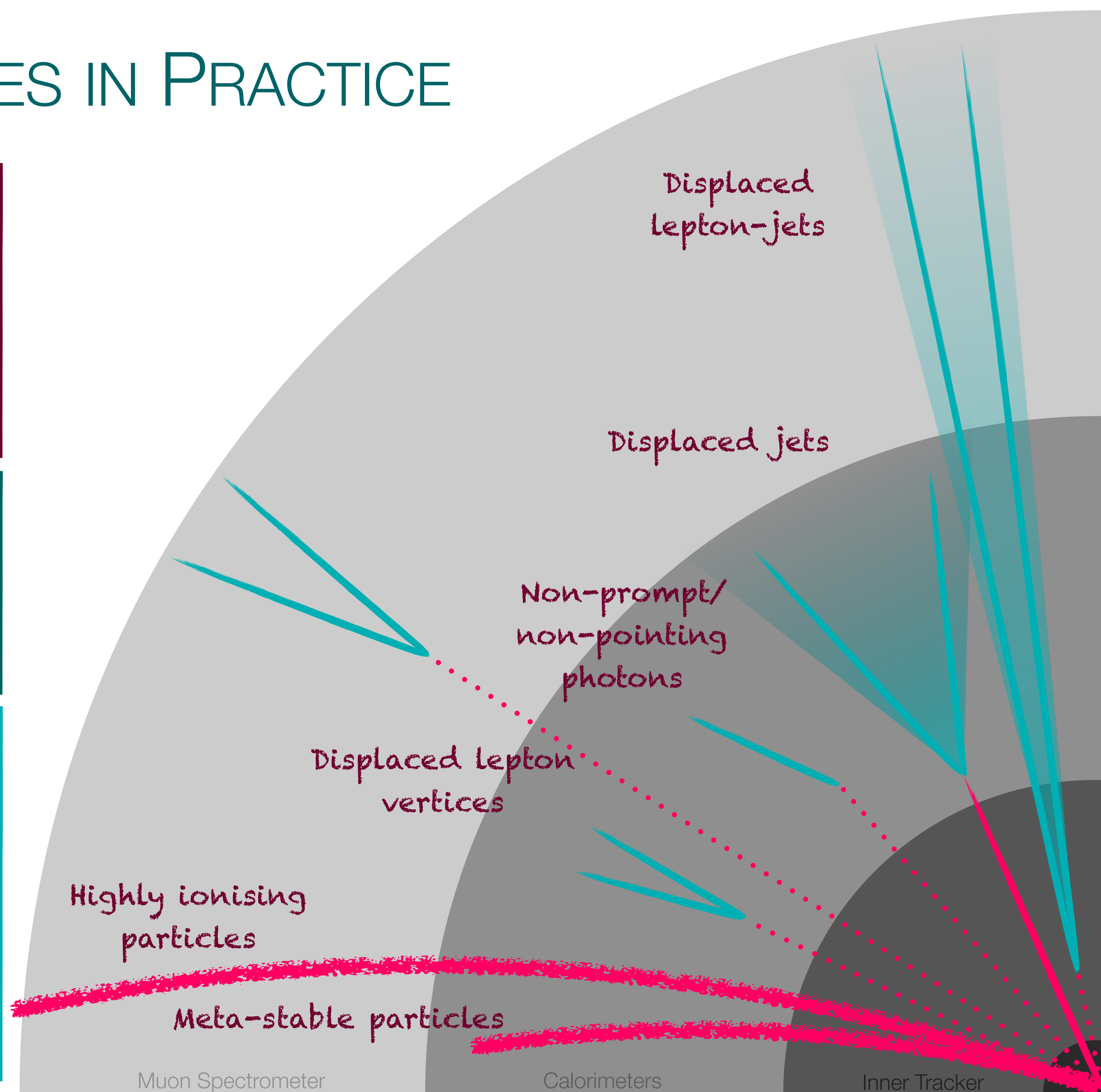


# LONG-LIVED PARTICLES IN PRACTICE

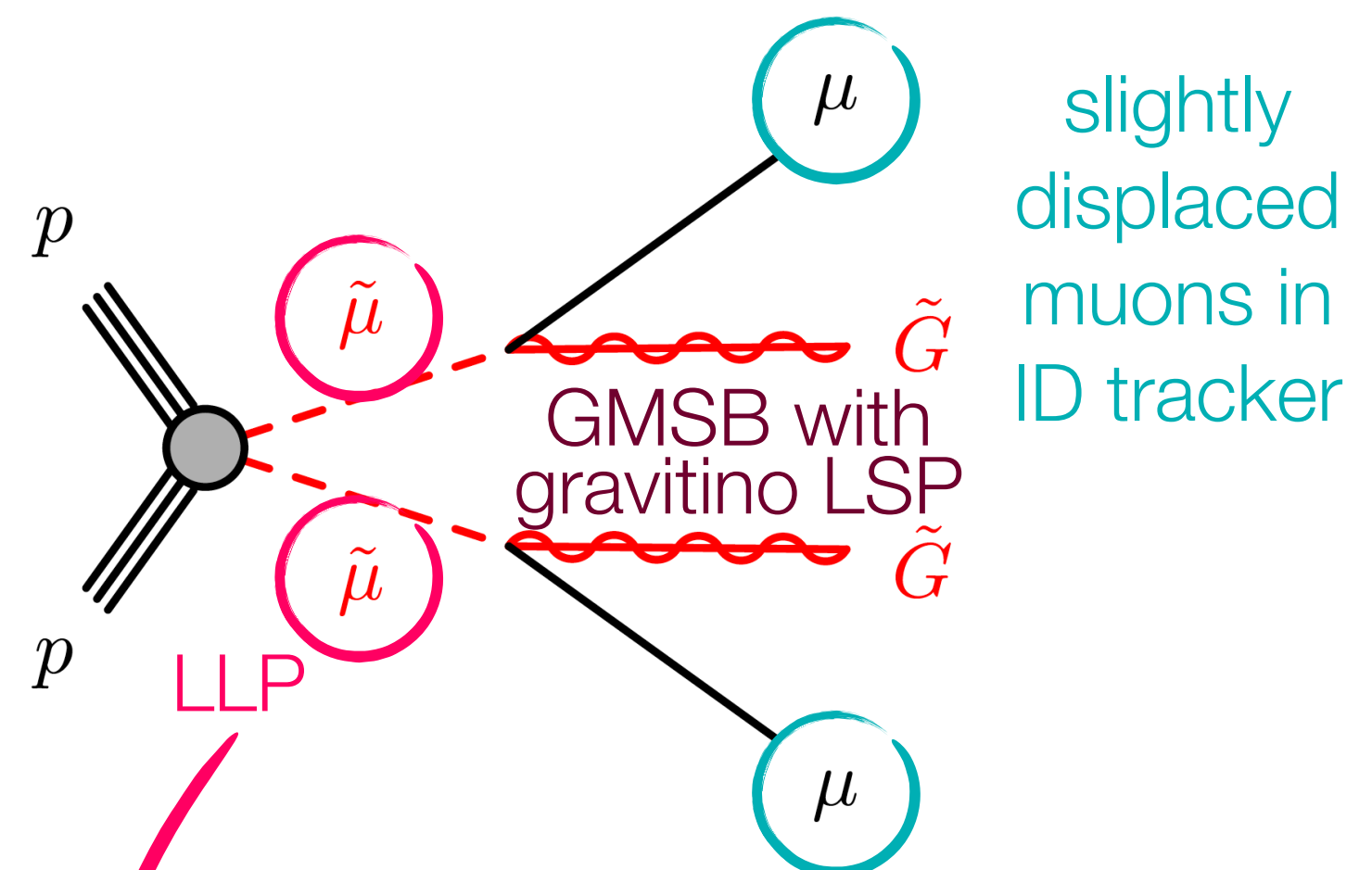
- Detector signatures are **unconventional, delayed and displaced**
- Often similar to noise, pile-up, mis-reconstruction
- Dependent on LLP mass,  $c\tau$ ,  $\langle\beta\gamma\rangle$  and decay channel

- **Innovative** trigger strategies
- **Custom** reconstruction and identification methods
- **Sophisticated** ML techniques

- **Small or non-standard backgrounds**
  - SM particles with long lifetime
  - Material interactions
  - Beam-induced background
  - Cosmic-induced background
- Fully **data-driven** background estimation approaches

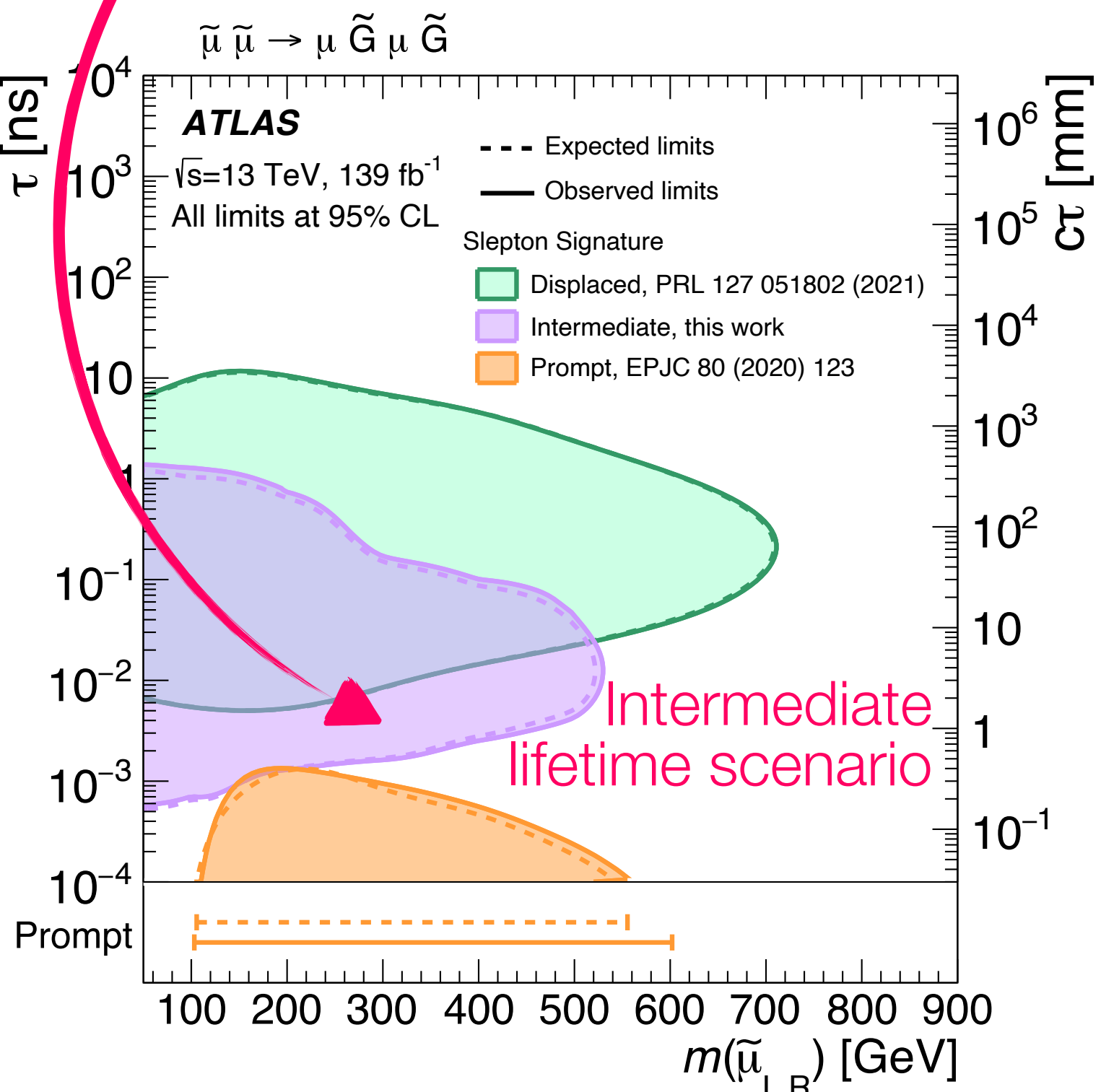
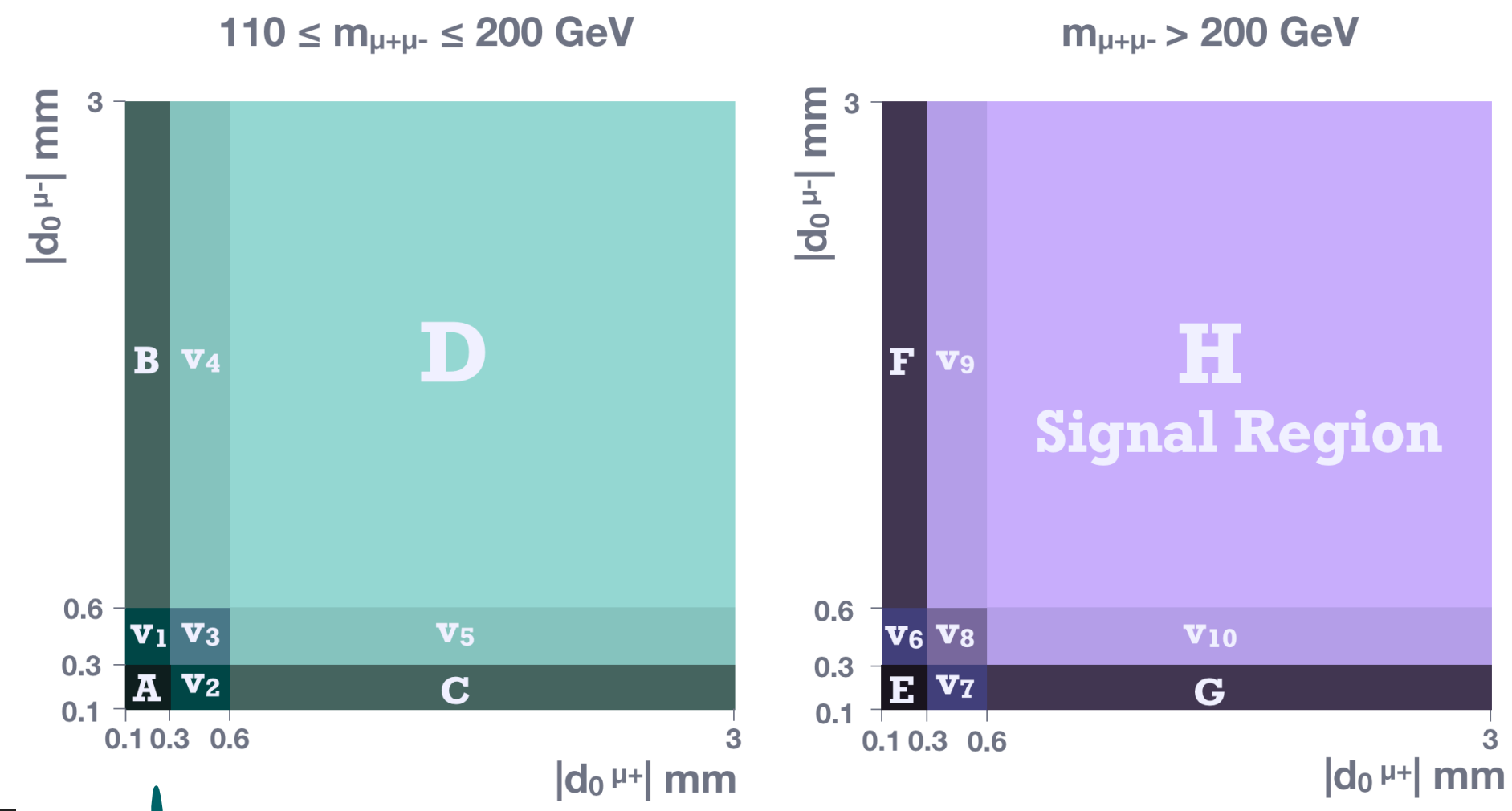


# MICRO-DISPLACED MUONS



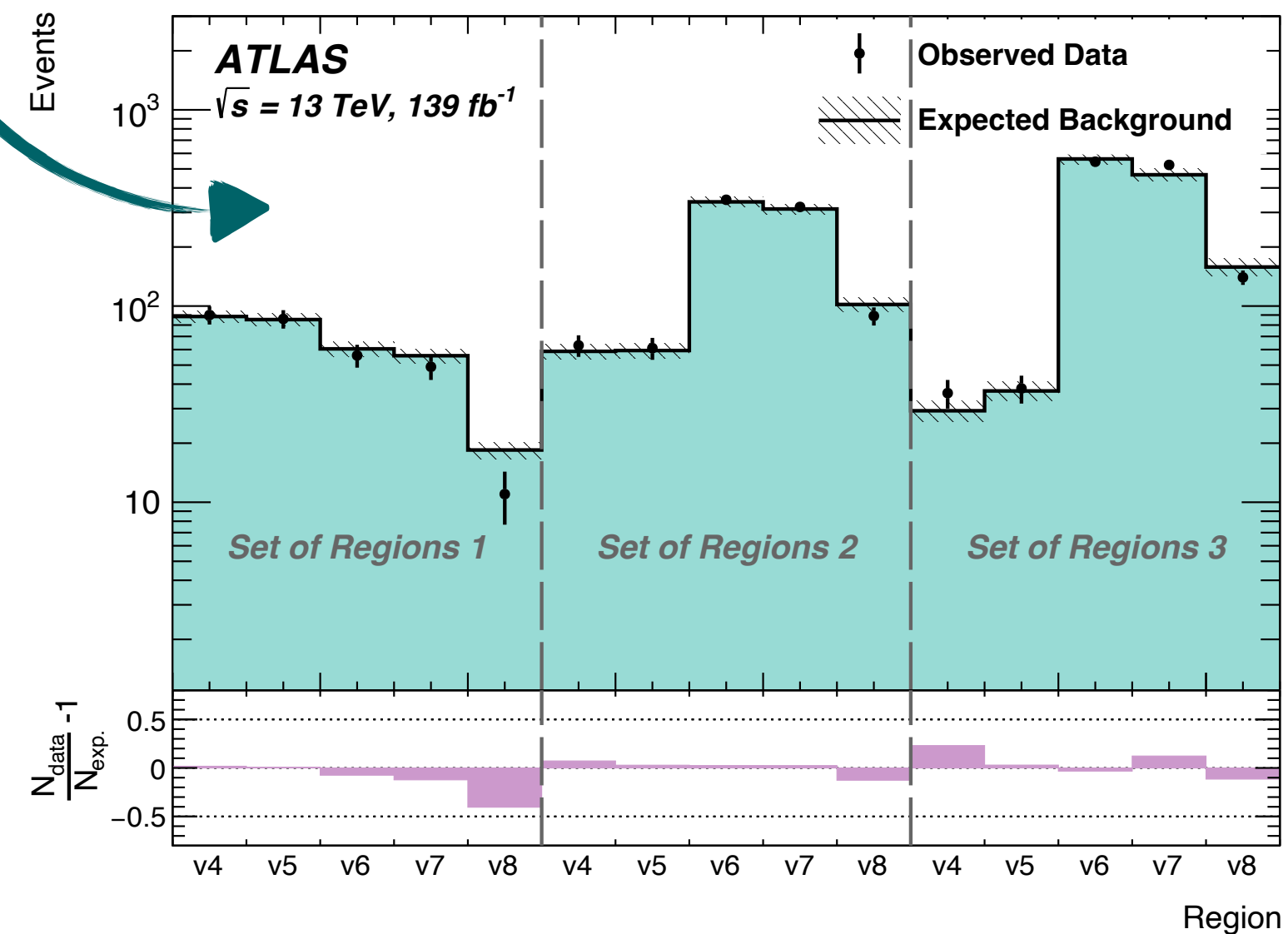
Extended ABCD background estimation method

- based on charge and transverse impact parameter of each muon and invariant muon pair mass
- discriminate against B-hadron decays

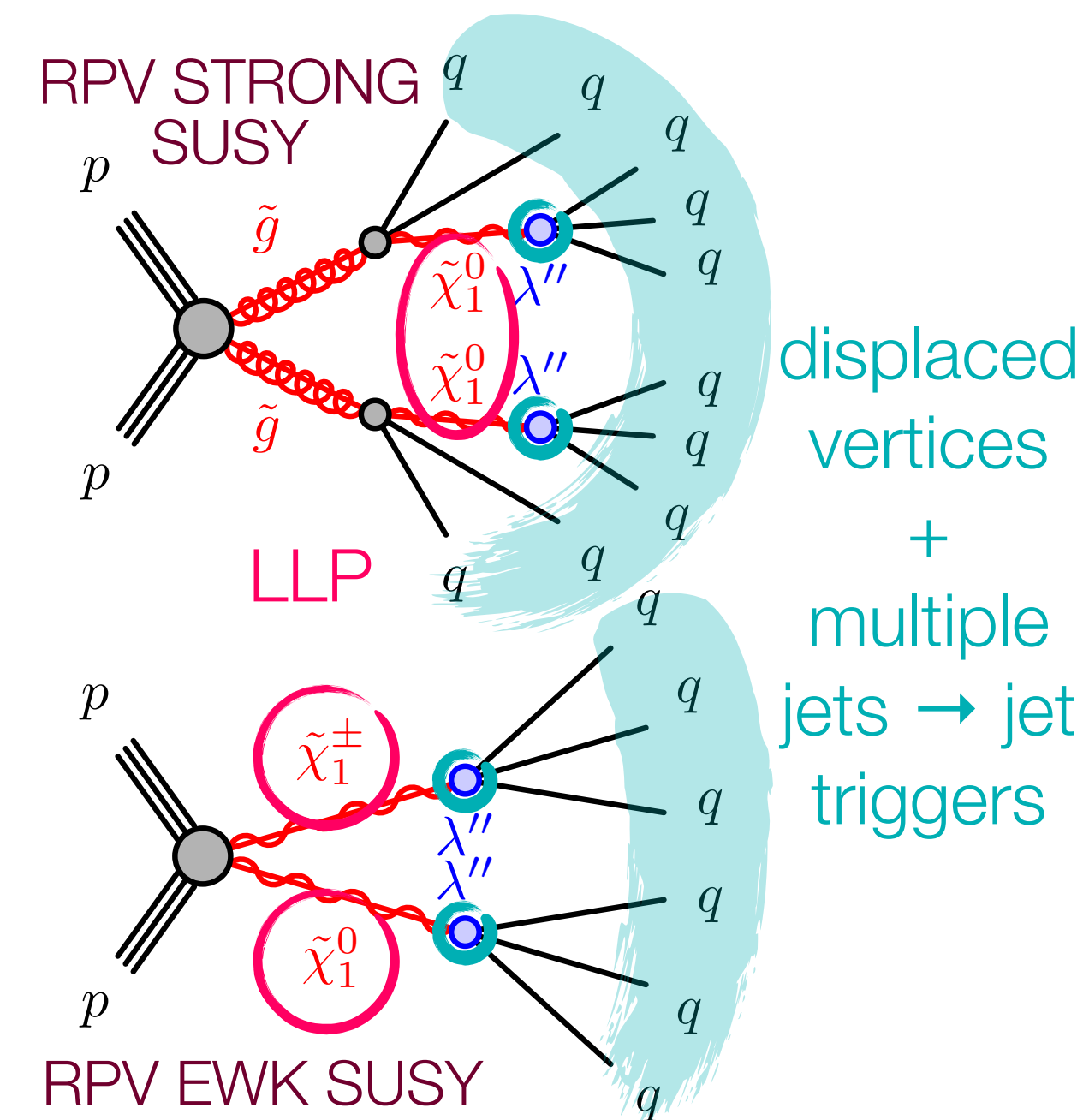


Bridges gap between *more displaced* and *prompt (reinterpretation)* lepton analysis accessing much lower lifetimes than previously targeted by ATLAS searches

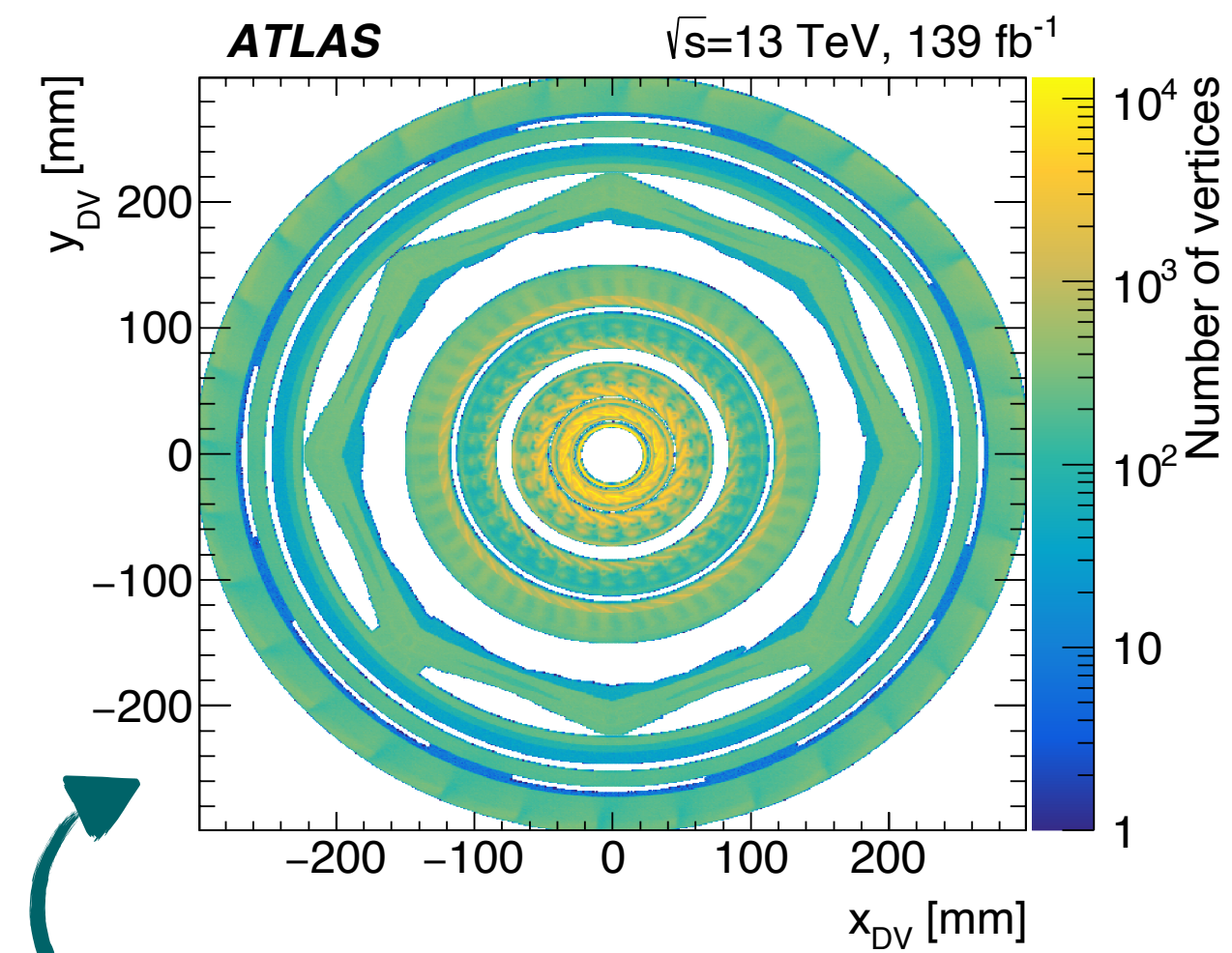
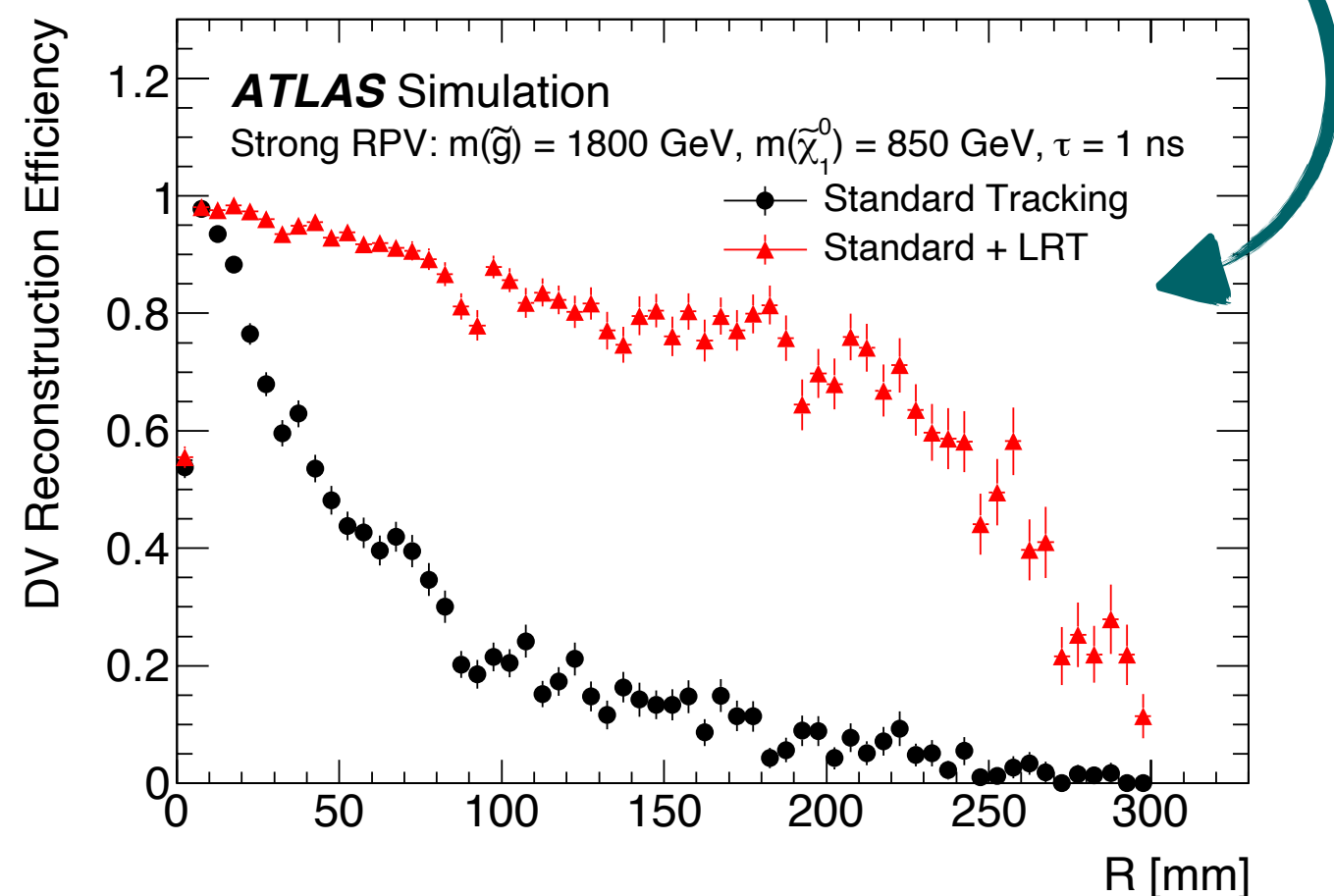
smuon lifetimes down to 1 ps and smuon masses up to 520 GeV are excluded at 95% CL



# DISPLACED VERTICES + JETS



**Dedicated secondary-vertex reconstruction** for DVs benefitting from **dedicated track reconstruction** for non-prompt particles (Large Radius Tracking)



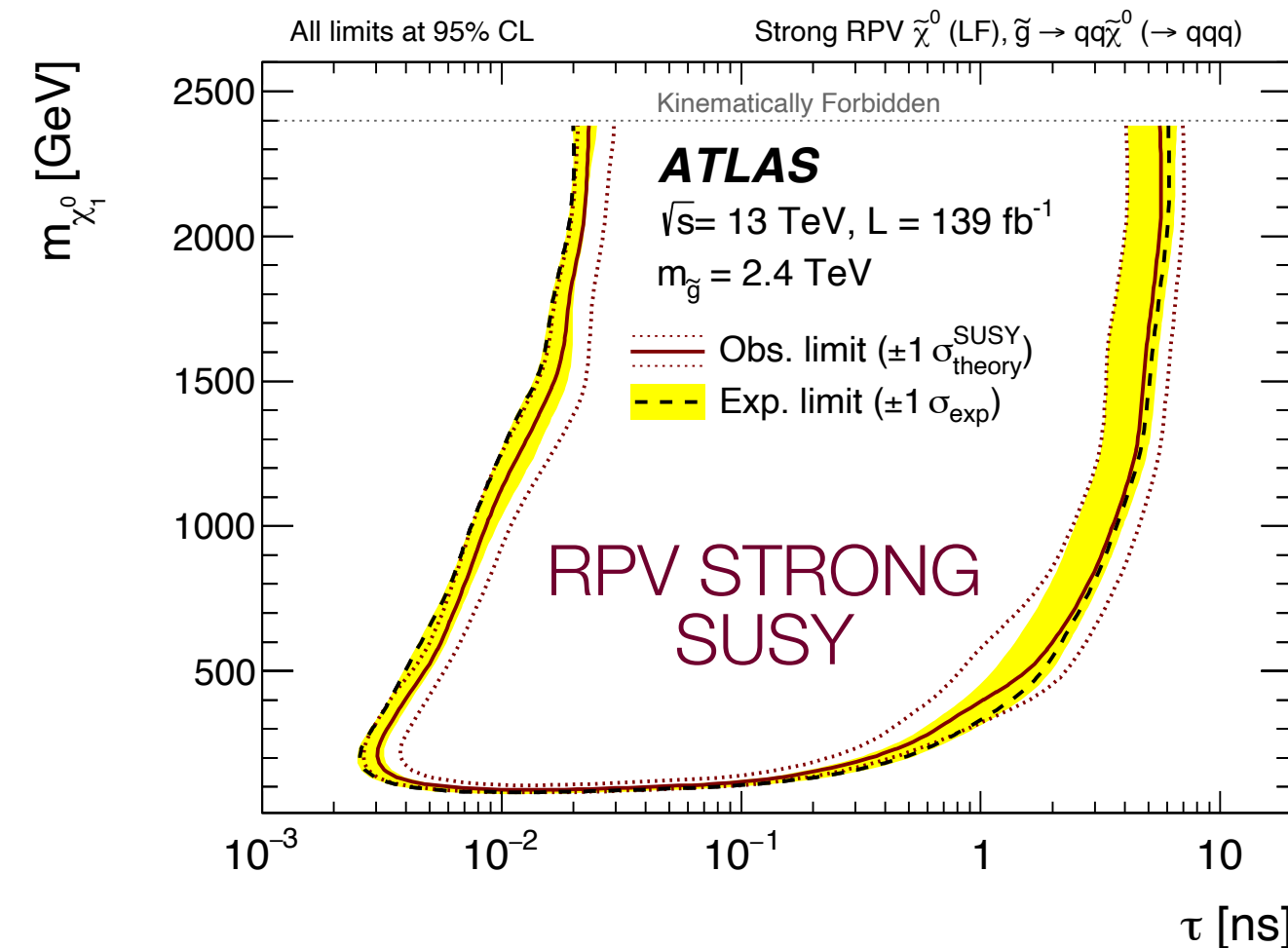
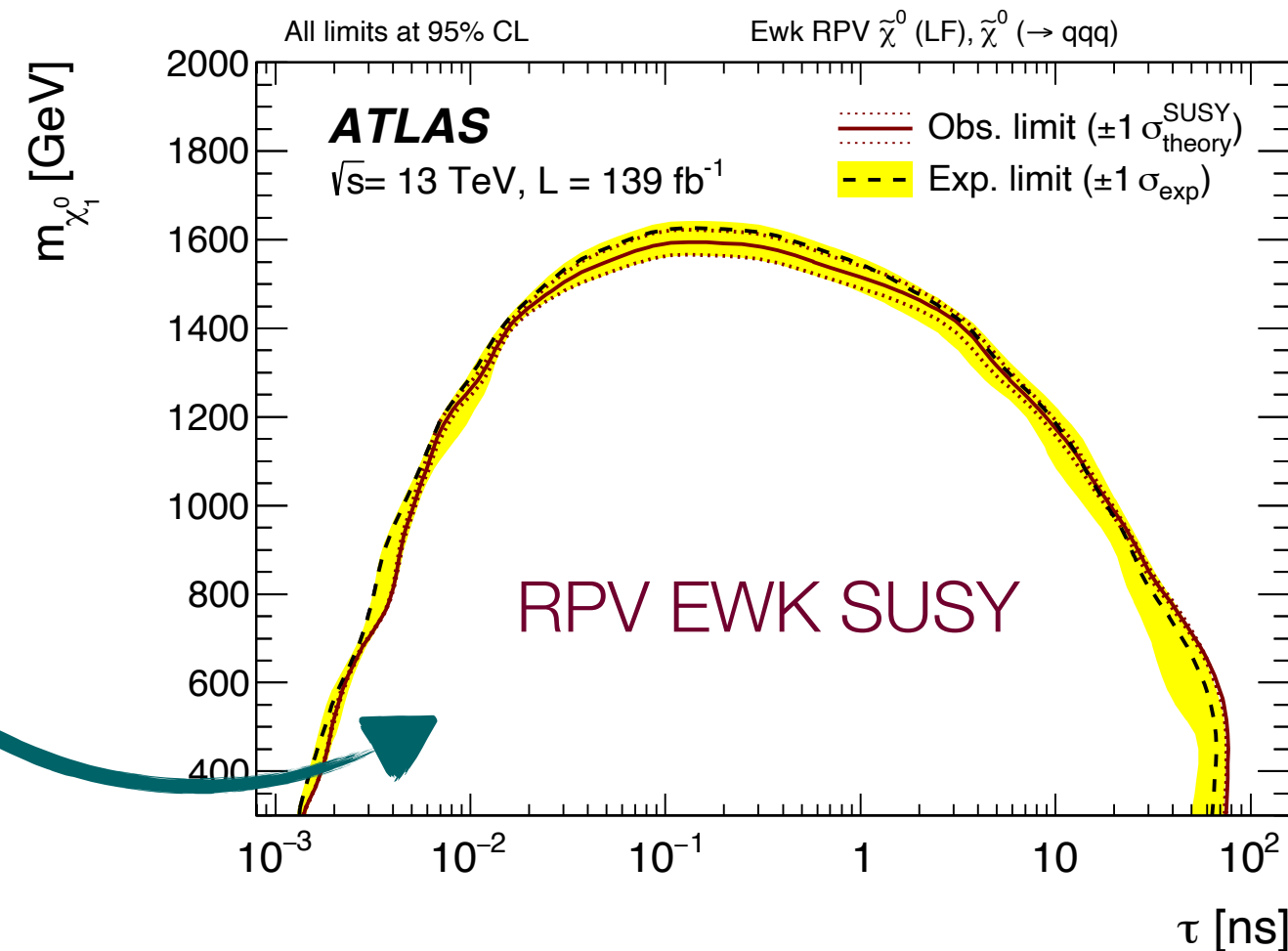
**Material map veto** removes 48% of the fiducial volume

## High- $p_T$ jet SR and trackless-jet SR

- Targeting strong and electroweak scenarios, respectively

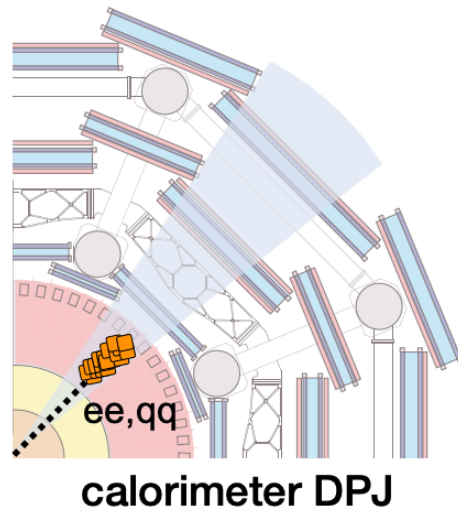
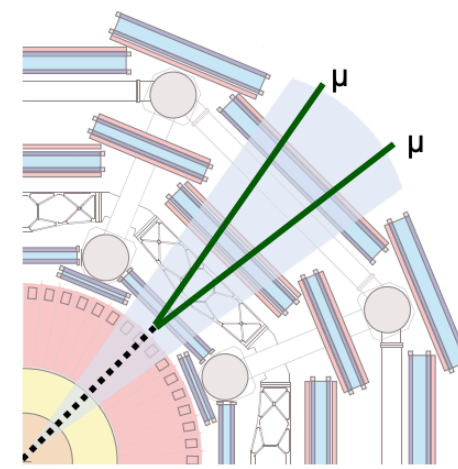
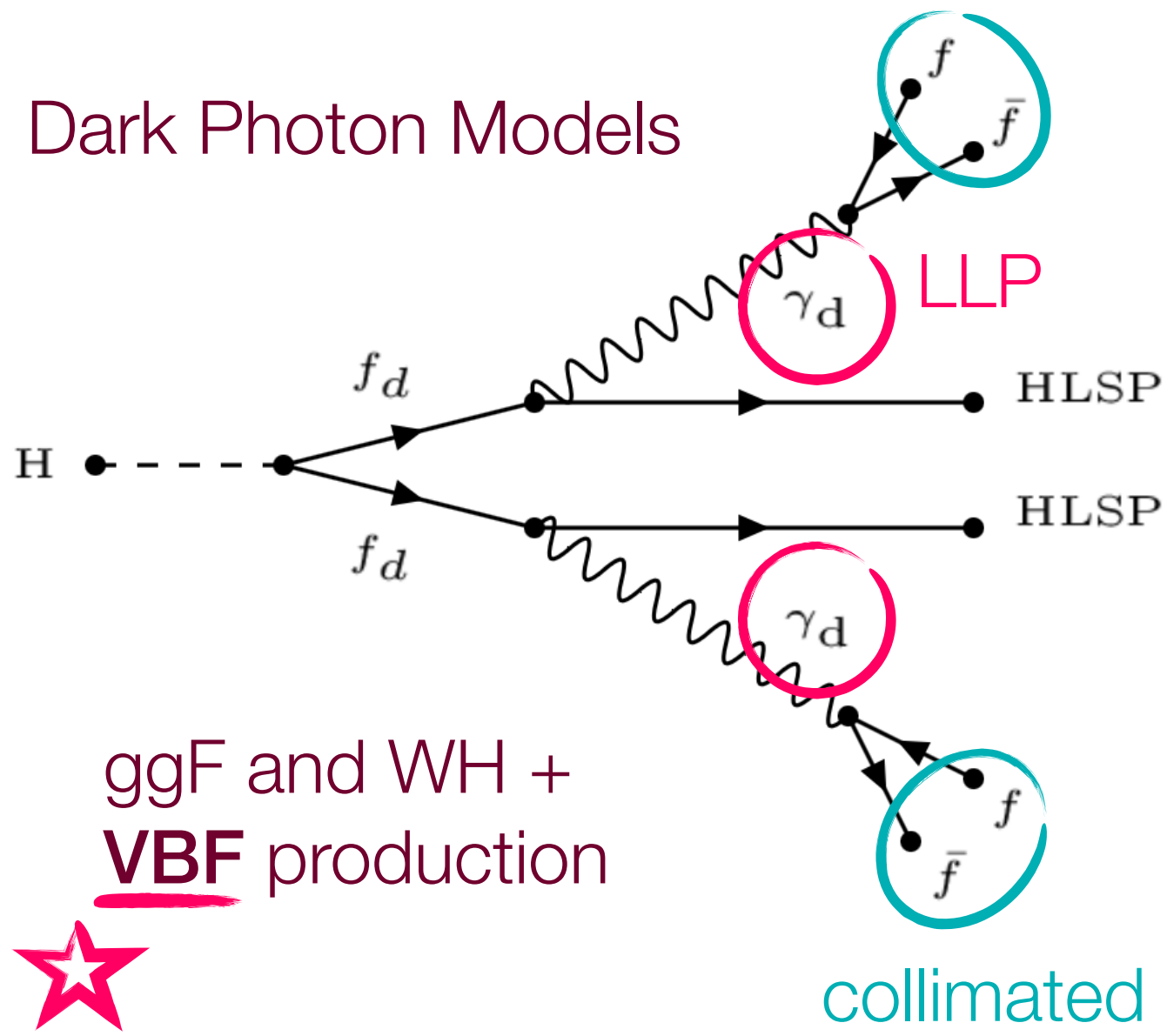
## First limits on RPV EWK SUSY LLP production in ATLAS

Electroweakino masses up to 1.58 TeV are excluded for lifetimes of 0.1 ns



# DISPLACED LEPTON JETS

Dark Photon Models

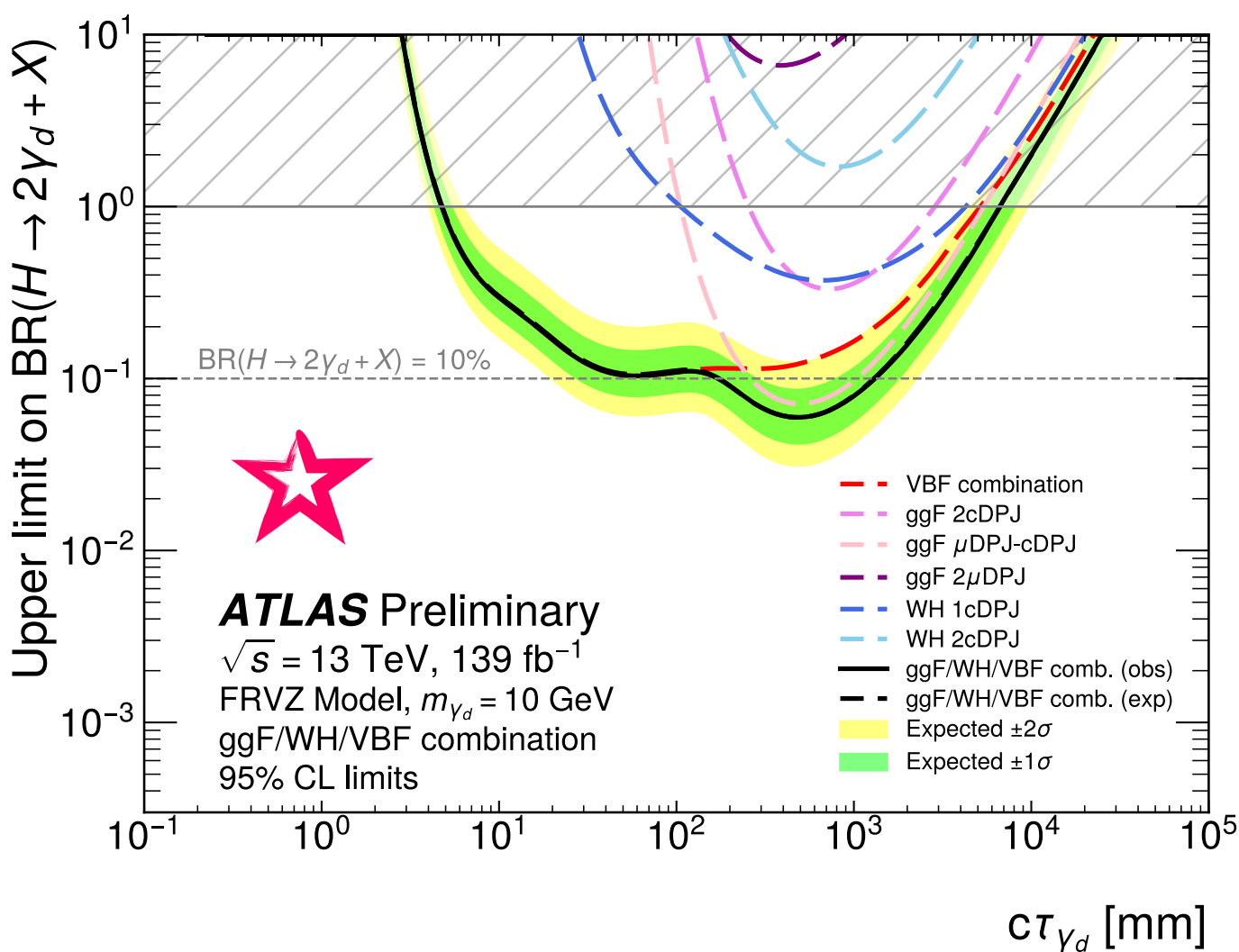
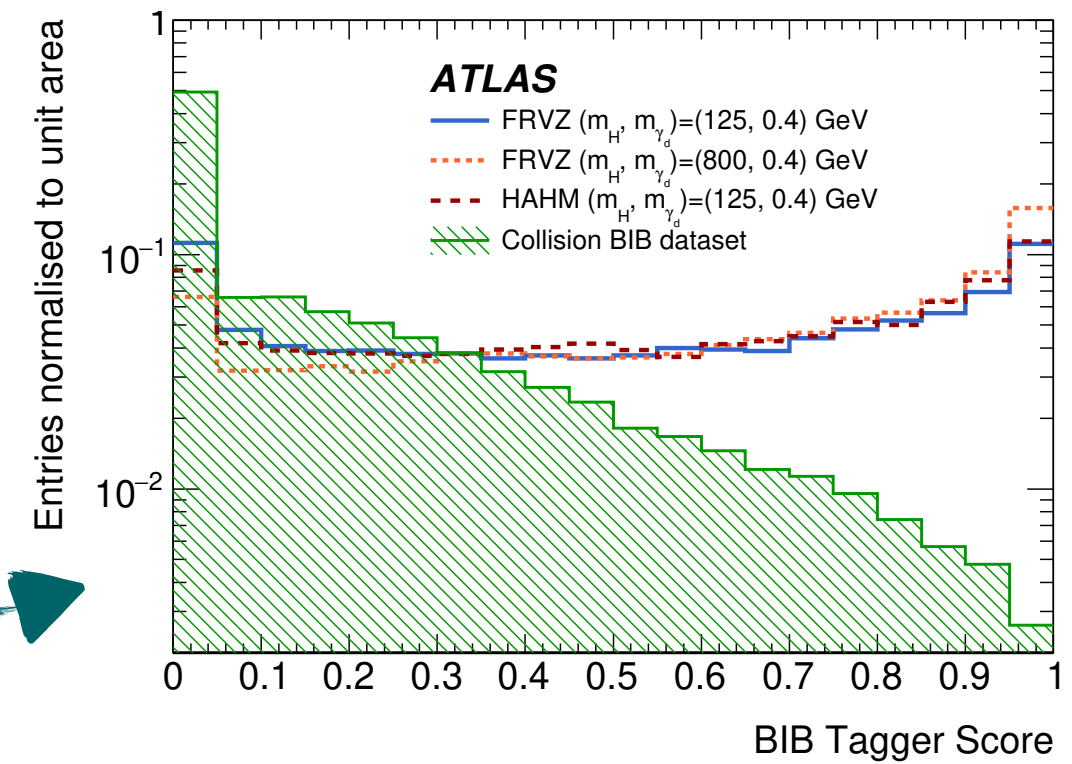
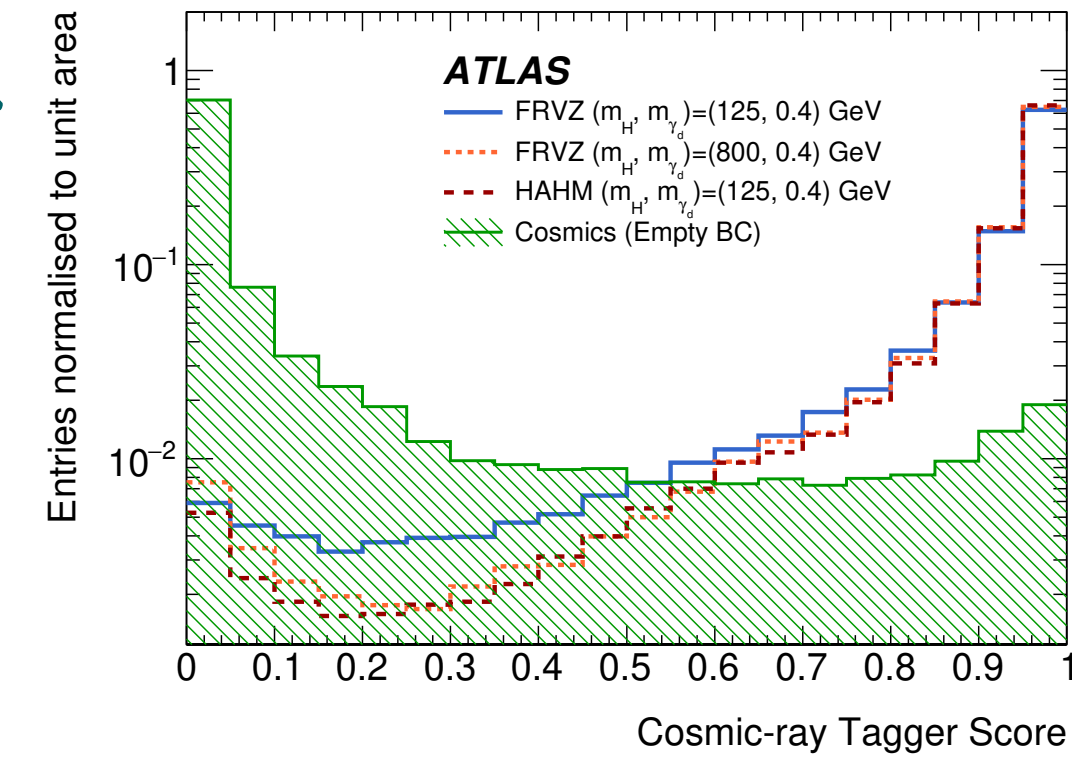


Cosmic ray tagger:  
dense neural network

- Timing, impact parameter and angular direction

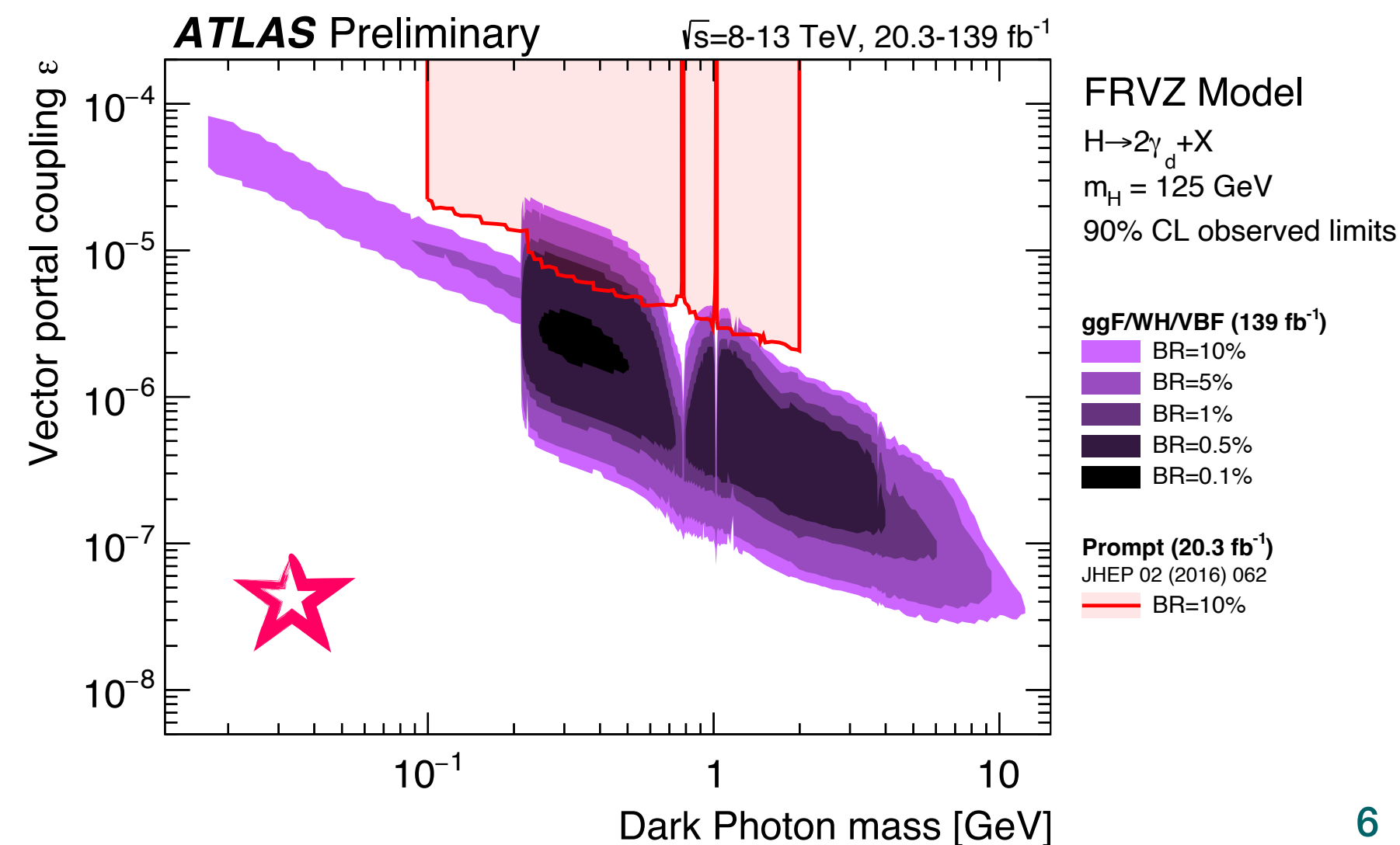
BIB and QCD tagger:  
convolutional neural network

- Topology of the energy deposits

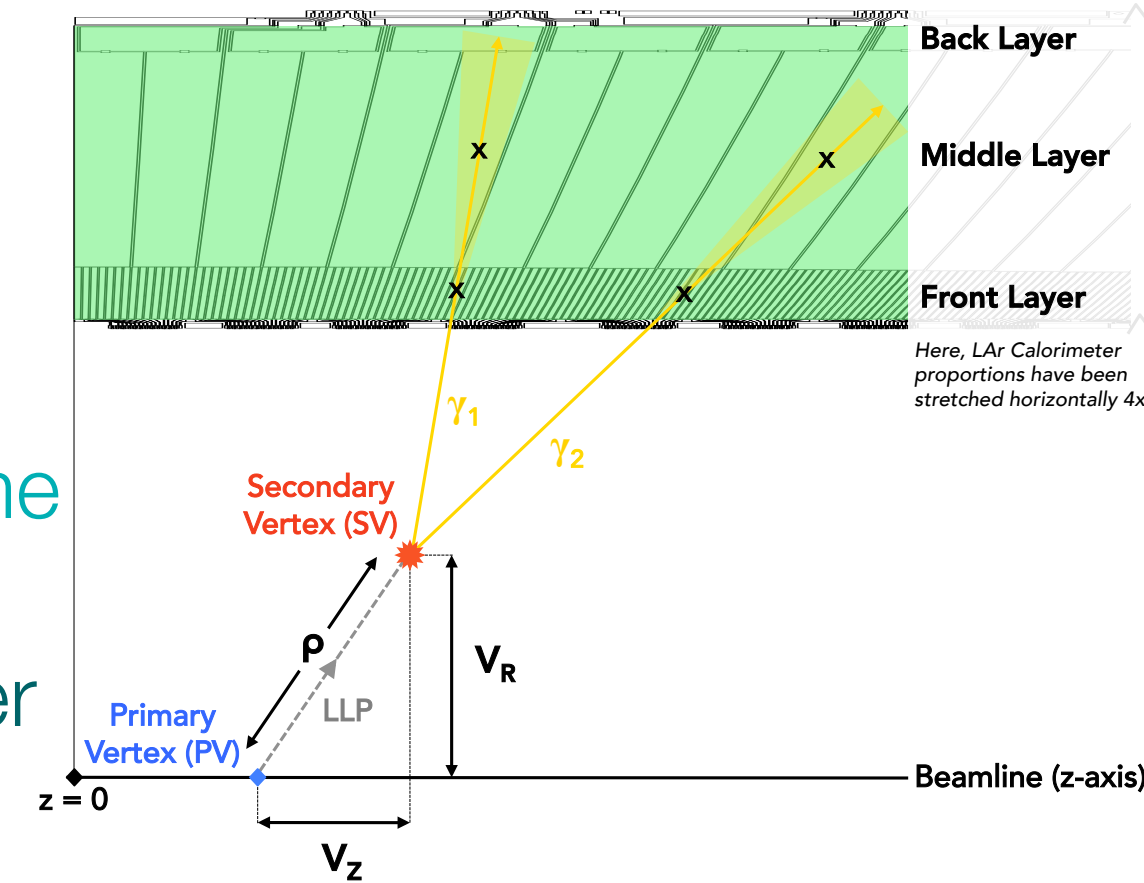
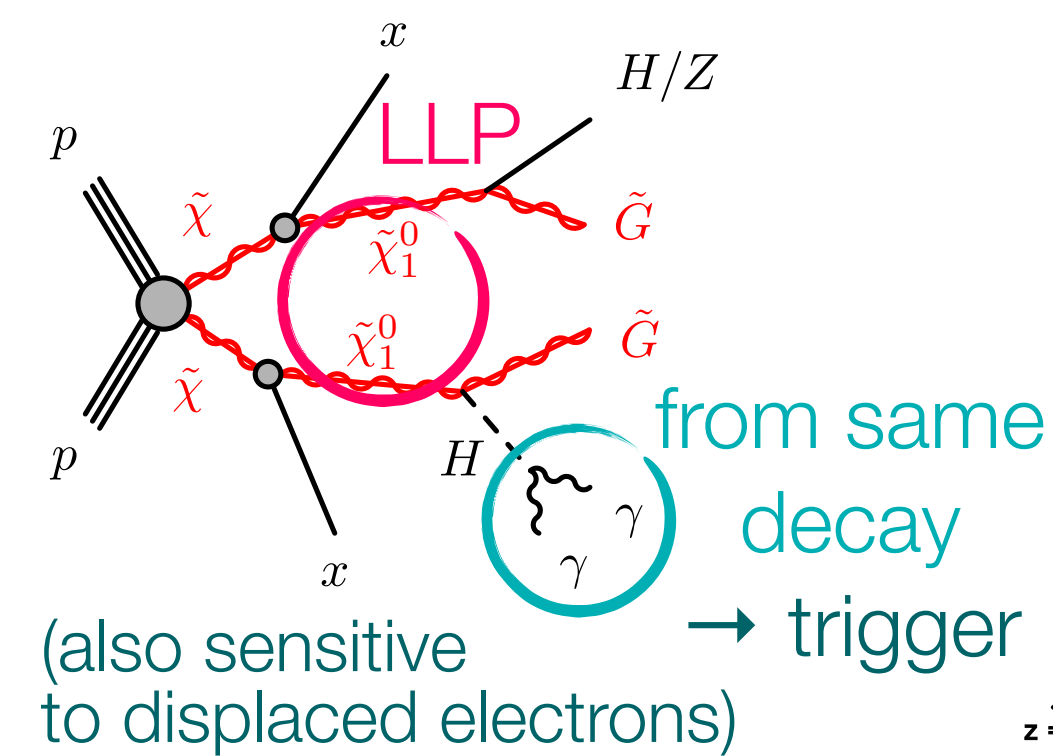
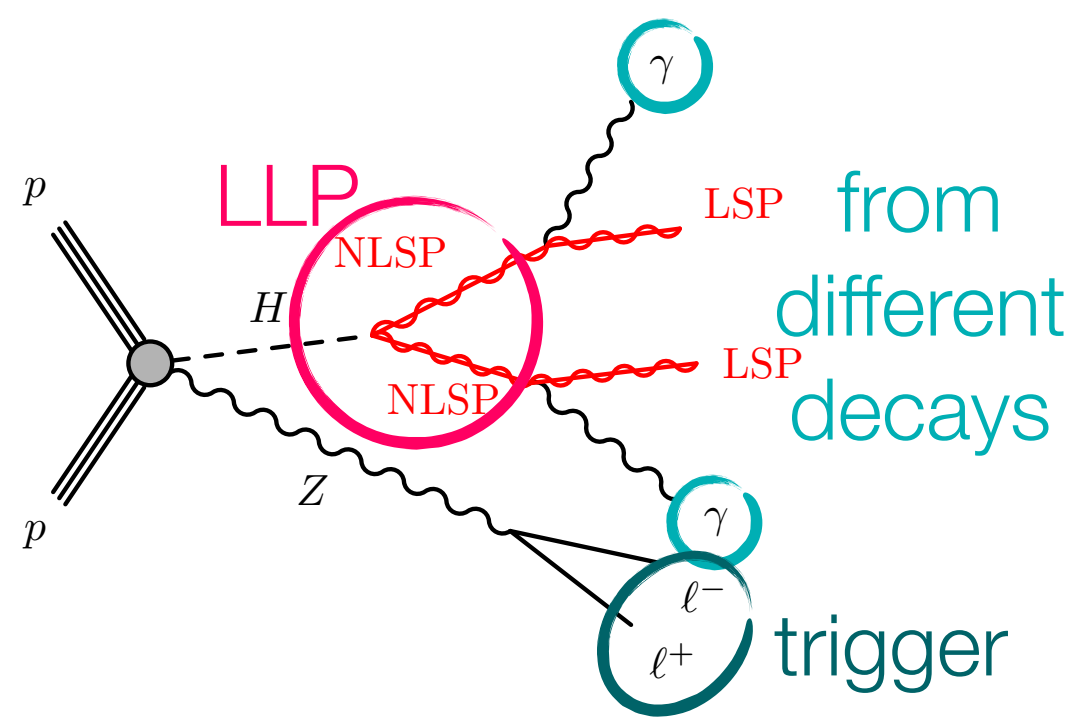
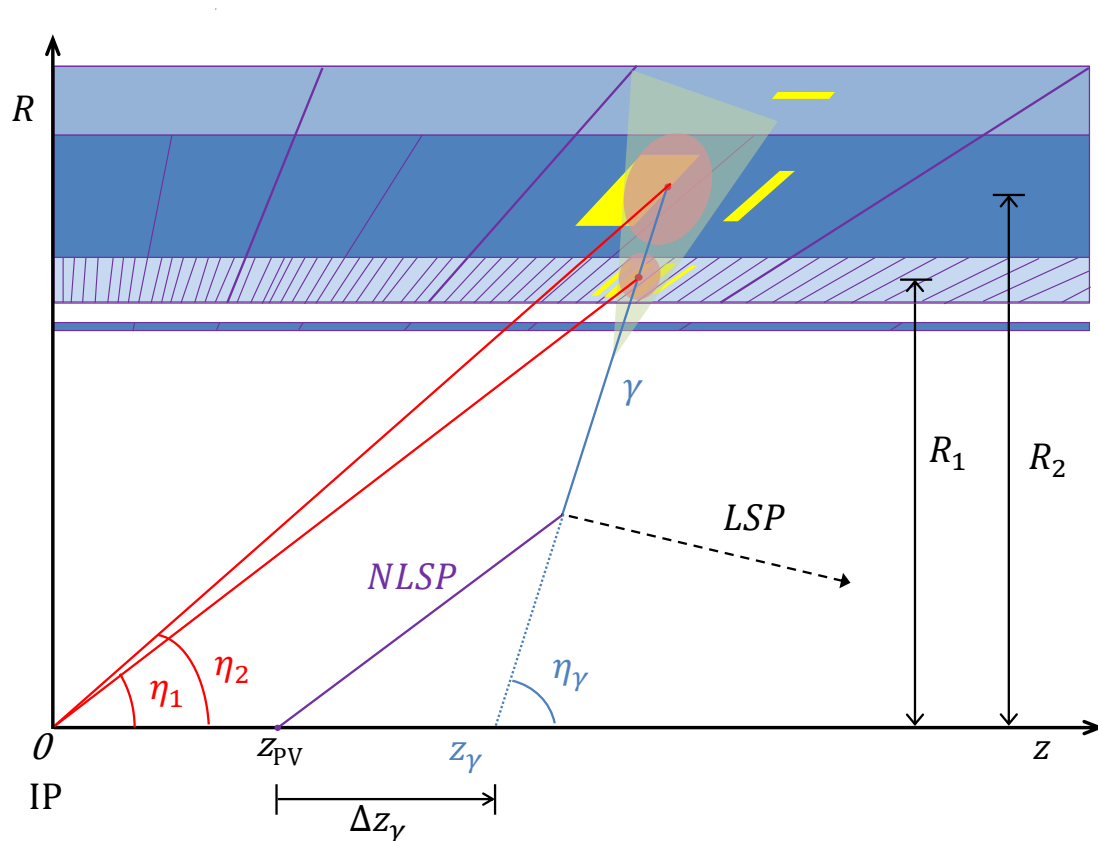


Sensitivity of previous ATLAS searches significantly extended

Branching fractions above 10% are excluded for Higgs decays to two dark photons with mean proper decay length of  $[10, 250] \text{ mm} \rightarrow [0.5, 3000] \text{ mm}$  and mass between 0.4 GeV and 2 GeV



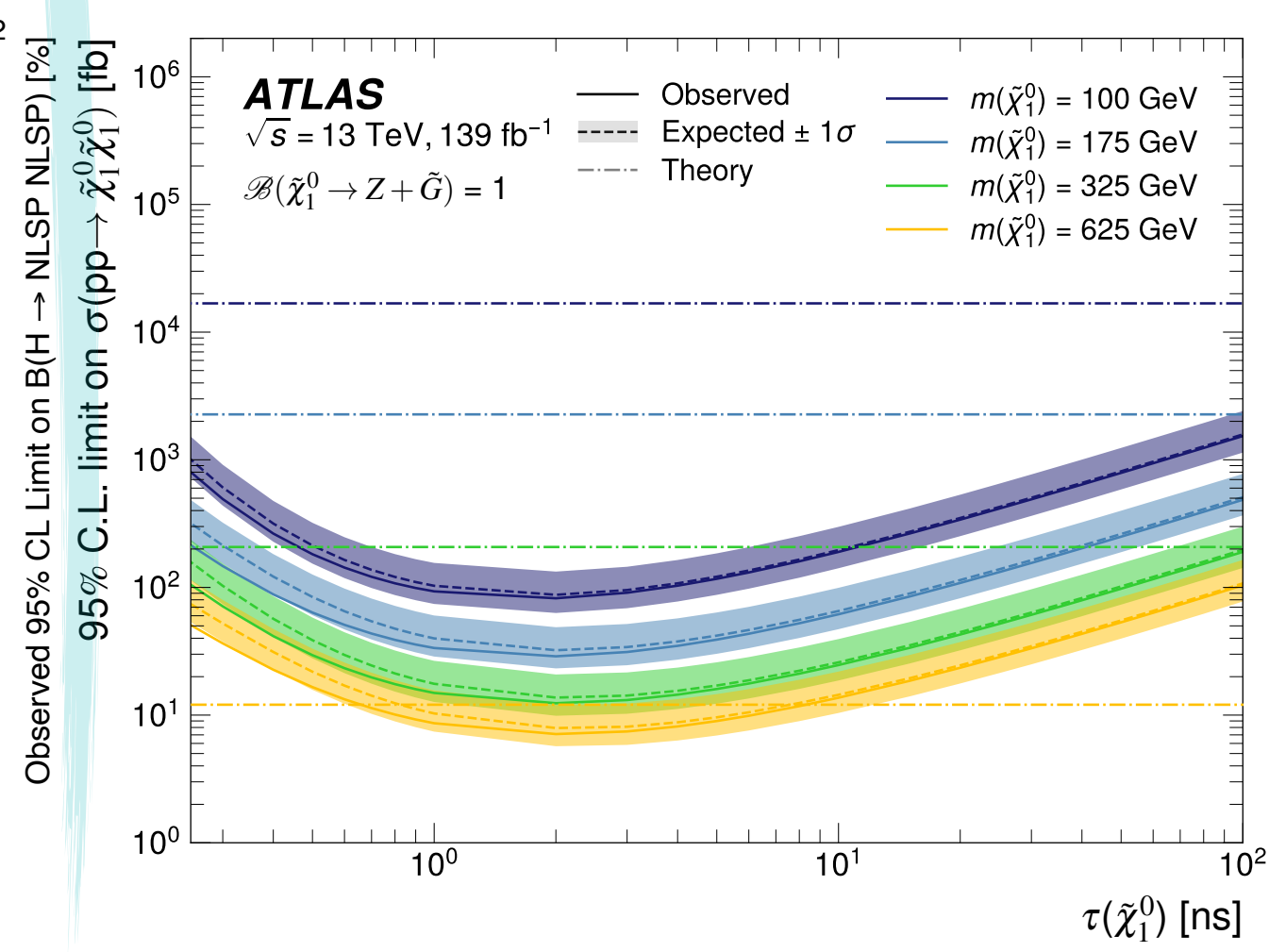
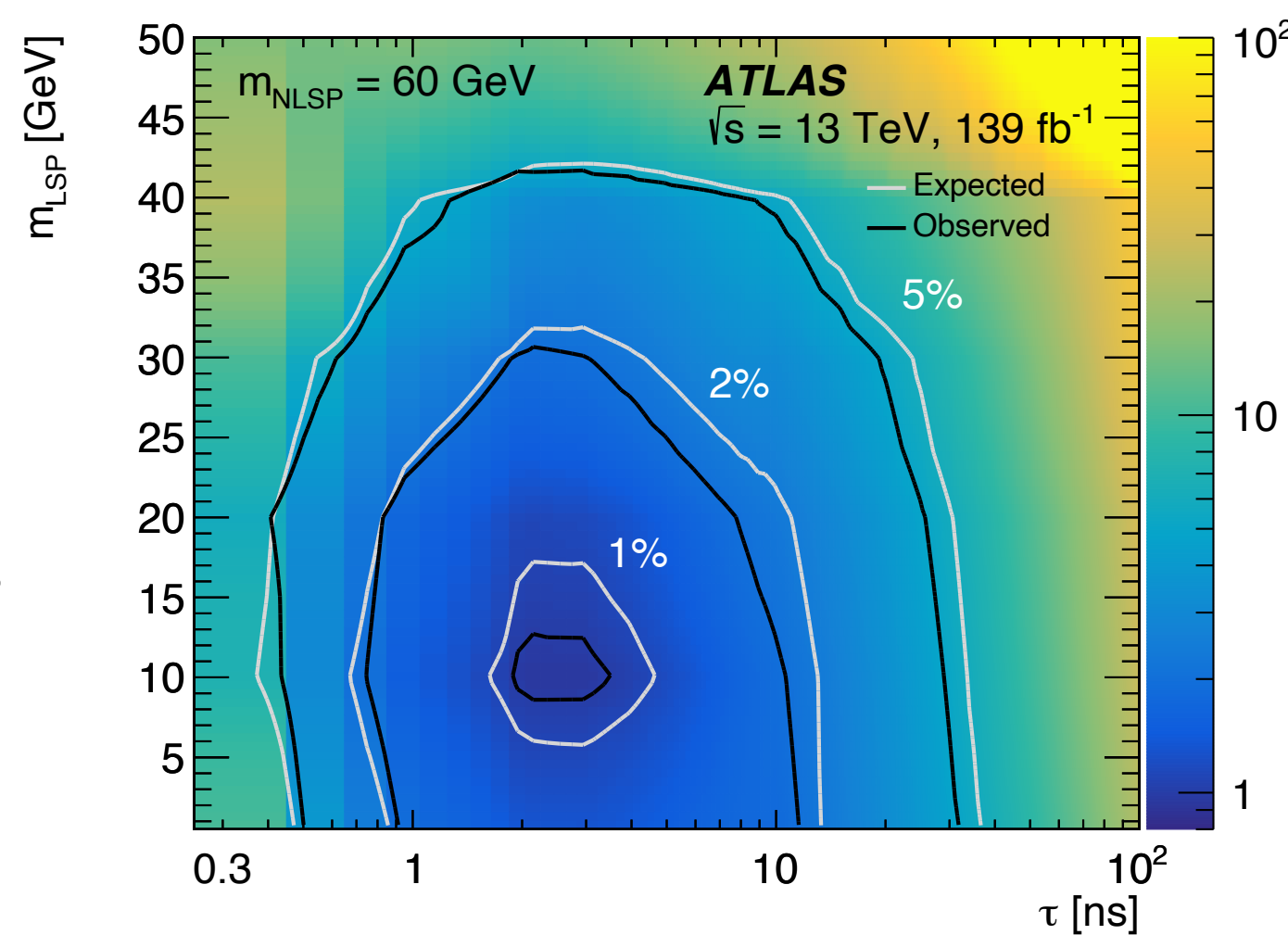
# NON-POINTING & NON-PROMPT PHOTONS



Exploit the **precise spatial and timing capabilities of the ATLAS LAr calorimeter** of  $O(10 \text{ mm})$  and  $\sim 0.2 \text{ ns}$  resolution, respectively, to **determine pointing and timing of photons**

**Most stringent limits** for lifetimes of 2-3 ns

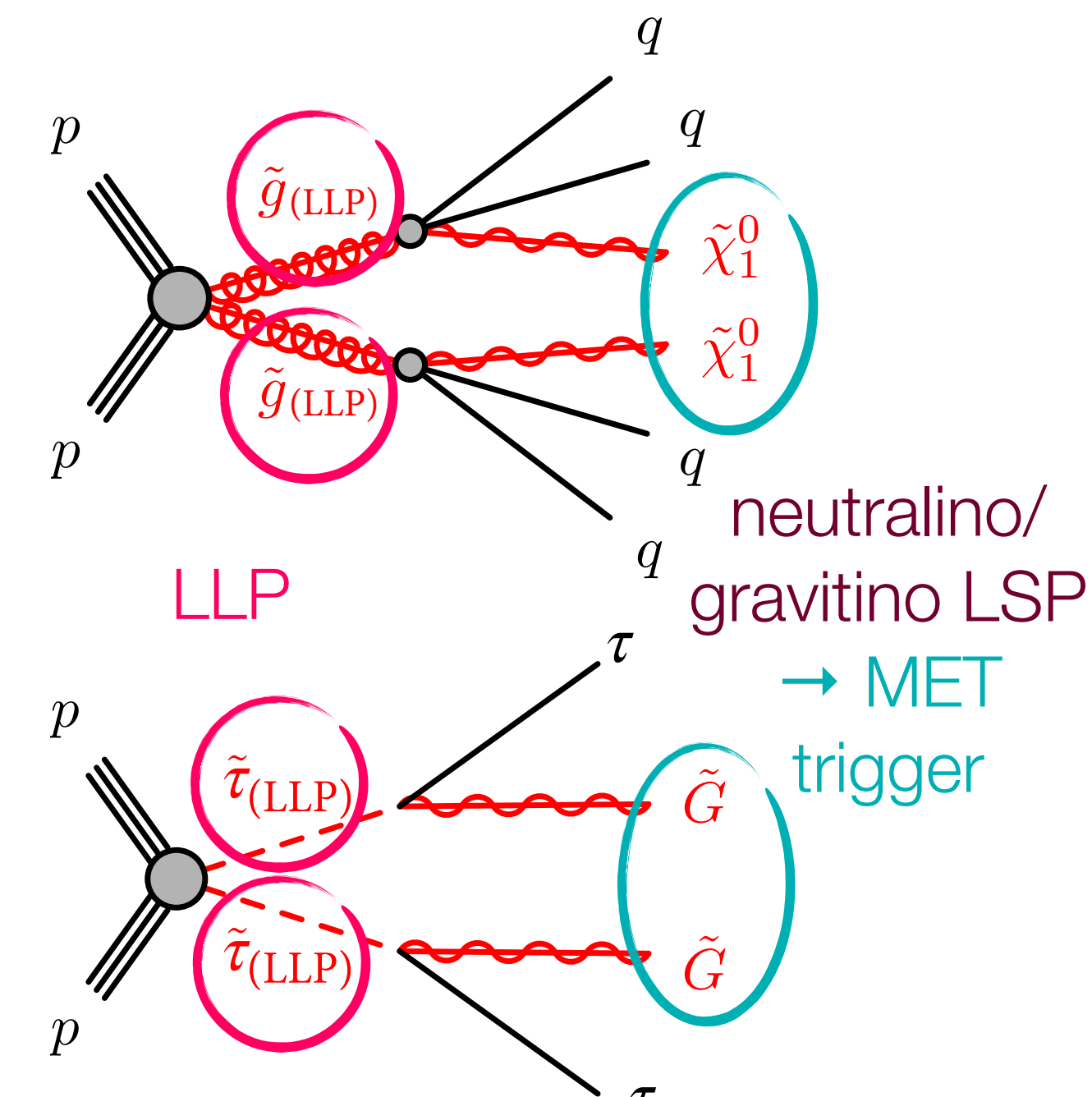
A model-independent limit is set on the production of photons with large values of displacement and time delay



Limits set as function of  $m_{\text{LLP}}$  and  $\tau$  for various BR compositions, and cross section for LLP pair-production with  $100 \text{ GeV} < m < 705 \text{ GeV}$  and  $0.25 \text{ ns} < \tau < 1000 \text{ ns}$

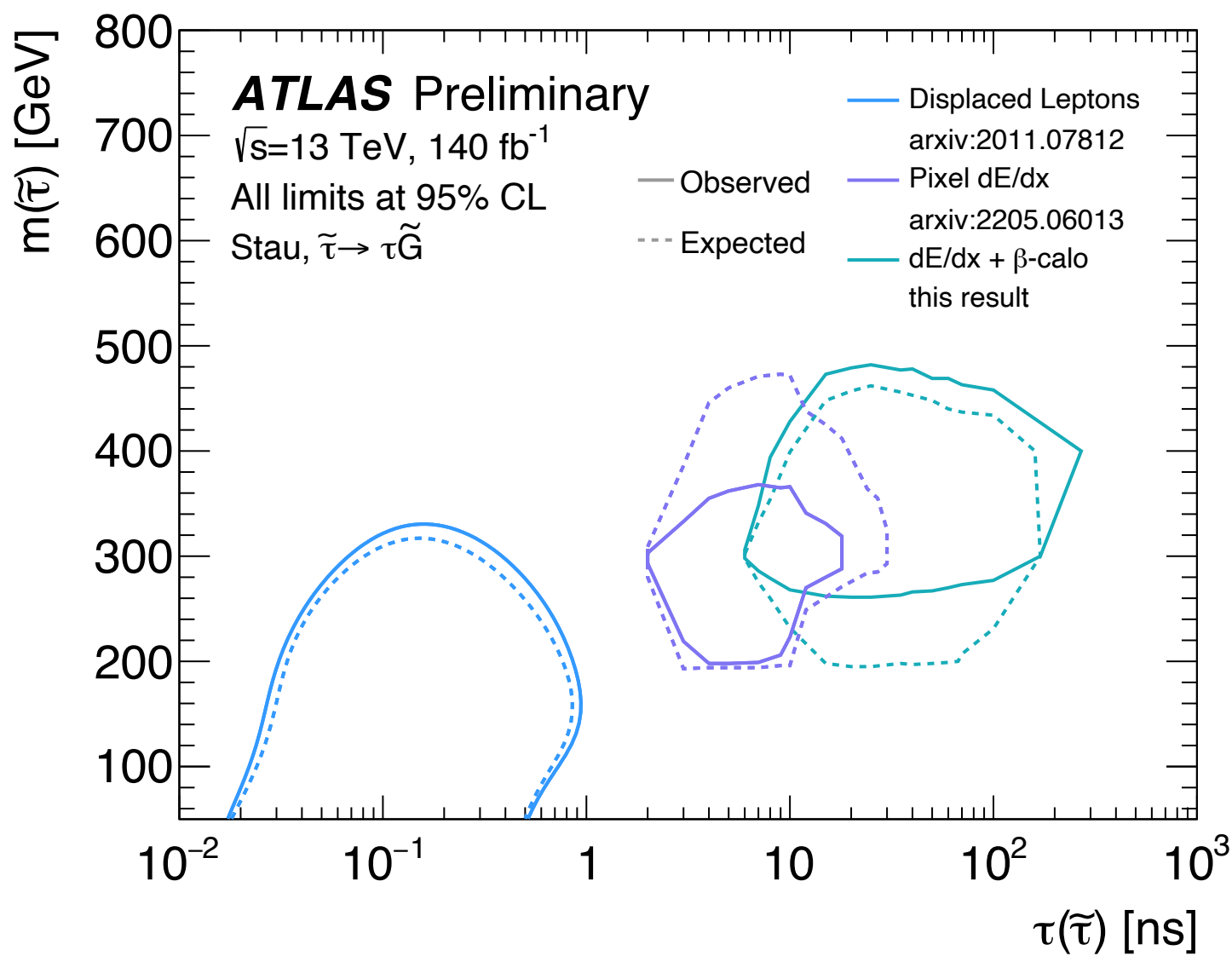
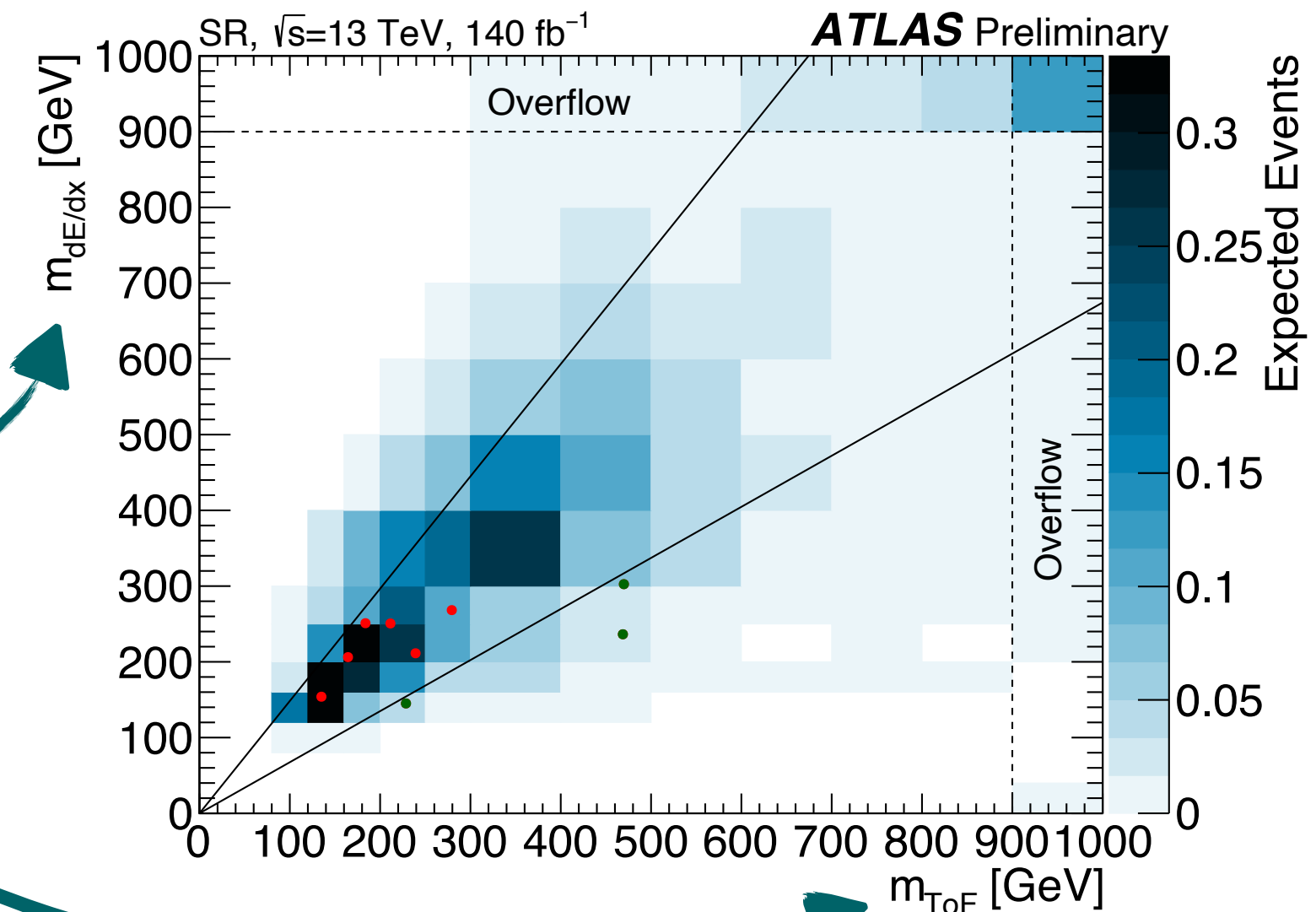
# LARGE dE/dx

→ Poster by Martina Ressegotti



Targeting **massive charged slow particles**:  $m > 100$  GeV,  $\tau > 3$  ns

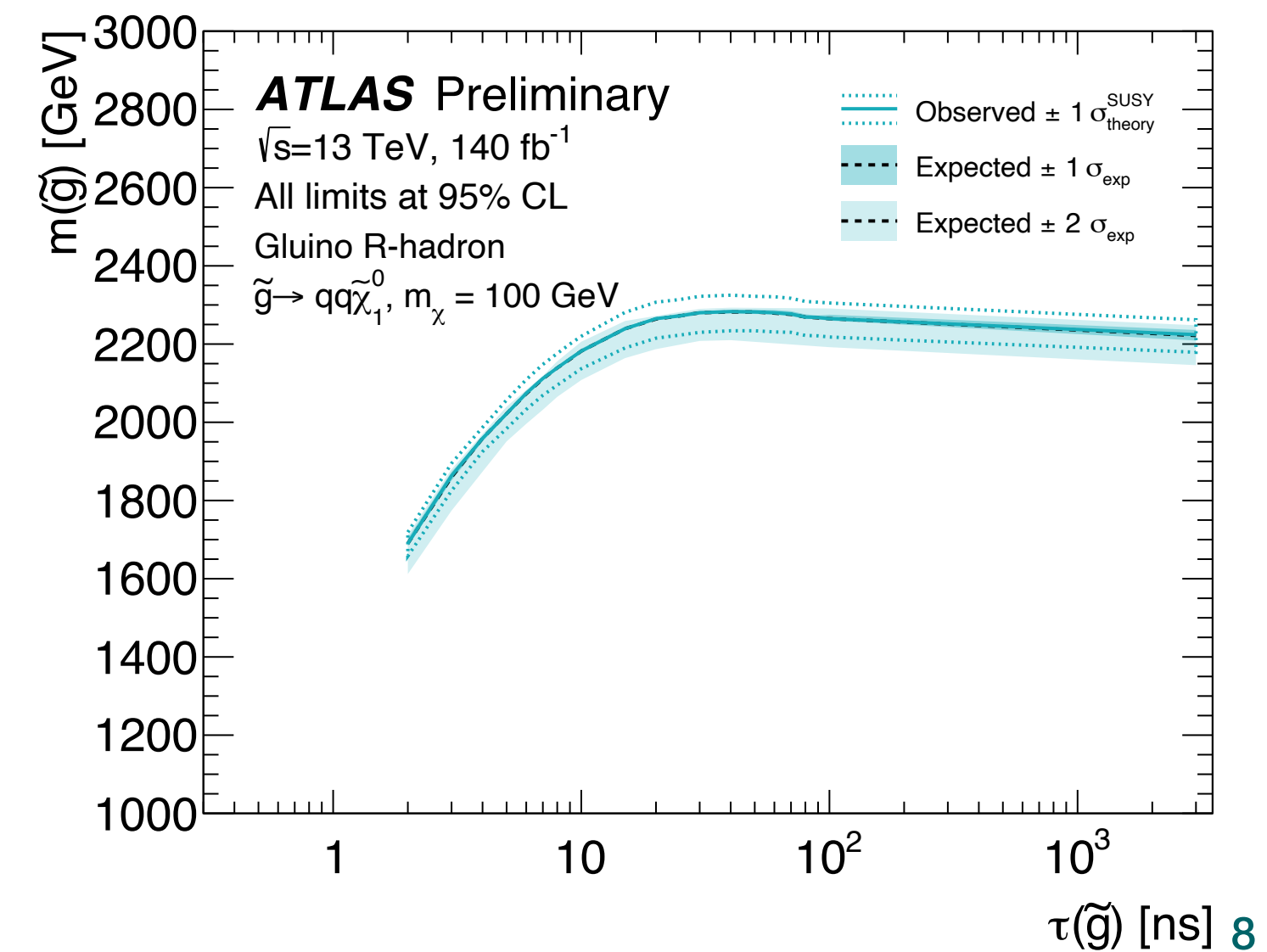
- Exploits the measurement of the anomalously **large ionisation energy loss** (dE/dx) in the ID tracker
- Improved previous search by including **Time-of-Flight** (ToF) measured by the hadronic calorimeter



## Agreement with background expectation

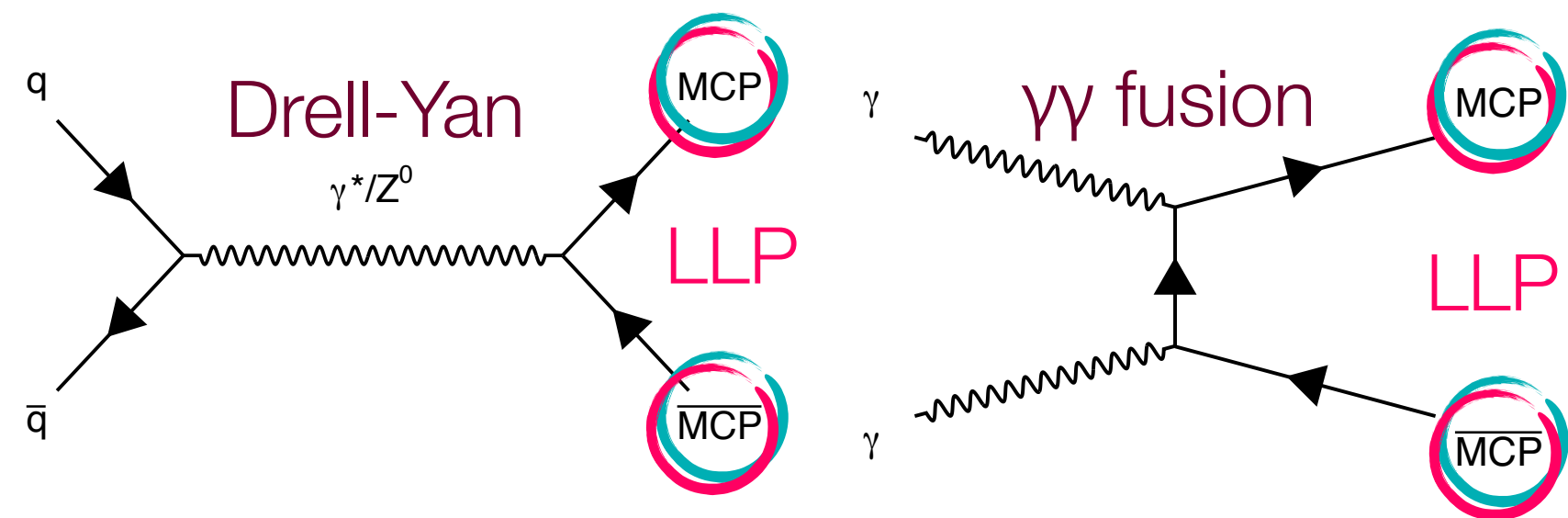
observed 6 events in SR,  
expected  $5.1 \pm 0.5$  background events

Highest sensitivity is reached for  
LLPs with  $\tau > 10$  ns





# MULTI-CHARGED PARTICLES



Search for **heavy long-lived multi-charged particles (MCPs)**:

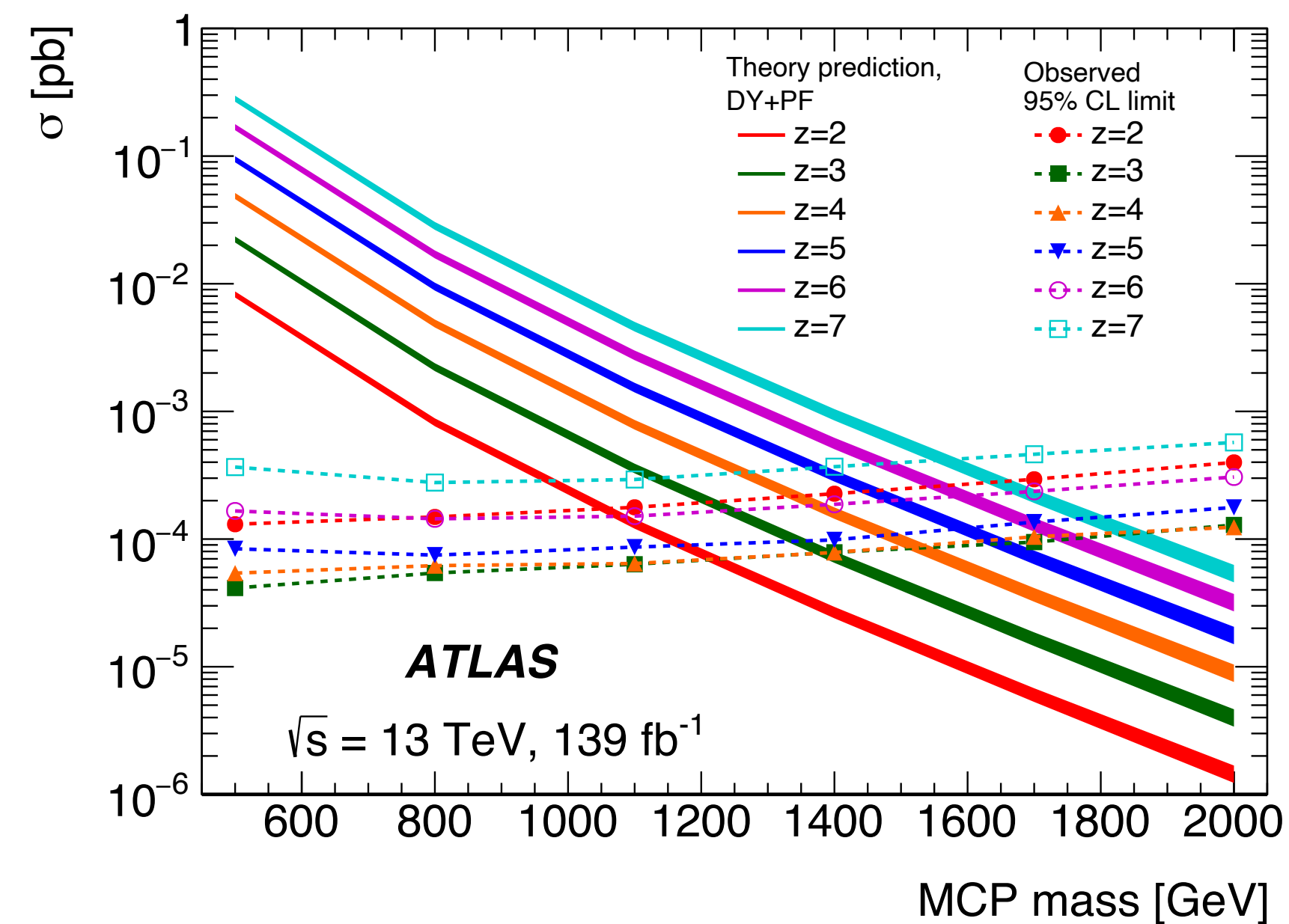
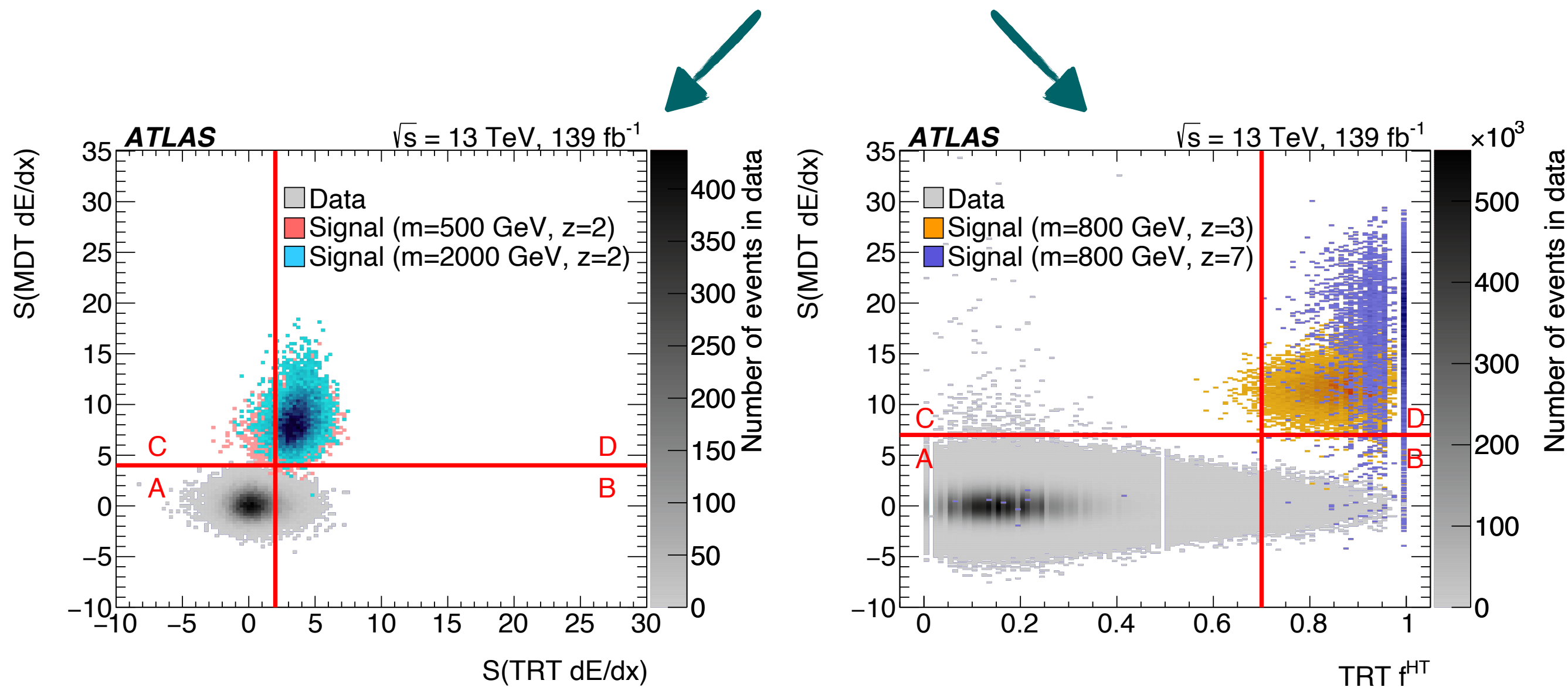
$$|q| \leq ze, \quad 2 \leq z \leq 7$$

- **Traversing the entire ATLAS detector** without decaying
- Exploiting MET, prompt muon and novel late-muon triggers

Targeting high- $p_T$  muon-like signatures with **high  $dE/dx$  values in several sub-detectors**: ID Pixel, TRT, MS MDT

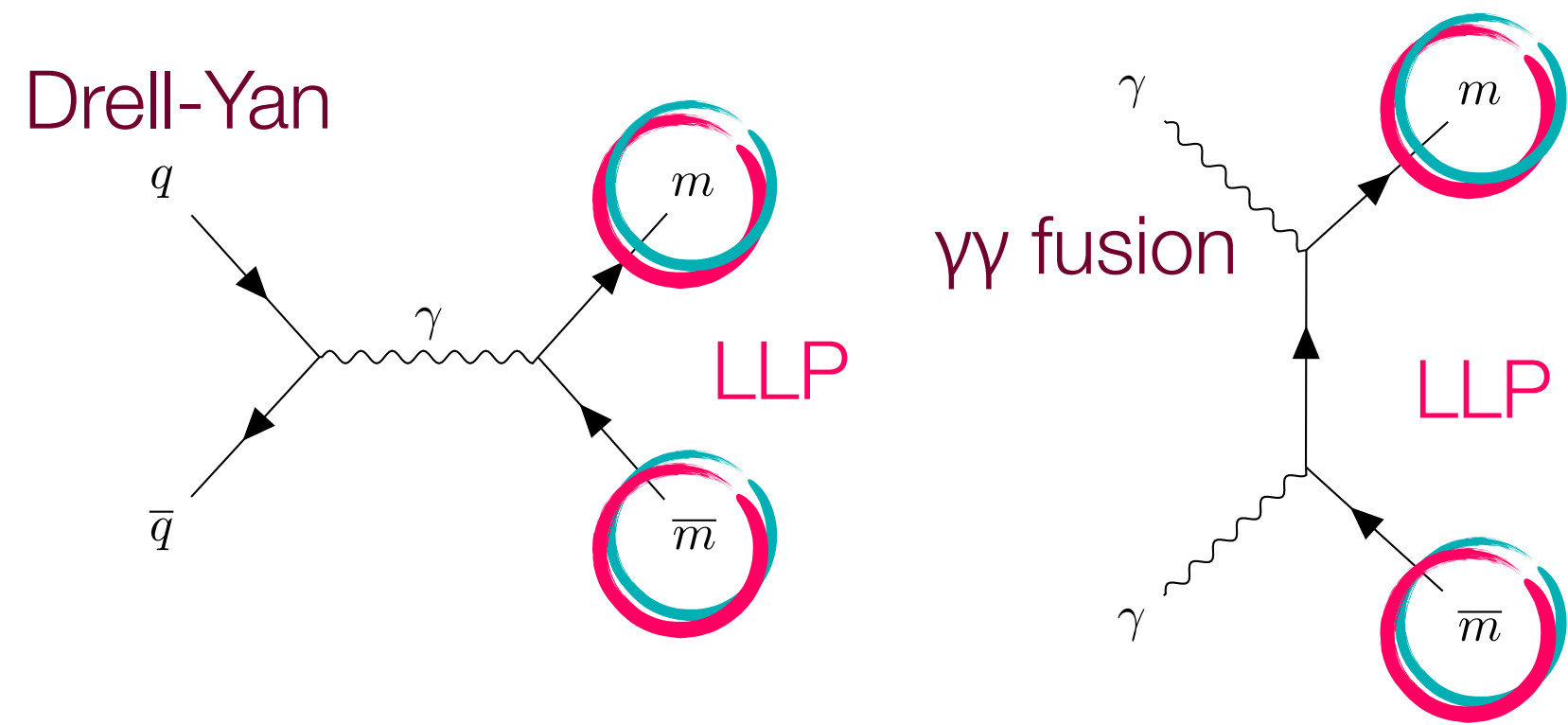
- Fraction of **high-threshold TRT hits, Pixel, TRT and MDT  $dE/dx$**

Different selections optimised for  $z = 2$  and  $z > 2$



Upper limits **exclude muon-like MCPs with masses from 500 GeV to 1060 GeV ( $z = 2$ ) and 1600 GeV ( $z = 6$ )**

# MAGNETIC MONOPOLES/HECOs/HIPs



## Highly Ionising Particles:

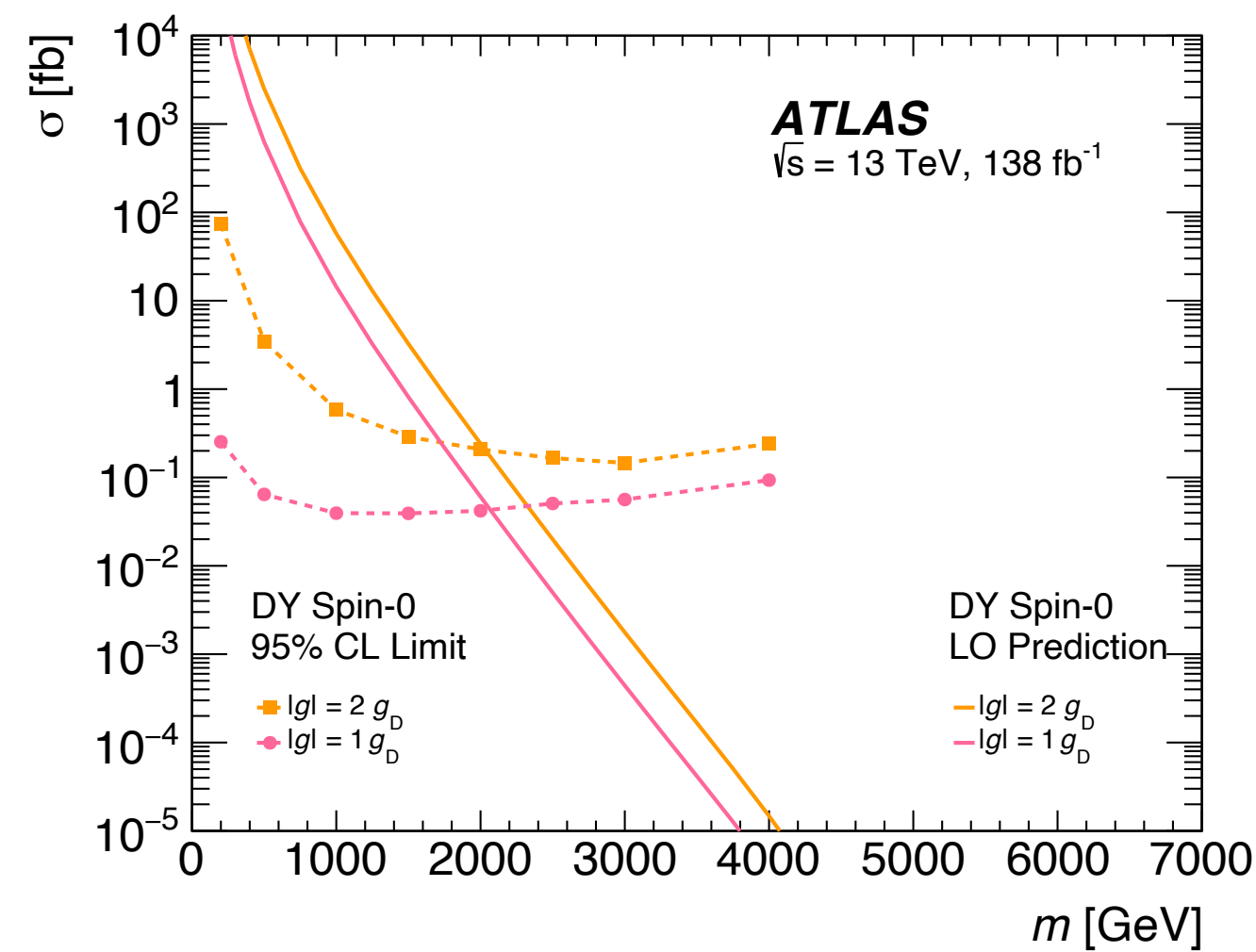
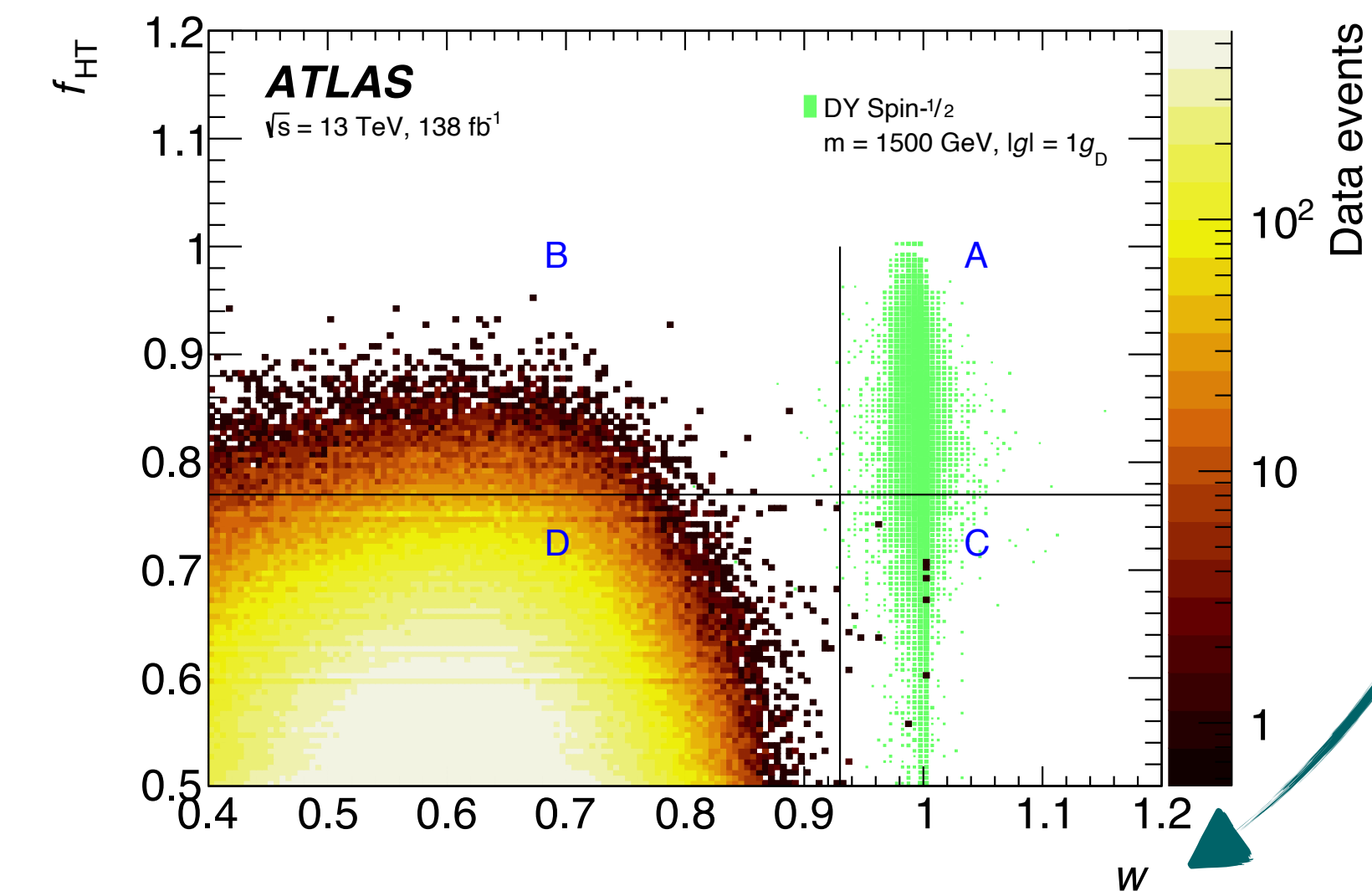
**Magnetic monopoles** of charge  $1g_D$  and  $2g_D$  and **high-electric-charge objects**  $20 \leq |z| \leq 100$

- $\delta$ -rays produced in TRT
- EM deposits with low lateral dispersion, no HCAL deposits

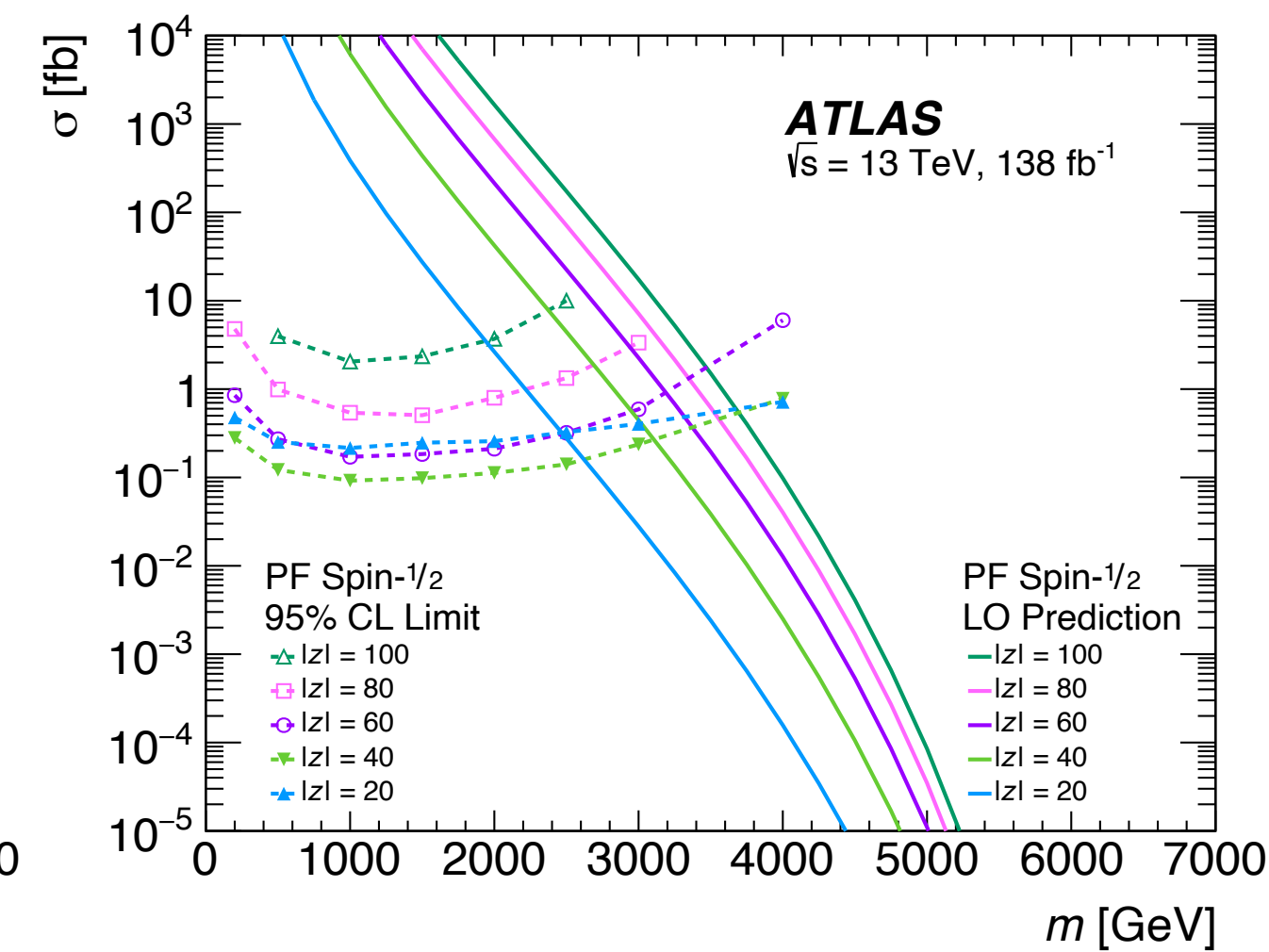
} **dedicated HIP trigger**

ABCD background estimation method exploiting

- fraction of **high-threshold TRT hits** and
- **lateral dispersion of the EM clusters**



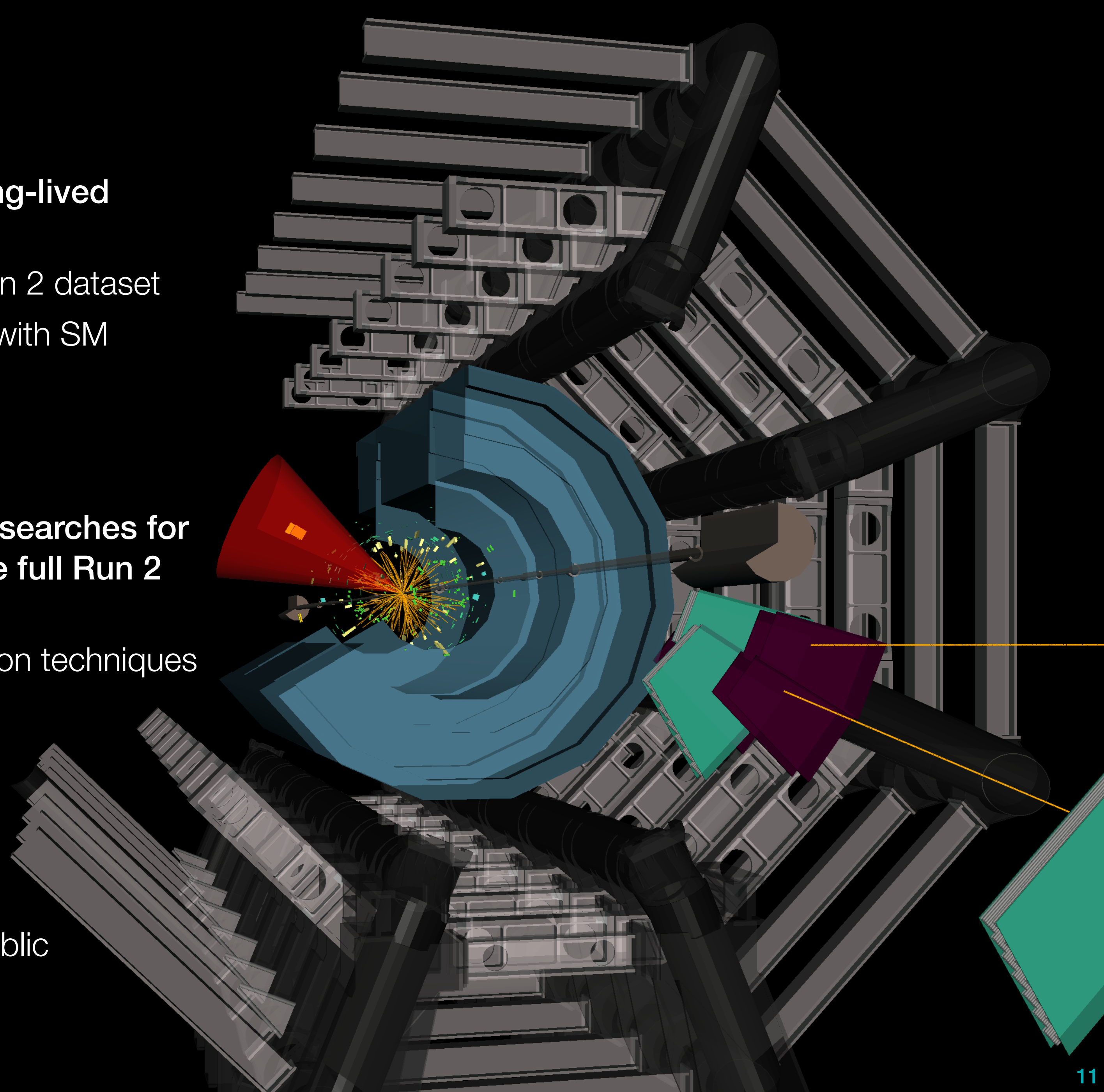
Cross-section limits on the Drell-Yan production of magnetic monopoles **improved by a factor ~3**



**First ATLAS limits** on the  $\gamma\gamma$  fusion production of magnetic monopoles and HECOs

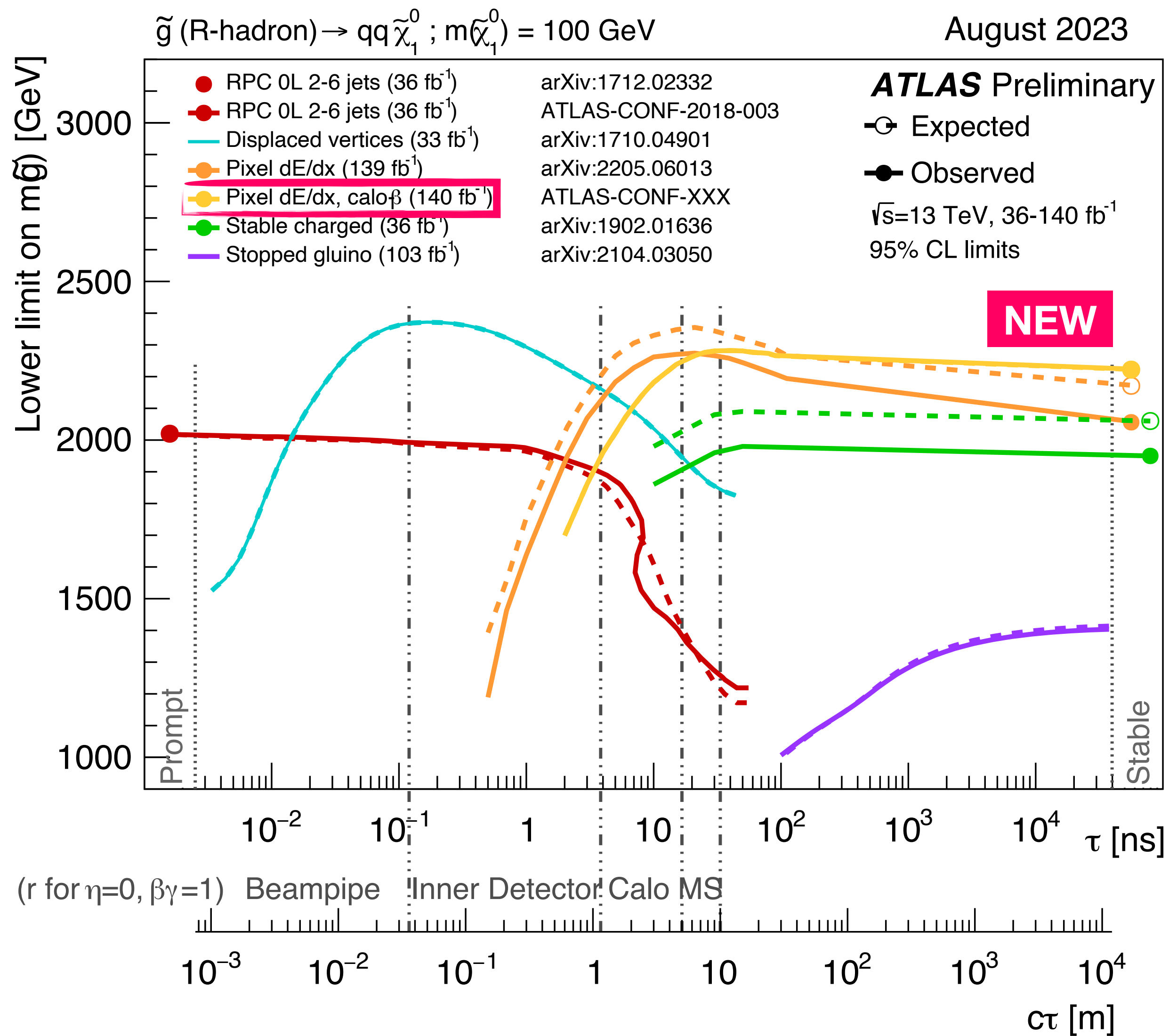
# CONCLUSION

- **New and updated BSM searches for long-lived particles**
  - Exploring the large and high quality Run 2 dataset
  - For now the data remains compatible with SM predictions
  - Stringent limits set in various models
- **Many new and updated results of BSM searches for long-lived particles yet to come with the full Run 2 dataset**
  - Benefitting from improved reconstruction techniques
- **Stay tuned for the first Run 3 results utilising novel trigger and analysis approaches**
- More results: ATLAS [Exotics](#) and [SUSY](#) public results

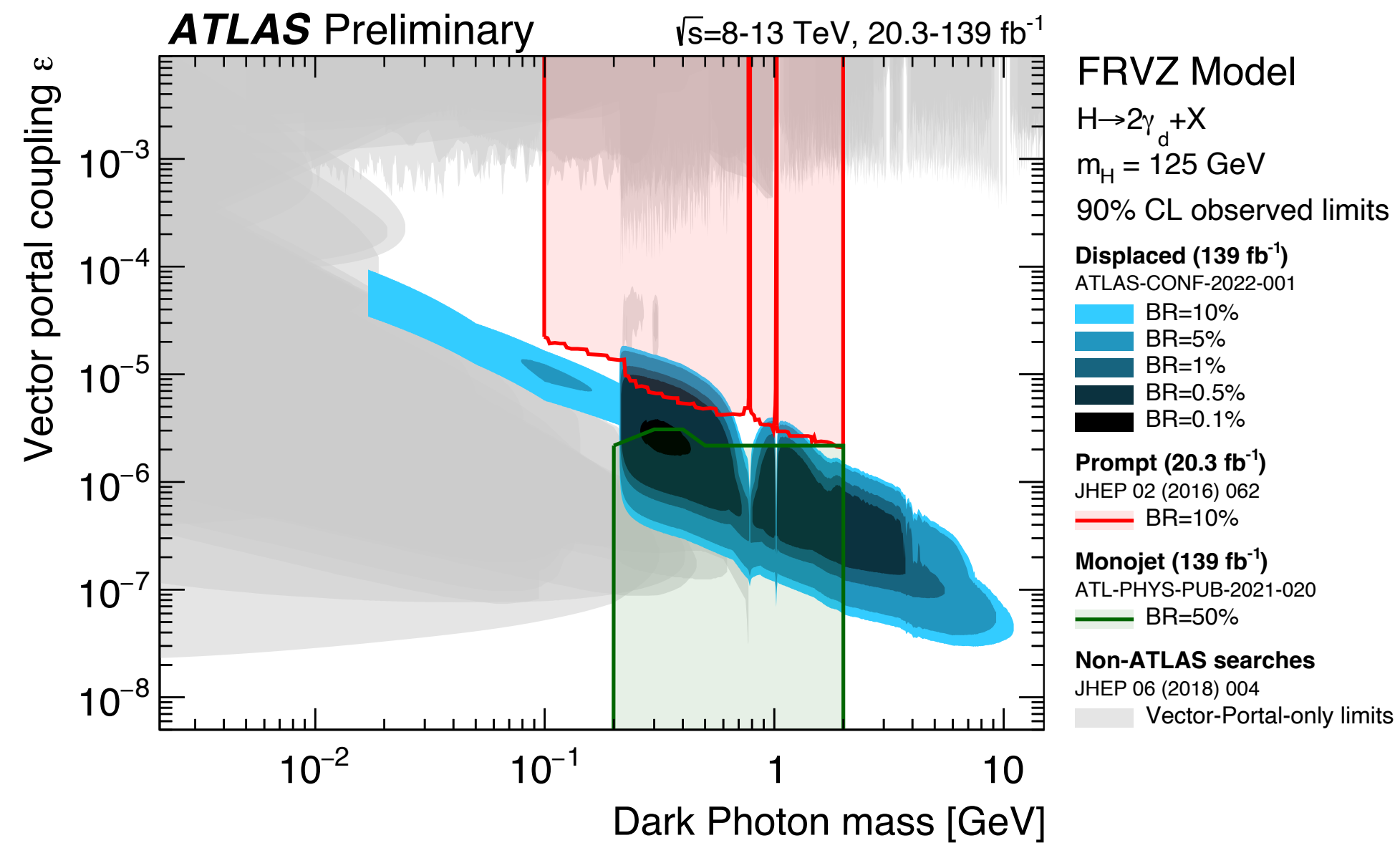
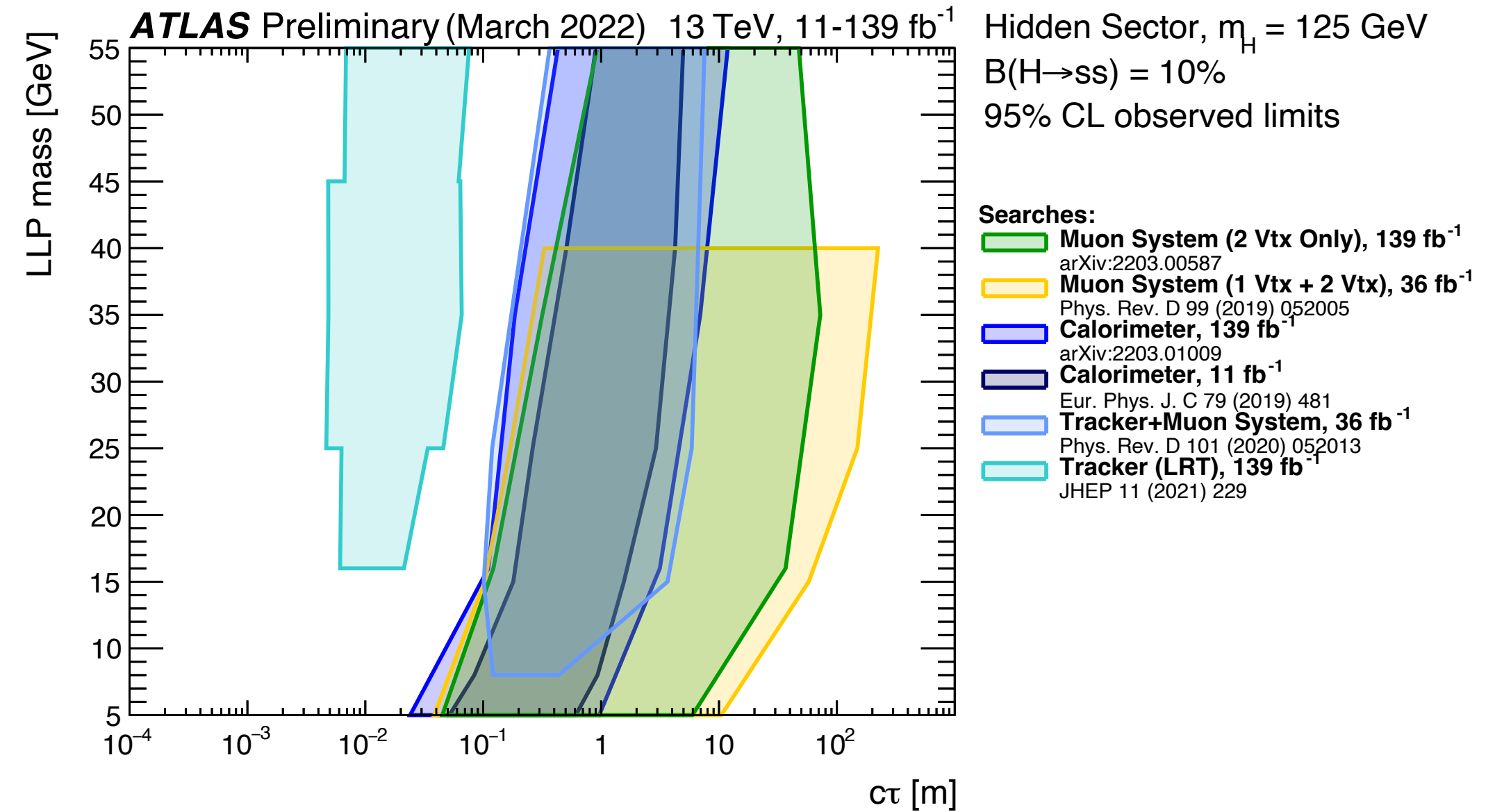
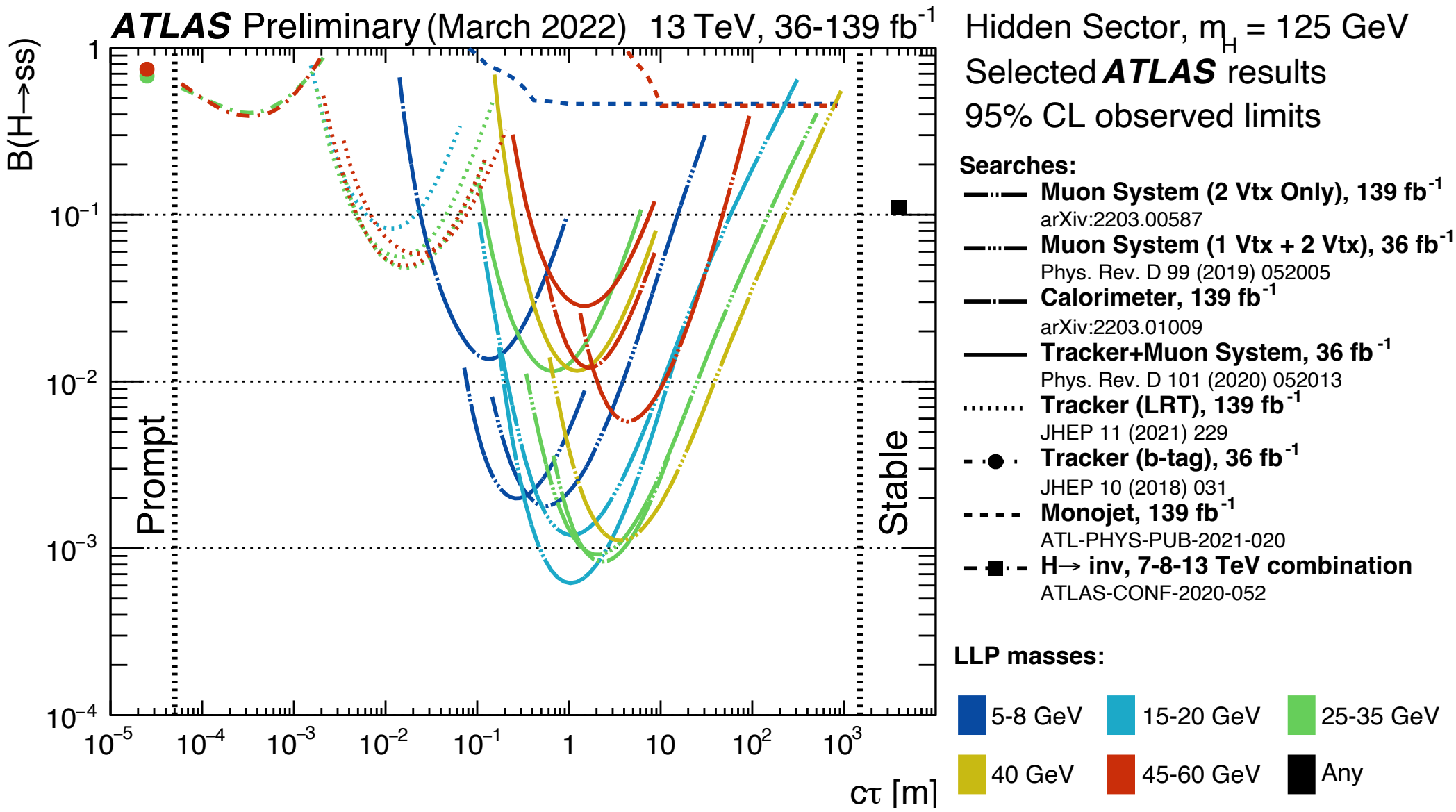




# SUMMARY PLOTS - SUSY



# SUMMARY PLOTS - HIDDEN SECTOR & DARK PHOTONS

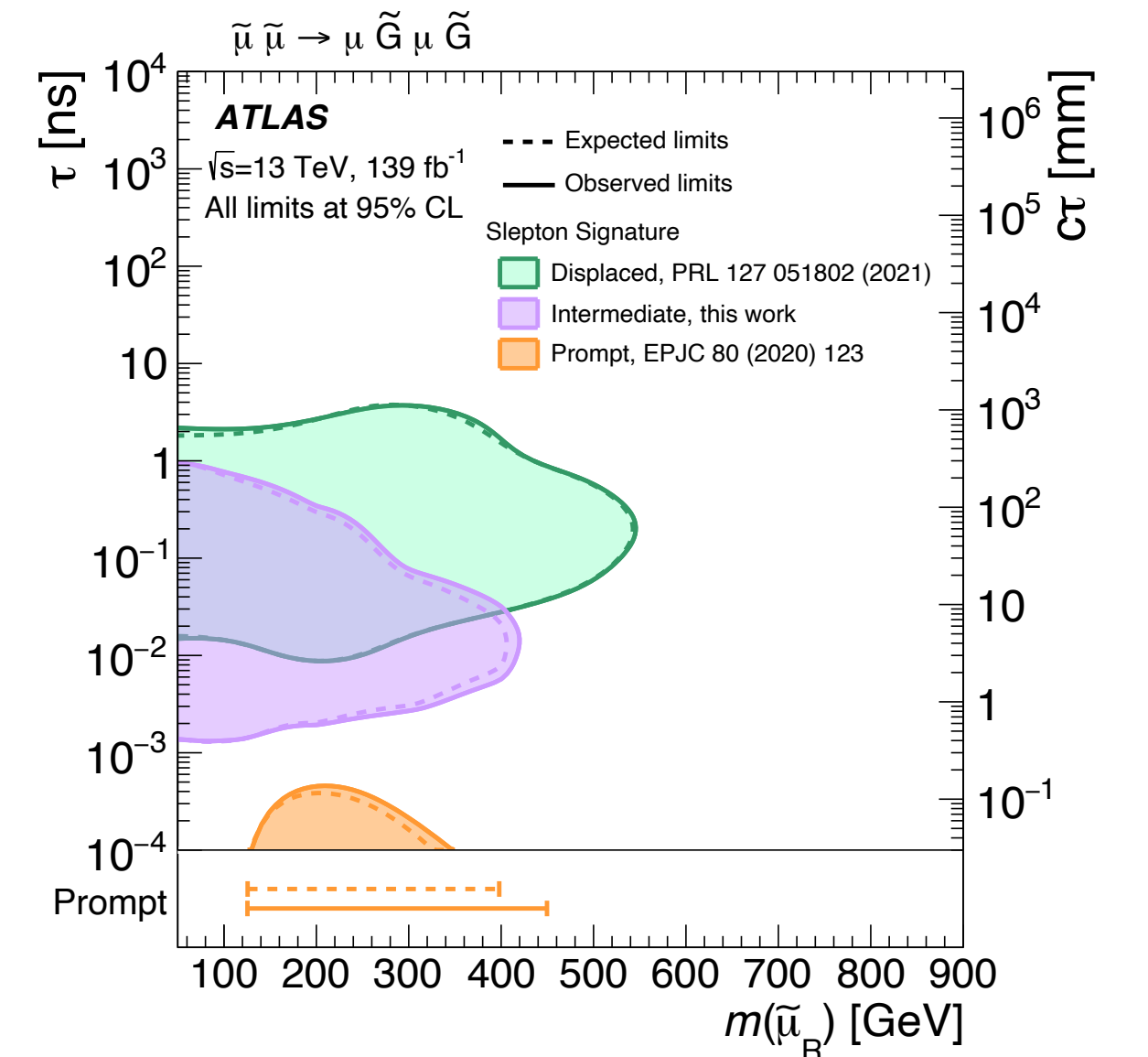
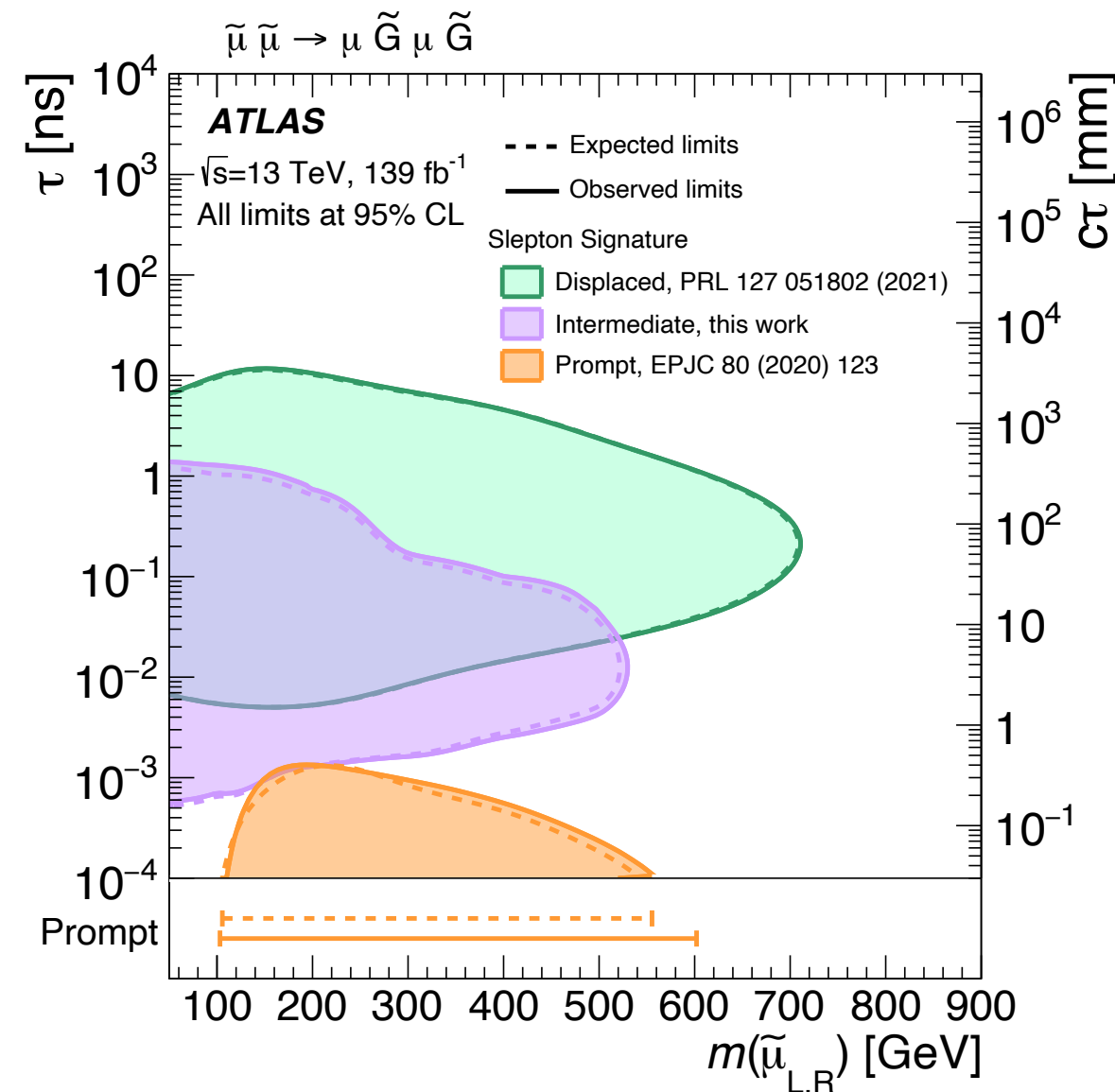
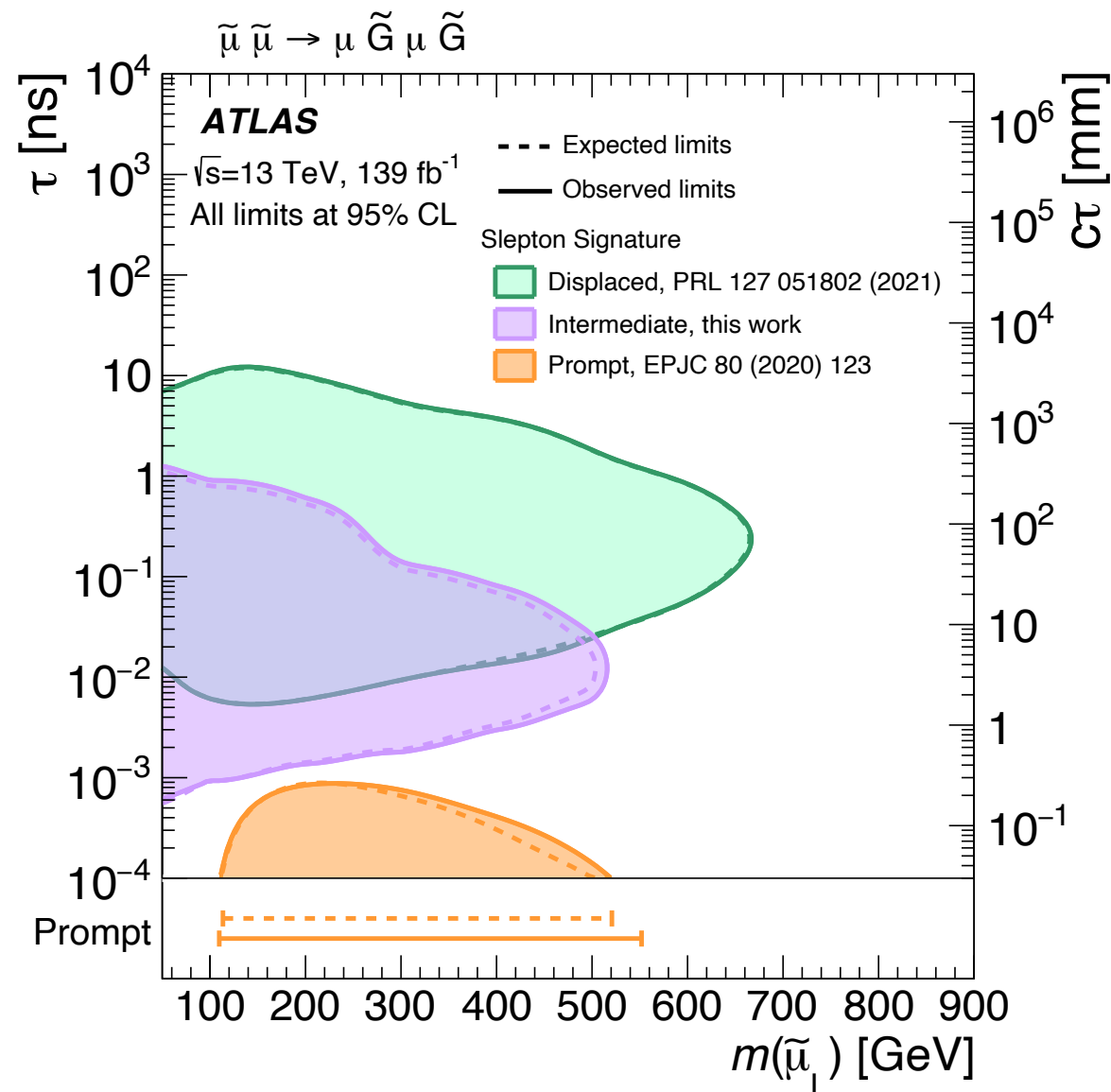
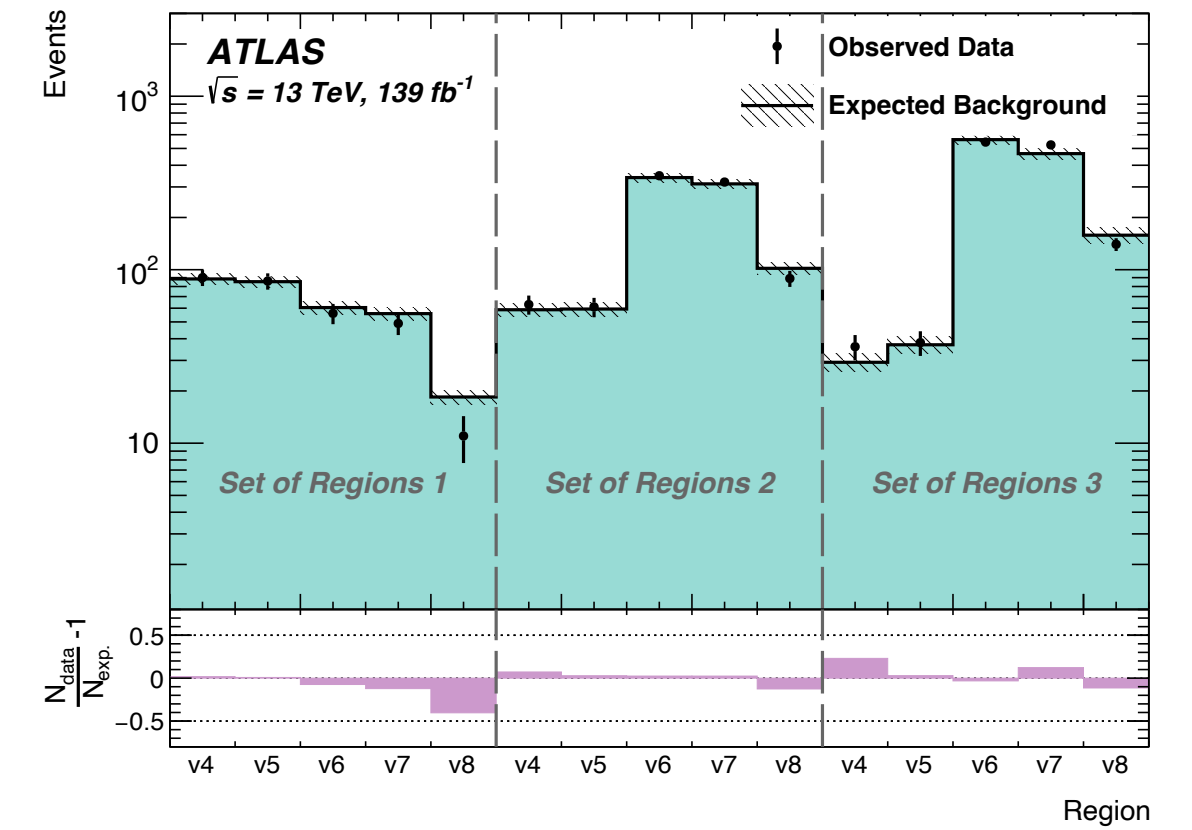


bonus plots

# MICRO-DISPLACED MUONS

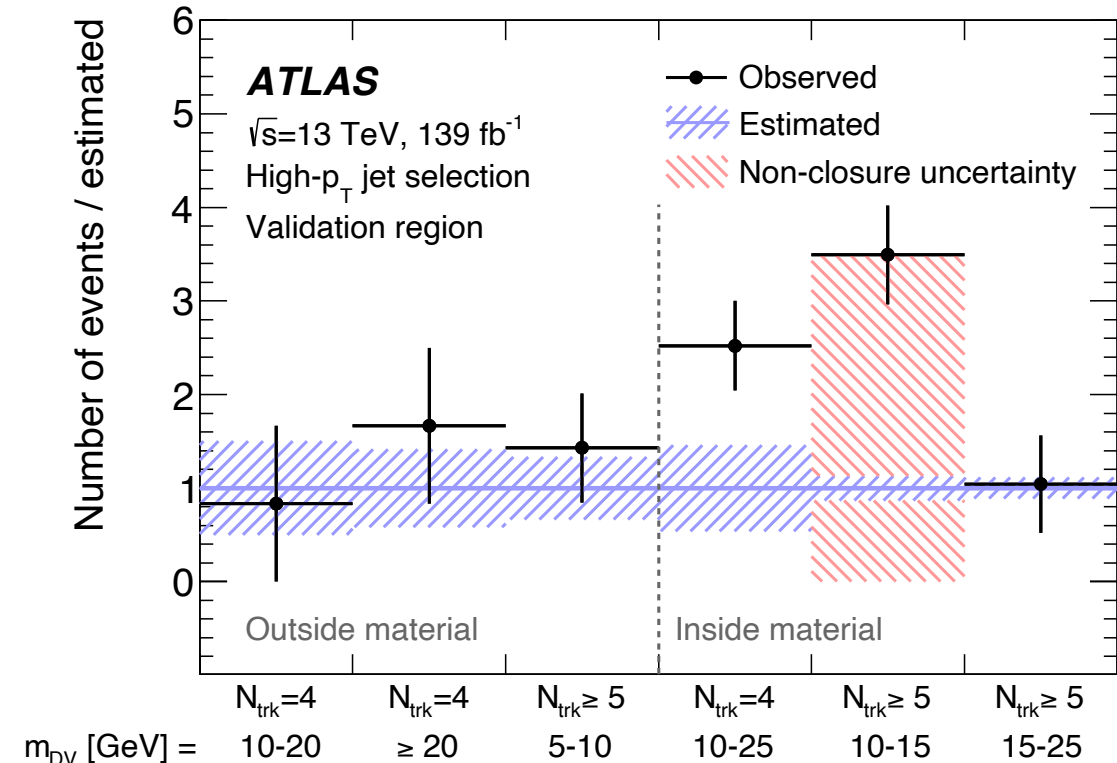
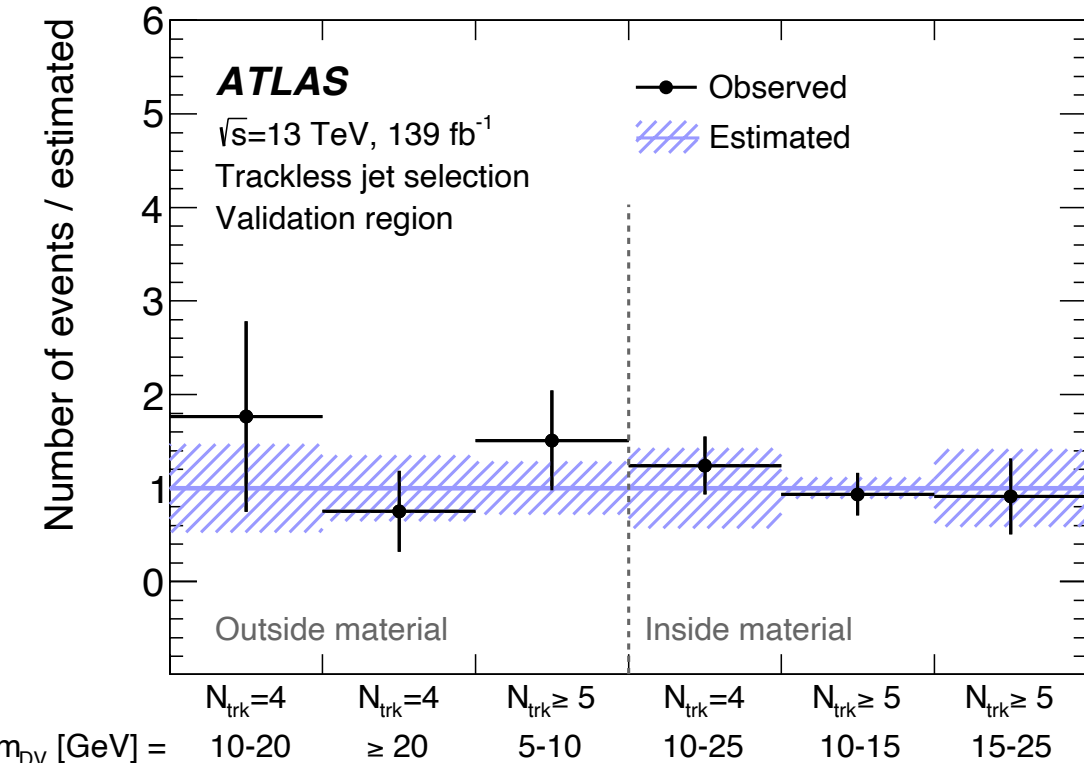
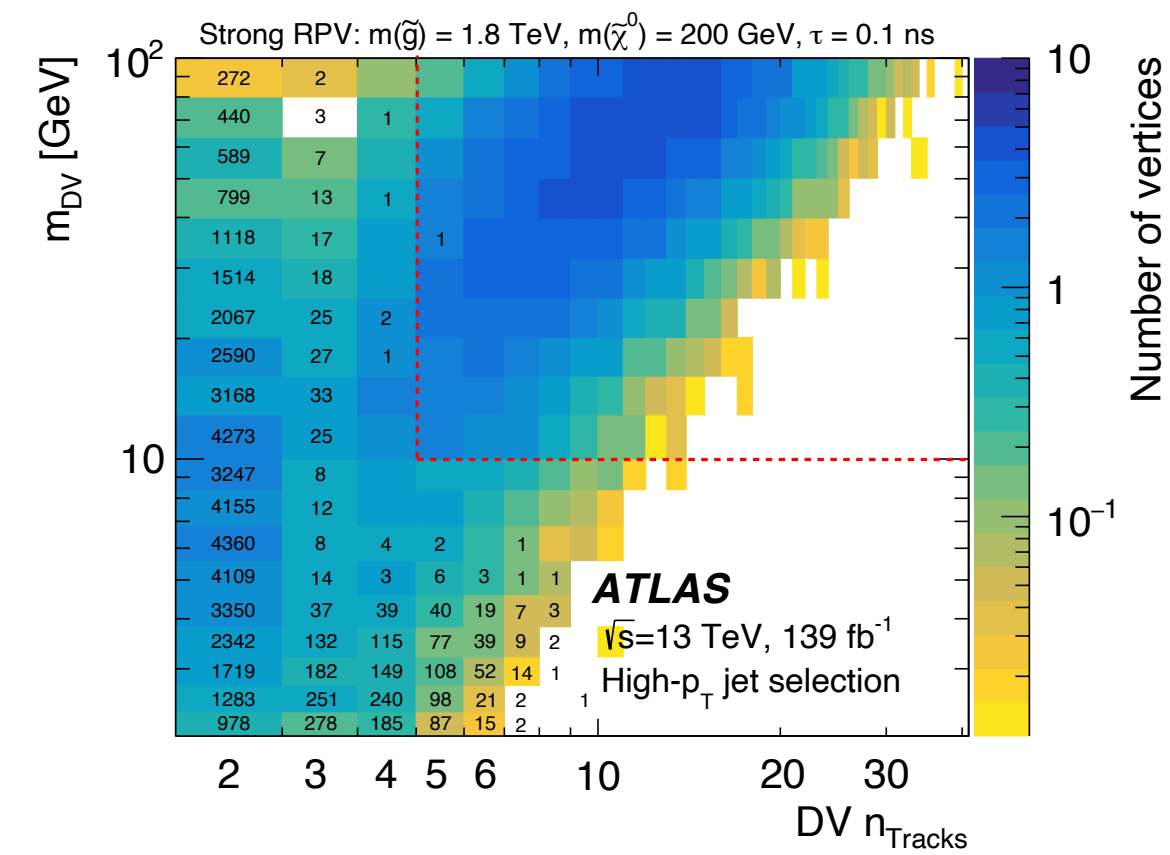
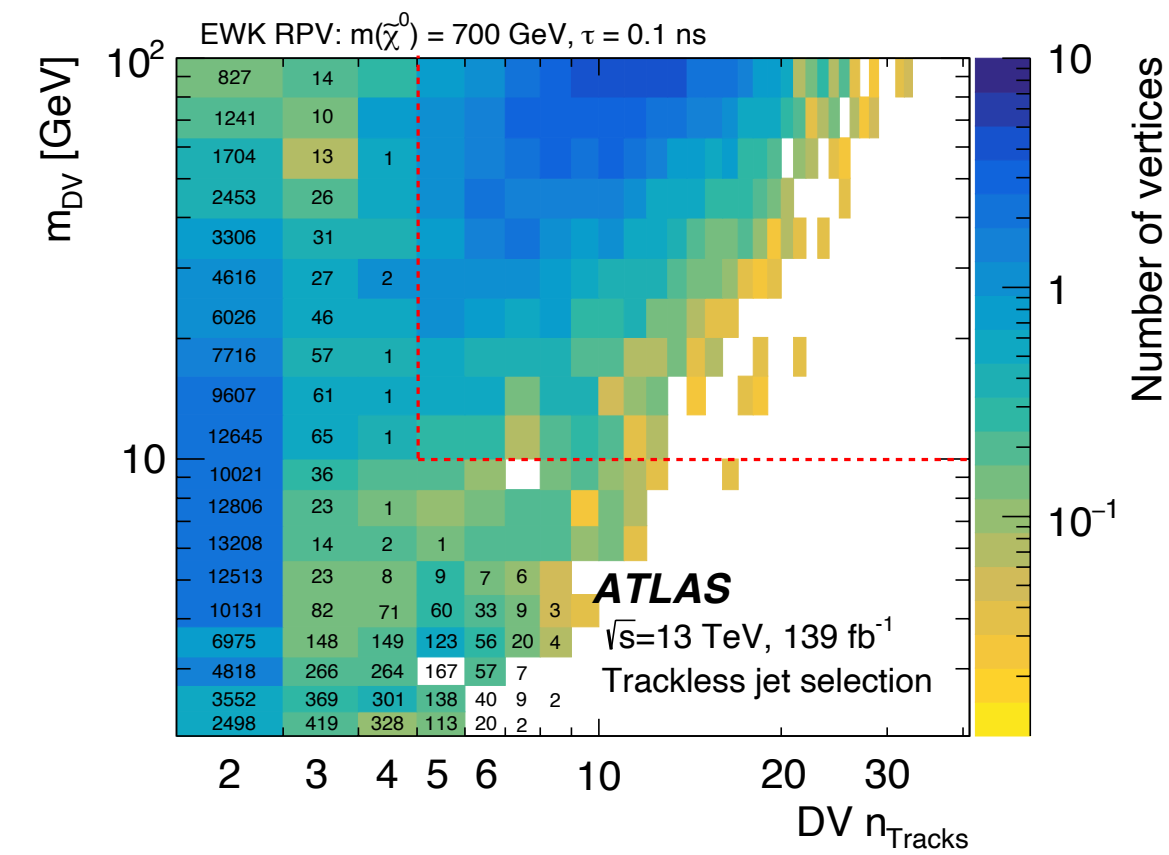
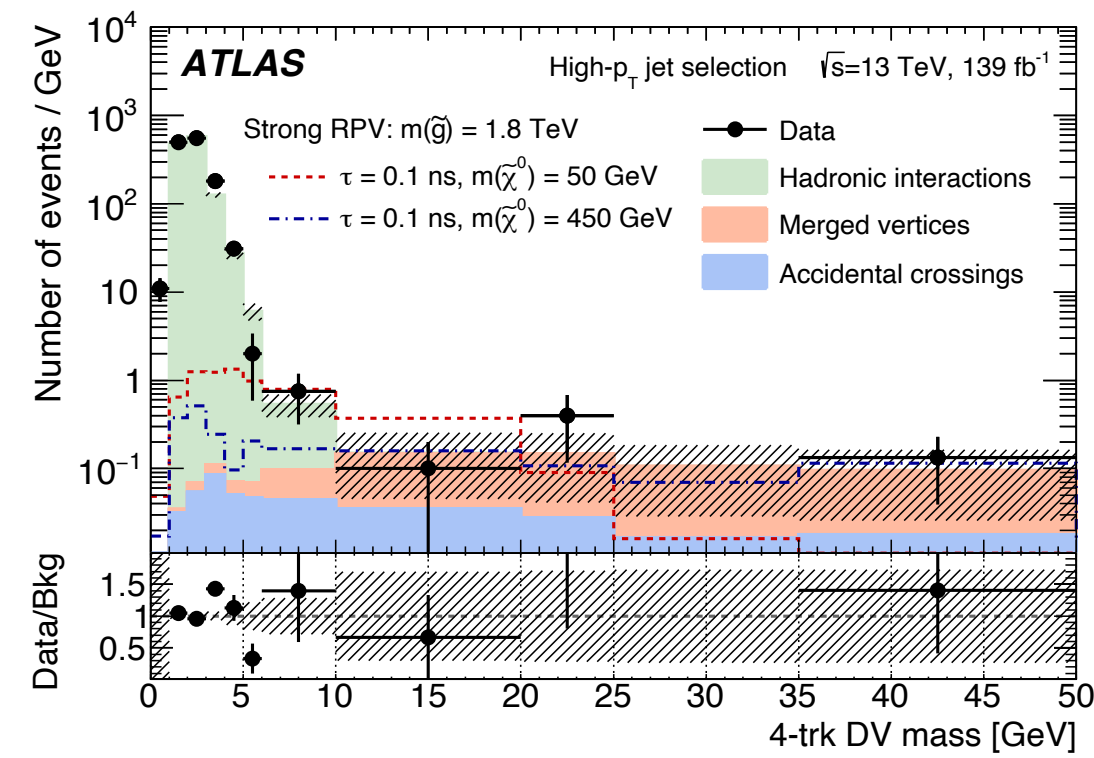
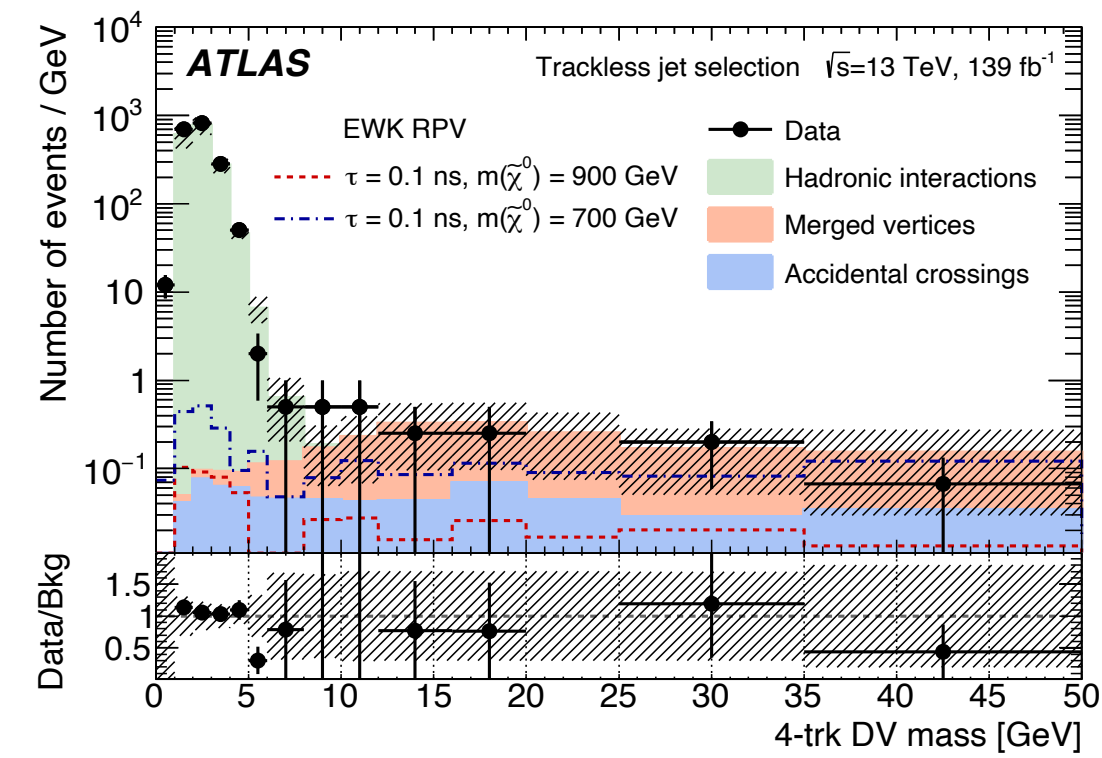
Set of Regions	Lower displacement region	Higher displacement region	Threshold $m_{\mu^+\mu^-}$	Additional cut
1	$0.1 \leq  d_0  < 0.3$	$0.6 \leq  d_0  < 3$ mm	200 GeV	-
2	$0.1 \leq  d_0  < 0.3$	$0.6 \leq  d_0  < 3$ mm	140 GeV	-
3	$0.1 \leq  d_0  < 0.3$	$0.6 \leq  d_0  < 1.3$ mm	125 GeV	$\Delta R_{\mu^+\mu^-} > 3$ rad.

Set of Regions	Expected $N_H^{\text{bkg}}$	Observed $N_H^{\text{data}}$	$\langle A\epsilon\sigma \rangle_{\text{obs}}^{95} [\text{fb}]$	$S_{\text{obs}}^{95}$	$S_{\text{exp}}^{95}$	$CL_B$	$p(s=0)$ (Z)
1	$2.1 \pm 0.8$	1	0.02	3.3	$4.2^{+2.5}_{-1.4}$	0.27	0.50 (0.00)
2	$12.5 \pm 5.2$	7	0.04	5.2	$8.5^{+4.0}_{-2.7}$	0.08	0.50 (0.00)
3	$17.2 \pm 7.4$	14	0.06	8.9	$10.5^{+5.0}_{-3.1}$	0.26	0.50 (0.00)

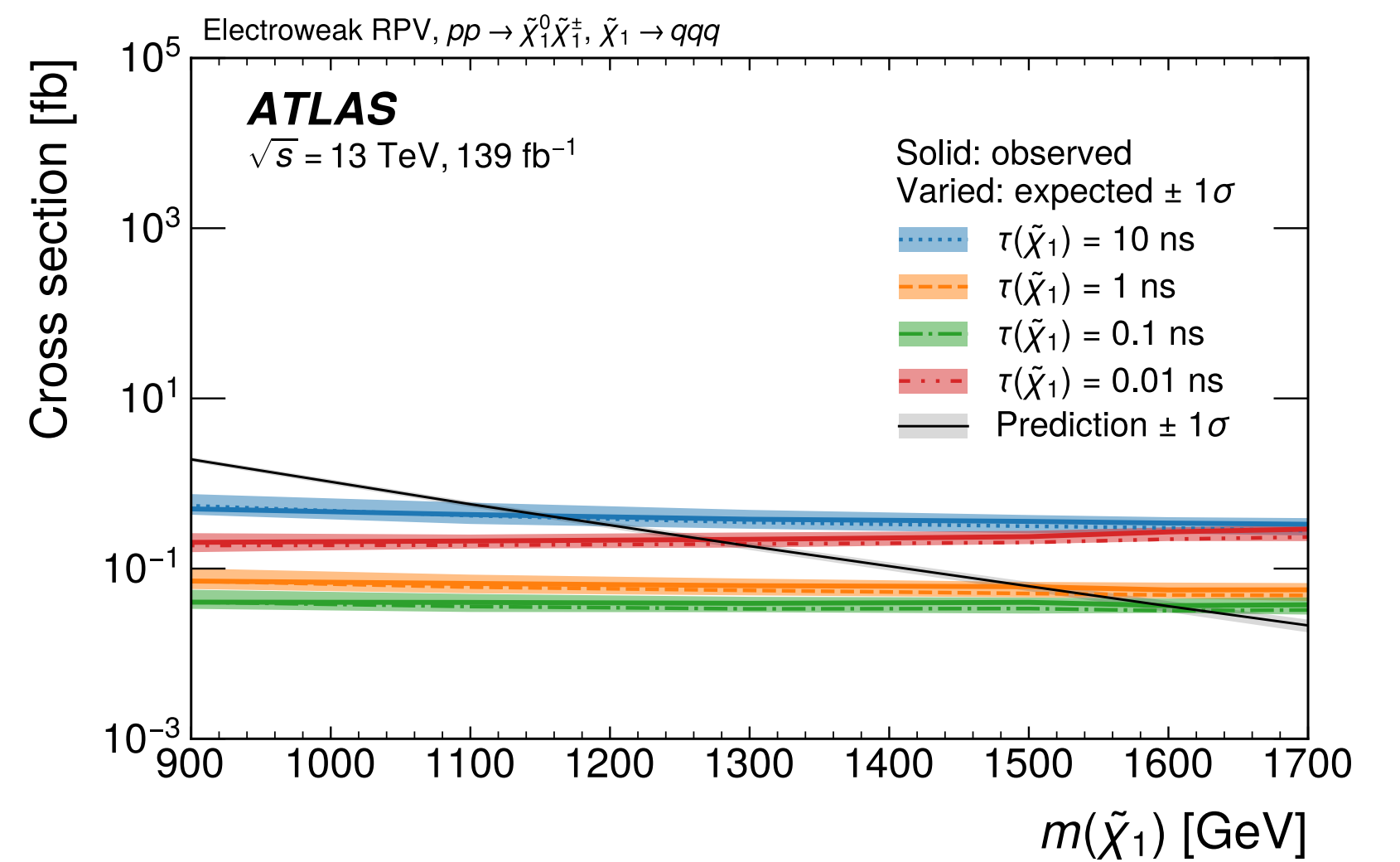
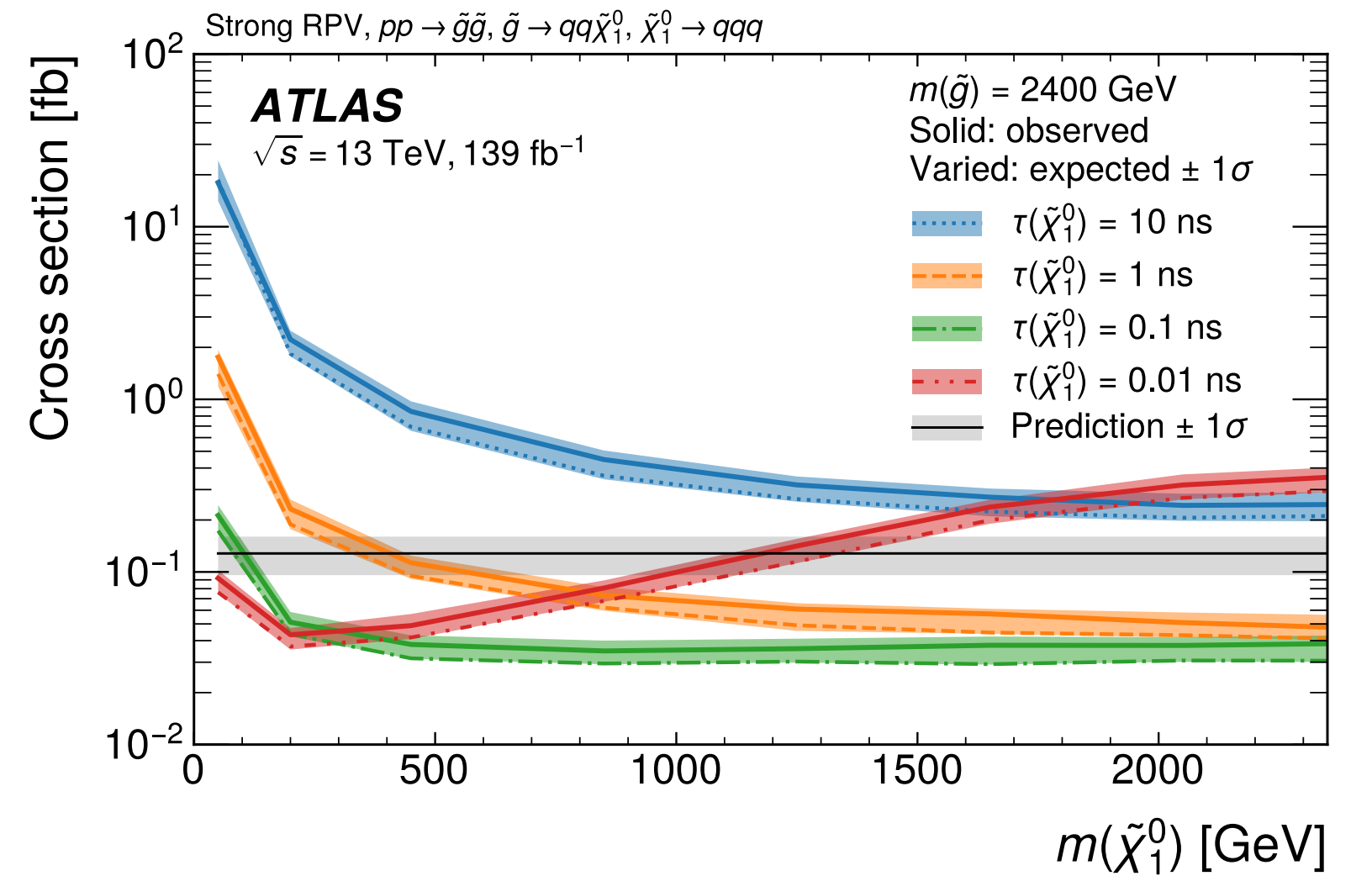




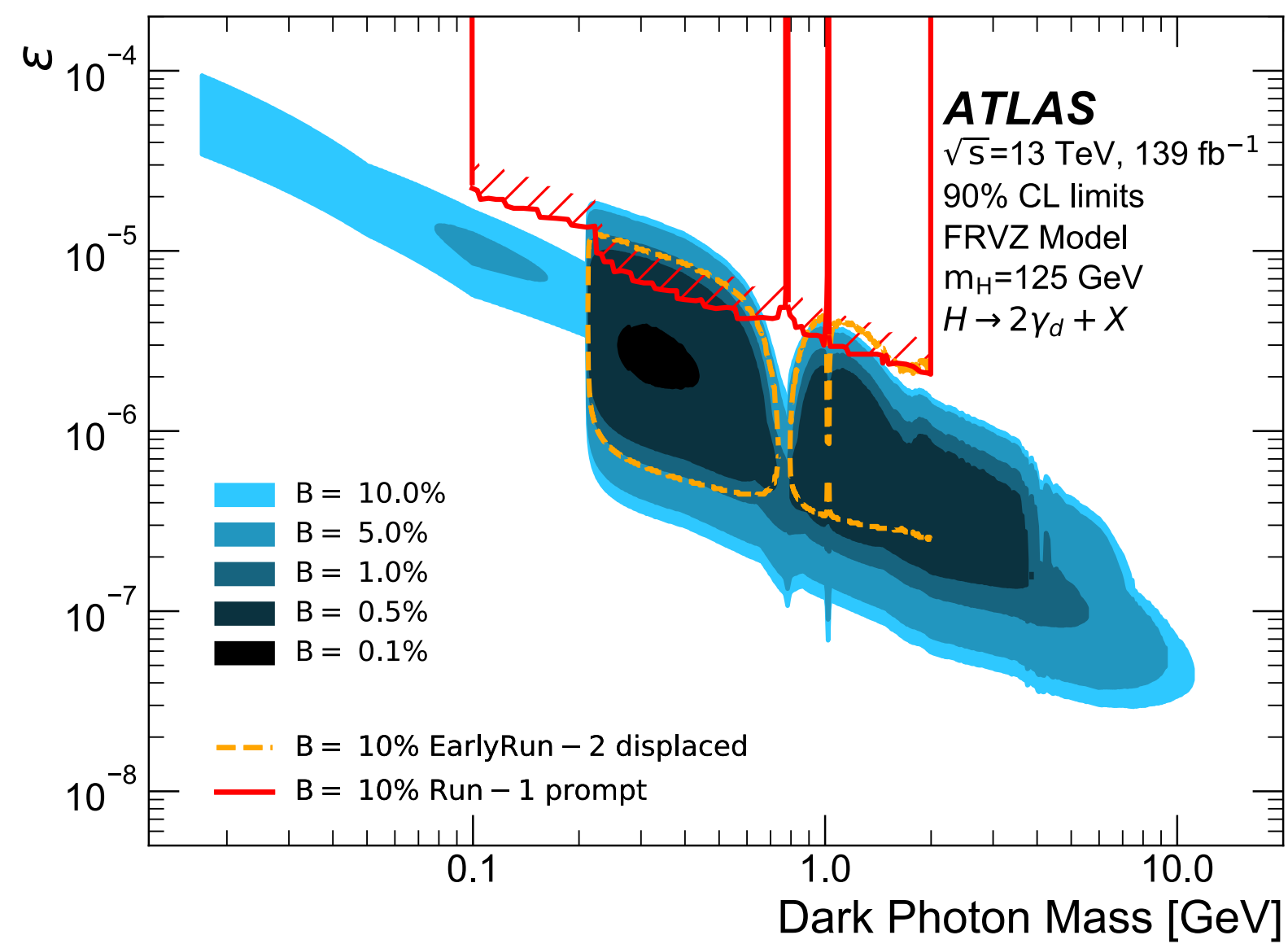
# DISPLACED VERTICES + JETS



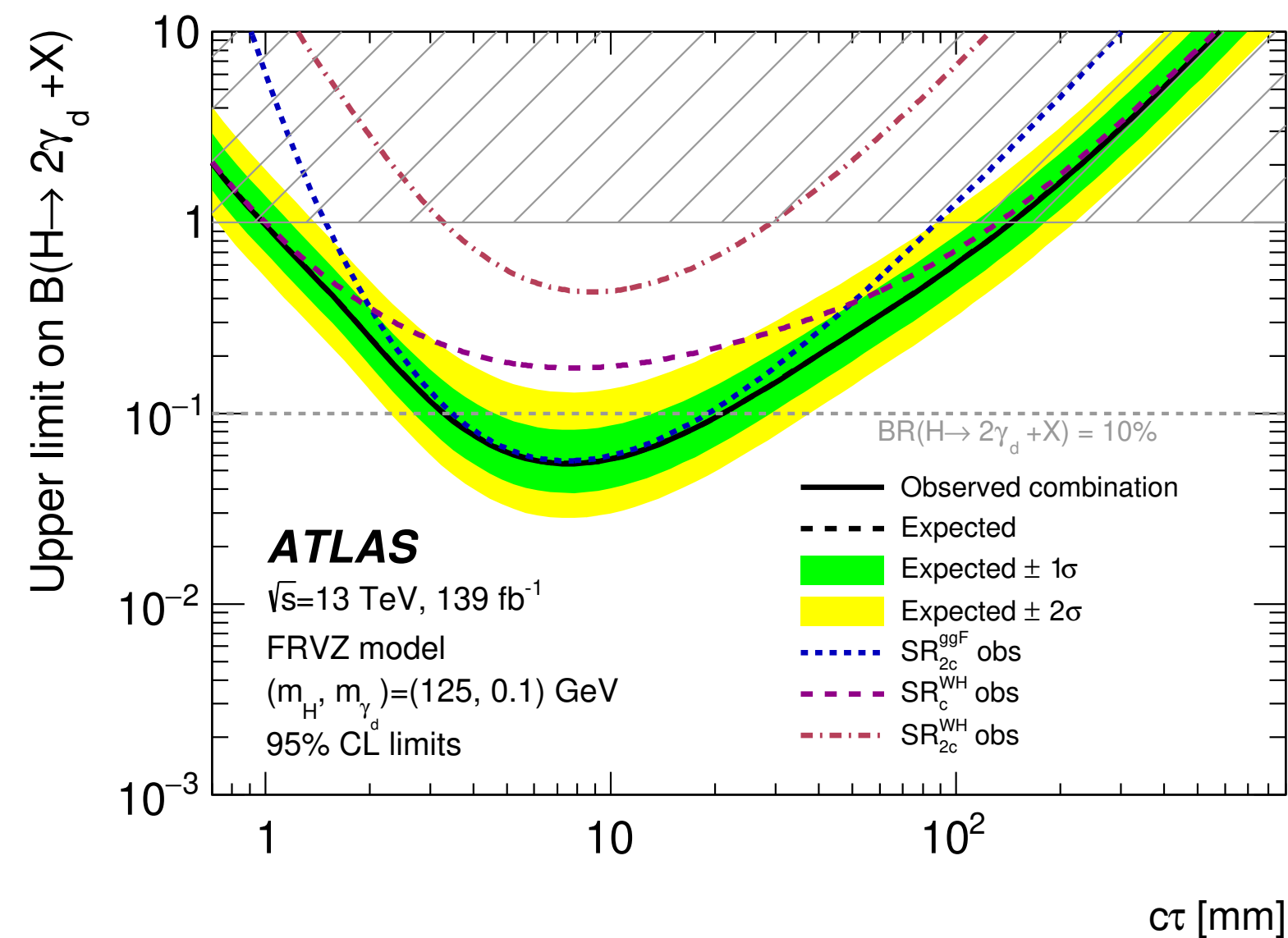
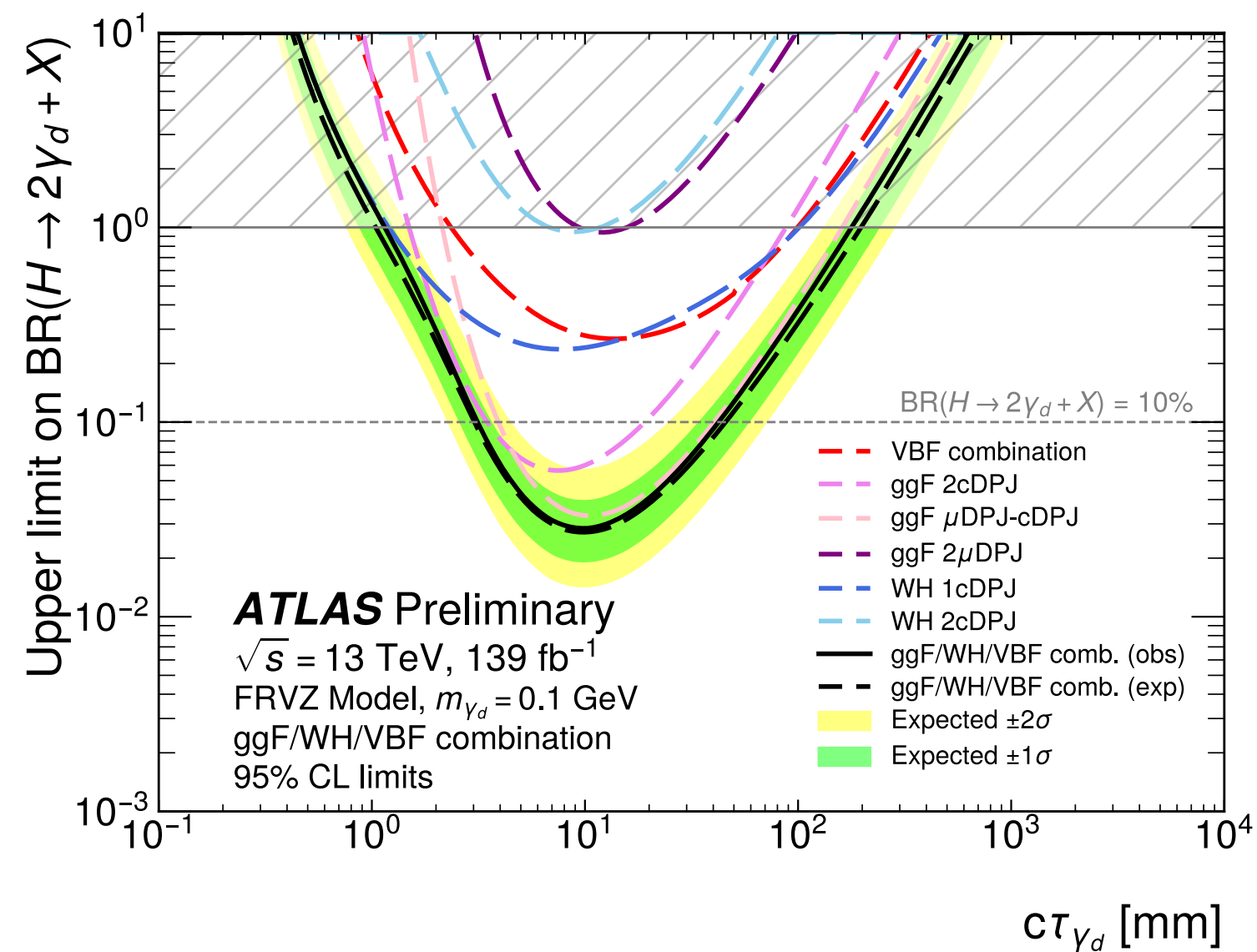
Signal Region	Observed	Expected	$S_{obs}^{95}$	$S_{exp}^{95}$	$\langle \sigma_{vis} \rangle_{obs}^{95}$ [fb]
High- $p_T$ jet SR	1	$0.46^{+0.27}_{-0.30}$	3.8	$3.1^{+1.0}_{-0.1}$	0.027
Trackless jet SR	0	$0.83^{+0.51}_{-0.53}$	3.0	$3.4^{+1.3}_{-0.3}$	0.022



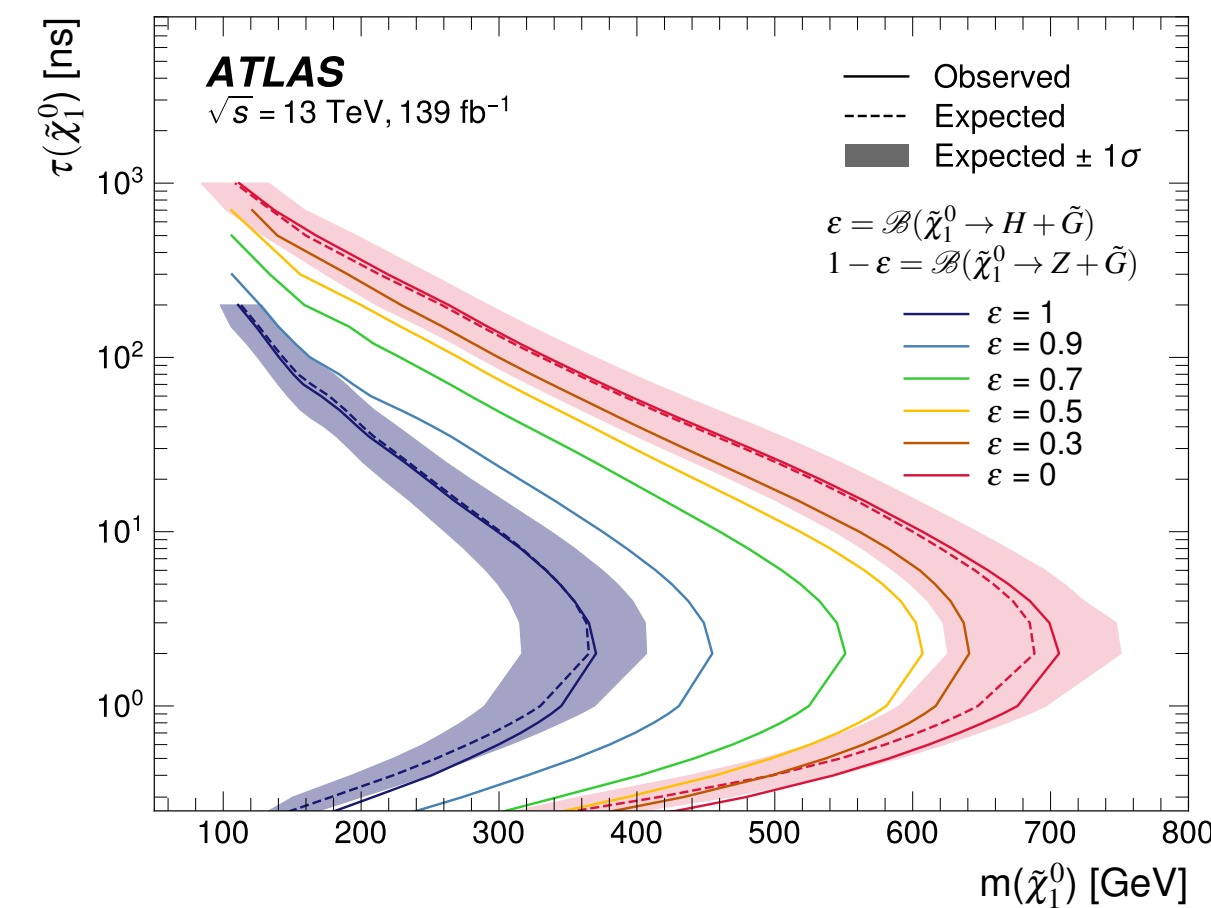
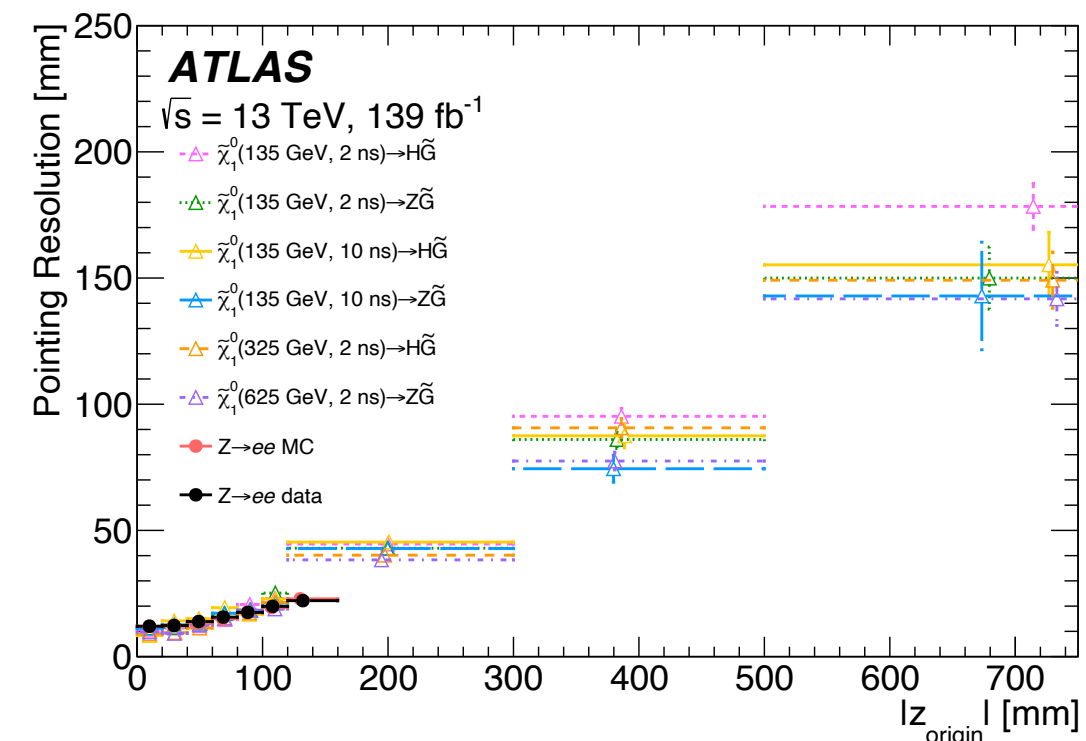
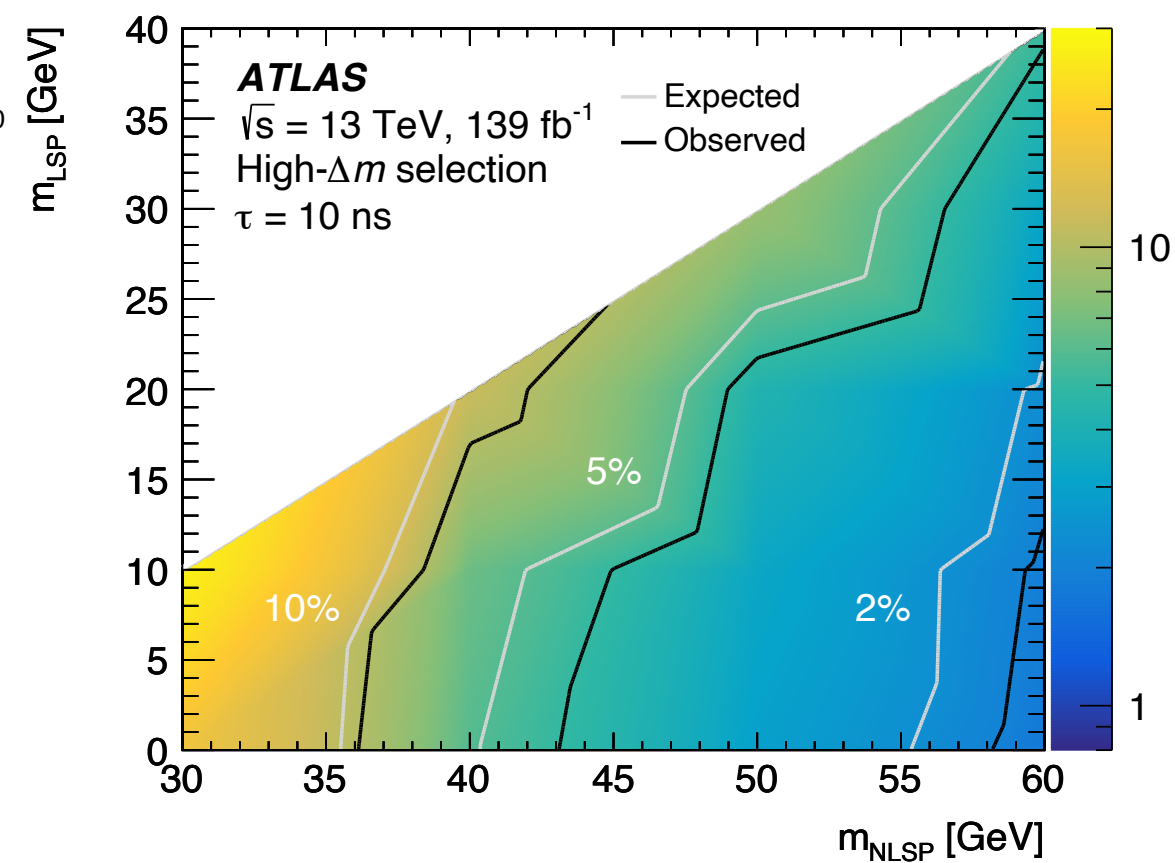
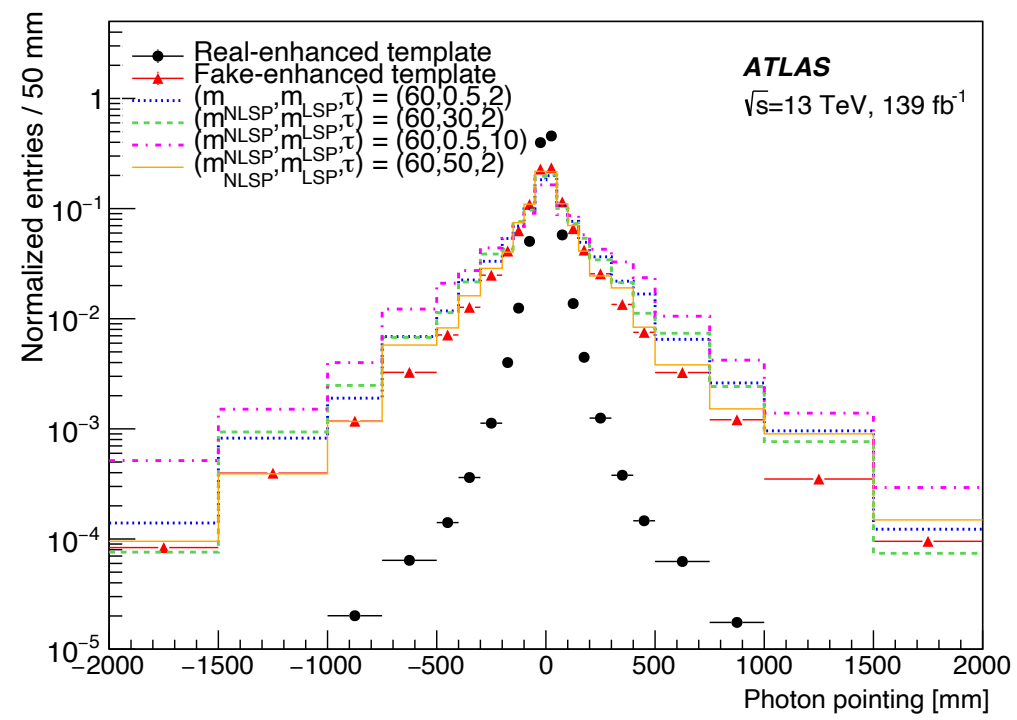
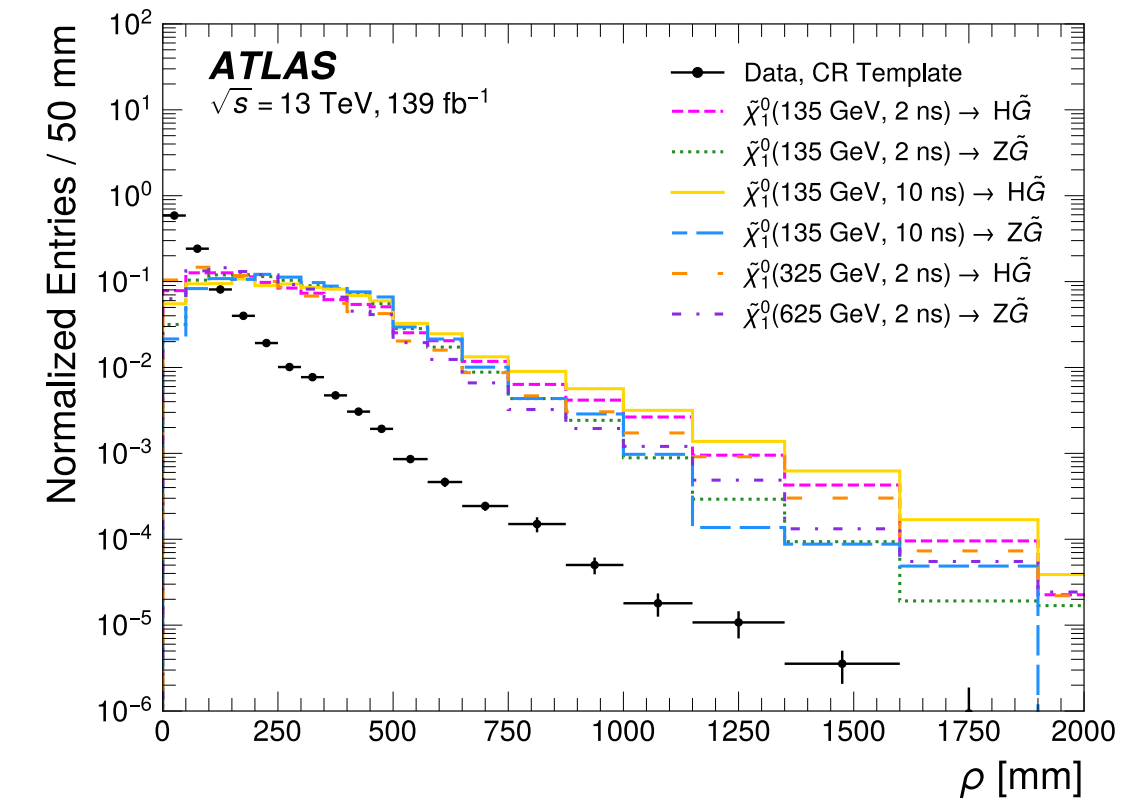
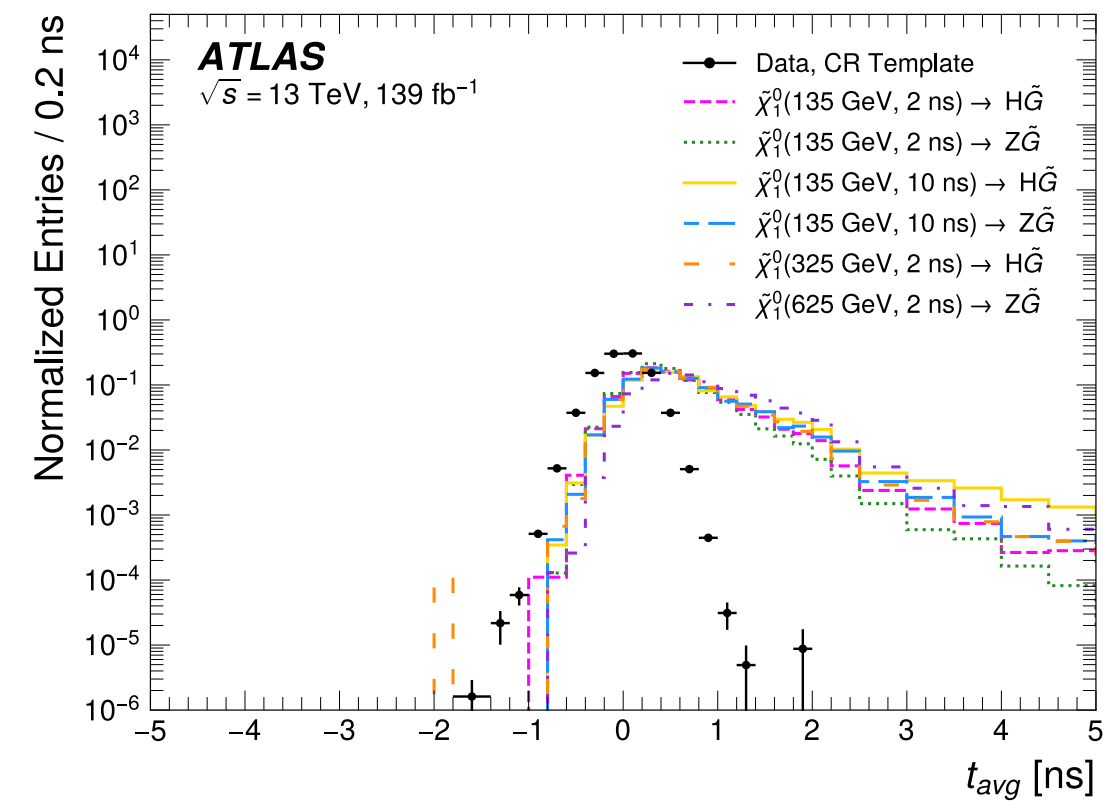
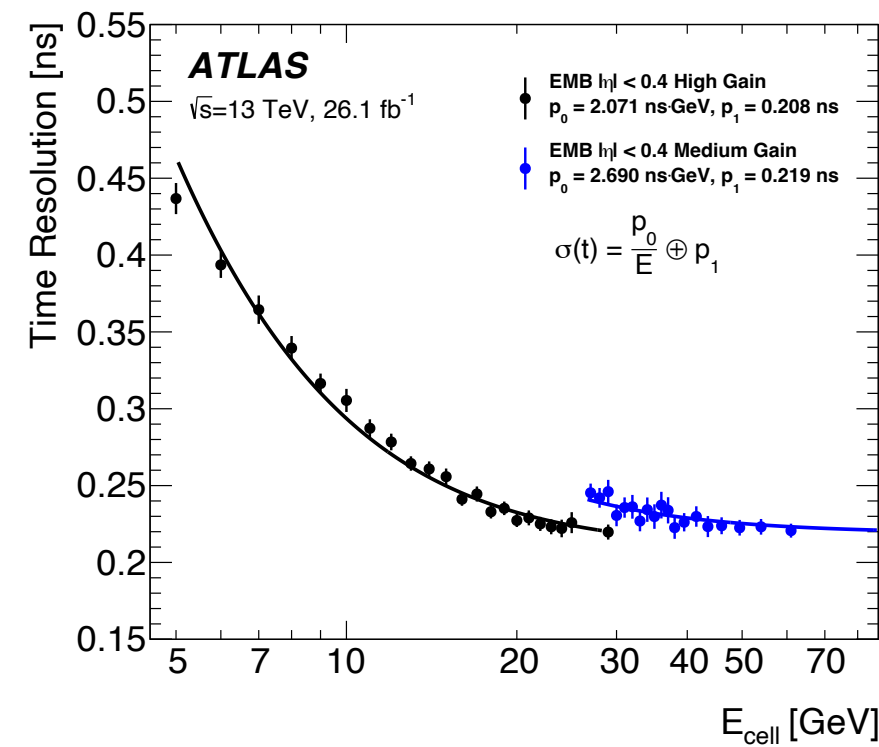
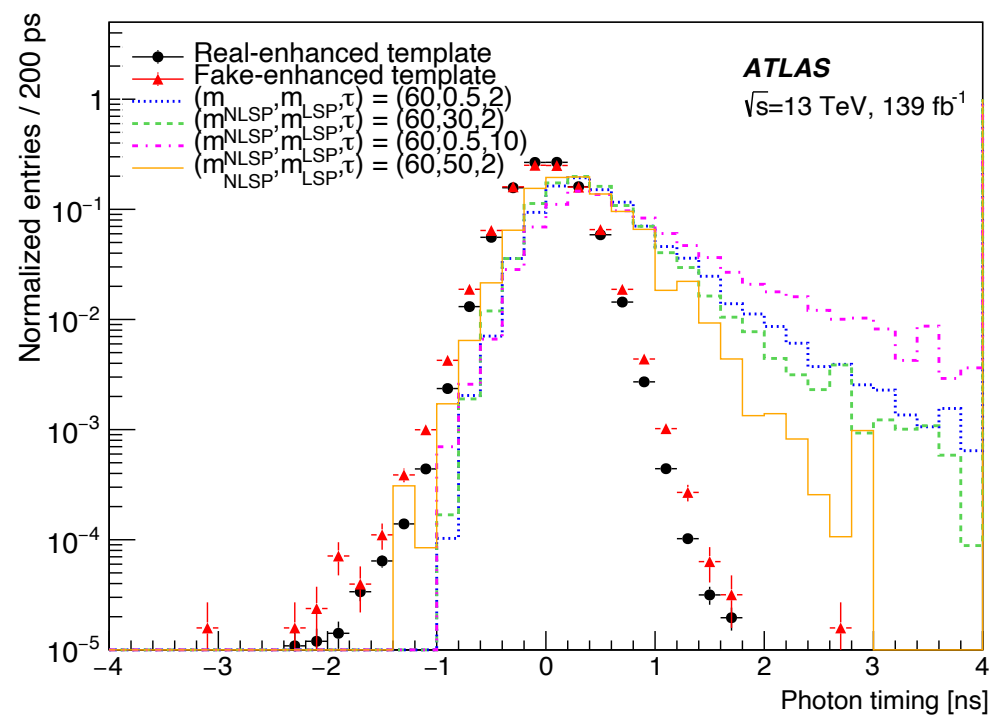
# DISPLACED LEPTON JETS



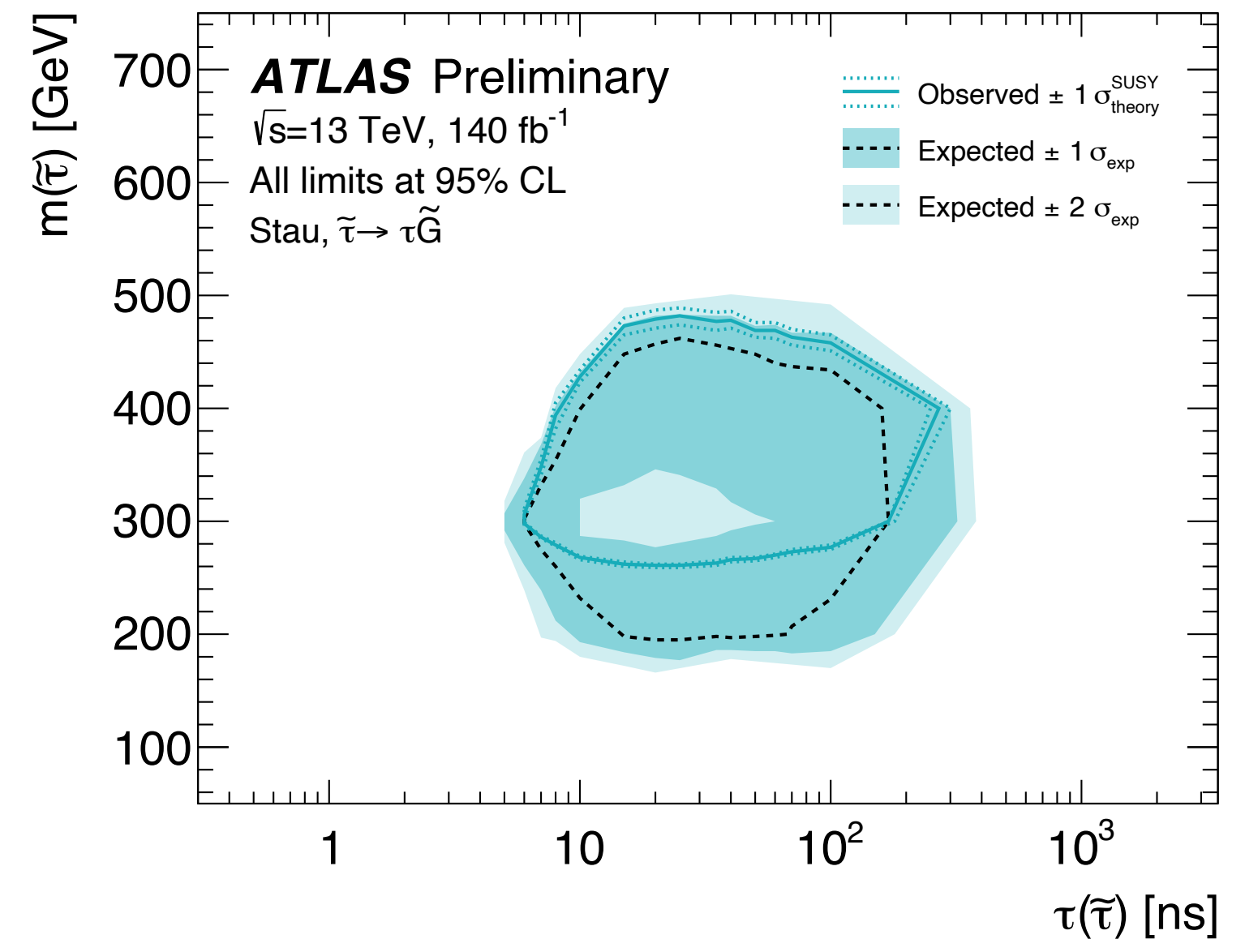
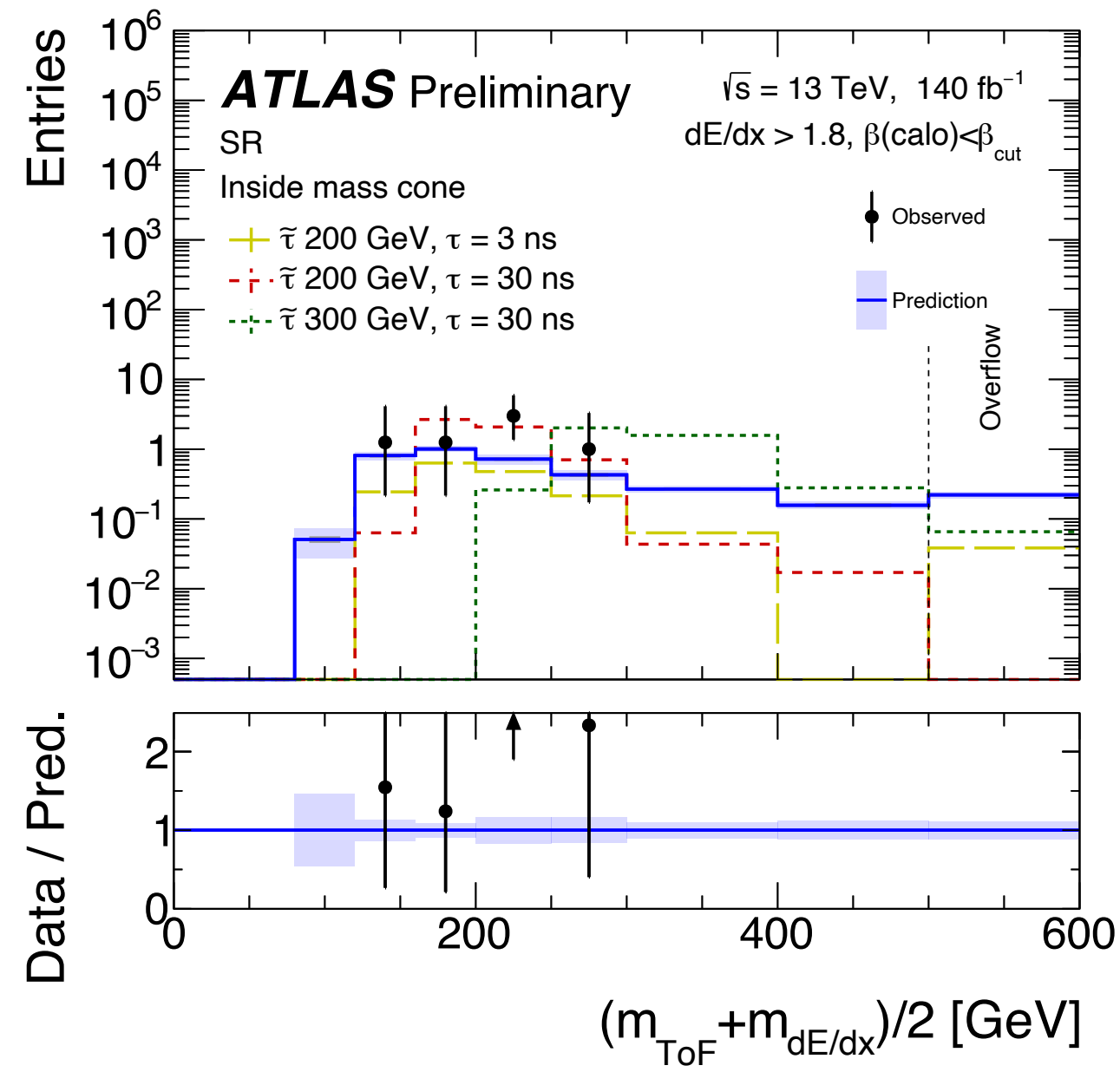
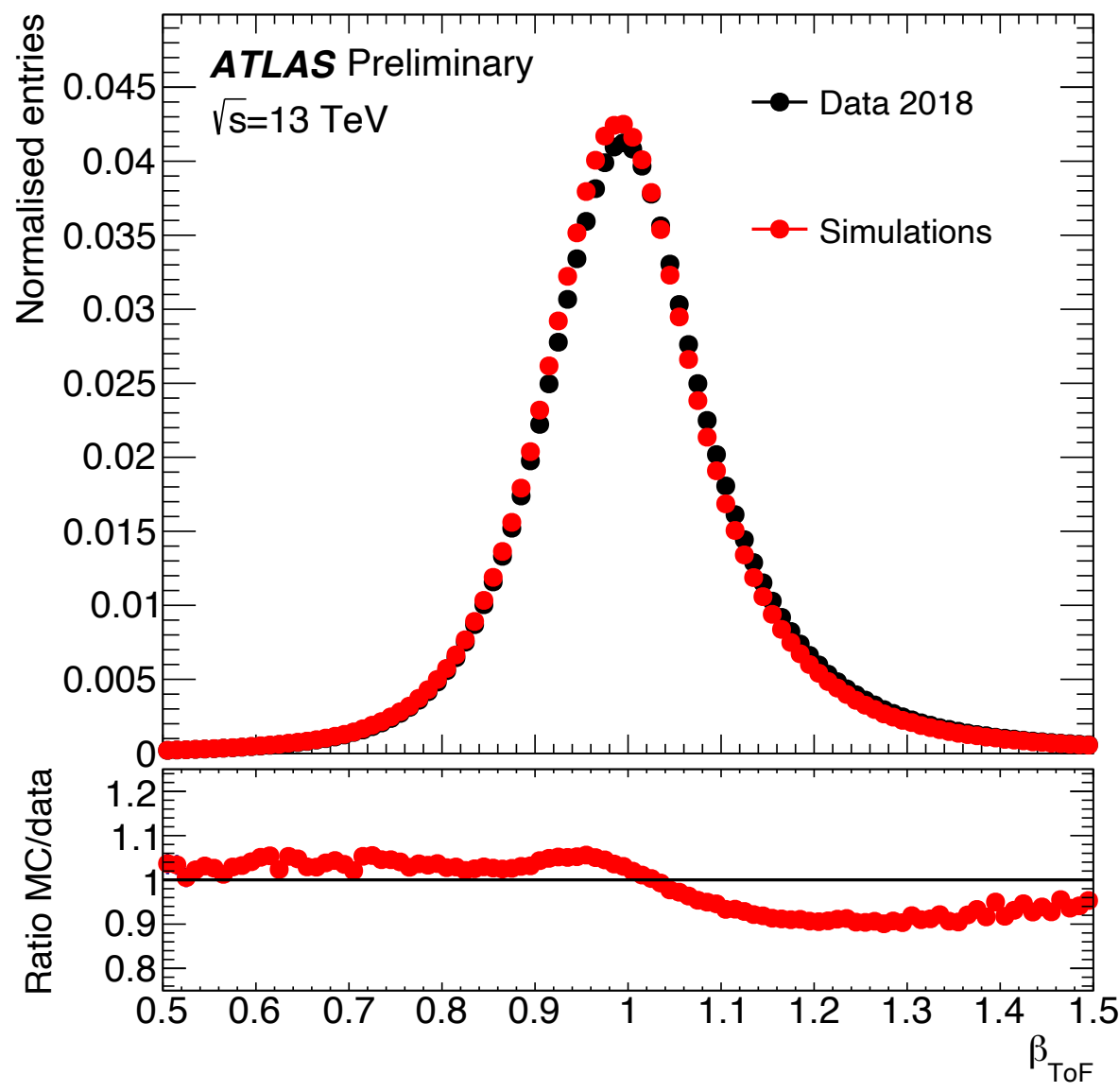
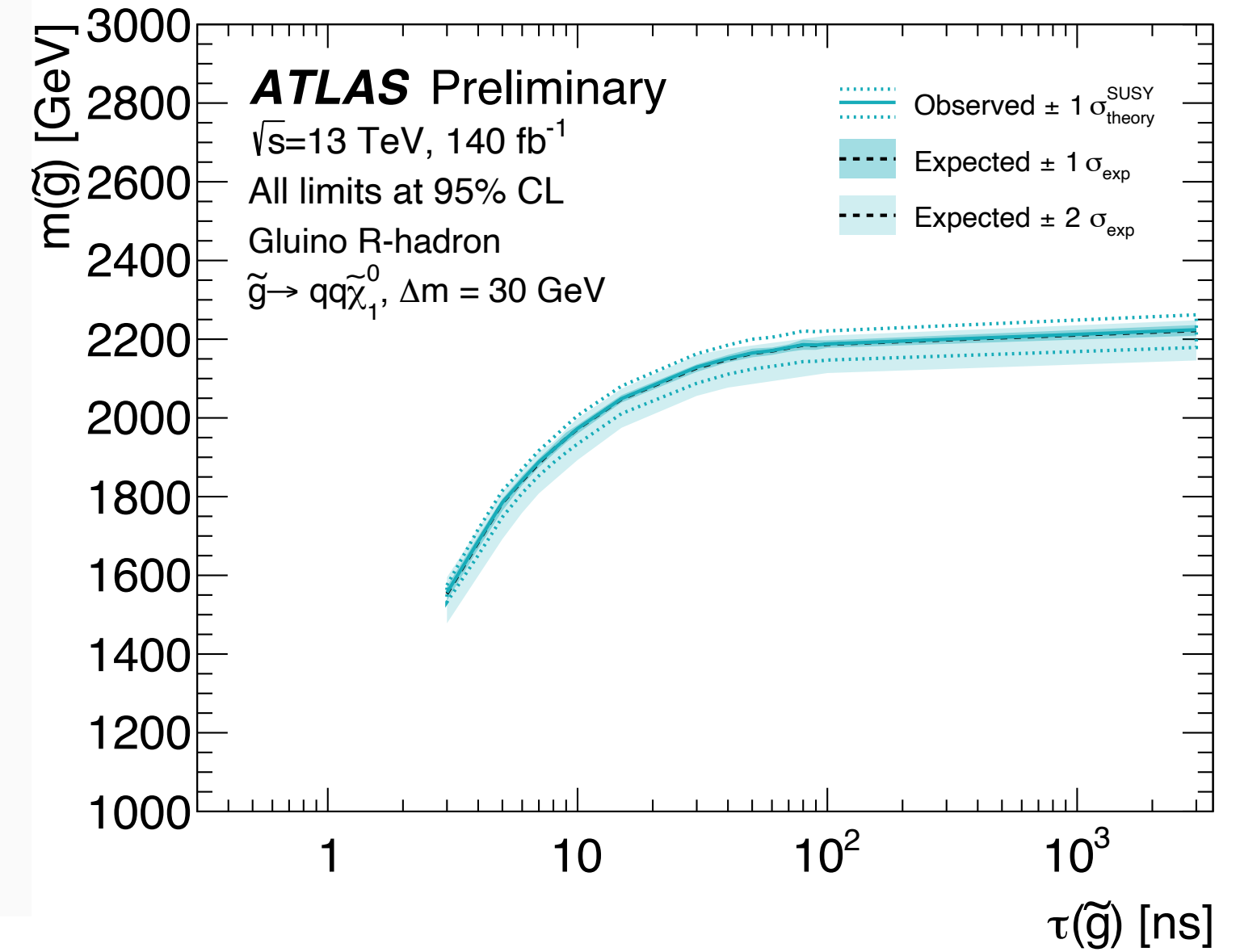
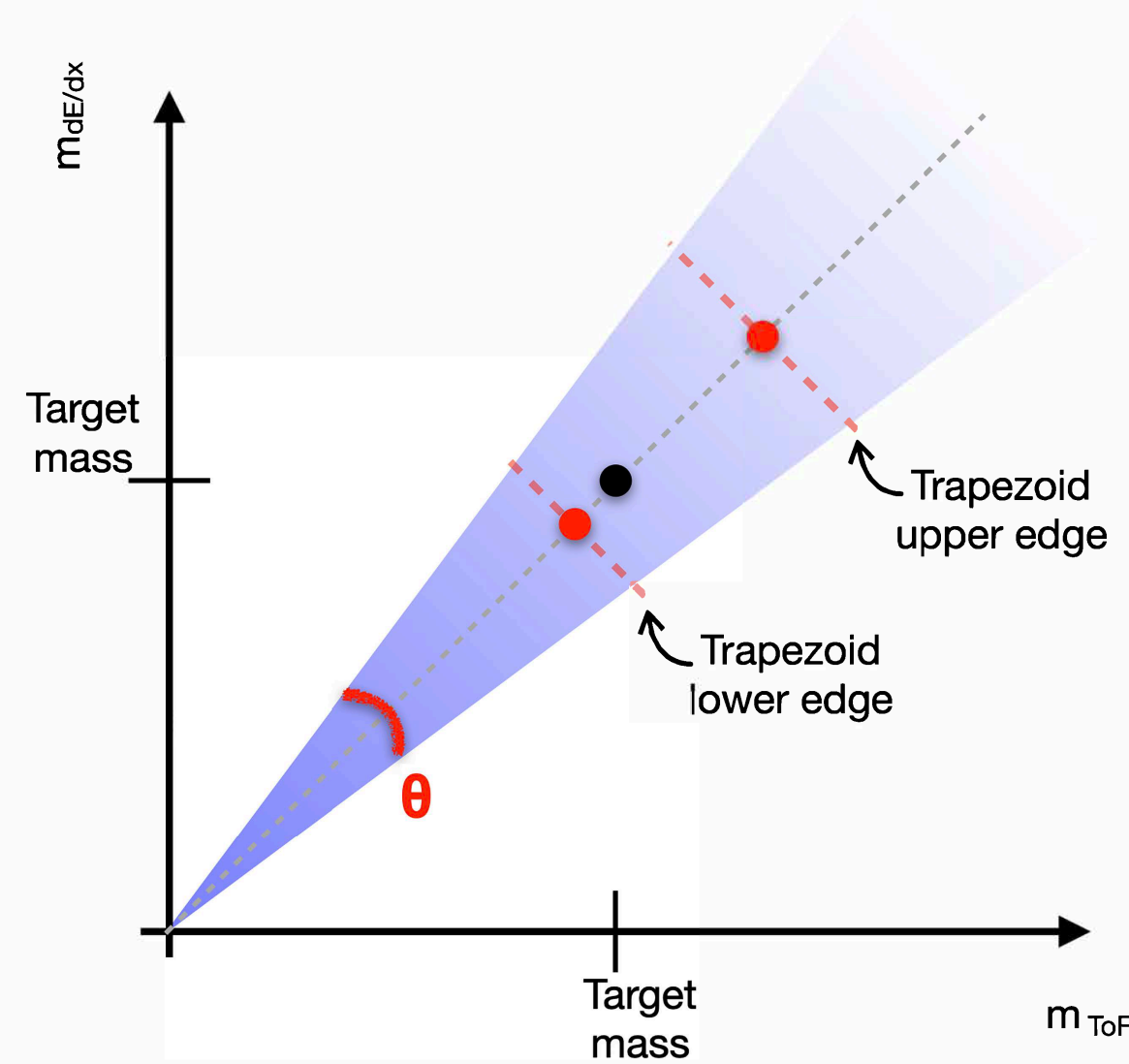
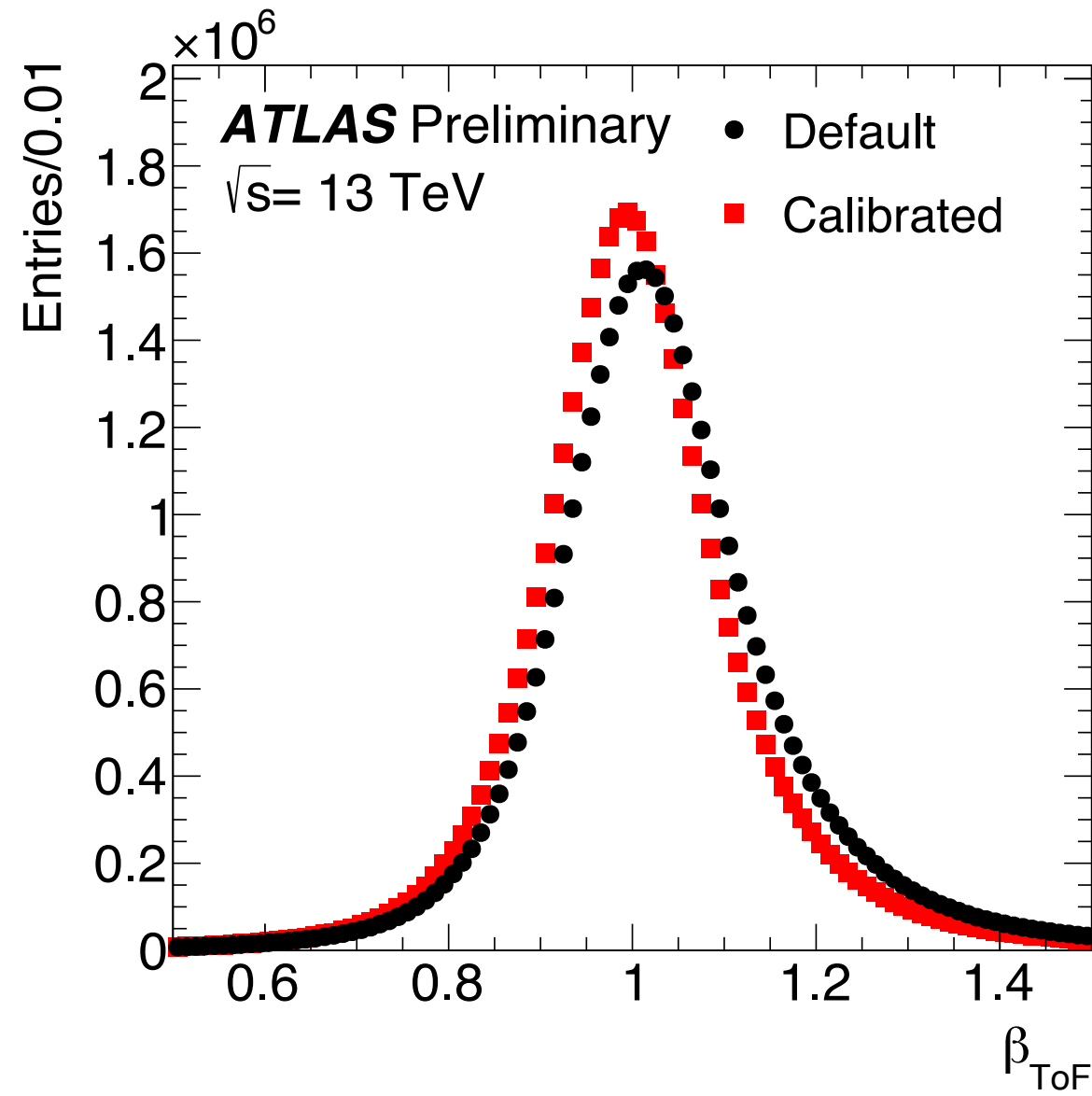
Requirement / Region	muonic $\text{SR}_\mu$	calo $\text{SR}_c^{L/H}$
Number of DPJs	$\geq 1$	
Leading DPJ type	$\mu\text{DPJ}$	caloDPJ
Trigger	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ Tri-muon MS-only Muon narrow-scan	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$
$p_T(\text{jet})$ [GeV]	$> 30$	
$N_{\text{jet}}$	$\geq 2$	
$m_{jj}$ [GeV]	$\geq 1000$	
$ \Delta\eta_{jj} $	$> 3$	
$ \Delta\phi_{jj} $	$< 2.5$	
$N_\ell$	0	
$N_{b\text{-jet}}$	0	
$C_{\text{DPJ}}$	$> 0.7$	-
$\Delta\phi_{\text{min}}$	-	$> 0.4$
$E_T^{\text{miss}}$ [GeV]	$> 100$	$\text{SR}_c^L: [100, 225]$ $\text{SR}_c^H: > 225$



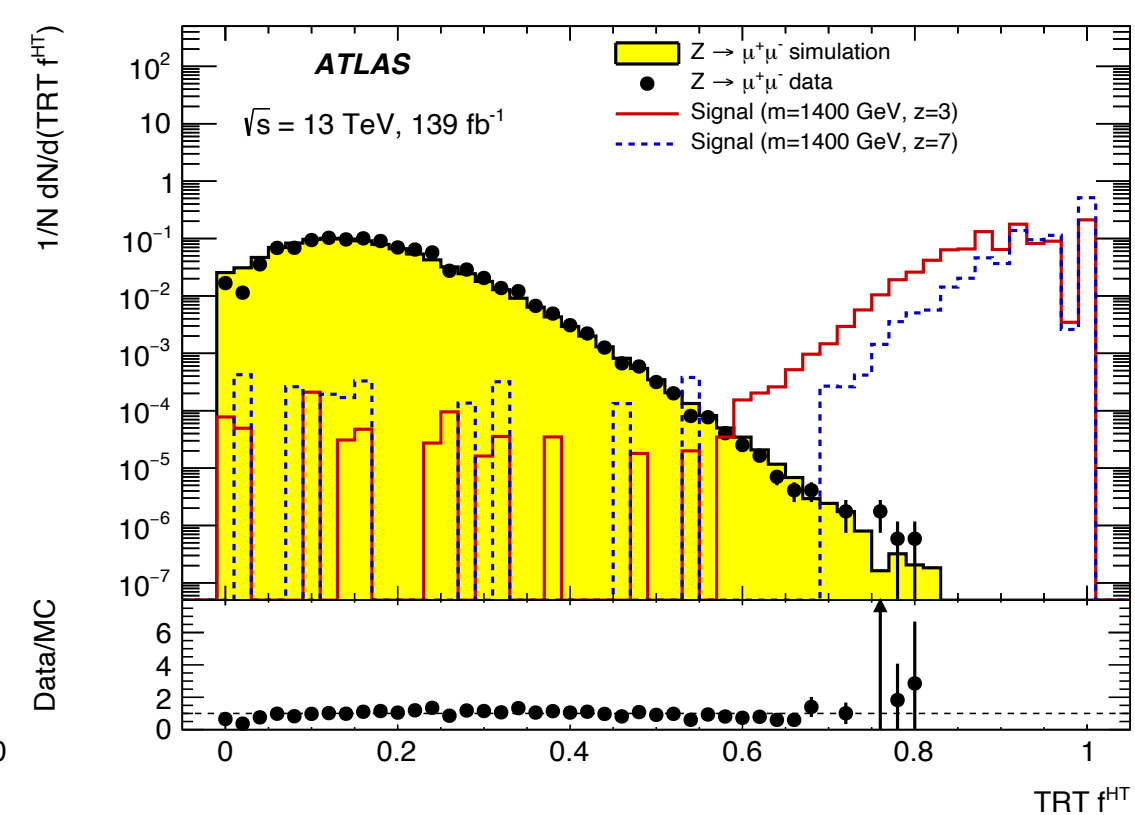
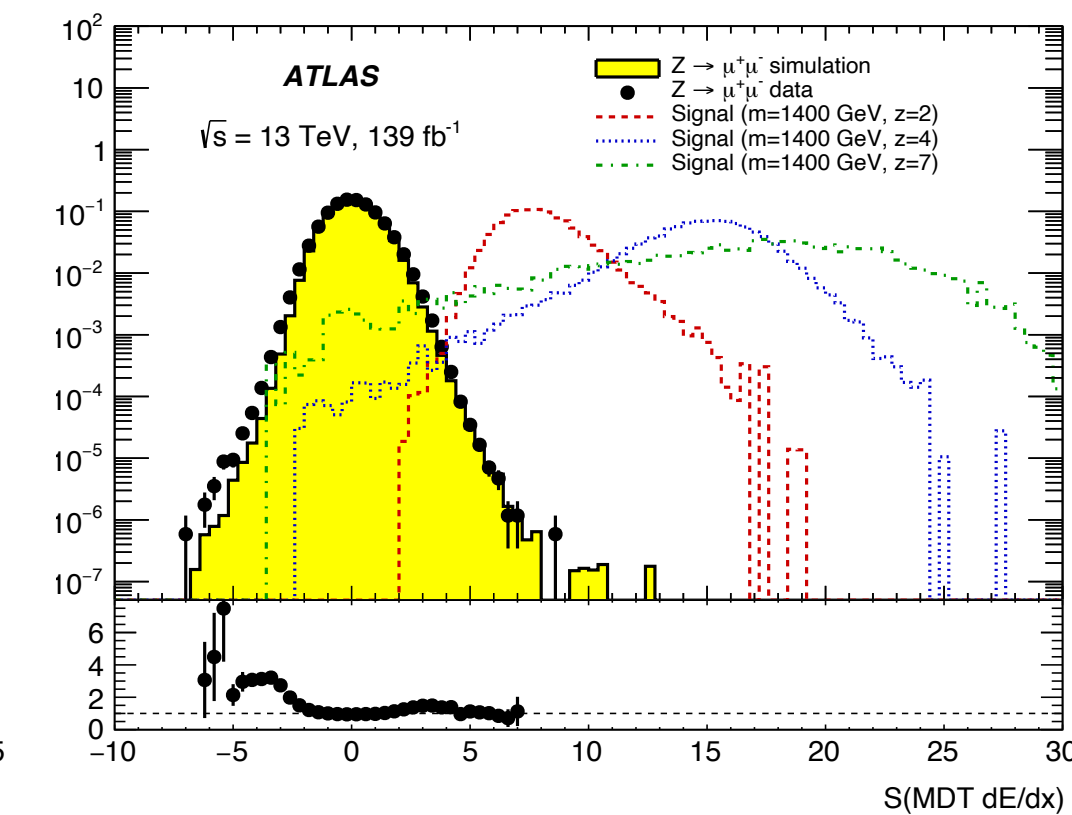
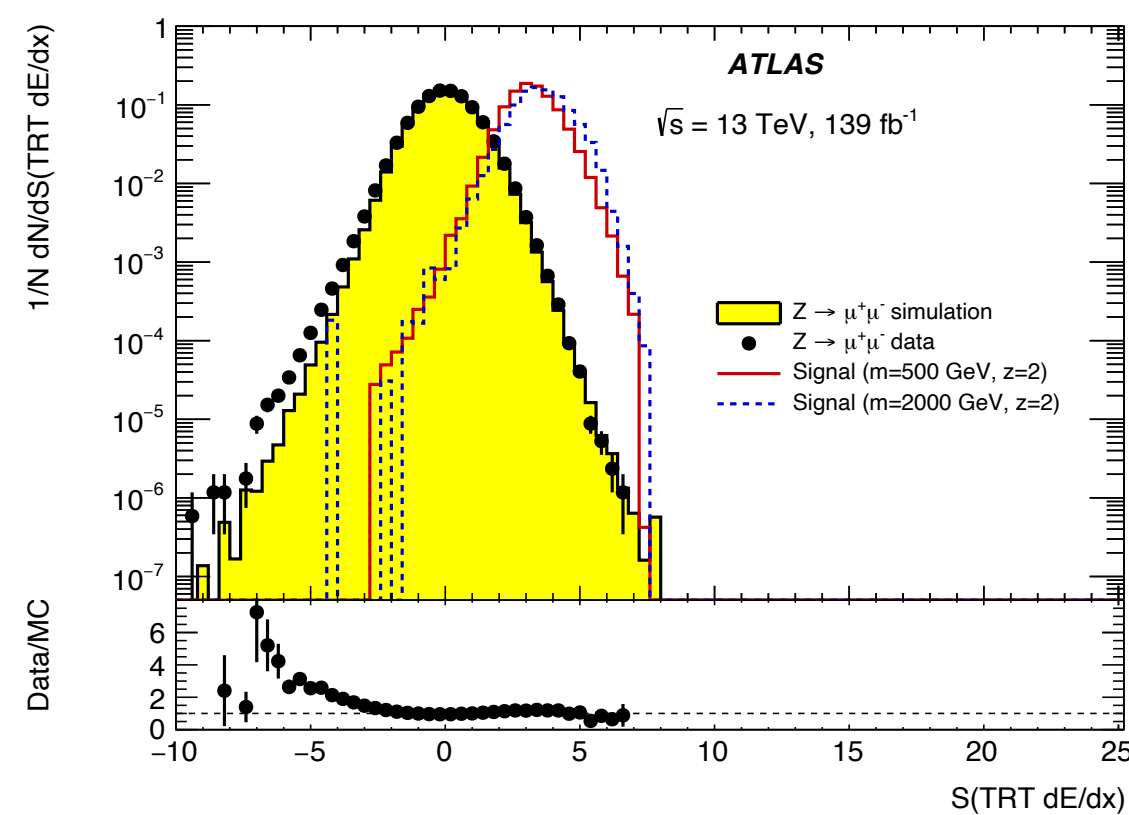
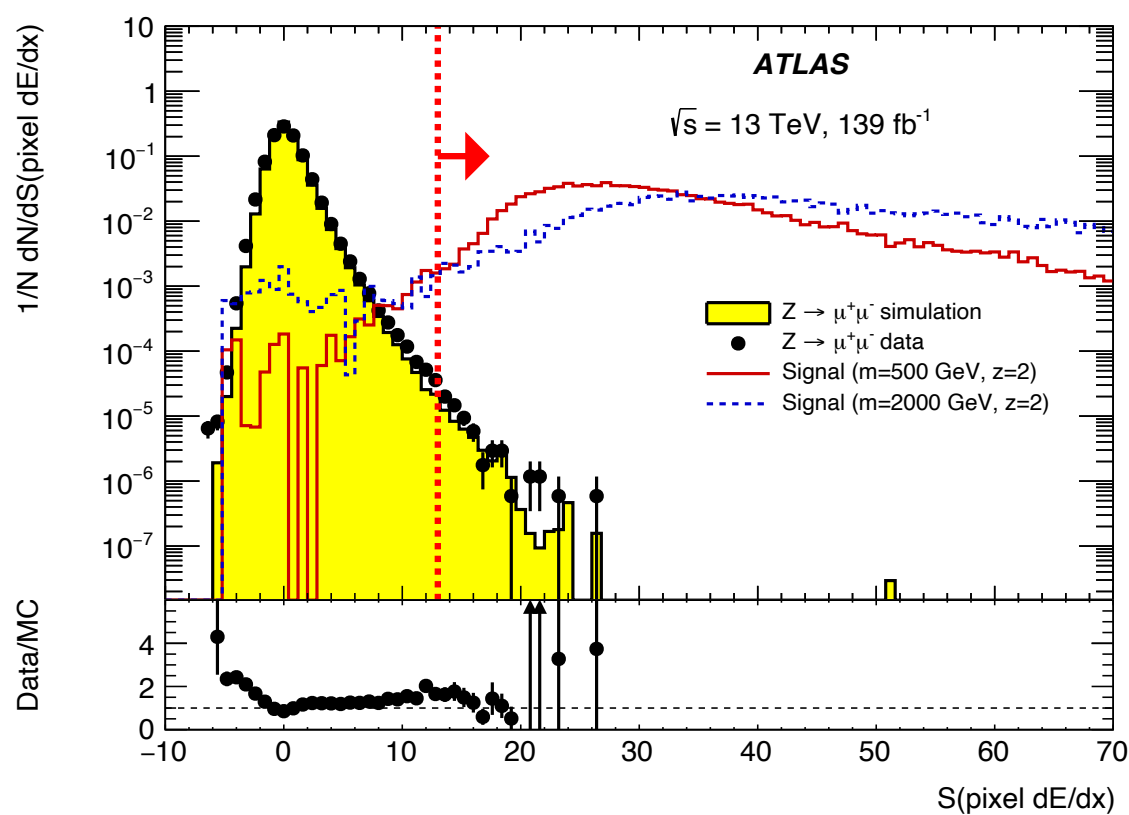
# NON-POINTING & NON-PROMPT PHOTONS



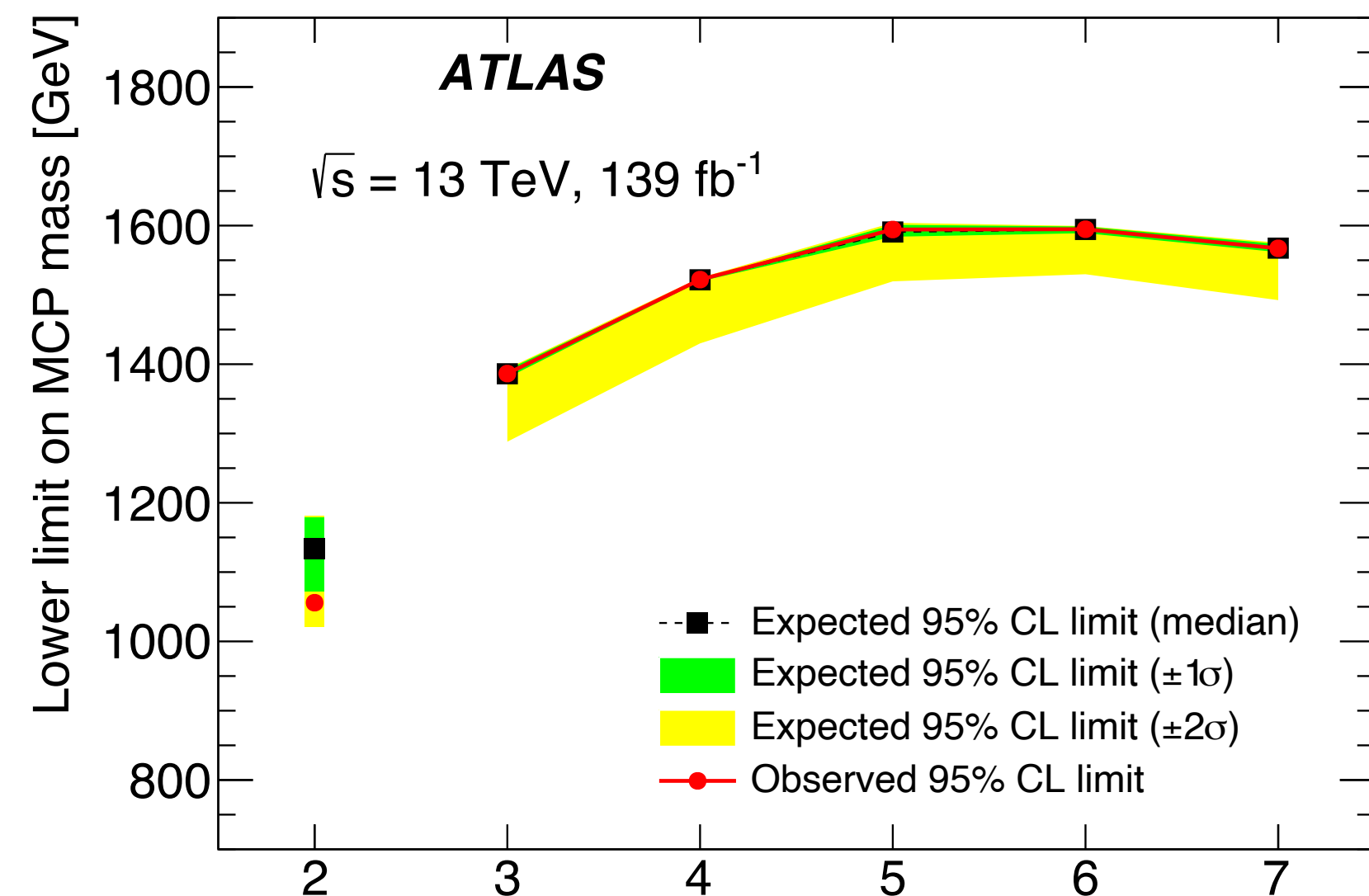
# LARGE dE/dx



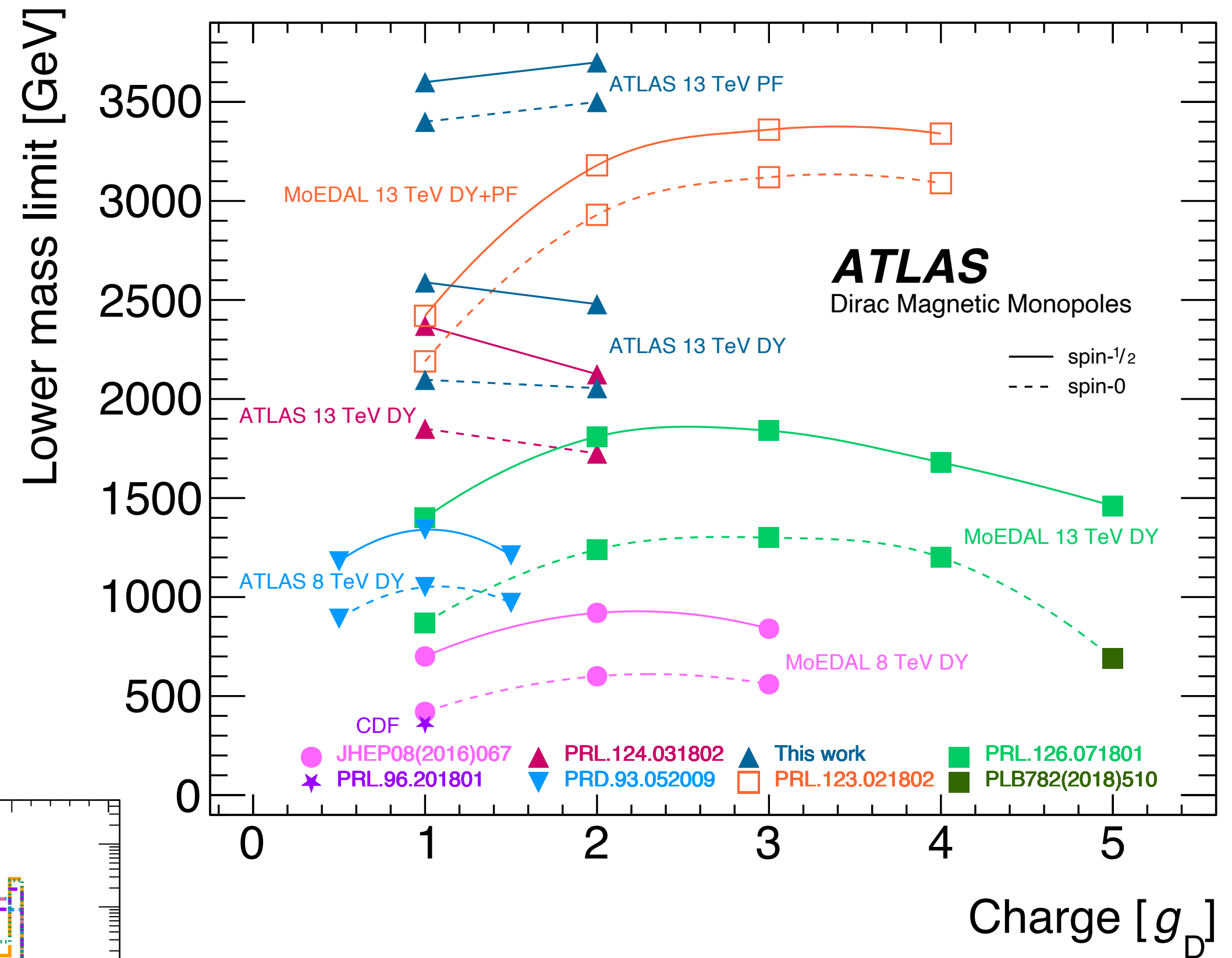
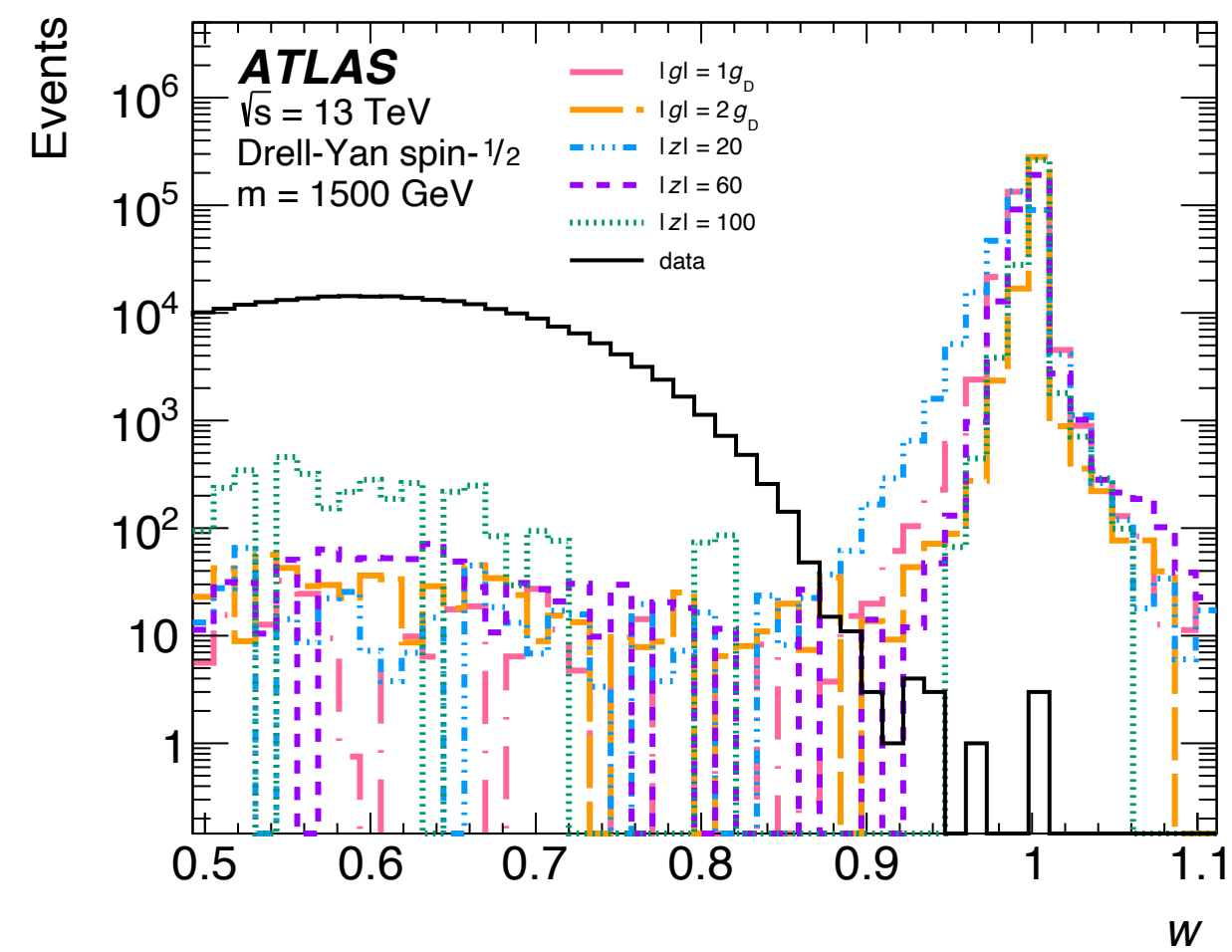
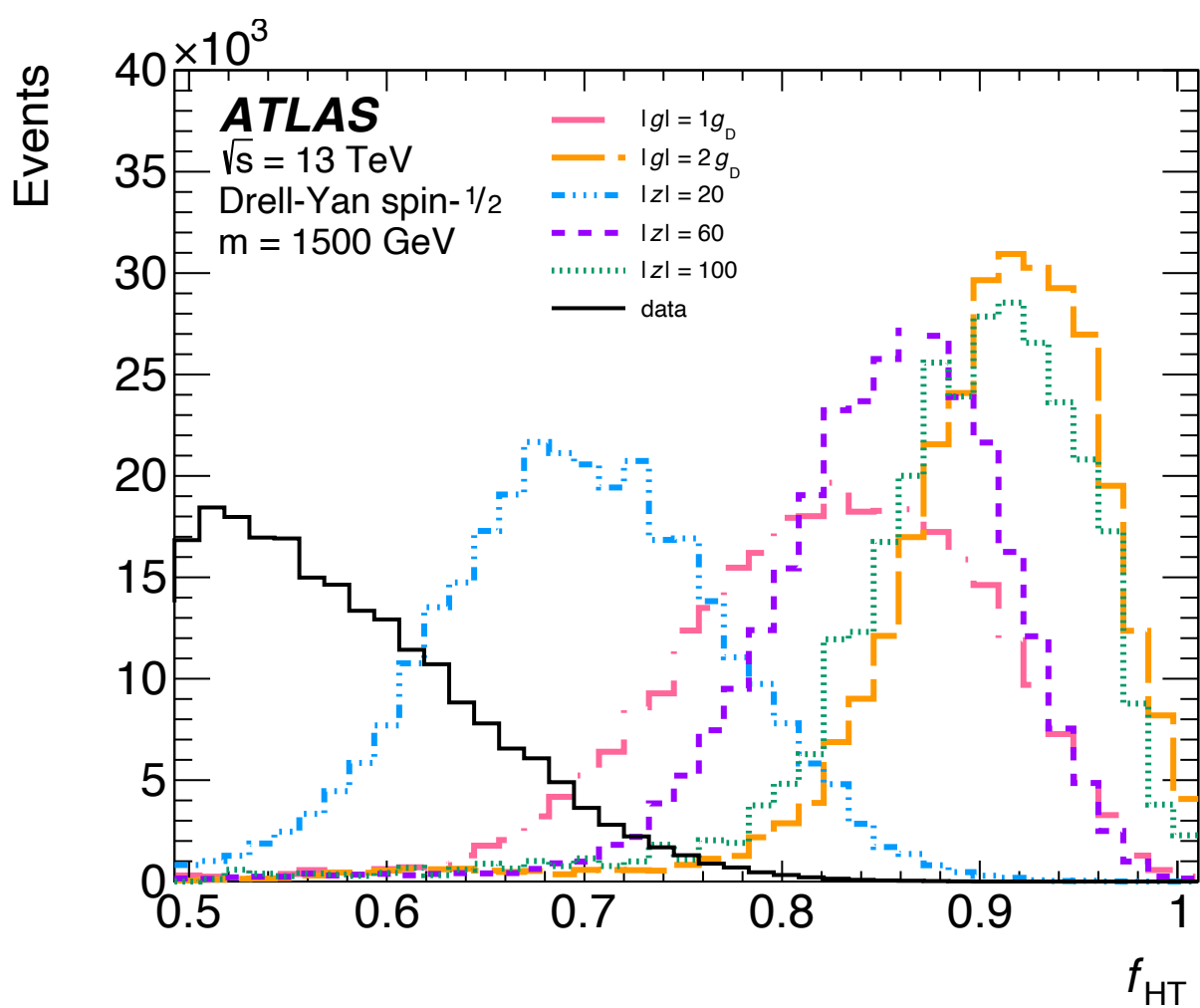
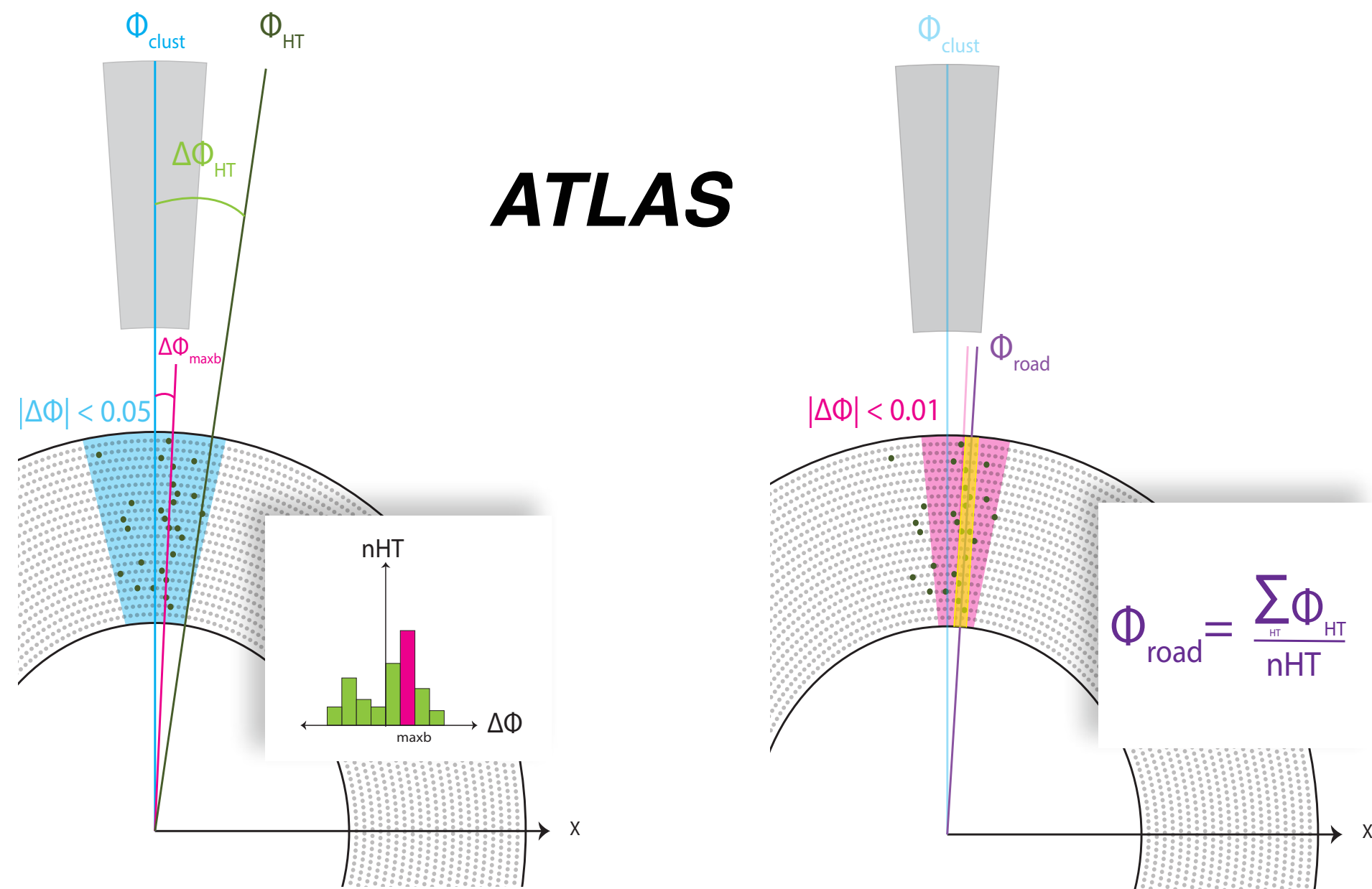
# MULTI-CHARGED PARTICLES



Search category	Preselection	Tight selection	Final selection
$z = 2$	Combined muon with: ‘medium’ identification criteria, $p_T^\mu/z > 50 \text{ GeV}$ , $p_T/z > 10 \text{ GeV}$ , $ \eta  < 2.0$ , no other particles with $p_T/z > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$ within $\Delta R = 0.01$	Preselected candidate with $S(\text{pixel } dE/dx) > 13$	Tightly selected candidate with: $S(\text{TRT } dE/dx) > 2$ , $S(\text{MDT } dE/dx) > 4$
$z > 2$			Preselected candidate with: $\text{TRT } f^{\text{HT}} > 0.7$ , $S(\text{MDT } dE/dx) > 7$

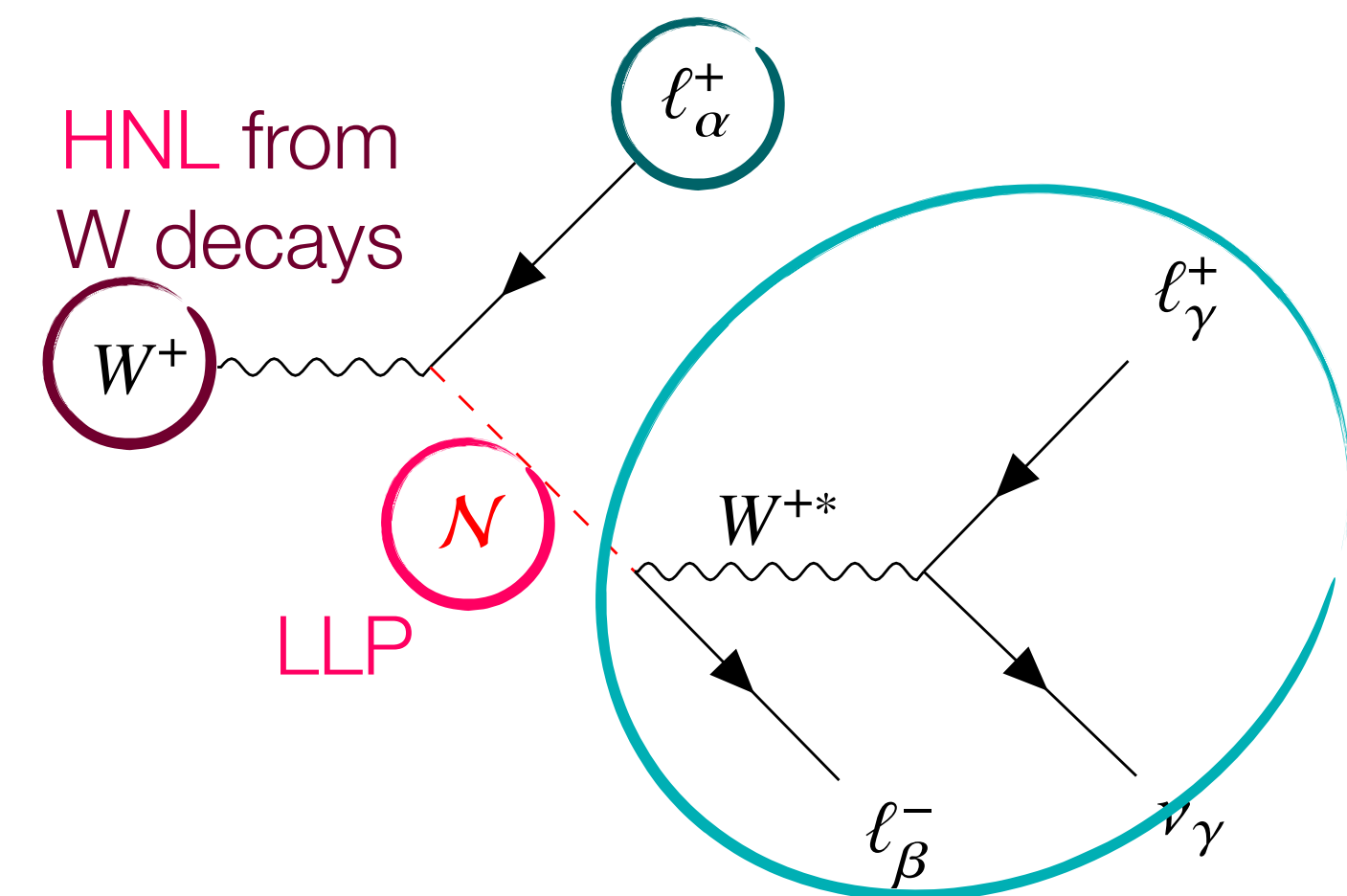


# MAGNETIC MONOPOLES/HECOs/HIPs

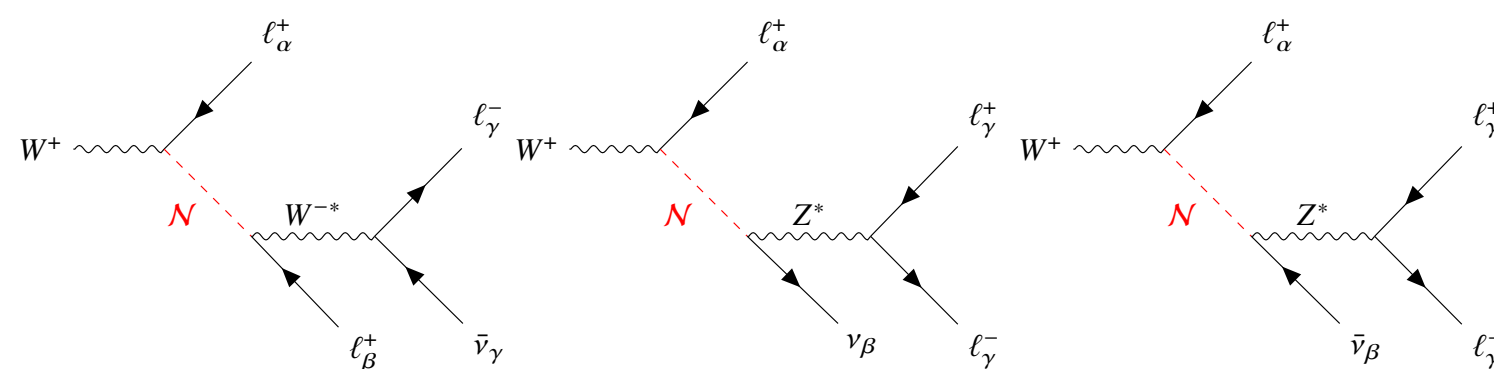


bonus analyses

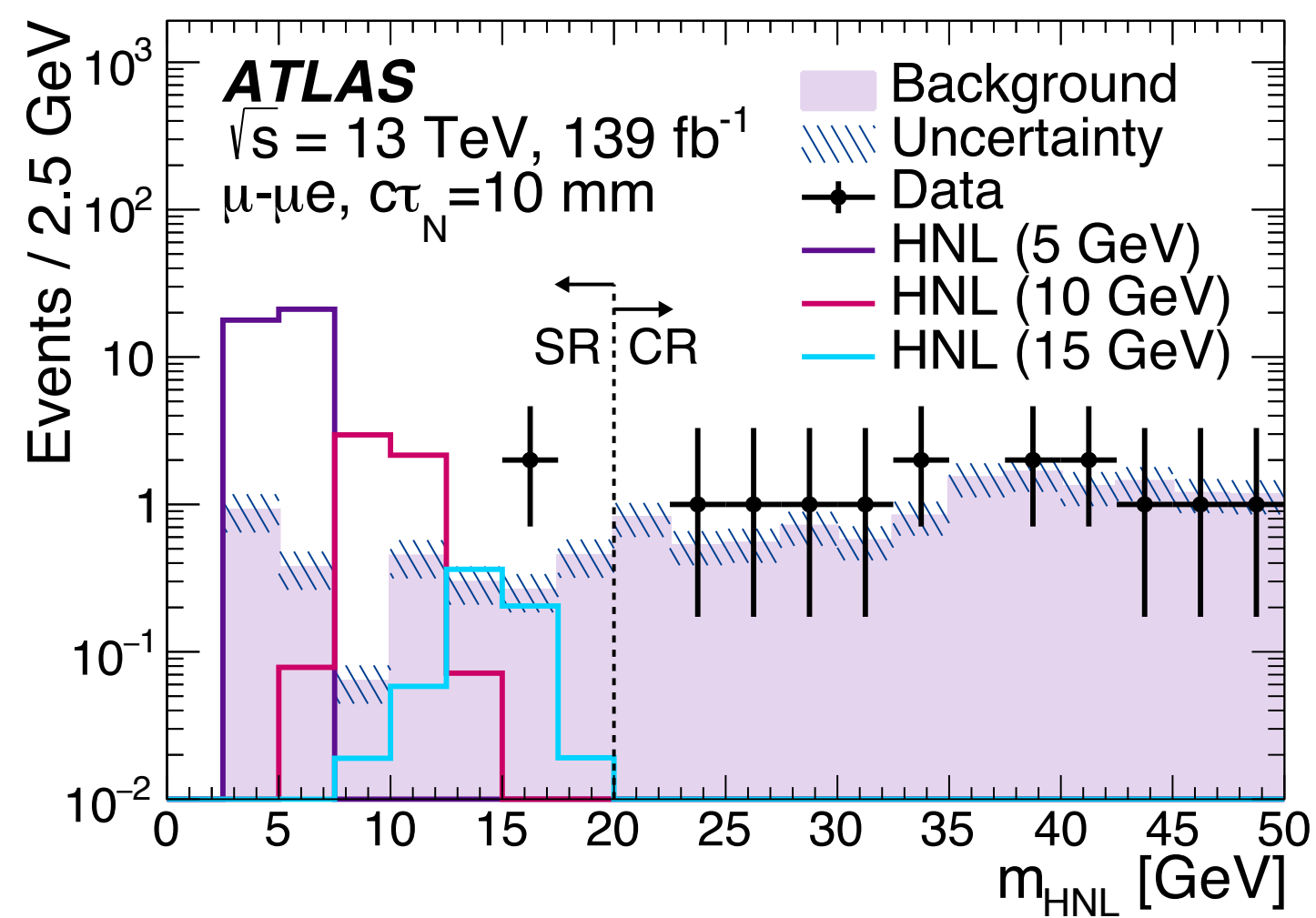
# DISPLACED HEAVY NEUTRAL LEPTONS



Events must contain a **prompt lepton (trigger)** and a **DV comprising a pair of leptons with opposite-sign**



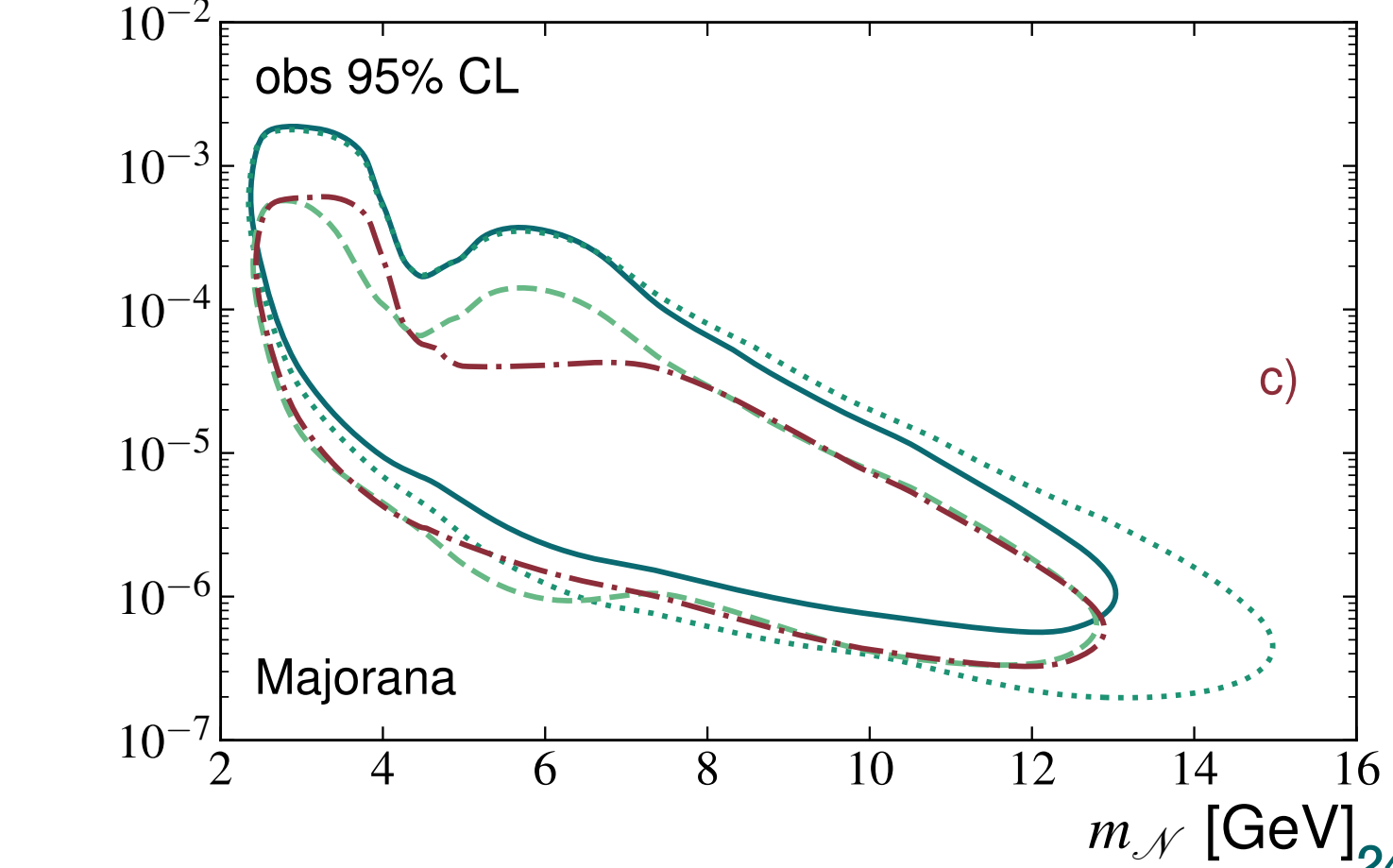
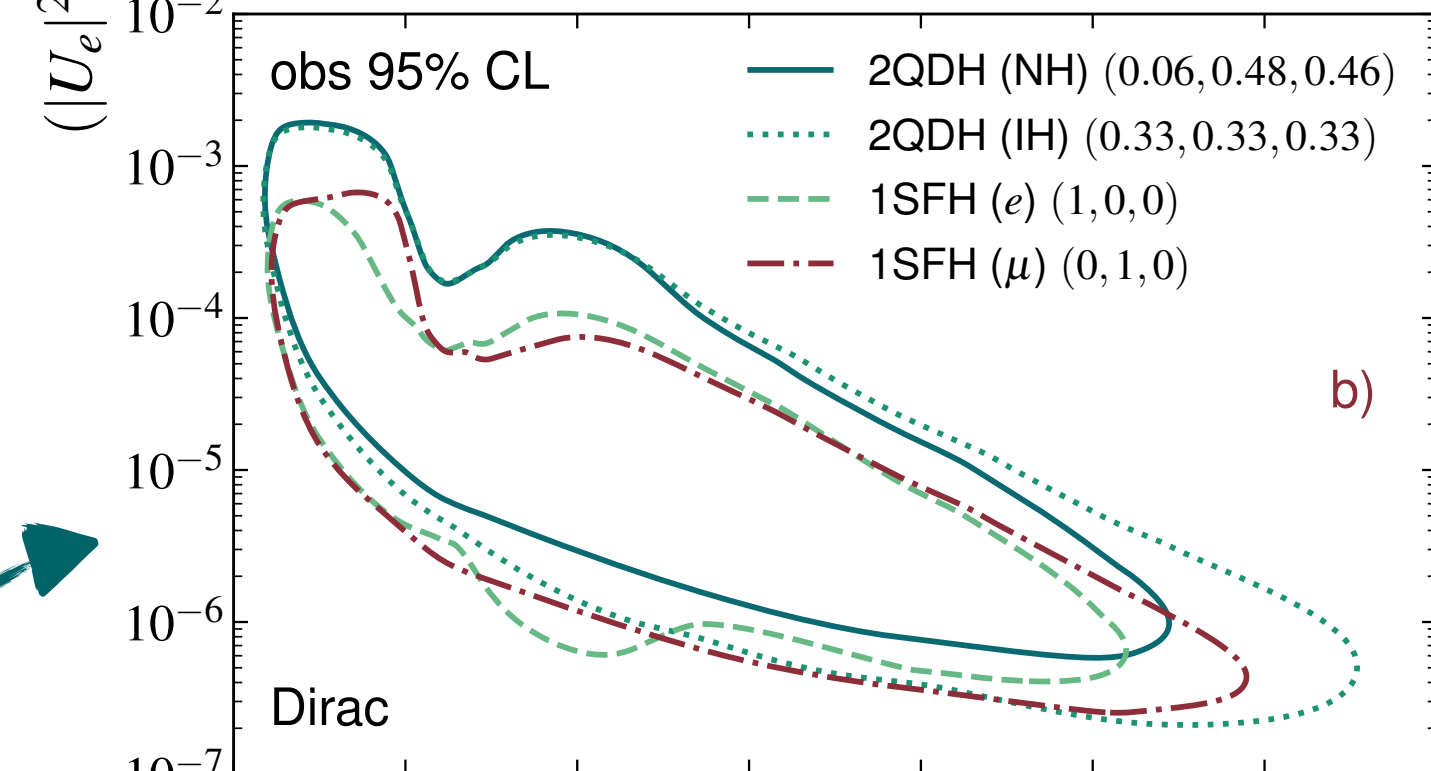
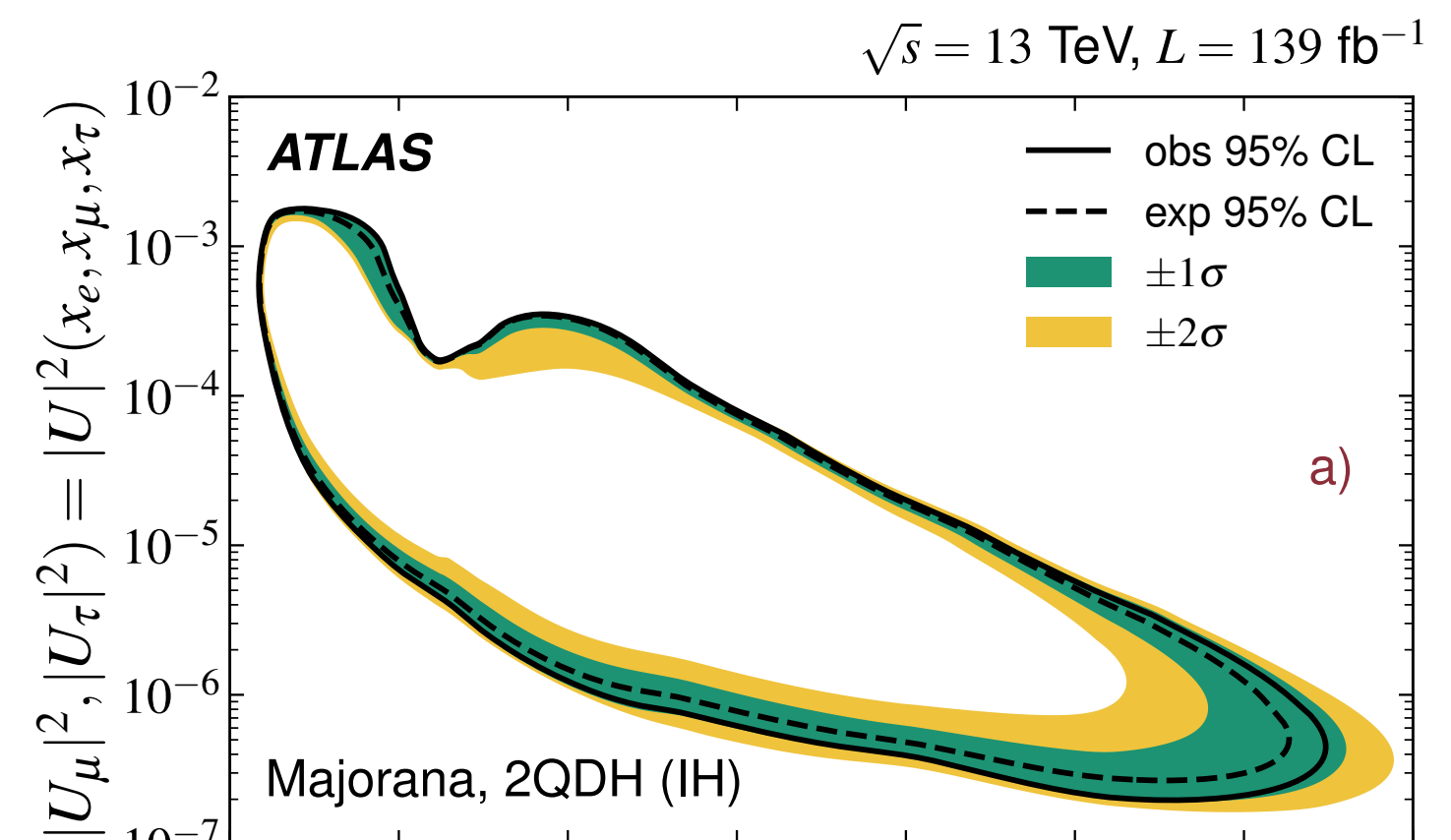
- Backgrounds from material interactions,  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ , cosmics
- **Dedicated track reconstruction** for non-prompt particles (Large Radius Tracking)
- Final SR selection **targeting  $m_{\text{HNL}} < 20$  GeV**



Limits are set on squared mixing parameters of HNL with left-handed neutrino

Observed limits **exclude a region with wider ranges of  $|U_\mu|^2$  and  $m_N$  than previously excluded by ATLAS**

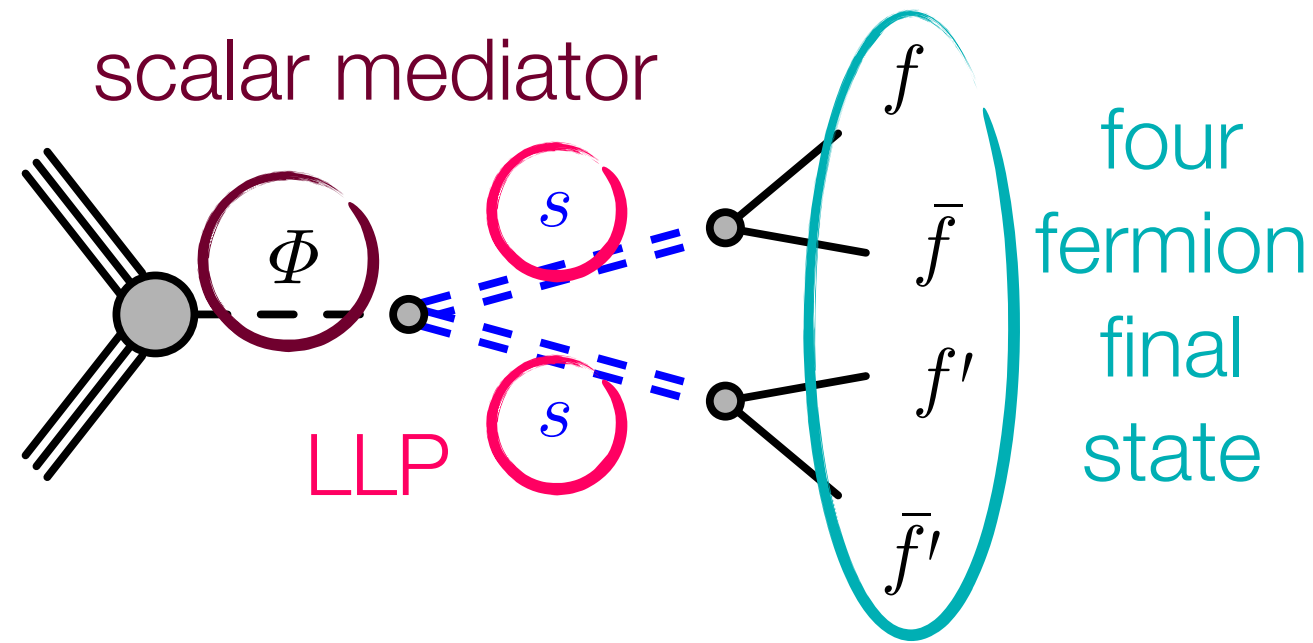
**Limits on  $|U_e|^2$  are novel in ATLAS**





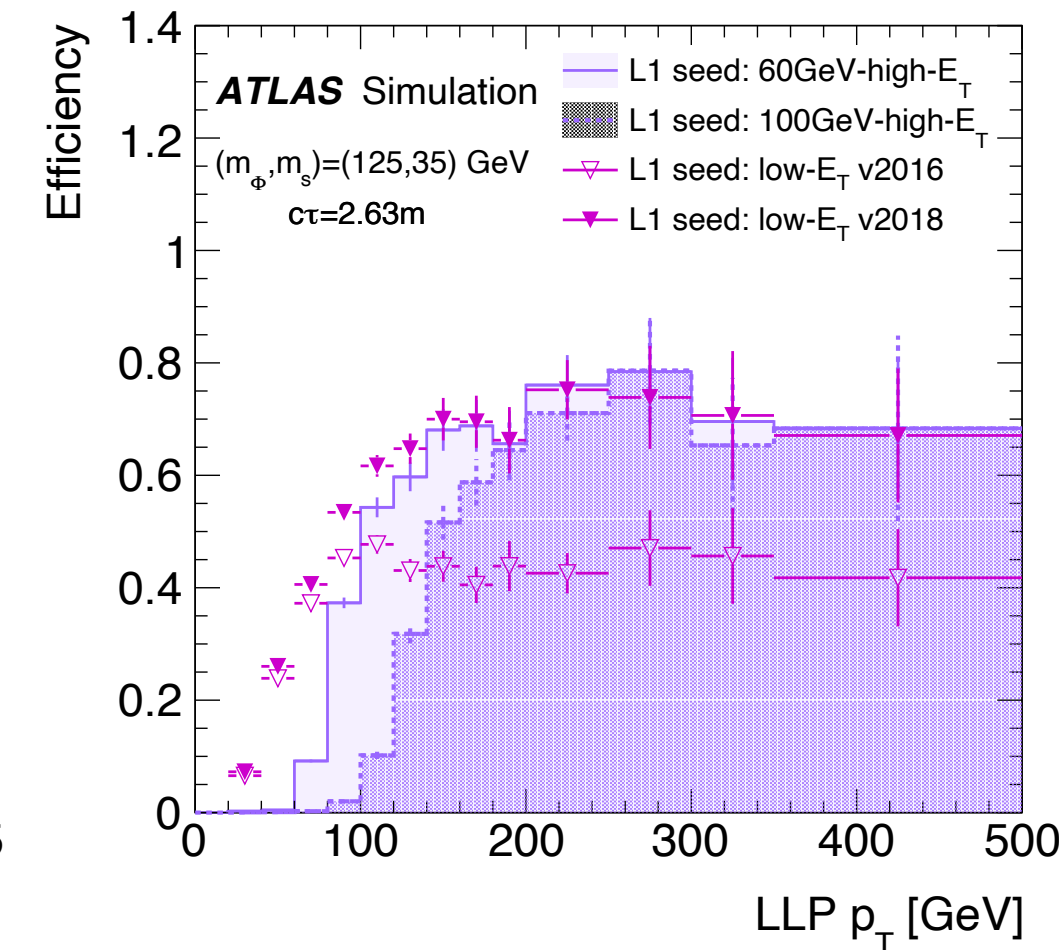
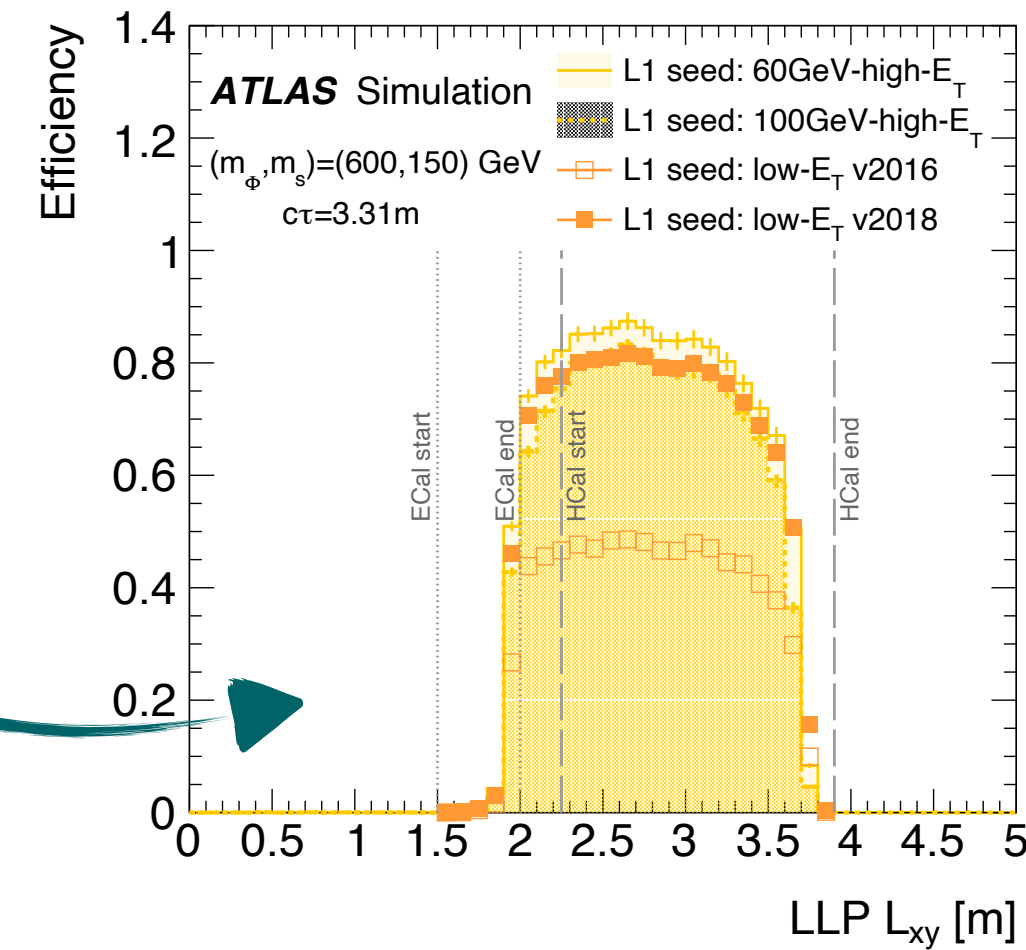
# DISPLACED HADRONIC JETS IN THE CALORIMETER

Hidden sector with  
scalar mediator



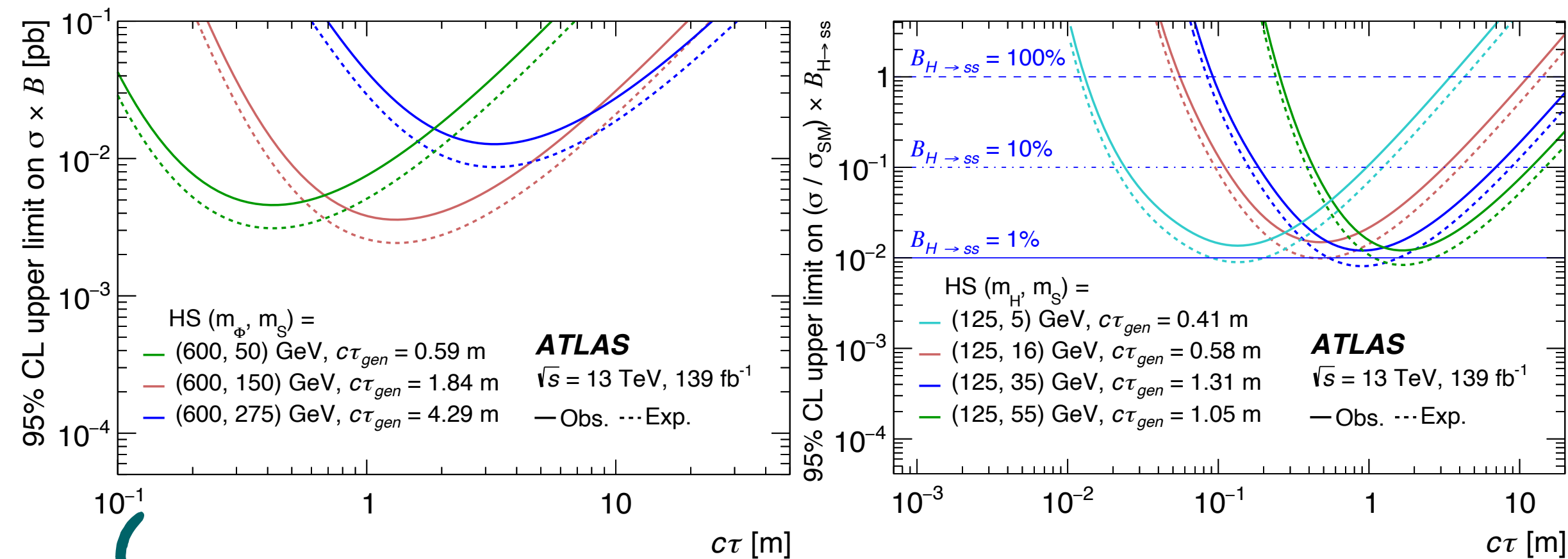
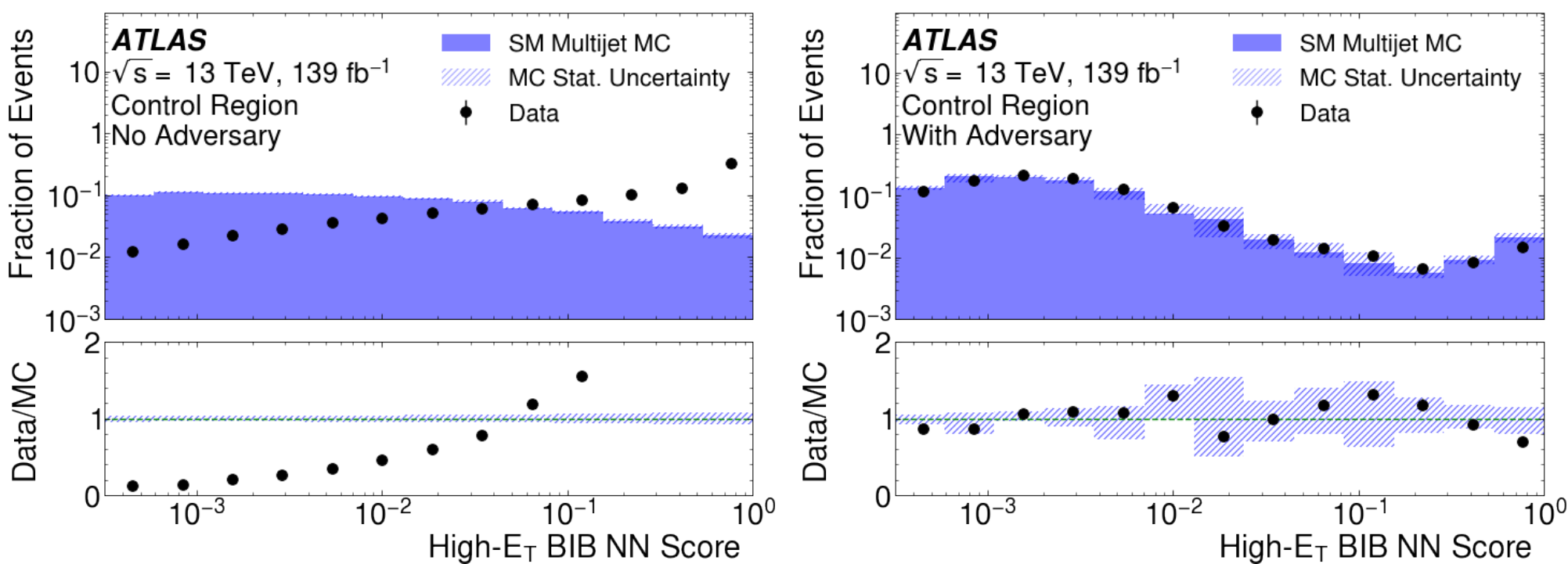
**Dedicated trigger**

- narrow jets
- imbalanced energy deposits
- track isolation



Displaced-jet tagger based on Neural Network (NN) discriminating against multi-jet and beam-induced background

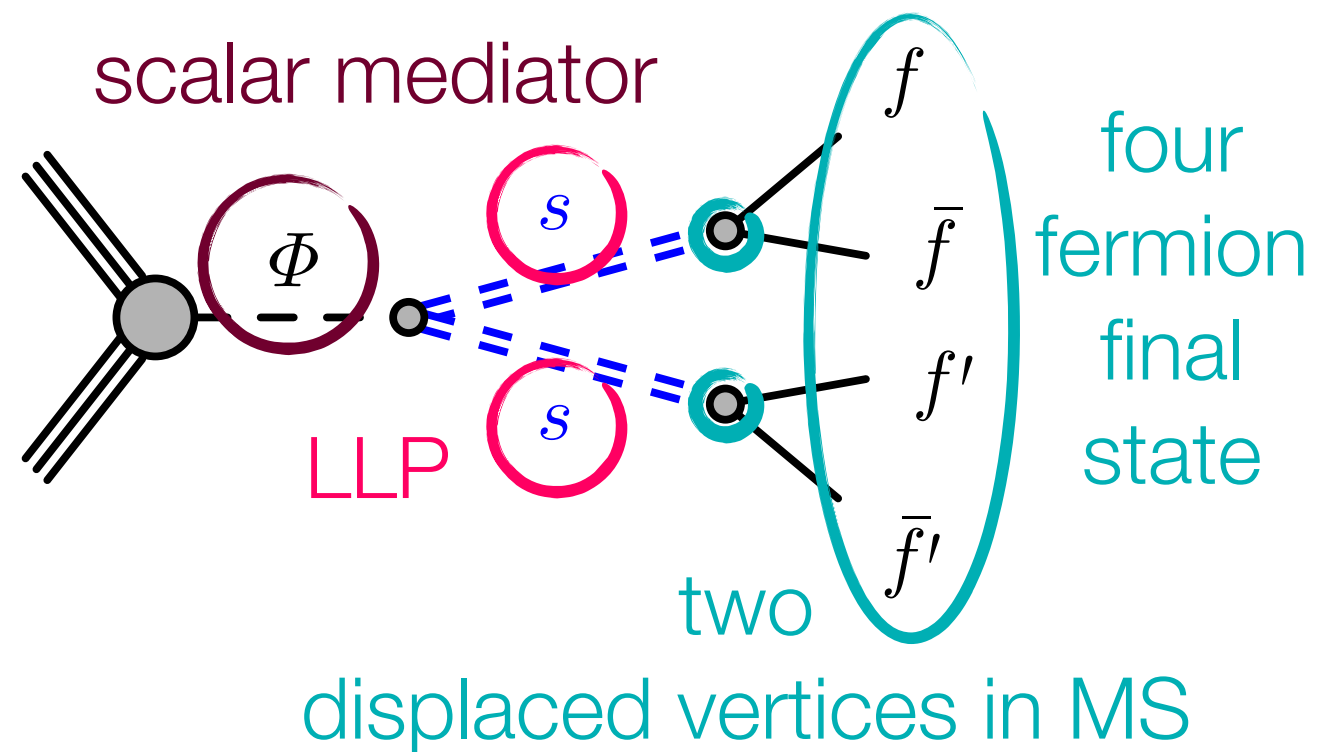
- **Adversary NN** to mitigate data-MC mis-modelling



Limits are set on HS benchmark models with **mediator masses** ranging from **60 GeV to 1 TeV** and **LLP scalar masses** ranging from **5 GeV to 475 GeV**

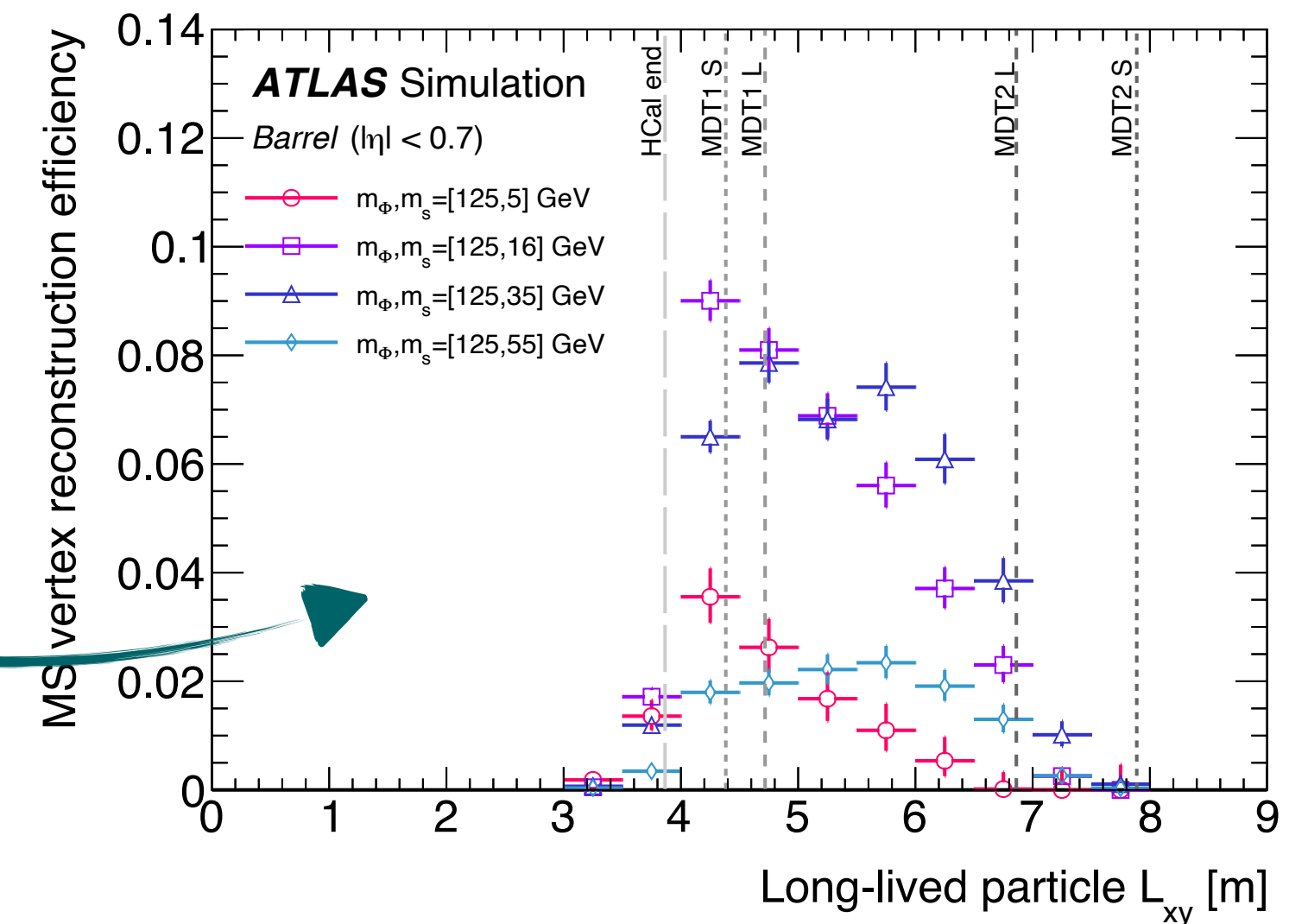
# DISPLACED HADRONIC JETS IN MUON SPECTROMETER

Hidden sector with  
scalar mediator



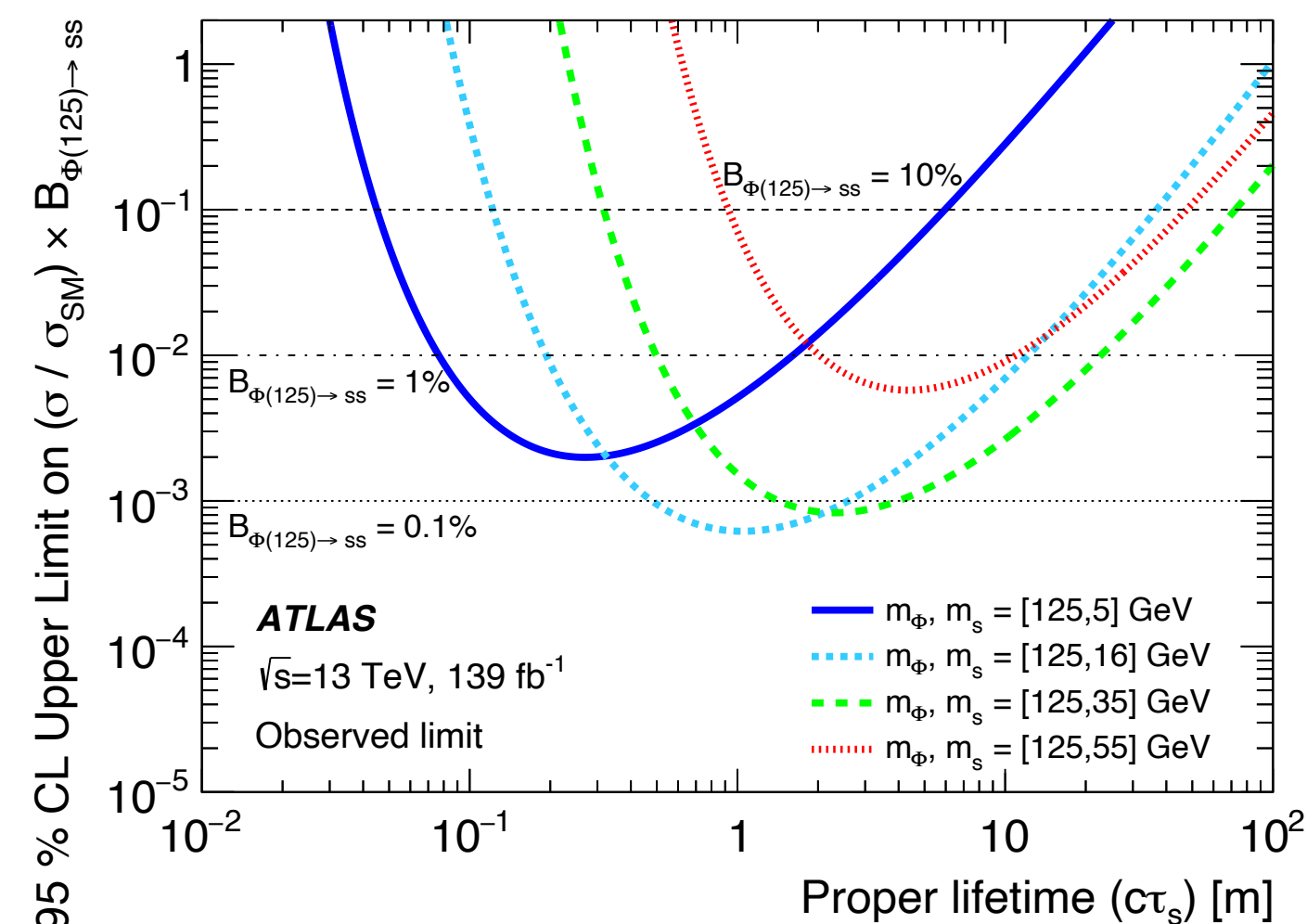
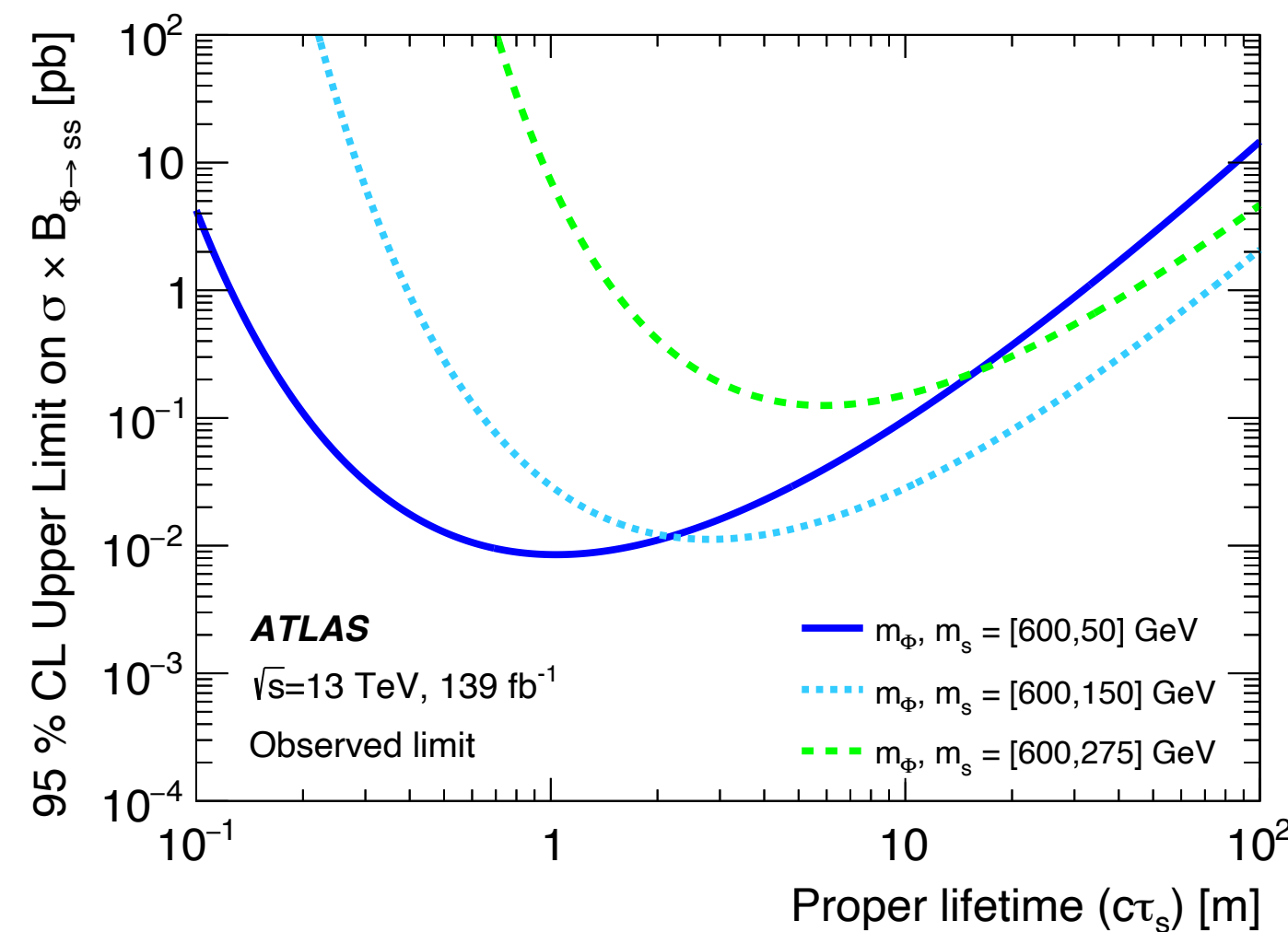
**Dedicated trigger** on  
Muon Cluster activity

+ **Dedicated algorithm to reconstruct DVs** with  
low-momentum tracks in  
a busy environment



Main backgrounds: **punch-through jets** and **non-collisions backgrounds**

- Veto activity in Calorimeters and ID tracker
- Require two DVs per event



For mediator mass,  $m_H = 125$  GeV:  
**first exclusion limits for branching  
fractions below 0.1%**

**Branching fractions above 10%  
are excluded at 95% CL for LLP  
mean proper lifetimes ranging  
from 4 cm to 72.4 m**