

# The CMS Level 1 muon trigger system for the HL-

# LHC



(EPS2023) – August 2023 Carlos Vico Villalba - University of Oviedo, on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

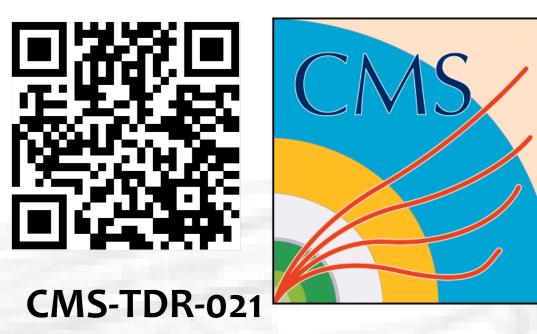
NIMA -168103

## Universidad de Oviedo



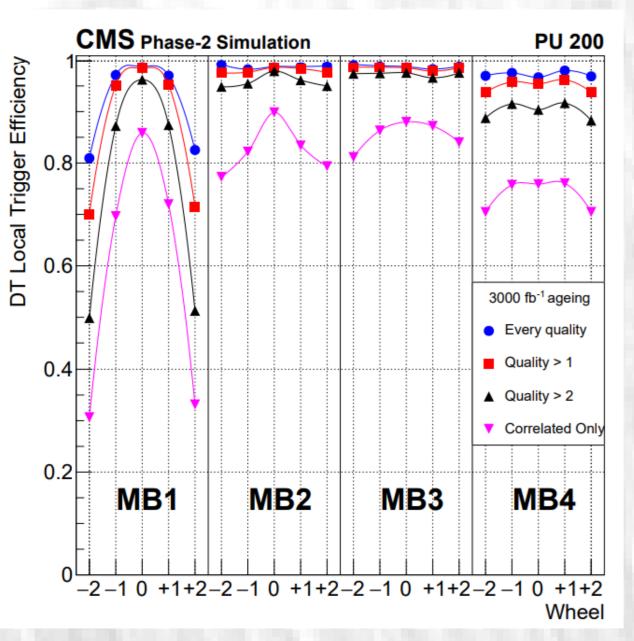
ICTEA

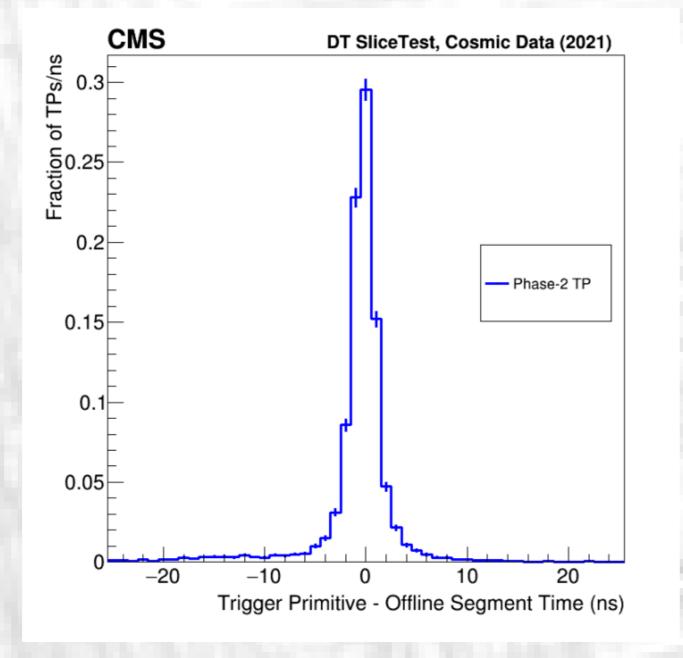
- HL-LHC will open up an unprecedented opportunity for HEP: high-precision SM measurements and extending BSM searches.
- The detector readout electronics and DAQ will be upgraded to allow an increased L1 trigger rate (750 kHz) and latency of 12.5  $\mu$ s.
- Goal: maintain or improve trigger thresholds despite the harsher environment and access unexplored regions of the phase-space.



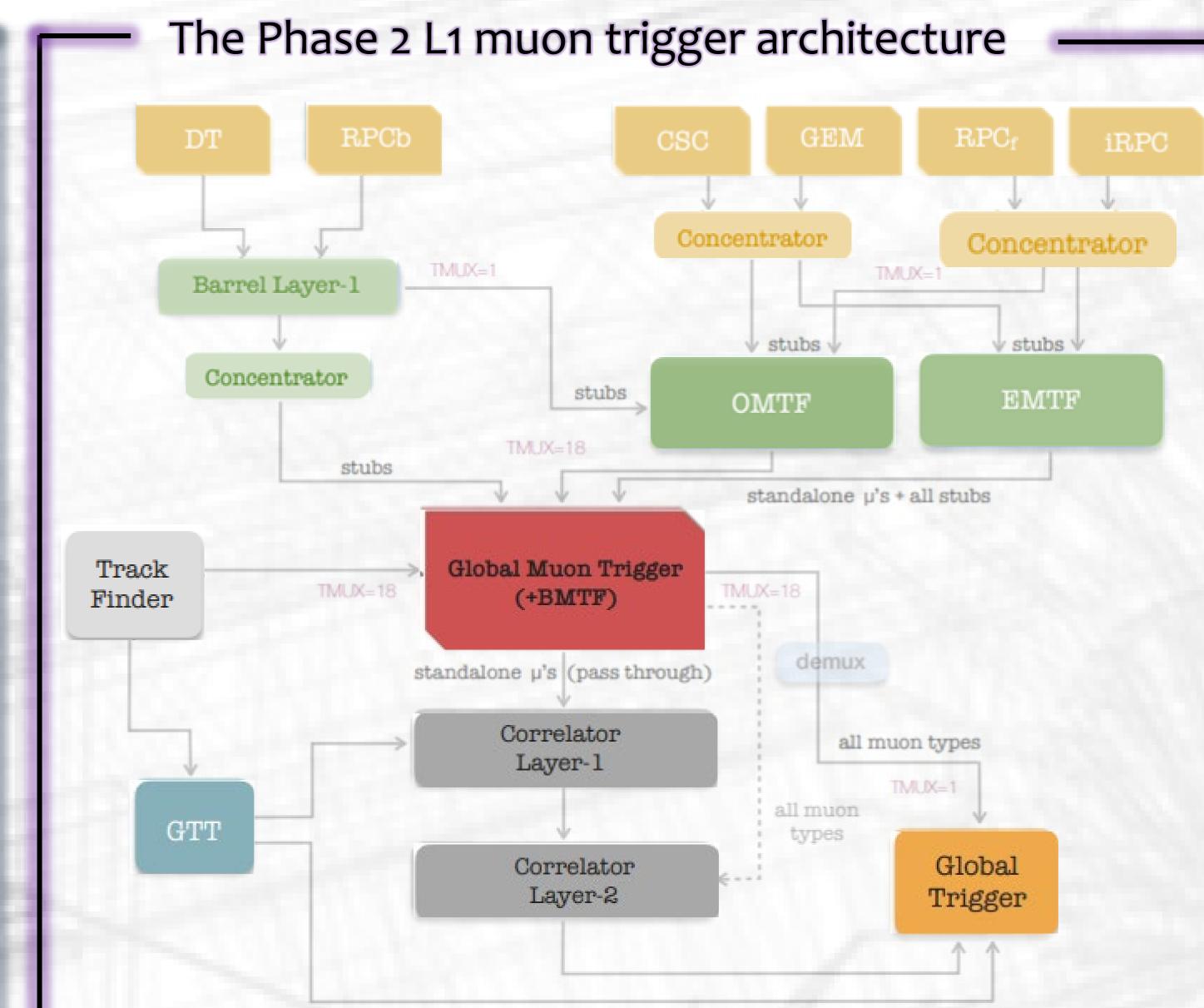
### Local Reconstruction

- Trigger primitives are the basic muon object obtained from L1 local reconstruction.
- DT+RPC Analytical method
  - Baseline: start from individual hits and build straight patterns (segments).





New **filter** for Phase2! CMS will instrument dedicated FPGAs for simultaneous readout of the whole DT+RPC system for Phase2 at L1



#### Muon track finders

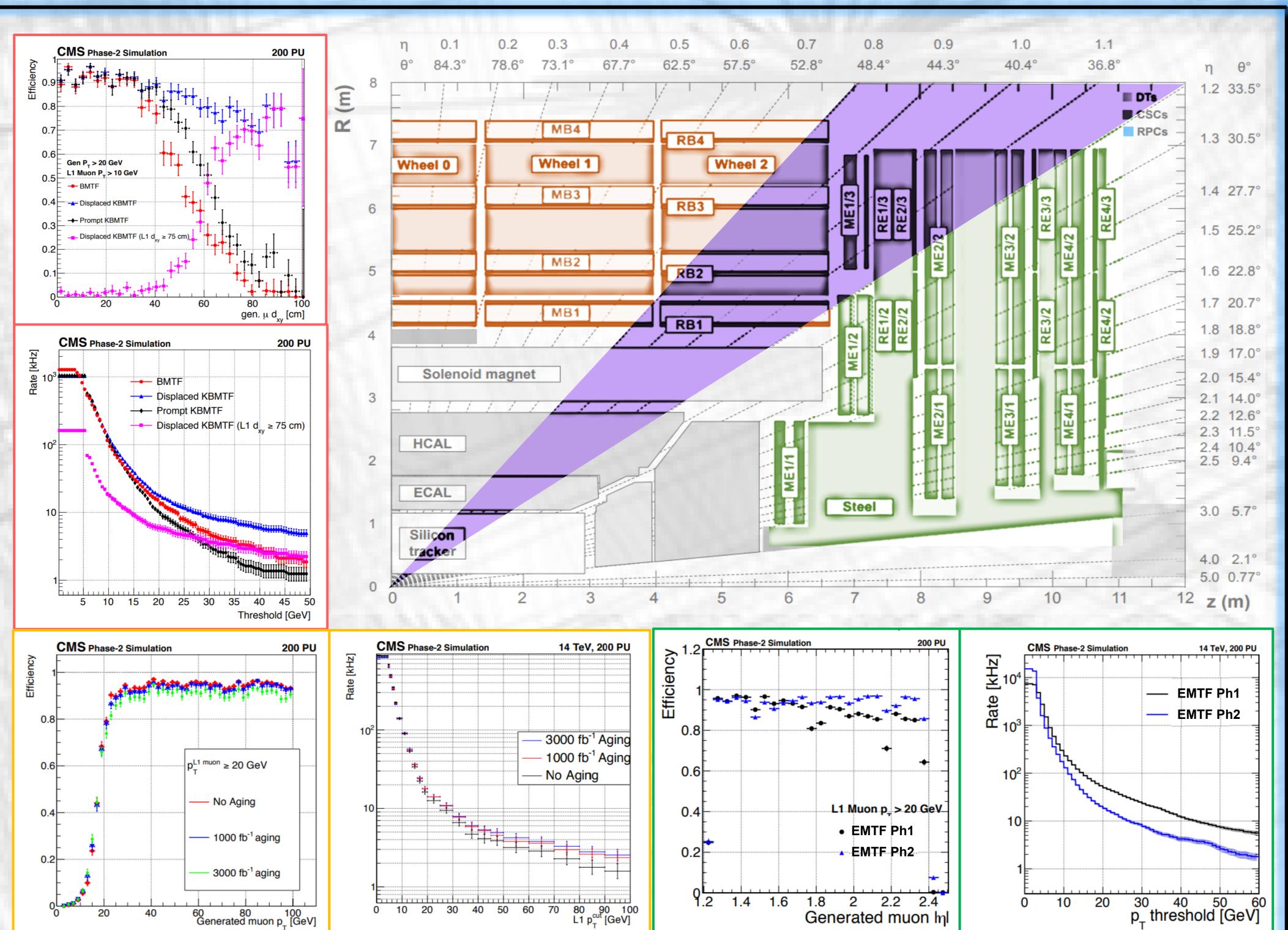
Trigger primitives are used as input for pattern recognition algorithms that aim to correlate muon information across different parts of the detectors

#### **Barrel MTF**

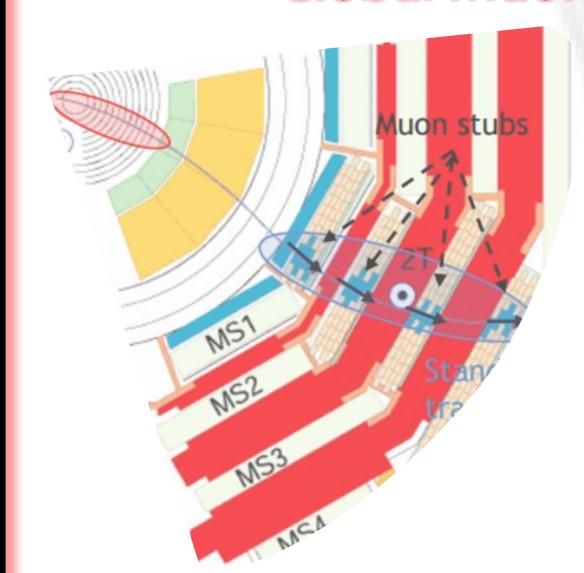
- Algorithm: Kalman Filter.
  - combining segments based on phi, bending angle and curvature.
- Overlap MTF
- Algorithm: Naïve Bayes Classifier.
  - Log likelihood  $(p_T)$  = Log likelihood  $(\phi)$ .
- NEW: Working in a NN approach that could benefit search for displaced patterns.
  - Implementation in firmware is undergoing.

### **Endcap MTF**

- Algorithm: Neural Network-based track building algorithm (EMTF++).
- new track patterns to make use of detector upgrades.
- $\triangleright p_T$  assignment based on Neural Networks.



### Global Muon Trigger



- One of the great features of the Phase 2 L1T is that tracker tracks will be available at L1.
- A muon correlator is therefore designed to match tracker tracks with muon stubs within microseconds!
- Improvements in precission...
  - ... But also new (displaced) signatures can be explored

thanks to the MTF inputs

