

Summary of the CMS ridge publication

A. Knutsson (DESY),

Ridge Discussion Meeting, DESY, November 1st

***“Observation of Long-Range, Near-Side Angular
Correlations in Proton-Proton Collisions at the LHC”***
JHEP 1009:091,2010, arXiv:1009.4122 [hep-ex]

Outline

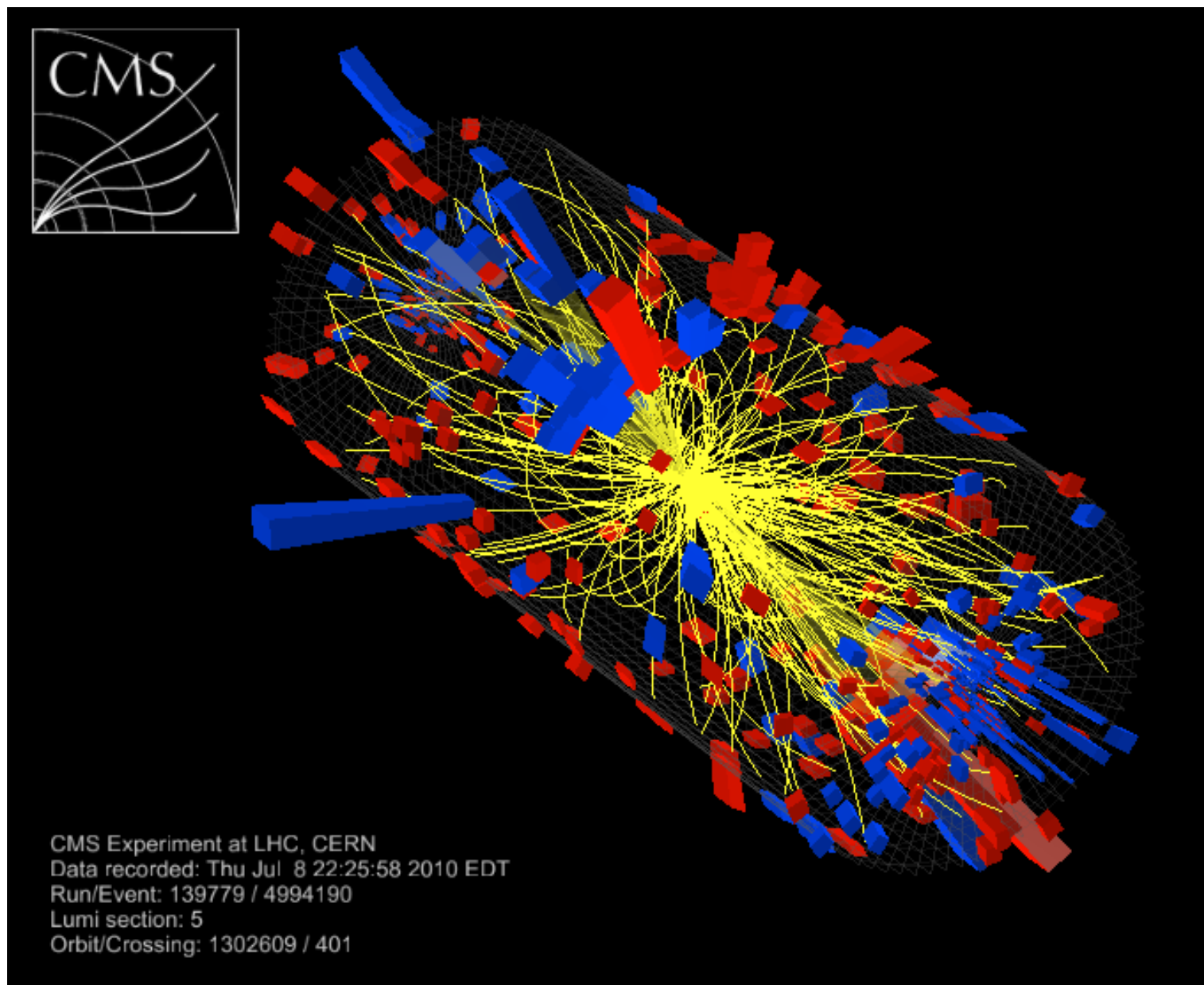
- Introduction
- Correlation function definition
- Correlation function anatomy
- Results

Acknowledgement:

Major parts of the talk are cut and paste from talk by *Gábor I. Veres (CERN)*
given at QCD at LHC, Trento, Sept 28, 2010

- The 2 particle correlations in $\Delta\phi$ and $\Delta\eta$ were measured for charged particles by CMS at 0.9, 2.36 and **7 TeV**
 - In minimum bias events.
 - In high multiplicity events (7 TeV):
 - Selected with the CMS high multiplicity track trigger*
 - Multiplicity for charged particles with $pt > 0.4$ in $|\eta| < 2.4$.*
 - This multiplicity also classify the events (independent of pt -bin).*
- The measurements were performed integrated in, as well as in bins of, the charged particle transverse momenta, and for events with different charge particle multiplicities.

High multiplicity event

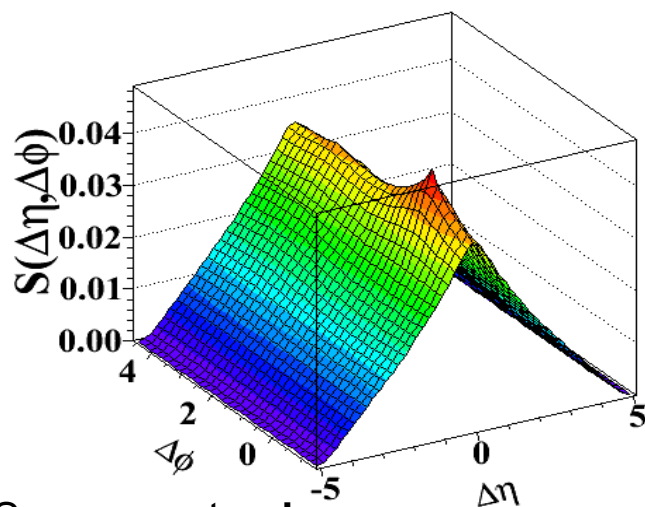


**268 reconstructed particles in the tracker in a single pp collision:
the highest multiplicity event in ~70 billion inelastic events sampled (1/pb)**

Correlation Function Definition

Signal distribution:

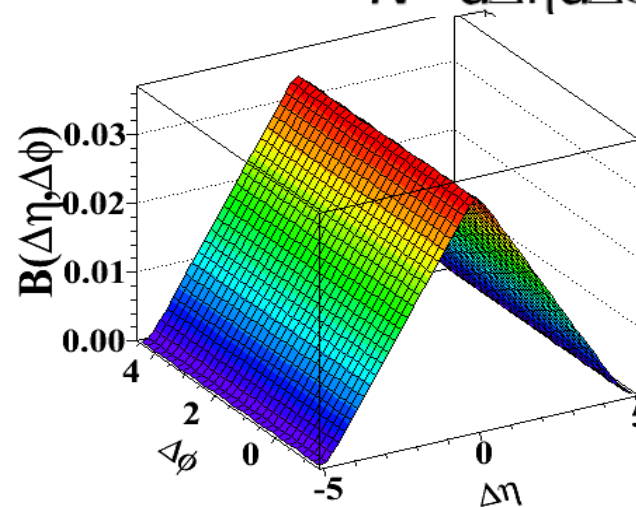
$$S_N(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \frac{1}{N(N-1)} \frac{d^2 N^{signal}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$



Same event **pairs**

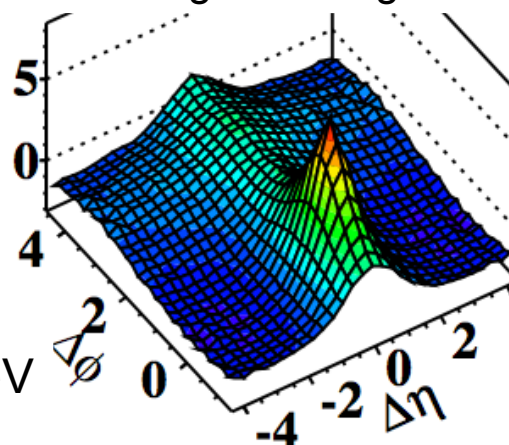
Background distribution:

$$B_N(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \frac{1}{N^2} \frac{d^2 N^{bkg}}{d\Delta\eta d\Delta\phi}$$



Mixed event **pairs**

Ratio Signal/Background



CMS pp 7TeV

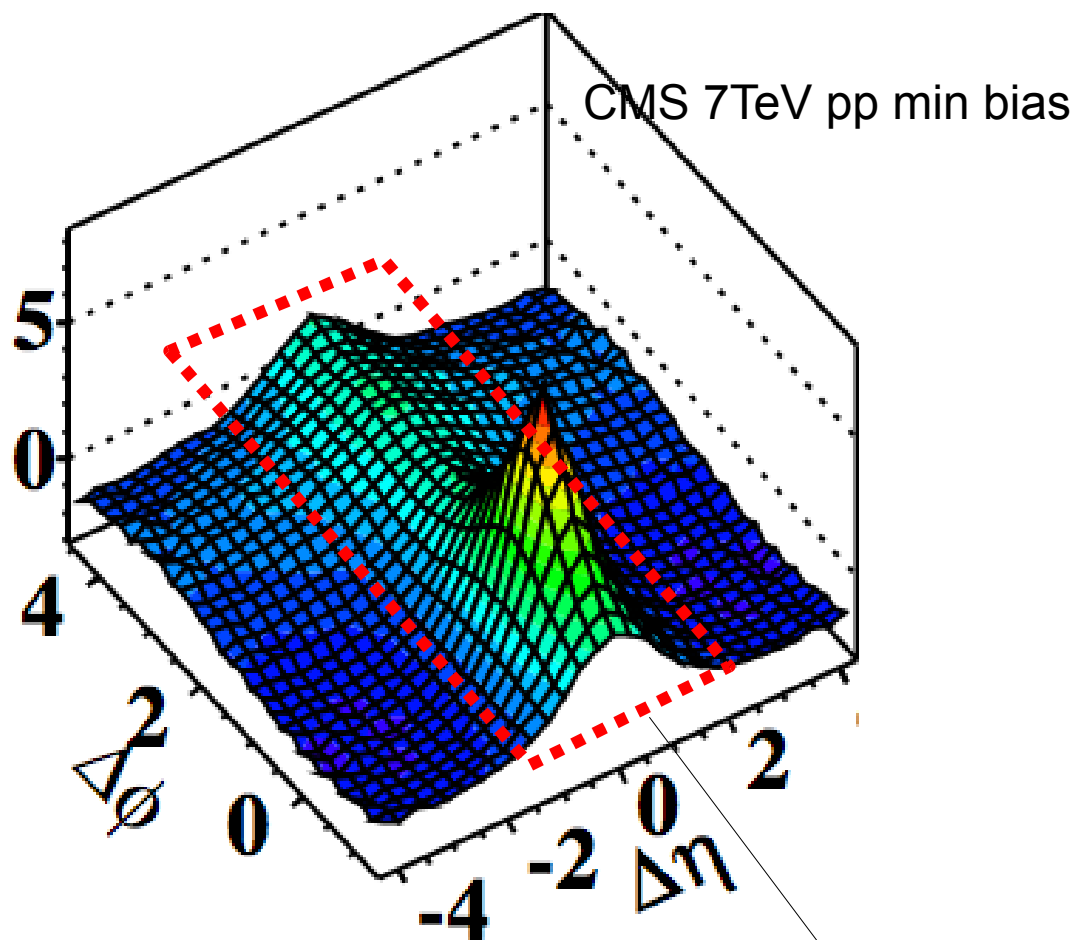
$$R(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi) = \left\langle (N-1) \left(\frac{S_N(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi)}{B_N(\Delta\eta, \Delta\phi)} - 1 \right) \right\rangle_N$$

p_T -inclusive two-particle
angular correlations in
minimum bias collisions

$$\Delta\eta = \eta_1 - \eta_2$$

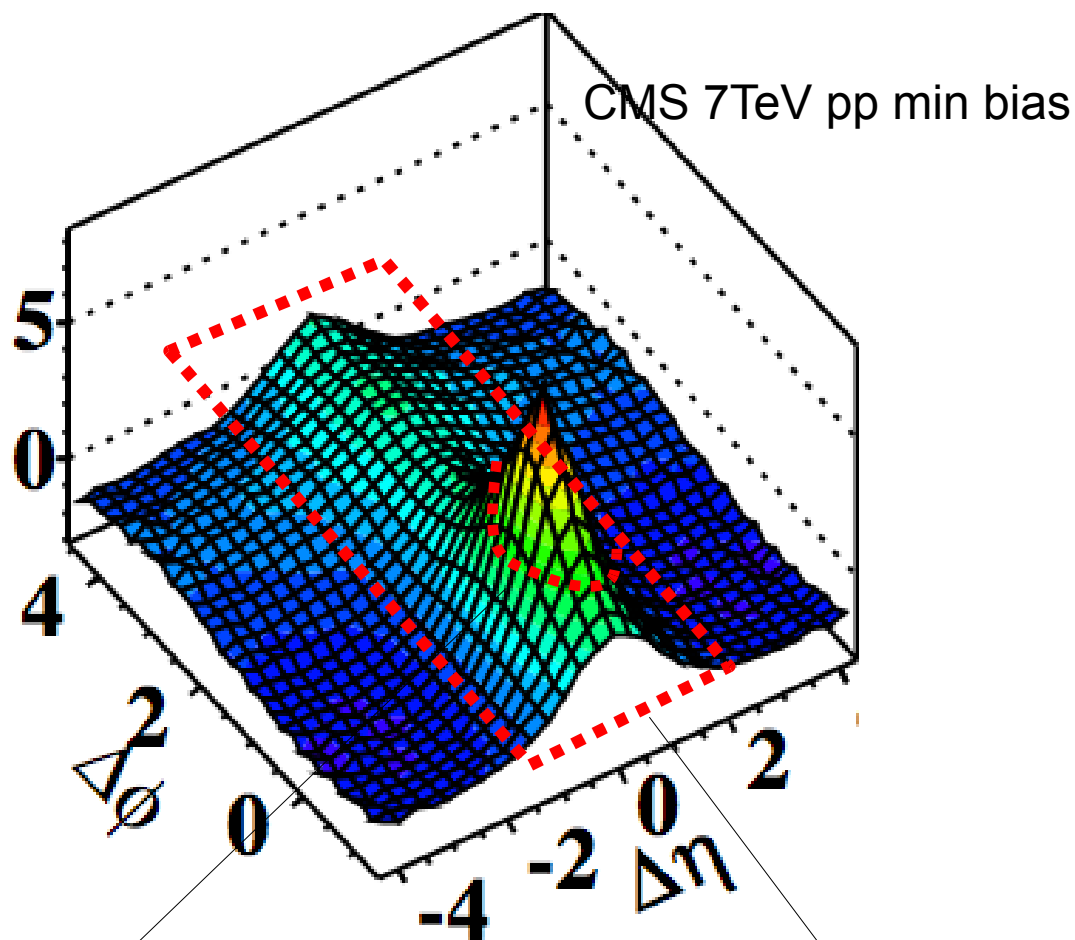
$$\Delta\phi = \phi_1 - \phi_2$$

Ridge Atonomy



Short-range correlations ($|\Delta\eta| < 2$):
String fragmentation, resonances, ...

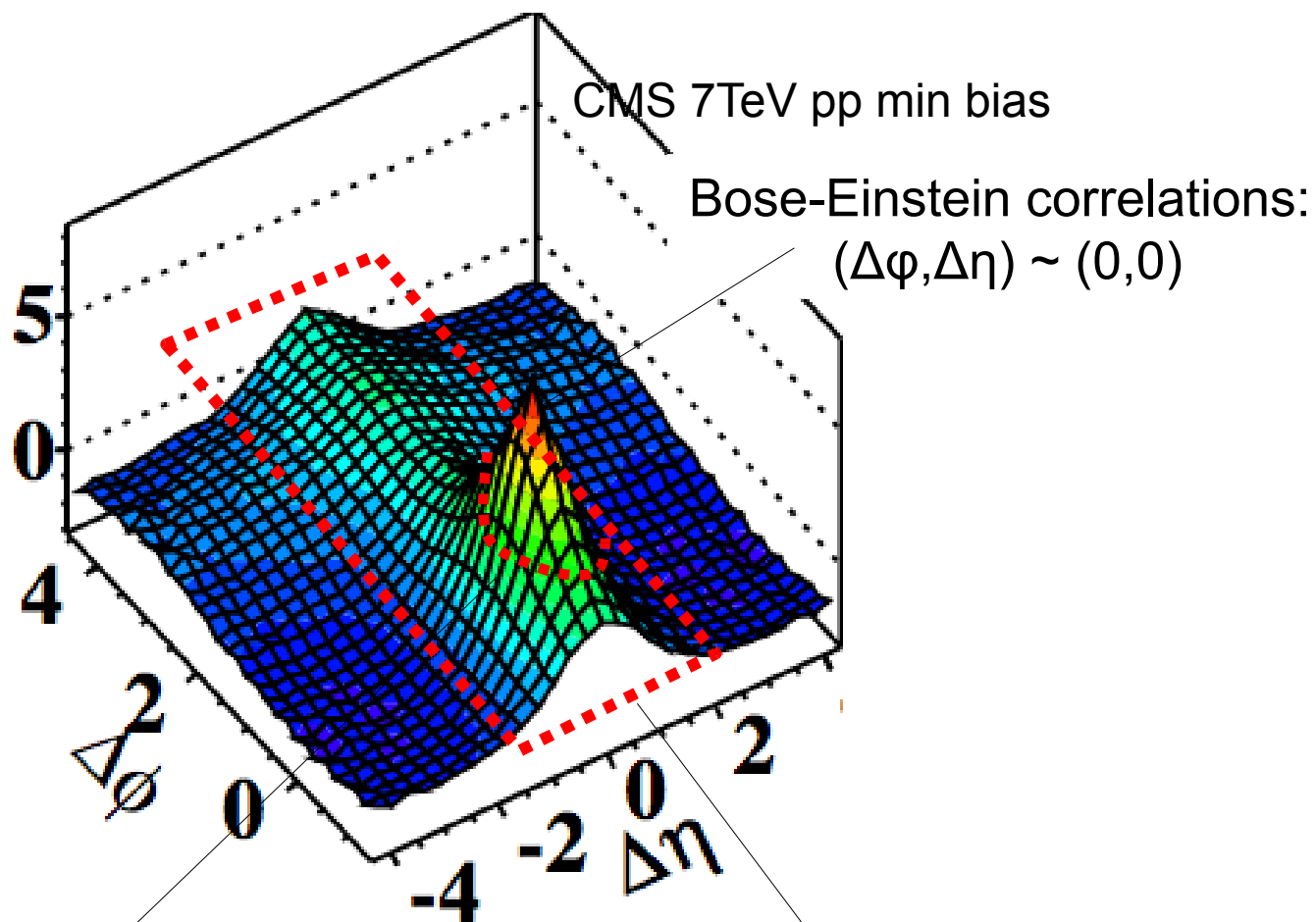
Ridge Atonomy



“Near-side” , $\Delta\phi \sim 0$ jet peak:
Correlation of particles
within a single jet

Short-range correlations ($|\Delta\eta| < 2$):
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Resonances, string fragmentation,
“clusters”

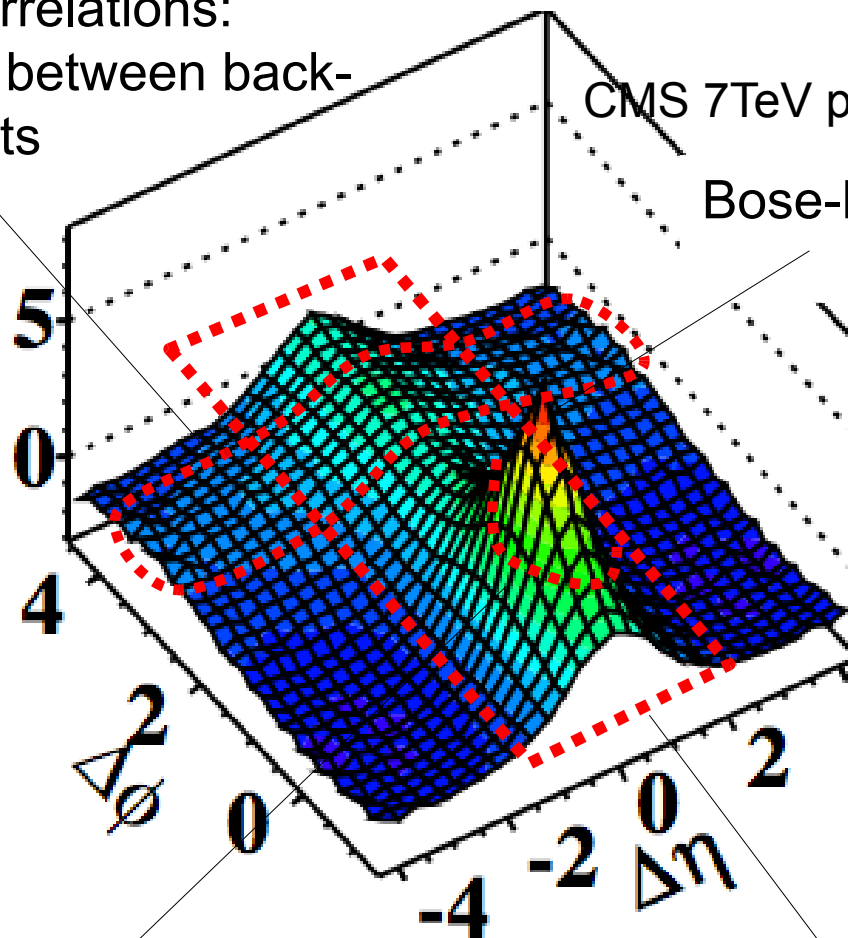
Ridge Atonomy

“Away-side” jet correlations:

Correlation of particles between back-to-back jets

CMS 7TeV pp min bias

Bose-Einstein correlations:
 $(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta) \sim (0,0)$



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Correlation of particles
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Short-range correlations ($|\Delta\eta| < 2$):
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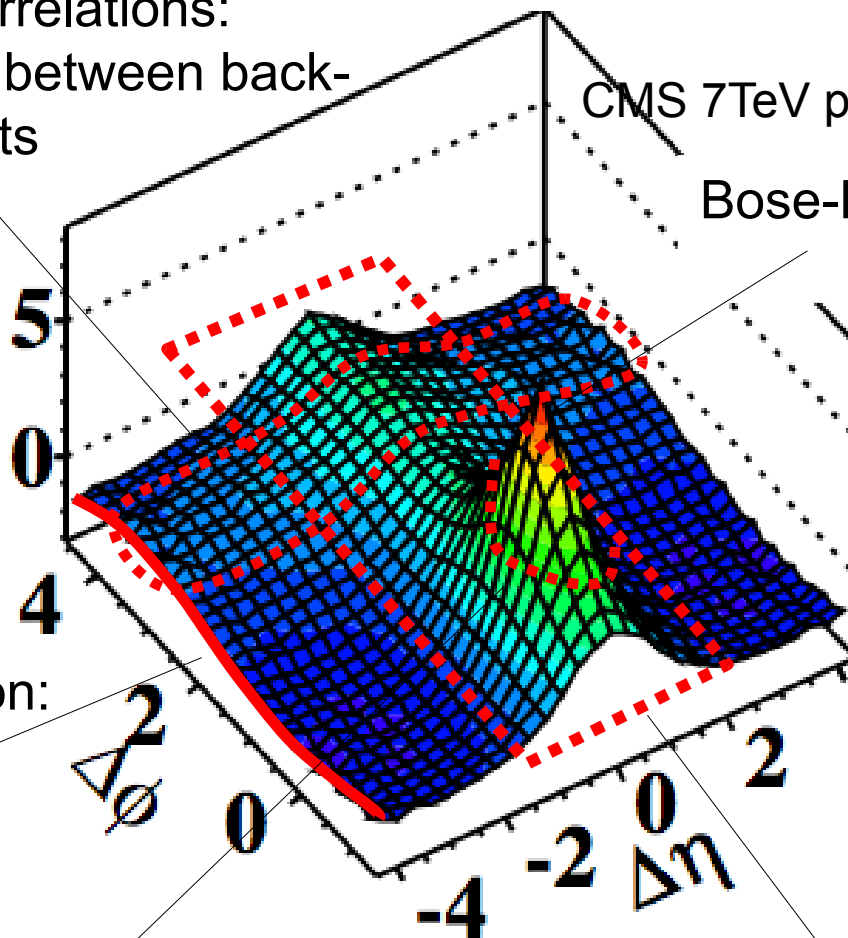
Ridge Atonomy

“Away-side” jet correlations:

Correlation of particles between back-to-back jets

CMS 7TeV pp min bias

Bose-Einstein correlations:
 $(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta) \sim (0,0)$



Momentum conservation:
 $\sim -\cos(\Delta\phi)$

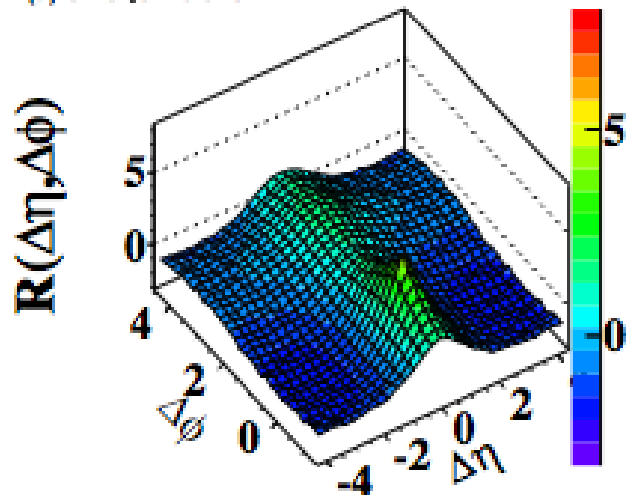
“Near-side”, $\Delta\phi \sim 0$ jet peak:
Correlation of particles
within a single jet

Short-range correlations ($|\Delta\eta| < 2$):
Resonances, string fragmentation,
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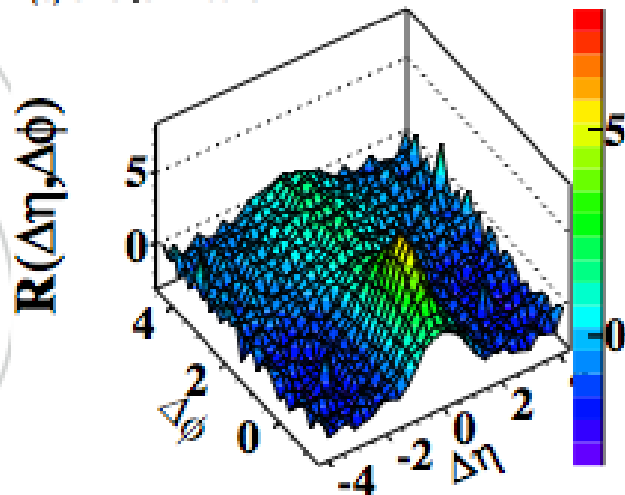
Results - MB

CMS pp Data

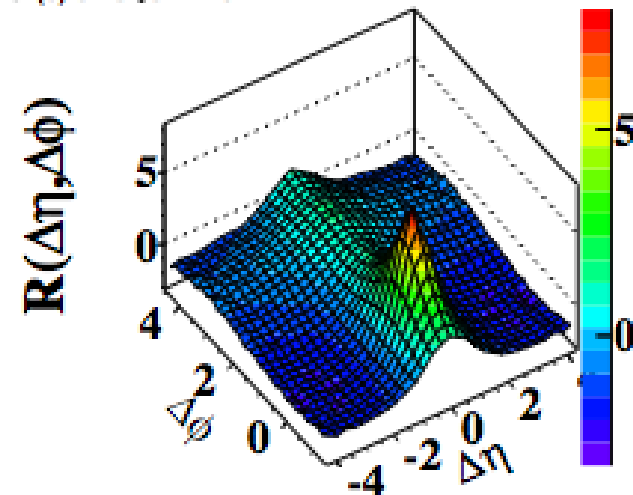
(a) CMS $\sqrt{s} = 0.9\text{TeV}$



(b) CMS $\sqrt{s} = 2.36\text{TeV}$

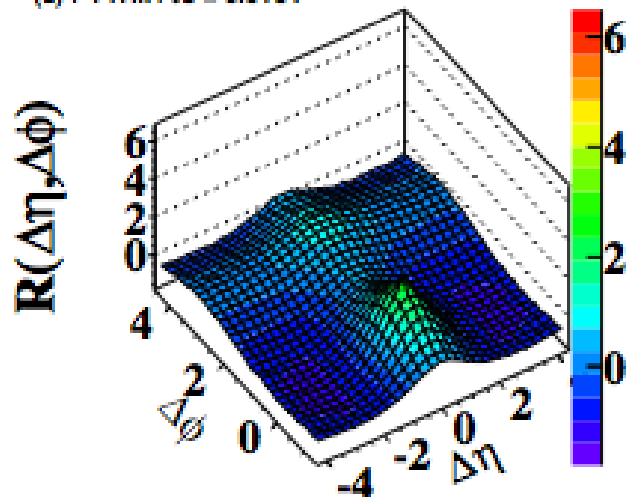


(c) CMS $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$

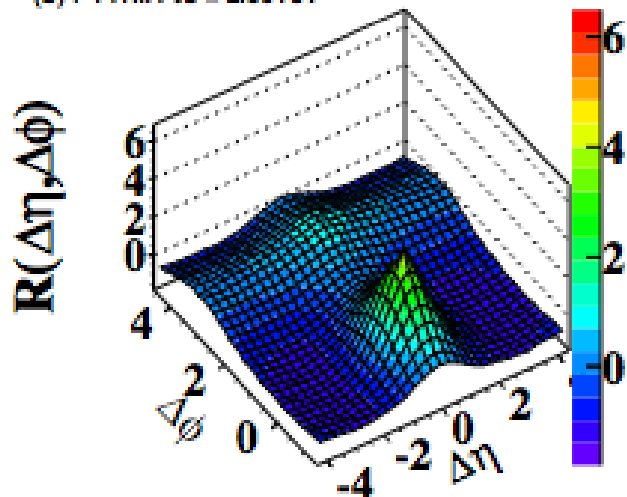


Pythia D6T

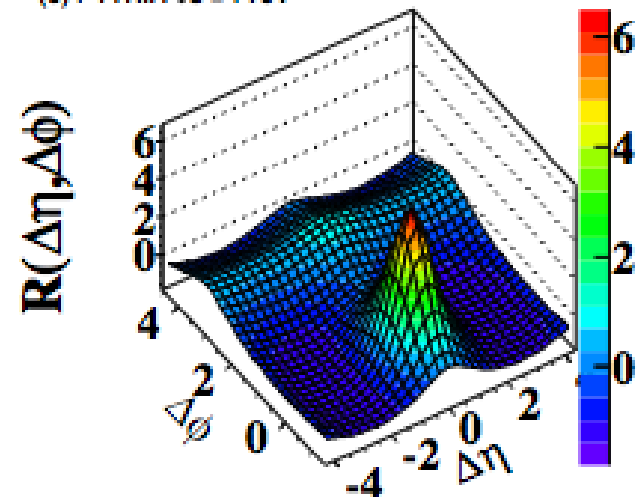
(a) PYTHIA $\sqrt{s} = 0.9\text{TeV}$



(b) PYTHIA $\sqrt{s} = 2.36\text{TeV}$



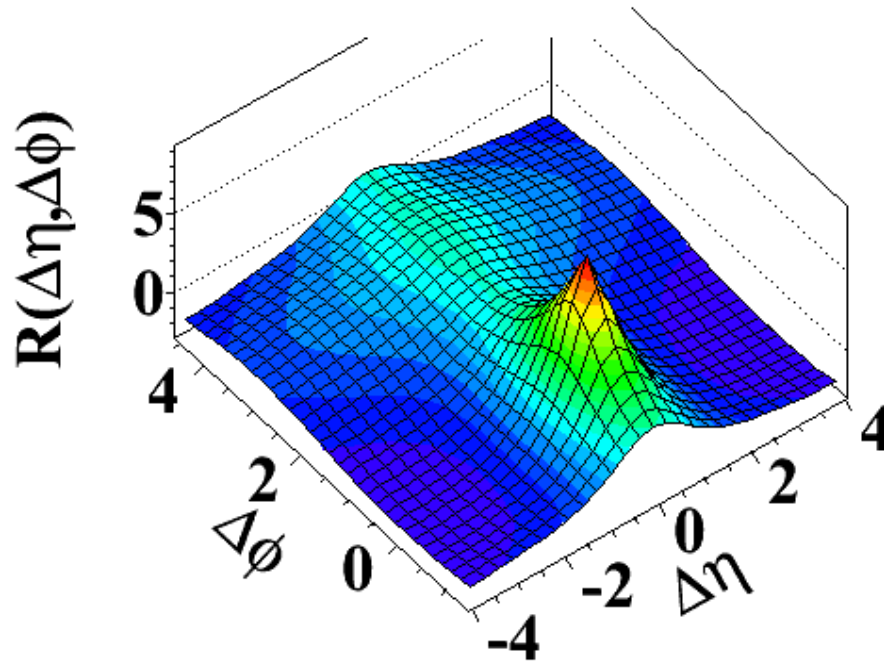
(c) PYTHIA $\sqrt{s} = 7\text{TeV}$



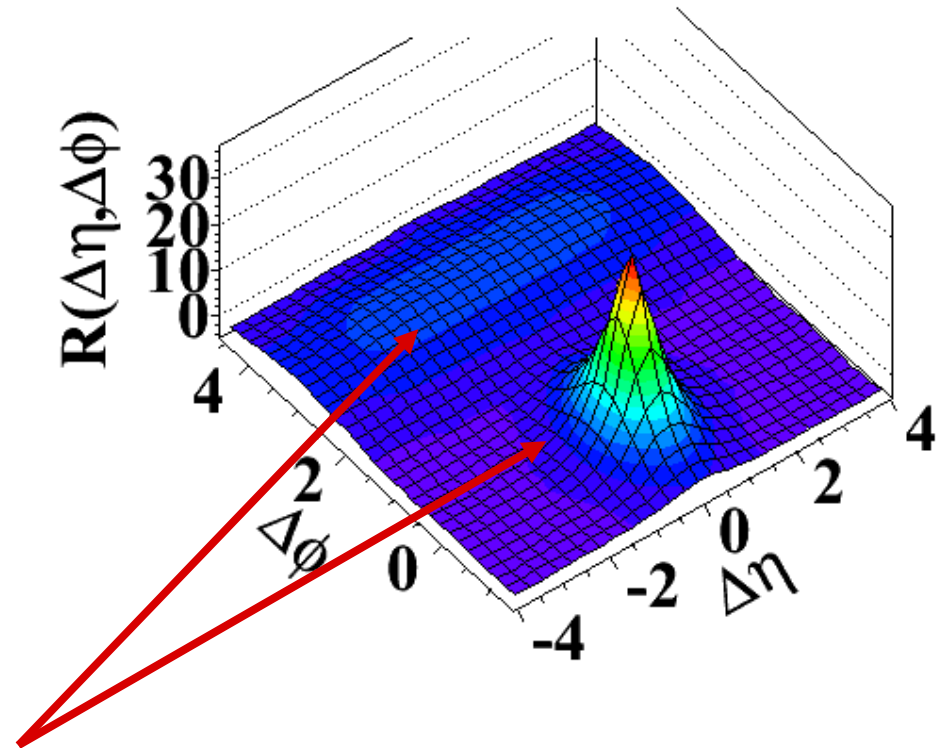
MinBias

high multiplicity ($N > 110$)

(a) MinBias, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$



(c) $N > 110$, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$



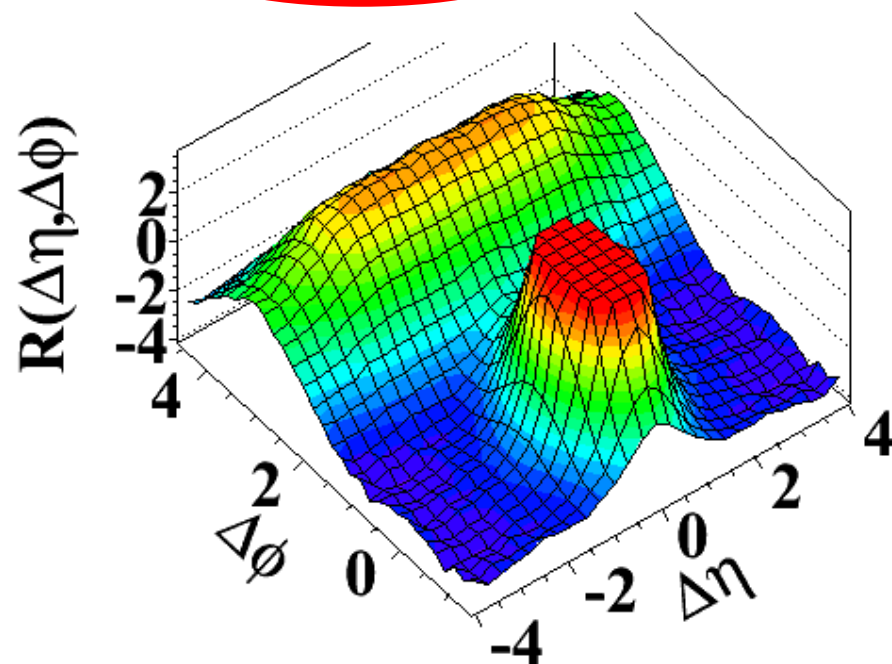
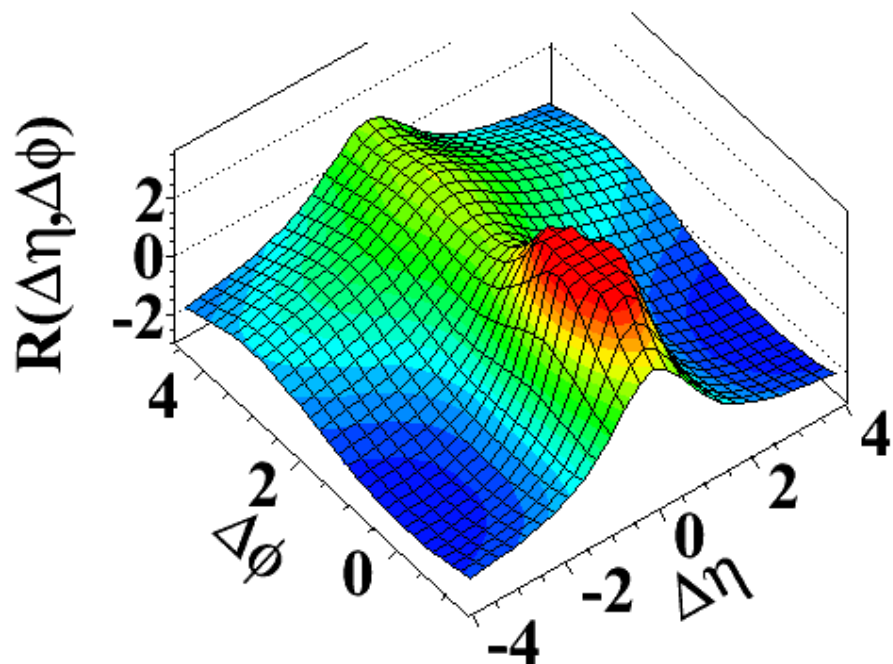
**Jet peak/away-side correlations enhanced in high multiplicity events.
Abundant jet production in high multiplicity sample.**

MinBias

high multiplicity ($N > 110$)

(a) MinBias, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$

(c) $N > 110$, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$ pt-integrated



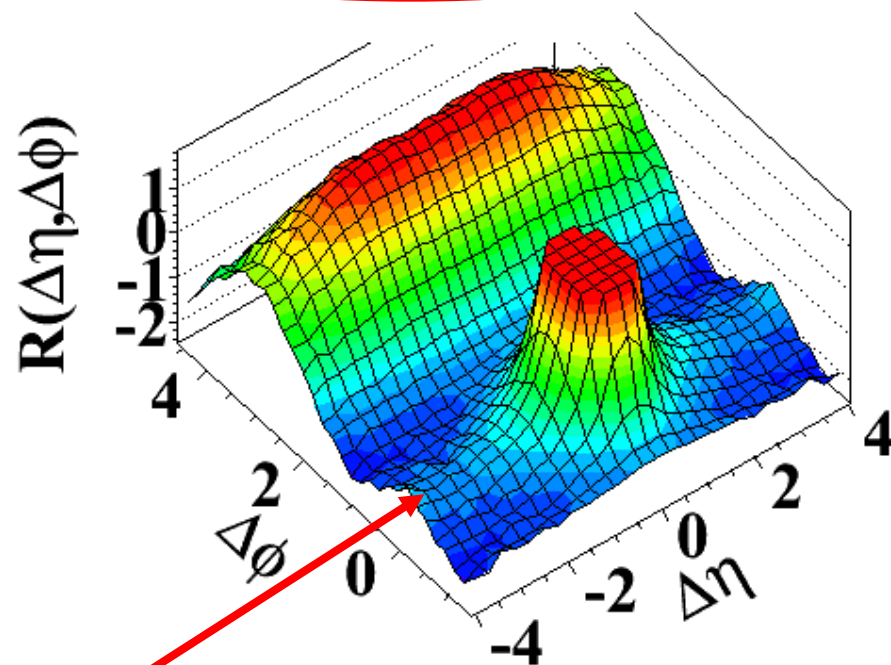
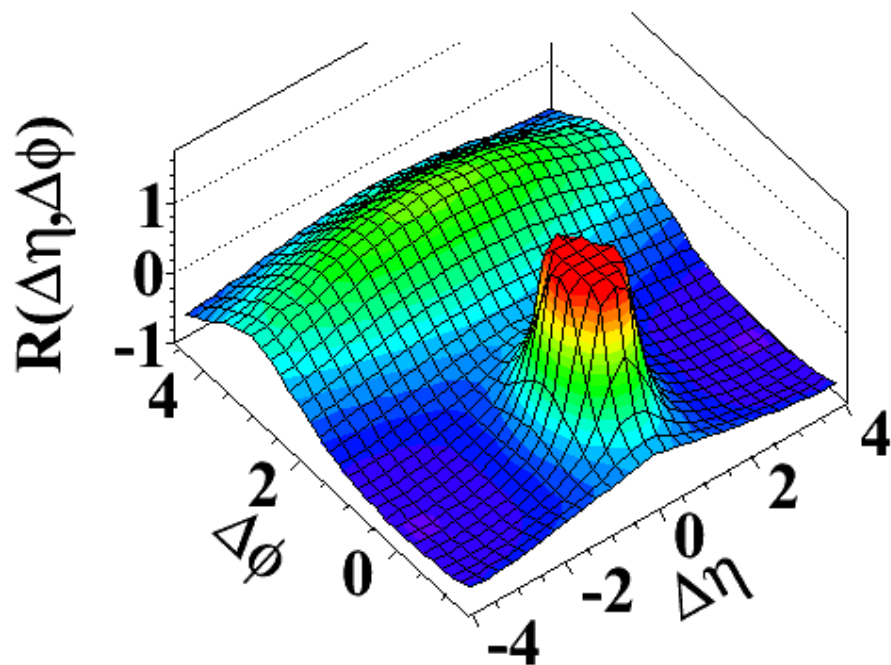
After cutting off the jet peak at (0,0) we can observe:
Structure of away-side ridge (back-to-back jets).
Possibly small effect at large $|\Delta\eta|$ around $\Delta\phi \sim 0$

MinBias

high multiplicity ($N > 110$)

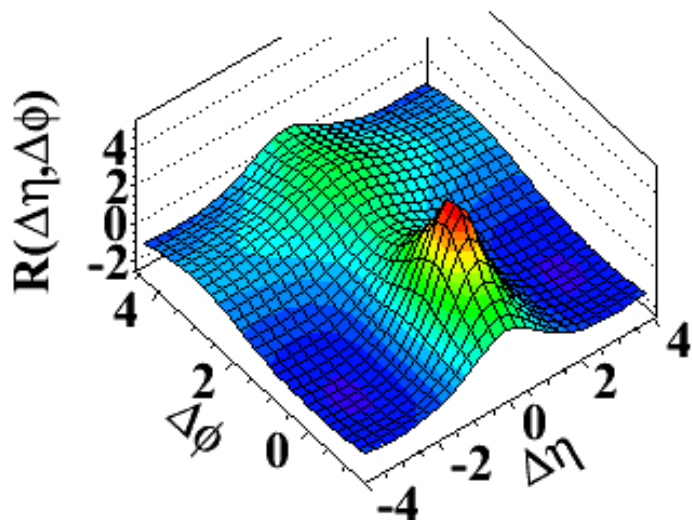
(b) MinBias, $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

(d) $N > 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

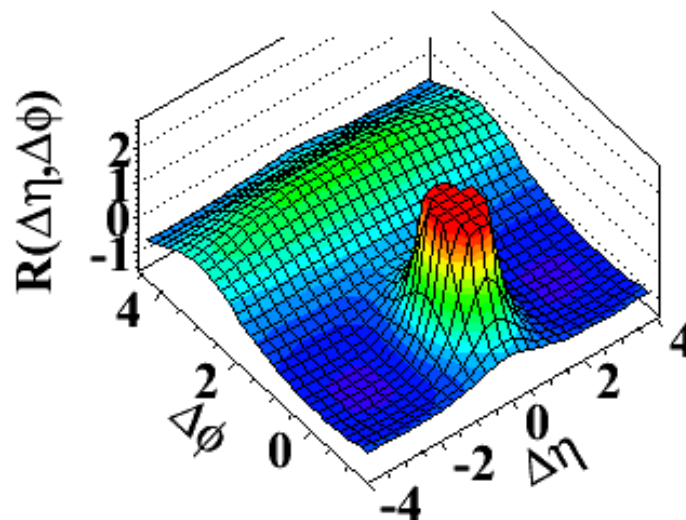


Pronounced new structure at large $|\Delta\eta|$ around $\Delta\phi \sim 0$!

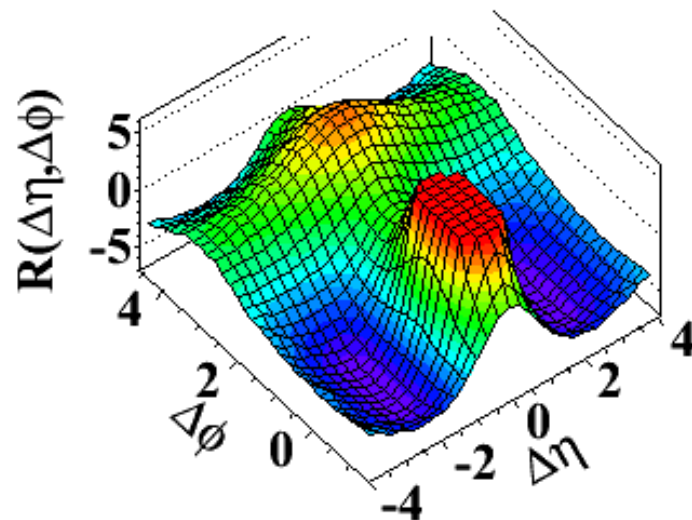
(a) MinBias, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$



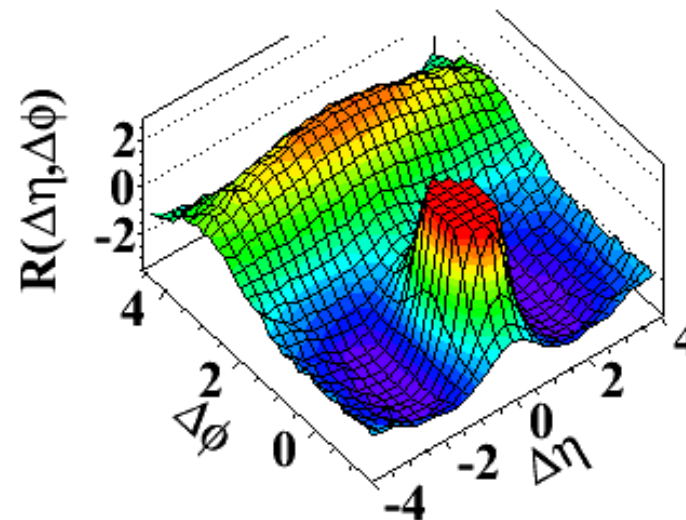
(b) MinBias, $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



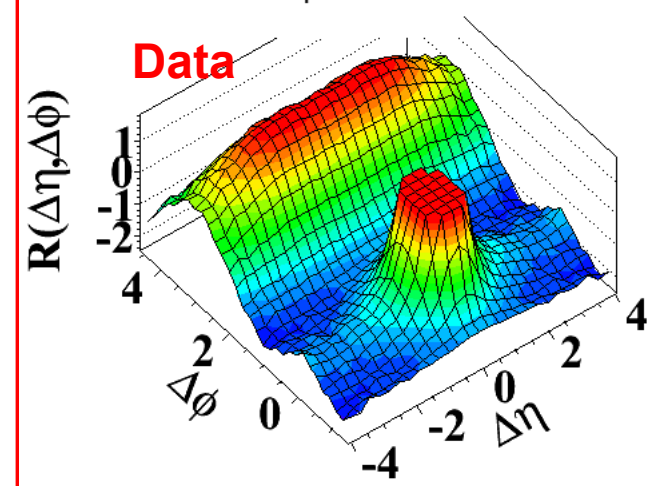
(c) $N > 110$, $p_T > 0.1 \text{ GeV/c}$



(d) $N > 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



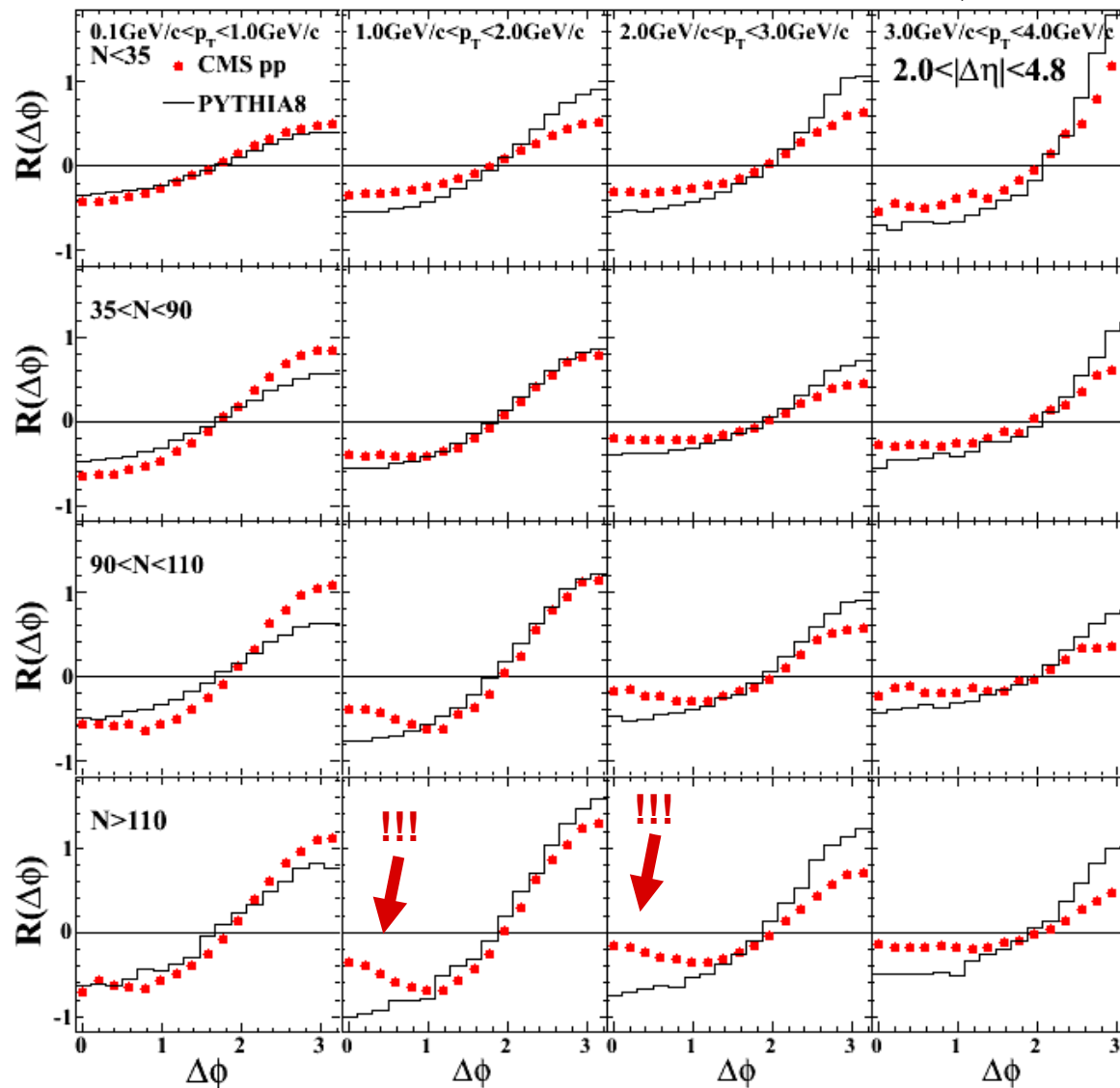
(d) $N > 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV/c} < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV/c}$



No ridge seen in Pythia 8
Same for Herwig++, madgraph, PYTHIA6

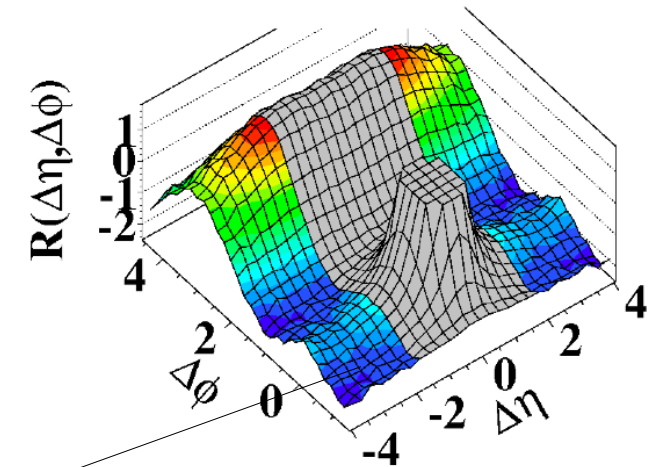
Increasing p_T

Increasing multiplicity



Project $|\Delta\eta| > 2$
onto $\Delta\phi$

(d) $N > 110$, $1.0 \text{ GeV}/c < p_T < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



(Fully corrected
7 TeV data.)

“Ridge” maximal for highest multiplicity and $1 < p_T < 3 \text{ GeV}/c$

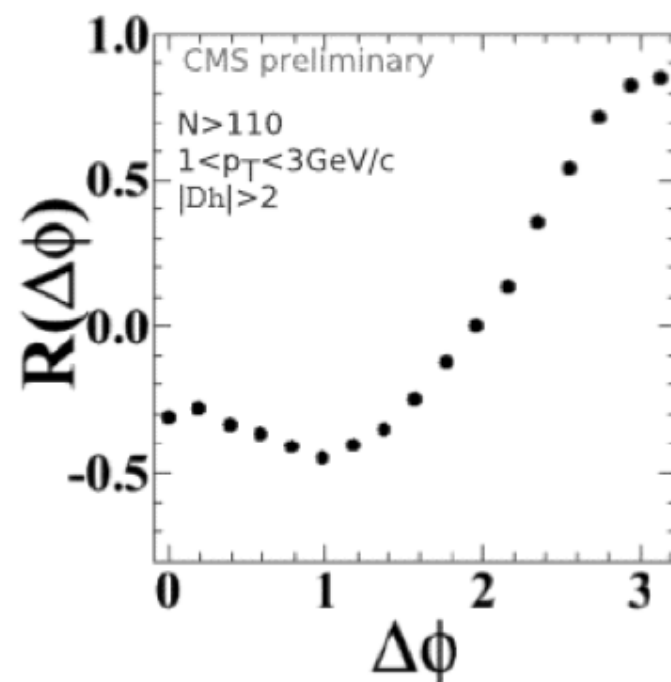
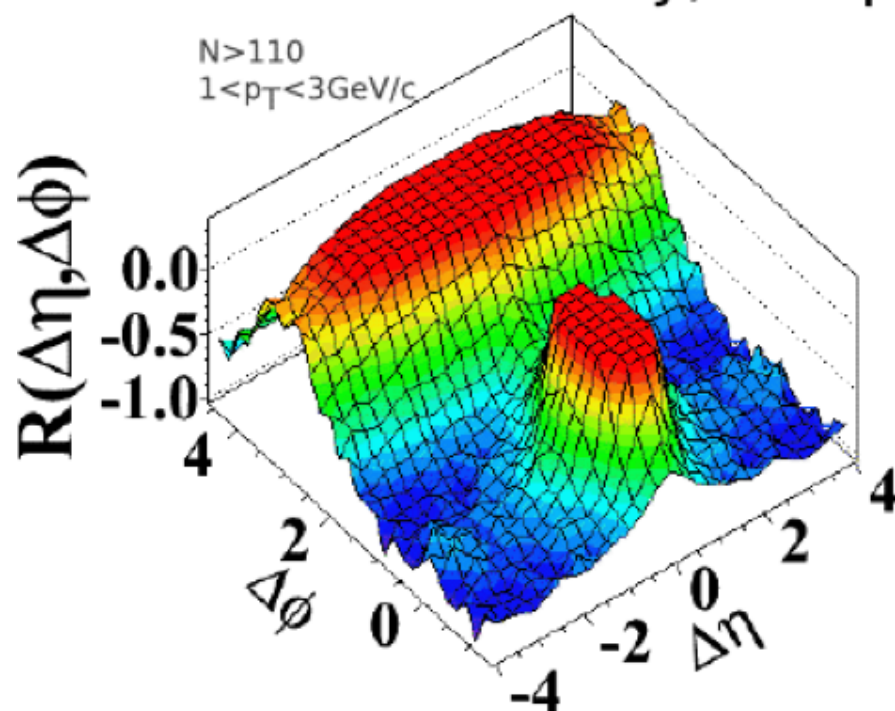


Photon-Photon Correlations



Many cross-checks were done...
Here is one example.

Use ECAL “photon” signal
Mostly single photons from p^0 's
No efficiency, and p_T , f smearing corrections



Qualitative confirmation
Independent detector, independent reconstruction

- The results of the CMS measurement

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were summarized.

- An unexpected correlation effect has been observed **at large $|\Delta\eta|$ around $\Delta\phi \sim 0$** . - “The Ridge”:
 - Most pronounced at high multiplicities ($N > 110$)
 - Most pronounced at $1 < p_t < 3$ GeV
 - Not observed at low multiplicity events
 - Not observed in Monte Carlo generators