Can HERA tell us about long range particle correlations at LHC?

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ZEUS

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HERA

Introduction Long range correlations at HERA (mainly ZEUS)

Conclusions

Colour strings in e+e-, ep, and pp



A. Geiser, long range correlations at HERA/LHC

Long range two-particle correlations in CMS



could it simply be a rediscovery of colour strings/dipoles as a source of gluon radiation between (semi-)hard partons and proton remnant?



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A. Geiser, long range correlations at HERA/LHC

Observation of colour strings/dipoles

in hadronic energy flow in DIS at HERA: Z. Phys. C59 (1993) 231



Observation of colour strings/dipoles

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Also studied in momentum flow; thesis C. Catterall, UCL 1995



retical models.

Figure 7.8: Momentum flow versus Figure 7.9: Particle flow versus $\Delta \eta$, $\Delta\eta$ showing 1993 ZEUS data and the showing 1993 ZEUS data and the Monte Carlo predictions of three theo- Monte Carlo predictions of three theoretical models.



7.10 Correlations between $\Delta \eta$ and $\Delta \phi$



Figure 7.17: Correlation between $\Delta \phi$ and $\Delta \eta$ in uncorrected ZEUS 1993 DIS data. Figure 7.17 shows the momentum flow in the $\Delta\phi$ - $\Delta\eta$ plane, for 1993 ZEUS data which has not been corrected for detector effects. The most noticeable feature of these distributions is the correlation between $\Delta\eta$ and $\Delta\phi$ in the region of the current peak. Here, again, it is clear that the current peak is shifted forward from the QPM expectation of $\Delta\eta = 0$, but in azimuth occupies the expected region of $\Delta\phi = \pi$.

In the lower two bins of lower x, mometum flow associated with the remnant appears as a region of random azimuthal distribution at large $\Delta \eta$. For the higher x bins the remnant region is outside of the CTD acceptance.

It is interesting that a degree of correlation with $\Delta \phi = \pi$ extends forward well beyond the region of the current peak, and is discernable up to $\Delta \eta \approx 2$, which means that at two units of pseudorapidity forward from the nominal quark direction, the momentum flow is still affected in some way by the current.

This is perhaps the result of colour flow between the struck quark and the remnant, and of the forward pulling of the current peak, and is discussed further in the next chapter.

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also studied $\Delta \eta - \Delta \phi$ correlations:

thesis 1995

C. Catterall

A "ridge" in momentum, azimuthally correlated with the struck quark, extends in η between the current and target peaks, evidence of QCD "string" interactions.

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"ridge" in long range correlations at CMS

not only at high multiplicity!



igure 8: Projections of 2-D correlation functions onto $\Delta \phi$ for 2.0 < $|\Delta \eta| < 4.8$ in different p_T nd multiplicity bins for fully corrected 7 TeV pp data and reconstructed PYTHIA8 simulations. From bars are smaller than the symbols.

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A. Geiser, long range correlations at HERA/LHC

Summary and conclusions

Enhanced hadronic activity due to coulour strings between final state partons and/or proton remnants has been observed:

in the early nineties at LEP (3-jet events): well known
colour strings span between q and g jets
-> more hadronic activity between q and g jets than between
q and q jets

in the mid-nineties at HERA (DIS events): this talk single colour string between outgoing struck quark and proton remnant

-> enhanced hadronic activity between the two,

-> "ridge" in long range azimuthal correlations

have colour strings/dipoles been rediscovered at LHC? any reason why they shouldn't be there?

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