A Metadata Catalogue – not only for Lattice Data

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TA2 Meeting

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Overview

1. Rationale

2. Implementation

3. Status and Plans

Rationale behind a MDC

FAIR principles, in particular

Wilkinson 2016

- F1 globally unique and persistent ID assigned to (M)D
- F4 (M)D registered or indexed in a searchable resource \rightarrow MDC
- A1 (M)D retrievable by ID using standardized protocols
- A1.2 protocol allows authentication/authorization procedure where necessary
- A2 MD accessible even if data is no longer available
 - conceptually refer to three types of entities:
 - data = any digital object
 - metadata (MD) = information about a digital object
 - infrastructure
 - define guiding principles, not an implementation

MDC Implementation

Assumption: data objects may be large (while volume of MD is moderate)

thus

- data storage is usually distributed
- efficient searching requires metadata to be stored separately from data
- resource for registration of (meta)data can be centralized (→ MDC)

Logically the MDC is a database with

- ID = primary key
- MD schema = well-defined (and flexible) structure of attribute values (with possibly different schemas for different collections of (meta)data)

and implemented as a webservice with API contract + client tools for

- search (F4): Query \rightarrow Set of ID
- $\bullet \ \, \mathsf{retrieval} \ (\mathsf{A1}) \mathsf{:} \quad \mathsf{ID} \to \mathsf{MD} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{(in \ different \ representations/formats)}$

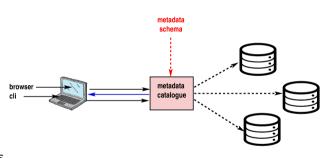
MDC Use-case in ILDG

Metadata

- follows a well-defined and rich schema
- stored separately from (big) data
- searchable in central catalogue(s)

MDC supports

- validation of MD against a (freely configurable) MD schema
- flexible search in MD content
- relations between different data entities
- fine-grained access control for metadata (and data)



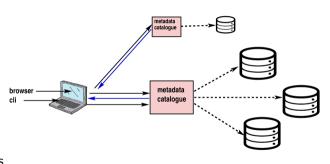
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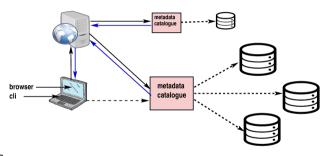
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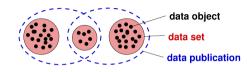
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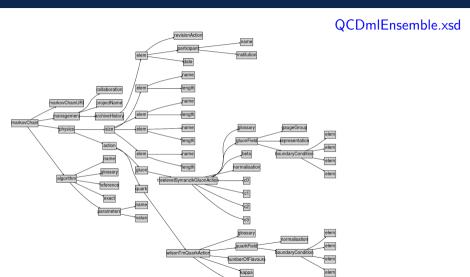


Identifiers and MD Schemas in ILDG



entity	ID	MD includes information on			
		relations	content	data storage	access control
data objects	lfn	unique mcu	/	✓	
\downarrow					\uparrow
data sets	mcu		~	_	✓
$\nwarrow \uparrow \nearrow$					
data publication	doi	set of mcu	✓		

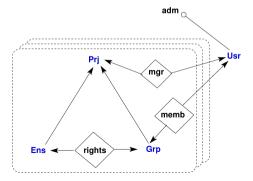
Tree structure of content metadata in ILDG



Fine-grained access control model

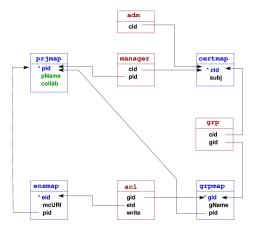
- Each data set (Ens) is associated with a unique project (Prj)
- Each project has a corresponding group of users with manager rights (mgr)
- Managers can define additional user groups (Grp) for the corresponding project
- ullet Each user group has specific access rights (R/W) for the (meta)data sets of the project

Entity relationships:



Attribute service of MDC

Tables (with API for CRUD operations):



N.B.: pName and collab must match corresponding entries in managment part of metadata

Status and Plans

MDC of ILDG is running since 2008, but

uses SOAP API and out-dated software

supports only 2 MD schemas

AA is based on grid certificates and VO attributes

Step 1: Re-build (in progress), e.g. for (test) instances in PUNCH

- container-ready (Docker image and Helm scripts)
- deployment in Kubernetes (or other) cluster

Step 2: Re-design (or adaption of other designs)

- REST API
- multiple MD schemas
- token-based AA

web interface

WSDL

II DG

VOMS

VOIVIS