

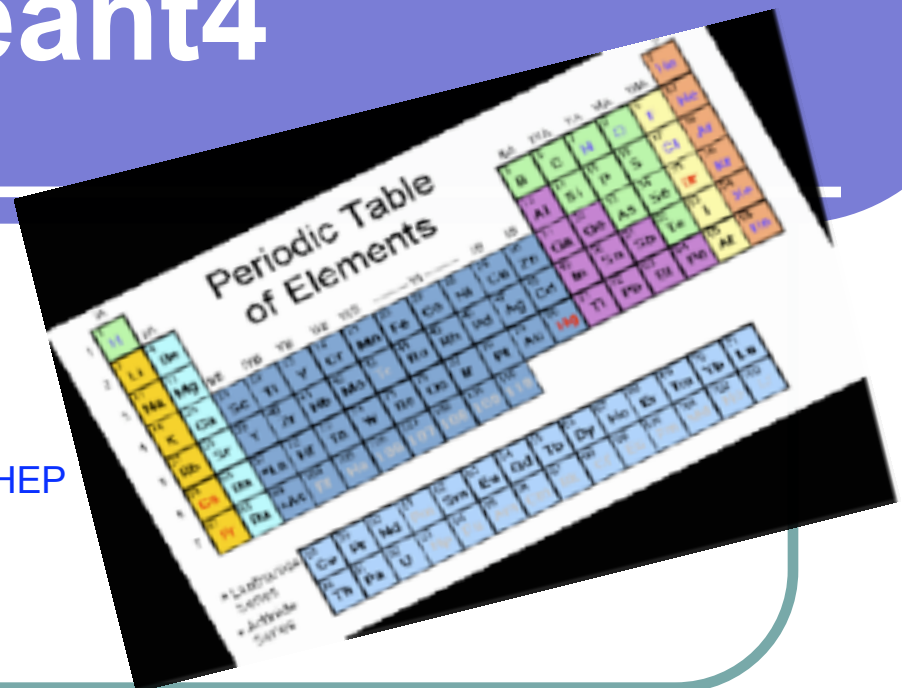
Quick Intro to

# Materials in Geant4

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# Contents

- Command syntax
- Macro file
- G4Uterminal
- Defining basic UI command

# Materials, Elements and isotopes

Nature

General Considerations

Different Materials

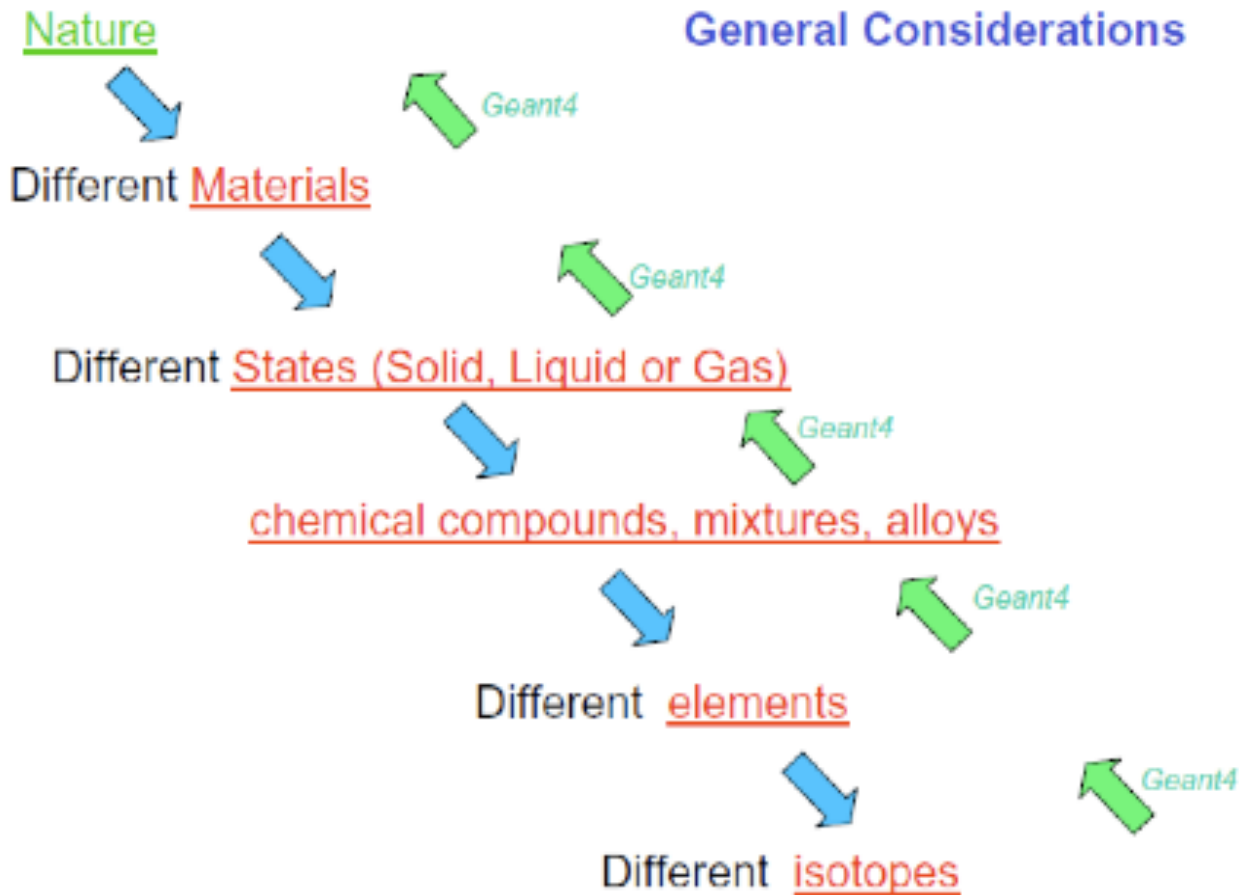
Different States (Solid, Liquid or Gas)

chemical compounds, mixtures, alloys

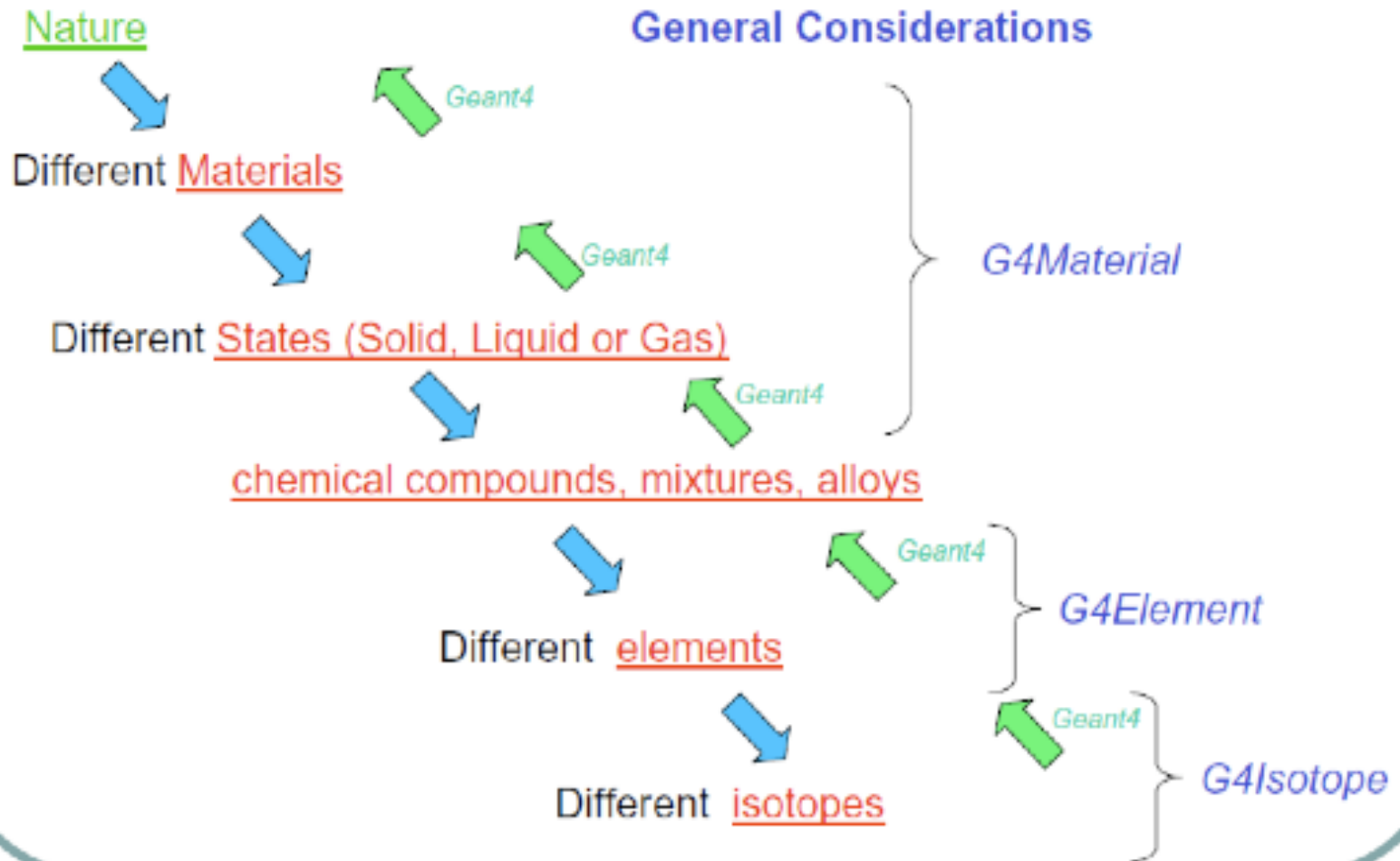
Different elements

Different isotopes

# Materials, Elements and isotopes



## General Considerations



The *G4Element* and *G4Isotope* class describes the properties of the atoms:

- atomic number,
- number of nucleons,
- atomic mass,
- as well as quantities such as cross sections per atom, etc.

The *G4Material* class describes the macroscopic properties of matter:

- density,
- state,
- temperature,
- pressure,
- as well as macroscopic quantities like radiation length, mean free path,  $dE/dx$ , etc.

(A) One way of defining an Isotope

G4Isotope.hh

(B) Twos ways of defining an Element

How to use `AddIsotope(...)` with abundance

G4Element.hh

(C) Three ways of defining a Material

How to use `AddElement(...)` with natomes

How to use `AddMaterial(...)` with fractionmass

G4Material.hh

# Isotopes.

## Public Member Function

*Only one way of defining an Isotope*

`G4Isotope (const G4string &name, G4int Z, G4int n, G4double A.)`

Name of the element

Atomic number

Number of nuclei  
Or Mass number

Molar mass  
In unit of  
mass/mole

### Small example 1:

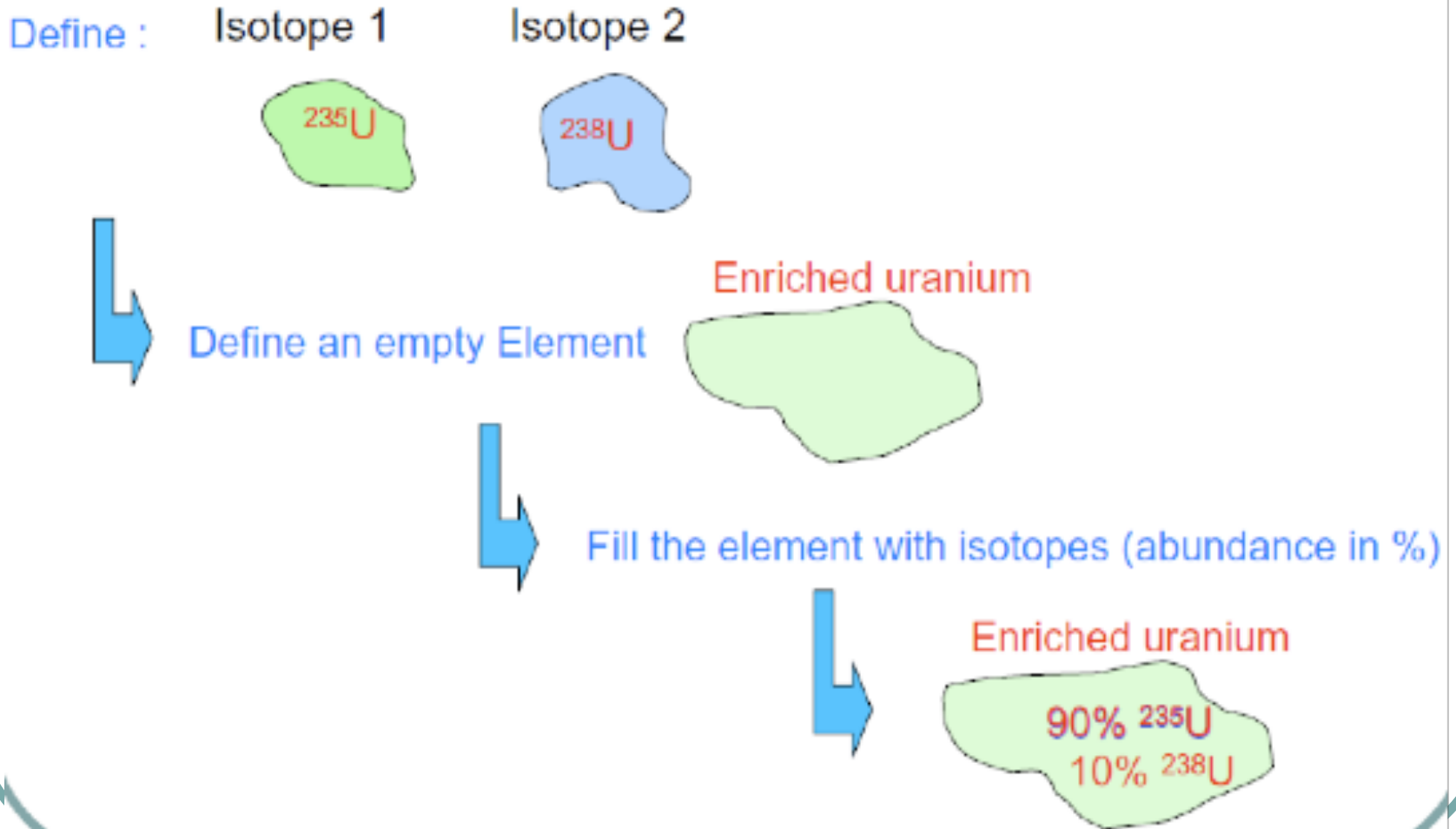
```
G4string symbol;
```

```
G4double Z, A;
```

```
G4Isotope* iso_U8 = new G4Isotope("U238" ,symbol="O" , z= 8, n=238, a= 238.03*g/mole);
```



# Elements with isotopes (example)



# Elements.

## Public Member Function

*First way of defining an element using isotopes*

```
G4Element(const G4string &name, const G4string &symbol, G4int nb_isotop )
```

Name of the element

Symbol of the element

Number of isotopes

### Small example 3:

```
G4string symbol;  
G4int ncomponents;  
G4Element* U = new G4Element("enriched Uranium",symbol="U",ncomponents=2);
```

# Elements with isotopes (example)

## **Step 1:**

```
G4string symbol; G4int z, n; G4double a;  
G4Isotope* iso_U8 = new G4Isotope("U238", symbol="O", z= 92, n=238, a= 238.03*g/  
mole);  
G4Isotope* iso_U5 = new G4Isotope("U235", symbol="O", z= 92, n=235, a= 235.01*g/  
mole);
```

## **Step 2:**

```
G4int ncomponents;  
G4Element* el_U = new  
G4Element("enrichedUranium", symbol="U", ncomponents=2);
```

## **Step 3:**

```
el_U->AddIsotope(U5, abundance=  
90.*perCent);  
el_U->AddIsotope(U8, abundance= 10.*perCent);
```

# Elements. (simple way)

## Public Member Function

*simple way of defining an element*

```
G4Element(const G4string &name, const G4string &symbol, G4double Zeff, G4double Aeff )
```

Name of the element

Symbol of the element

Atomic number

Molar mass  
or  
Mass number  
In unit of Mass/mole

### Small example 2:

```
G4string symbol;
```

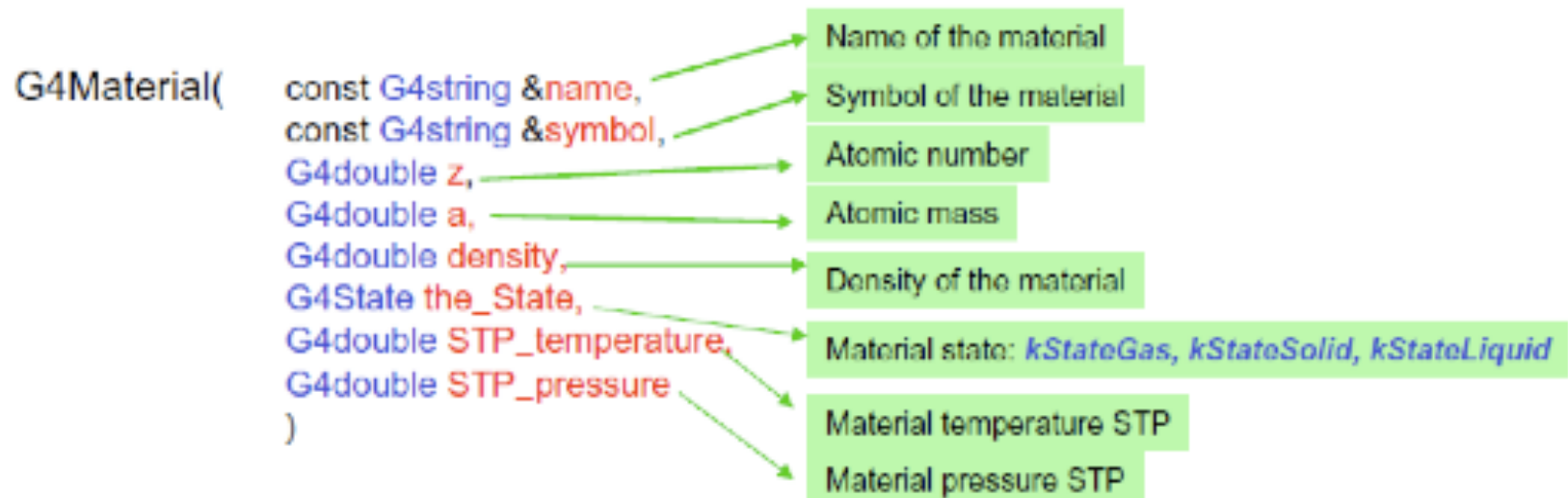
```
G4double Z, A;
```

```
G4Element* el_O = new G4Element("Oxygen" ,symbol="O" , z= 8., a= 16.00*g/mole);
```

# Materials. (simple way)

## Public Member Function

*simple way of defining a Material using simple elements*



# Materials. (Mixture)

## Public Member Function

*One way of defining a Material using mixture*

```
G4Material(  const G4string &name,  →  Name of the material
             const G4string &symbol,  →  Symbol of the material
             G4int nb_components,  →  Number of components
             G4State the_State,  →  Material state: kStateGas, kStateSolid, kStateLiquid
             G4double STP_temperature,  →  Material temperature STP
             G4double STP_pressure  →  Material pressure STP
             )
```

# Example Materials. (simple way)

Directly using the information of an element !!

```
G4double z, a, density, T, P;
```

```
G4Material* mat_Al = new G4Material( "Aluminium",  
                                     z=13.,  
                                     a=26.98*g/mole,  
                                     density=2.700*g/cm3  
                                     kStateSolid,  
                                     T=273.*kelvin,  
                                     P=1.*atmosphere);
```

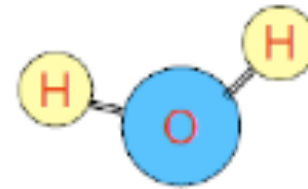
OR  
simply

```
G4double z, a, density;  
G4Material* mat_Al = new G4Material( "Aluminium",  
                                     z=13.,  
                                     a=26.98*g/mole,  
                                     density=2.700*g/cm3 );
```

# Example Materials. (diff elements)

Example of water molecule

```
G4double z,a,density;  
G4int ncomponents;  
G4string symbol;
```



```
G4Element* el_H = new G4Element("Hydrogen",symbol="H" , z= 1., a= 1.01*g/mole);  
G4Element* el_O = new G4Element("Oxygen" ,symbol="O" , z= 8., a= 16.00*g/mole);
```

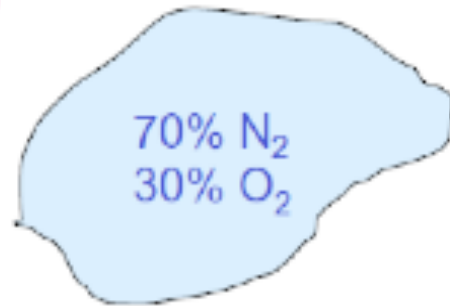
```
G4Material* mat_H2O = new G4Material("Water", density= 1.000*g/cm3, ncomponents=2);  
mat_H2O->AddElement(el_H, natoms=2);  
mat_H2O->AddElement(el_O, natoms=1);
```



# Example Materials. (Mixture)

Example of Air (simple one)

```
G4double z,a,density;  
G4int ncomponents;  
G4string symbol;
```



```
G4Element* el_N = new G4Element("Hydrogen",symbol="N" , z= 1., a= 1.01*g/mole);  
G4Element* el_O = new G4Element("Oxygen" ,symbol="O" , z= 8., a= 16.00*g/mole);
```

```
G4Material* mat_Air = new G4Material("Air" , density= 1.290*mg/cm3, ncomponents=2);  
mat_Air->AddElement(el_N, fractionmass=0.7);  
mat_Air->AddElement(el_O, fractionmass=0.3);
```

# Example Materials. (Mixture of elements and materials)

Example of Aerogel (62.5 % SiO<sub>2</sub>, 37.4% H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.1% C)

```
G4double z,a,density;  
G4int ncomponents;  
G4string symbol;
```

```
G4Element* el_N = new G4Element (..... etc  
G4Element* el_O = new G4Element (.....etc  
..... etc same for el_Si and el_C
```

```
G4Material* mat_SiO2 = new G4Material (..... etc  
G4Element* mat_H2O = new G4Material (.....etc
```

```
G4Material* mat_Aerog =  
new G4Material("Aerogel", density= 0.200*g/cm3, ncomponents=3);  
Aerog->AddMaterial(mat_SiO2, fractionmass=62.5*perCent);  
Aerog->AddMaterial(mat_H2O , fractionmass=37.4*perCent);  
Aerog->AddElement (el_C , fractionmass= 0.1*perCent);
```

# Elements and Materials *most elegante way !!*


Using the NIST Grant4 Database

```
#include "G4Material.hh"  
#include "G4NistManager.hh"
```



```
G4NistManager* man = G4NistManager::Instance();
```

```
// define pure NIST materials //  
G4Material* Al = man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_Al");  
G4Material* Cu = man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_Cu");
```



```
// define NIST materials //  
G4Material* H2O = man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_WATER");  
G4Material* SiO2 = man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_SILICON_DIOXIDE");  
G4Material* Air = man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_AIR");
```

# Summary Materials, Elements and Isotopes

For elements with isotopes

In Last Step :

```
el_U->AddIsotope(U5, abundance= 90.*perCent);
```

```
el_U->AddIsotope(U8, abundance= 10.*perCent);
```

For Materials (mixtures)

In Last Step :

```
mat_Material->AddElement(Element, natomes= ---);
```

Or

```
mat_Material->AddElement(Element, fractionmass= ---);
```

Or

```
mat_Material->AddMaterial(subMaterial, fractionmass= ---);
```

## Using the NIST Grant4 Database

```
#include "G4NistManager.hh"
```

```
G4NistManager* man = G4NistManager::Instance();
```

```
..... man->FindOrBuildMaterial("G4_WATER");
```

# Training

Lets start !!