

# BRIL & Luminosity

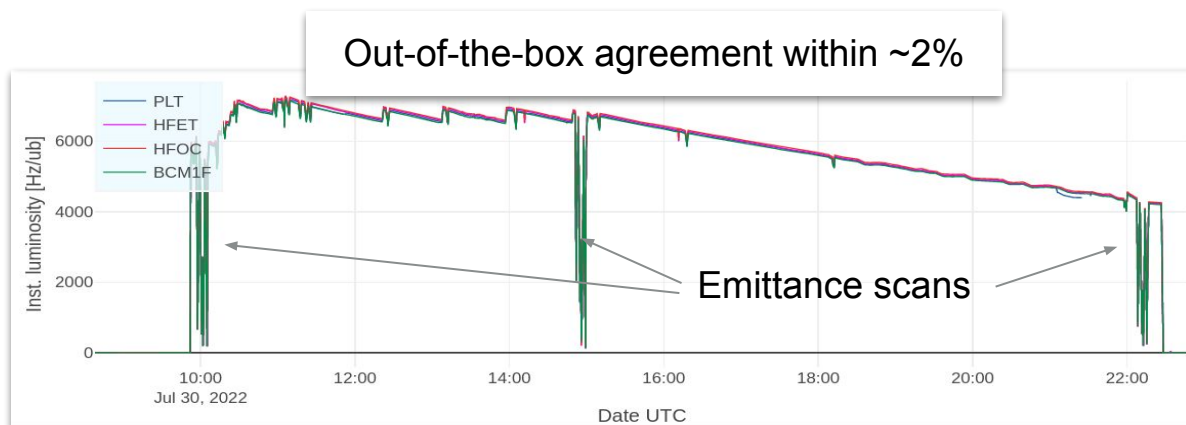
## Responsibilities, activities:

- People: 6 Ph.D students, 1 Postdoc, 3 staff, 1 emeritus
- DESY activities (~30 months of institutional responsibility and EPR)
  - BRIL IB chair: W. Lohmann (DESY) succeeded by S.Spanier (Tennessee)
  - Detector operations: (~15 months)
    - Online luminosity measurement with the fast beam condition monitor (BCM1F) L3 convener: Jonas Rübenach (-> completing thesis)
    - Maintenance and operation of the Beam Pickup Timing Device (BPTX)
  - Luminosity analysis (Run-2 and Run-3, ~15 months):
    - High-precision measurement of the integrated luminosity (->several students leaving in the next 6-9 months)
    - Z-boson counting: D.Walter (-> now CERN fellow)

# Luminosity Measurement

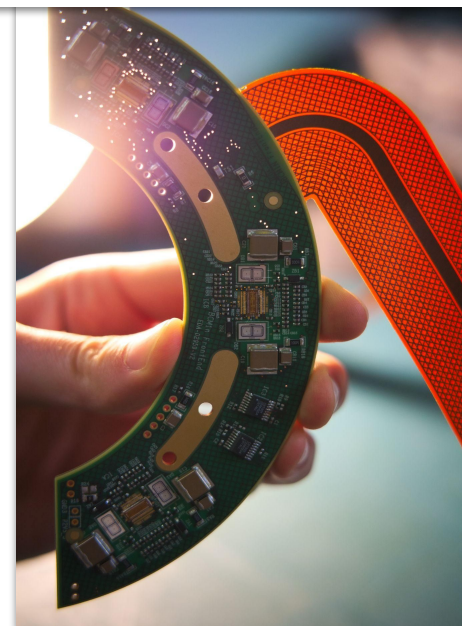
## Fast Beam Condition Monitor BCM1F

- Rebuilt for Run-3, Phase-2 Tracker Si-sensors, 48 channels
- Measure bunch-by-bunch online luminosity and background
- One of four online luminometers
- BCM1F assigned “bestlumi” for most of Run-3 so far.

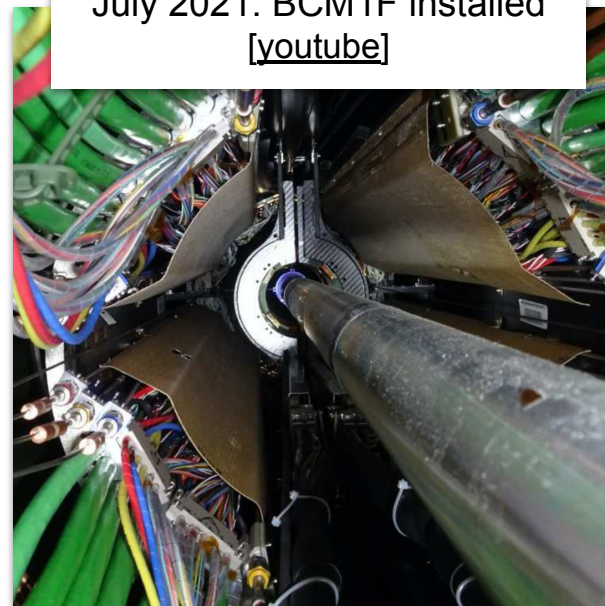


- Delivered integrated luminosity for Early Run-3 Analysis
  - $1.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  recorded 27 Jul – 2 Aug 22
  - Agrees with Z-boson counting
- Uncertainty estimate: ~6%
  - beam-beam interactions (~5%)
  - xy non-factorization (~2%)
  - beam-position calibration (~2%)
- Systematics to be studied using full vdM scans
  - 1st VdM scan took place 24-25 Sept, during LHCf run
  - VdM scan scheduled for Nov 9-11

BCM1F “C-shape”



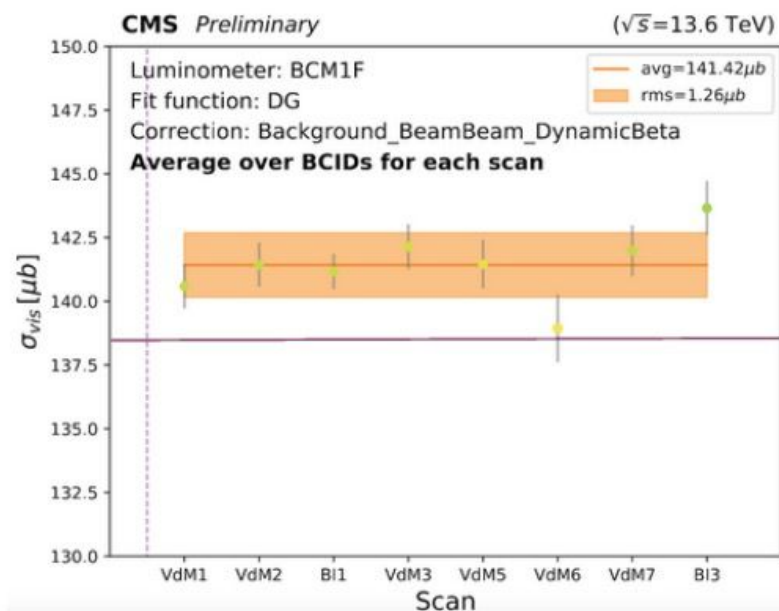
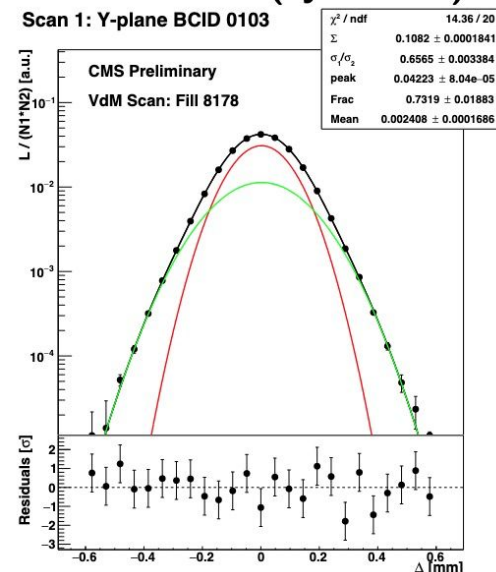
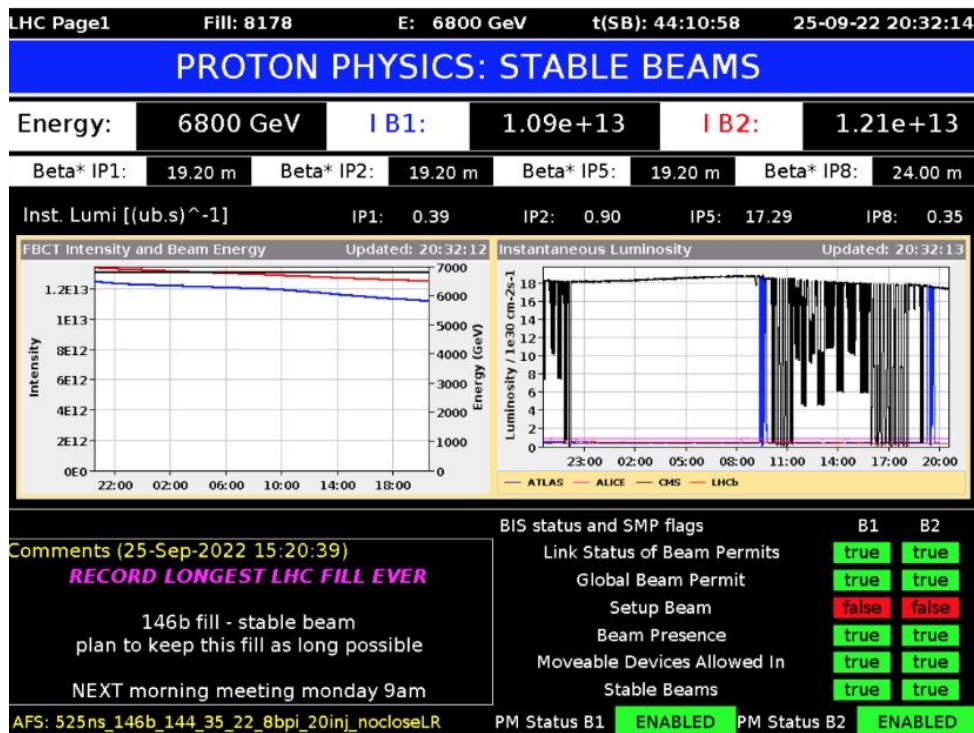
July 2021: BCM1F installed  
[\[youtube\]](#)



# VdM Scan during LHCf run

24-26 Sept

- Longest and most advanced VdM scan data
- Expect another leap in precision
- Lots of interesting analysis opportunities
- Initial results available => uncertainty reduction from 6 to 4%

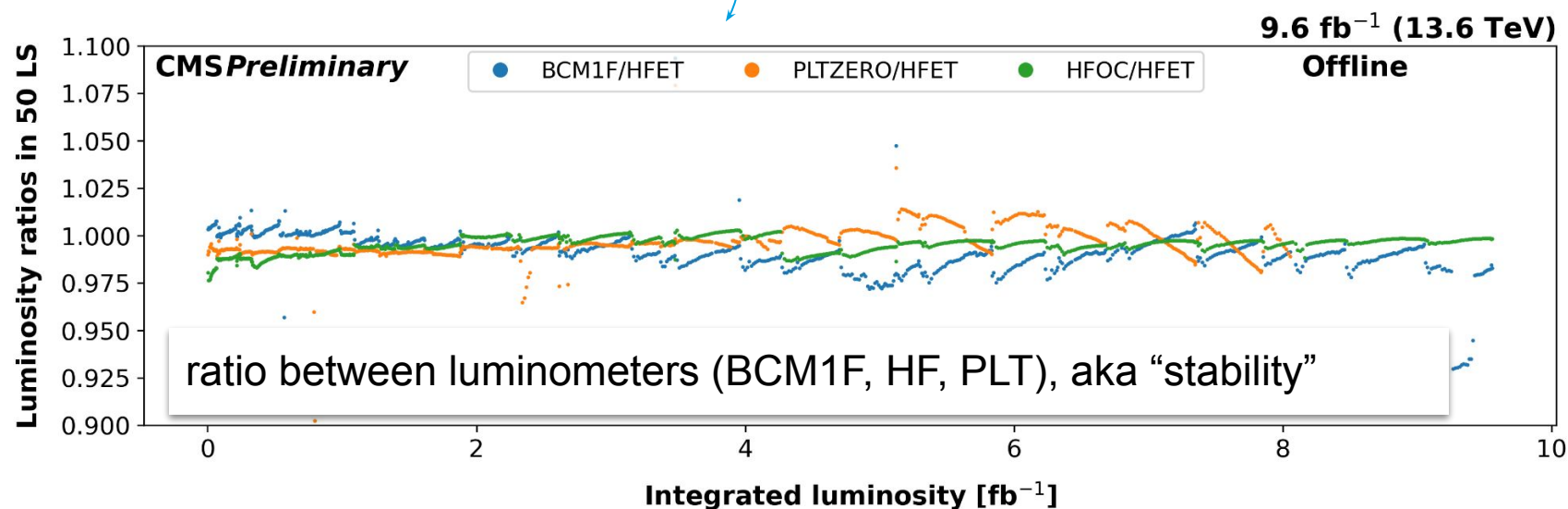


# Luminosity Analysis

## Final word on Run-2 and initial calibration for Run-3

DESY contributions:

- Stability and linearity (emittance scan analysis - slide 5)
- Transverse factorizability (beam imaging scan analysis - slide 6)
- Cross-detector comparisons



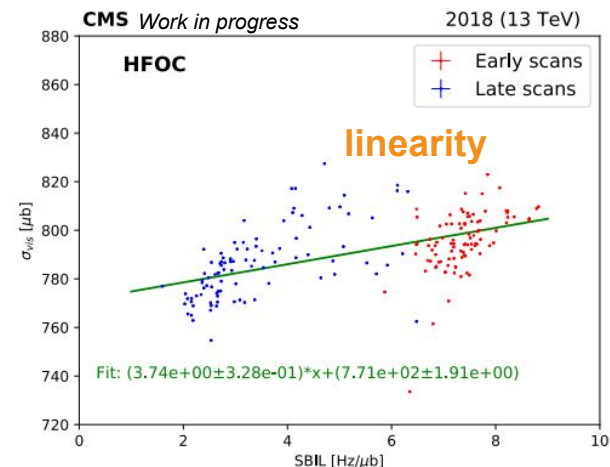
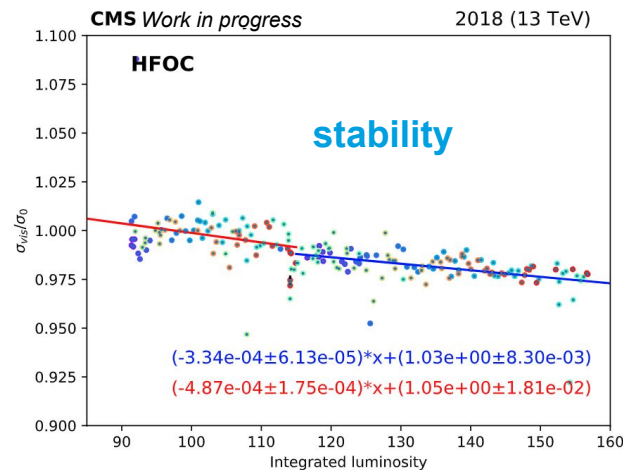
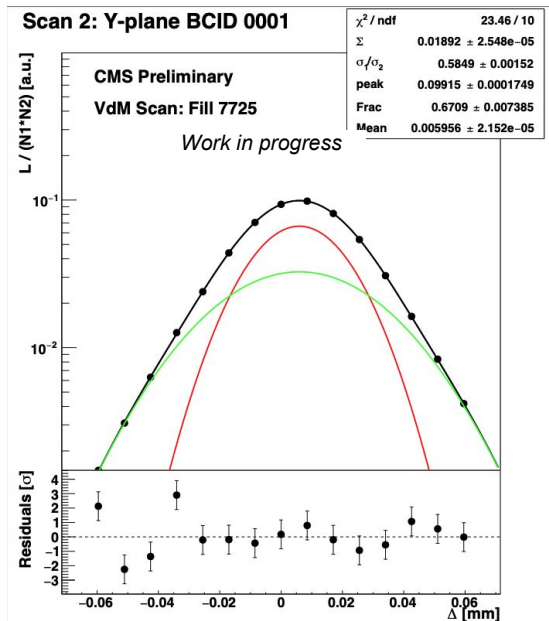
Run-2: paper still underway

Run-3: prelim. result for Moriond 2023

# Emittance scan analysis

## Study linearity and stability of luminometers wrt time and inst. luminosity

- Finalise Run2 and perform Run3 analysis
  - **Run2:** derive final corrections and luminosity uncertainties (for 17/18 lumi paper)
  - **Run3:** improve estimations for online luminosity calibration
- Emittance scans at beginning and end of most physics fills
  - Main tasks:
    - study best fit functions
    - apply beam-beam, dynamic beta and background correction
    - assess stability and linearity



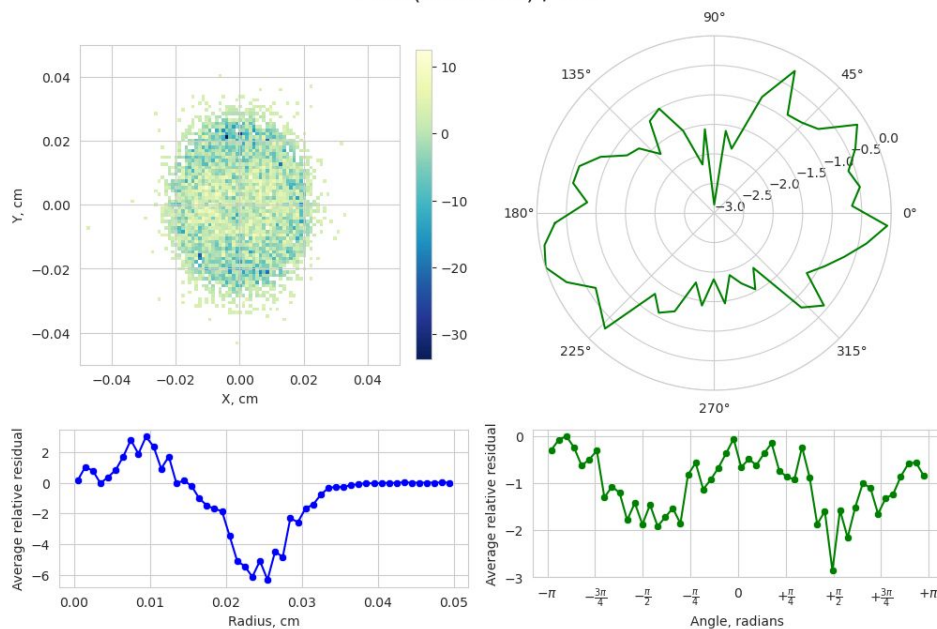


# Luminosity Analysis

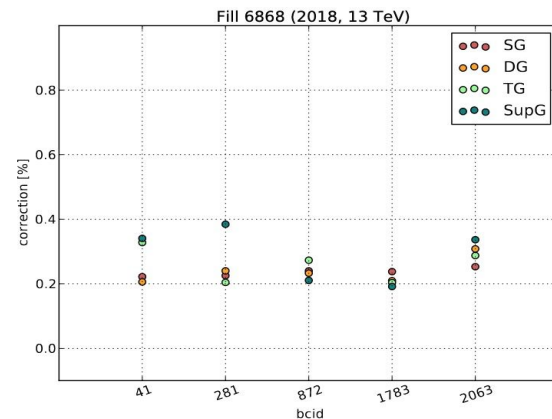
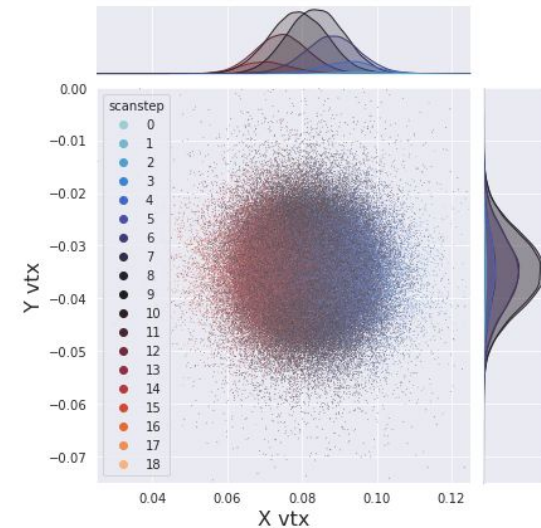
## Factorisation bias estimation via Beam-Imaging method

- Non-factorizable beam shapes are observed at LHC
- Beam Imaging method: one beam is at nominal position, while the other one is moved
- BI data is fit with 5 models in order to get correlation parameters: Single Gaussian, Double Gaussian, Triple Gaussian, Super Gaussian, Super Double Gaussian
- Currently WIP preparing TensorFlow based software for fitting **Run3** data.

Pull:  $(data - fit) / unc$



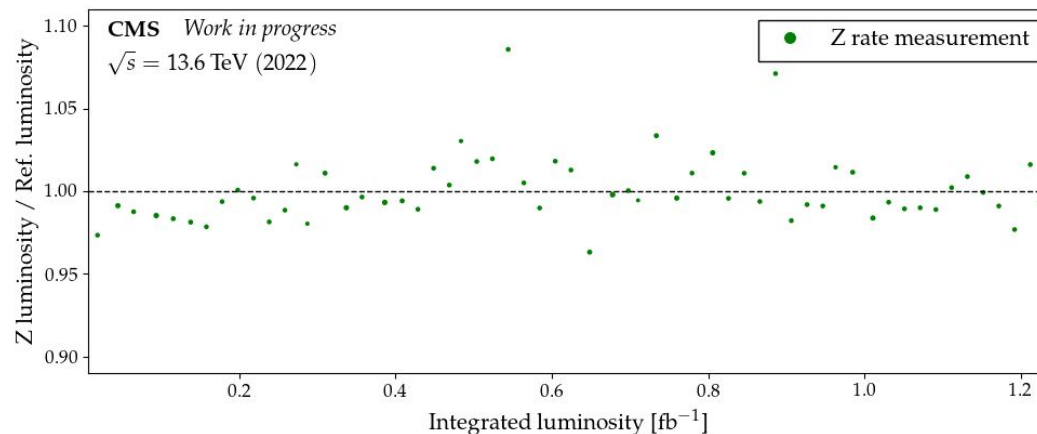
### Beam-Imagine scans shape



# Z-Boson Counting

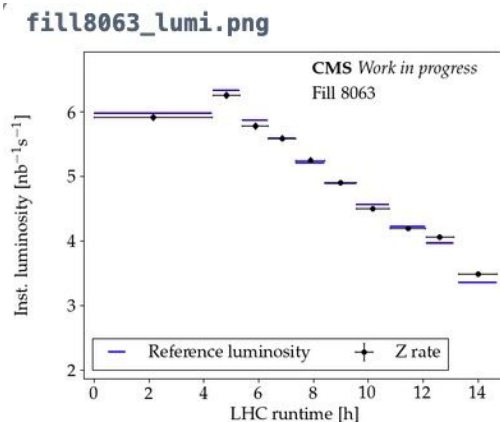
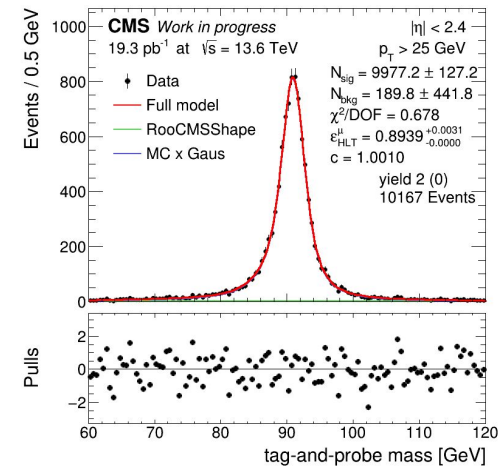
## Luminosity measurement with independent systematics and in-situ efficiency

- count number of reconstructed Z→mumu (in bins of  $20\text{pb}^{-1}$ )
- correct for trigger and reco efficiency (using T&P)



- compare with reference luminosity (for stability)
- normalize to theory prediction (NNLO+N3LL):

Int. lum.:  $1.15\text{ fb}^{-1} \pm 5\%$ , in good agreement with BRIL value



Run-2 analysis: paper draft moving towards approval

Run-3 analysis: cross check of luminosity normalization, and comparison with ATLAS

# Backup

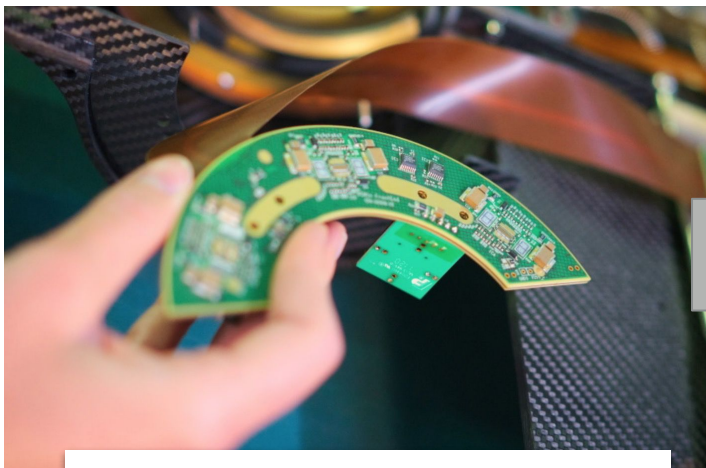
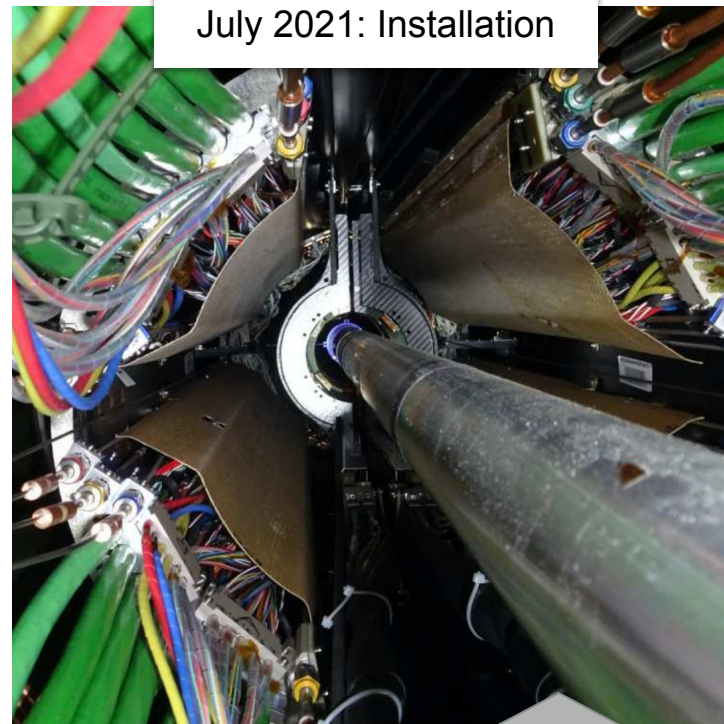


# Luminosity Detectors

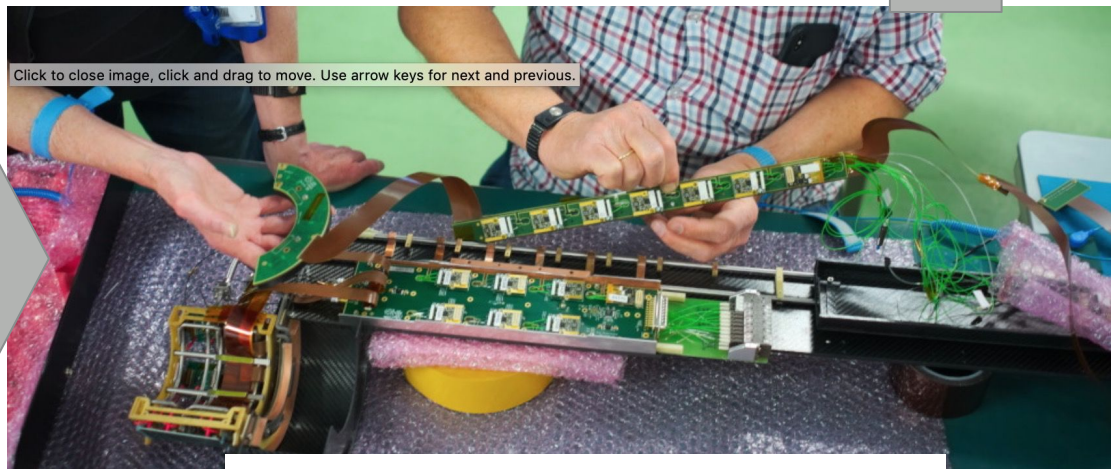
## Fast Beam Condition Monitor (BCM1F)

- Rebuilt for Run 3, using cooled Si-sensors
- Successfully installed in July 2021  
[CERN Bulletin] [youtube]
- Proven to work immediately and stably during test beams 18-31 October  
[Last PRC report]
- Restart last week, a few splash events so far

July 2021: Installation



BCM1F "C-shape"  
Assembly and testing at DESY



May/June 2021: Integration with Pixel  
Luminosity Telescope (at CERN)