

# Naf User Committee

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### SGE and AFS playing together

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# once again: explanation of the afs issues

- > AFS provides a strong guarantee for clients to get the up to date (not cached) information of files and directories
- > clients activate the callback functionality via file / directory accesses at files servers holding the data - after that the information is cached on those clients and file servers won't be asked again.
- > if files / directories change, the file server sends out callbacks to all registered clients, so that they know, they aren't holding the correct information any more
- > problem arises when hundreds of clients registered callbacks for files / directories that change permanently and re-register those callbacks again via reading the file / directory shortly after that ⇒ callback storm
- > this typically happens e.g. when SGE job's stdout/stderr is written to \$HOME and the job accesses files / directories in \$HOME or one of its sub directories (\$HOME must be read when changing into sub directories) ⇒ if job number is high enough, file server is more or less fully booked with just sending / renewing callbacks - other accesses just hang and finally time out.



# afs issue - actions taken so far...

... to reduce the probability of those problems showing up:

- > limit the number of concurrently running jobs of single users
- > sleep randomly before job start to stretch the period of jobs writing / reading single directories
- > we now have a so called "job submission verifier" (JSV) in place
- > qsub parameter: **-jsv ~finnern/public/jsv.sh** (will finally move to another place)
- > → should be tested now for framework compliance
- > tells the prolog / epilog scripts to transparently create STDOUT / STDERR files locally first and copies them back later to the originally requested place.
- > would not have stopped the AFS hangs last Monday ...



# what next?

- > The last long lasting AFS unavailability was caused by a user who took care of our suggestions on the first sight . . .
- > We cannot investigate all job scripts for such mistakes
- > It is likely to happen again and again - we can just minimise the consequences.
- > The only real "solution" would be to stop the AFS token provisioning for all jobs (no constantly changing directories → no callback storms).



# future of the NAF batch system

- > Oracle finally stated they won't support the open source version of Gridengine any more
- > Future development just goes into the commercial version
- > Licenses are typically sold per cpu core (site-wide licenses should be available as well)
- > rough estimate: price per system increases by 50% over the batch node lifetime
- > who would pay for this?
- > On the other hand: our current installation works - but new developments (e.g. GPU support) are unlikely to get integrated



# SLURM - a replacement candidate for SGE?

- > SLURM - Simple Linux Utility for Resource Management
- > Active development at LLNL for environments comparable to ours
- > <https://computing.llnl.gov/linux/slurm/>
- > Support for Kerberos5 ticket / AFS token provisioning
- > Supports many MPI implementations
- > Completely different commands / switches compared to SGE → Changes in all frameworks / user jobs would be needed :-(
- > We need to carefully watch at the alternatives ...

