

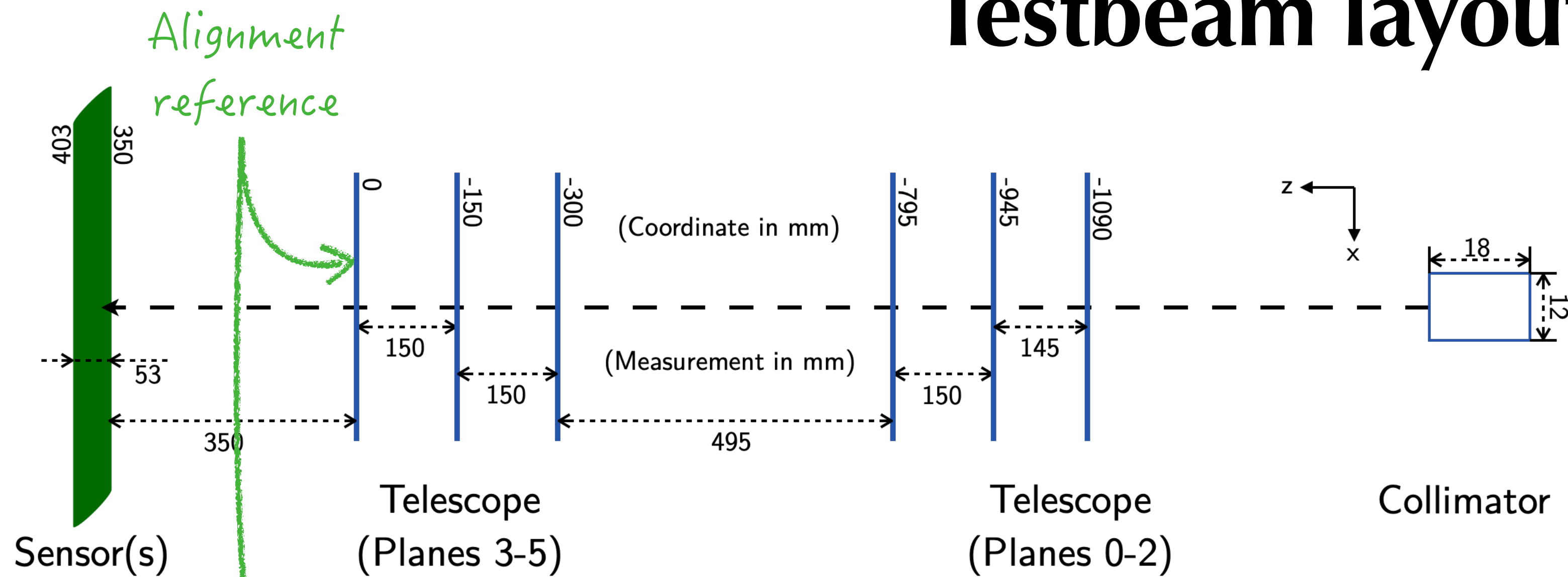
Testbeam & Telescope

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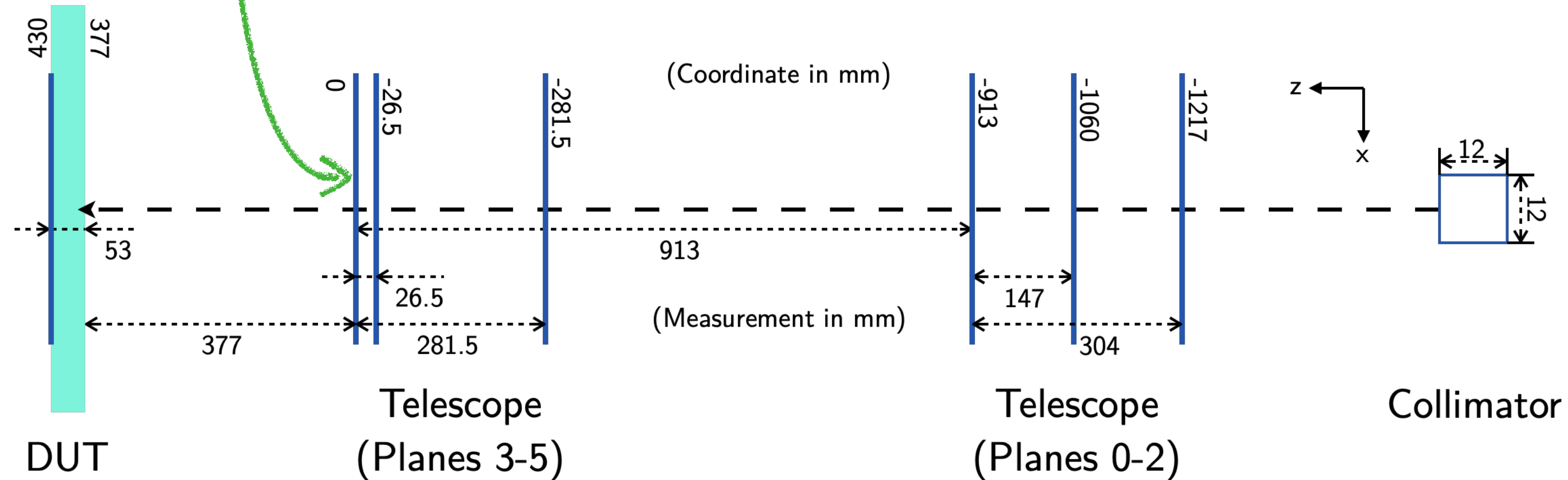
shan.huang (at) desy.de

Sep 2021 - Feb 2023

Testbeam layout



TB21



TB22

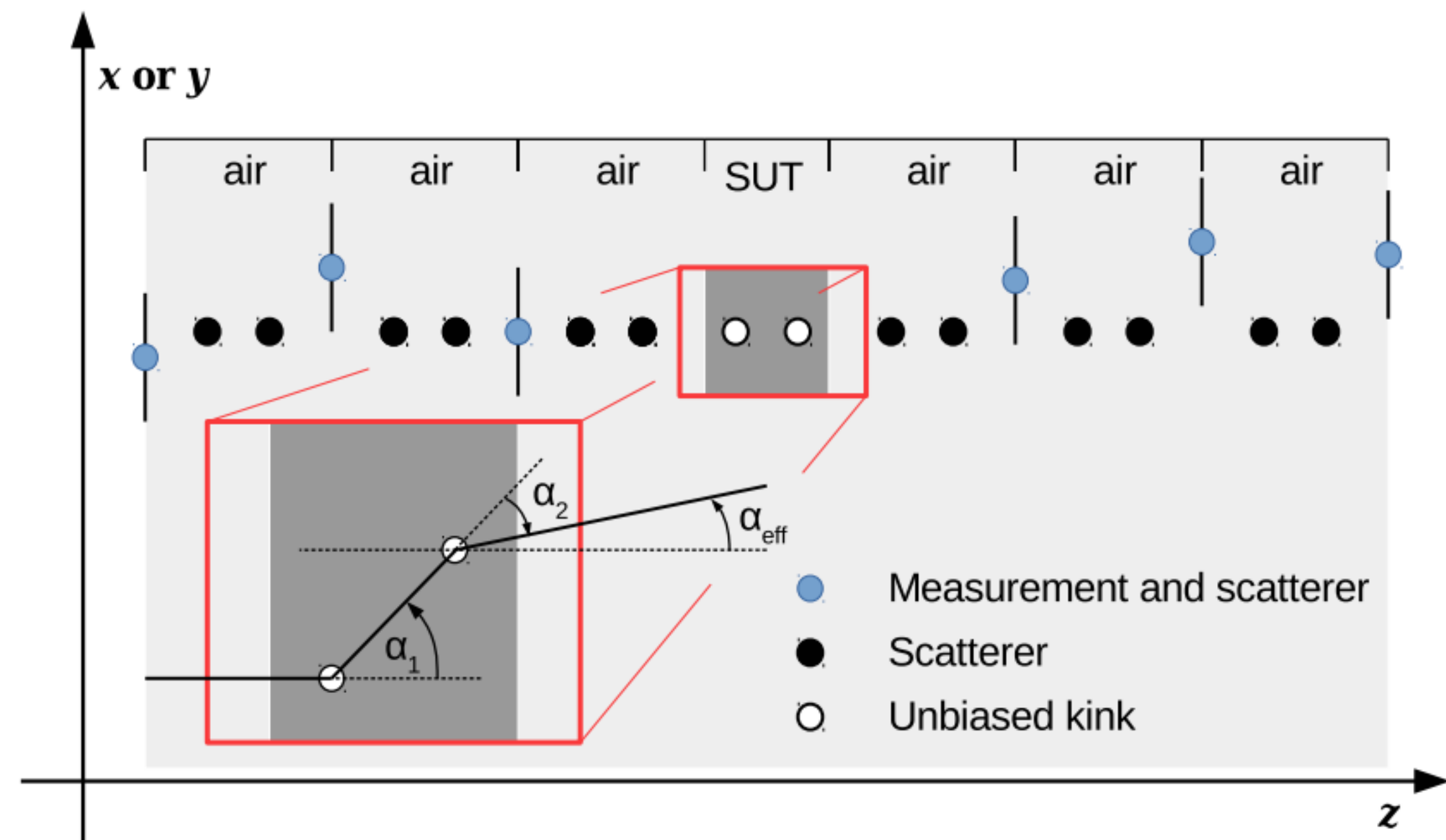
- Optimal layout for telescope?
 - TB21: equidistant
 - TB22: two planes close to DUT
- Hardware:
 - 6 Alpide Si sensors (27x29 μm^2)
 - Mimosas26/Adenium?
- Software:
 - Corryvreckan (since TB20)
 - reads from “raw” data
 - aligns telescope
 - Telescope-sensor sync./align. needs to be done separately

Telescope alignment

- Four-step alignment
 1. Pre-alignment
 2. Alignment on x-y
 3. Alignment on rotation
 4. Alignment on x-y and rotation
- Tracking models:
 - Simple straight line (SSL)
 - General broken line (GBL)
- TB22: alignments finished on GBL
 - 25 alignments for every shift or change of DUT or change of beam energy
 - Reconstruction for every run (~ 300 runs)

GBL: NIMA **673** 107 (2012)

- Trajectory displacements are allowed
- Displacement uncertainty calculated based on energy and length of air gap



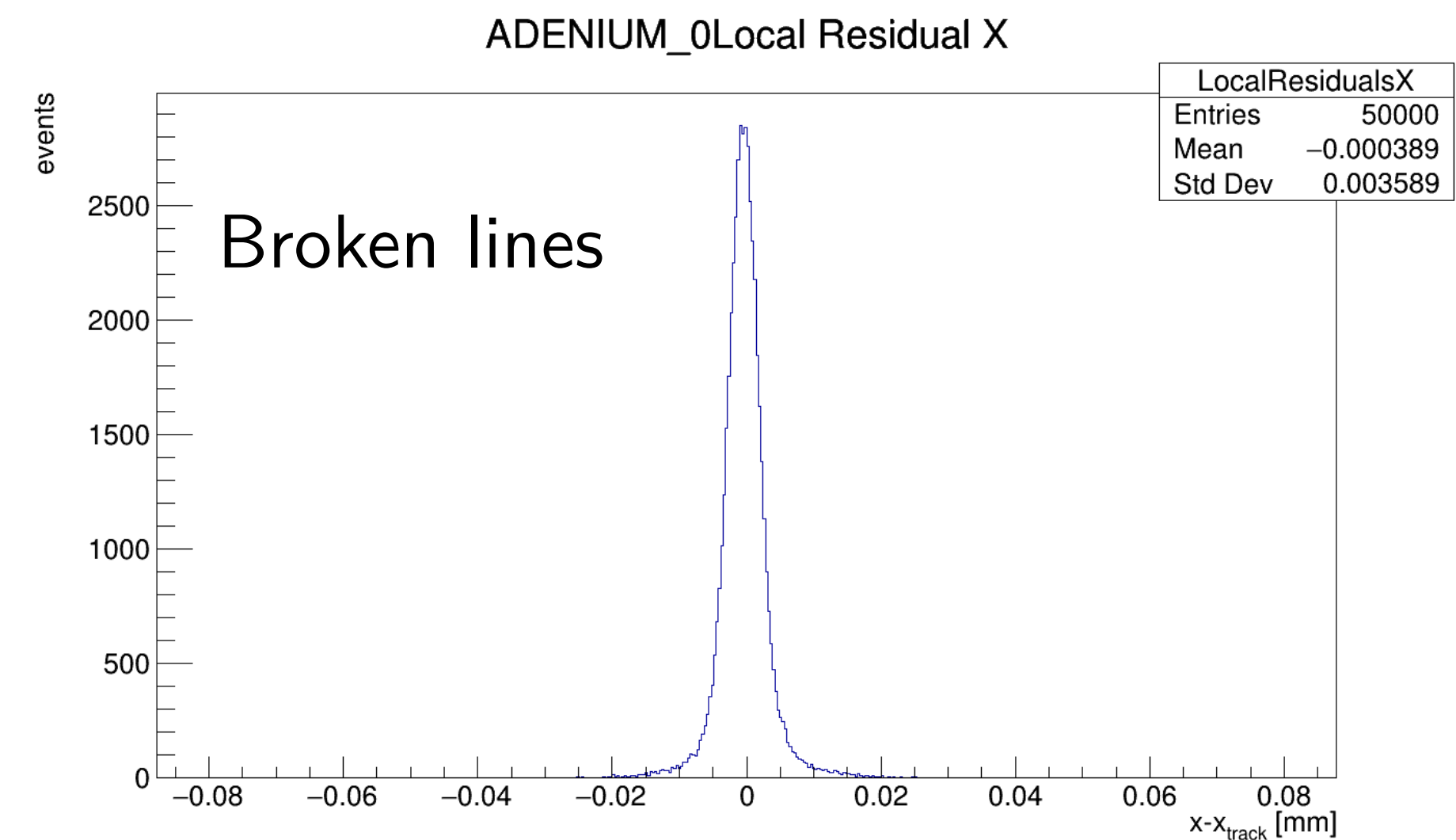
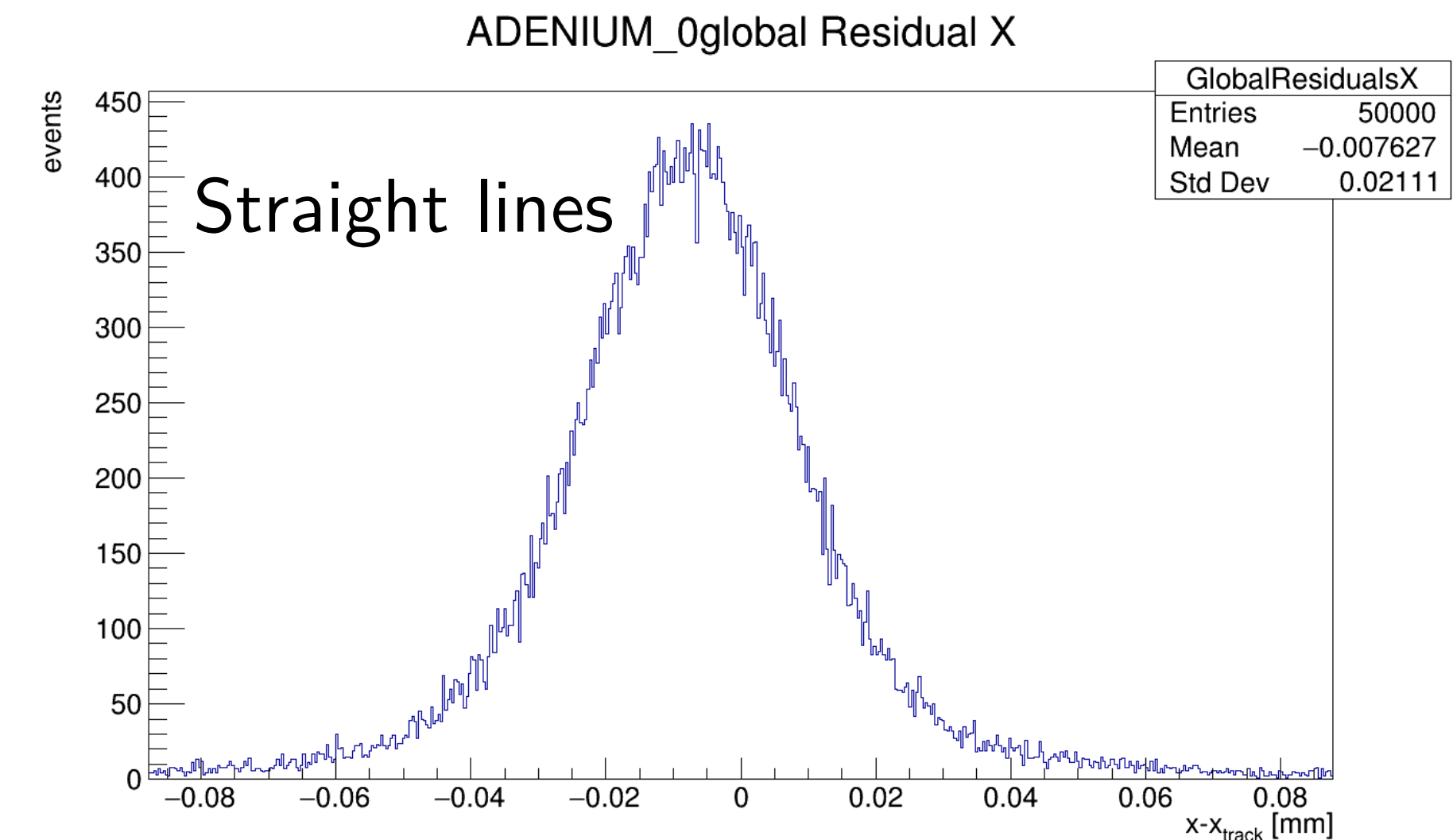
Telescope alignment

Compare between hardware parameters and the ones used in alignment and reconstruction

	Telescope sensors		Software
	MIMOSA26	ALPIDE	Corryvreckan
Pixel pitch [um]	18.4×18.4	<u>29.24×26.88</u>	<u>29.24×26.88</u>
Pixel number	<u>1152× 576</u>	1024× 512	<u>1152× 576</u>
Spatial res. [um]	5.3×5.3	8.44×7.76	5.0×5.0
Time res. [us]	115.2	10.0	10.0

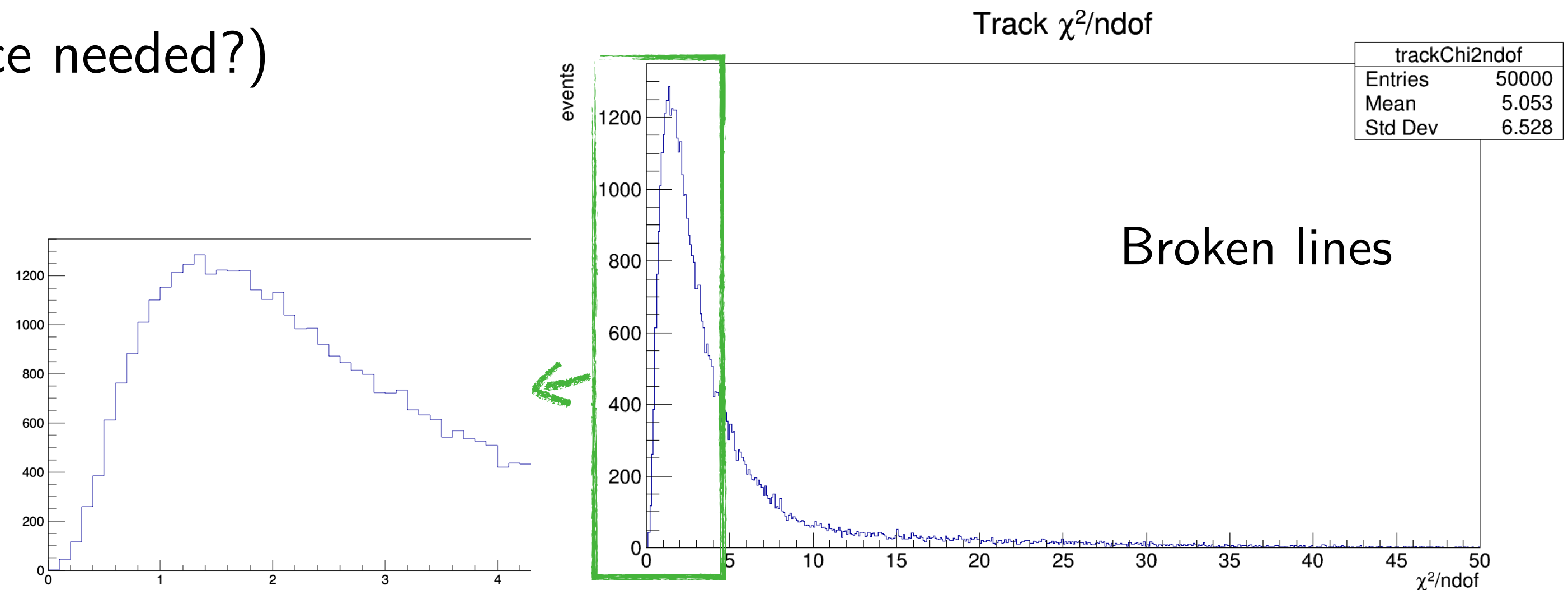
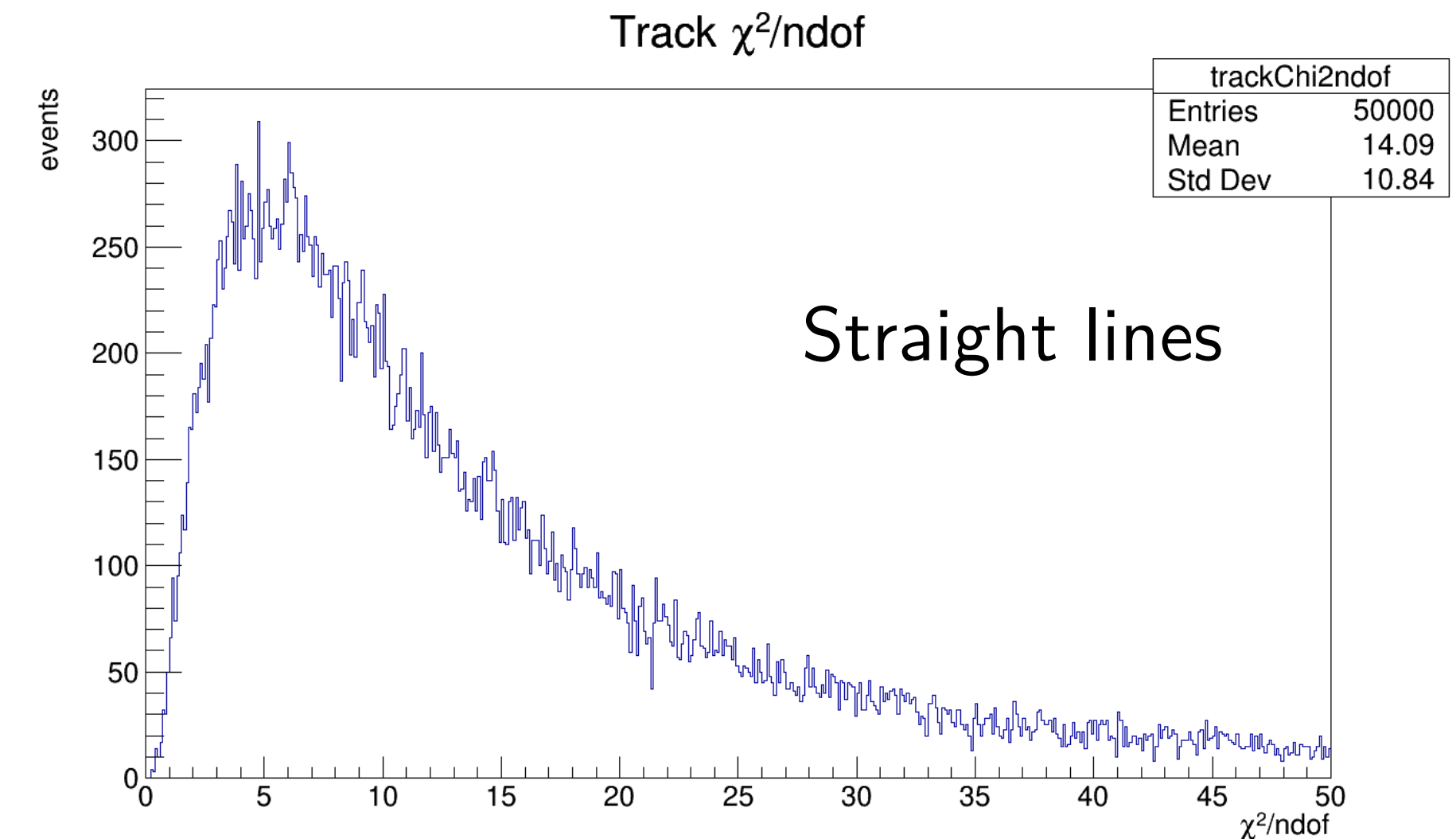
Telescope alignment

- Residue comparison between two models
 - local coordinates (does not matter much)
 - after full alignment
 - from the first plane (farthest from the ref.)
 - GBL: 3.6 μm ; SSL: 21.1 μm



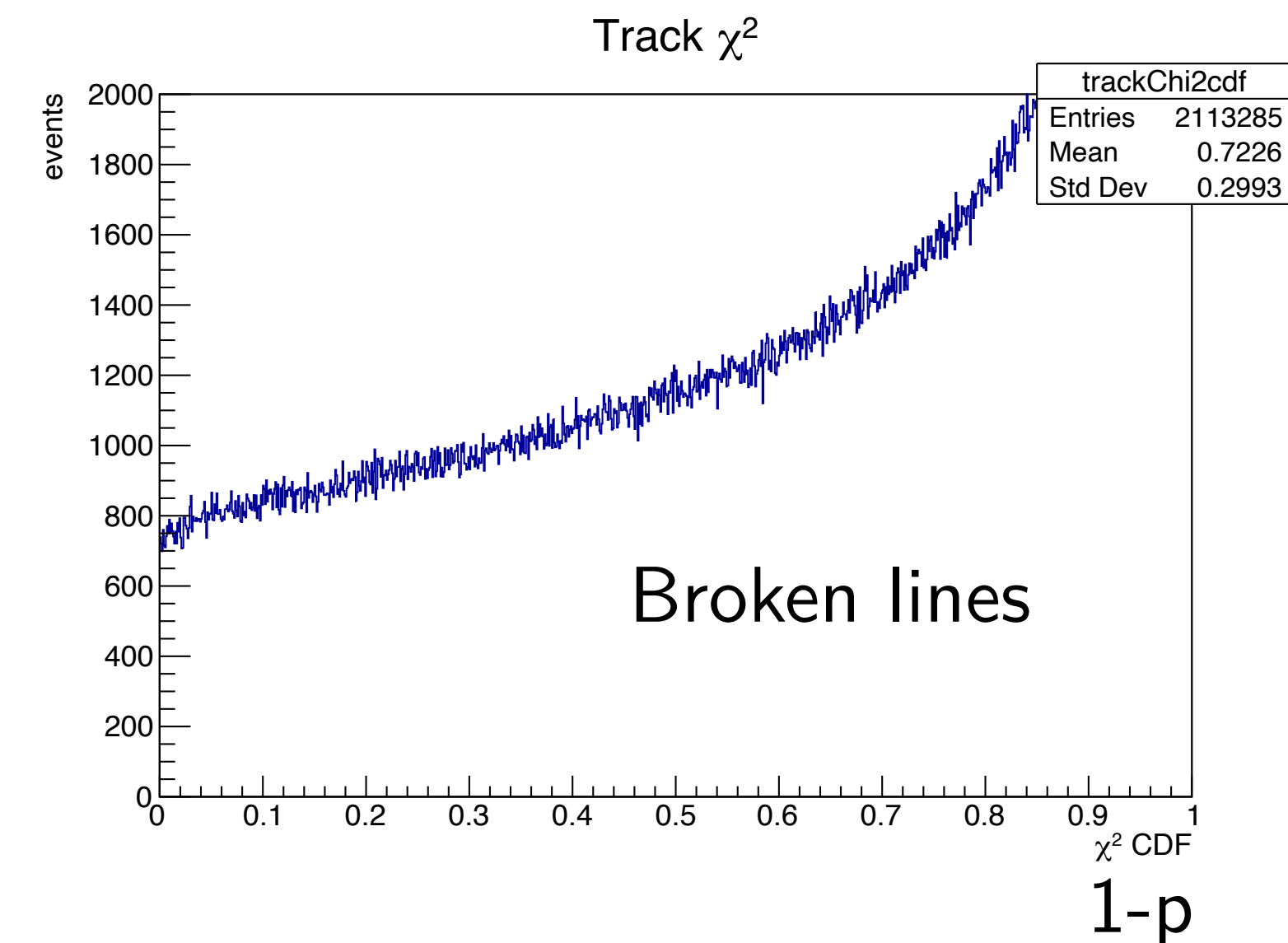
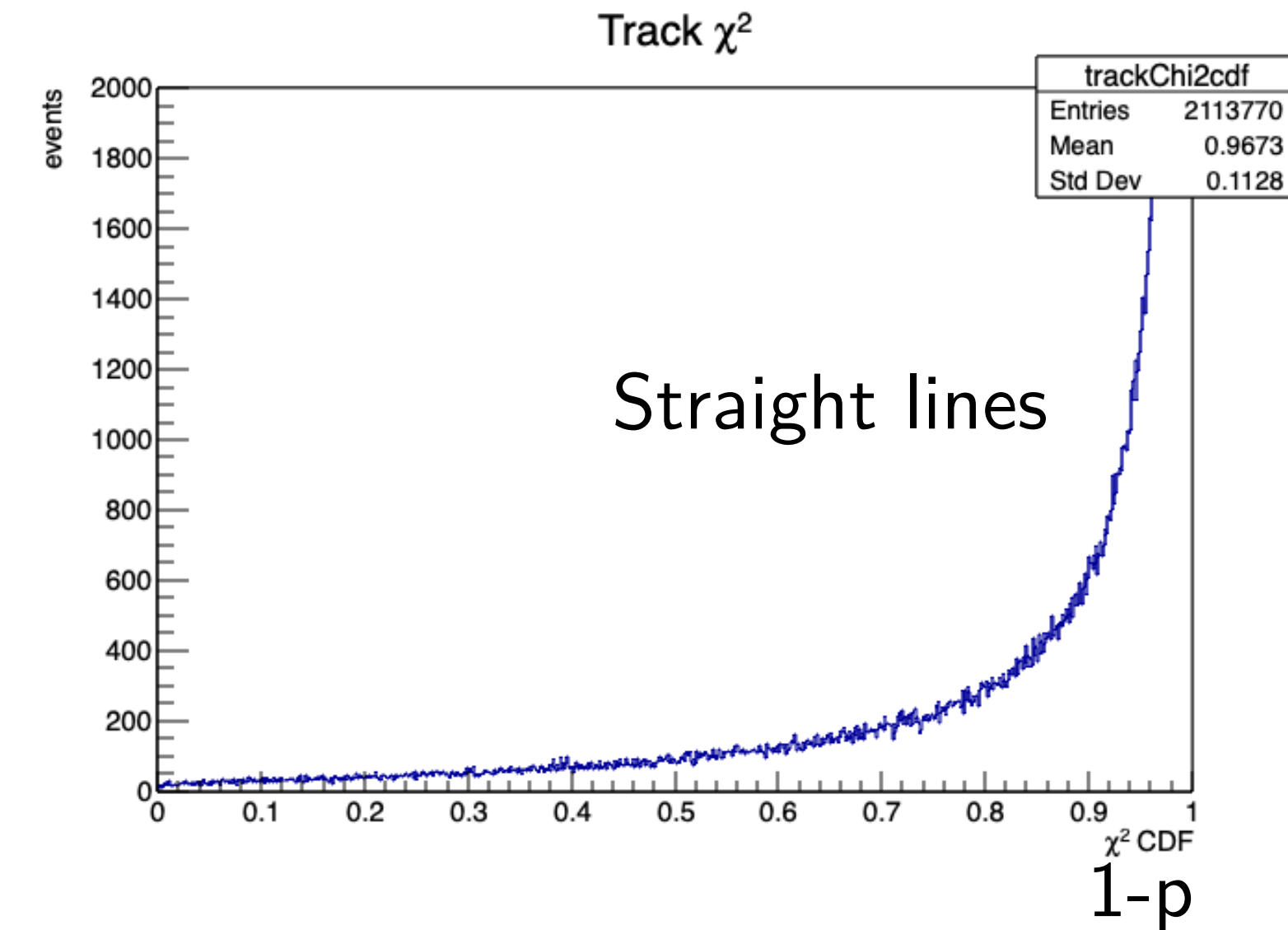
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- χ^2 over n_{dof} :
 - GBL has MPV between 1 to 2
 - Recommended cut at 5 (source needed?)



Telescope alignment

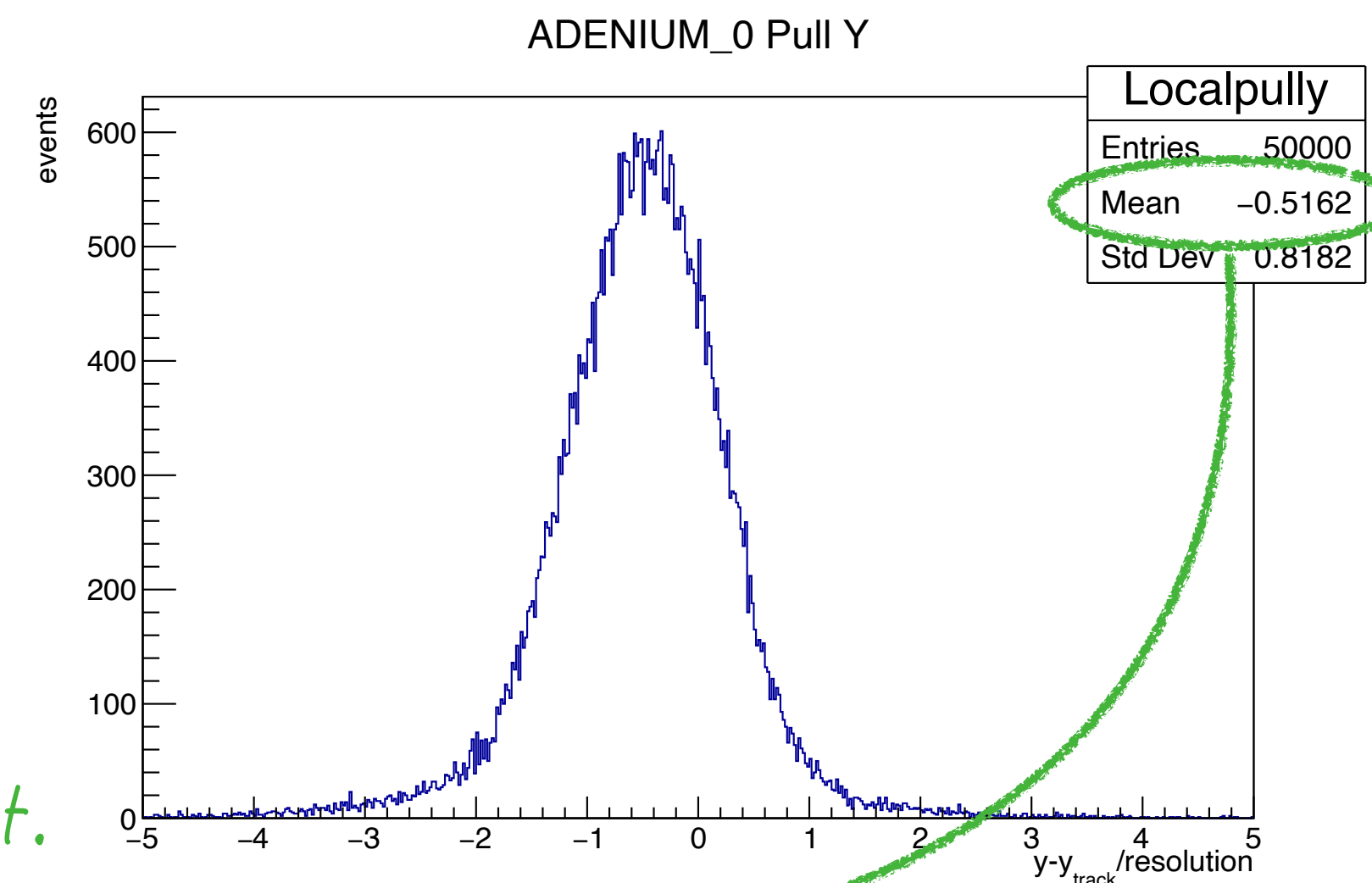
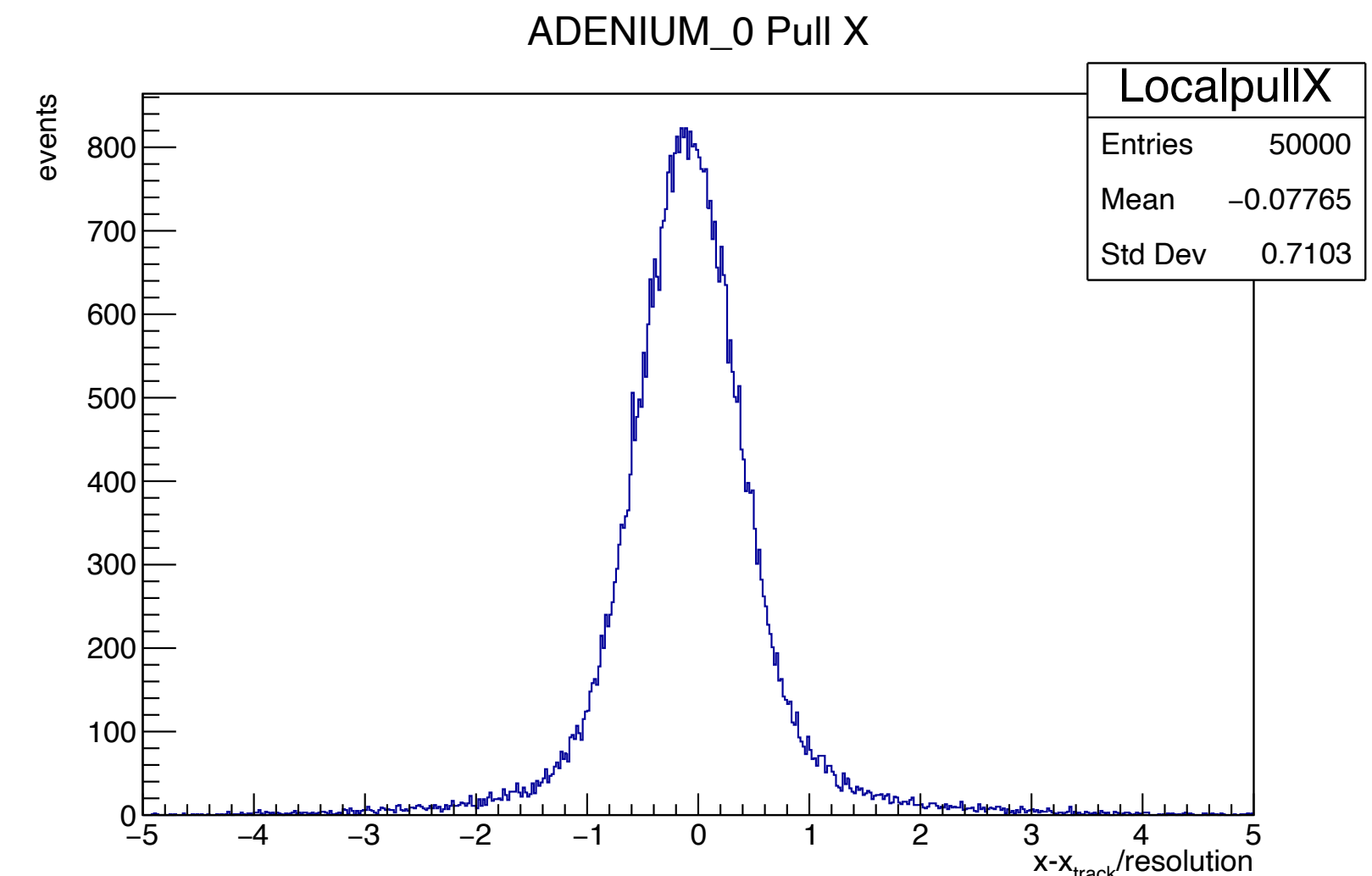
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- P-value distribution
 - Both are not flat enough



Telescope alignment

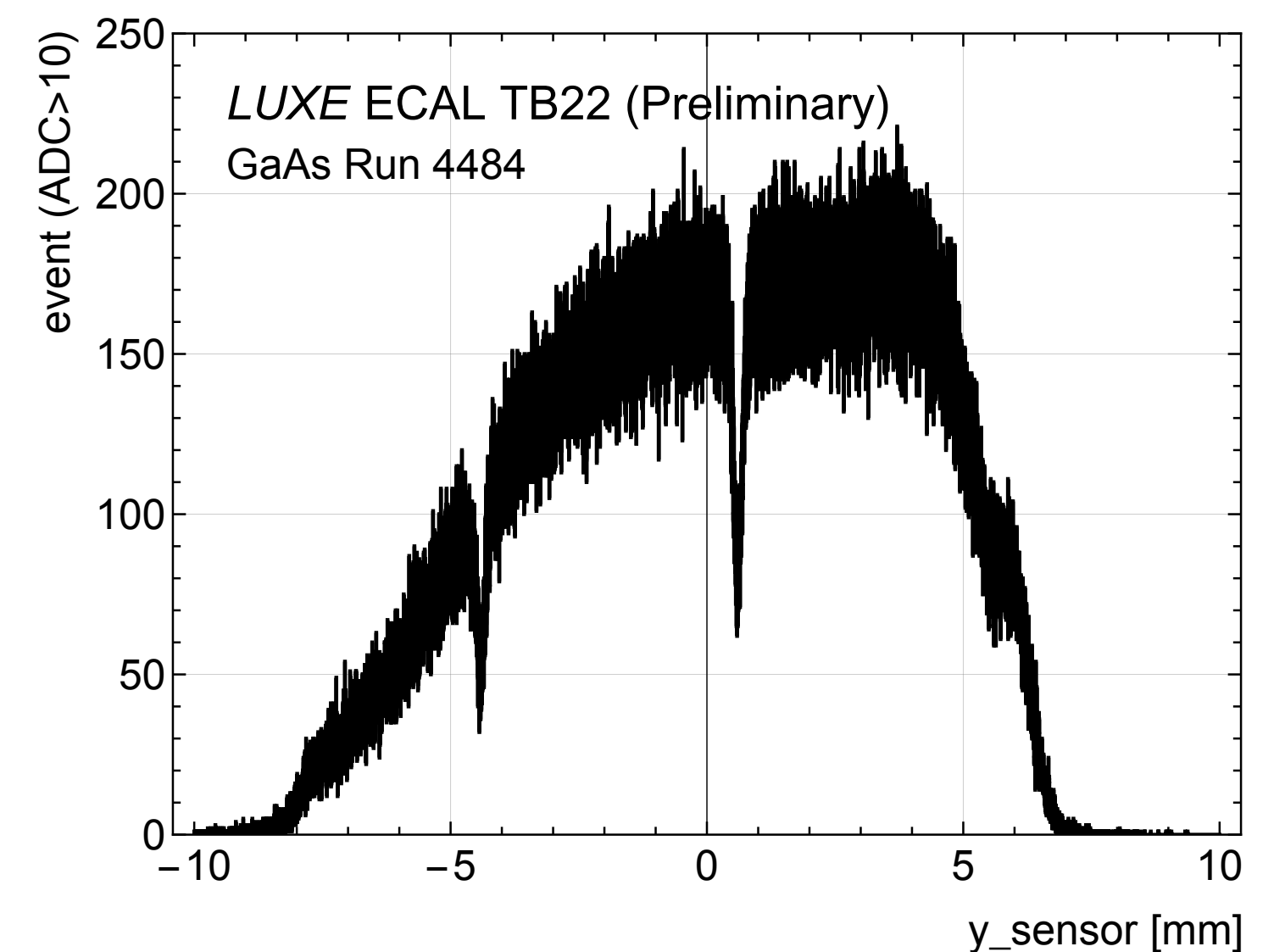
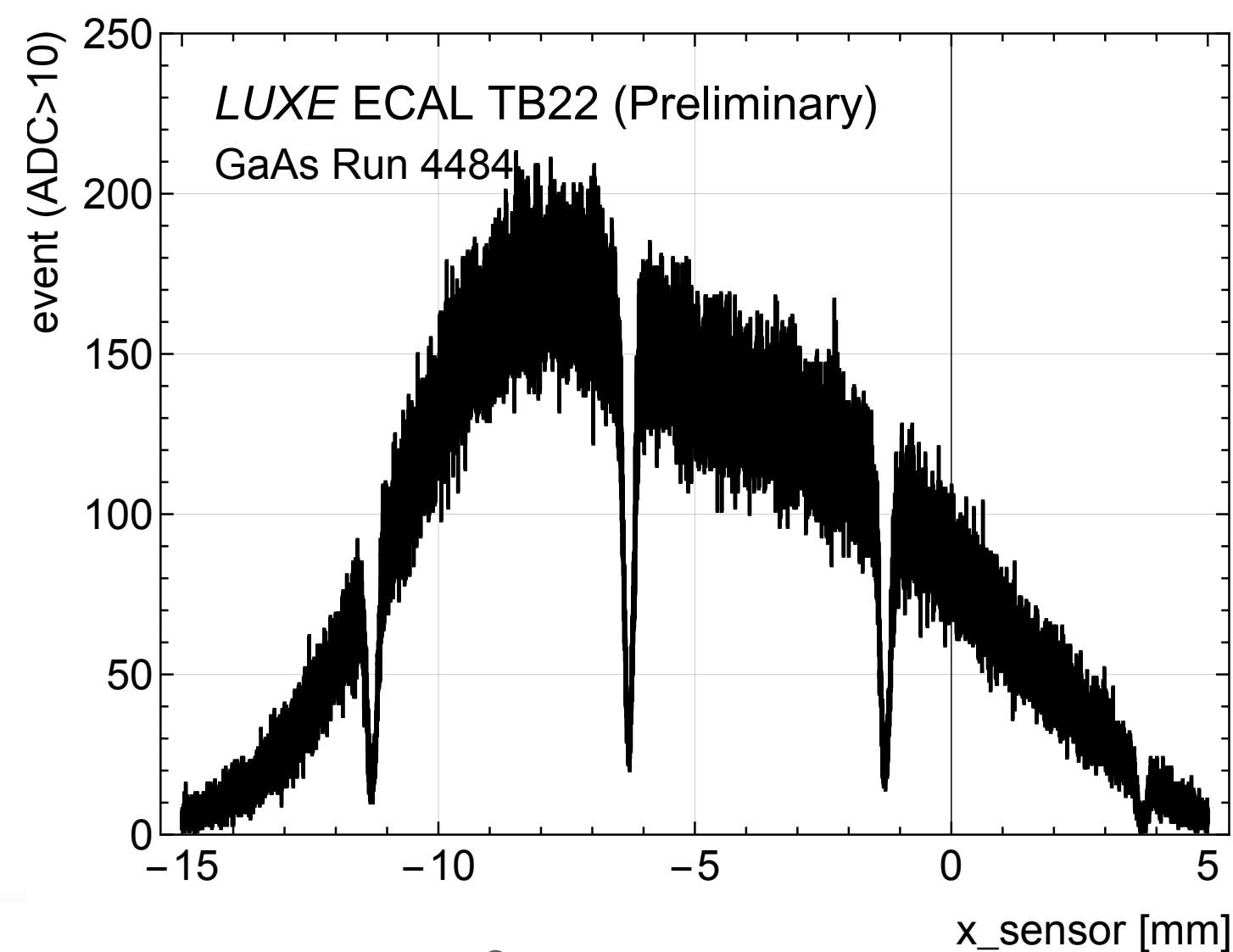
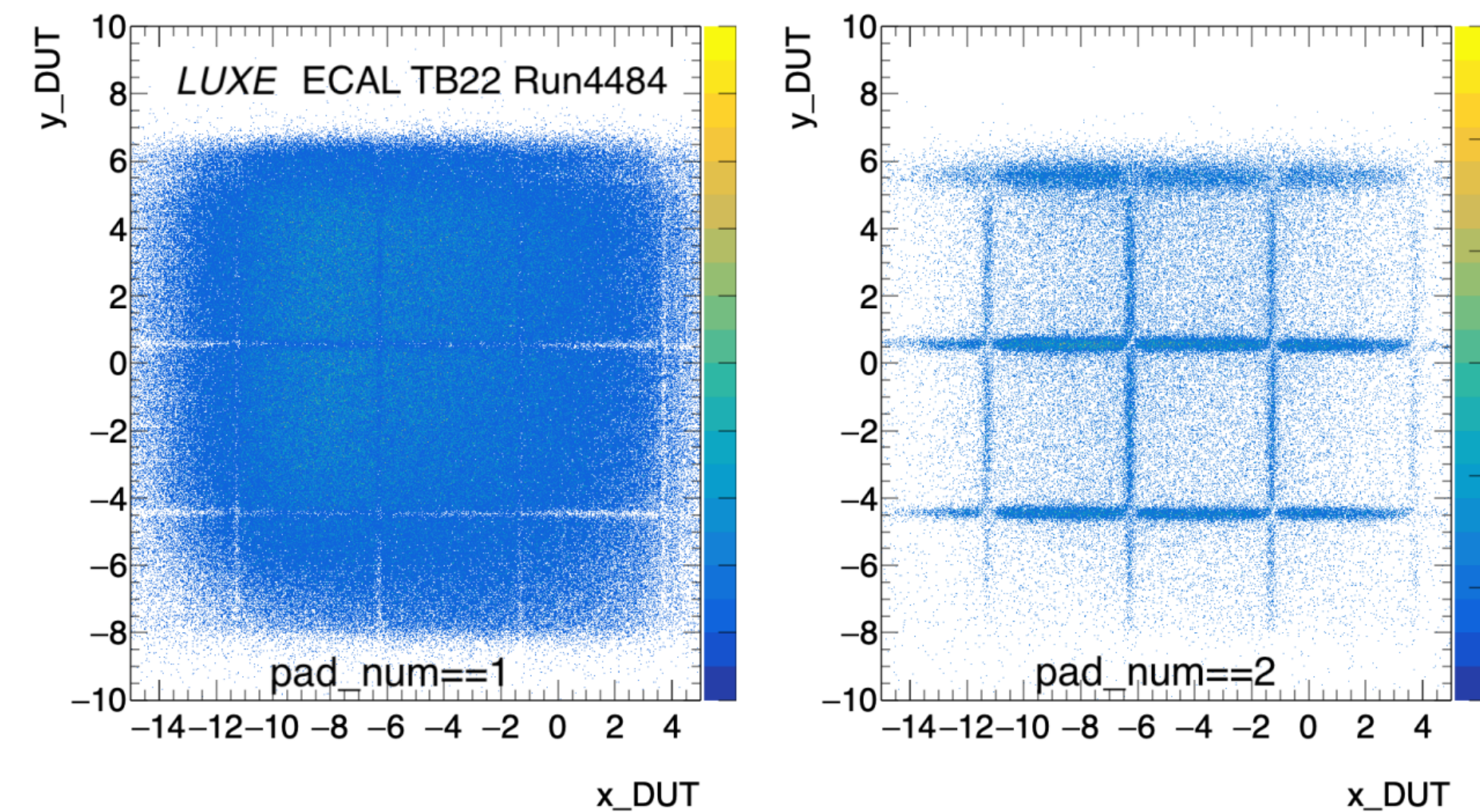
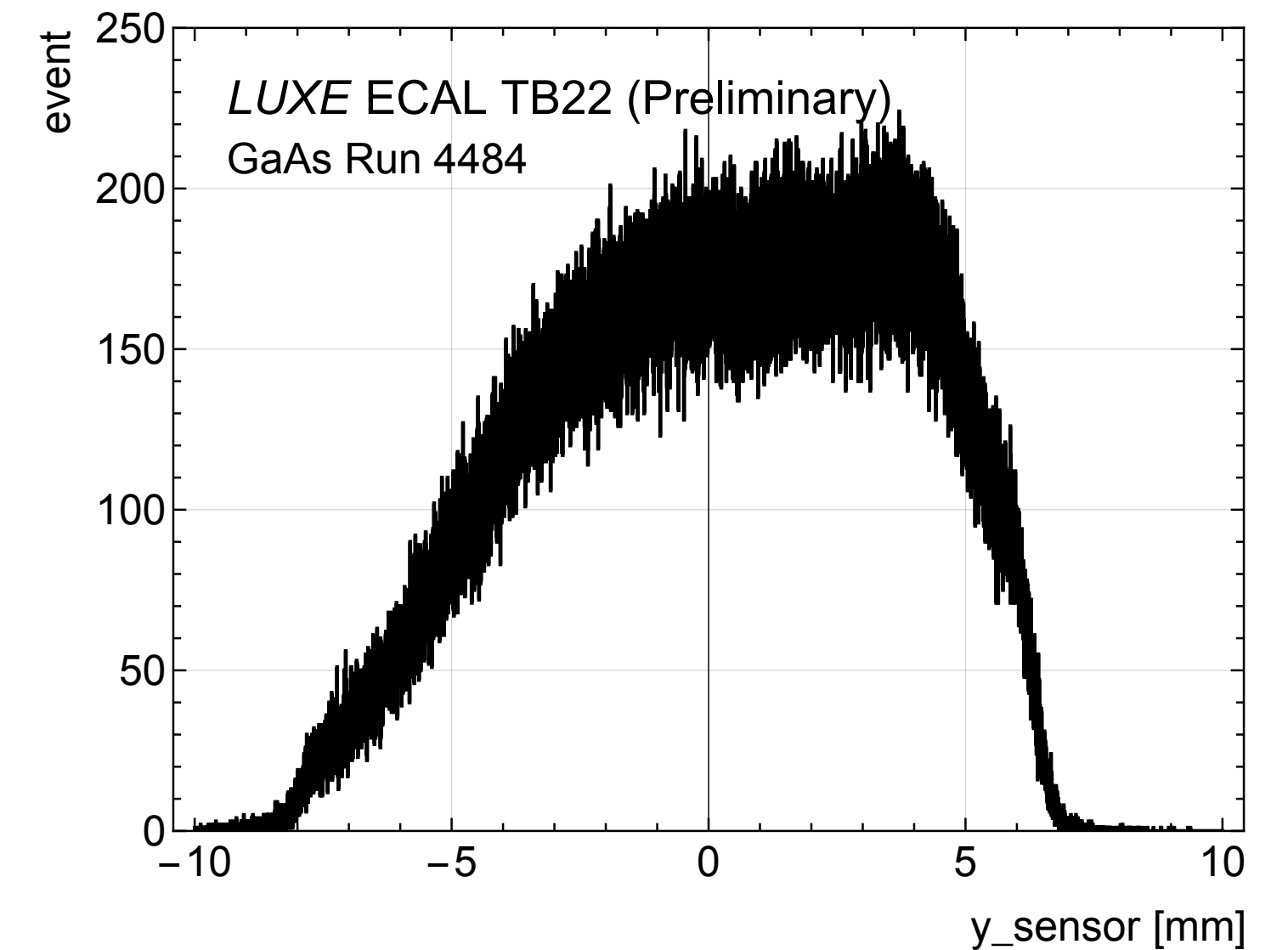
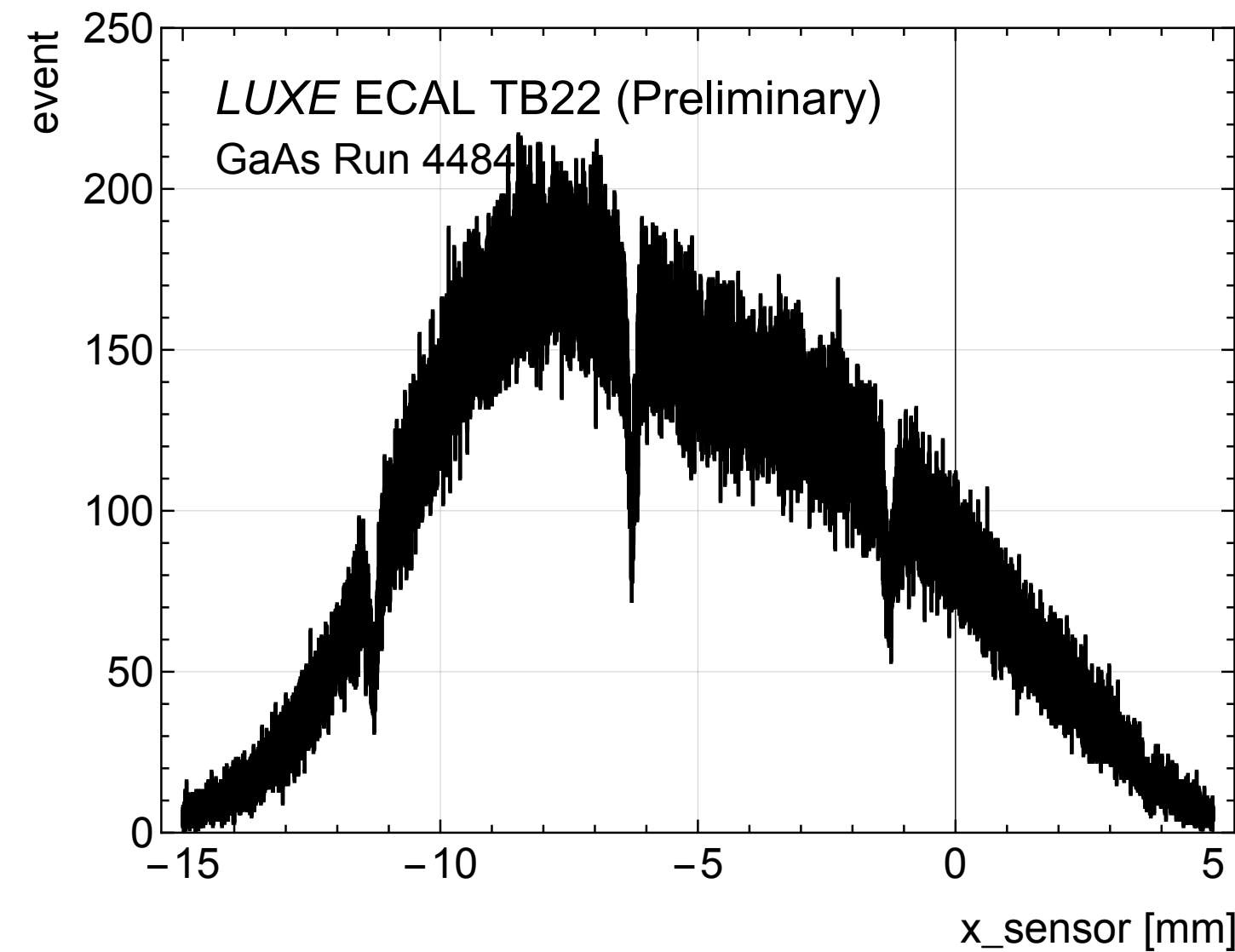
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- χ^2 over n_{dof} :
 - GBL has MPV between 1 to 2
 - Recommended cut at 5 (source needed?)
- P-value distribution
 - Both are not flat enough
- Asymmetric on x-y direction
 - Planes 4-5 sunk due to unbalanced load (TB22 only)

*"Pull" function should be a normal dist.
with $\mu = 0$ and $\sigma = 1$*



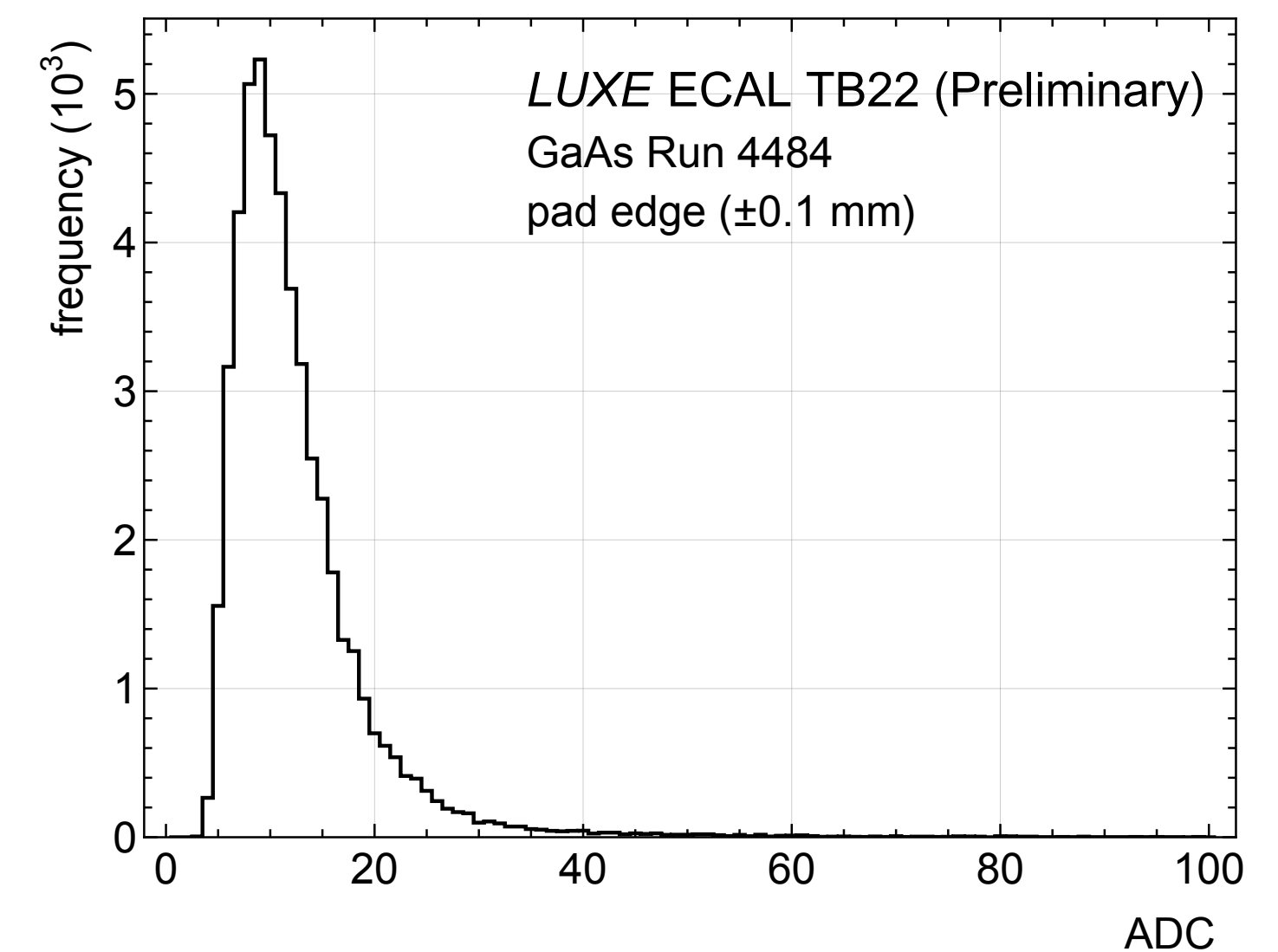
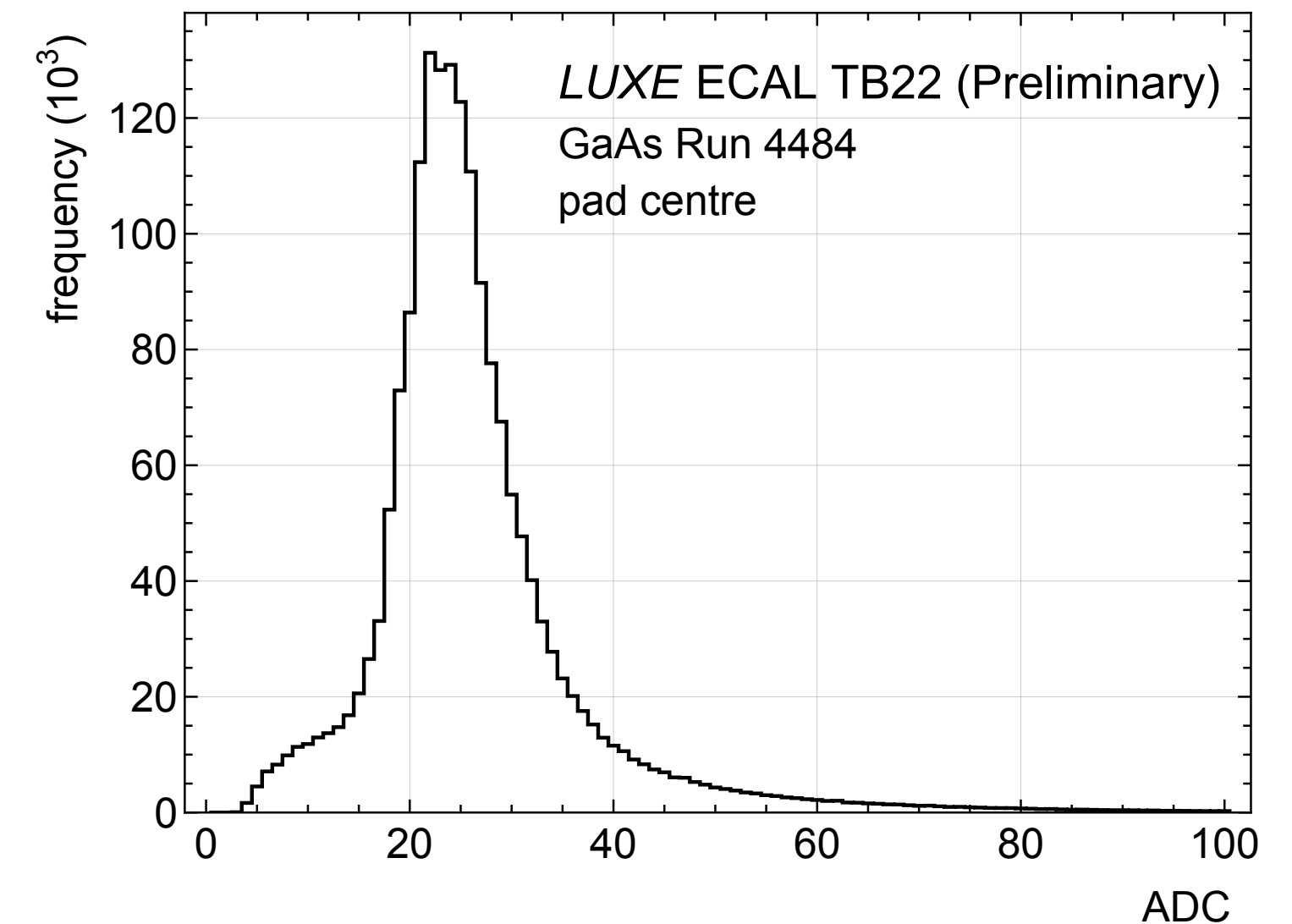
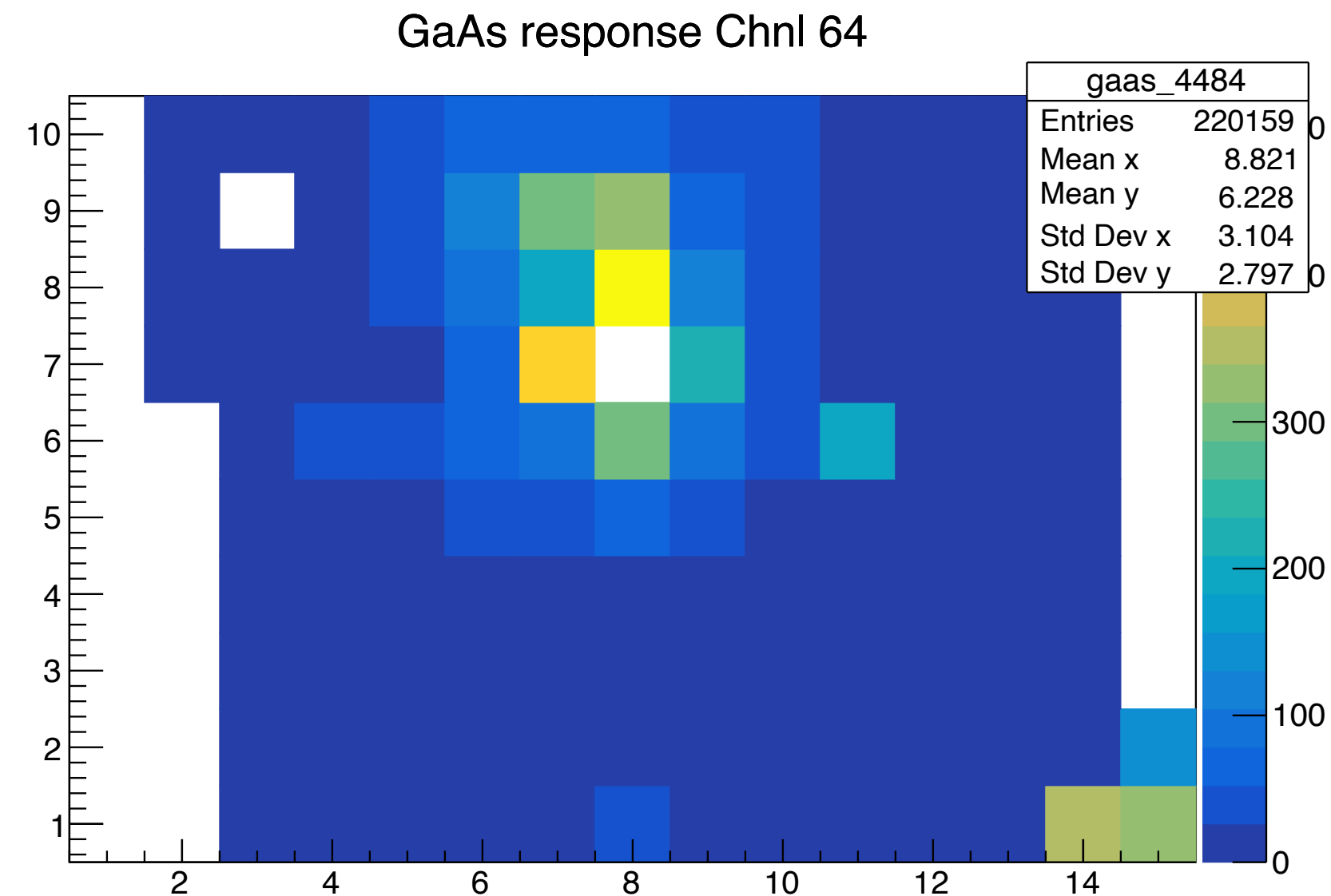
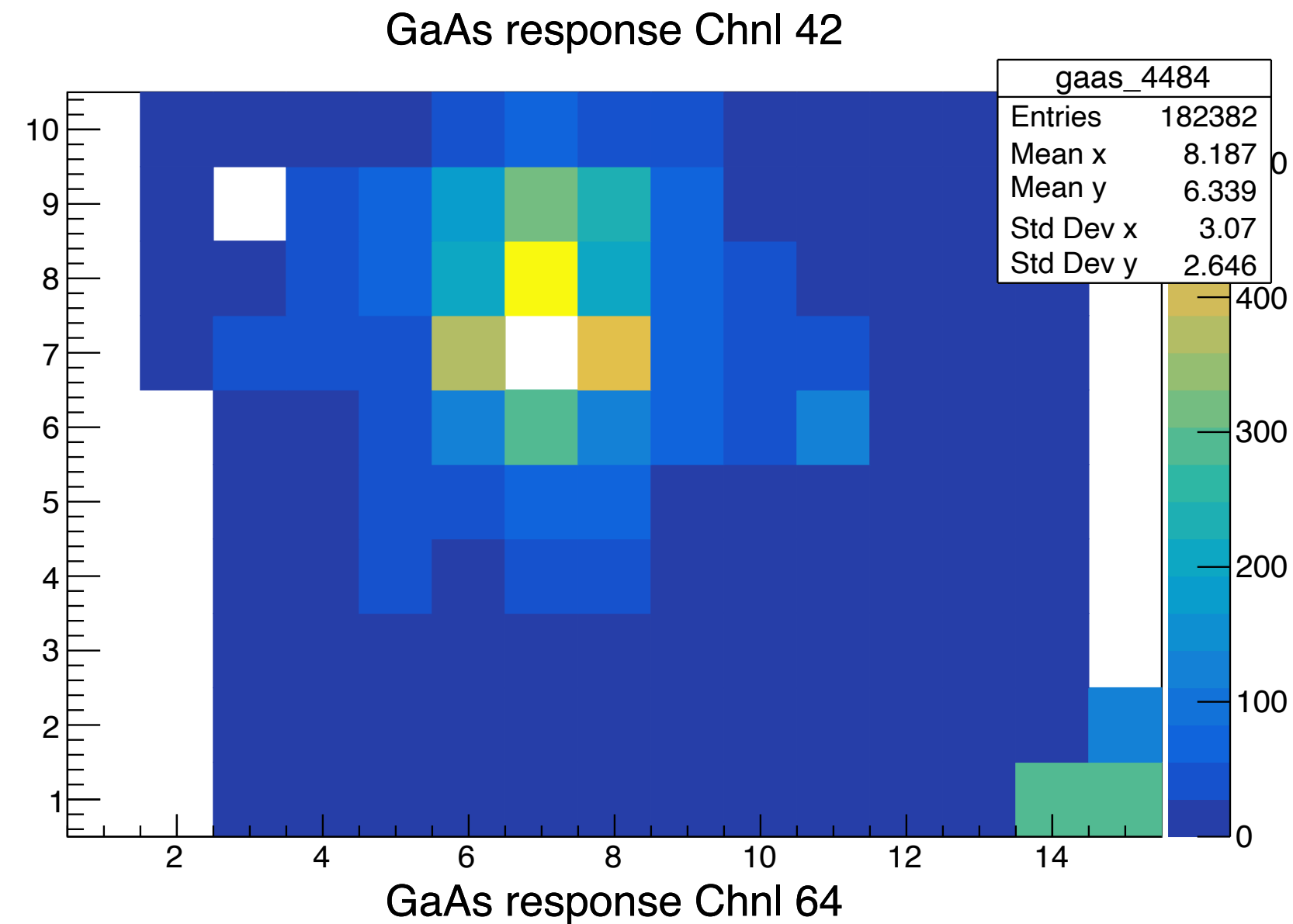
Telescope & Sensor

- Gap of event between sensor channels
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Telescope & Sensor

- Gap of event between sensor channels
- The gaps are used to manually align telescope and sensor
- Different ADC distribution when shooting electron to the centre and to the edge
- When shooting to the edge, puzzling pattern of sensor response appears



Conclusion & Outlook

- Telescope alignment has almost finished, needs fine tune
 - Multiple scattering considered (general-broken-line model)
 - Residue $< 5 \text{ um}$; σ_{pull} better than 1; χ^2/ndof has MPV in 1 to 2
 - unbiased on x direction; biased on y direction (unbalanced load in TB22)
- Uncertainty from telescope benchmark:
 - intercept uncertainty $\sim \text{residue} = 5 \text{ um}$
 - slope uncertainty $\sim 2 * \text{residue} / \text{length}_{\text{telescope}} = 5.0 \times 10^{-6}$
 - Additional uncertainty from scattering at the last layer ($\sim 30 \text{ um}$)
- Alignment between sensor & telescope
 - Manually done by looking into the “dead”-area dip
 - (Possible) automatic alignment by maximising events in 5x5 square