

HiPACE++

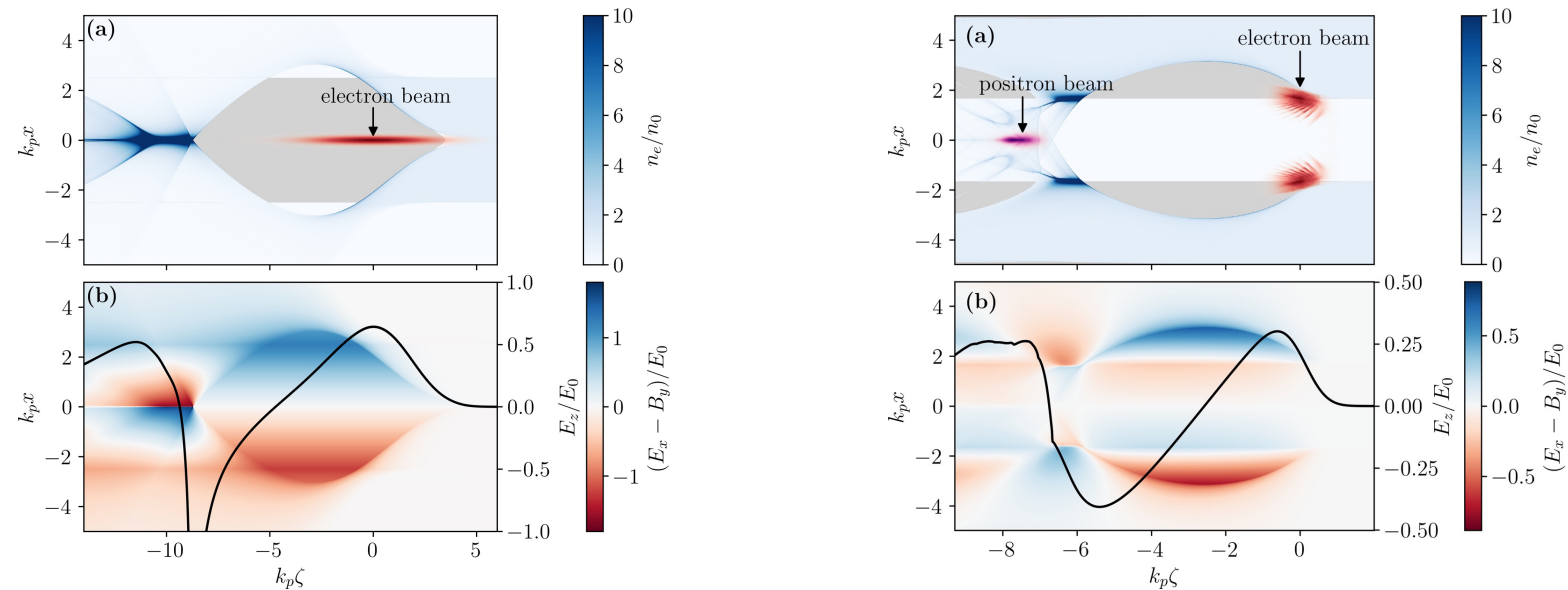
Examples and features

Severin Diederichs

HiPACE++ workshop, 11.07.2023

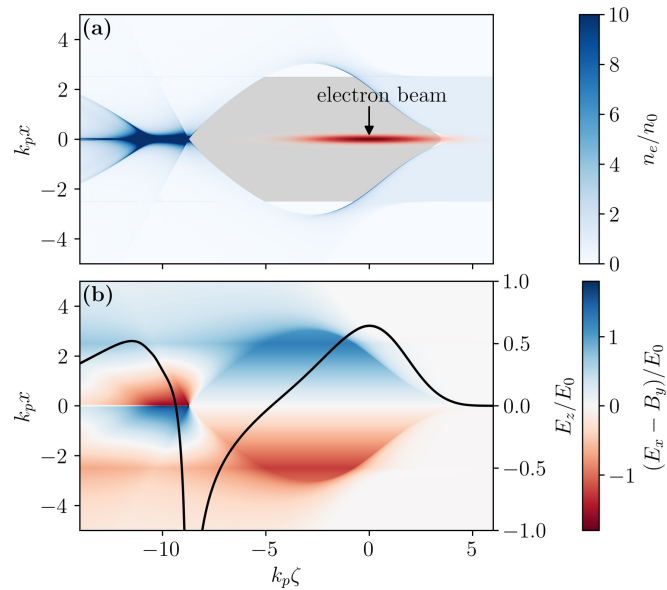


Plasma-based positron acceleration is notoriously challenging



- Often rely on narrow, sharp electron filaments that must be resolved → **high transverse resolution** needed
- Only relevant for collider-like parameters (small beams)
- Require a temperature for convergence → **many plasma particles per cells** are needed

Plasma-based positron acceleration is notoriously challenging



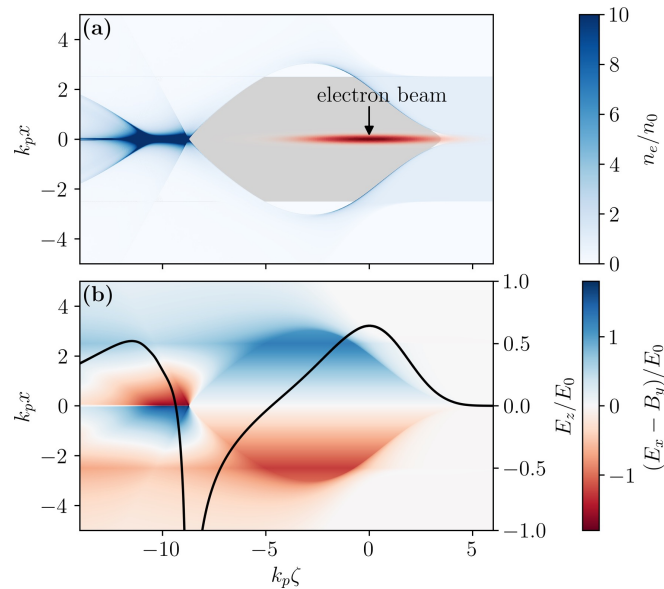
Back in 2019:
Using the predecessor HiPACE
(CPU only)

grid points = 2048 2048 10000
time steps = 400
beam particles = 100e6
plasma particles per cell = 25

256 nodes, 12000 CPU cores
run time: 1-2 days
costs: 10 000 node hours (CPU)

Simulation costs were prohibitively high

Plasma-based positron acceleration is notoriously challenging



Back in 2019:
Using the predecessor HiPACE
(CPU only)

grid points = 2048 2048 10000
time steps = 400
beam particles = 100e6
plasma particles per cell = 25

256 nodes, 12000 CPU cores
run time: 1-2 days
costs: 10 000 node hours (CPU)

Now:
Using HiPACE++
(on GPU)

grid points = 4095 4095 1920
time steps = 600
beam particles = 175e6
plasma particles per cell = 49

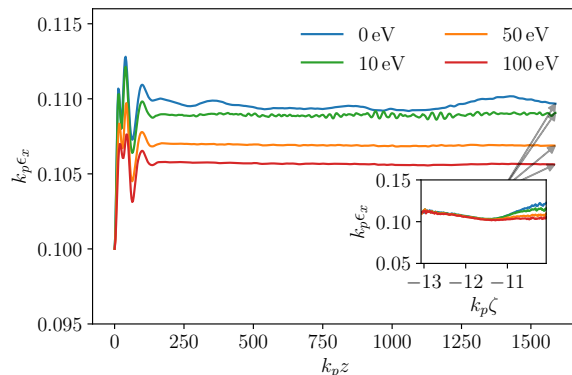
Explicit field solver saves 5x

**Simulations are cheap,
can do parameter scans**

32 nodes, 128x A100 GPUs

run time: 19min
costs: 10 node hours (GPU)*

*Our allocation: 30 000 node hours
“large allocation”: 156 000 node hours

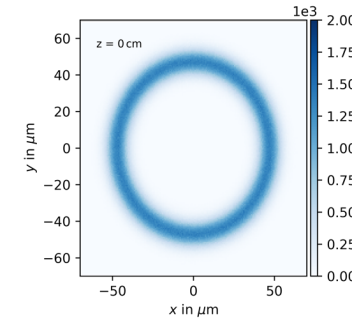


Moderate runs even possible on laptops

Example:

e^+ acceleration with a hollow-core driver Jain et al., PRL 2015

2015: 3D simulations **too expensive**



Donut-shaped beam pushes plasma into center
→ allows for positron acceleration

Moderate runs even possible on laptops

Example:

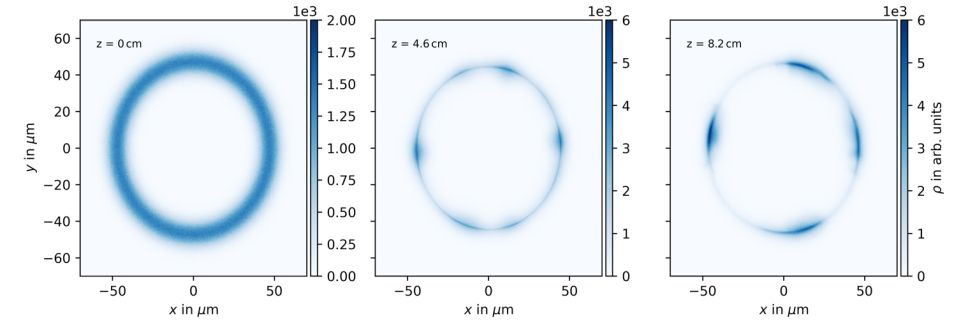
e^+ acceleration with a hollow-core driver Jain et al., PRL 2015

2015: 3D simulations **too expensive**

Now:

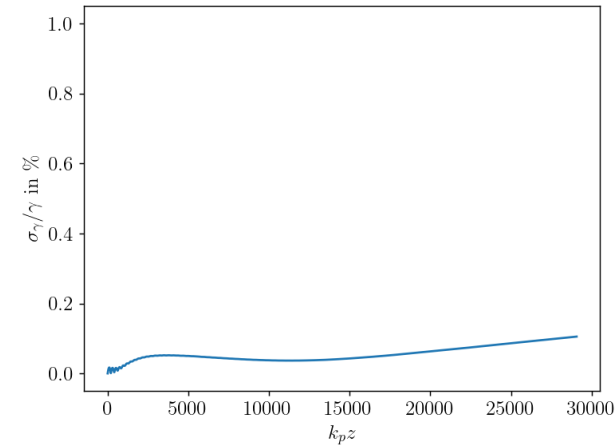
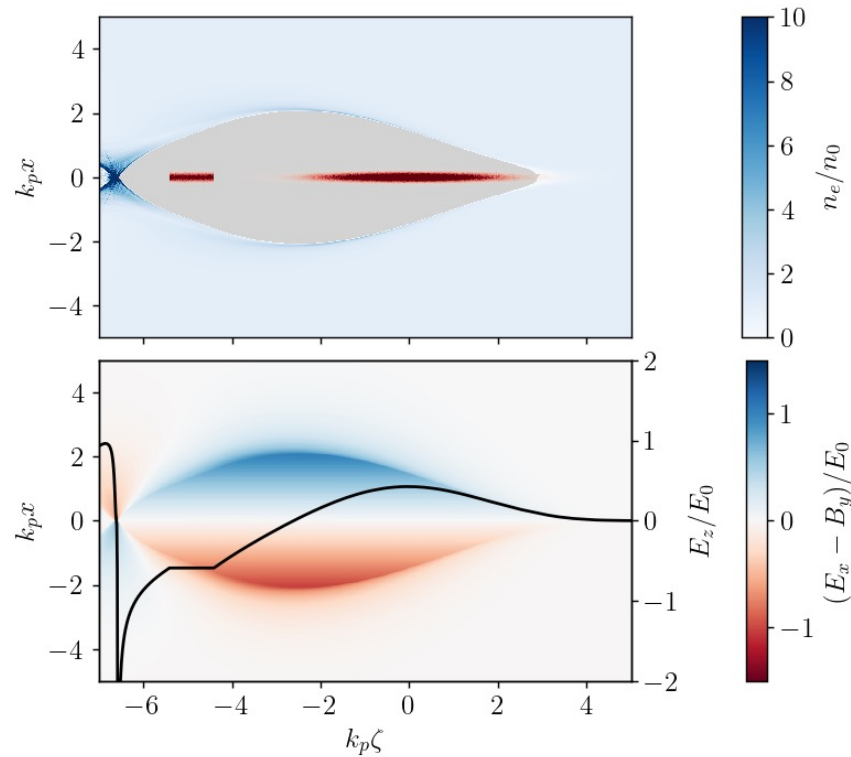
1 hour on a laptop equipped with an NVIDIA RTX2070
in *single precision*

```
grid points = 1023 1023 1024  
time steps = 300  
beam particles = 10e6  
plasma particles per cell = 1
```



Donut-shaped beam pushes plasma into center
→ allows for positron acceleration

Automated beam loading algorithm: SALAME



Automated beam generation to flatten an arbitrary wakefield*

```
beam.do_salame = 1
```

```
grid points = 1023 1023 1024  
time steps = 1000  
beam particles = 20e6  
plasma particles per cell = 1
```

Run time: 97 s

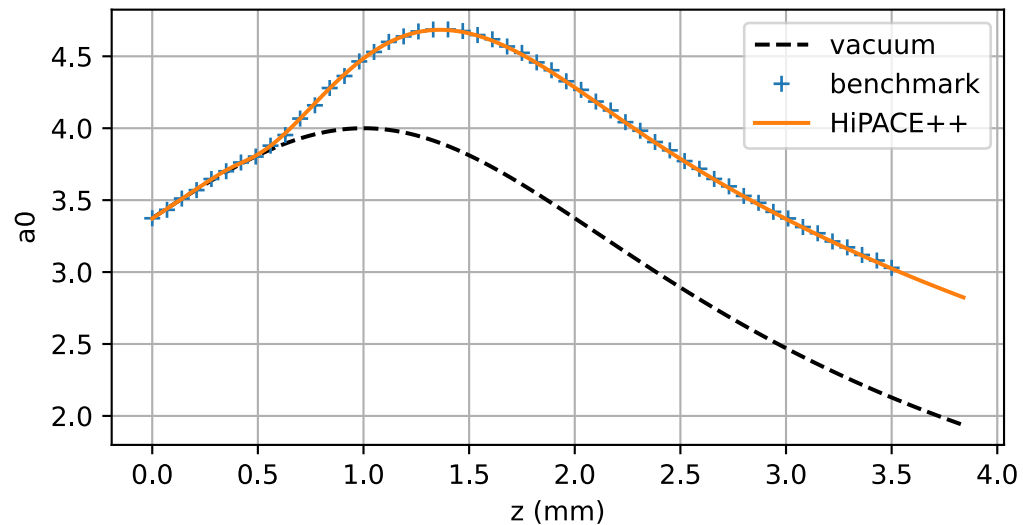
Costs: 0.4 node hours using on 16 nodes on Perlmutter
(64 A100 GPUs)

*more information on the algorithm
Diederichs et al., PRAB 2020

Laser envelope solver

Implemented the INF&RNO¹ laser envelope model²
also implemented in Wake-T

Benchmark vs Wake-T



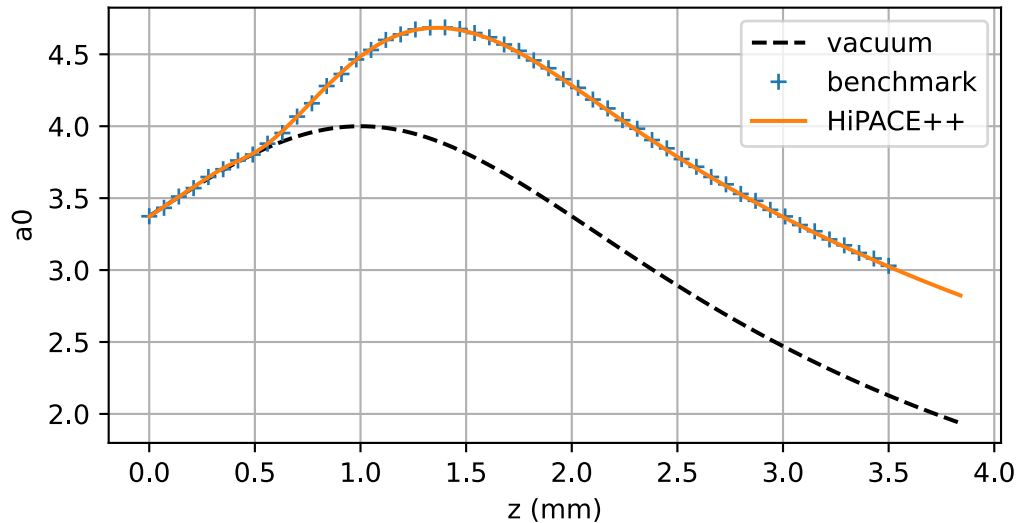
¹Benedetti et al. AIP Conf. Proc. 2010

²Benedetti et al. PPCF 2018

Laser envelope solver

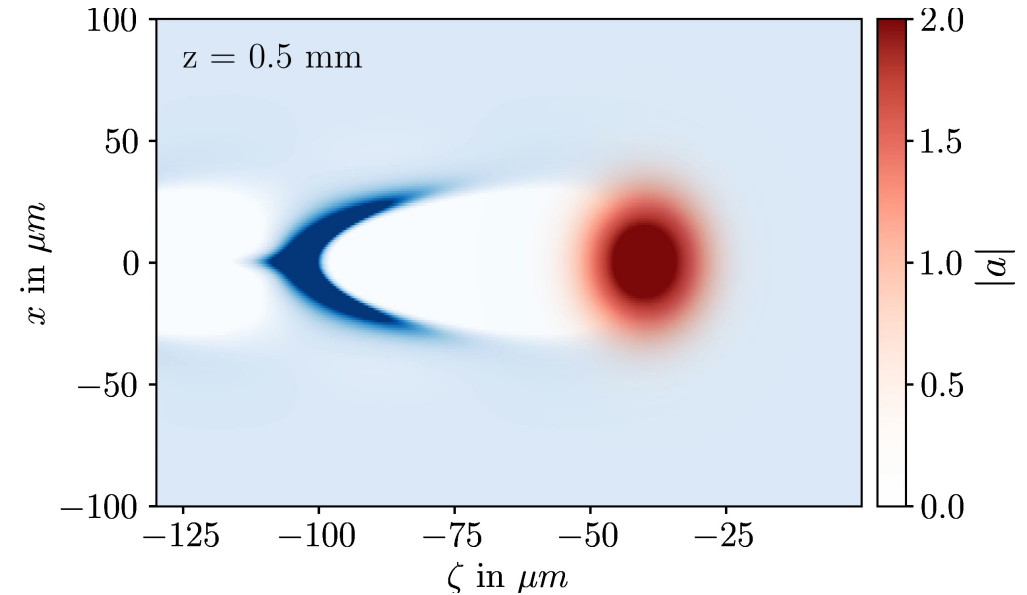
Implemented the INF&RNO¹ laser envelope model²
also implemented in Wake-T

Benchmark vs Wake-T



¹Benedetti et al. AIP Conf. Proc. 2010

²Benedetti et al. PPCF 2018



Standard LWFA setting:

grid points = 511 511 1000
time steps = 50
plasma particles per cell = 1

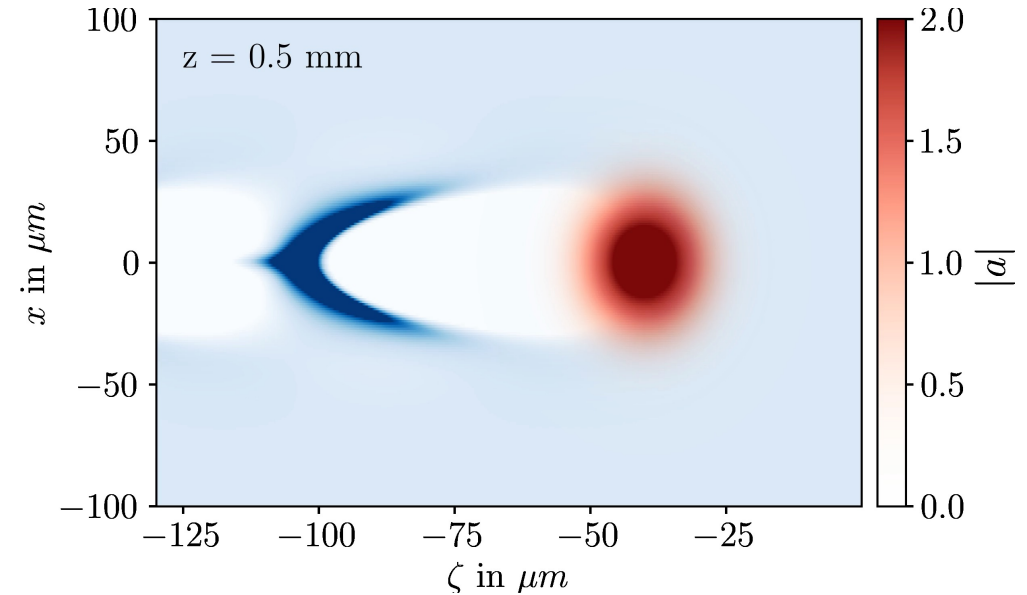
Run time: 75 s (laser solver 23%)

Costs: 0.02 node hours

(on 1 node on the JUWELS Booster)

Laser envelope solver

Implemented the INF&RNO laser envelope model



Production run:

```
grid points = 511 511 2048  
time steps = 1000  
plasma particles per cell = 1
```

Run time: **89 s** (laser solver: 14%)
Costs: **0.8 node hours**
(on 32 nodes on the JUWELS Booster)



Standard LWFA setting:

```
grid points = 511 511 1000  
time steps = 50  
plasma particles per cell = 1
```

Run time: **75 s** (laser solver 23%)
Costs: **0.02 node hours**
(on 1 node on the JUWELS Booster)

Another challenging plasma accelerator: AWAKE

- Very long proton beams (many cm)
- long plasma propagation (10m and beyond)
- Still want to resolve small emittance witness beam

→ huge amount of beam particles required ($>3e9$)
beam does not fit on GPU
very long box required (150000 longitudinal cells)

→ high transverse resolution required

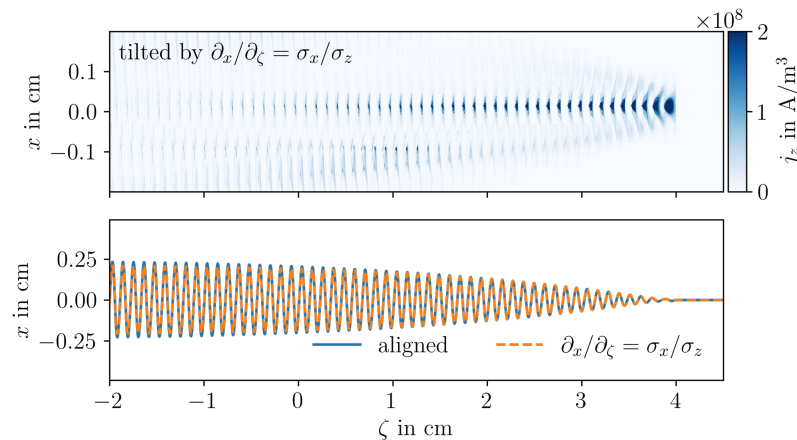
Previously:

tilted proton bunch test



```
grid points = 511 511 2048
time steps = 400
beam particles = 500e6
plasma particles per cell = 4
```

Run time: 4 min

Costs: 1 node hour using 16 nodes
(64 A100 GPUs)



Another challenging plasma accelerator: AWAKE

- Very long proton beams (many cm)  huge amount of beam particles required ($>3e9$)
beam does not fit on GPU
very long box required (150000 longitudinal cells)
- long plasma propagation (10m and beyond)
- Still want to resolve small emittance witness beam  high transverse resolution required

Work in progress:

AWAKE run 1 baseline benchmark

```
grid points = 511 511 150000  
time steps = 125  
beam particles = 3.5e9  
plasma particles per cell = 8
```

Run time: 28 min

Costs: 16 node hours using 32
nodes (128 A100 GPUs)

- Using the latest parallelization (not merged yet)
- 60% of the run time is initialization! This will be fixed soon
- May need to increase resolution
- Mesh refinement will enable high transverse resolution for witness beam

Summary

- HiPACE++ is production ready
- it enables previously unfeasibly simulation settings
- Standard plasma accelerator simulations are very cheap
- We are continually improving the code to cover even the most challenging scenarios via mesh refinement and memory management