

The LUXE Cherenkov detector prototype at SLAC

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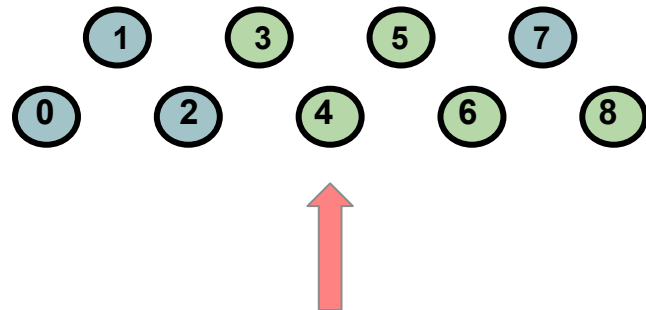
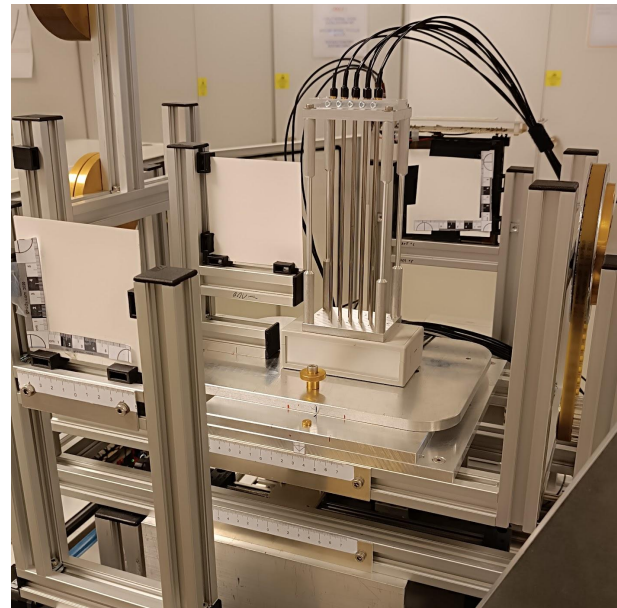
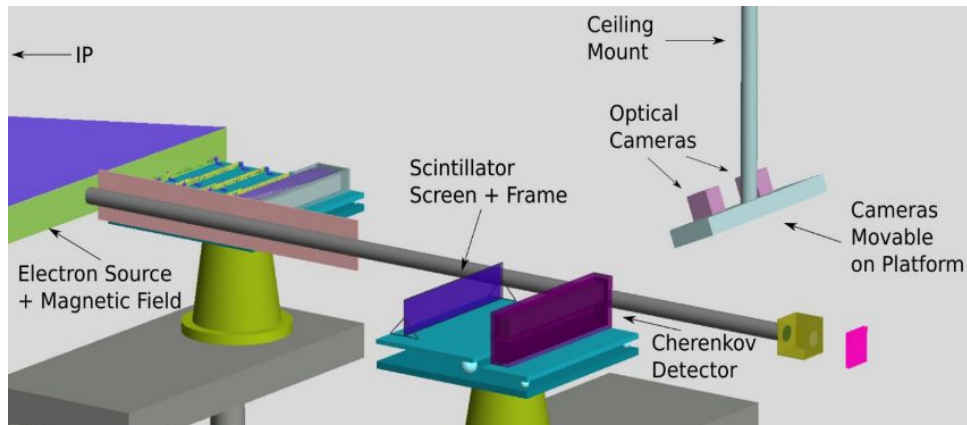
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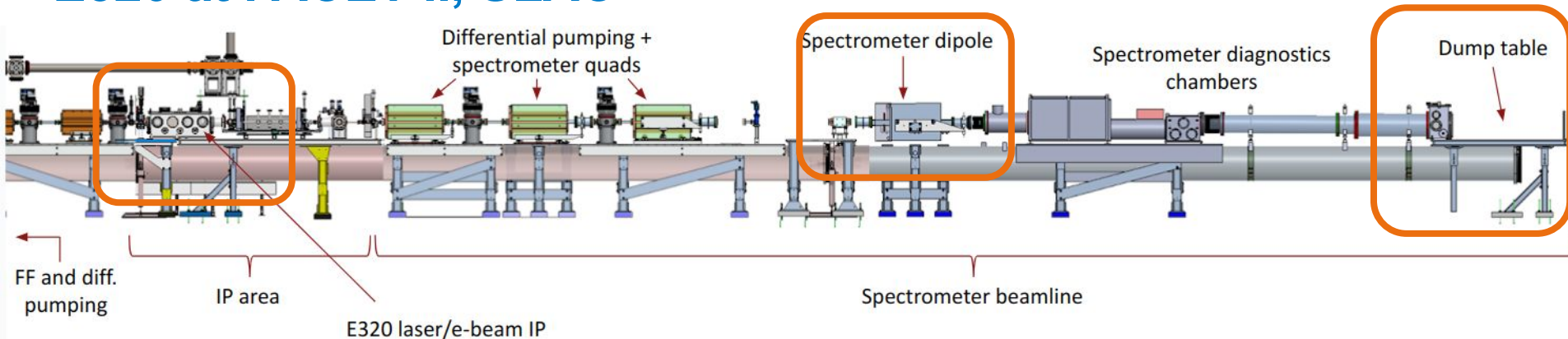


Prototype setup by now

- 9 straws, 3 scintillating screens + cameras
- Movable perp. through beam and straw angle adjustable
- Fibers to top of straws from LED pulser
- 2 SiPM types on self-made PCB
- Readout behind 20m cables with 14bit 0.5GS/s digitizer



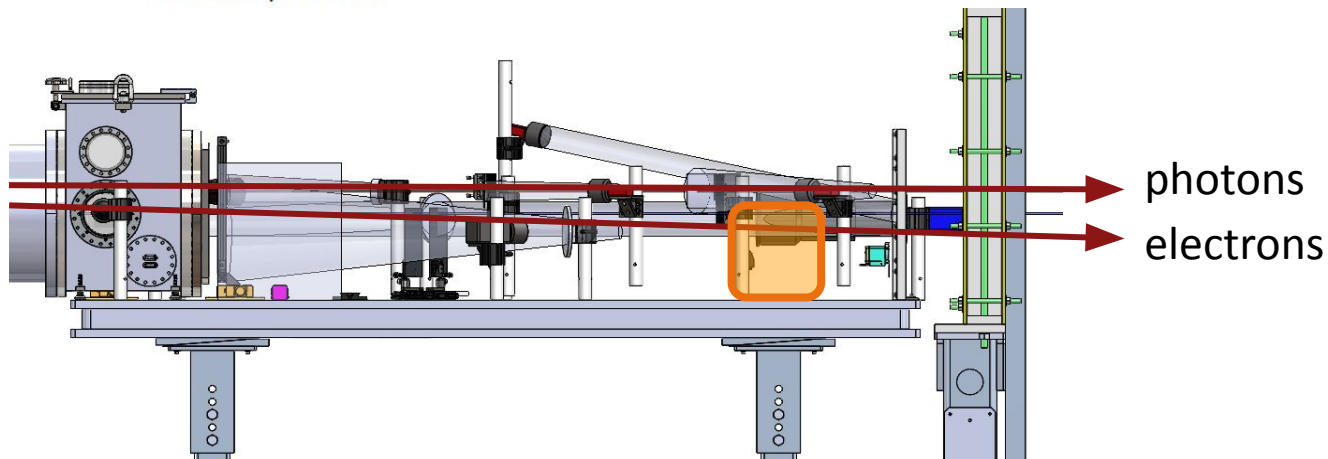
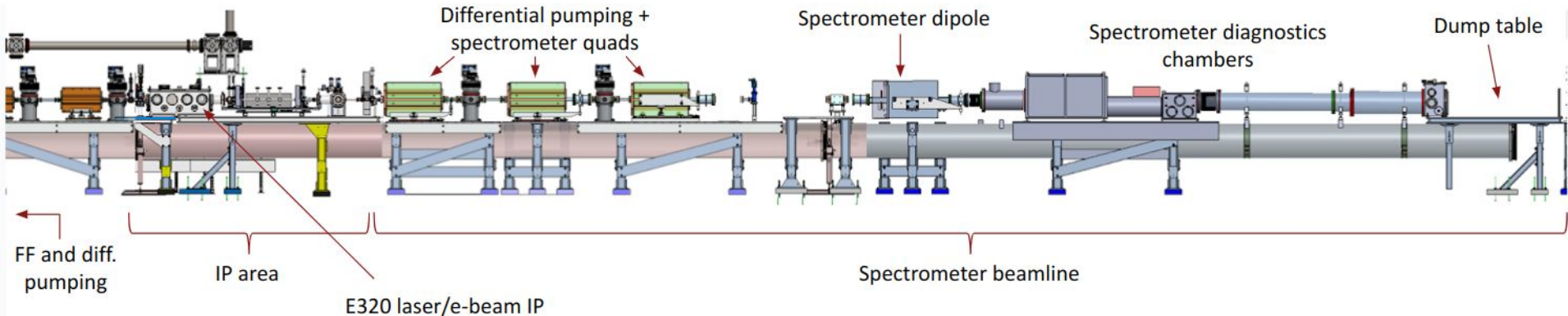
E320 at FACET-II, SLAC



- Quad triplet after IP
- Spectrometer dipole with ~6cm nominal dispersion at dump table
- Diagnostic systems:
 - Vacuum electrons
 - In-air electrons and photons at dump table

Electron beam parameter	Current ^a	Operational range
Delivered beam energy, (GeV)	10	10 – 13
Norm. emittance, (mm-mrad)	~ 20	3 – 6
Bunch configuration	Single	Two-bunch
Charge per bunch, (nC)	2	1.3/0.6
Peak current, (kA)	–	30/15
RMS energy spread, (%)	~ 1	0.8/0.3
Repetition rate, (Hz)	1 – 30	1 – 30
IP β^* , (cm)	50	5 – 50

E320 at FACET-II, SLAC



Cost estimations include:

- Depending on time of the year:
 - Accommodation
 - Flight
 - Daily allowance
 - Transportation
- ⇒ ~ 5000€ per month per person

Material list and costs

- Minimum:
 - Readout: Digitizer (Desktop version?)
 - Mechanical parts (straw & motor mounting, optical fibers)
 - Electrical parts (SiPMs, motors, arduinos, PCs, power supplies, PCB...)
 - + shipping costs
- Additional:
 - Screen and camera
 - Second straw setup (orthogonal)

Backup

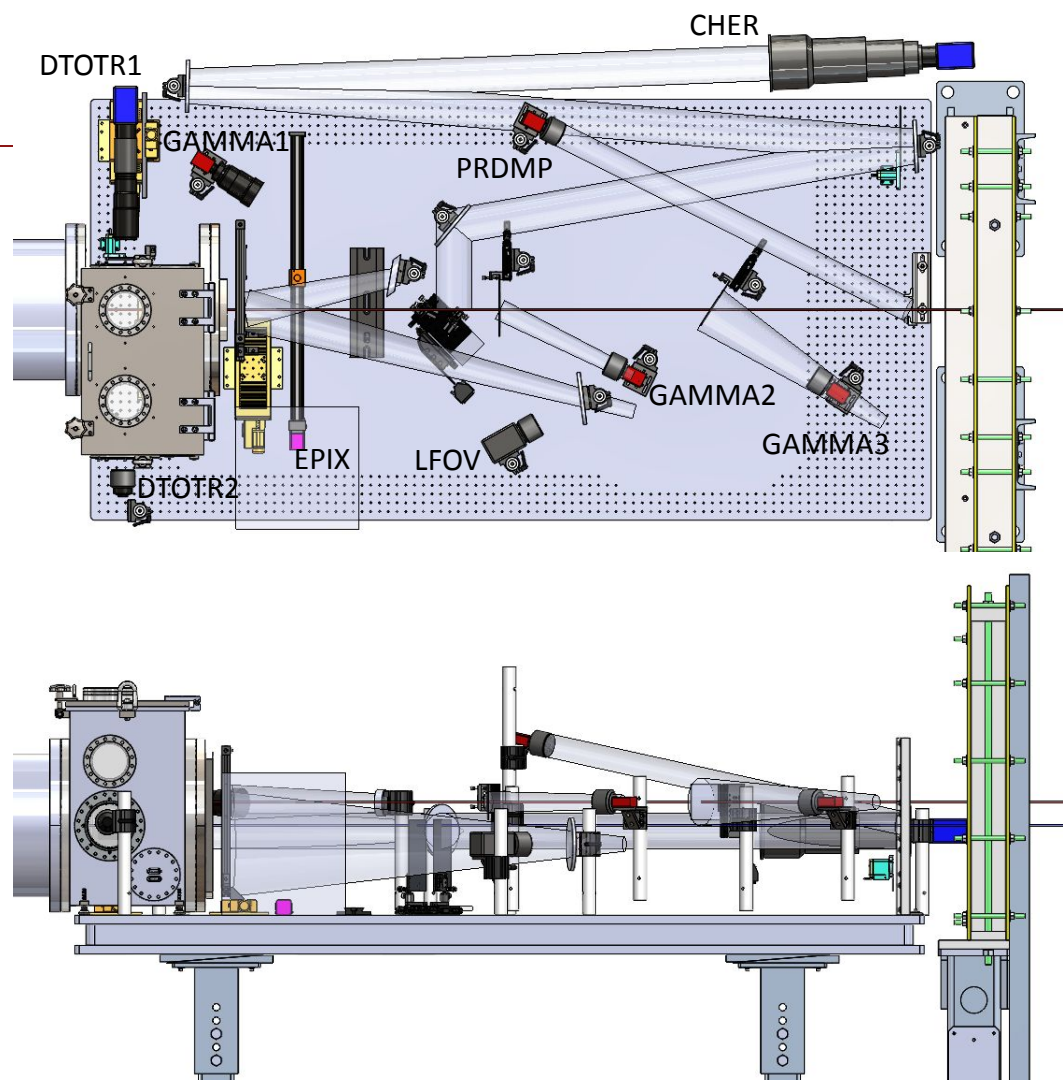
Spectrometer beamline

	Z location [m]	Element	Details
Compton IP	~1992.8	e-beam/laser IP	
Q0D quad	1996.98	Quad	
Q1D quad	1999.21	Quad	
Q2D quad	2001.43	Quad	
Spec. Dipole	2005.94	Dipole	
Vacuum exit window	2015.54	Window	5mm thick aluminum, 6 in. wide
Dump shield	2027.3	Gap	2 in. wide gap in lead wall, 4 in. thick
Dump Entrance	2028.0	Gap	2.5 in. gap in shielding
Dump	2028.6	Beam stop	Water cooled copper block - shielded by 8 in.+ lead, 11in. + borated polyethylene

*** max (nominal) fields, settings may change to change focal energy and nominal dispersion*

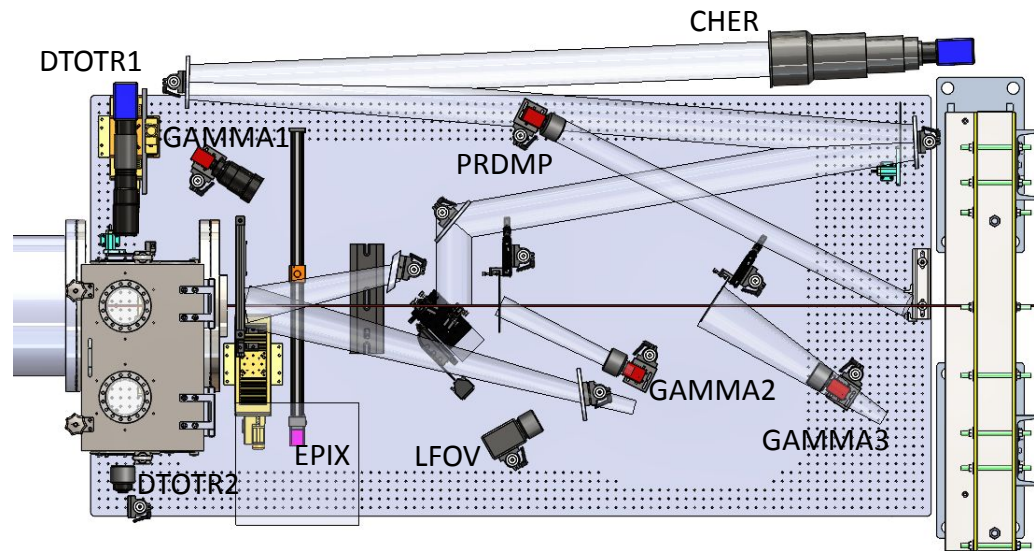
Top and side views

- Electron diagnostics on the dispersed electron beam axis
 - Nominally ~60mm below Gamma axis
 - DTOTR1/2 – in vacuum high res profile monitors
 - LFOV – large field of view
 - CHER – Cherenkov spectrometer
 - PRDMP – dump profile monitor
- Gamma diagnostics on zero-dispersion axis
 - Gamma1 – angular/profile info
 - Gamma2/3 – spectral info

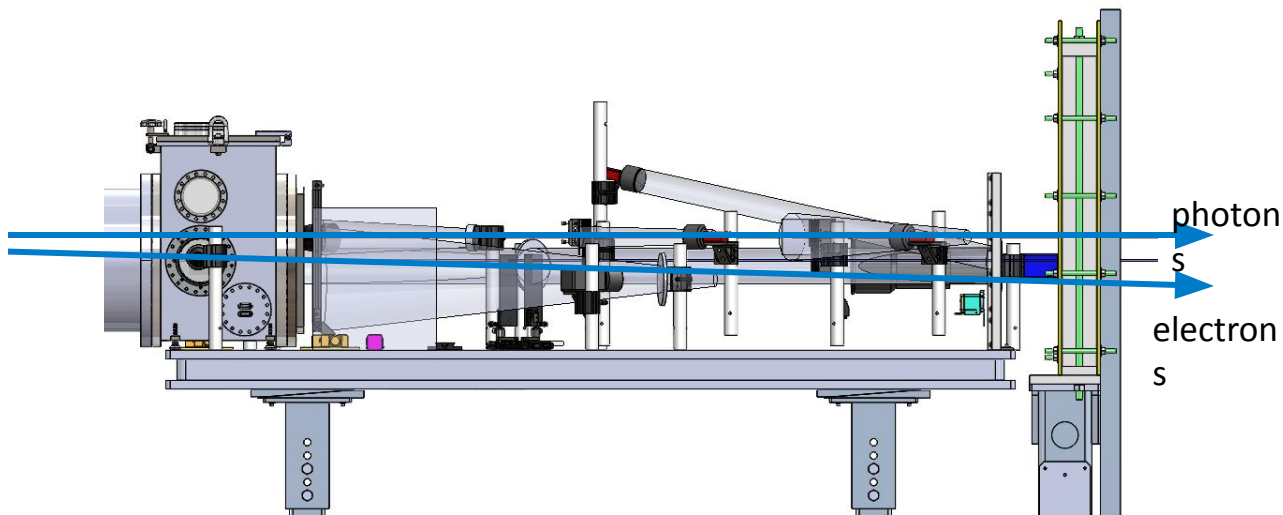


Space for test setups

- Depending on time – Gamma3 is not currently installed
- Some space between Gamma2 and Gamma3, or after Gamma3
- Other considerations:
 - Must be able to retract from beam axis
 - Very “hot” environment by the dump
Currently, the cameras trip off multiple times/hour



Side view



- Nominal distance between photons and primary beam $\sim 60\text{mm}$
- This can change with spectrometer dipole setting
- Photon axis is $\sim 32\text{ cm}$ from optical table surface
 - Primary electron beam at $\sim 26\text{cm}$, Compton electrons below this

Spectrometer quads
focusing at 8 GeV

