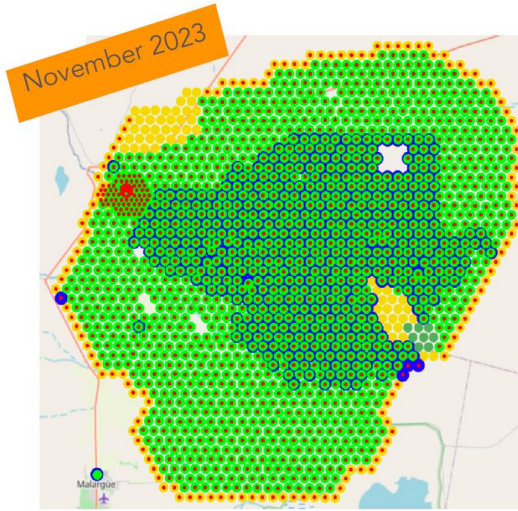
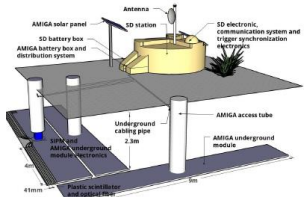
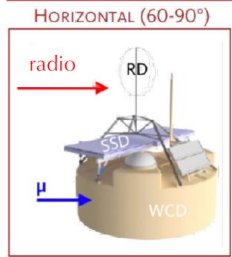
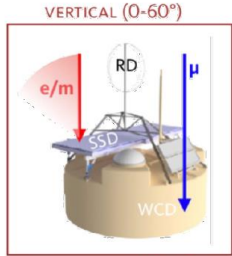


Neutrino Strategy Germany

Meeting (virtual) Zeuthen
10 January 2024

Andreas Haungs

Pierre Auger Observatory => AugerPrime



- stations with a UUB installed (+SSD-PMT and SPMT) - completed
- stations with a SSD - completed
- stations with a RD antenna ~30%
- UMD ~58%

PHASE I: (ended in 2021)

- Exposure: **80,000 km² sr yr** (<60°)

PHASE II (8 years of operation starting 2022/23):

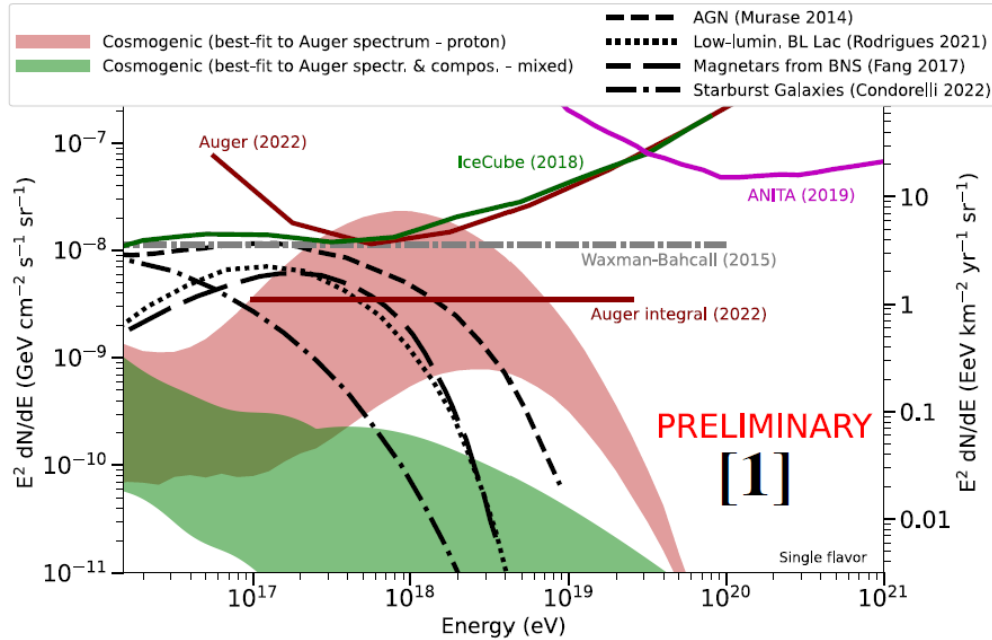
- Projected exposure: **40,000 km² sr yr** (<60°)
- **Use SD more effectively** for mass composition information on event by event basis

PHASE II detector upgrade:

- **Two detector** additions to every SD station:
 - **Scintillator detector** (SSD) — (<60°)
 - **Radio antenna** (RD) — (>60°)
- **In addition**
 - **New electronics** (faster, more channels)
 - **Small PMT** (1" diameter) to increase dynamic range of each WCD
 - **Buried muon counters** in the in-fill array

- Collaboration > **450 authors**, 17 countries, ca 90 institutes
- **Final results of Phase I** are/will be published
 - Spectrum, composition, anisotropy and combined information
 - Multimessenger increasingly important
 - Measurement published as open data

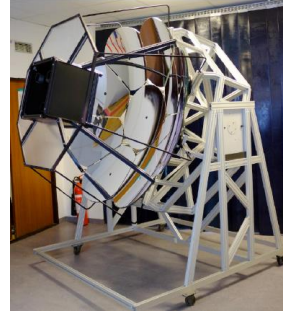
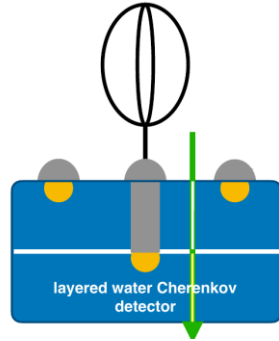
Pierre Auger Observatory – EHE Neutrinos



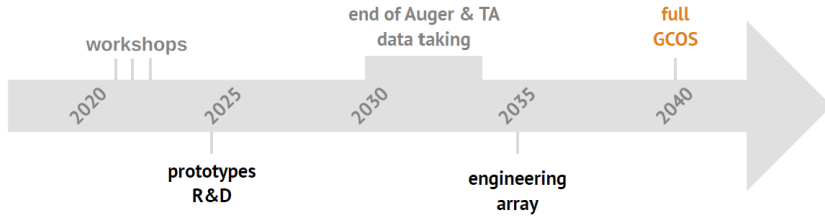
Timeline: Milestones and dates [6]	AugerPrime review	Commissioning	Data taking	
	11/2023	12/2024	Till 2035	
KAT constituencies [7]	Cosmic rays	High-energy neutrino astrophysics	Gamma-ray astronomy	

GCOS -- The Global Cosmic Ray Observatory

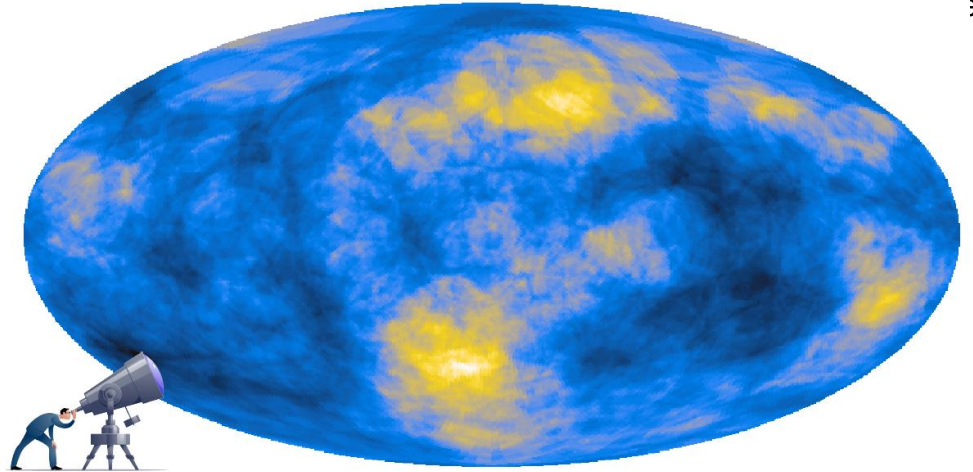
charged-particle
astronomy, multi-
messenger studies and
fundamental physics
at ultra-high energies



2018 “Future” session at UHECR (Paris)
2021 1st GCOS workshop (online)
2022 2nd GCOS workshop (Wuppertal)
2023 3rd GCOS workshop (Brussels)
two layered WCD prototypes running in
Auger
FAST (FD) prototypes running in Auger
and TA

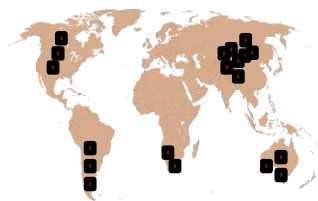


full-sky by 2 sites; 60.000 km²
20k layered WCDs; RD, FD
→ high quality E and A at 30
EeV

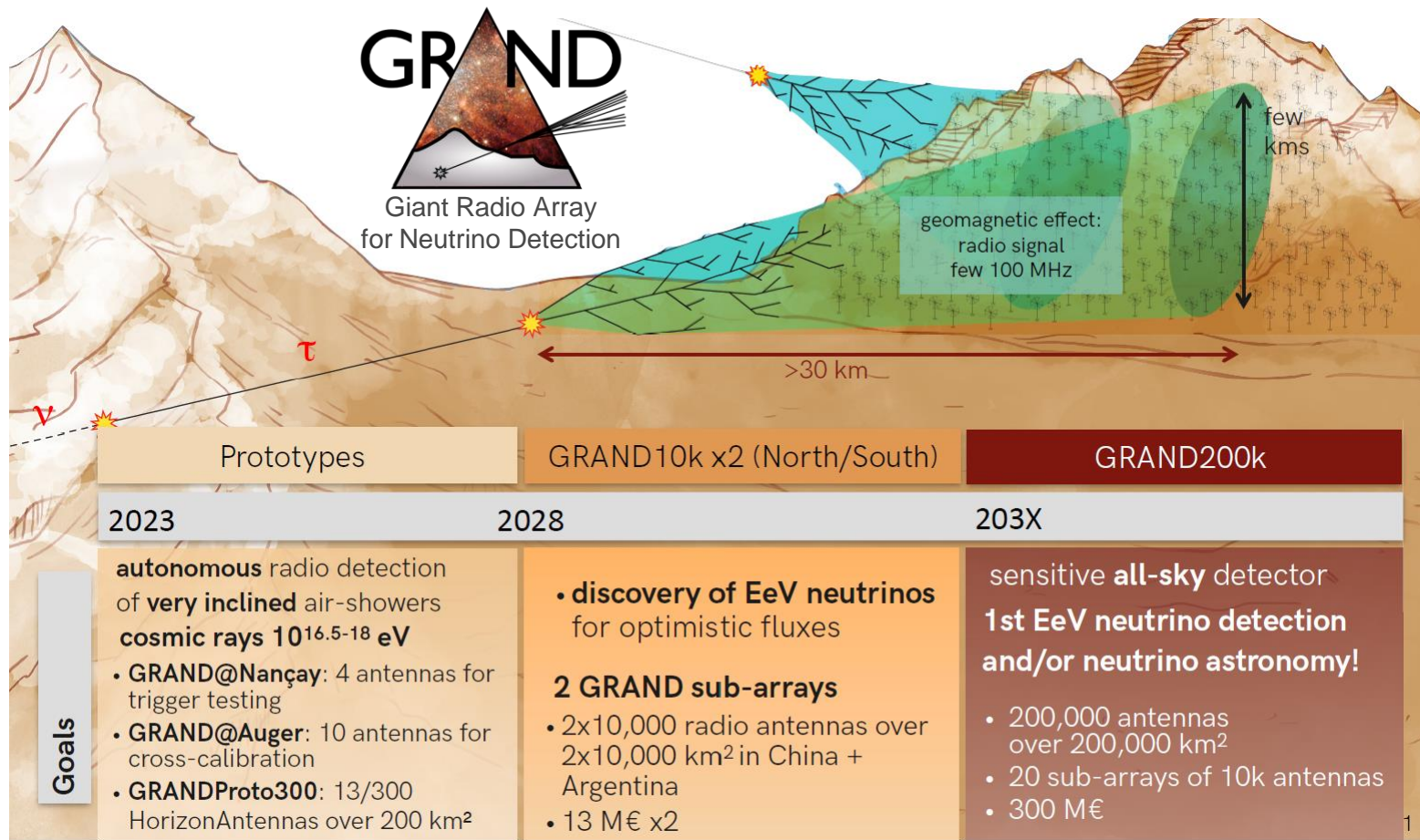


Auger >38EeV: (local) significances of -4.3 (dark blue) to +4.3 sigma (white)

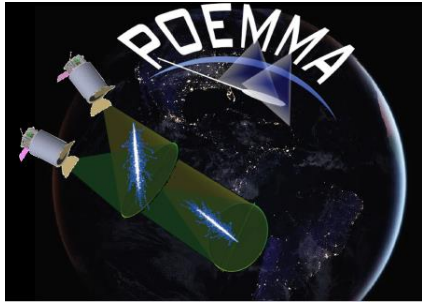
GRAND



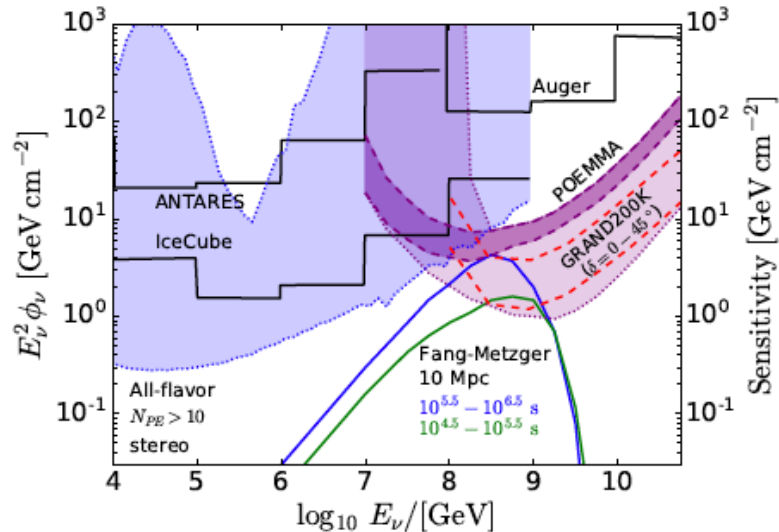
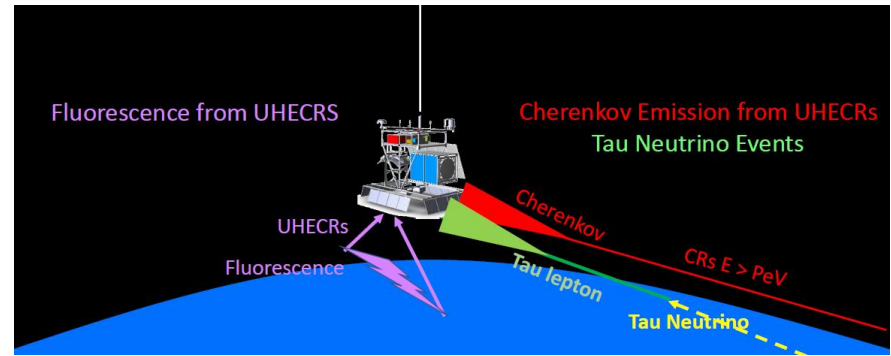
~20 sub-arrays
of 10'000
antennas
worldwide
totalling
200'000 radio
antennas over
200'000 km²



POEMMA -- SPB-PBR




POEMMA, PoS (ICRC2023)1159



- POEMMA, 2 satellites, 4 m mirror, design study funded by NASA, launch foreseen mid 30ies
- Detection of UHECR and neutrinos
- SuperPressureBalloon-POEMMABalloonRadio flight foreseen 2027 as POEMMA testbed


Timeline: Milestones and dates [6]	SPB-PBR: construction	SPB-PBR: field-tests	SPB-PBR: launch	POEMMA
	2024-25	2026	2027	2030ies
KAT constituencies [7]	Cosmic rays	High-energy neutrino astrophysics		select here



Sensitivity of BEACON to Point Sources of Ultrahigh Energy Neutrinos

Andrew Zeolla on behalf of the BEACON Collaboration

PoS(ICRC2023)1020



The BEACON Concept

- Beamforming
- Elevated
- Array for
- Cosmic
- Neutrinos



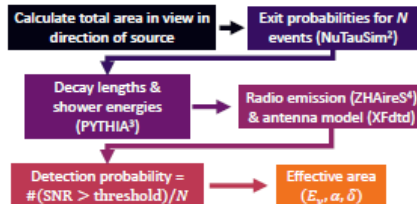
- $O(1000)$ radio interferometers placed on mountains around the world¹
- Detects the radio emission of upgoing EAS created by Earth-skimming ν_e
- Phased array trigger \rightarrow greater sensitivity
- High elevation + radio + multiple stations \rightarrow huge detector volume
- Prototype (Talk: NUS-01, PoS(ICRC2023)1019)



Q: Could BEACON detect UHE astrophysical neutrinos?

Method

- Accounts for overlapping detector areas
- Monte Carlo: Multiple Antenna Arrays on Mountains Tau Simulation (Marmots)
- Calculates the effective area of BEACON to neutrino point sources
- Any station configuration can be input



Results

Simulation: 100 stations, 3 km apart, oriented East, 120° FoV, 3.8 km altitude, along line of equal longitude

