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Session 4 : GUI Extensions

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Karabo GUI

- Control and designer modes.
- In designer mode: drag and drop device properties to the scene.

Default widgets based on the data type are displayed.

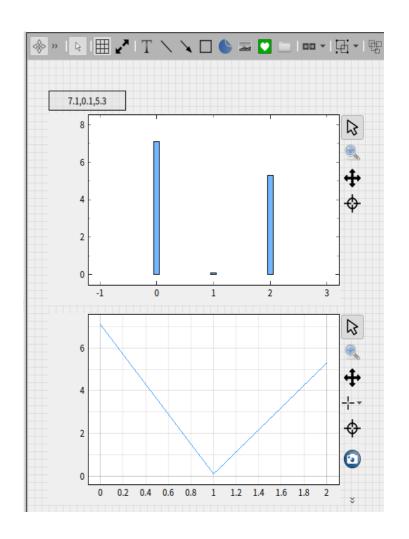
- Contains 3 items: property name, display and edit widgets.
- Scenes are stored in project or provided by devices.

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Karabo GUI

- Large set of built-in widgets.
- Widgets can be changed by right clicking on the widget and selecting **Change Widget**.
- Based on the data type, display types changes.
- Switching between widgets is always possible.

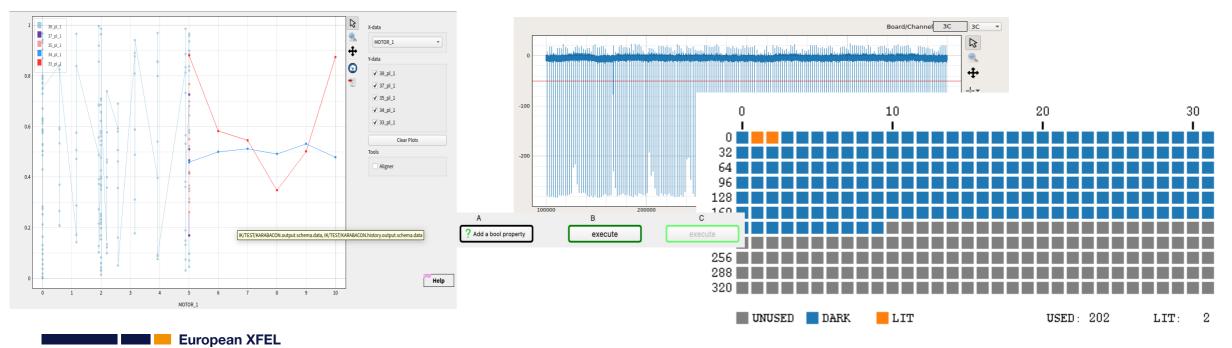


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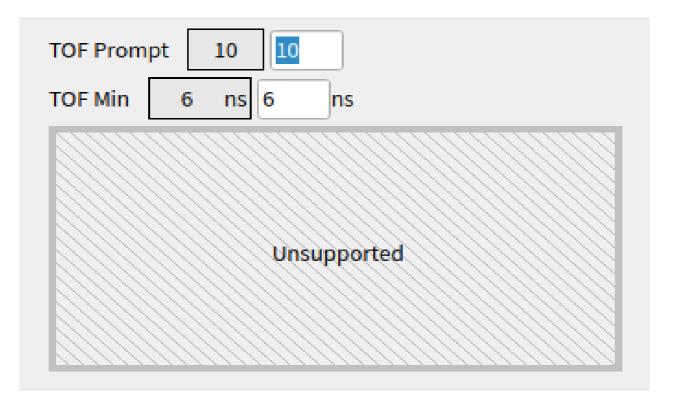
GUI Extensions

- Karabo GUI Extensions (further extensions) is a python package that compliments Karabo GUI by adding custom tailor made widgets.
- It is **not** part of Karabo framework and does not follow karabo release/deployment cycle and can be updated at any point.

Gitlab link: https://git.xfel.eu/karaboDevices/guiextensions



Problem: Missing Widget



Solution: Update gui extensions

As the extensions are frequently updated one might miss the latest widgets.

Use Help \rightarrow Check for Updates to update extensions.

Close and open karabo gui to reload extensions.

Check for Updates									
Karabo Extensions									
	Version 10+gf0954f5	*		st Version 0.6.12					
Versions refreshed									
Uninstall	Update	•	Stop	Close					

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Karabo GUI development environment

- Karabo GUI is installed via conda package manager and dependency tool.
- It is written in Python by using PyQt and pyqtgraph libraries.
- To prepare the development environment of gui extensions:
- 1. Clone guiextensions repository
- 2. Activate conda environment of the Karabo GUI.
- 3. Install guiextensions python package.

Hands on #1 : prepare developer environment

- Open terminal
- source /opt/miniconda/bin/activate
- conda activate karabogui

cd

- cd karabo/devices/guiextensions
- git checkout workshop
- 📒 pip install -e .
- **karabo-gui** (might take few sec.)

Hands on #2: Change widget to gui extension

- Open karabo from terminal and connect with admin rights.
- Open project **SESSION_4**.
- Instantiate the middlelayer device KARABO_TEST/MDL/PROPERTY_TEST.
- Create a scene SESSION_4_SCENE.
- Drag and drop a Float (Min / Max) property on the scene.
- Ungroup widgets and change the second widget to Workshop Example 1.
- Save project.

GUI Extensions: Building blocks

- Extension is defined as an entry point in the **setup.py**
- It has to have a data model
- And representation widget.

Hands on #3: explore gui extension

Open visual code.

Open folder **karabo/devices/guiextensions**

Open file src/extensions/workshop/display_example_one.py

GUI Extensions: Building blocks

from qtpy.QtWidgets import QLabel, QWidget, QHBoxLayout from traits.api import Instance, WeakRef from karabogui.api import (FloatBinding, BaseBindingController, get binding value, register binding controller) from ..models.api import WorkshopExampleOneModel rou, 52 seconds ago j 2 auchors (noushadali Anakkappalla and ochers @register binding controller(ui name="Workshop Example One", klassname="WorkshopExampleOne", binding type=FloatBinding) class DisplayWorkshopExampleOne(BaseBindingController): model = Instance(WorkshopExampleOneModel, args=()) # Internal traits value label = WeakRef(QLabel) def create widget(self, parent): # Method has to return an object of Qt Widget class widget = QWidget(parent=parent) # Adds a label self. value label = QLabel("Not updated!!!", parent=widget) # Assign horizontal layout and adds label to the layout hlayout = QHBoxLayout(widget) hlayout.addWidget(self. value label) return widget def value update(self, proxy): """Calls when the property value changes""" value = get binding value(proxy) if value: self. value label.setText(f"Total amount: {value} \$")

Class is decorated with **register_binding_controller**.

- **ui_name** appears in the gui.
- **klassname** should be the same as in setup.py
- binding_type defines data type that the controller will accept.

Class has to be inherited from **BaseBindingController**.

Has a model (for storing attributes in project) and internal objects.

Mandotary methods that needs to be implemented:

- create_widget returns PyQt widget object,
- value_update callback when value proxy changes.

GUI Extensions: Building blocks

Model can be used to store a gui related configuration in the Karabo project.

class WorkshopExampleOneModel(BaseWidgetObjectData):
 """ A model for the Workshop example widget`"""

Setup.py contains all entry points:

'WorkshopExampleOne = extensions.workshop.display_example_one', 'WorkshopExampleTwo = extensions.workshop.display_example_two',

pip install -e. to links the package. Necessary if the entry points in the setup.py change. No need to do pip install if the extension code changes.

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Note about libraries: Qt, PyQt, qtpy and traits

- Qt is graphical library written is c++, PyQt is wrapper of Qt and qtpy handles various PyQt versions.
- QWidget is a base class of all user interface objects (QLabel, QlineEdit, QPushButton, etc.).
- Widgets are grouped in layout(s) (QHBoxLayout, QVBoxLayout, QgridLayout).
- Traits package is used to ensure data validation.

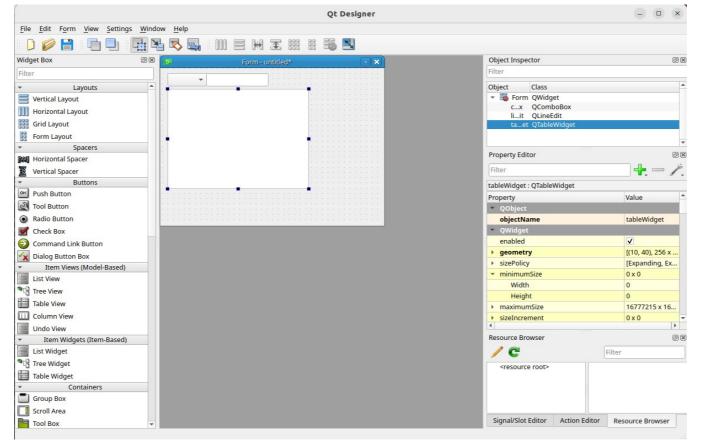
Hint:

PyQt provides designer tool.

Allows to explore Qt library and create *ui files for complex widgets and layouts.

Designer

Activate conda karabo environment and launch designer.



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Hands on #4

- Currently **display_example_one.py** contains one label that displays a text with attribute value.
- Modify widget by adding a value input widget that displays the value.



Hands on #4 : steps and solution

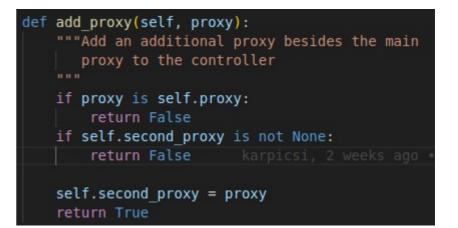
- Add **QLineEdit** (widget for value input) to the imports (line 1).
- Add _value_ledit = WeakRef(QLineEdit) to internal objects (After line 18)

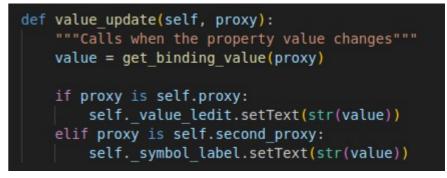
Add line edit to the widget and layout (after line 25 and 28):

- self._value_ledit = QlineEdit(parent=widget)
- hlayout.addWidget(self._value_ledit)
- Set label and value_ledit text (after line 34):
 - self._value_ledit.setText(str(value))
 - Solution: git checkout workshop_done (close/open GUI)
 - git diff workshop workshop_done
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Property proxies

- Property proxy links device attributes with widgets.
- It is not the device proxies used in the middlelayer context.
- All karabo data types are supported. Including nodes.
- Reimplement **add_proxy** to accept multiple proxies.
- **add_proxy** on success should return True.
- **value_update** will be called if any proxy has been changed.





Hands on # 5: Example with two proxies

- Drag and drop Float property to the scene.
- Change widget to Workshop Example 2.
- Drag and drop a String property on top of the widget.
- Text appears in the label. Hovering over the widget shows connected proxies.
- Open display_example_two.py in visual code.

Hands on #6

- Modify display_workshop_example_two.py.
- Implement basic interactive gui. If the float value is above 100:
 - Disable value self._value_edit (use **setEnabled()**).
 - Informe user that manual mode is disabled: Set tool tip of the **self._value_edit**.

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Hands on #6 : steps and result

Add code to the **value_update**:

self._value_ledit.setEnabled(value < 100)</pre>

tool_tip = "Manual mode is disabled" if value > 0 else ""

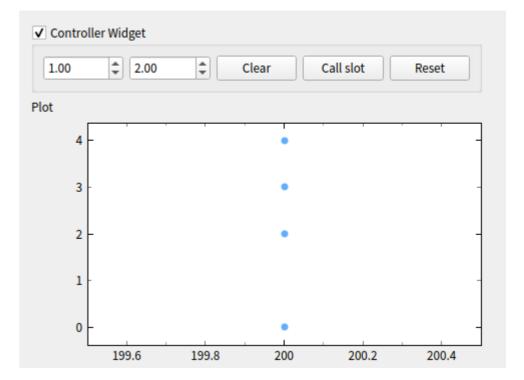
self._value_ledit.setToolTip(tool_tip)

Solution: git checkout workshop_done (close/open GUI)

Difference: git diff workshop workshop_done

An advanced example

- Workshop example 3
- Nested layouts.
- Usage of model attributes (Traits package).
- Qt signals and slots.
- Setting attributes via proxy.
- Handling state_update.
- Calling karabo slots and handling response.
- KaraboPlotView class.



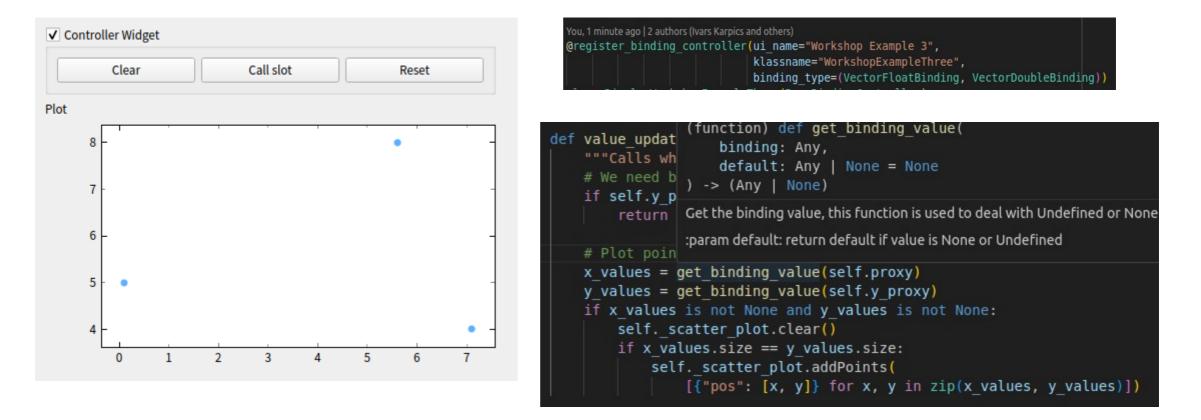
Hands on #7

- Drag and drop Float attribute on the scene.
- Change widget to Workshop Example 3.
- Drag and drop a second Float attribute on the scene.

Hands on #8

- Modify Workshop example 3
- Remove spinbox items
- biding_type should accept VectorDouble and VectorFloat attributes.
- on_value change verify that vectors have the same length.
- On each value update clean scatter graph and plot new points.

Hands on #8 : result



Further reading

- Karabo scenes: https://rtd.xfel.eu/docs/karabo/en/latest/library/gui_scene_development.html
- GUI Extensions: https://rtd.xfel.eu/docs/gui-extensions/en/latest/install_latest_version.html
- Qt: https://doc.qt.io/qt-5/qtwidgets-index.html , https://doc.qt.io/qt-5/qtwidgets-module.html
- PyQt graph: https://www.pyqtgraph.org/

- Karabo GUI has a rich set of built-in widgets.
- Most of them are adjustable to fit user needs.
- Missing gui appearance and complex widgets might be achieved via gui extensions.
- Use existing set of Karabo GUI widgets, ask for support/feature or develop your gui extensions.