

Measurement of the CP properties of the Higgs boson in the decay into tau leptons with the Run 3 data of the CMS experiment

DPG Spring Meeting 2024

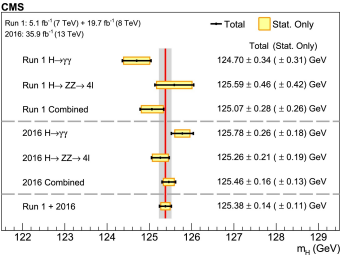
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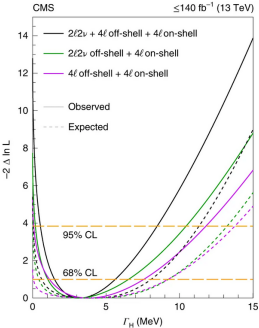


Standard model Higgs boson



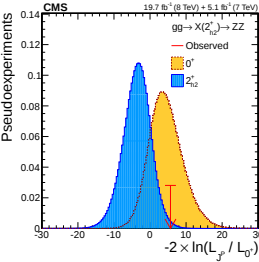
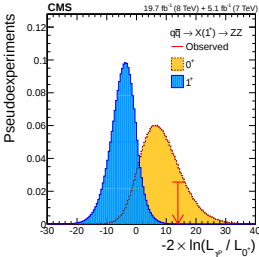
Phys. Lett. B 805 (2020) 135425

$$m_H = 125.38 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV}$$



Nat. Phys. 18 (2022) 1329

$$\Gamma_H = 3.2^{+2.4}_{-1.7} \text{ MeV}$$

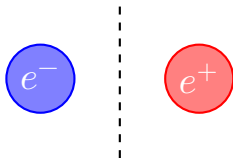


Various Higgs J^{PC} models were tested

Phys. Rev. D 92 (2015) 012004

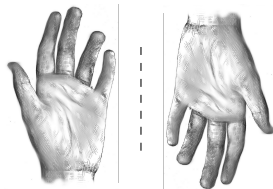
Recap: C and P transformations

C-parity



- > Replaces wave function of a particle to a wave function of the antiparticle
- > $\hat{C} \psi(e^-) = \psi(e^+)$
- > Conserved by strong and electromagnetic interactions

P-inversion



- > Performs "mirror reflection" of particle's coordinates
- > $\hat{P} \psi(e^-[\vec{r}]) = \psi(e^-[-\vec{r}])$
- > Also conserved by strong and electromagnetic interactions

Standard model Higgs boson CP parity

- > SM Higgs boson is **CP-even**

How to measure CP parity???

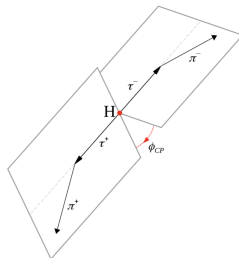
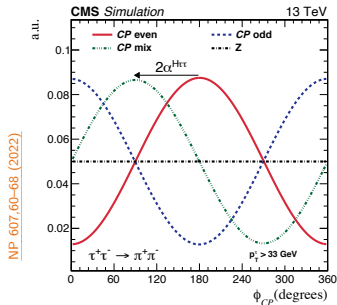
- > Take a look at Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = \frac{m_\tau}{\mu} (\kappa_\tau \bar{\tau} \tau + \tilde{\kappa}_\tau \bar{\tau} i \gamma_5 \tau) H$$

- > Let us define: $\arctan \left[\frac{\tilde{\kappa}_\tau}{\kappa_\tau} \right]$ as $\alpha^{H\tau\tau}$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\phi_{CP}} \sim 1 - \frac{\pi^2}{16} b(E^+) b(E^-) \cos[\phi_{CP} - 2\alpha^{H\tau\tau}]$$

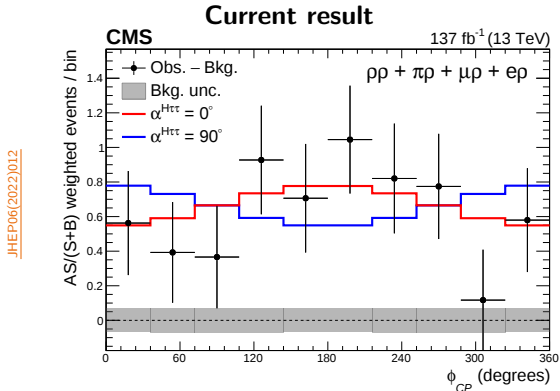
- > By examining distribution of ϕ_{CP} one can determine Higgs CP parity



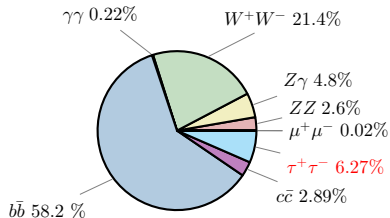
$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$: current status

CMS Run2 result is: $\alpha^{H\tau\tau} = -1 \pm 19(\text{stat.}) \pm 1(\text{syst.}) \pm 2(\text{bin-by-bin}) \pm 1(\text{theo.})^\circ @ 68.3\% \text{ CL}$

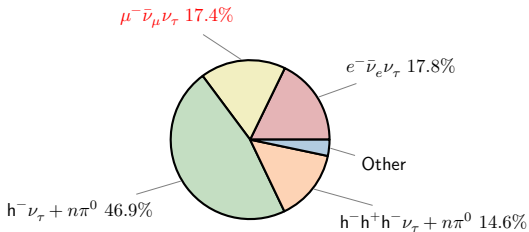
- > This result has a statistically-dominated uncertainty
- > $\leq 7^\circ$ uncertainty on $\alpha^{H\tau\tau}$ required to probe BSM scenarios
- > Run3 campaign will double the statistics
- > We expect statistical uncertainty for Run2 + Run3 to reduce by 40%



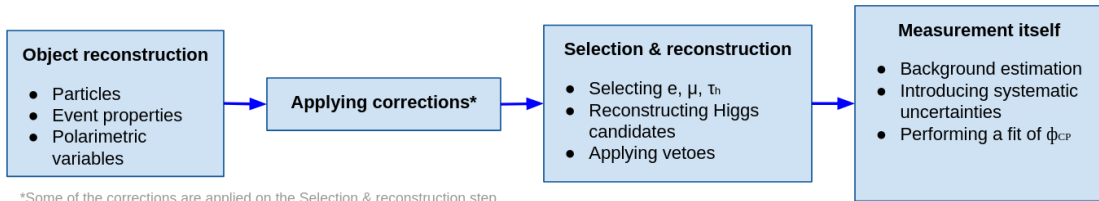
Run2 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ CP analysis pipeline



Higgs boson decay channels

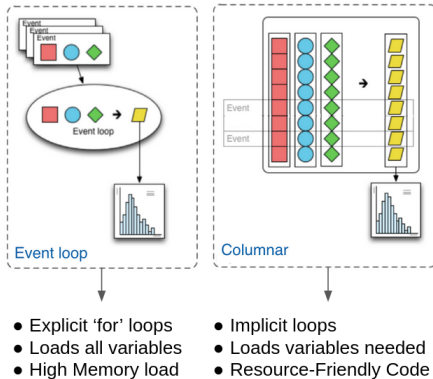
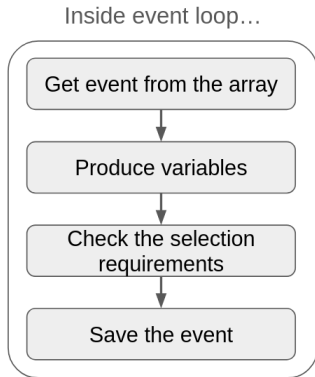


Tau lepton decay modes

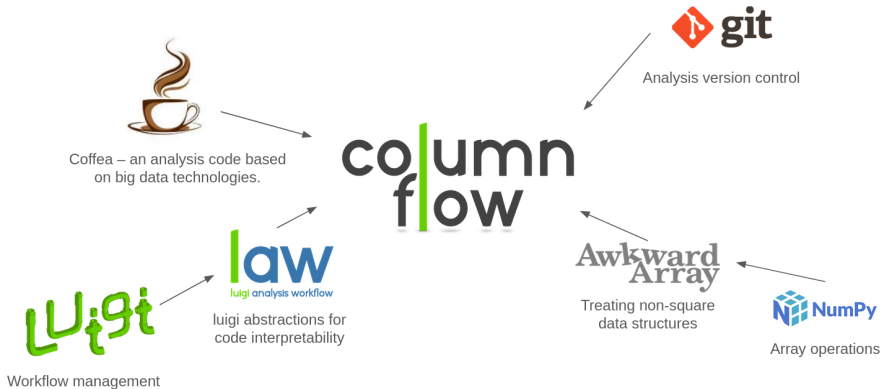


*Some of the corrections are applied on the Selection & reconstruction step

Columnar analysis approach

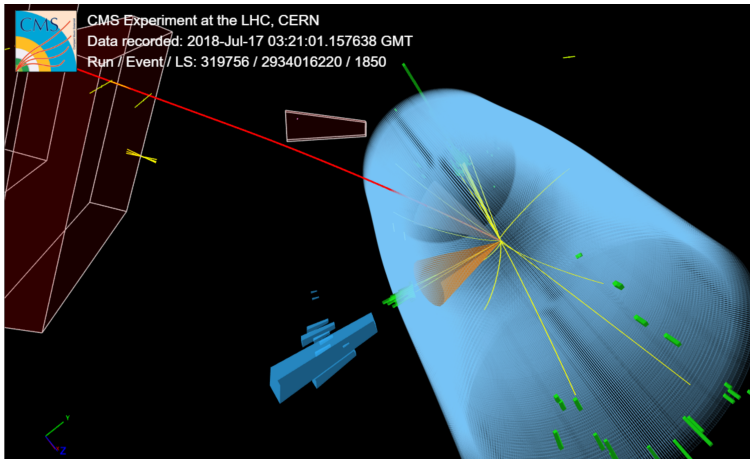


Using Columnflow for analysis orchestration



Columnflow task graph

Object selection



Trigger selection

b-jet veto

μ and τ candidates
selection

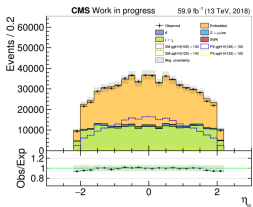
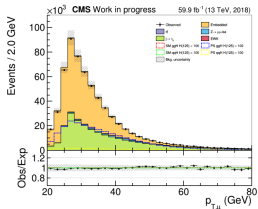
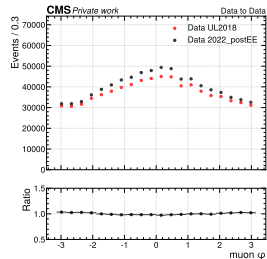
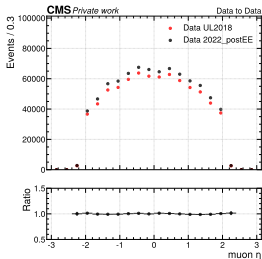
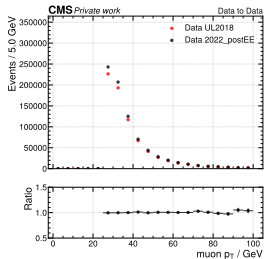
Higgs cand. selection

Extra lepton veto

Di-muon veto

Trigger matching

Muon kinematics: data to data comparison

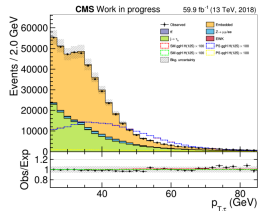
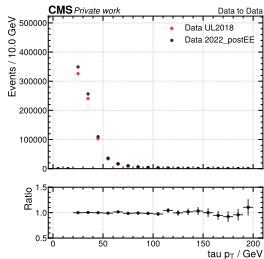


- > It took a few hours to process 4 data-taking periods within a year
- > For Run2 analysis it required a few weeks!

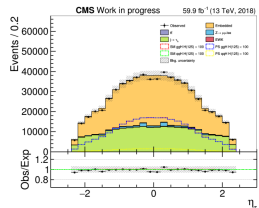
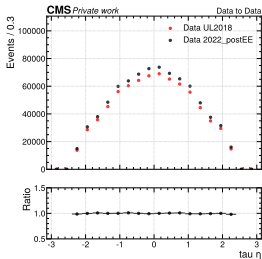
[DESY-THESIS 301 pp. \(2021\)](#)

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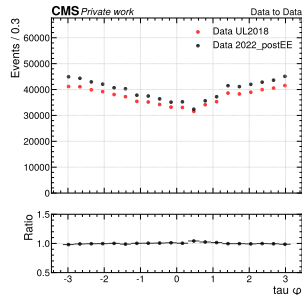
Tau kinematics: data to data comparison



[DESY-THESIS 301 pp. \(2021\)](#)



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Summary

- > CMS analysis of Higgs CP properties is ongoing
- > It targets $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ decays
- > A new columnar approach keeps proving its efficiency
- > The first results of Data to data comparison for UL2018 and 2022 postEE show a stable situation with the CMS detector

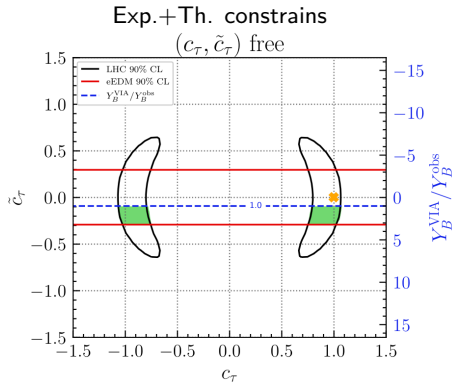
BACKUP

Requirements for the new Run3 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ CP analysis

- > Clear and comprehensive workflow
- > Possibility of combination with Run2 data
- > Fast reprocessing of the analysis pipeline
- > Long-term support of the code

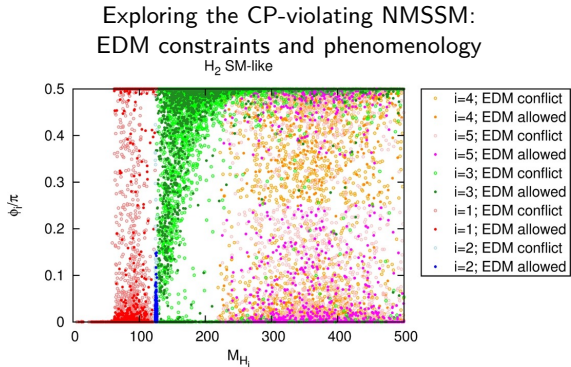
Theoretical and experimental constraints on $H\tau\tau$ couplings

Eur. Phys. J. C 82, 604 (2022)



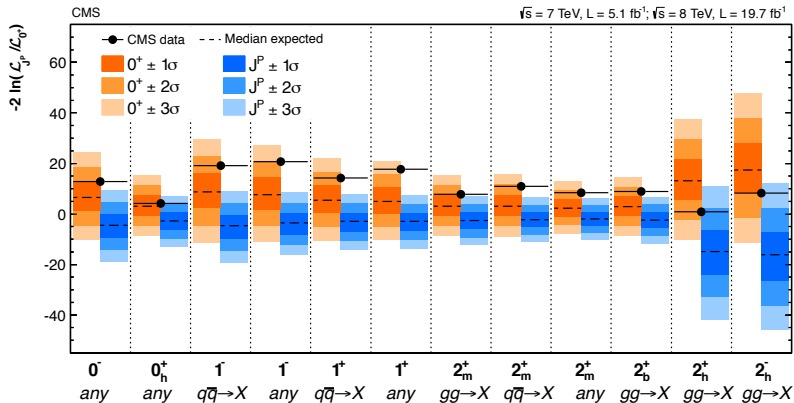
If uncertainty on $\alpha^{H\tau\tau} < 7^\circ$
we became sensitive to BSM

Nuclear Physics B Volume 901, December 2015, Pages 526-555



The phase ϕ_i , which measures the CP violation in the $H_i\tau\tau$ coupling, as a function of the mass of the Higgs boson H_i .

Spin-one and spin-two J^P models tested against the SM Higgs boson hypothesis



[Phys. Rev. D 89, 092007 \(2014\)](#)