

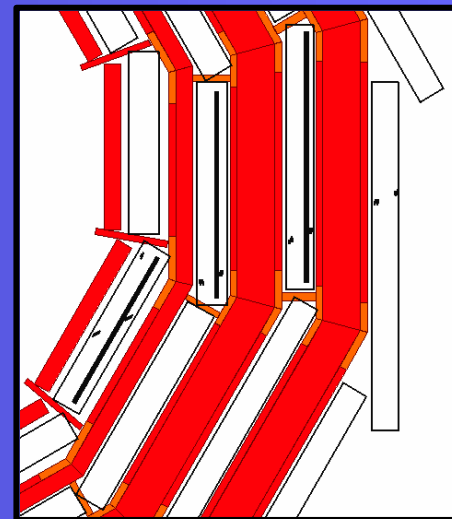
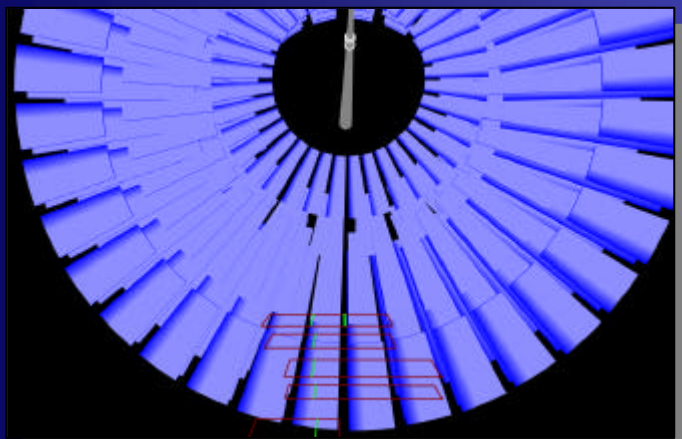


# Muon Identification & Muon Commissioning

Kerstin Hoepfner

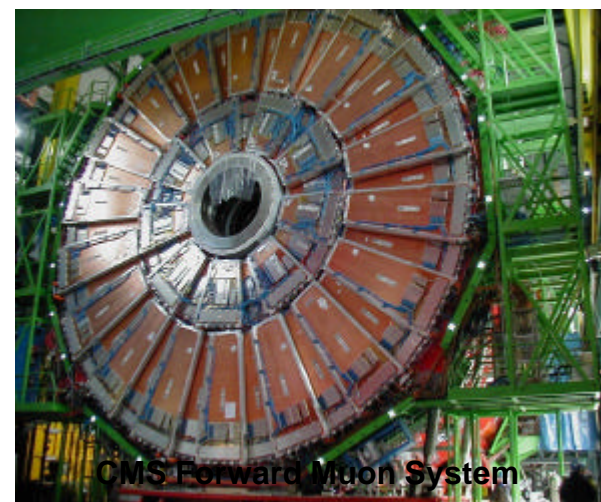
CERN & RWTH Aachen Phys.Inst.IIIA

[hoepfner@cern.ch](mailto:hoepfner@cern.ch)

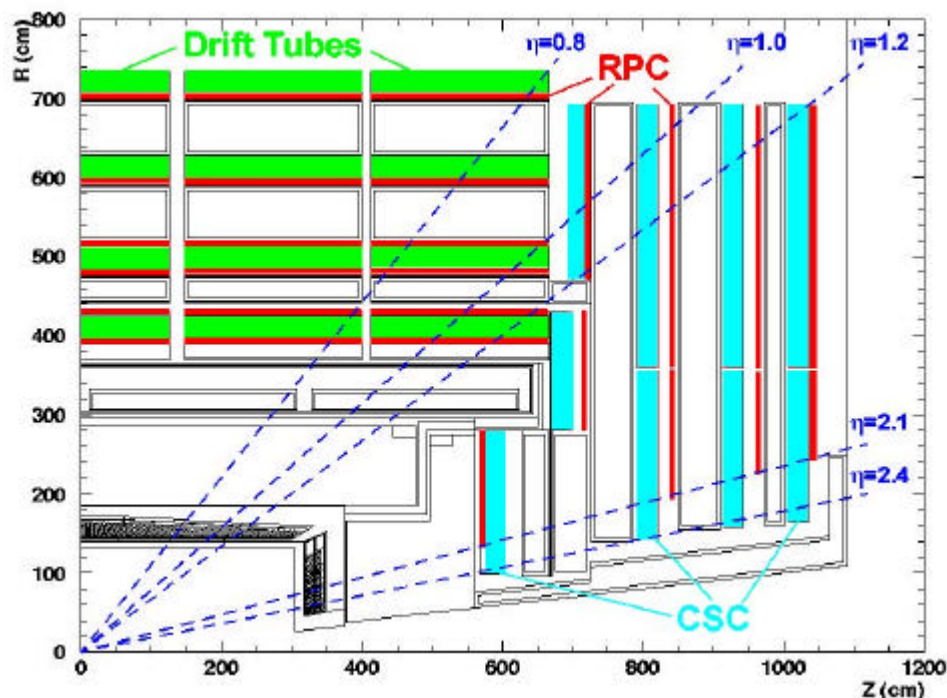


- Overview muon HW & SW groups
- Muon Identification

- Muon Commissioning
  1. DETECTORS
    - Subsystem (CSC, DT, RPC) commissioning
    - Integration in CMS, Concept of global runs
  2. RECONSTRUCTION SOFTWARE
    - DPG activities



# CMS Muon System

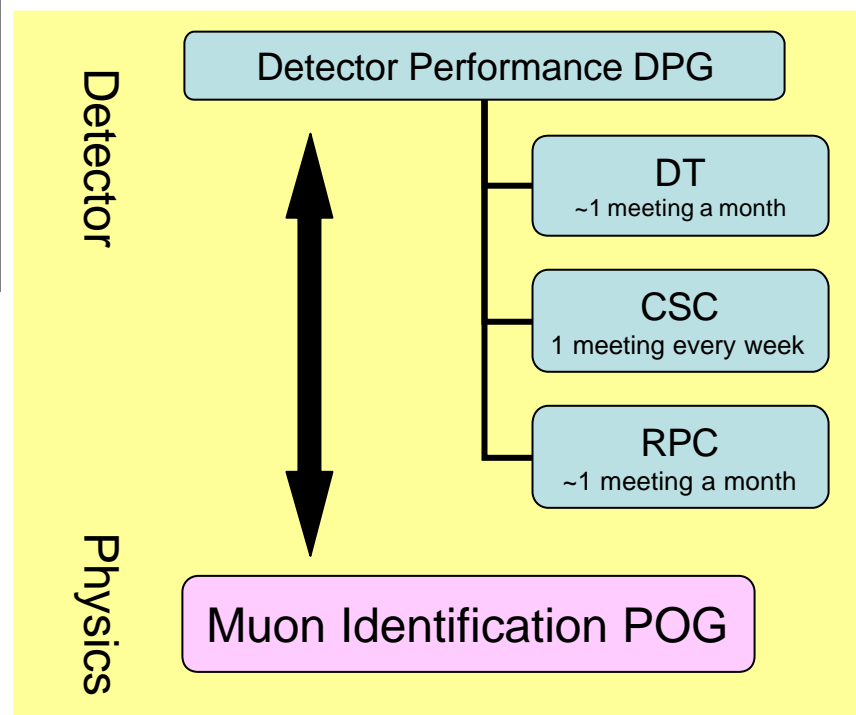


## Muon Barrel $0 < |h| < 1.2$

- 5 barrel wheels, iron return yoke for the solenoid magnet
- Almost no B-field
- 250 Drift Tube (DT) Chambers
- 480 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)

## Forward Muon $0.9 < |h| < 2.4$

- Arranged in 2 x 3 disks
- 4 muon stations in 2/3 rings
- Inhomogenous field with  $B < 1.2$  T
- 250 Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC)
- 483 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)



# Offline Muon Reconstruction



Offline reconstruction algorithms provide in CMSSW\_1\_6\_0:

- **Standalone Muon (STA)**  
→ Muon spectrometer only
- **Global Muon**  
→ Muon + tracker

- **Muon Identification**

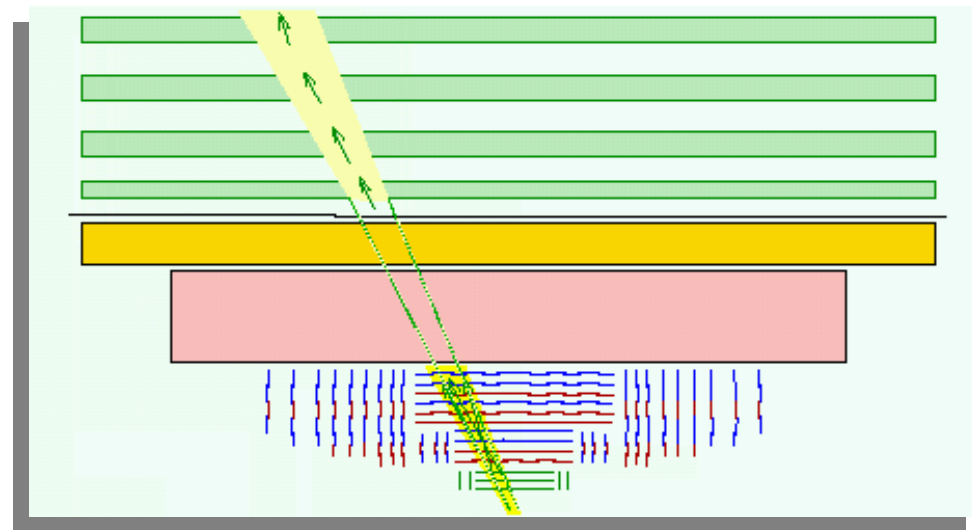
→ Compatibility of tracker track with muon hypothesis

M.Mulders et al.

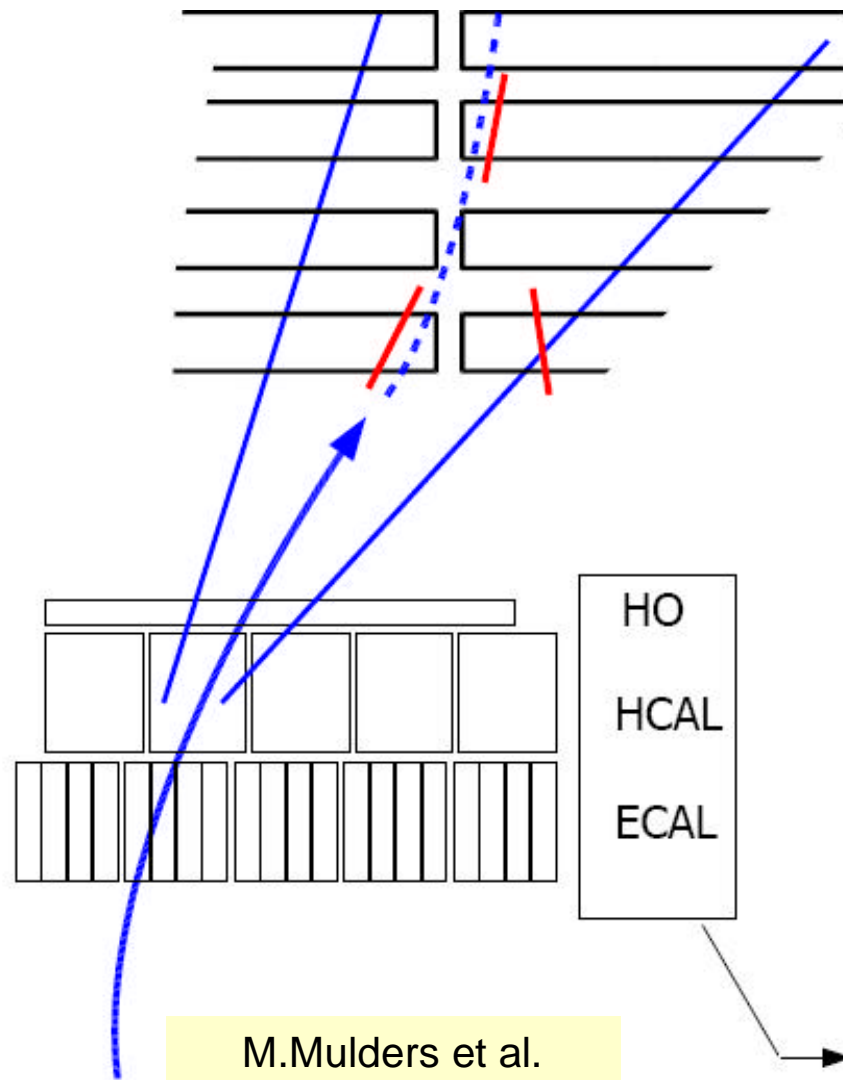
- **Muon Isolation**

→ Calorimeters and tracks

Workshop on POG Commissioning  
on 12/09/2007, see  
<http://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confId=20353>



# TrackerMuon Information



Information provided for each track:

- Each layer:
  - Matched chambers in each layer, compatible with extrapolation...
    - Distance to edge (x,y) + errors
    - Slopes  $dx/dz$ ,  $dy/dz$  + errors
    - Muon Segments in chamber
      - Positions x,y + errors
      - Slopes  $dx/dz$ ,  $dy/dz$  + errors
  - 'Arbitration' information, which segment is closest to which extrapolated track...

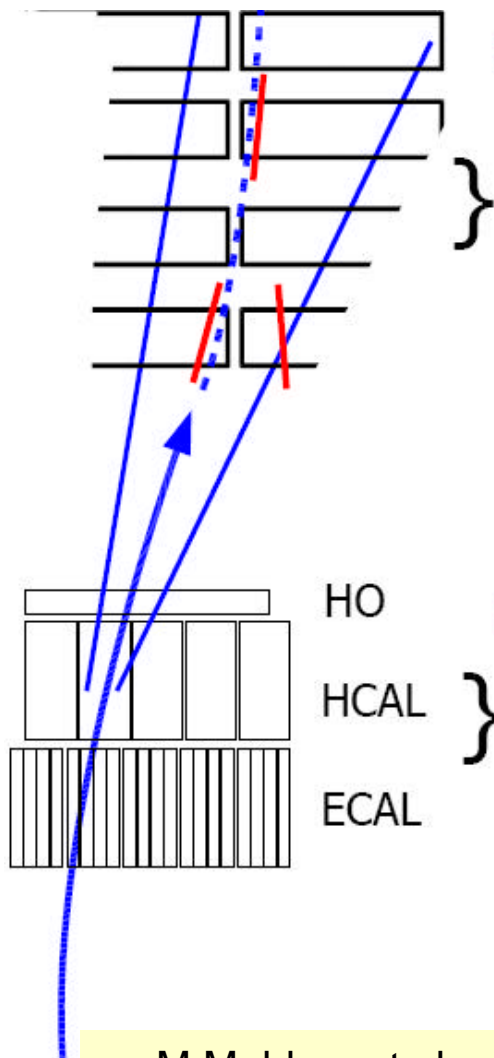
[ available as of 1\_5\_0 , 1\_6\_0 ]

Lots of complex, nested information  
--> need to summarize for user ...

Energy deposited in **crossed cells**; 1x1 cone, or 3x3 cone (also useful for MET corr.)

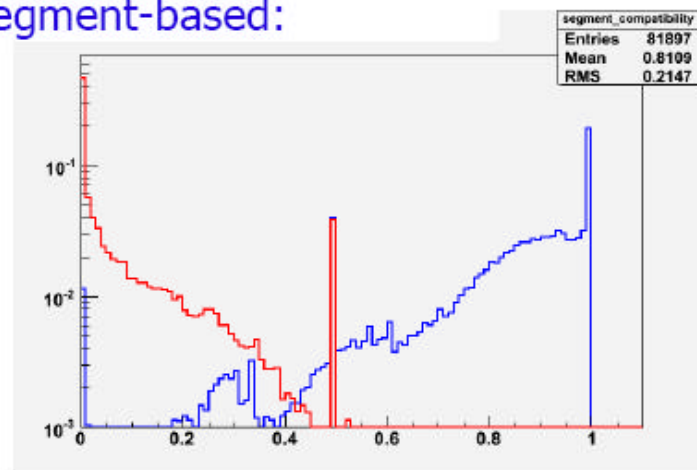


# Approach 1: Muon Compatibility

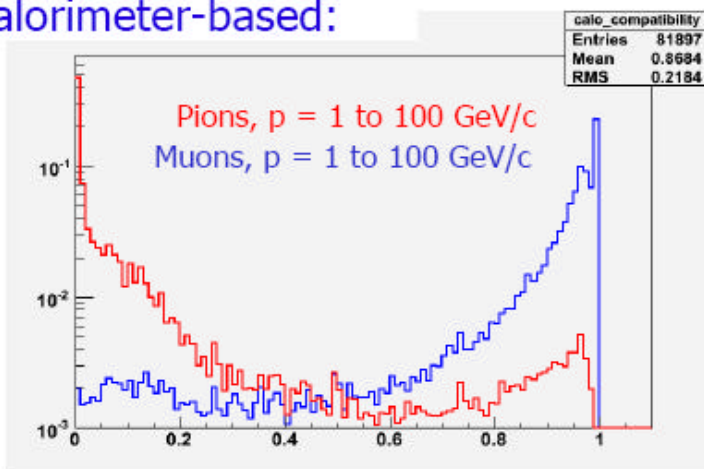


M.Mulders et al.

Segment-based:



Calorimeter-based:



**A la PTDR**  
**CMS note 2006/10**

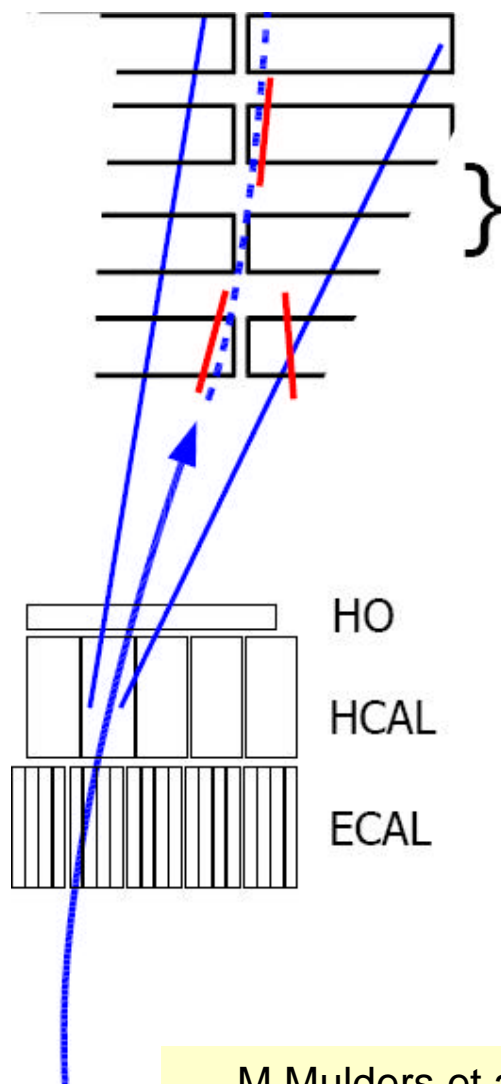
Discriminating variable, more weight to outer layers, uses all info

- Based on segments, not hits
- New: lenient on missing segments close to chamber edge

Purity based on likelihood ratio from MC templates of energy

- Improved eta bins
- Correction vs eta in bins
- 2D Energy templates vs  $p_T$  of track

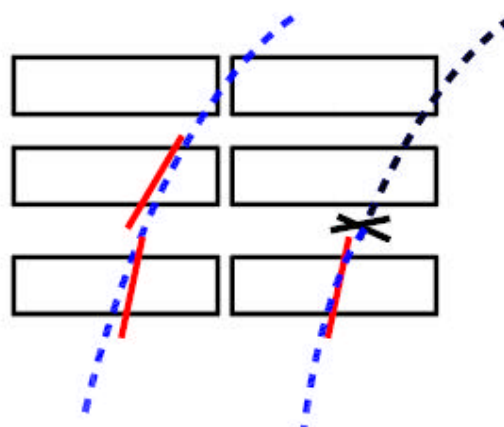
# Approach 2: Cut-Based Selection



Only using segment information:

- At least 2 associated segments. Require segment in last station with extrapolation  $>3$  sigma inside
- Loose:  $|X(\text{seg}) - X(\text{extrap})| < \text{Max}(3\sigma, 3 \text{ cm})$
- Tight: same, in local X and Y

**"last station algorithm"**



--> this station not required

--> last required station:  
good discrimination

--> first station: not so  
good discrimination

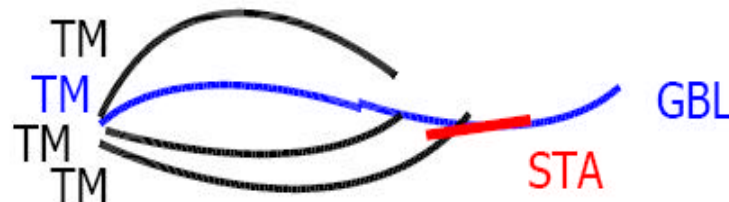
(real system has 4 stations)

M.Mulders et al.

# Tracker Muon<sup>TM</sup>

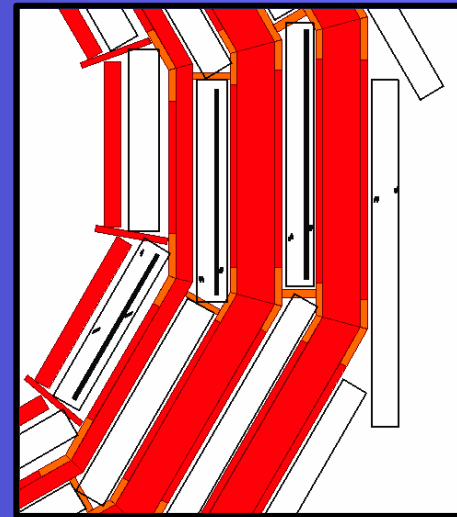
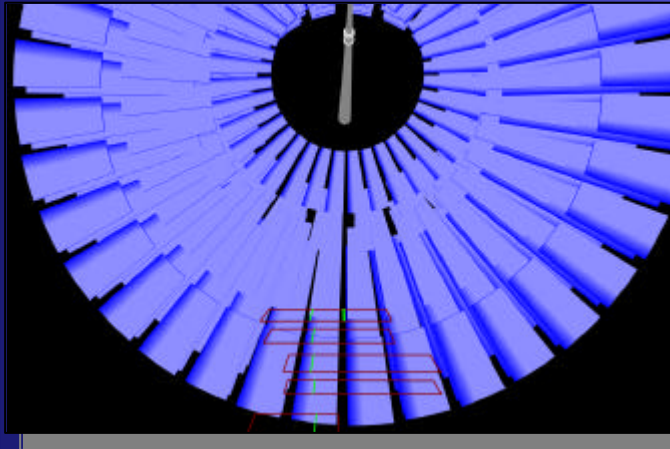


- TrackerMuons available as of 1\_5\_0
- Example as of 1\_6\_0, see
  - Twiki: <http://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/TRackerMuons>
  - FWLite example: in `RecoMuon/MuonIdentification/test/MuonSelectionExample.cxx`
- First comparison with global muons
  - TM potentially more efficient at low  $p_T$
  - Should allow to distinguish punch-through  $\pi$
  - "Last station" logic (missing segments) is a useful new handle to improve muon ID
- Still learning and improving!
- Beware of tighter cuts in 1\_6\_x, studying looser settings for 1\_7\_x
- Goal for 1\_7\_x: to provide a single merged collection on muons and define user functions to select tighter subsets

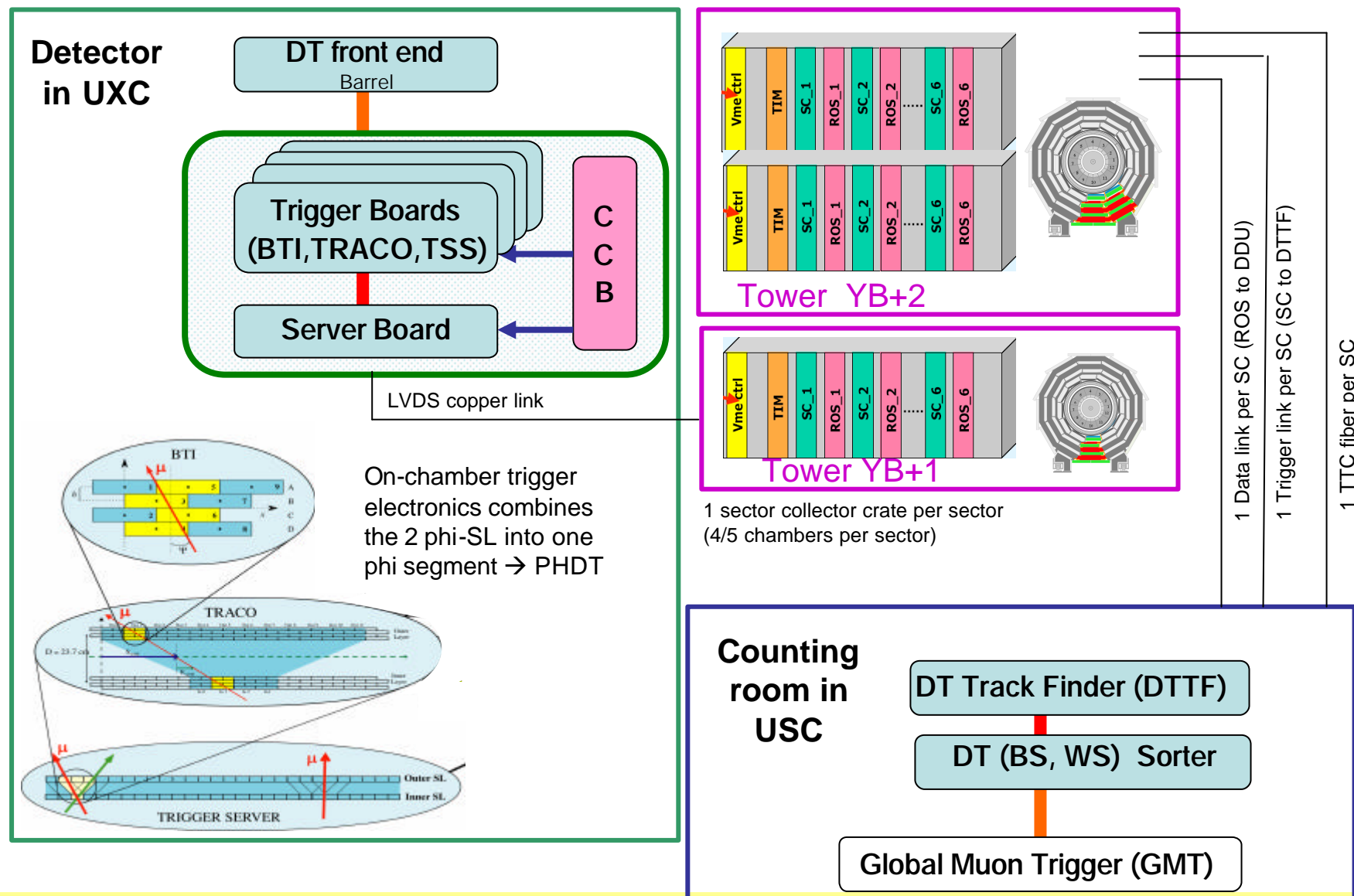




# Commissioning of CMS Muon System



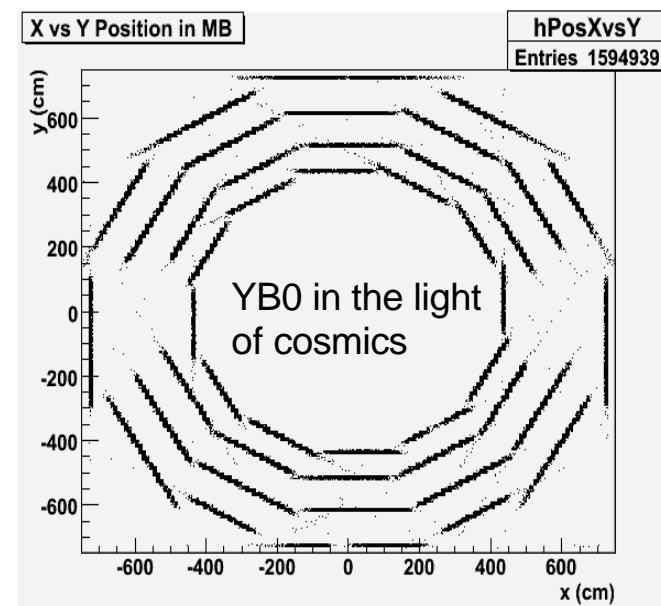
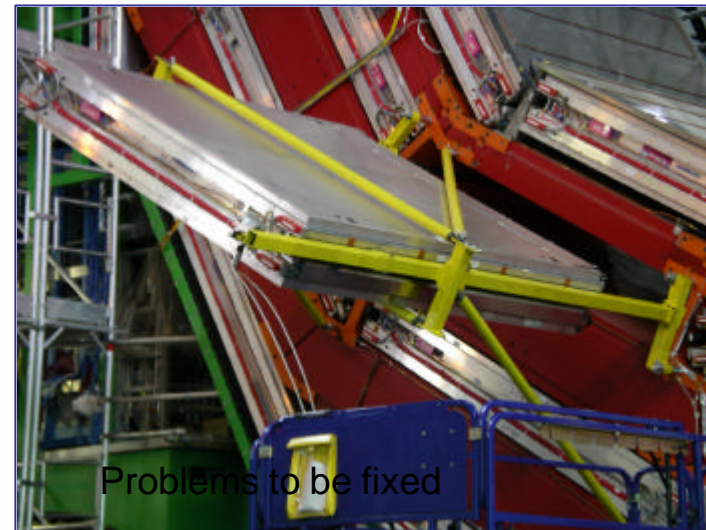
# Commissioning of DT Electronics



# DT Wheel Commissioning



- All chambers **installed** (except 8, MB2/MB3 in sectors 1/7 of YB-1 and YB-2)
- Under long term HV test (Final cables UXC / Provisional SX5)
- Wheels connected to gas & cooling (partly provisional)
- Commissioning activities ongoing at SX5 & cavern (**YB0, YB-1, YB+1** almost completed, **YB-2, YB+2** ongoing).
- Schedule: We loose access to YB0, only restricted access periods for movable wheels
- Commissioning of wheels includes:
  - 4-5 **chambers** per sector. 1-2 sectors at the time
  - On- and off-chamber **electronics**
  - Configuration and monitoring via **DCS** (minicrate, SC, ROS)
  - Trigger "high end" (DTTF, BS, WS) used as a tool
  - DQM

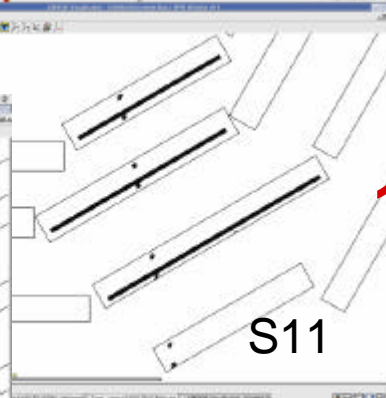
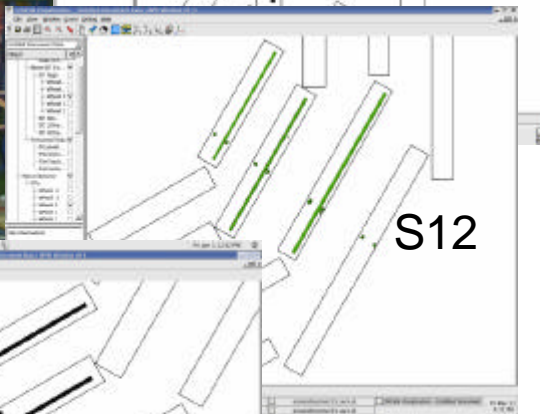
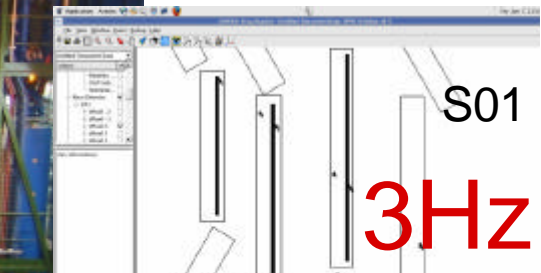
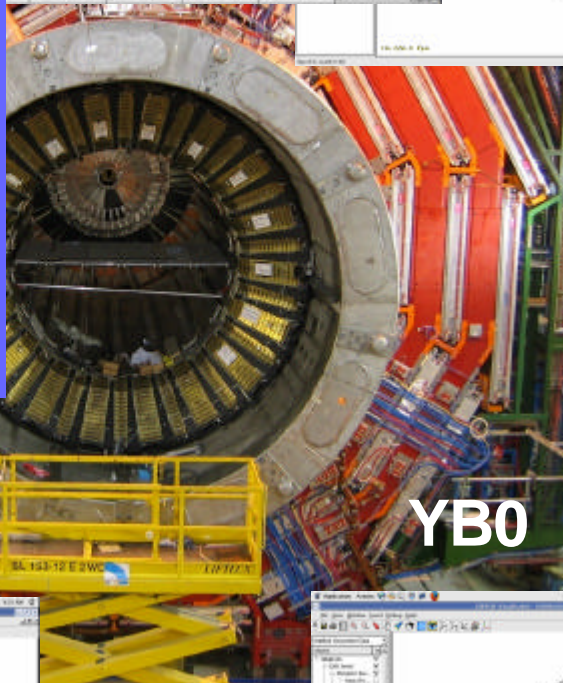
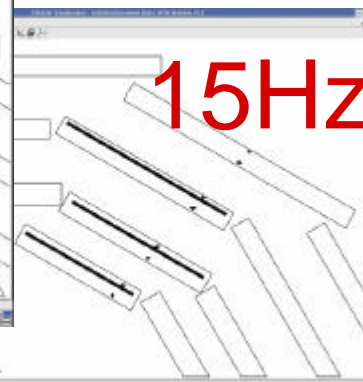
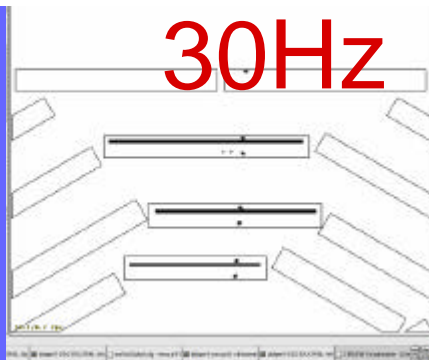


# Trigger Rates

On surface: YB-1 & YB-2 → Cosmic rates of ~100-600 Hz

Cavern: YB0, YB1, YB2 → Cosmic rates only 3-30 Hz

Specific (more relaxed) trigger configuration, also used for the vertical sectors on surface, to increase the cosmic data taken on the cavern.



17Hz

10Hz



# Wheel Data Analysis



- **Goals:**

- Certify performance of chamber, read out and local trigger
- Learn and check the tools (reco-software, geometry, database, calibration...). First step to be prepared for the operation and calibration of the whole detector.

- The first analysis step → The online DQM run by shift-crew
- A more detailed offline analysis based on the available DQM tasks on higher level objects. A DPG-crew of people involved on the effort. (CMSSW 1\_4\_5)
  - Producing noise channels database
  - Global Tzero (tTrig) calibration database
  - Relative Tzeros calibration (from TestPulse runs)
  - Digi information (occupancies, single cell timeboxes)
  - Local trigger (BX, qualities)
  - 4D Segments reconstruction (Resolutions, single cell efficiency, track reconstruction efficiencies)
  - Cross checks between chamber and local trigger (Trigger efficiencies)
- Summary plots available on a web page:

<http://cmsdoc.cern.ch/cms/MUON/dt/sx5/Results/WheelComm/>



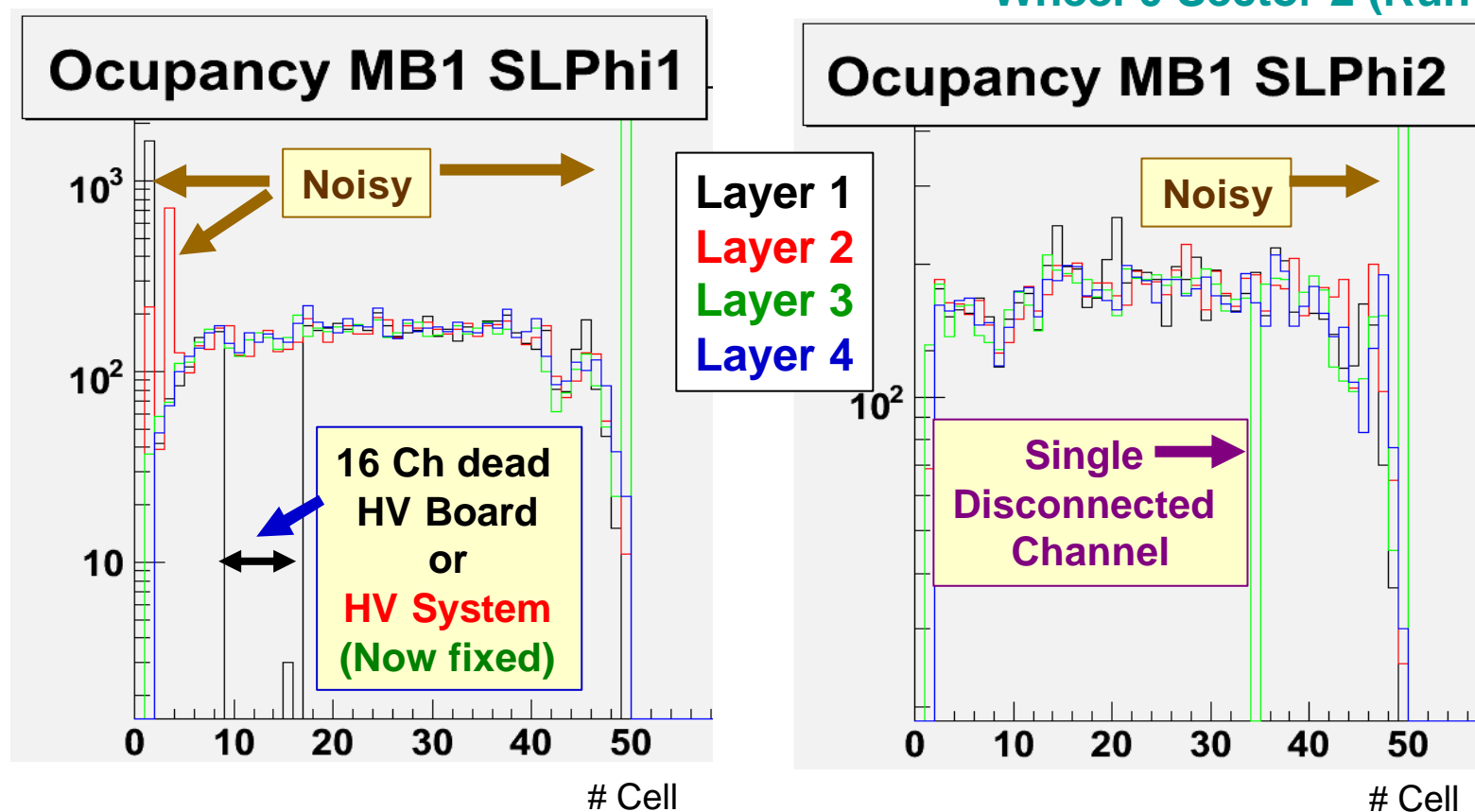
# Occupancies



Simple check based on digis

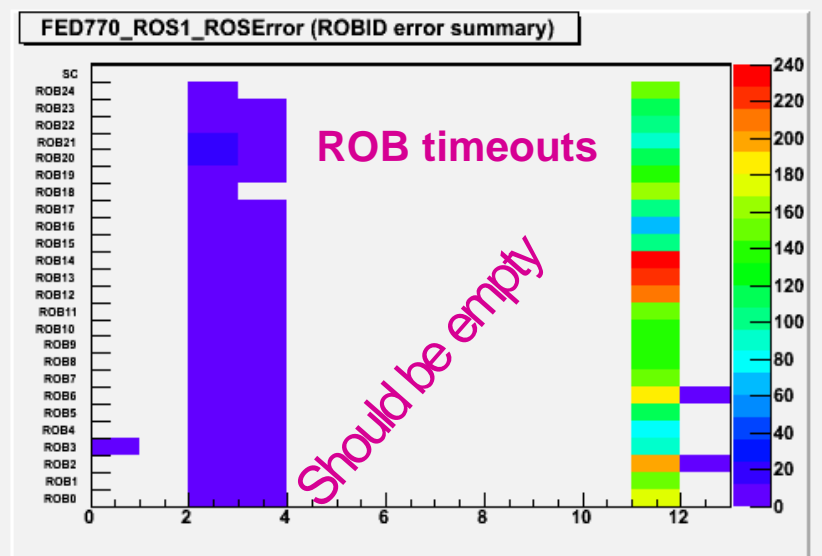
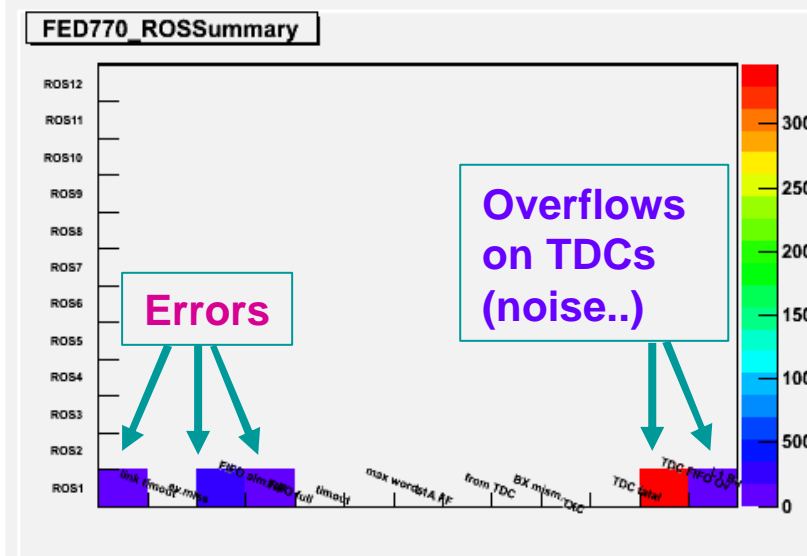
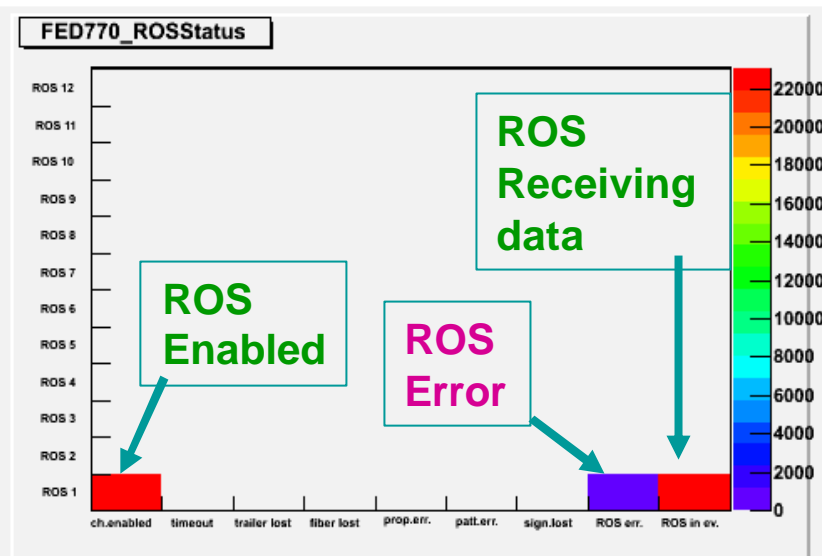
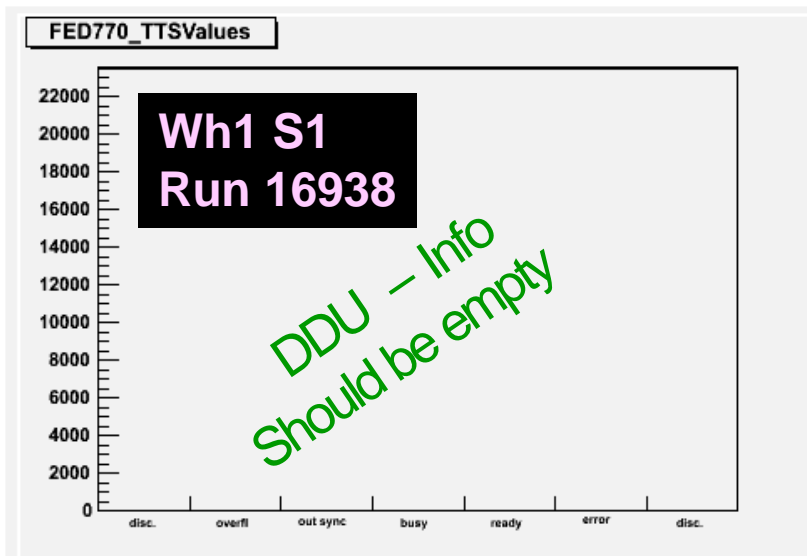
To detect: dead channels, noisy channels, HV problems

Wheel 0 Sector 2 (Run 12952)



A new source of noise found when taking data underground (low trigger rates, possibly related to LV powering) → under study

# Example for Data Integrity



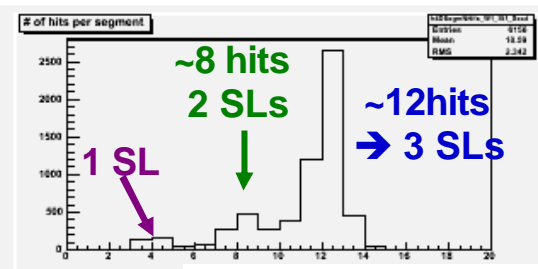
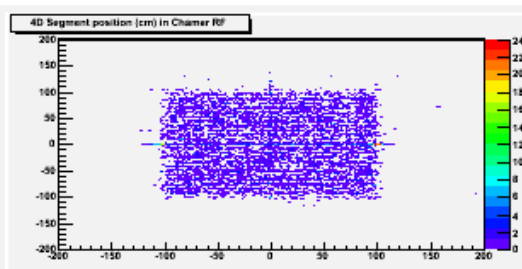
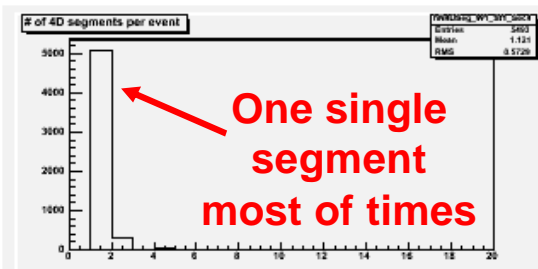
# Local (4D) Segment Reconstruction



# Segments/event

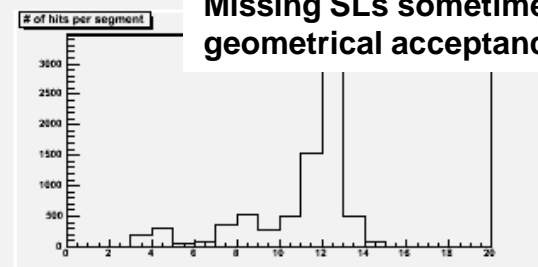
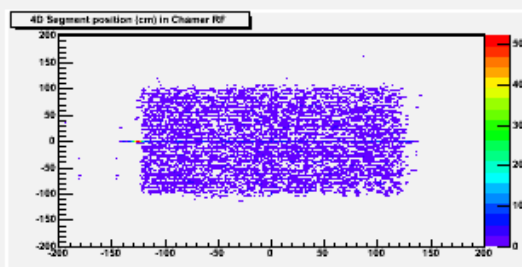
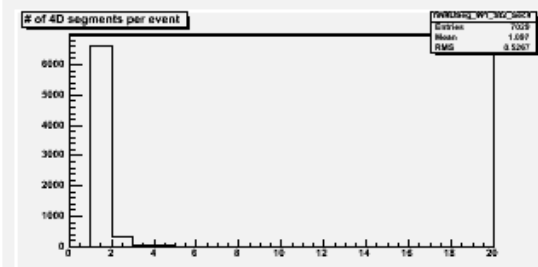
XY Position

#hits/Segment

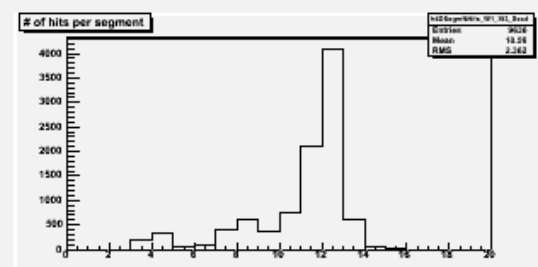
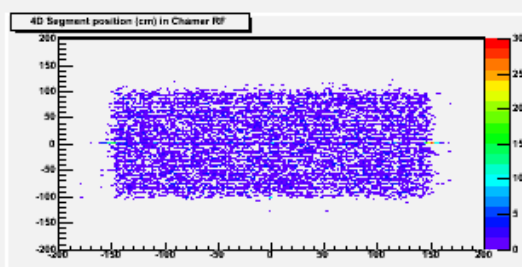
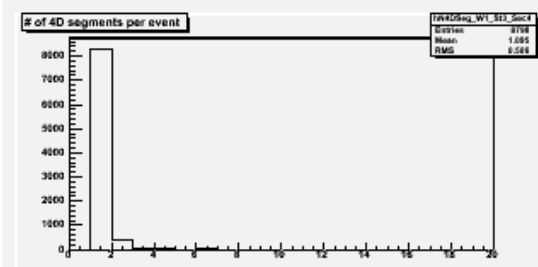


MB1

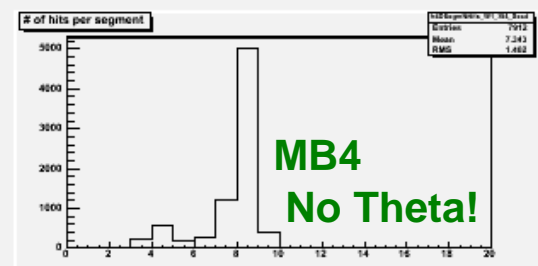
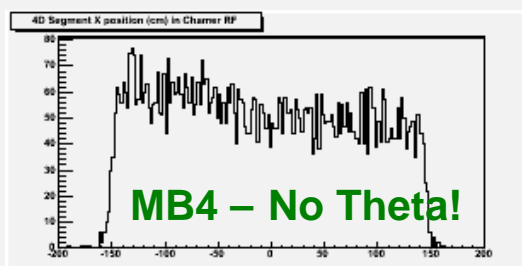
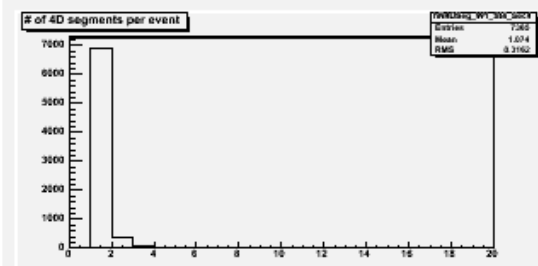
Missing SLs sometimes due to geometrical acceptance



MB2



MB3



MB4

# CMSSW Issues for DT



- CMSSW\_1\_4\_5 :
  - Frozen version extensively used since June in online DQM & off-line cosmic data analyses (stability is a must to guaranteed uniformity of results,ect...)
  - Extensive tests /debug on real data performed; calibration procedures developed/tested in real data environment
- CMSSW\_1\_6\_0 :
  - Used in recent (August) GlobalRun analysis tests
  - Final digi2raw->raw2digi code (some fixing needed for simul.data)
  - Used for tests of global muon reconstruction on real data; databases handling on full Wheel/Detector scale
  - First implementation of out-of-time particle refitting
- CMSSW\_1\_7\_0 (last open release due October 2<sup>nd</sup>)
  - Final geometry updates (few MB4 geometry fixing needed based on real data analysis, found in agreement with engineering drawings) Final certification (Overlaps checks) ongoing

# RPC Detectors



Resistive Plate Chambers in CMS are → Digital Detectors

The output is the address of the fired strip

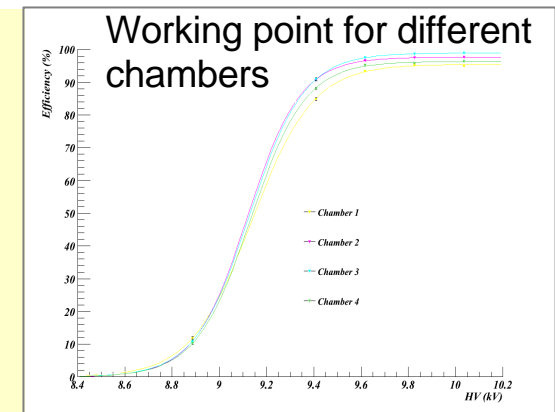
Assigned to a bunch crossing

→ No Calibration Needed

Coarse space resolution ( ~1 cm)

→ Minor effects on due to Mis-Alignment

Important: RPC working point, sensitive to T, p, gas composition



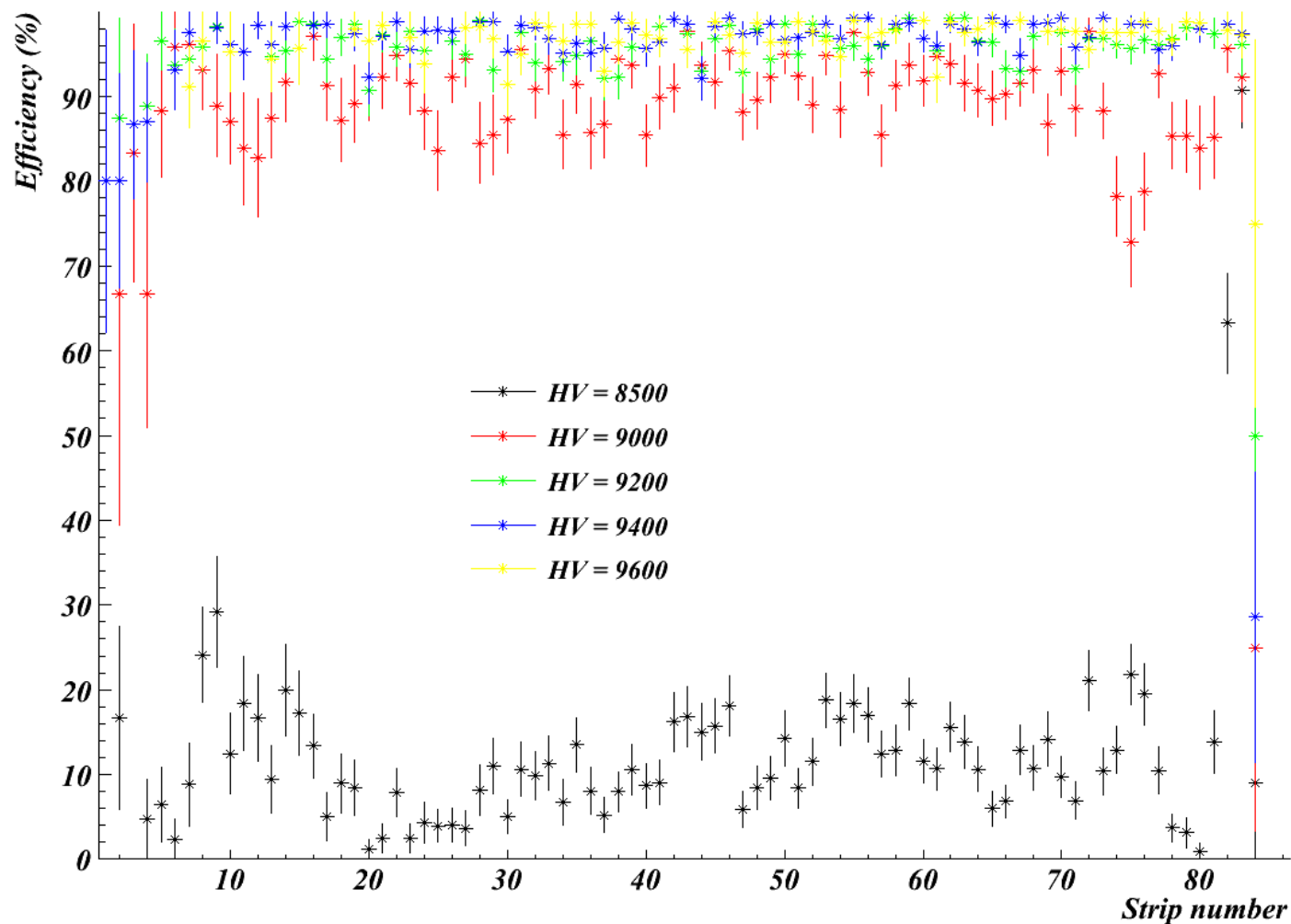
Working point kept below plateau to reduce ageing

## Commissioning:

- Verify I-V curves after installation (measured during production)
- Check hardware
- Barrel RPC are worked on **first**, end-cap RPC afterwards (small comm. team, late installation of end-cap RPC)
- After lowering: link boards (readout) and trigger board added underground (in process). Test barrel chambers with 1/2 wheel granularity.



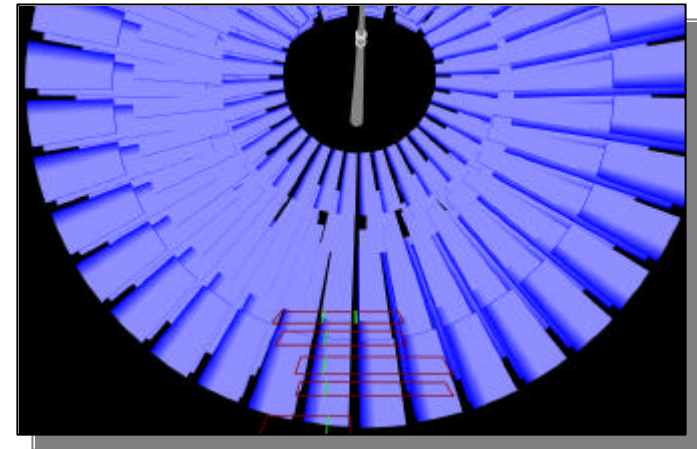
# Local Efficiency Using DT Extrapolation



# RPC Global Data & SW



- Vertical test post-July GR:
  - Data transmission to trigger and triggering → OK
  - Readout and data recording → OK
  - Unpacking and local reconstruction → OK
- Data Quality Monitoring and Reconstruction
  - DT Segment extrapolation for barrel efficiency calculation → OK
  - CSC Segment extrapolation → Ongoing
  - RPC muon stand-alone reconstruction for commissioning data → to be done
  - Integration with conditions DB, for RPC performance studies → ongoing
- A bug in counting and assigning RPC fixed → TeV muon reconstruction OK now



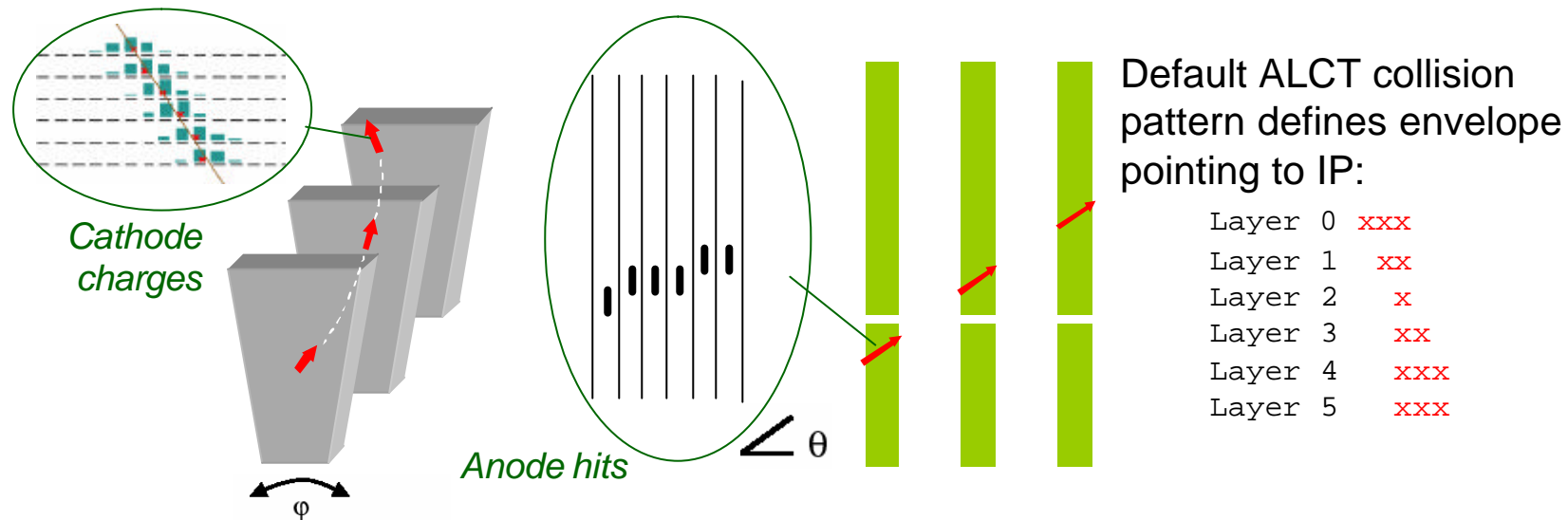
M.Maggi

# CSC Trigger



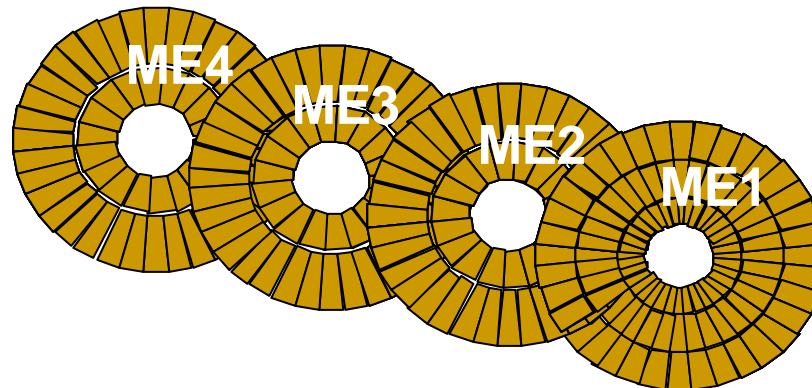
CSC trigger is based on (fast) anodes (ALCT) AND (slow) cathodes

ALCT: 2...4 out of 6 wire planes are required



Sector Processor (TF): any coincidence of 2 stations OR single chamber (e.g. ME1)

Synch levels: chamber  
→ station to station →  
CSC/DT



# CSC Commissioning



- Locations: YE Plus end-cap = **underground**, YE Minus end-cap = **surface**
- **Commissioning concept:**
  - Commissioning of YE+ (again) underground, after lowering, with "slice test" similar to surface but now with **final services** (issues: LV, gas, cooling).
  - Final commissioning of YE- stations on the surface. **No time after lowering.**
- **Scope of underground slice test:** provide cosmics triggers to GMT/GT, data read-out to Global DAQ, and commission online systems
  - Main problem for underground activities: **delay in cooling**, presently "not before late October". Chambers switched on only for short periods with cont. temperature monitoring. Implications on commissioning and GR.
  - Present focus on **YB+2**: Trigger Sect.1 on stations ME+2 and ME+3. Big 10° chambers: ME+2/2/3-8, ME+3/2/3-8. Small 20° chambers: ME+2/2-4, ME+3/2/2-4
- **GREA** (August GR): Successful **integration** with two TTC partitions (ME+ and TF) read out by Global DAQ. CSC-TF under control of Trigger Supervisor. External trigger from Global Trigger. "Empty" CSC events since chambers are off.
- **GRES** (September GR): plan to participate with some YB+2 chambers could not be realized due to bad gas conditions. Will try with test patterns.

# CSC Unpacking and DIGIs



A.Tumanov, J.Hauser,  
R.Wikinson

- The format of the raw data has changed drastically since last year, reflecting major improvements in the readout firmware and track finder
  - Unpacker must deal with two format (2006 or 2007 +)
- Much progress has been made, but task is not finished yet
  - Anode wire information completely reformatted → done
  - TMB format changes more modest → intended to finish before Oct.2nd
- Note that old unpacker has been thoroughly debugged since 1\_4\_X
- Major bug in packer code (digi2raw) fixed, in DT code too
  - Very large memory leak
  - Quite important for HLT studies

To get new unpacking use 1\_5\_X or later  
→ recommended for data. MTCC data  
being re-processed. CSA uses 1\_5\_x

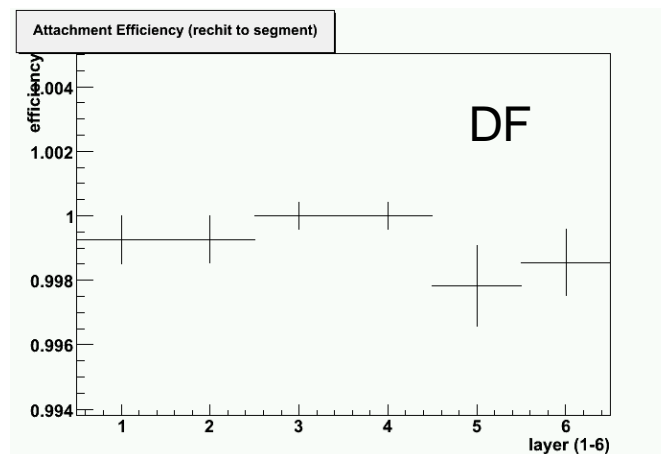
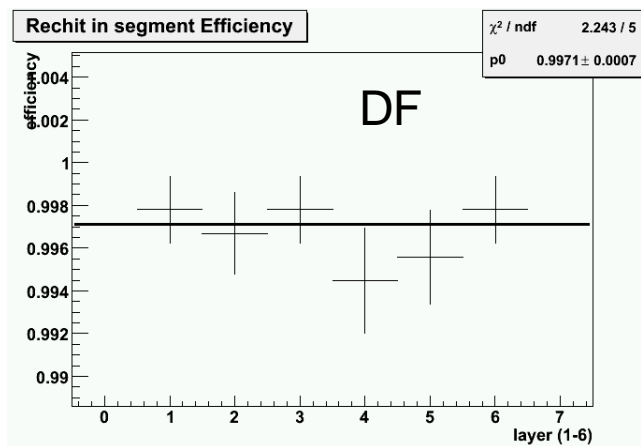
Does not work for MC produced with  
CMSSW 1\_3\_1 (Spring production).



# CSC Local Reconstruction



- New Rechit routine released: CSCRechitB is default CSC hit package since 1\_5\_2 (RechitB uses detector calibration while Rechit does not)
- Three local reco algorithms were developed to replace the old SK algorithm (algorithm can be chosen in cfg). They were extensively validated and compared by many people in July, see
  - <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/CSCDPGVettingLocalReconstruction>
  - Chosen: DF



SW studies extensively uses MTCC data  $\rightarrow$  reprocessing initiated since raw MTCC data cannot be reconstructed with present CMSSW versions 1\_4\_X...1\_6\_X

- Reasons for change: access to calibration DB and constants ( $\sim 40$  MB calib data per event), reconstruction speed and performance

D.Fortin, I.Bloch, S.Stoynev,  
E.James, T.Cox, M.Schmitt

- Major update for 1\_4\_x/1\_5\_x
  - Involved significant rewriting the C++ code, though interfaces have a similar appearance
  - Re-defined the basis of the local coordinate system to be the chamber frames (solid and well-measured, holds alignment pins), rather than the gas volume, which is what GEANT cares most about.
  - No common geometric center → consequences for several analysis codes, quickly resolved. Non-trivial updates to the values of chamber constants and some additions and corrections to make the description more detailed and accurate. This work continues into 17x (break backward compatibility slightly)
- Extensive collection (64 pages) of information on CSC geometry, see <http://indico.cern.ch/getFile.py/access?contribId=1&resId=0&materialId=slides&confId=17946>
- Should be transparent to the "user" of CSC

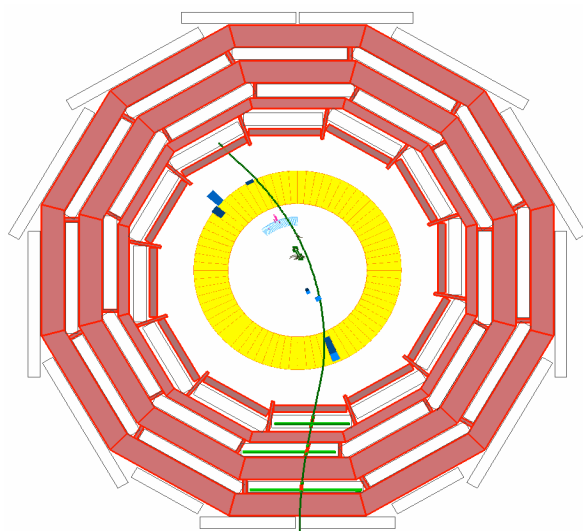
## Consequences:

- 131 data cannot be reconstructed with 1\_4\_x/1\_5\_x
- MTCC reprocessing uses 1\_5\_x in reconstruction step

# Outlook



- Finish commissioning surface and underground. Integration in CMS
- Milestones:
  - Global run end December 2007 (all three muon subsystems) and B=off
  - Muon reconstruction and muon identification with 1\_7\_x
  - Cosmic Global run with B=4T ~April 2008

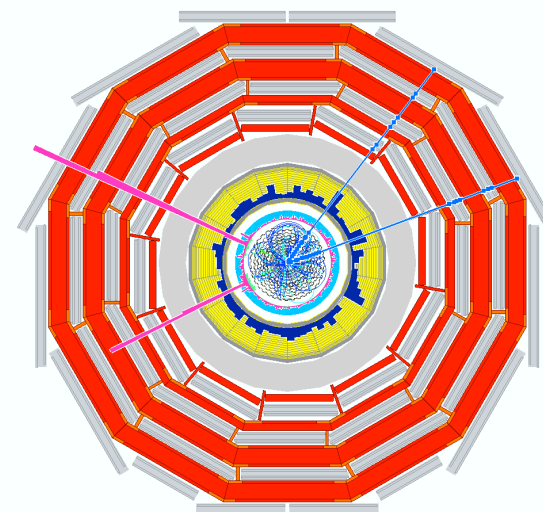


Real data 2006

Finally....



From cosmics  
to pp



(Still) simulation