

BMBF - Project Funding

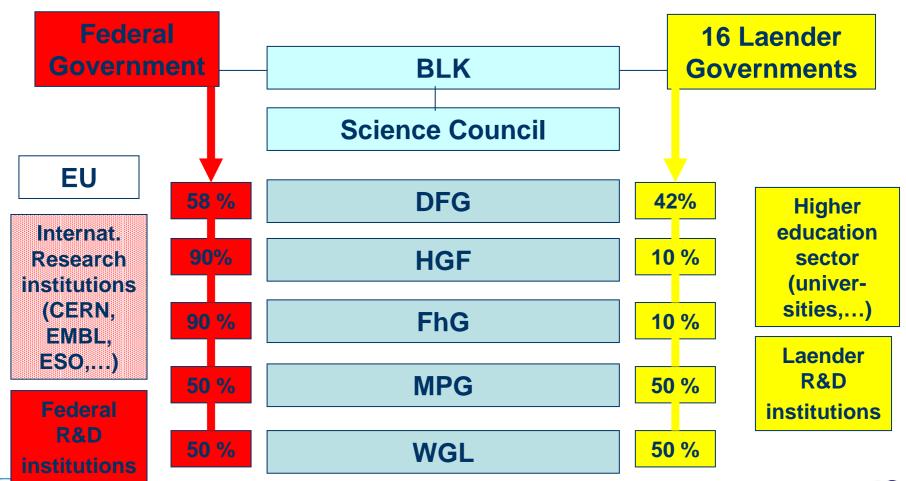
- Federal Structure and landscape of Funding in Germany
- Project Management Agency PT-DESY
- ·Funding of German CMS Groups

K. Ehret, PT-DESY FSP-102 CMS Meeting, Zeuthen, Sept. 28. 2007



DESY

Federal Structure of Funding in Germany







Funding of Basic Scientific Research in Germany

Institutions

- Universities
- · HGF
- · MPG
- · WGL
- International Insitutions (e.g. CERN, ESO, ESRF,...)

Project Funding

- DFG
- BMBF
- Federal State (Länder)
- Foundations







Responsible for Education and Research are the 16 federal states ("Länder")

- Universities: Basis of scientific education and research - largest and most important body
- · Universities funded by the "Länder" (in principle)
- exemptions: DFG, "Exzellenzinitiative", ... (third party funding - BMBF)





DFG - German Research Foundation

DFG is the central, self-governing research funding organisation in Germany

- promotes basic research mainly at universities via projects, e.g.
 - Research Training Groups Graduiertenkollegs
 - Collaborative Research Centres Sonderforschungsbereiche
 - Excellence Initiative Exzellenzinitiative
- budget 60:40 (federal government Länder)
- funds are distributed according demand (more proposals lead to larger volume)
- · HEP: funding of basic theory research







WGL - Wissenschaftsgemeinschaft Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz e.V

Scientific organisation comprised of 84 nonuniversity research institutes, e.g.

- Deutsches Museum Munich
- BESSY (will join HGF)
- IFM-Geomar (Marine Science) Kiel
- TIB: National Library of Science and Technology, Hannover (collect summary reports of project funding)
- AIP: Astrophysical Institute Potsdam
 - -> no direct support for particle physics







Organisation for applied research

- 56 Institutes in Germany e.g.
- IZM Berlin bump bonding ATLAS pixel detector
- ITWM Kaiserslautern support structure for Sidetectors
 - -> support and collaboration for technology development (esp. LHC experiments)







MPG is the research organisation for basic research outside the universities

- · natural sciences, life sciences and the humanities
- self defined core themes, take up new and innovative research areas (beyond scope or capability of universities)
- 80 research institutes, funded 50:50
- particle physics: MPI of Physics, Munich and MPI for Nuclear Physics, Heidelberg







Helmholtz Association is the largest German research institution (outside universities)

- long term research goals, e.g. to build and operate large scale facilities as a service for external users
- 2,3 billion € annual budget, 90% by federal ministry
- 15 research centres
 - DESY (Hamburg: HERA, PETRA, FLASH, XFEL, TIER2, NAF)
 - FZK (Karlsruhe: LHC TIER1, KATRIN, ...)
 - FZJ (Jülich: High Performance Computing Theory)
 - GSI (Darmstadt: TIER2, FAIR)







BMBF activity in basic research around research infrastructures / large-scale facilities (federal interest)

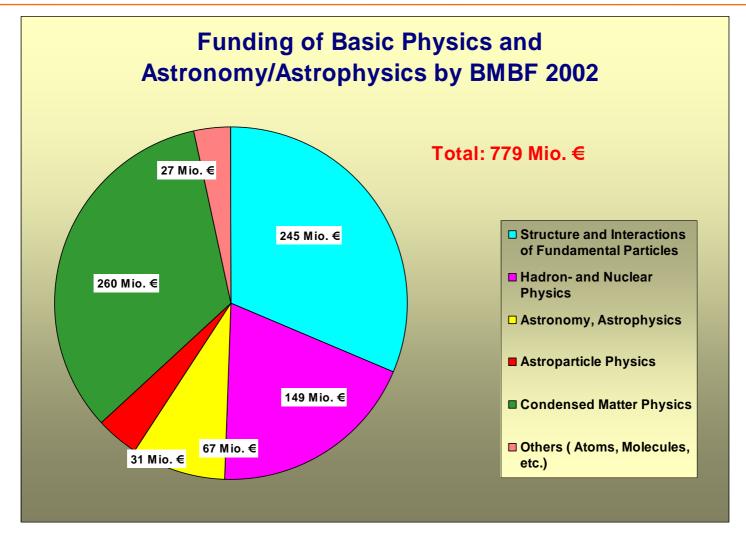
- · need for international coordination or separate budget
- international institutions, e.g. CERN: 200 MSFr / year
- strategy building with scientific communities (ESFRI, FALC, CERN Council, ...)
- Project Funding Verbundforschung







BMBF Funding of Basic Research

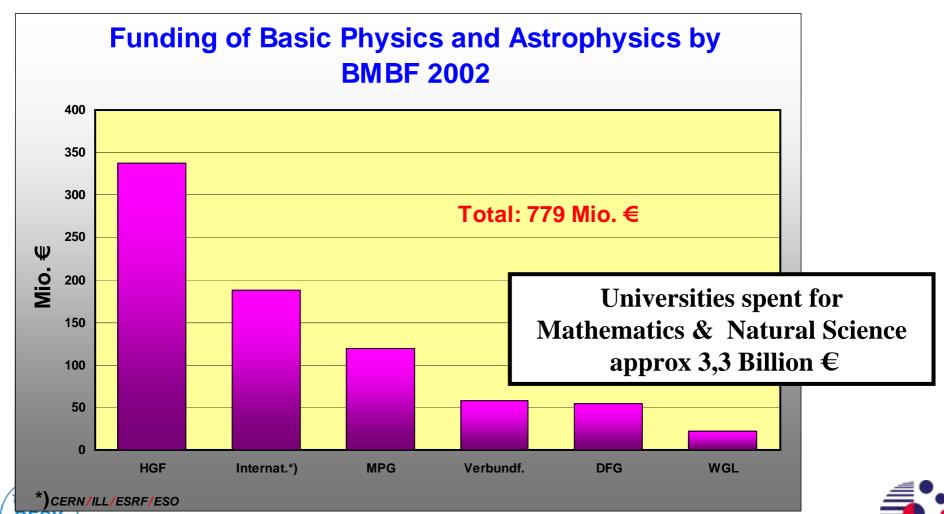




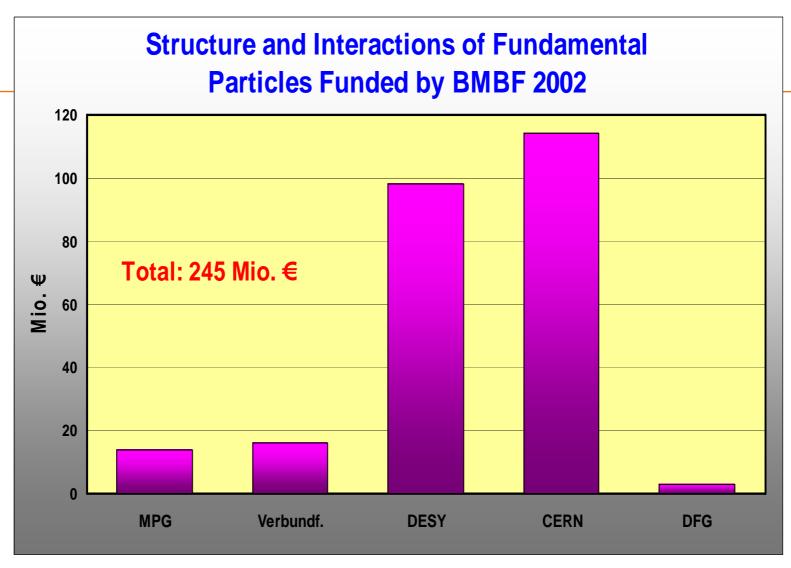




BMBF Funding of Basic Research













BMBF Project Funding of Basic Research

Requirements / Boundary Conditions / Goals

- Major Federal Interest
- · Complementary to DFG Funding
- Mainly dedicated to German Universities
- Priority for collaborations / networks
- · Scientific excellence
- Funds for technical developments and scientific instrumentations
- Enable and ensure proper use of research infrastructures







Project Management Agency for the BMBF

- assigned by the BMBF, funding agency in the name of the BMBF
- PT-DESY is a DESY group, located at DESY in Hamburg
- Project Funding: Particle Physics, Astro- and Astroparticle Physics,
 Condensed Matter Research
- approx. 30 Mill Euro / year
- other activities of PT-DESY
 - two ERANET: ASPERA, ASTRONET
 - internet presentation: Welt der Physik (DPG and BMBF)
 - support of BMBF: e.g. European strategy ESFRI, international negotiations XFEL, FAIR







Project Funding in High Energy Physics

Long Tradition (since the 1970th) to support esp. university groups in the field of High Energy Physics

- focus on experimental groups in collaborations at experiments located at DESY and CERN (institutions funded by federal ministry)
- to enable their participation (i.e. effective use of large scale research infrastructure)
 - -> common in HEP,
 - -> HEP is the prime example for federal project funding
- usually 3 year funding period (7/06 6/09)
- evaluation board (chair Thomas Müller), peer review system
- budget: approx. 12,5 M€ / year







Scientific Goals and Priorities of Last Call - Sep 05 (subtotal)

Scientific Questions

- mass generation mechanism
- unification of forces, gravitation
- dark matter, dark energy
- extra dimension
- proton structure
- particle production & fragmentation - theory model
- heavy quarks, CKM parameter
- physics beyond SM
- neutrino oscillation & mass

Supported Activities

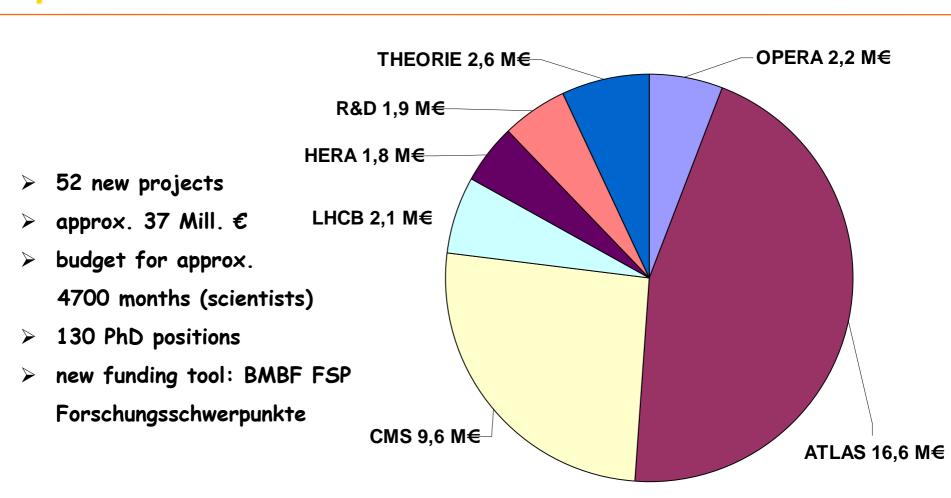
- · H1 & ZEUS @ HERA
- SPS: NA48
- · CNGS
- · ATLAS, CMS & LHCb
- · Grid
- Tevatron
- R&D: detector, accelerator
- development: analyses strategies, Grid computing







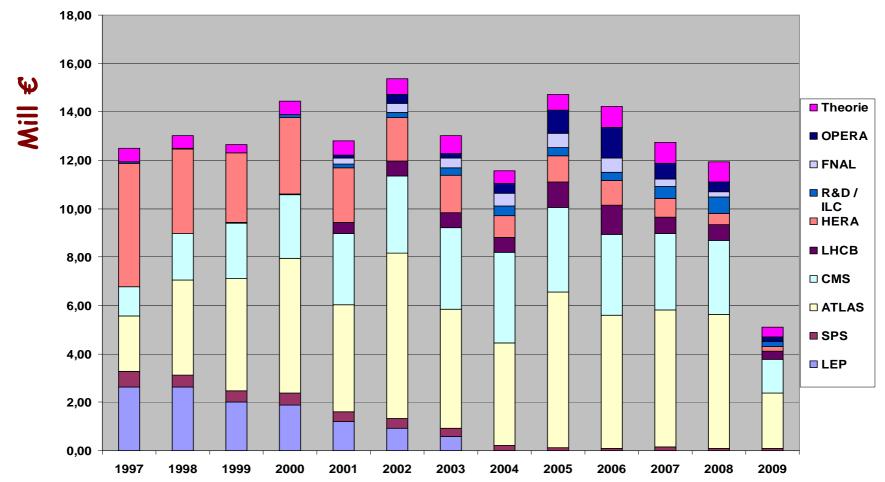
Funding Period 07/06 - 06/09







HEP Funding last 10 years









Forschungsschwerpunkte FSP

Constitution of first BMBF Forschungsschwerpunkte FSP

- newly introduced instrument / tool to support basic research and provide sustainable support
- support of nationwide excellent research network
- working at large scale infrastructure (with long term BMBF commitment)
- aim: improve coordination and cooperation, combined usage of resources -> positive synergy effect, nationwide collaboration
- LHC groups are also here prime example
- considered as important measure at the transition from the construction phase to the running and physics period of the LHC experiments
- German CMS groups: FSP-102 speaker Thomas Hebbeker

Meeting like this one here in Zeuthen are important - first success





Prospects and Preparation of Further Funding

CERN User Initiative: initiated by State Secretary after CERN visit

- additional money requested within federal government budget
- · budget panel discussion completed next week
- considerations and preparation for a call
- boundary conditions settled until annual KET meeting in November
- · increase and improve German participation







Preparation of Next Funding Period 7/2009 - 6 / 2012

First Non Official Schedule - Common

- strategy discussion next spring / summer
- official call for proposals: issued autumn 2008
- · deadline for applications: end of 2008
- evaluation and recommendation (evaluation board GA)
- funding decision together with BMBF
- · letter of approval spring 2009
- start of new funding period: July 2009





Funding of German CMS groups

German Contributions to CMS Construction

- Long-term Commitment of the BMBF
- Construction MoU signed by BMBF (underlines the outstanding importance of the project)
- supporting / commitment letters from Universities (KA, RWTH)
- MoU Core values: 17 MCHF (450 MCHF); finally 22,5 MCH Lumi:
 Common Fund 5,5 MCHF, (Si-)Tracker 9 MCHF, Muon Chambers 6,2 MCHF
- MoU for M&O signed by BMBF (unusual): >300 T€/year
- total project funding for DCMS up to 2007: > 32 M€







Concluding Remarks

- Federal funding is important, but it just provide the frame and hopefully good working conditions
- constitution of D-CMS FSP-102 measure to supports and strengthens the German CMS groups
- Meetings like this are therefore very important
- real work, science, new discoveries that's your task

Good Luck



