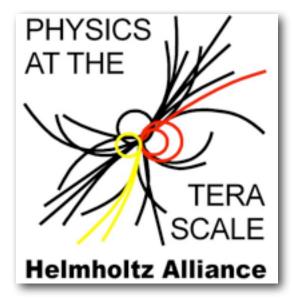
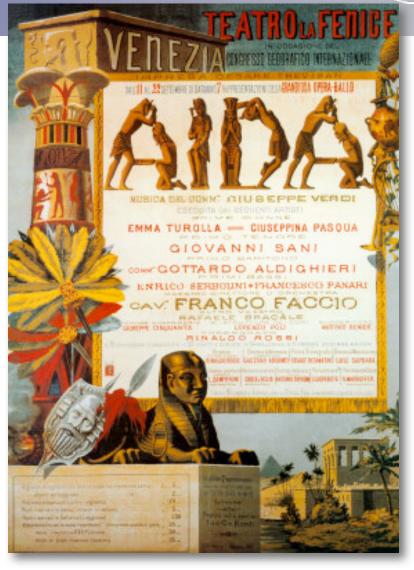
NEWS FROM EUDET AND AIDA - SLIGHT FOCUS ON PIXELS

Ingrid-Maria Gregor, DESY

Allianz Annual Meeting 2011 December 8th 2011 Bonn







LAST NEWS FROM EUDET

- EUDE endet December 2010
- 200 EUDET memos were written -> a lot of information
- Final Annual Report was submitted in February 2011
- all activities & tasks achieved their goals and milestones
- A final report of all activities is being prepared and will be submitted to the arxive



Detector R&D towards the International Linear Collider



... AND NOW AIDA !

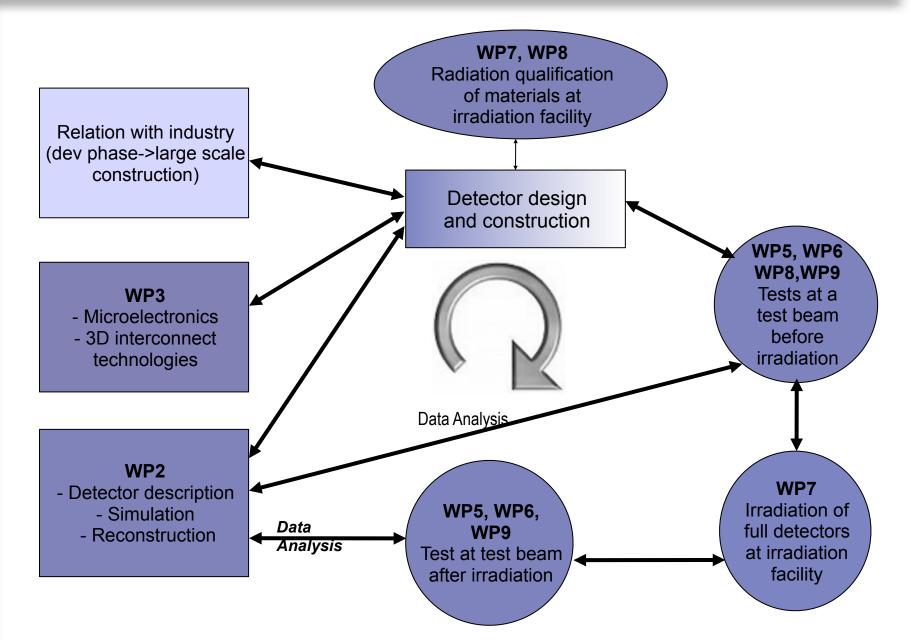
Advancing European Detector Development

- Addresses infrastructures required for detector development for future particle physics experiments.
- Targets user communities preparing experiments at future accelerators: HL-LHC (luminosity-upgraded LHC), future Linear Colliders (ILC and CLIC), future accelerator-driven neutrino facilities or future B-physics facilities (e.g. Super-B).
- 4 year project started February 2011: More than 80 institutes and laboratories from 23 European countries are involved.
- 26 million Euro project receives 8 million Euros from the EU under the FP7 Research Infrastructures programme.
- Aim: to upgrade, improve and integrate key European research infrastructures and develop advanced detector technologies for future particle accelerators.





A LOT OF ACTIVITIES





OVERVIEW AIDA

	WP1: Project management and communication Scientific coordinator Laurent Serin, LAL-CNRS, Deputies : T. Behnke (DESY) & P. Soler (STFC) Svet Stavrev, CERN administrative coordinator			
	Networking	Transnational access	Joint research	
	WP2: Common software tools (Frank Gaede, DESY, Pere Mato, CERN)	WP5: Transnational access DESY (Ingrid Gregor, DESY)	WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beamlines (Michael Moll, CERN)	
	WP3: Microelectronics and interconnection technology (Hans-	WP6: Transnational access CERN (Horst Breuker, CERN)	WP9: Advanced infrastructure for	
AIDA	Gunter Moser, MPG, Valerio Re, UNIBG)	WP7: Transnational access European irradiation facilities (Marko Mikuz, JSI)	detector R&D (Marcel Vos, IFIC Valencia, Vincent Boudry, LLR-CNRS)	
A	WP4: Relation with industry (S. Stapnes-→ JM Le Goff)			



OVERVIEW AIDA

WP1: Scientific coordinator Laure Svet	e (DESY) & P. Soler (STFC)	
Networking	Transnational access	Joint research
2: Common software tools nk Gaede, DESY, Pere Mato, CERN)	WP5: Transnational access DESY (Ingrid Gregor, DESY)	WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beamlines (Michael Moll, CERN)
P3: Microelectronics and	WP6: Transnational access CERN (Horst Breuker, CERN)	
interconnection technology (Hans- Gunter Moser, MPG, Valerio Re, UNIBG)	WP7: Transnational access European irradiation facilities (Marko Mikuz, JSI)	WP9: Advanced infrastructure for detector R&D (Marcel Vos, IFIC Valencia, Vincent Boudry, LLR-CNRS)
P4: Relation with industry 5. Stapnes-→ JM Le Goff)		



AID

ONE IMPORTANT FEATURE: TA

- As in EUDET it is possible to get travel support when using the provided infrastructure
 - DESY test beam (WP5): 1-6 GeV electrons, longer periods available
 - CERN test beam (WP6): electrons and hadrons up to 160GeV, 1-2 weeks
 - Irradiation facilities (WP7): JSI, Slovenia; UCL, Belgium; KIT, Germany
- Eligibility:
 - both the user group leader and the majority of the users must work in an institution established in a Member State or Associated State;
 - must work in a country other than the country where the legal entity operating the infrastructure is(are) established => Germans can not apply for DESY TA ...
 - only research teams that are entitled to publish the results of their project performed at the facility in the open press may apply for access to a participating infrastructure.
 - in very special cases one member of the group can come from outside Europe

Formalities reduces

- check for availability (with coordinators)
- fill out form and send to AIDA-info@cern.ch
- for details: <u>http://aida.web.cern.ch/aida/activities/access/apply/</u>



ONE IMPORTANT FEATURE: TA

- As in EUDET it is possible to get travel support when using the provided infrastructure
 - DESY test beam (WP5): 1-6 GeV electrons, longer periods available
 - CERN test beam (WP6): electrons and hadrons up to 160GeV, 1-2 weeks
 - Irradiation facilities (WP7): JSI, Slove Belgium; KIT, Germany
- Eligibility:
 - must work in an institution
 - Requests for CERN test une is Don Loss for CERN teamber only research teal Requests for by December the facility in the or beams latest in in very special or the legal entity operating the can not apply for DESY TA ...
 - publish the results of their project performed at in very special case 20th !! apply for access to a participating infrastructure.
 - member of the group can come from outside Europe
 - Formalities reduces
 - check for availability (with coordinators)
 - fill out form and send to AIDA-info@cern.ch
 - for details: http://aida.web.cern.ch/aida/activities/access/apply/



OVERVIEW AIDA

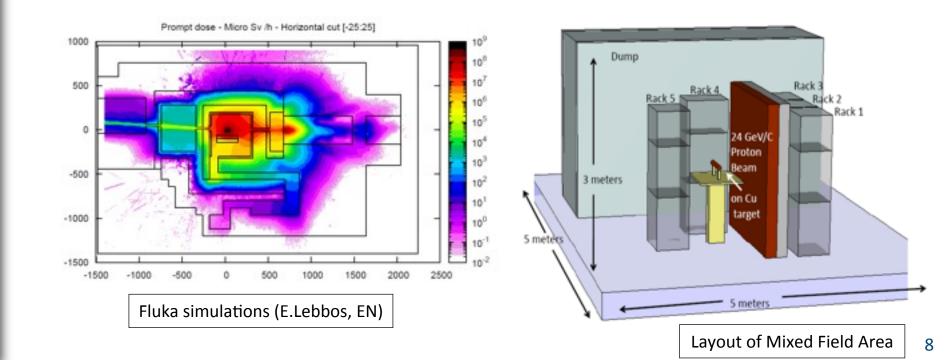
WP1: Project management and communication Scientific coordinator Laurent Serin, LAL-CNRS, Deputies : T. Behnke (DESY) & P. Soler (STFC) Svet Stavrev, CERN administrative coordinator				
Networking	Transnational access	Joint research		
WP2: Common software tools (Frank Gaede, DESY, Pere Mato, CERN)	WP5: Transnational access DESY (Ingrid Gregor, DESY)	WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beamlines (Michael Moll, CERN)		
WP3: Microelectronics and	WP6: Transnational access CERN (Horst Breuker, CERN)			
interconnection technology (Hans- Gunter Moser, MPG, Valerio Re,		WP9: Advanced infrastructure for		
UNIBG)	WP7: Transnational access European irradiation facilities (Marko Mikuz, JSI)	detector R&D (Marcel Vos, IFIC Valencia, Vincent Boudry, LLR-CNRS)		
WP4: Relation with industry (S. Stapnes-→ JM Le Goff)				



WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beam lines

Michael Moll

- 8.1. Coordination and Communication
- 8.2. Test beams infrastructure at CERN and Frascati: feasibility, design and implementation study on a low energy beam to the range of 1 to 10 GeV.
- 8.3. Upgrade of CERN PS proton and neutron irradiation facilities
 - Improvement of existing irradiation facilities at CERN PS
 - Elaboration and evaluation of upgrade scenarios
 - Design and test of common infrastructure for the facility





WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beam lines

- 8.4. Qualification of components and common database
- 8.5. General infrastructure for test beam and irradiation lines
 - Commissioning and operated beam tracking telescope(s)
 - Develop and test TASD target for neutrino experiments
 - Develop and test MIND spectrometer for muon identification
 - GIFF++ user infrastructure
- 8.6. Coordination of combined beam tests and common DAQ
 - Ongoing and continuing work to support the operation of the former EUDET, now AIDA test facility at DESY, and to constant improvement of the setup.

Michael Moll



OVERVIEW AIDA

WP1: Project management and communication Scientific coordinator Laurent Serin, LAL-CNRS, Deputies : T. Behnke (DESY) & P. Soler (STFC) Svet Stavrev, CERN administrative coordinator					
Networking	Transnational access	Joint research			
WP2: Common software tools (Frank Gaede, DESY, Pere Mato, CERN)	WP5: Transnational access DESY (Ingrid Gregor, DESY)	WP8: Improvement and equipment of irradiation and test beamlines (Michael Moll, CERN)			
WP3: Microelectronics and interconnection technology (Hans-	WP6: Transnational access CERN (Horst Breuker, CERN)	WP9: Advanced infrastructure for			
Gunter Moser, MPG, Valerio Re, UNIBG)	WP7: Transnational access European irradiation facilities (Marko Mikuz, JSI)	detector R&D (Marcel Vos, IFIC Valencia, Vincent Boudry, LLR-CNRS)			
WP4: Relation with industry (S. Stapnes-→ JM Le Goff)					





DIN

WP9: Advanced Infrastructure for detector R&D

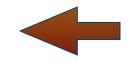
- 9.1: Coordination and Communication
- 9.2: Gaseous detector facilities
 - upgrade an existing MPGD prototype which was constructed as part of the EUDET project in order to serve as a MGPD facility test area for a larger user community
 - common read-out system will be also developed and provided as part of the facility
 - upgrade workshop
- 9.3: Precision Pixel Detector Infrastructure
- 9.4: Silicon Tracking
 - Iarge area tracking device to study granular calorimeter prototypes
- 9.5: Granular calorimeter studies infrastructure

similar programme as in EUDET, but much more overlap with the LHC community



WP9: Advanced Infrastructure for detector R&D

- 9.1: Coordination and Communication
- 9.2: Gaseous detector facilities
 - upgrade an existing MPGD prototype which was constructed as part of the EUDET project in order to serve as a MGPD facility test area for a larger user community
 - common read-out system will be also developed and provided as part of the facility
 - upgrade workshop
- 9.3: Precision Pixel Detector Infrastructure



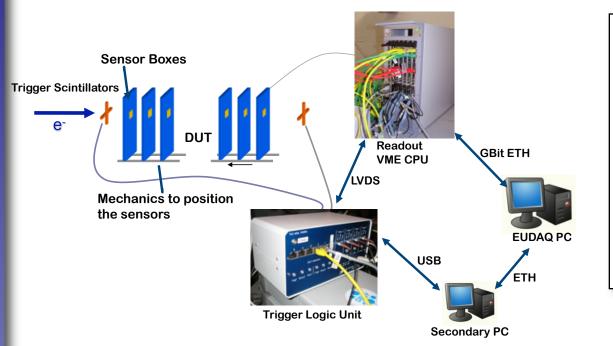
- 9.4: Silicon Tracking
 - large area tracking device to study granular calorimeter prototypes
- 9.5: Granular calorimeter studies infrastructure

similar programme as in EUDET, but much more overlap with the LHC community





REMINDER: EUDET TELESCOPE



What is a beam telescope?

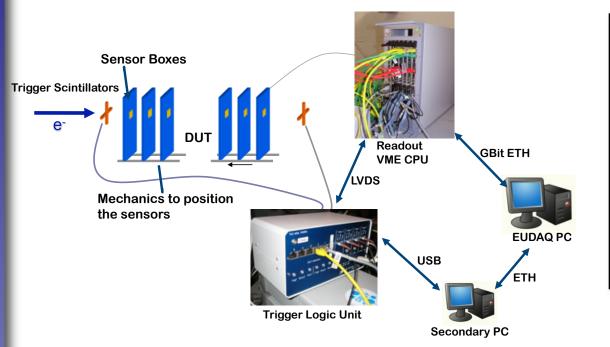
- A tool to define the exact track of a particle in a test beam very precisely.
- Used for detailed studies of newly developed detectors.
- Pointing resolution should be better than the expected intrinsic resolution of the device under test (DUT).

Generally applicable:

- Detectors under test: from small pixel sensors to larger detectors
- Movement of device under test (DUT) to scan larger surface
- Large range of conditions: cooling, positioning, (B-Field)
- Easy to use: well defined/described interface
- Very high precision: <3 µm precision even at smaller energies</p>
- Movable!



REMINDER: EUDET TELESCOPE



What is a beam telescope?

- A tool to define the exact track of a particle in a test beam very precisely.
- Used for detailed studies of newly developed detectors.
- Pointing resolution should be better than the expected intrinsic resolution of the device under test (DUT).

Generally applicable:

- Detectors under test: from small pixel sensors to larger detectors
- Movement of device under test (DUT) to scan larger surface
- Large range of conditions: cooling, positioning, (B-Field)
- Easy to use: well defined/described interface
- Very high precision: <3 µm precision even at smaller energies</p>

Movable!





SEASON 2011

- EUDET telescope used by many groups in 2011
 - ATLAS Pixel (3D, PPS, IBL and Diamond)
 - DEPFET, SiLC,...
- Telescope was running extremely smoothly over the season
- Finally had two weeks time to take data for telescope studies (remotely)
- Telescope arrived back at DESY last Monday 8:45 …
- Users scheduled for February till April at DESY
- New users: CMS pixels
- Plan to ship it back to CERN April/May 2012



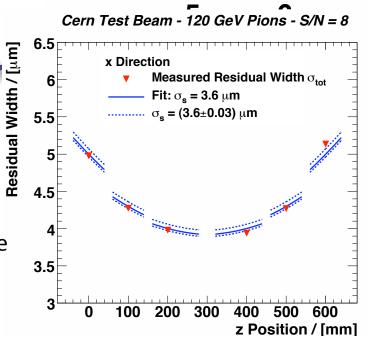
Neulich am SPS

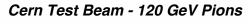


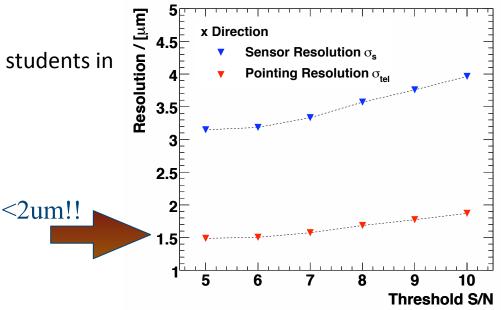
PERFORMANCE 2011

- Dedicated data to measure performance of telescope (120 GeV pions, SPS Aug. 2011)
- 6 planes with Mimosa26 (50um thin, 18.4 um pitch)
- Included 5 planes in track fit and treated 6th plane as DUT -> measured resolution of all 6 planes
- Extract intrinsic resolution for each threshold setting
- Pointing resolution below 2um!
- Data taken and analysed by summer students in August 2011

DESY summer students 2011: Cora Fischer Silvan Kuttimalai Ilya Khvastunov





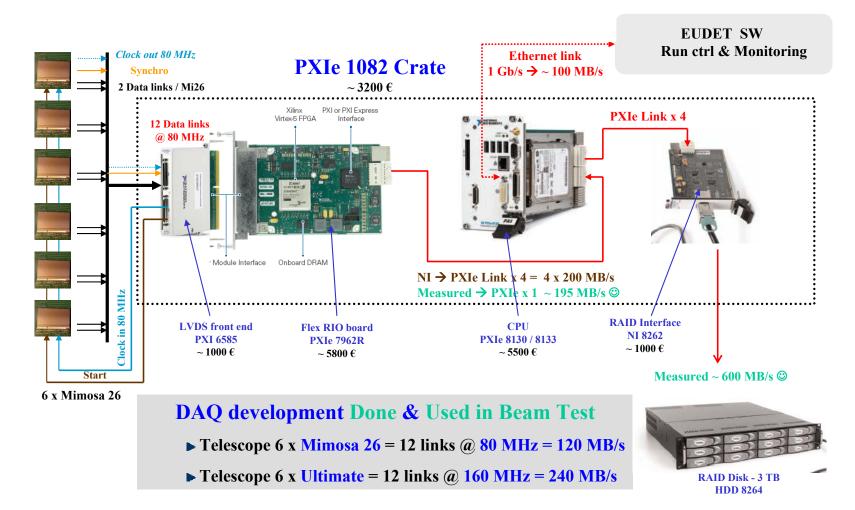




UPGRADE OF SYSTEM IN 2011

much faster ... ready for the future

- EUDET standard DAQ hardware (VME based)
- New system commercially available
- System set up by Strasbourg, connection to EUDAQ done by DESY



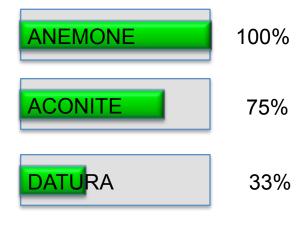


TELESCOPE COPIES

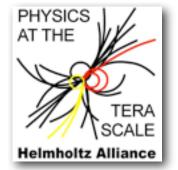
- From relative early on, we were discussing the possibility to copy the telescope
- Most important feature of EUDET copies: new DAQ hardware -> based on a commercial system (National Instruments PXIe)
- Trigger rate increased from 700Hz to >4kHz
- More than one trigger per frame possible



Telescope production line a la AIRBUS ...



- Enables "easy" copies
 - Bonn copy (ANEMONE)
 - ATLAS copy (ACONITE)
 - DESY test beam (DATURA)
 - Goal: to have **exactly** the same infrastructure at DESY test beam and CERN SPS test beam beams (spring 2012)





WP9: Advanced Infrastructure for Detector R&D

We have:

- 6 plane telescope (Mimosa26)
- pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material
- 2x1 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~700Hz (EUDET)
- 👤 EUDAQ
- XY table

Want to add:

- LHC style reference planes (Timepix, FE-I4)
- keep pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material (sometimes...)
- 4x6 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~10 kHz
- CO₂ cooling
- HV system and monitoring





WP9: Advanced Infrastructure for Detector R&D

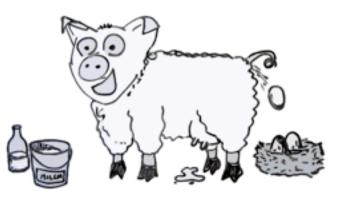
We have:

- 6 plane telescope (Mimosa26)
- pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material
- 2x1 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~700Hz (EUDET)
- 👤 EUDAQ
- XY table

Want to add:

- LHC style reference planes (Timepix, FE-I4)
- keep pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material (sometimes...)
- 4x6 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~10 kHz
- CO₂ cooling
- HV system and monitoring







WP9: Advanced Infrastructure for Detector R&D

We have:

- 6 plane telescope (Mimosa26)
- pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material
- 2x1 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~700Hz (EUDET)
- 👤 EUDAQ
- XY table

Want to add:

- LHC style reference planes (Timepix, FE-I4)
- keep pointing resolution ~1.5 um
- thin material (sometimes...)
- 4x6 cm² active area
- trigger rate ~10 kHz
- CO₂ cooling
- HV system and monitoring



Maybe not all at the same time ...

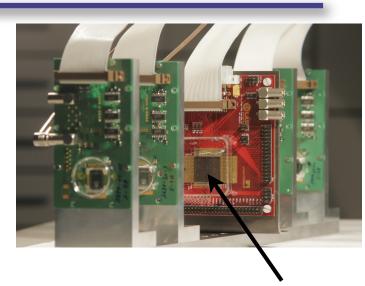
- modular flexible system
- down compatible



VID

ATLAS FE-14 PLANES

- FE-I4 module based reference planes for a telescope with
 - high rate and high occupancy capability
 - Iarge area ~4cm²
 - high radiation tolerance (5 x $10^{15} n_{eq}/cm^2$)
 - has been designed for ATLAS IBL
 - thoroughly been tested since one year



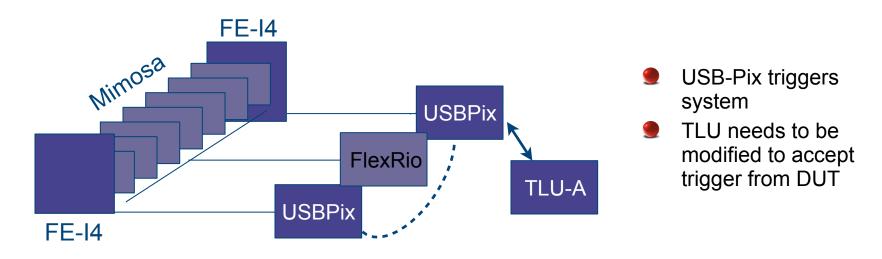
- R/O fully integrated in common infrastructure of the "AIDA telescope" framework:
 - DAQ-software based on the EUDAQ package
 - uses TLU signal
 - same readout concept (producer, online monitoring etc.)
 - Current status
 - ATLAS FE-I3 and FE-I4 assemblies have been successfully integrated into the EUDET telescope as DUT
 - FE-I4 assemblies have been used heavily with the EUDET telescope in 2011

FE-I4



TRACK TAGGING - FIRST STEPS

- In order to take full advantage of the fast read out system for the Mimosa, track tagging would be necessary
- one solution: use fibre hodoscope
- nicer solution: ATLAS FE-I4 self trigger option; region of interest selection



- Telescope is triggered by hits in FE-I4; hit information is stored from Mimosas and FE-I4 accept more than one trigger per Mimosa frame
- limited by speed of 10 kHz given by USB-Pix (not really slow)

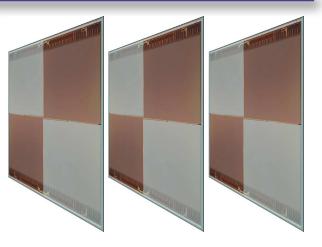
Nice combination high resolution Mimosa and LHC speed FE-I4 => higher speed and LHC style triggering done



SINGLE ARM LARGE AREA TELESCOPE (SALAT)

Single Arm Large Area Telescope (SALAT)

- Next generation of Mimosas will be much larger
- Prominent features of SALAT :
 - very low material budget : 50 µm Si
 - high resolution : `4 µm in X & Y ⇒ beam particle impact position on DUT known within ~2µm(~1µm on reduced area)
 - Iarge detection area : 4×6 cm²
- Production of sensors in two steps:
 - Start with demonstrator based on MIMOSA-28 sensors
 - 4 chips of each 2x2 cm² placed on Mylar foil (small gaps)
 - Replace demonstrator sensors with final chips in 2014/15 : final configuration of SALAT available for BT users by 2015
 - active area ~4×6 cm2



SALAT

Mimosa28:

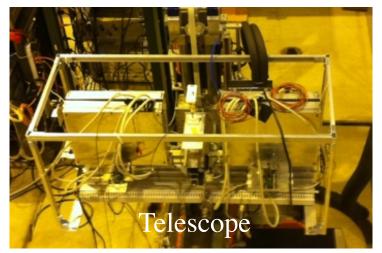
- active area: 960 columns of 928 pixels (19.9×19.2 mm2)
- pitch: 20.7 µm -> ~ 0.9 million pixels

Use 4 chip FE-I4 modules for trigger => large area telescope done



THE TIMEPIX TELESCOPE

- Development started in 2009, successful operation in 2010, upgraded DAQ and infrastructure in 2011
 - Since the TimePix chip is read out on a frame basis, the global shutter to the telescope is held open for several (hundred) particles:
 - Crossed (co-incident) scintillator signal opens the global telescope shutter
 - While the shutter is open, scintillator triggers are passed on to the DUT (for generic trigger based readouts). Raw triggers can be sent, or triggers synchronous to a clock (such as 40 MHz LHCstyle)
- After recording N triggers, or a shutter length of X, the shutter is closed and the whole telescope is read out
- Successful integration with FE-I4 recently (different DAQ concept)



=> integration with existing TLU centered system not straight forward

- Timepix telescope is added to AIDA infrastructure as it is
- Possibilities to extend EUDAQ TLU and Timepix system to provide user the same environment as with the current telescope are under study



ADDITIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE

HV System

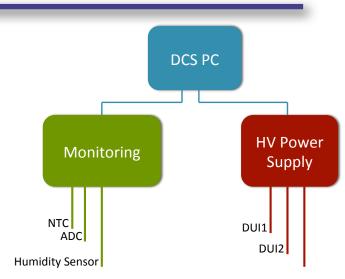
- HV system for the use in the test beam ordered
- Individually floating 8 channels/module
- First modules defined for ATLAS pixels
- Different modules can easily be added
- Currently collecting the HV needs of the users

Monitoring

- Based on ELMB (Embedded Local Monitoring Board)
- Front end IO unit developed by ATLAS, CERN wide in use
- System will come with Windows PC and installed PVSS
- First parts available March 2012

CO2 Cooling

A similar system as used with the Timepix telescope will be provided within AIDA







CONCLUSIONS

- EUDET was very successful and also a lot of fun
- AIDA is much more complex, more institutes and therefore more challenging
 - combining communities from LHC, LC and neutrino physics
- Transnational access travel support available for the community and people should really apply for this
 - CERN test beams
 - DESY test beams
 - Irradiation facilities
- Three copies of the EUDET telescope will be build, providing some availability around different test beam facilities
 - A more advanced but down compatible test beam infrastructure will be build and provided within AIDA





IF YOU WANT TO KNOW MORE

- AIDA Annual Meeting end of March at DESY
- Open to everybody
- https://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?confld=158341

AIDA 1st ANNUAL MEETING

27-30 March 2012 DESY

Europe/Zurich timezone

