

Measurement of the Charge Asymmetry in Top Quark Pair Production at CMS

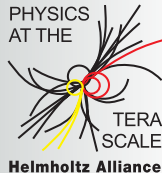
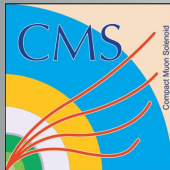
Christian Böser on behalf of the CMS Collaboration | 08th December 2011

INSTITUT FÜR EXPERIMENTELLE KERNPHYSIK (IEKP)



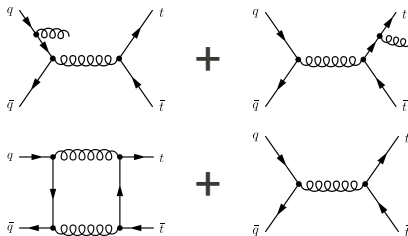
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PHYSICS AT THE TERASCALE 5th Annual Workshop



Charge asymmetry in the SM (I)

- Most dominant production mode $gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ is charge-symmetric
- In $t\bar{t}$ production via asymmetric initial states (eg. $q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$) the (anti-)top quarks are preferably produced in the direction of the incoming (anti-)quark
- Asymmetry due to interference of ISR and FSR and between box diagram and born diagram (NLO effect)

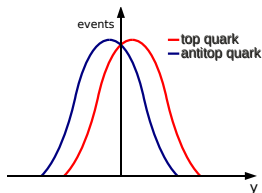


- \Rightarrow excess of t vs. \bar{t} in certain kinematic region, and vice versa

Charge asymmetry in the SM (II)

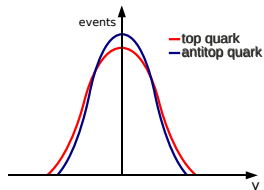
@ Tevatron:

- Forward-backward asymmetry:



@ LHC:

- Central-peripheral asymmetry:



- Sensitive variable:

$$\Delta y = y_t - y_{\bar{t}}$$

- Sensitive variables:

$$\Delta|\eta| = |\eta_t| - |\eta_{\bar{t}}|$$

$$\Delta y^2 = (y_t - y_{\bar{t}})(y_t + y_{\bar{t}})$$

In all variables:

$$A_C = \frac{N^+ - N^-}{N^+ + N^-}$$

■ @ Tevatron:

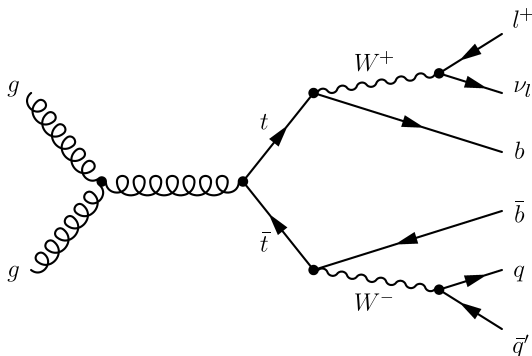
SM prediction: $A_C^{SM, \Delta y} \approx 6\%$ [Kühn, Rodrigo]

- $A_C^{\Delta y} = 0.201 \pm 0.067$ (CDF, 5.0 fb^{-1})
- $A_C^{\Delta y} = 0.196 \pm 0.065$ (DØ, 5.4 fb^{-1})
- $\approx 2\sigma$ deviation
- CDF: $m_{t\bar{t}} > 450 \text{ GeV}$ even 3.4σ deviation!
- Hint for new physics?

■ @ LHC:

SM prediction: $A_C^{SM, \Delta|\eta|} = 1.3\%$, $A_C^{SM, \Delta y^2} = 1.1\%$ [Kühn, Rodrigo]

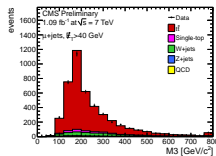
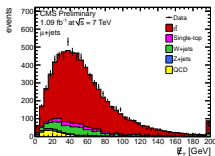
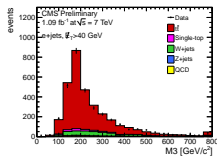
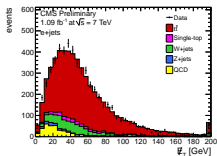
- $A_C^{\Delta|\eta|} = 0.060 \pm 0.14$ (CMS TOP-10-010, 36 pb^{-1})
- dominated by large stat. uncertainty
- in this analysis 30 times more data



- Select events in muon+jets and electron+jets channel:
 - One isolated charged lepton (e, μ)
 - Second charged lepton veto
 - At least four jets
 - At least one of them b tagged
- Used data: 1.09 fb^{-1}

Background estimation

- Use discrimination power of MET and M3
- MC templates for all processes, exception: data-driven template for QCD
- Fit separately $e+jets$ and $\mu+jets$, subdivide each sample into $MET < 40$ GeV (A) and $MET > 40$ GeV (B)
- Fit simultaneous MET in (A) and M3 in (B)



process	electron+jets	muon+jets	total
$t\bar{t}$	4401 ± 165	5835 ± 199	10236 ± 258
single top ($t + tW$)	213 ± 58	293 ± 81	507 ± 99
$W^+ + jets$	313 ± 84	404 ± 106	718 ± 135
$W^- + jets$	299 ± 90	245 ± 109	544 ± 141
$Z + jets$	81 ± 24	85 ± 26	165 ± 35
QCD	355 ± 71	232 ± 79	587 ± 106
total fit result	5663 ± 226	7094 ± 276	12757 ± 357
observed data	5665	7092	12757

■ Reconstruction of the four-vectors of the top quarks:

- Reconstruct neutrino from W mass constraint (one or two solutions)
- Assignment of selected jets to the final state quark, take all possible combinations into account
- Best possible hypothesis from ΔR matching with MC information

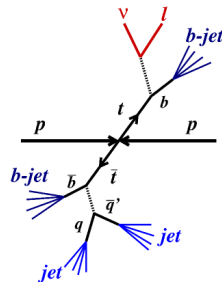
■ Selection of one hypothesis:

- Use decorrelated masses and calculate Likelihood ratio for each mass:

$$\begin{pmatrix} m_{llep} \\ m_{lhad} \\ m_{W_{had}} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} m_1 \\ m_2 \\ m_3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathcal{L} = \frac{\text{good hypotheses}}{\text{all hypotheses}}$$

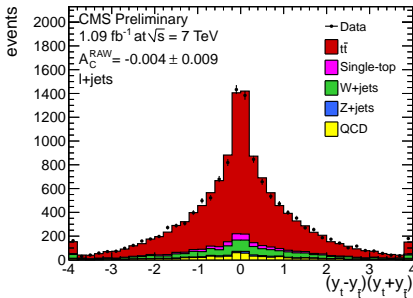
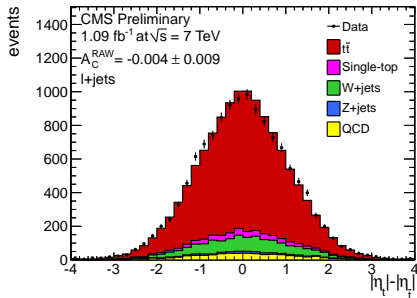
- Use b tagger output to give probability $P_b(x)$ of jet x to be a b jet
- Choose the hypothesis with largest value for:

$$\psi = \mathcal{L}(m_1)\mathcal{L}(m_2)\mathcal{L}(m_3)P_b(x_{b,lep})P_b(x_{b,had})(1 - P_b(x_{q_1}))(1 - P_b(x_{q_2}))$$



Reconstructed Distributions

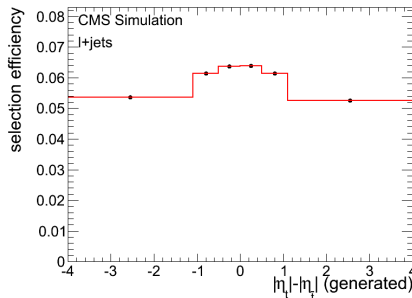
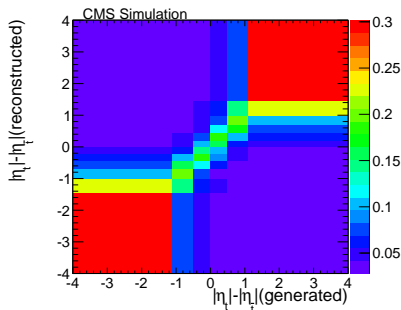
- Reconstruct distribution of the sensitive variables $\Delta|\eta|$ and Δy^2
- Combine e+jets and mu+jets channel



Uncorrected Asymmetry in combined channel

- $A_C^{RAW, \Delta|\eta|} = -0.004 \pm 0.009$ (stat.)
- $A_C^{RAW, \Delta y^2} = -0.004 \pm 0.009$ (stat.)

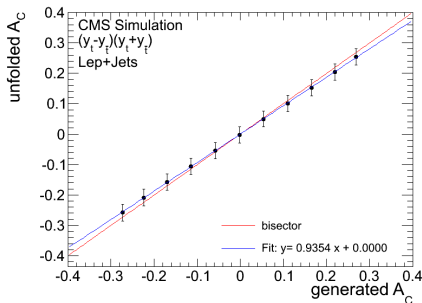
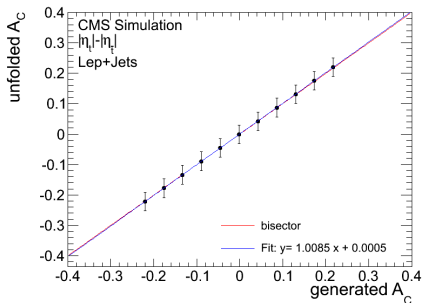
- Reconstructed distribution corrected for
 - Background processes
 - \Rightarrow Subtraction of MC background templates normalized to prediction
 - Influences of selection efficiency and migration effects
 - \Rightarrow Regularized unfolding with the ROOT TUnfold package



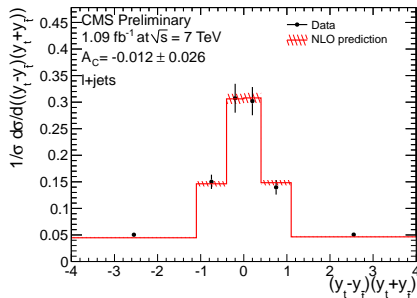
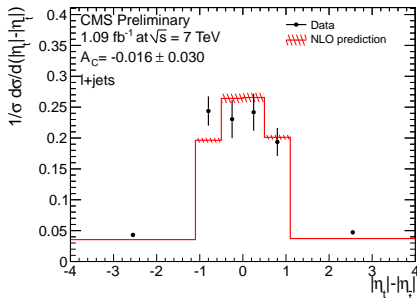
- Next step: Scrutinizing the unfolding!

Consistency checks

- 50,000 pseudo experiments, for each:
 - Draw signal and background events from MC-Samples according to fit
 - Subtract background and unfold the pseudo sample
 - Check relative difference of each bin with true bin content
 - Check pull distribution for each bin
 - \Rightarrow Very good agreement
- Linearity checks with reweighted samples
 - \Rightarrow Small correction factor for $A_C^{\Delta y^2}$



- Unfolded distributions for $\Delta|\eta|$ and Δy^2 :



Unfolded asymmetries

- $A_C^{\Delta|\eta|} = -0.016 \pm 0.030(\text{stat.})$
- $A_C^{\Delta y^2} = -0.013 \pm 0.026(\text{stat.})$
- Reminder: $A_C^{SM, \Delta|\eta|} = +0.013$, $A_C^{SM, \Delta y^2} = +0.011$

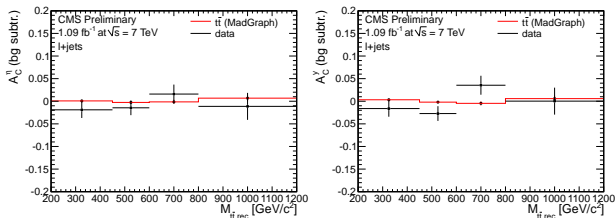
- Produce pseudo experiments from systematically shifted distributions
- Unfold with standard templates
- Measure value of unfolded asymmetry

Source of Systematic:	$A_C^{\Delta \eta }$		$A_C^{\Delta y^2}$	
	− Variation	+ Variation	− Variation	+ Variation
JES	−0.003	0.000	−0.007	0.000
JER	−0.002	0.000	−0.001	0.001
Q^2 scale	−0.014	0.000	−0.013	+0.003
ISR/FSR	−0.006	+0.003	0.000	+0.024
Matching threshold	−0.006	0.000	−0.013	+0.006
PDF	−0.001	+0.001	−0.001	+0.001
b tagging	−0.001	+0.003	0.000	0.001
Lepton ID/sel. efficiency	−0.002	+0.004	−0.002	0.003
QCD model	−0.008	+0.008	−0.006	+0.006
Pileup	−0.002	+0.002	0.000	0.000
Overall	−0.019	+0.010	−0.021	+0.026

- Systematic uncertainties are of the same order as the statistical uncertainties

Results

- $A_C^{\Delta|\eta|} = -0.016 \pm 0.030(\text{stat.})^{+0.010}_{-0.019}(\text{syst.})$
- $A_C^{\Delta y^2} = -0.013 \pm 0.026(\text{stat.})^{+0.026}_{-0.021}(\text{syst.})$
- Results are in good agreement with the Standard Model
- Background-subtracted asymmetries show no mass dependence:



- Outlook:
 - Perform 2D unfolding to get unfolded asymmetries as function of unfolded $M_{t\bar{t}}$
 - Good progress, expect results until the end of this year