



AAA PHENOMENOLOGY

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HELMHOLTZ ALLIANCE, VTI SEMINAR MAY, 23TH

Helmhotz-Alliance VTI seminar - 23 May 2011

Monday 23 May 2011





PHENOMENOLOGY

• AUTOMATIC

• ACCURATE

• AMAZING

new MC tools for hadron collider physics.

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PLAN

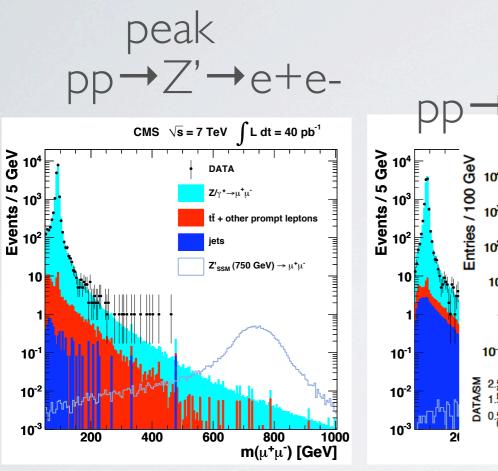
- What do we need from TH to make discoveries?
- The evolution of MC tools
- The dawn of the AAA era



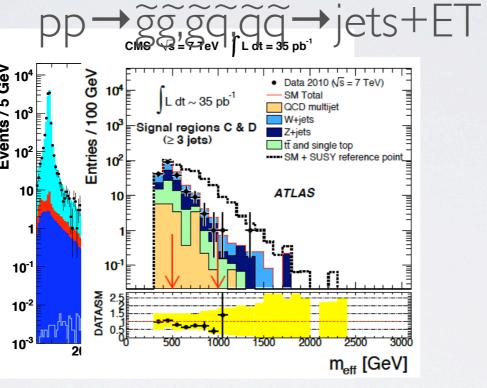


DISCOVERIES AT HADRON COLLIDERS

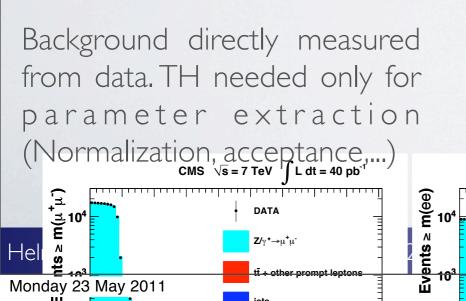
[MLM, 2008]



shape



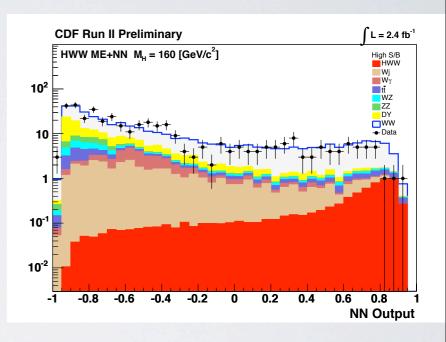
hard



"easy"

Background shapes needed. Flexible MC for both signal and background tuned and validated with data. CMS VS = 7 TeV JL dt = 35 pb⁻¹

rate pp→H→W+W-



very hard

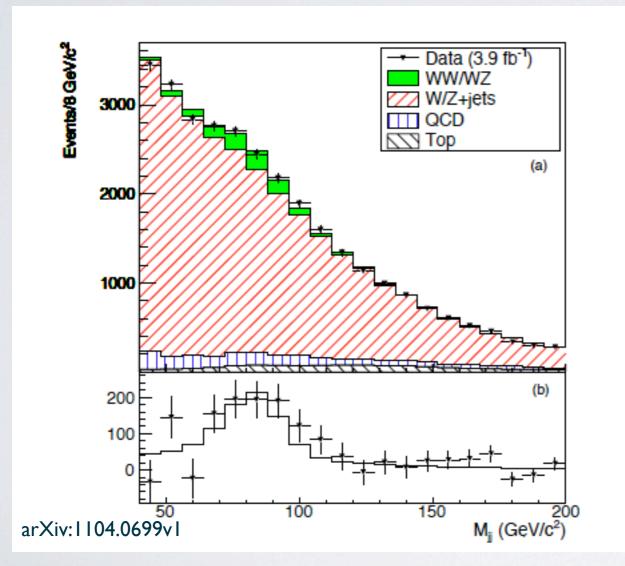
Background normalization and shapes known very well. Interplay with the best theoretical predictions (via MC) and data.



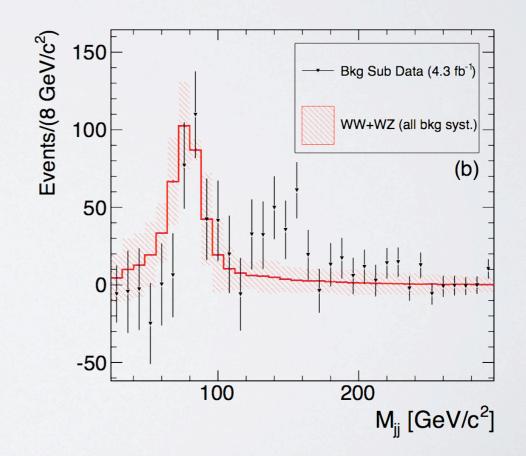


LLM

CDF observes $3-\sigma$ deviation to the SM signal.



- New Physics, stat. fluctuations?
- Unreliable prediction?
- ► W+jets treated at LO and distributions checked with MCFM!
- ➡ Top background from theory.





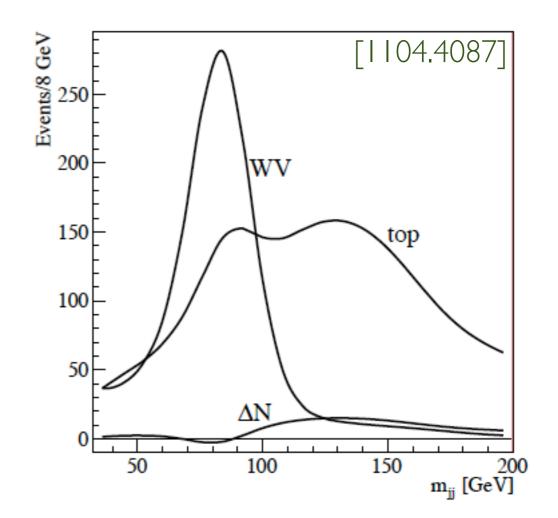


ULW

~30 papers on BSM interpretations in the last weeks.

2 papers on SM backgrounds: [Sullivan and Menon, 1104.3790] [Plehn and Takeuchi, 1104.4087]

related to top production and in particular to single top.



UPSHOT: Very challenging! Best possible SM and ready-to-go BSM predictions necessary!





MOTIVATION : SUMMARY

- Accurate and experimental friendly predictions for collider physics range from being very useful to strictly necessary.
- Confidence on possible excesses, evidences and eventually discoveries builds upon an intense (and often non-linear) process of description/prediction of data via MC's.
- Measurements and exclusions always rely on accurate predictions.
- Predictions for both SM and BSM on the same ground.





...SO HOW WE (USED TO) MAKE PREDICTIONS AT HADRON COLLIDERS?

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MASTER QCD FORMULA

$$\sigma_X = \sum_{a,b} \int_0^1 dx_1 dx_2 f_a(x_1, \mu_F^2) f_b(x_2, \mu_F^2) \times \hat{\sigma}_{ab \to X}(x_1, x_2, \alpha_S(\mu_R^2), \frac{Q^2}{\mu_F^2}, \frac{Q^2}{\mu_R^2})$$

Two ingredients necessary:

I. Parton Distribution functions (from exp, but evolution from th).

2. Short distance coefficients as an expansion in α_s (from th).





HOW WE (USED TO) MAKE PREDICTIONS?

First way:

 \Rightarrow

• For low multiplicity include higher order terms in our fixed-order calculations (LO \rightarrow NLO \rightarrow NNLO...)

 $\hat{\sigma}_{ab\to X} = \sigma_0 + \alpha_S \sigma_1 + \alpha_S^2 \sigma_2 + \dots$



• For high multiplicity use the tree-level results

Comments:

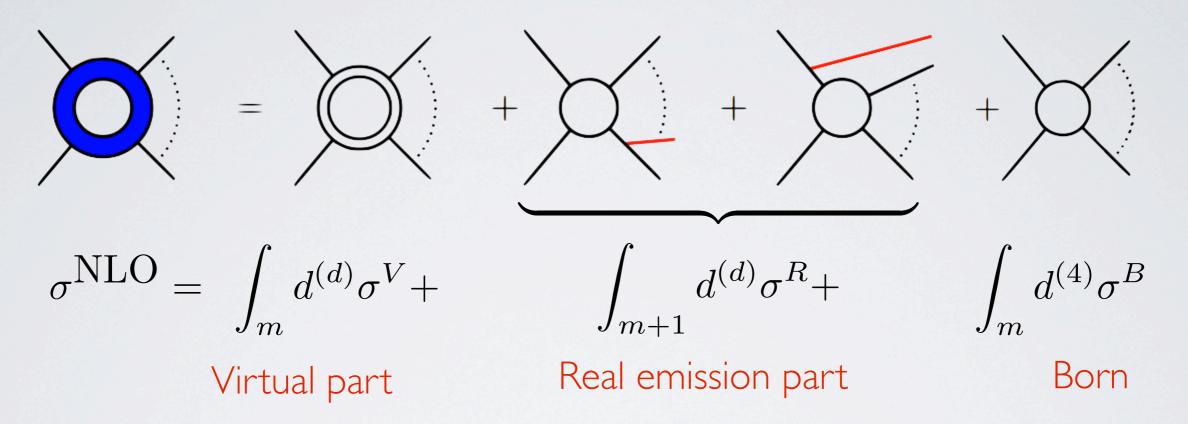
- I. The theoretical errors systematically decrease.
- 2. Pure theoretical point of view.
- 3. A lot of new techniques and universal algorithms have been developed.
 4. Final description only in terms of partons and calculation of IR safe observables ⇒ not directly useful for simulations





NLO BASICS

NLO contributions have three parts



- Loops have been for long the bottleneck of NLO computations
- Virtuals and Reals are each divergent and subtraction scheme need to be used (Dipoles, FKS, Antenna's)
- ✤ A lot of work is necessary for each computation

The cost of a new prediction at NLO can easily exceed 100k\$.

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LOOP TECHNIQUES



modified by the speaker

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BEST EXAMPLE: MCFM

Downloadable general purpose NLO code [Campbell & Ellis+ collaborators]

| Final state | Notes | Reference | Final state | Notes | Reference |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| W/Z | | | H (gluon fusion) | | |
| diboson | photon fragmentation, | hep-ph/9905386, arXiv:1105.0020 | H+I jet (g.f.) | effective coupling | |
| (W/Z/γ) | anomalous couplings | | H+2 jets (g.f.) | effective coupling | hep-ph/0608194, arXiv:1001.4495 |
| Wbb | massless b-quark massive b quark | hep-ph/9810489 arXiv:1011.6647 | WH/ZH | | |
| Zbb | massless b-quark | hep-ph/0006304 | H (WBF) | | hep-ph/0403194 |
| W/Z+I jet | | | Hb | 5-flavour scheme | hep-ph/0204093 |
| W/Z+2 jets | | hep-ph/0202176, hep-ph/0308195 | t | s- and t-channel (5F), top decay included | hep-ph/0408158 |
| Wc | massive c-quark | hep-ph/0506289 | t | t-channel (4F) | arXiv:0903.0005, arXiv:0907.3933 |
| Zb | 5-flavour scheme | hep-ph/0312024 | Wt | 5-flavour scheme | hep-ph/0506289 |
| Zb+jet | 5-flavour scheme | hep-ph/0510362 | top pairs | top decay included | |

☞ ~30 processes

First results implemented in 1998 ...this is 13 years worth of work of several people (~4M\$)

Cross sections and parton-level distributions at NLO are provided

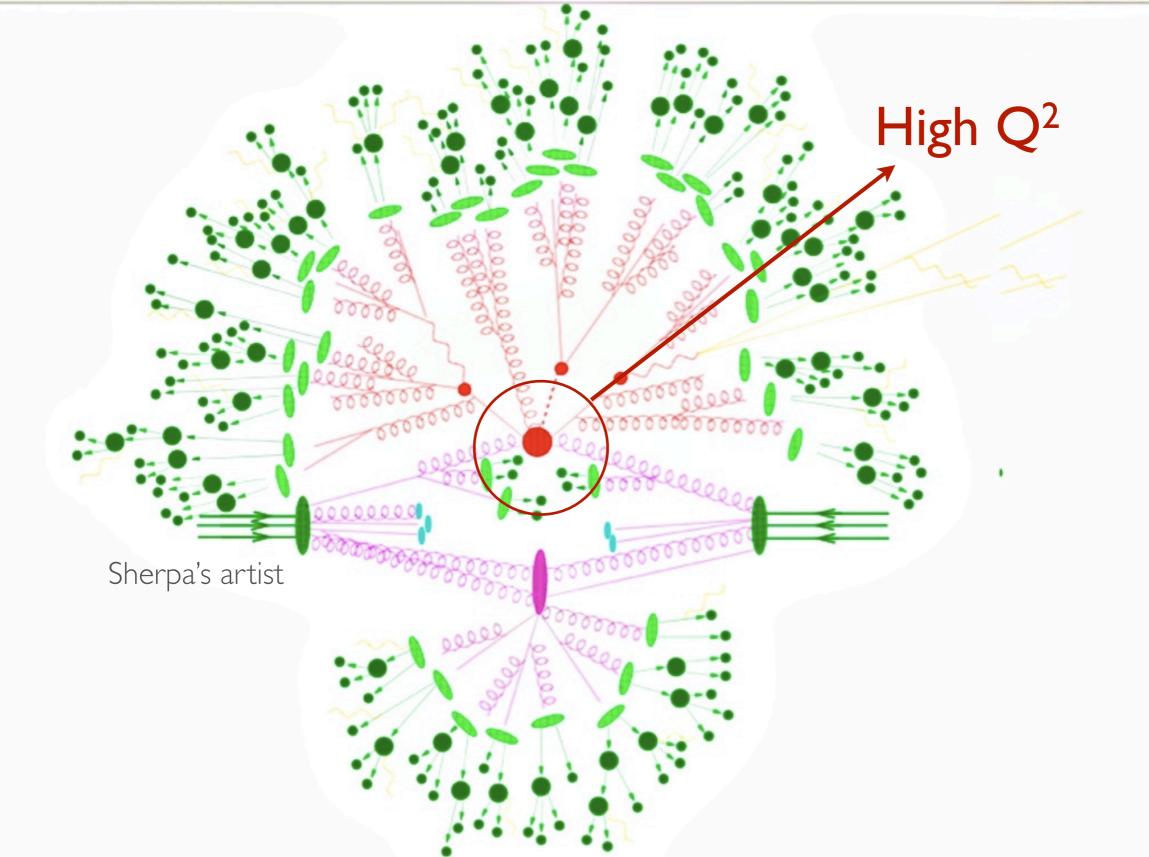
© One general framework. However, each process implemented by hand.

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EVENTS AT HADRON COLLIDERS



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HOW WE (USED TO) MAKE PREDICTIONS?

Second way:

Describe final states with high multiplicities starting from
 2 → 1 or 2 → 2 procs, using parton showers, and then an hadronization model.



Comments:

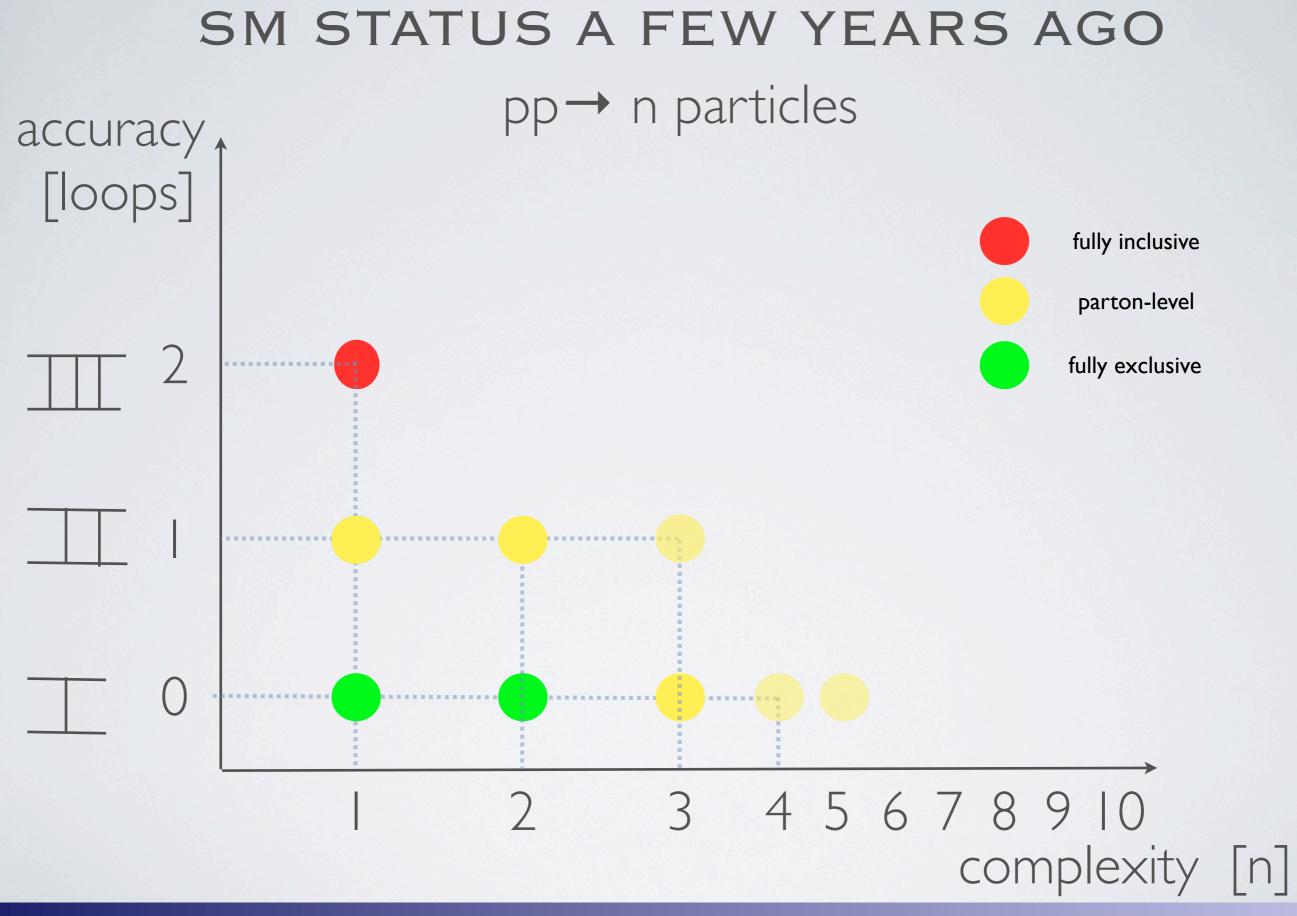
Fully exclusive final state description for detector simulations
 Normalization is very uncertain
 Very crude kinematic distributions for multi-parton final states
 Improvements are only at the model level.

most known and used : PYTHIA, HERWIG

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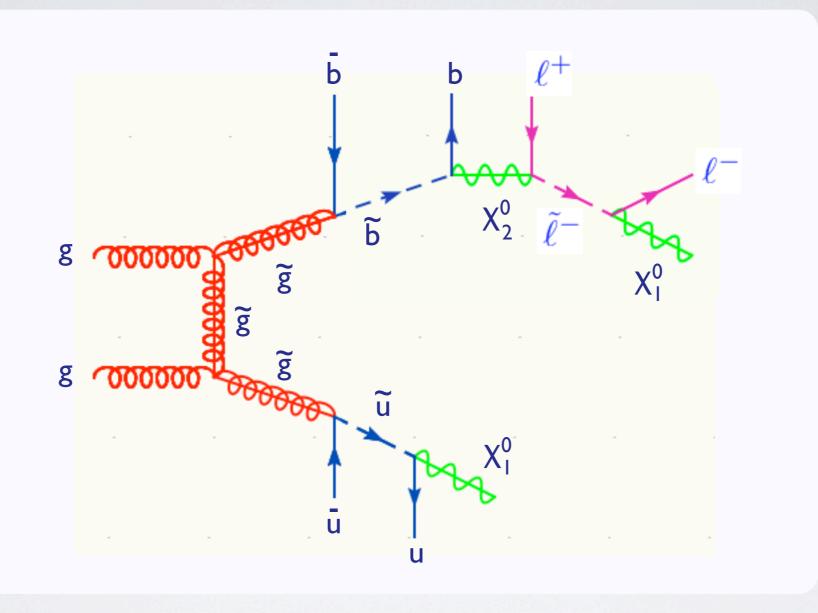
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WHAT ABOUT NEW PHYSICS?



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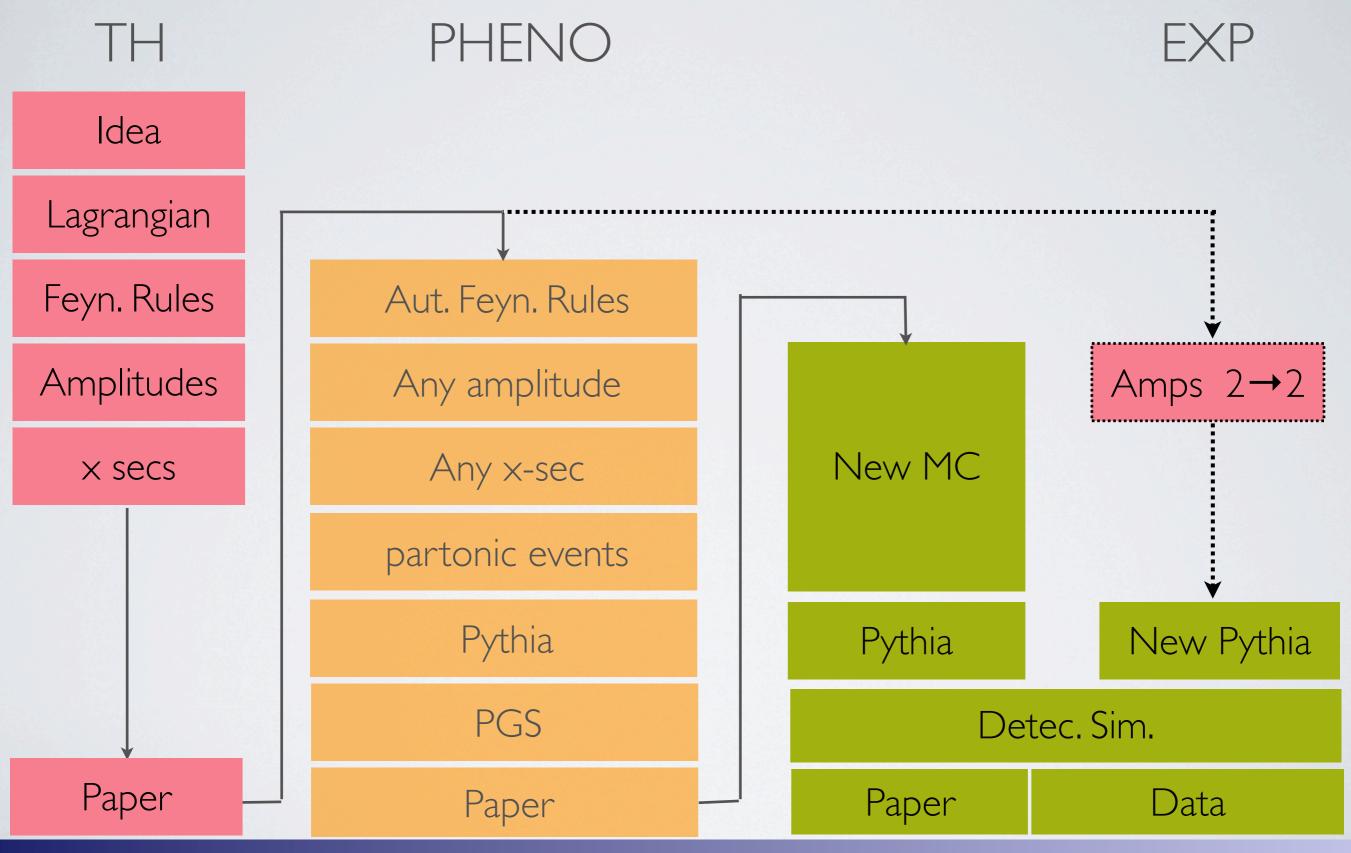


BSM (=SUSY)STATUS A FEW YEARS AGO pp→ n particles accuracy [loops] fully inclusive parton-level fully exclusive 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 2 3 complexity [n] Fabio Maltoni

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BSM TH/EXP INTERACTIONS : THE OLD WAY



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BSM TH/EXP INTERACTIONS : THE OLD WAY

- Workload is tripled!
- Long delays due to localized expertise and error prone. Painful validations are necessary at each step.
- It leads to a proliferation of private MC tools/sample productions impossible to maintain, document and reproduce on the mid- and long- term.
- Just publications is a very inefficient way of communicating between TH/PHENO/EXP.



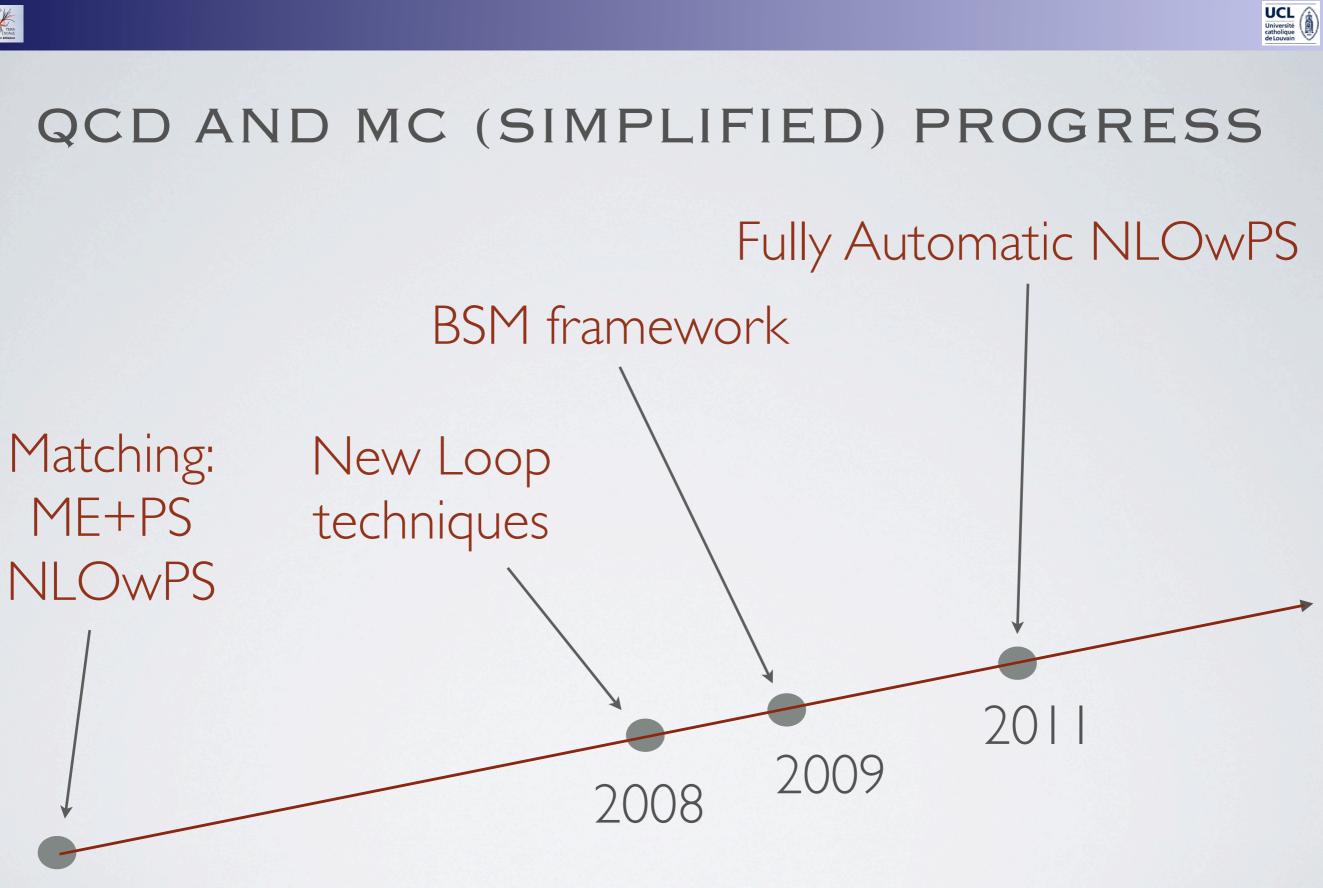




OK? REACTIONS?

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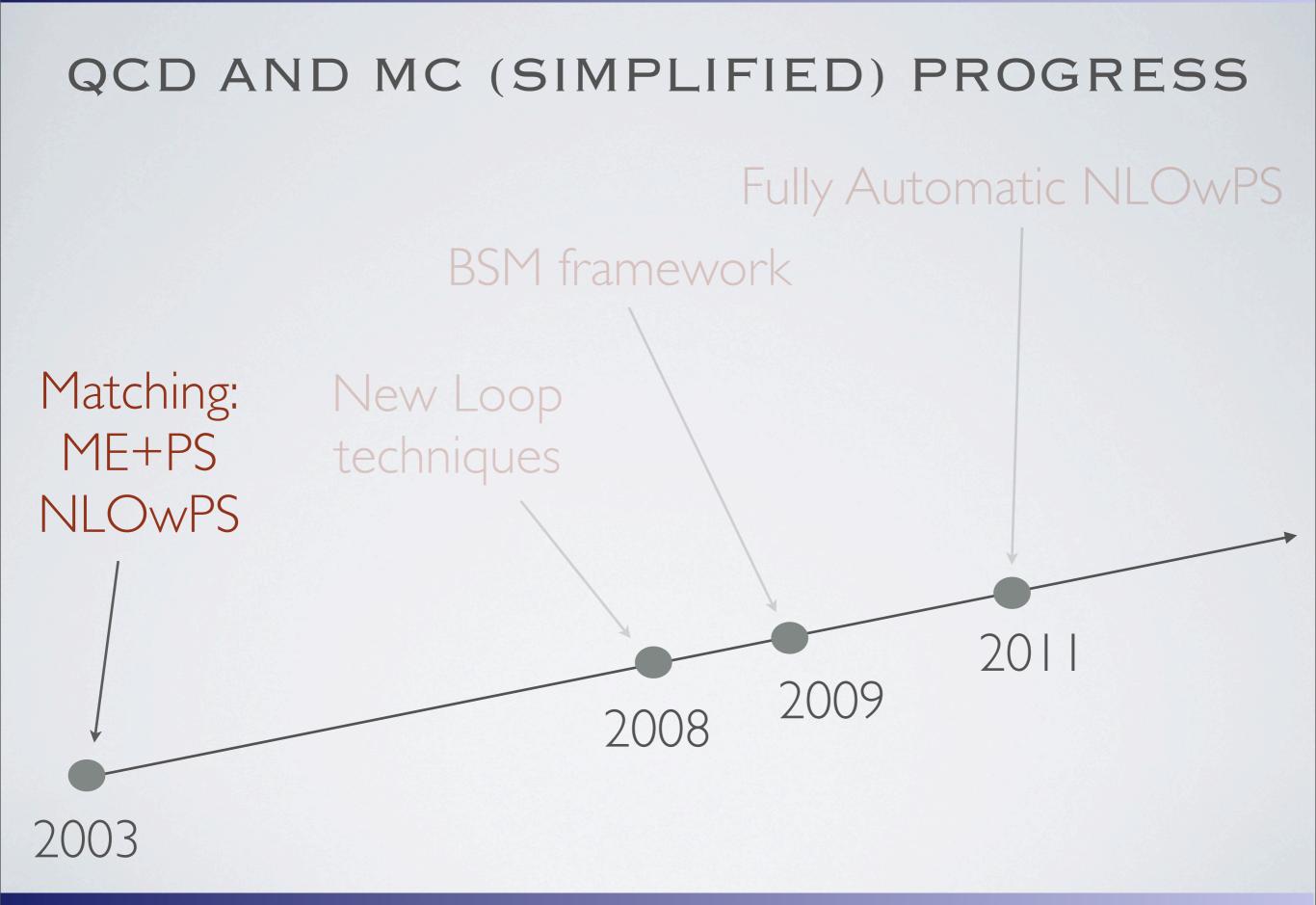




2003

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ME WITH PS

[Mangano] [Catani, Krauss, Kuhn, Webber] [Frixione, Nason, Webber]

Matrix Element

- I. parton-level description
- 2. fixed order calculation
- 3. quantum interference exact
- 4. valid when partons are hard and well separated
- 5. needed for multi-jet description

Shower MC



- 2. resums large logs
- 3. quantum interference through angular ordering
- 4. valid when partons are collinear and/or soft
- 5. nedeed for realistic studies

Approaches are complementary: merge them! Difficulty: avoid double counting

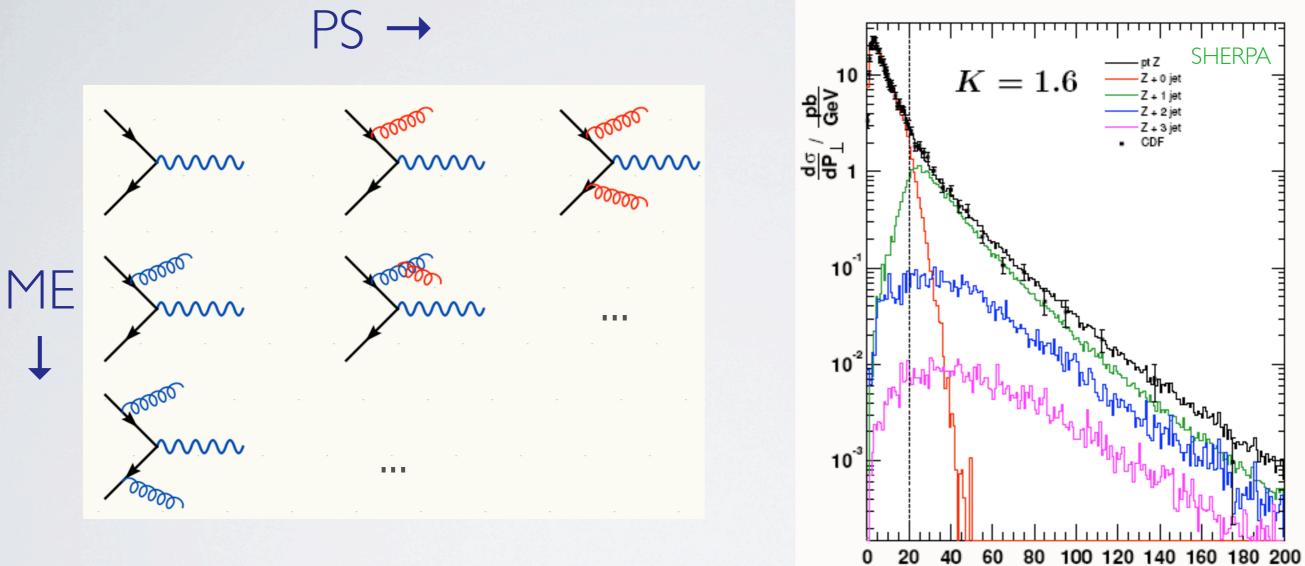
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MERGING FIXED ORDER WITH PS

Mangano] [Catani, Krauss, Kuhn, Webber]



P_{IZ}/ GeV

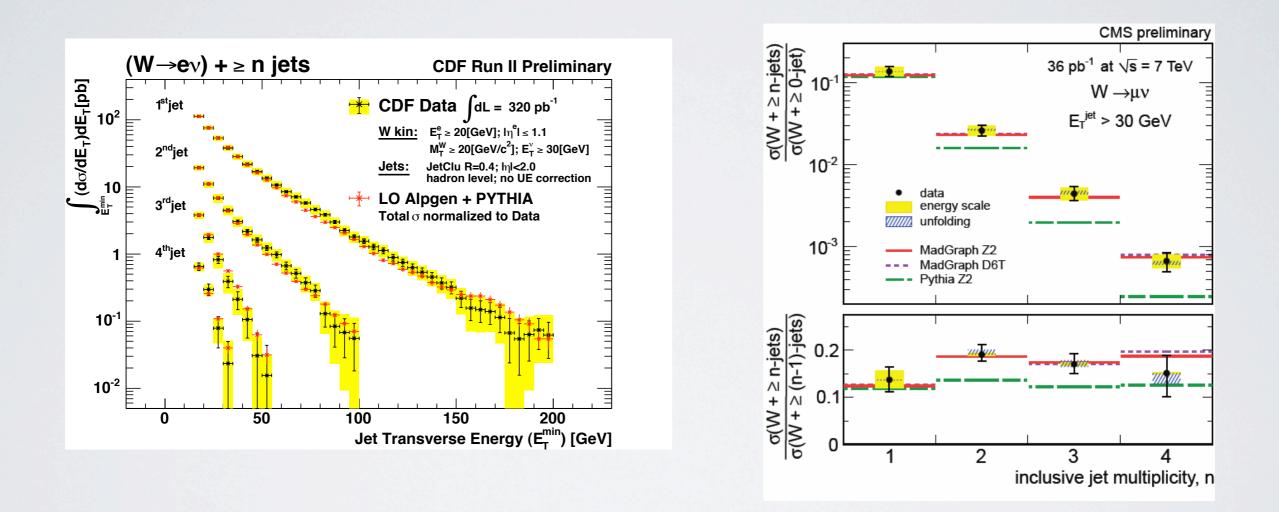
Double counting of configurations that can be obtained in different ways (histories). All the matching algorithms (CKKW, MLM,...) apply criteria to select only one possibility based on the hardness of the partons. As the result events are exclusive and can be added together into an inclusive sample. Distributions are accurate but overall normalization still "arbitrary".

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W+JETS FROM TEVATRON TO LHC



Working Amazingly well!

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NLOwPS

Problem of double counting becomes even more severe at NLO * Real emission from NLO and PS has to be counted once * Virtual contributions in the NLO and Sudakov should not overlap

Current available (and working) solutions:

MC@NLO [Frixione, Webber, 2003; Frixione, Nason, Webber, 2003]

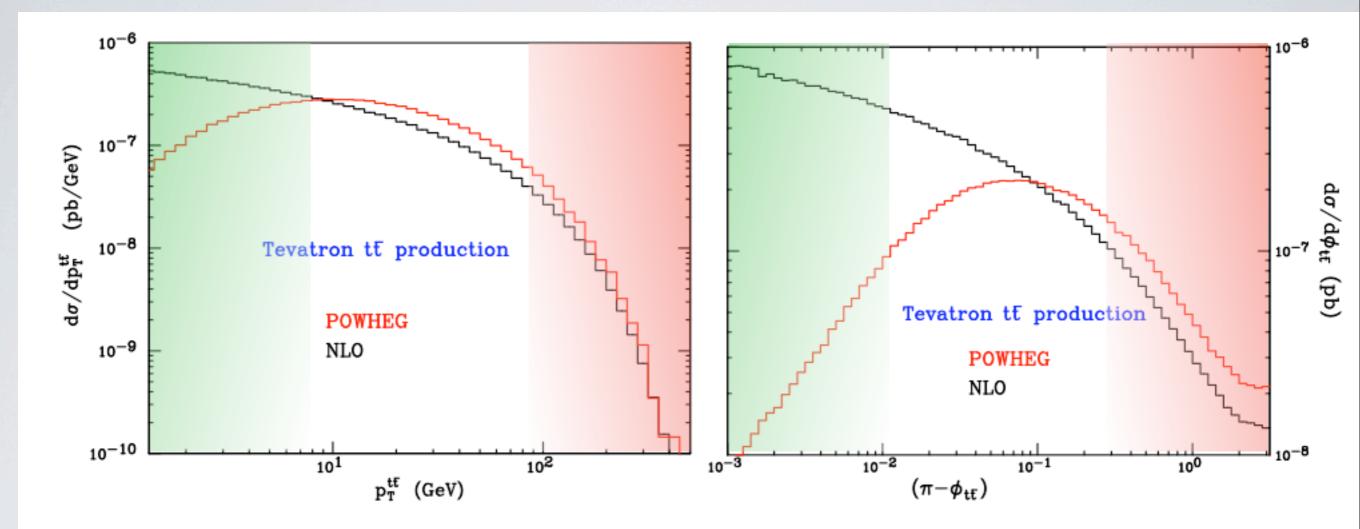
- Matches NLO to HERWIG angular-ordered PS.
- Some events have negative weights.
- Available also for Pythia now.
- Automation [Frederix, Frixione, Torrielli]

POWHEG [Nason 2004; Frixione, Nason, Oleari, 2007]

- Is independent from the PS. It can be interfaced to PYTHIA or HERWIG.
- Generates only positive unit weights.
- Can use existing NLO results via the POWHEG-Box [Aioli, Nason, Oleari, Re et al. 2009]
- Used by HELAC [Kardos, Papadopoulos, Trocsanyi 1101.2672] and SHERPA [Hoeche, Krauss, Schooenner, Siegert, 1008.5399]



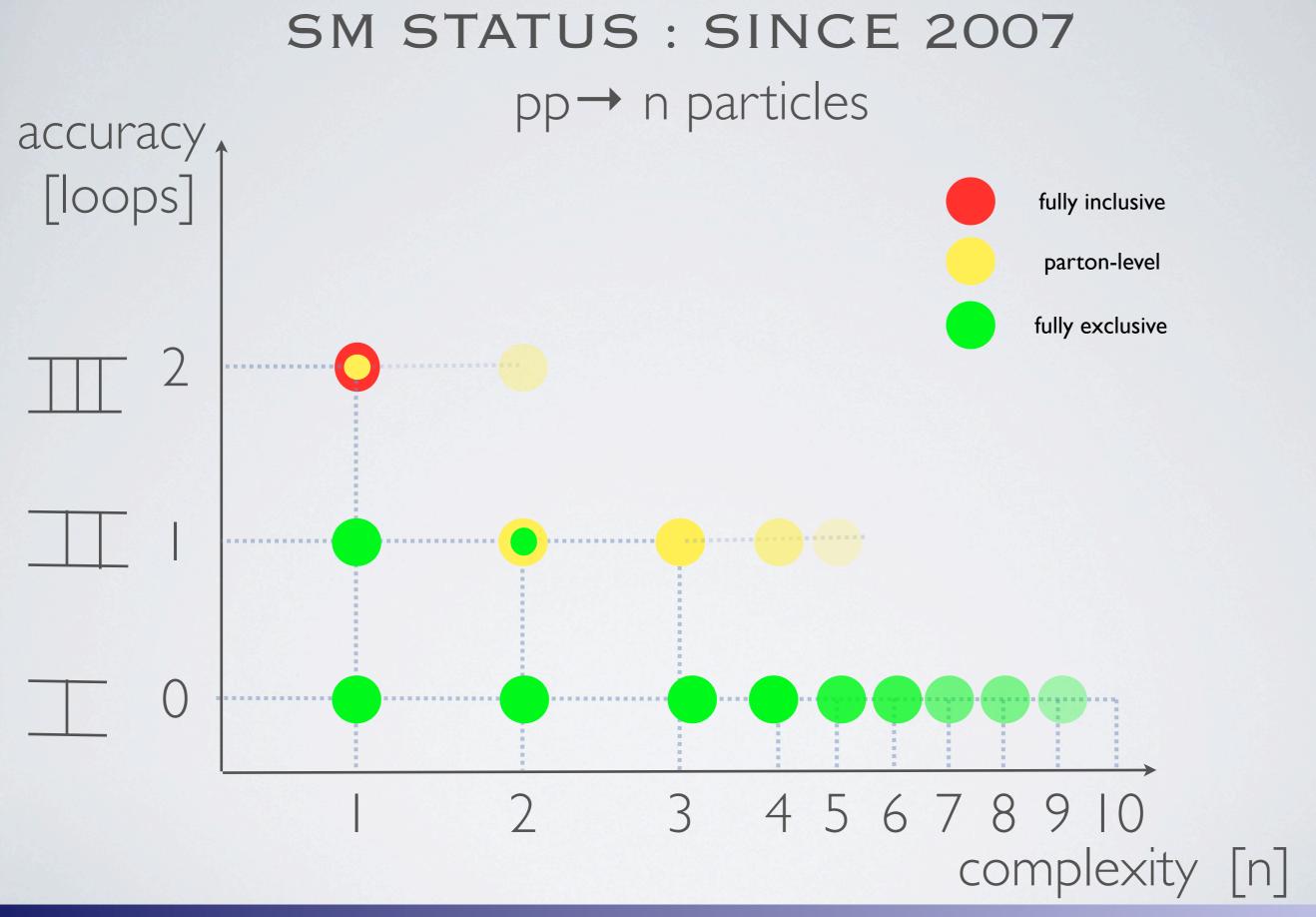
TTBAR : NLOWPS VS NLO



* Soft/Collinear resummation of the $p_T(tt) \rightarrow 0$ region. * At high $p_T(tt)$ it approaches the tt+parton (tree-level) result. * When $\Phi(tt) \rightarrow 0$ ($\Phi(tt) \rightarrow \pi$) the emitted radiation is hard (soft). * Normalization is FIXED and non trivial!!





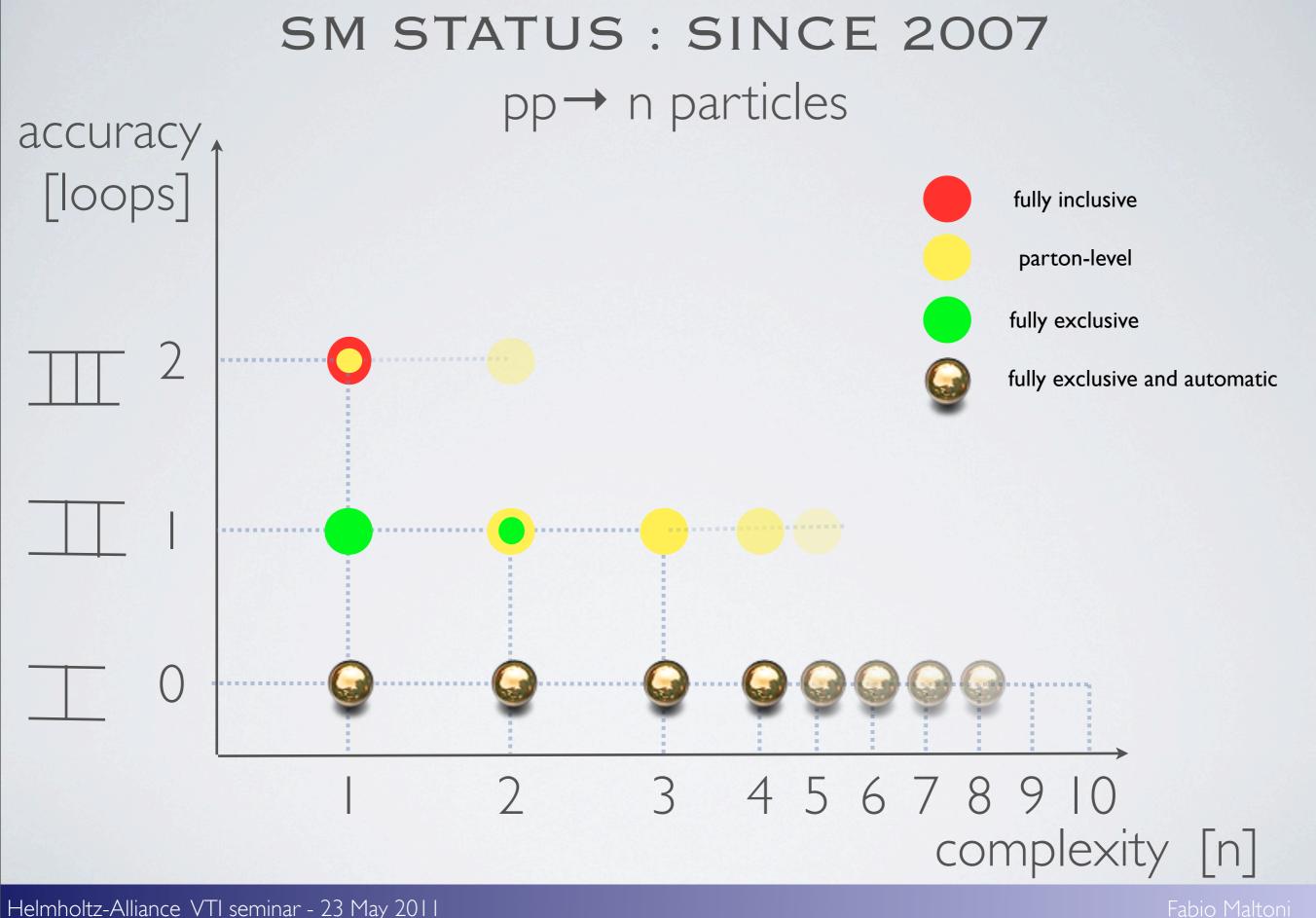


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AUTOMATION

·⊱Cost saving

Trade human time and expertise spent on computing one process at the time with time on physics and pheno.





AUTOMATION

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Trade human time and expertise spent on computing one process at the time with time on physics and pheno.

·⊱ Robustness

Programs are modular and computations based on elements that can be systematically and extensively checked. Trust can be easily built.





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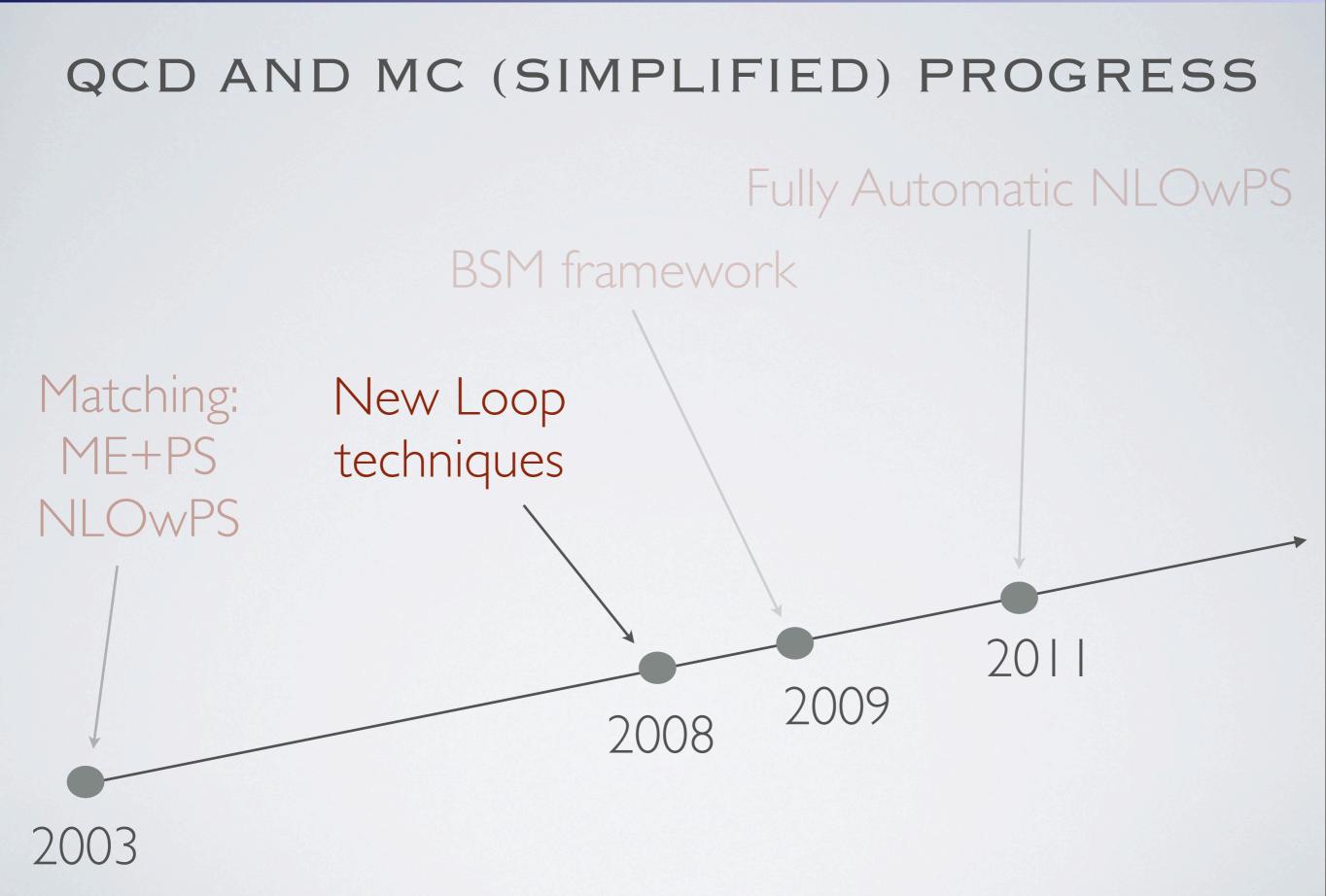
·⊱ Robustness

Programs are modular and computations based on elements that can be systematically and extensively checked. Trust can be easily built.

✤Wide accessibility

One framework for all. Available to everybody for an unlimited set of applications for all. Suitable to EXP collaboration.





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NEW LOOP TECHNIQUES

For the calculation of one-loop matrix elements, several methods are now established :

• Generalized Unitarity (ex. BlackHat, Rocket,...) [Bern, Dixon, Dunbar, Kosower, hep-ph/9403226 +; Ellis, Giele, Kunszt 0708.2398, +Melnikov 0806.3467]

• Integrand Reduction (ex. CutTools, Samurai) [Ossola, Papadopolulos, Pittau, hep-ph/0609007; del Aguila, Pittau, hep-ph/0404120; Mastrolia, Ossola, Reiter, Tramontano, 1006.0710]

• Tensor Reduction (ex. Golem) [Passarino, Veltman, 1979; Denner, Dittmaier, hep-ph/0509141, Bind

[Passarino, Veltman, 1979; Denner, Dittmaier, hep-ph/0509141, Binoth, Guillet, Heinrivh, Pilon, Reiter 0810.0092]





SUBTRACTION TERMS

IR divergences are dealt with using subtraction terms

$$\sigma^{\text{NLO}} = \int_m d^{(d)} \sigma^V + \int_{m+1} d^{(d)} \sigma^R + \int_m d^{(4)} \sigma^B$$
$$\bullet$$
$$\sigma^{\text{NLO}} = \int_m \left[d^{(4)} \sigma^B + \int_l d^{(d)} \sigma^V + \int_1 d^{(d)} \sigma^A \right] + \int_{m+1} \left[d^{(4)} \sigma^R - d^{(4)} \sigma^A \right]$$

• Add local counterterms to make each of the two integrals separately finite.





ESTABLISHED SUB TECHNIQUES

For the calculation of one-loop matrix elements, several methods are now established :

• Dipoles (ex. MadDipoles, AutoDipole,) [Catani, Seymour, hep-ph/9605323+..]

• Antenna (ex.Vincia...) [Kosower hep-ph/9720213]

• Residue (ex. MadFKS) [Frixione, Kunszt, Signer, hep-ph/9512328]

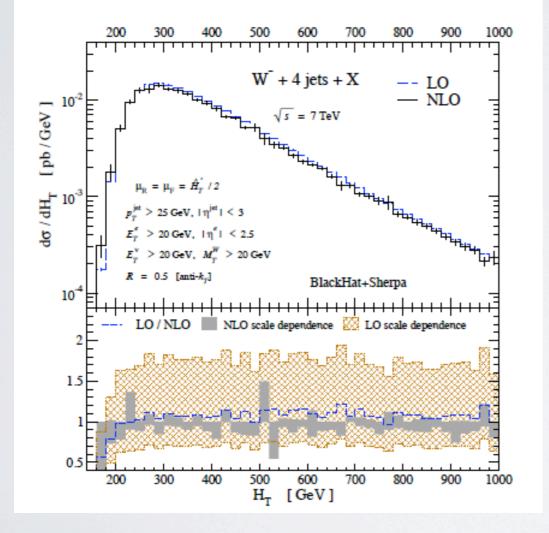


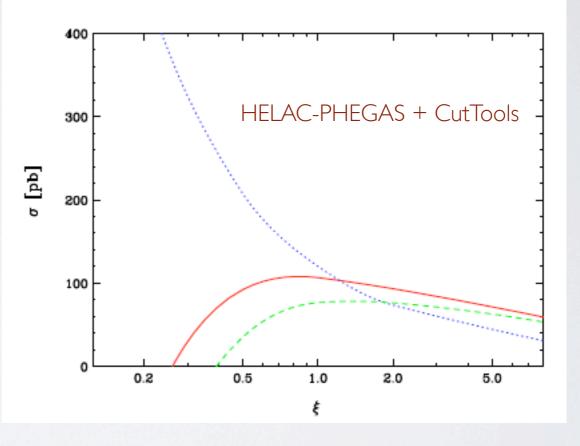
W+4 jets

[Berger et al., 1009.2338]

tt+2jets

[Bevilacqua et al., 1002.4009]





Both based on unitarity methods and recursive relations for trees.

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One indicator of NLO progress

| $pp \rightarrow W + 0 jet$ | 1978 | Altarelli, Ellis, Martinelli |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| $pp \rightarrow W + 1 jet$ | 1989 | Arnold, Ellis, Reno |
| pp \rightarrow W + 2 jets | 2002 | Campbell, Ellis |
| pp \rightarrow W + 3 jets | 2009 | BH+Sherpa |
| | | Ellis, Melnikov, Zanderighi |
| $pp \rightarrow W + 4 jets$ | 2010 | BH+Sherpa |

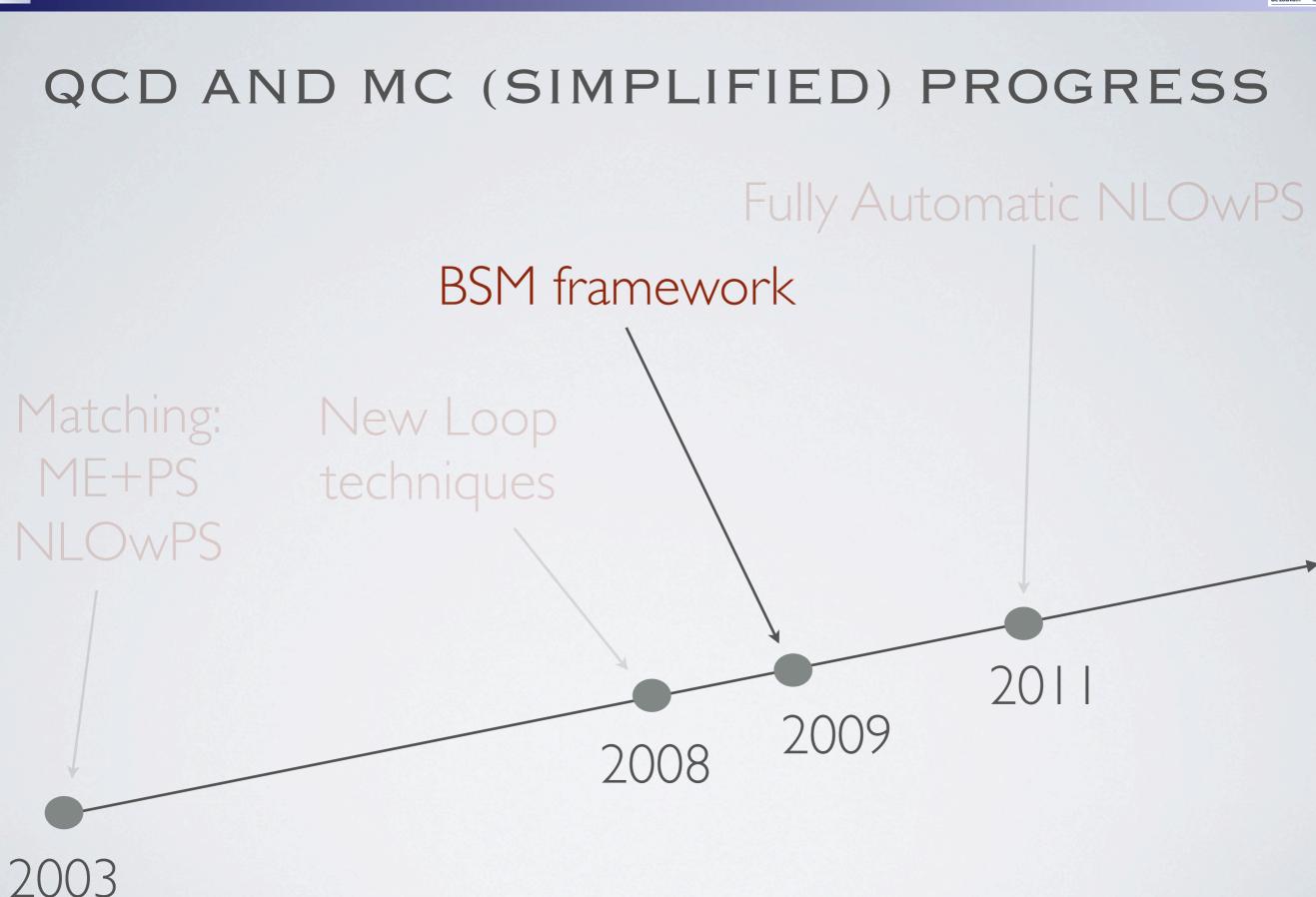
Slide from L. Dixon

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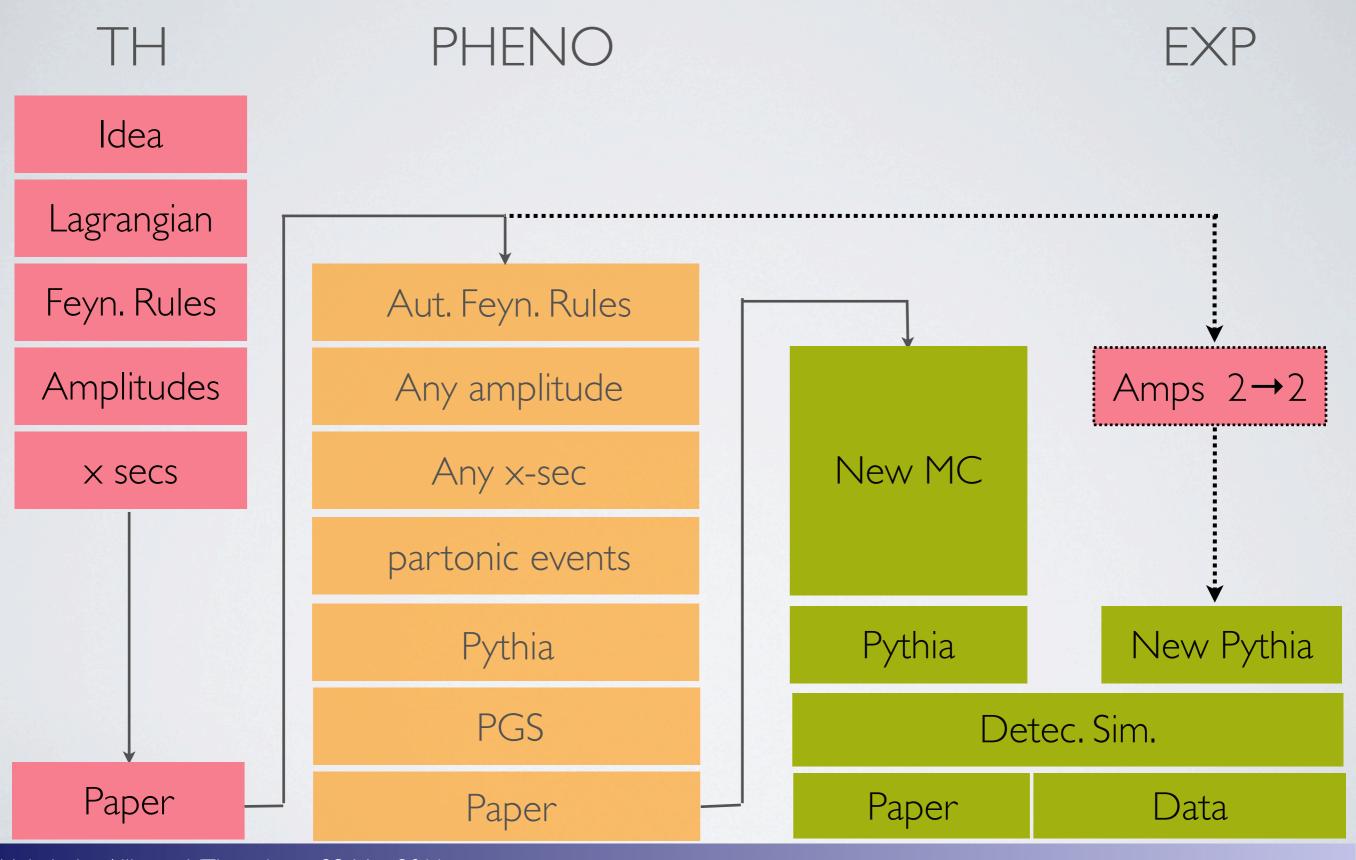
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BSM TH/EXP INTERACTIONS : THE OLD WAY



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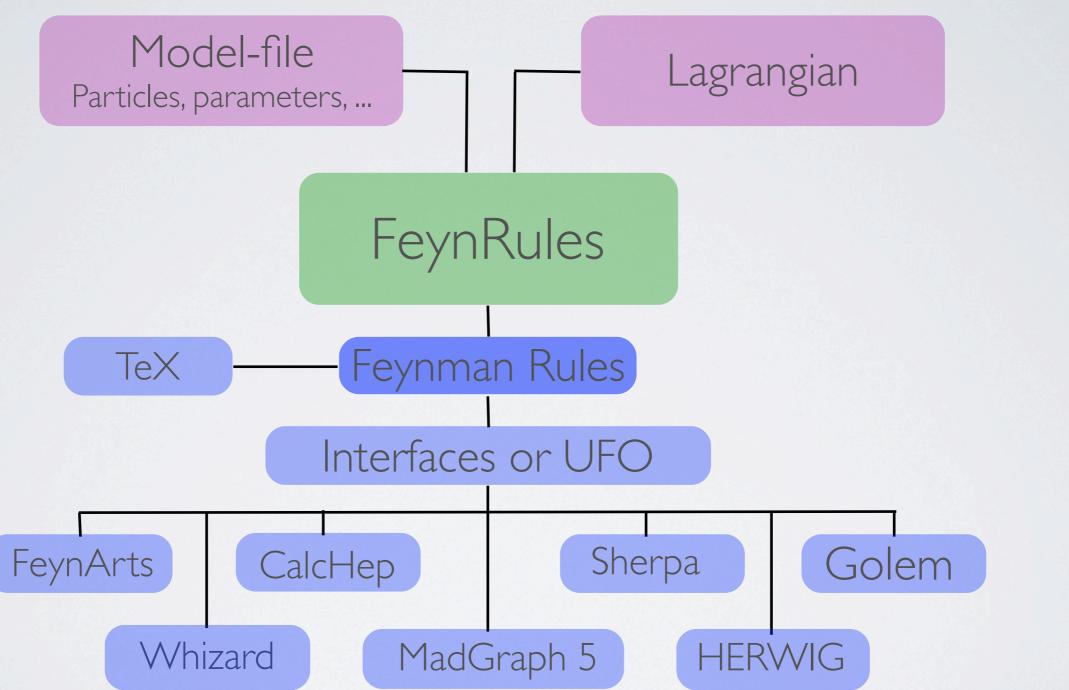
BSM TH/EXP INTERACTIONS : THE NEW PATH TΗ FΧΡ Idea One path for all Physics and software validations streamlined Lagrangian Robust and efficient Th/Exp communication It works top-down and bottom-up **FeynRules** ME Generator Signal & Bkg **Events** Complete automatization LO (and now NLO) calculations available, including merging with the PS+Had parton shower in multi-jet final states, for SM as well as for BSM physics. Automatization of NLO is very promising now... PGS Detect. Sim. Data Papers Helmholtz-Alliance VTI seminar - 23 May 2011 Fabio Maltoni





THE FEYNRULES PROJECT

[Christensen, Duhr, Fuks+ many collaborators]



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THE FEYNRULES PROJECT

Available models

| tandard N | andard Model The SM implementation of FeynRules, included into the distribution of the FeynRules package. | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------|-----------|
| mple ext | ensions of the SM (9) | Several models based on the SM that include one or more additional particles, like a a second Higgs doublet or additional colored scalars. | 4th generation, | |
| upersymr | metric Models (4) | Various supersymmetric extensions of the SM, including the MSSM, the NMSSM and | many more | |
| ktra-din | Model | Short Description | Contact | Status |
| crongly eories iscellan | Higgs effective theory | An add-on for the SM implementation containing the dimension 5 gluon fusion operator. | C. Duhr | Available |
| cellan | 4th generation model | A fourth generation model including a t' and a b' | C. Duhr | Available |
| | Standard model + Scalars | The SM, together with a set of singlet scalar particles coupling only to the SM Higgs, and allowing it to decay invisibly into this new scalar sector. | C. Duhr | Available |
| | Hidden Abelian Higgs Model | A Z' model where the Z' interacts with the SM through mixings, leading to very small non-SM like Z' couplings. | C. Duhr | Available |
| | Hill Model | A model with an unusual extension of the SM Higgs sector. | P. de Aquino, C. Duhr | Available |
| | The general 2HDM | The most general 2HDM, including all flavor violation and mixing terms. | C. Duhr, M. Herquet | Available |
| | Triplet diquarks | The SM plus triplet diquark scalars. | J. Alwall, C. Duhr | Available |
| | Sextet diquarks | The SM plus sextet diquark scalars. | J. Alwall, C. Duhr | Available |





THE FEYNRULES PROJECT

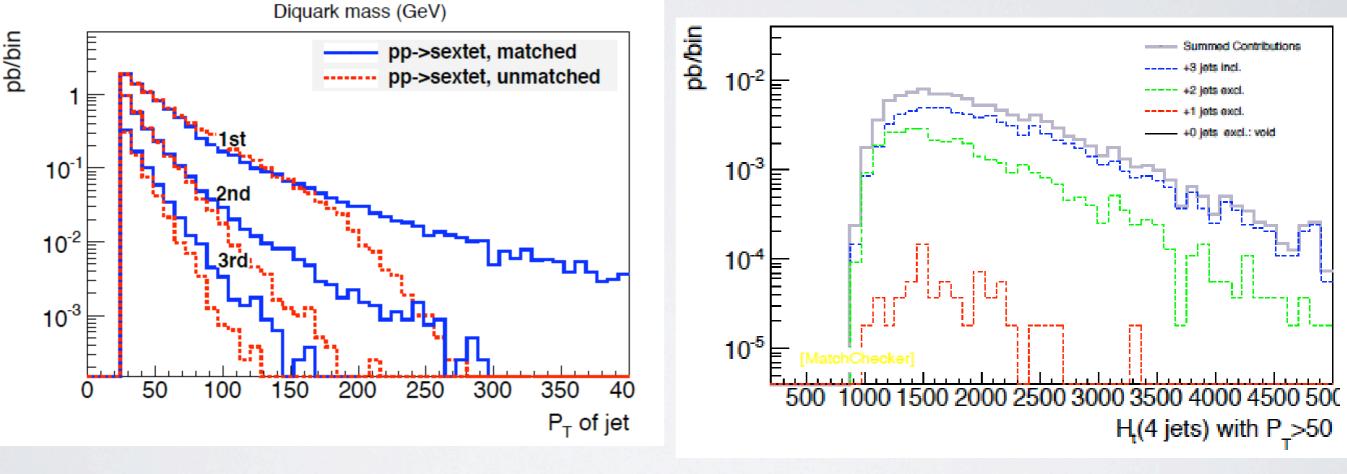
- Public database, user driven, easy legacy
- All automatic ME generators supported
- Unprecedented validation and robustness
- It can be systematically improved/extended
- Superfield notation, higher spin-particles, more...
- User driven easy new functionalities (eg, NLO)





EXAMPLE: BSM MULTIJET FINAL STATES

pp→Graviton (ADD&RS) +jets



[de Aquino, Hagiwara, Qiang Li, FM, 2011]

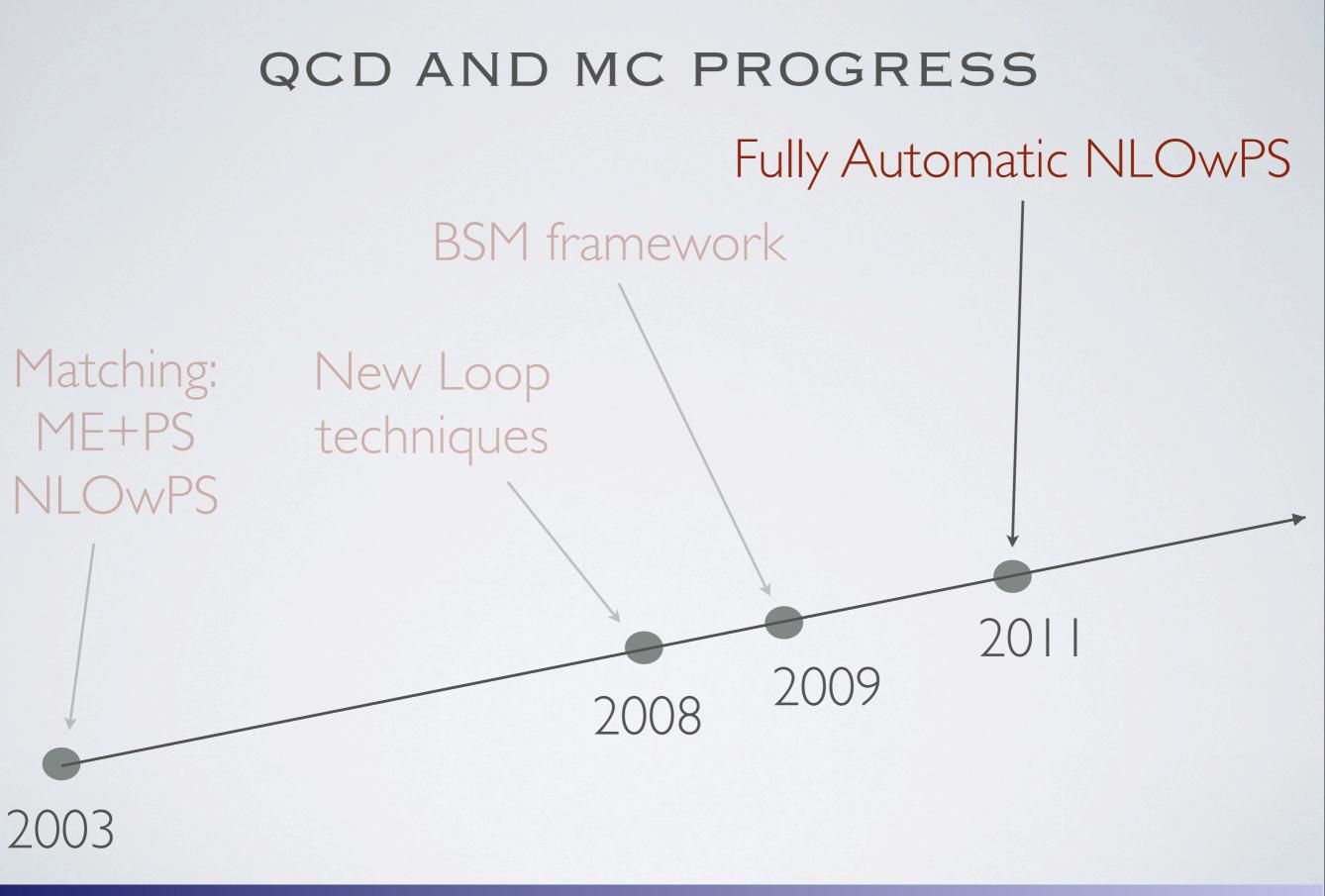
pp→X6 +jets

[Alwall 2011]

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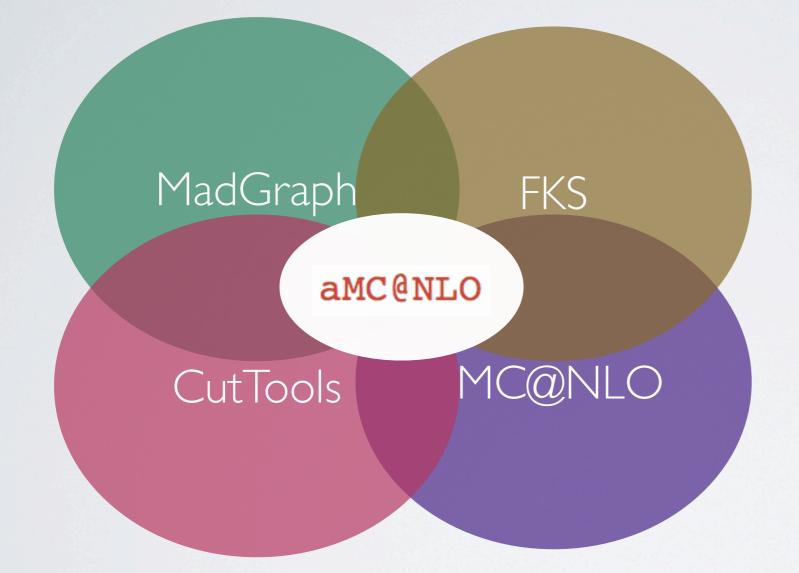


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THE **aMC@NLO** JOINT VENTURE



Modular structure:

- MadLoop or External Tool (via Binoth LH accord)
- MadFKS
- MC@NLO counterterms
- Interfaced to Herwig (Pythia in progress)

http://amcatnlo.cern.ch

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AUTOMATIC NLO IN SM MADFKS+MADLOOP

[Hirshi, Frederix, Frixione, FM, Garzelli, Pittau, Torrielli, 1103.0621].

- Total cross sections at the LHC for 26 sample procs
- ✤ Very loose cuts just when needed
- Running time: Two weeks on a
 150+ node cluster
- Proof of efficient EPS handling with ttZ.
- Successful cross-check against known results (and bugs found in other NLO codes Zjj, W+W+jj)

| | Process | μ | n_{lf} | Cross section | ction (pb) | |
|-----|---|------------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | | | LO | NLO | |
| a.1 | $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ | m_{top} | 5 | 123.76 ± 0.05 | 162.08 ± 0.12 | |
| a.2 | $pp \rightarrow tj$ | m_{top} | 5 | 34.78 ± 0.03 | 41.03 ± 0.07 | |
| a.3 | $pp \rightarrow tjj$ | m_{top} | 5 | 11.851 ± 0.006 | 13.71 ± 0.02 | |
| a.4 | $pp \rightarrow t\bar{b}j$ | $m_{top}/4$ | 4 | 25.62 ± 0.01 | 30.96 ± 0.06 | |
| a.5 | $pp \rightarrow t \bar{b} j j$ | $m_{top}/4$ | 4 | 8.195 ± 0.002 | 8.91 ± 0.01 | |
| b.1 | $pp ightarrow (W^+ ightarrow) e^+ u_e$ | m_W | 5 | 5072.5 ± 2.9 | 6146.2 ± 9.8 | |
| b.2 | $pp ightarrow (W^+ ightarrow) e^+ u_e j$ | m_W | 5 | 828.4 ± 0.8 | 1065.3 ± 1.8 | |
| b.3 | $pp ightarrow (W^+ ightarrow) e^+ u_e jj$ | m_W | 5 | 298.8 ± 0.4 | 300.3 ± 0.6 | |
| b.4 | $pp \! \rightarrow \! (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow) e^+ e^-$ | m_Z | 5 | 1007.0 ± 0.1 | 1170.0 ± 2.4 | |
| b.5 | $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow) e^+ e^- j$ | m_Z | 5 | 156.11 ± 0.03 | 203.0 ± 0.2 | |
| b.6 | $pp \! \rightarrow \! (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow) e^+ e^- jj$ | m_Z | 5 | 54.24 ± 0.02 | 56.69 ± 0.07 | |
| c.1 | $pp ightarrow (W^+ ightarrow) e^+ u_e b ar{b}$ | $m_W + 2m_b$ | 4 | 11.557 ± 0.005 | 22.95 ± 0.07 | |
| c.2 | $pp ightarrow (W^+ ightarrow) e^+ u_e t \bar{t}$ | $m_W + 2m_{top}$ | 5 | 0.009415 ± 0.000003 | 0.01159 ± 0.0000 | |
| c.3 | $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow) e^+ e^- b \bar{b}$ | $m_Z + 2m_b$ | 4 | 9.459 ± 0.004 | 15.31 ± 0.03 | |
| c.4 | $pp \rightarrow (\gamma^*/Z \rightarrow) e^+ e^- t \bar{t}$ | $m_Z + 2m_{top}$ | 5 | 0.0035131 ± 0.0000004 | 0.004876 ± 0.0000 | |
| c.5 | $pp \mathop{\rightarrow} \gamma t \bar{t}$ | $2m_{top}$ | 5 | 0.2906 ± 0.0001 | 0.4169 ± 0.0003 | |
| d.1 | $pp \rightarrow W^+W^-$ | $2m_W$ | 4 | 29.976 ± 0.004 | 43.92 ± 0.03 | |
| d.2 | $pp \rightarrow W^+W^- j$ | $2m_W$ | 4 | 11.613 ± 0.002 | 15.174 ± 0.008 | |
| d.3 | $pp \mathop{\rightarrow} W^+ W^+ jj$ | $2m_W$ | 4 | 0.07048 ± 0.00004 | 0.1377 ± 0.0005 | |
| e.1 | $pp \rightarrow HW^+$ | $m_W + m_H$ | 5 | 0.3428 ± 0.0003 | 0.4455 ± 0.0003 | |
| e.2 | $pp {\rightarrow} HW^+ j$ | $m_W + m_H$ | 5 | 0.1223 ± 0.0001 | 0.1501 ± 0.0002 | |
| e.3 | $pp \rightarrow HZ$ | $m_Z + m_H$ | 5 | 0.2781 ± 0.0001 | 0.3659 ± 0.0002 | |
| e.4 | $pp \rightarrow HZ j$ | $m_Z + m_H$ | 5 | 0.0988 ± 0.0001 | 0.1237 ± 0.0001 | |
| e.5 | $pp \rightarrow H t \bar{t}$ | $m_{top} + m_H$ | 5 | 0.08896 ± 0.00001 | 0.09869 ± 0.00003 | |
| e.6 | $pp \rightarrow H b \bar{b}$ | $m_b + m_H$ | 4 | 0.16510 ± 0.00009 | 0.2099 ± 0.0006 | |
| e.7 | $pp \rightarrow Hjj$ | m_H | 5 | 1.104 ± 0.002 | 1.036 ± 0.002 | |



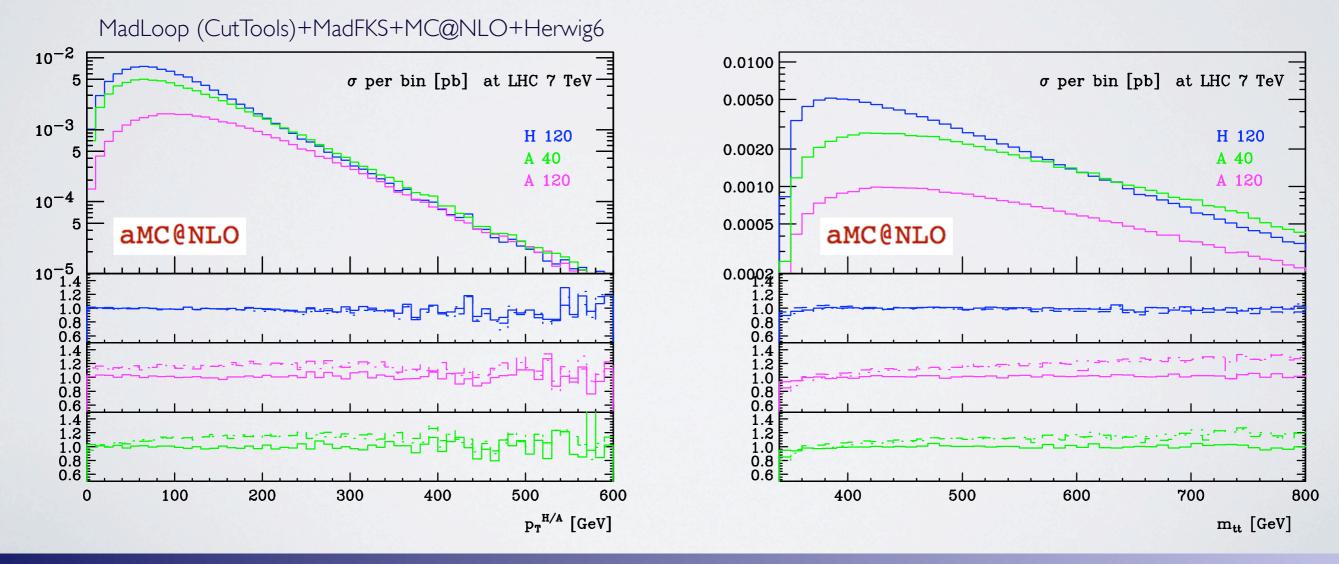


FIRST aMC@NLOAPPLICATIONSttH/ttA $ZZ \rightarrow 4I$ $(W \rightarrow ev)bb$

NLO results known (but no public code) for scalar Higgs since some time.

No results for pseudoscalar known.

First fully automatic results for both H and A [Frederix, Frixione, Hirschi, FM, Pittau, Torrielli, 1104.5613].





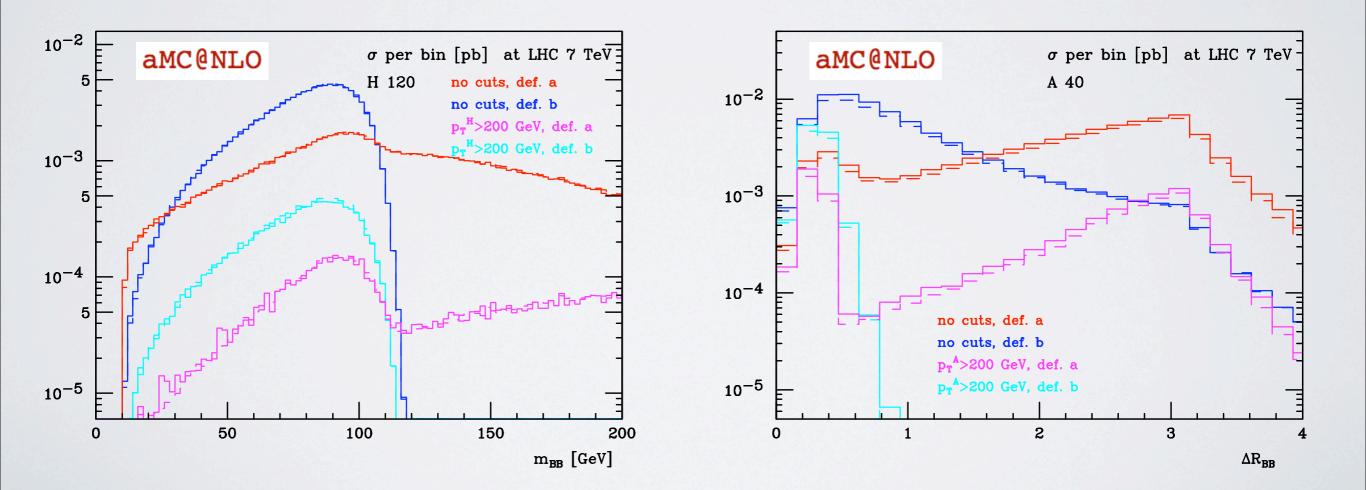


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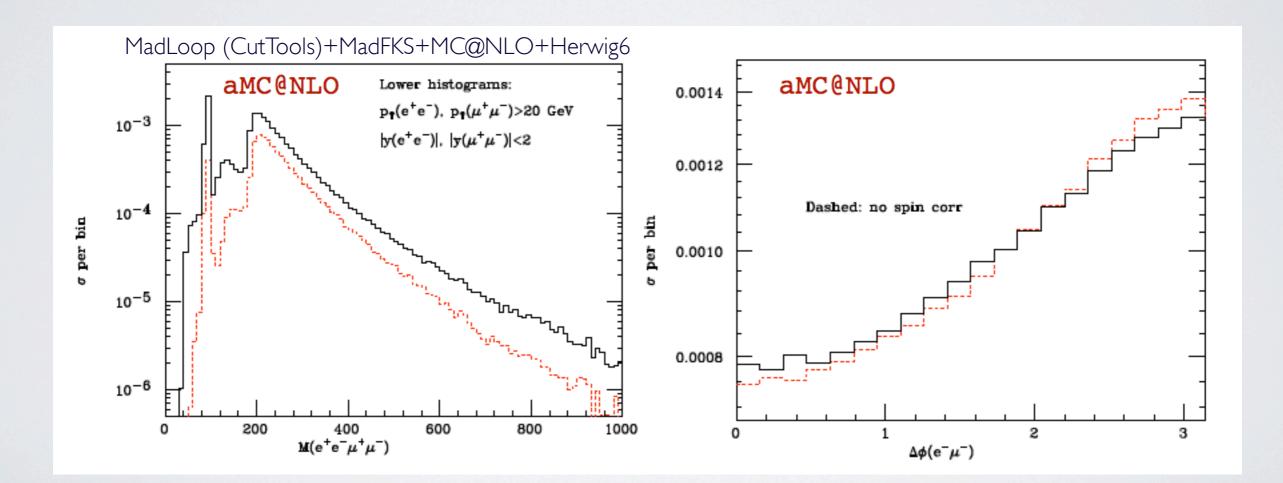






FIRST aMC@NLOAPPLICATIONSttH/ttA $ZZ \rightarrow 4I$ $(W \rightarrow ev)bb$

NLO calculation includes γ^*/Z interference, full spin correlations and single resonant diagrams. Equivalent at pure NLO to MCFM.



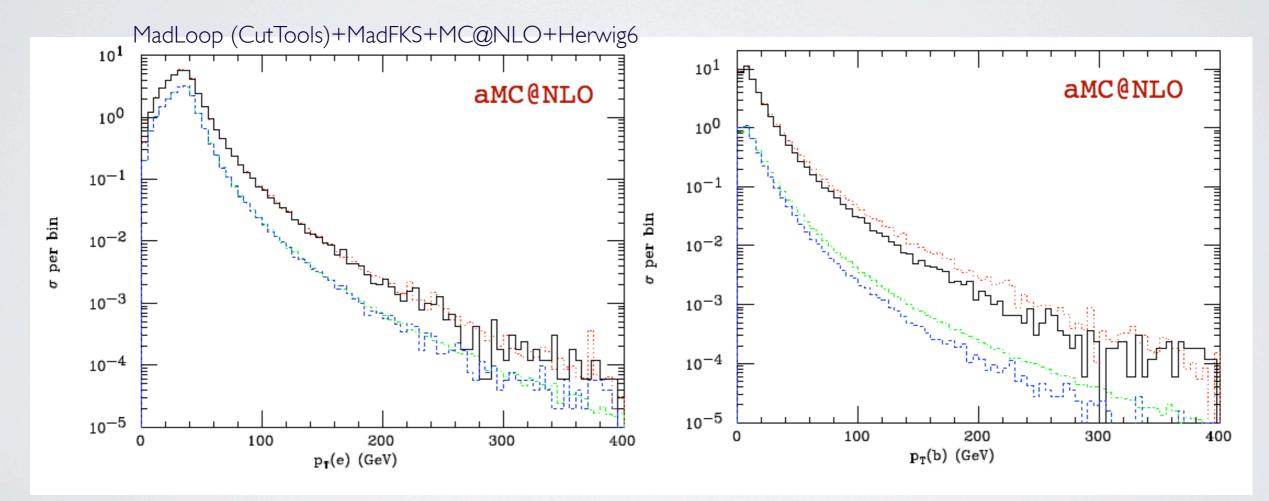
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FIRST aMC@NLOAPPLICATIONSttH/ttAZZ-4I $(W \rightarrow ev)bb$

Several NLO results available since some time but all with approximations (ie, $m_b=0$ or no spin correlations). No approximations here and NLO equivalent to recent [Badger, Campbell, Ellis, 1011.6647].



Solid: aMC@NLO

Dashed: aMC@LO

Dotted: NLO

Dotdashed: LO

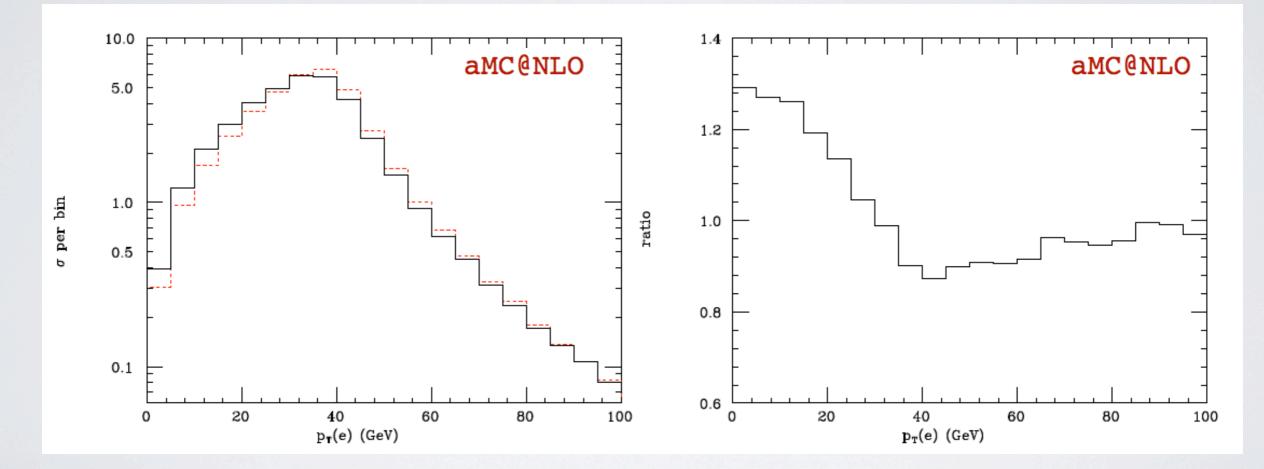
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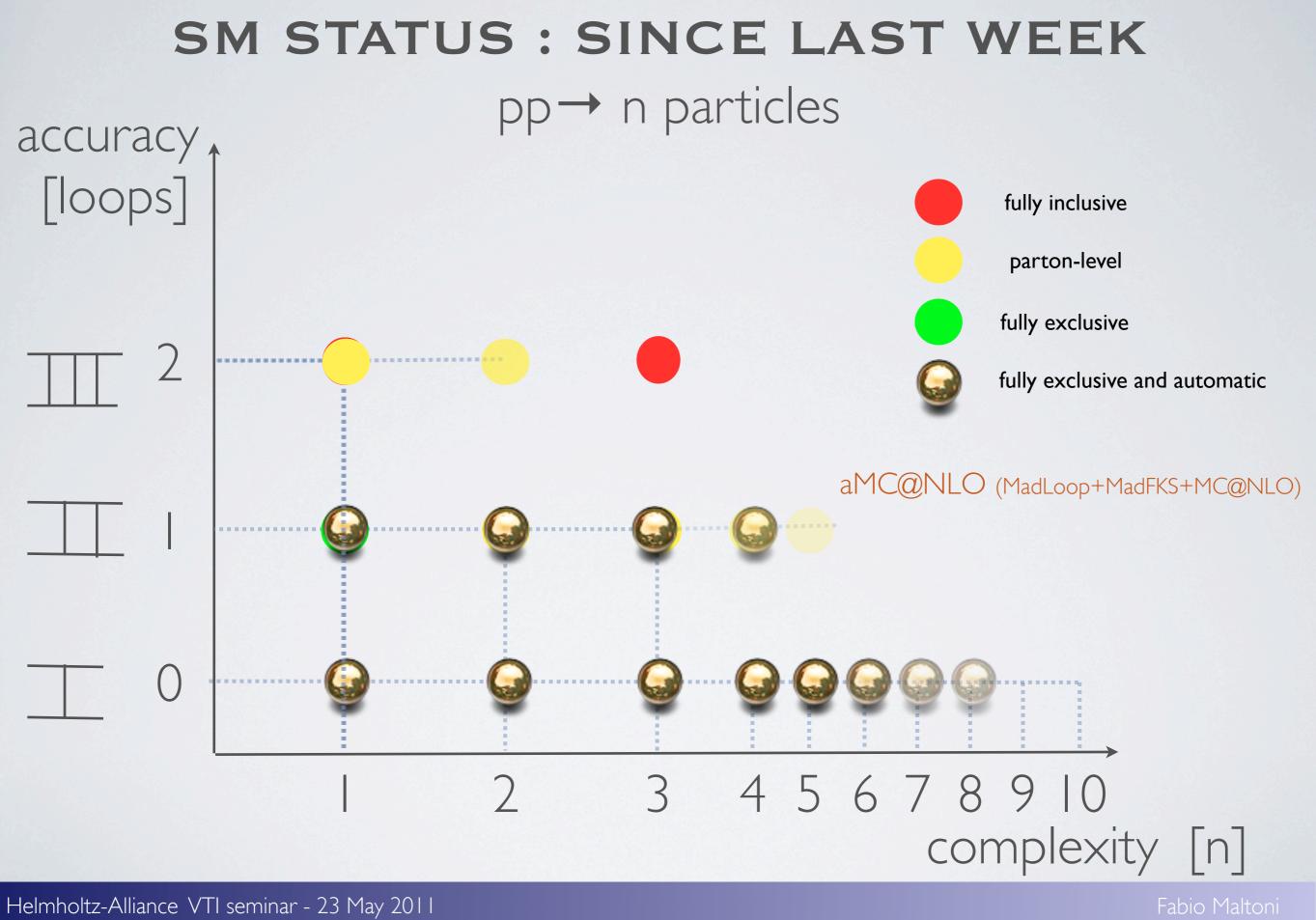


Solid: w/ spin correlations

Dashed: w/o spin correlations



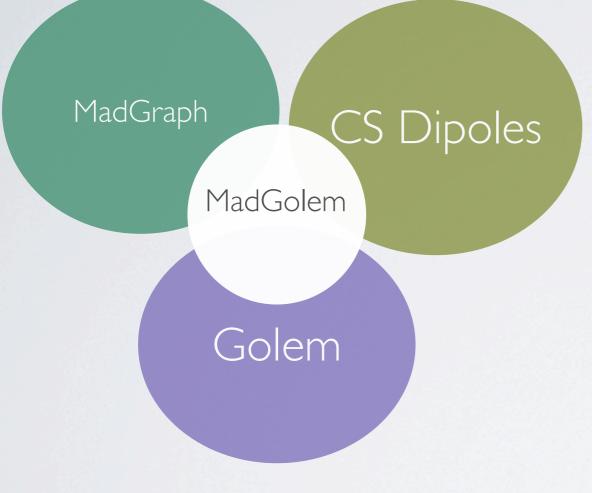




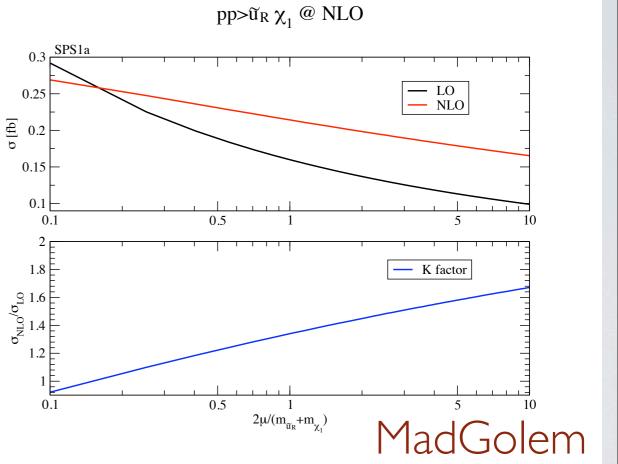




FIRST STEPS TOWARDS AUTOMATIC SUSY AT NLO



- * Dorival Gon, calves Netto, ITP, Univ. Heidelberg
- * Fabian Gross, ITP, Univ. Heidelberg
- * David Lopez Val, ITP, Univ. Heidelberg
- * Kentarou Mawatari, Vrije Univ. Brussels
- * Tilman Plehn, ITP, Univ. Heidelberg
- * Ioan Wigmore, SUPA, Univ. Edinburgh

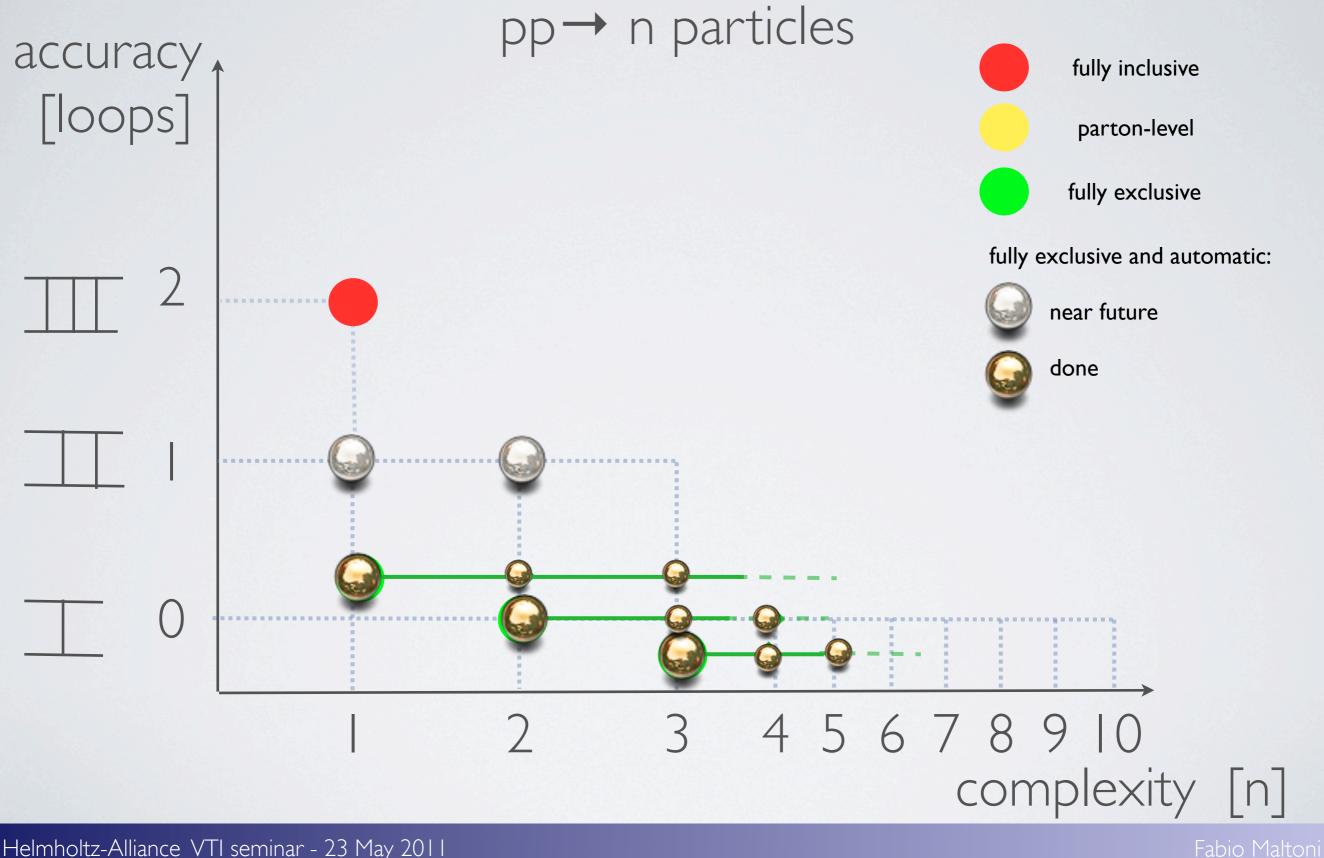


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BSM STATUS AND OUTLOOK



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CONCLUSIONS

- The need for better description and more reliable predictions for SM processes for the LHC has motivated a significant increase of theoretical and phenomenological activity in the last years, leading to several important achievements.
- A new generation of tools and techniques is now available. Full Automation of Accurate (NLO) computations at fixed order as well as their the matching to parton-shower has been proven for the SM.
- Amazingly efficient, flexible and robust BSM simulation chain available and being continuously improved. Same level of sophistication as SM processes can be attained. Both top-down and bottom-up approaches included.
- EXP/TH interactions enhanced by a new framework and not limited anymore by the burden of heavy/long and inefficient calculations...



AAA PHENOMENOLOGY MOTTO



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PHYSICS AT THE TERA SCALE Heleholtz Alliasce



amc@nlo PROSPECTS

- "99%" of the elements needed to calculate QCD corrections for SM processes are present. The missing bits will be included in MadGraph 5.
- QCD+EW corrections possible but need more work on MadLoop.
- Automatic loop computations in BSM need new elements. Work is in progress to automate them.
- Analytic/numeric loop amplitudes from other codes can be easily interfaced via the Binoth Les Houches Accord, SM or BSM.
- Use of the code will be made public via the web asap. Codes for processes will follow and then meta code public in MadGraph 5.





CREDITS

- Thanks to all the MadGraph team/collaborators/friends for continuous and exciting collaborations
- Thanks to the MC community for always fruitful collaborations.
- The material (and very often the presentation itself) shown in this talk is the work of many people, including Claude Duhr, Stefano Frixione, Valentin Hirshi, Rikkert Frederix, Johan Alwall,...