



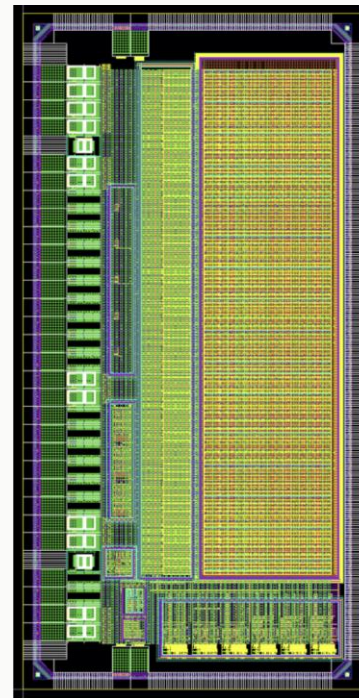
KORAY SIMSEK

H2M TOT MEASUREMENTS



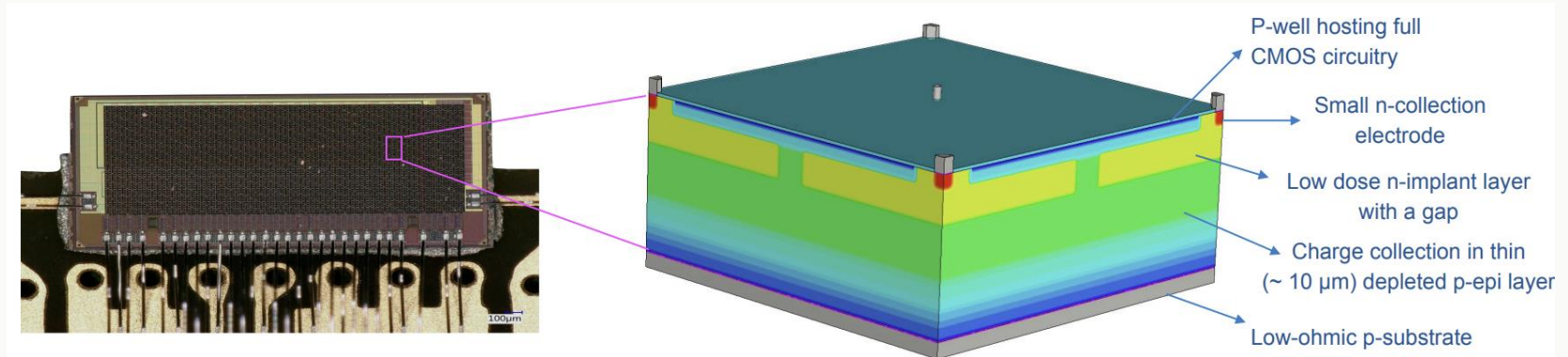
- Towards Next Generation Silicon Detectors
- Design, Simulation and Testing of silicon detectors for future lepton collider experiments
- Present study focuses on monolithic sensors based on 65-nm CMOS imaging technology → low power consumption, small capacitance (large STN)

- H2M chip has different characteristics, that need to be determined
- Feedback for designers & compare to simulations
- Threshold calibration with a source (DAC to e^-)



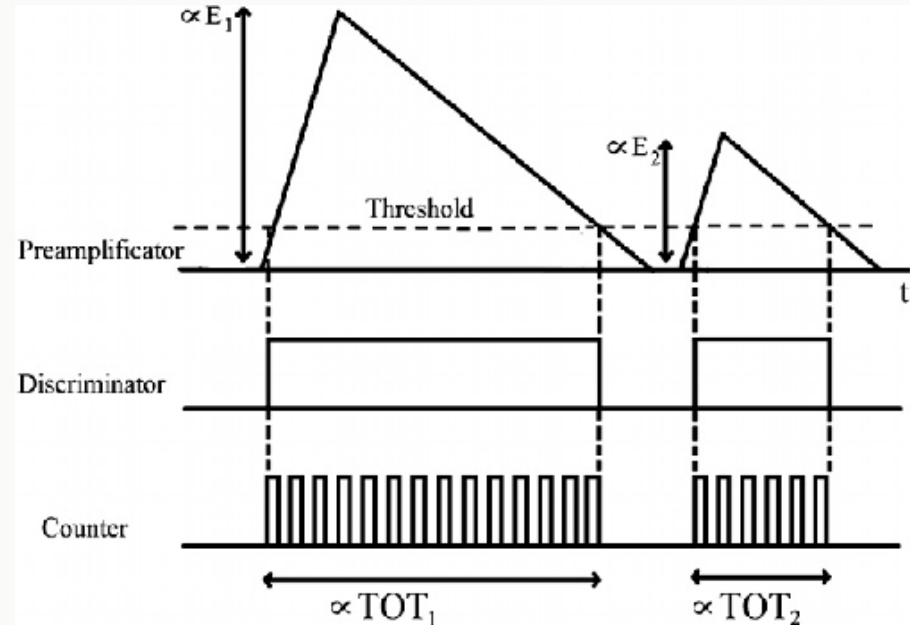
@I. Kremastiotis (CERN EP-ESE-ME), on behalf of the H2M design teams at CERN, DESY and IFAE - H2M reference manual - 03.04.23

- Hybrid pixel detector architecture into a monolithic chip
- 64×16 pixel matrix with a $35\mu\text{m}$ pixel pitch
- 4 acquisition modes, in this studies ToT mode used



@Sara Ruiz Daza – The H2M Testchip – Vertex Detector Discussion Meeting (6-5-24)

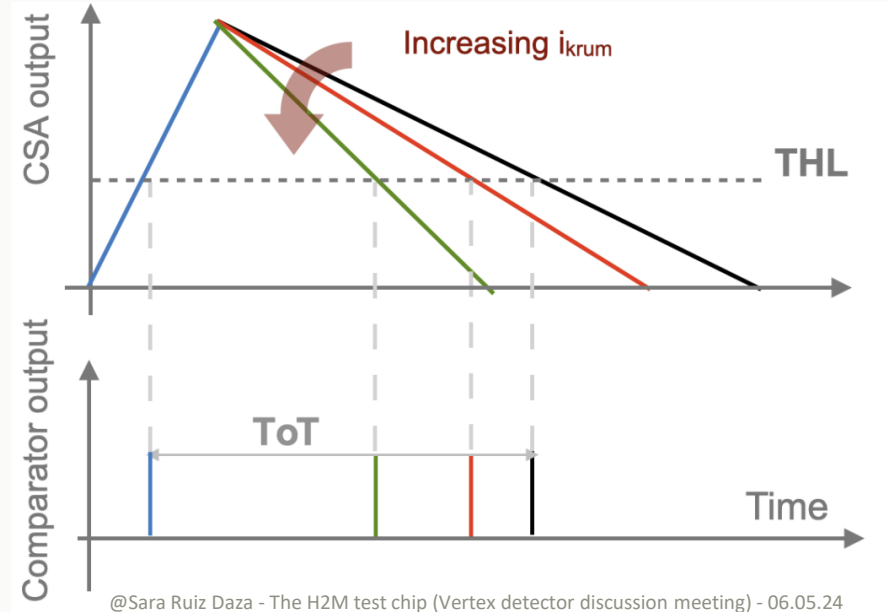
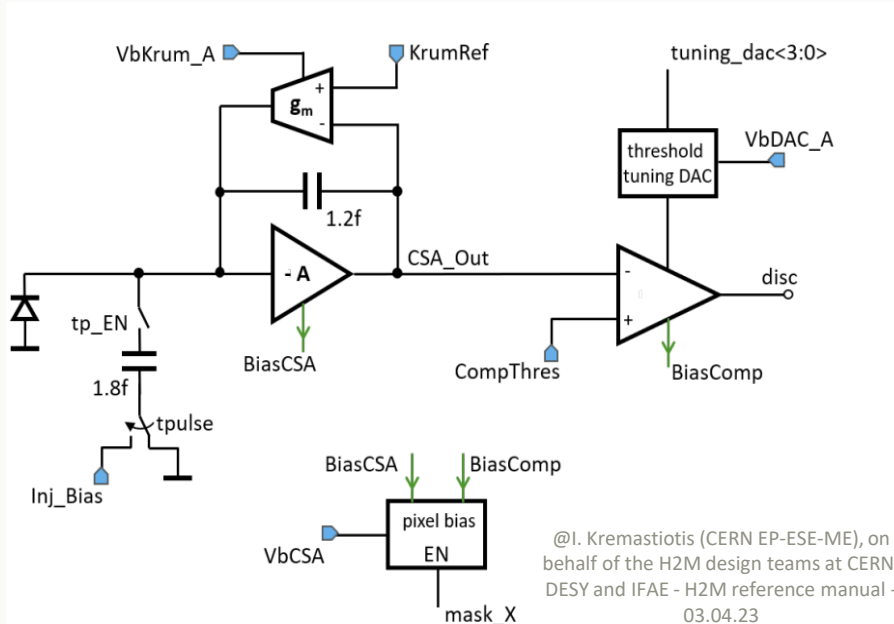
- Analog signal converted into digital pulse at discriminator
- ToT: time the signal is above the set threshold
- Higher Threshold $\Rightarrow$ lower ToT
- H2M: 100MHz Clock $\Rightarrow 1 \text{ ToT} \hat{=} 10\text{ns}$



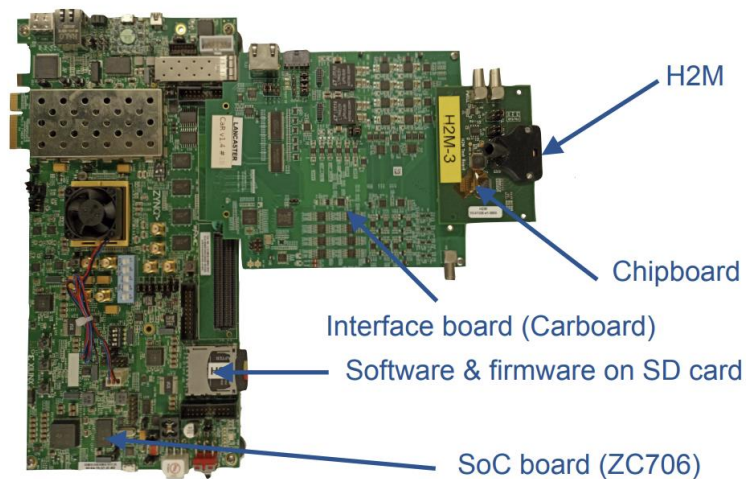
@Esposito, Michela & Mettievier, G. & Russo, P. (2011). 14 C autoradiography with an energy-sensitive silicon pixel detector. Physics in medicine and biology. 56. 1947-65. 10.1088/0031-9155/56/7/003.

- Krummenacher feedback in the CSA in the AFE
- Power consumption

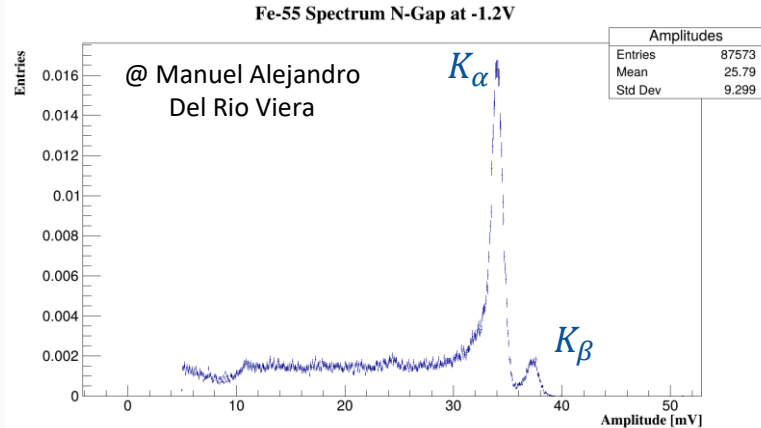
- Configure CSA output slope gradient
- Pile up reduction



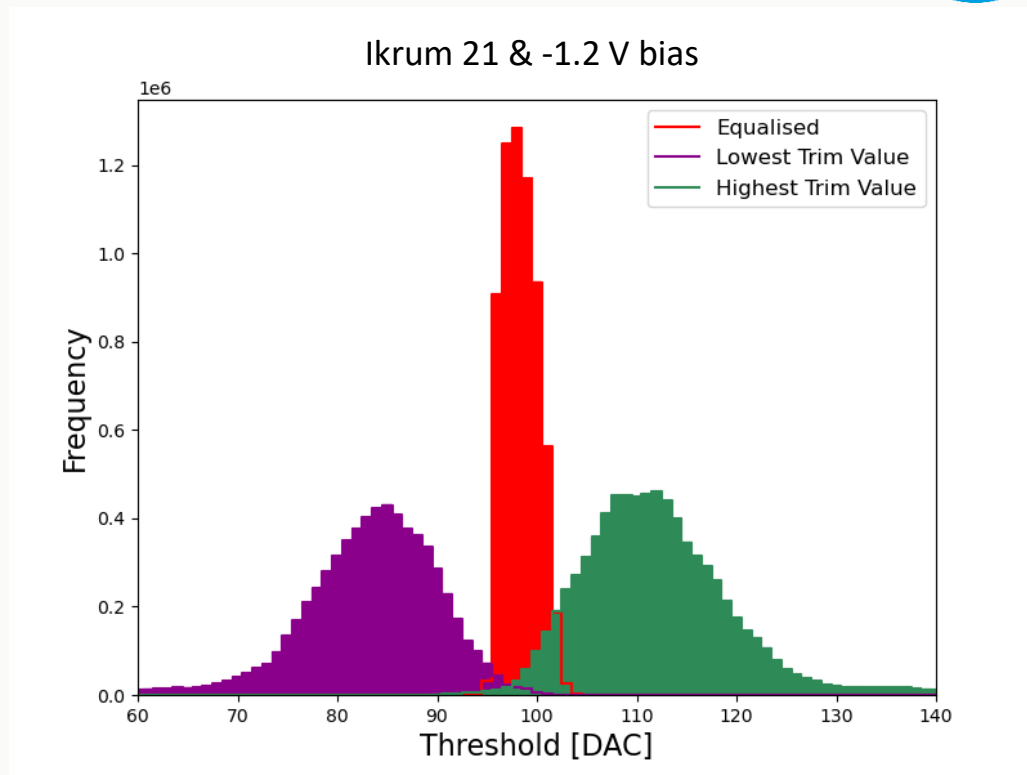
1. Set Threshold near to baseline to get ToT values from noise
2. Fe55 source approx. $2\text{h} \pm 15\text{ min}$ measurement time



T. Vanat, TWEPP2019:100, 2020.

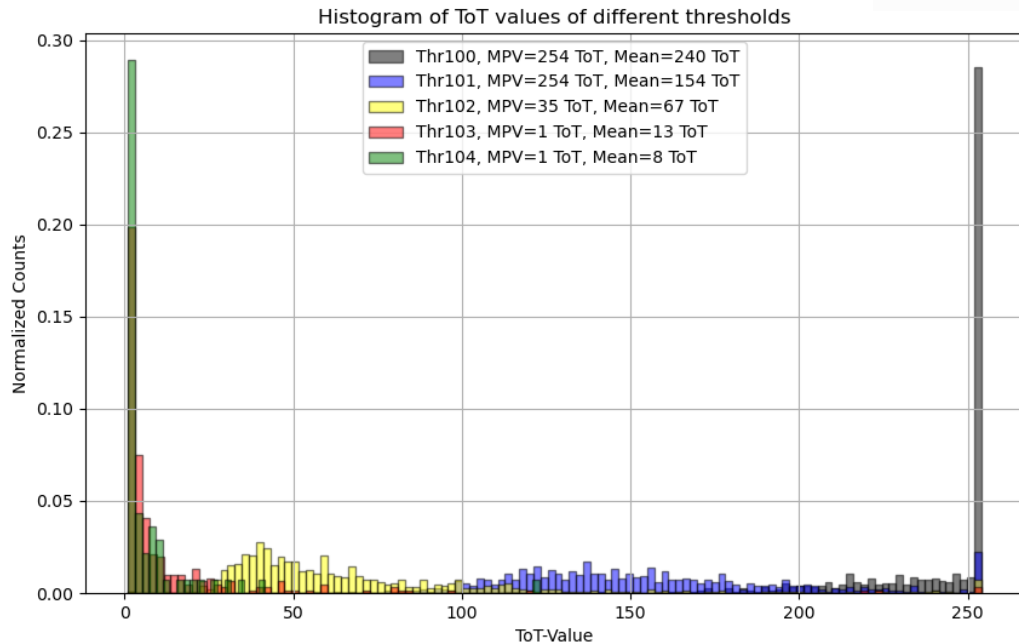
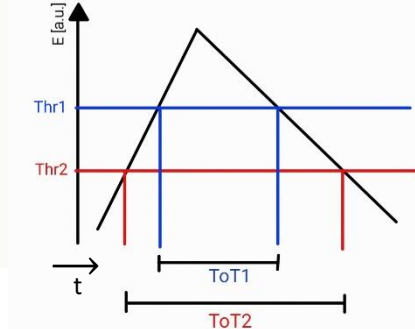


- Pixel threshold tuning needed for different bias voltages and Krummenacher currents
- Correct pixel-to-pixel differences in baseline level to get a narrow threshold dispersion
- 4-bit in pixel trimming DAC for threshold mismatch compensation



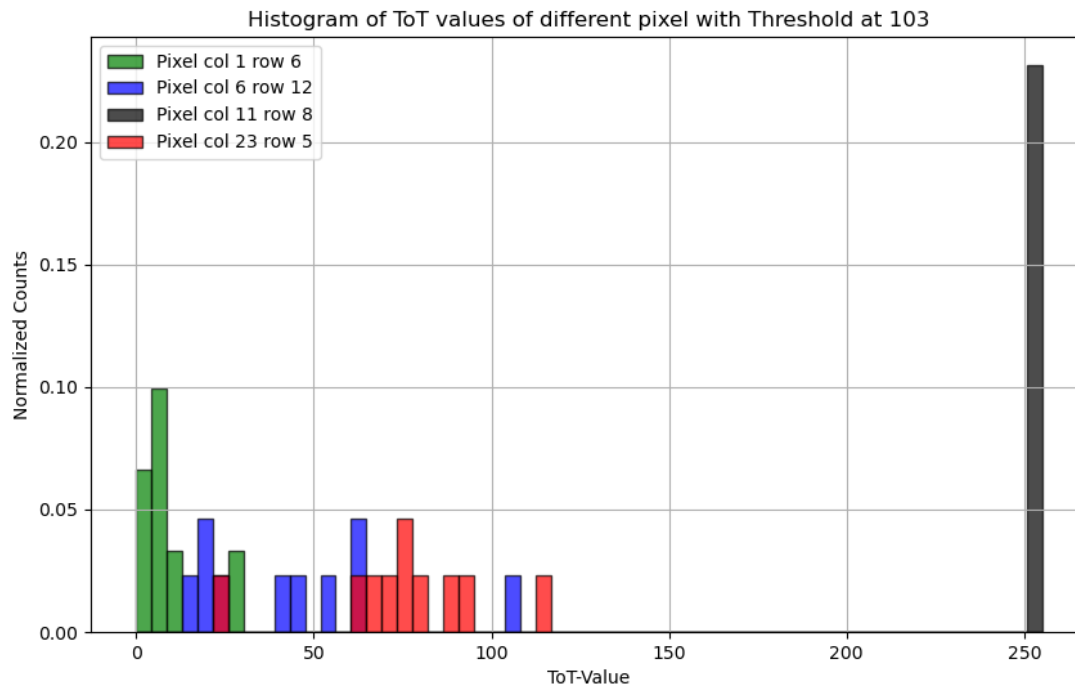
TOT MEASUREMENT WITH NOISE

- 8-bit global threshold DAC
- Smaller threshold
⇒ higher ToT
- Baseline at 99 DAC
- Out of noise at 110 DAC
- concluded from 30 min long measurement

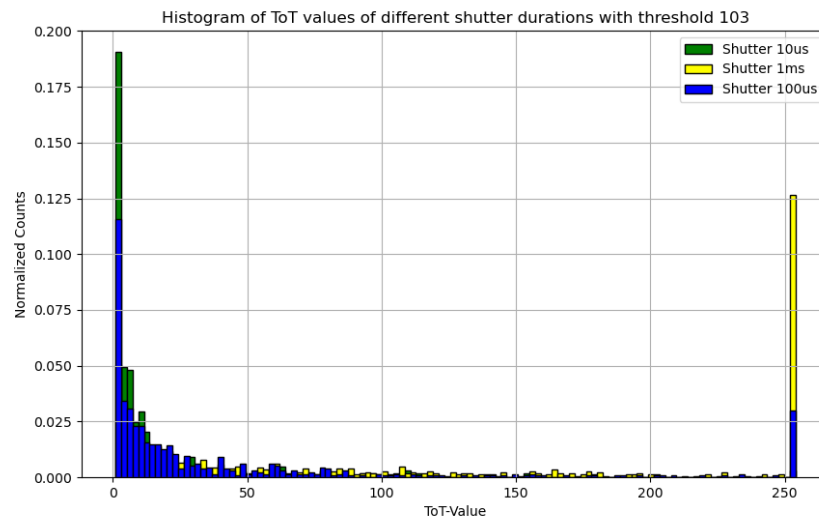
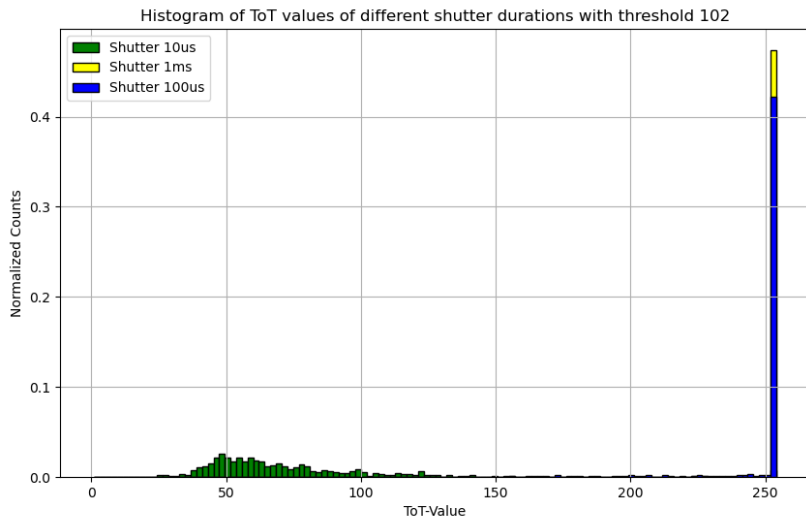


SEPARATE PIXEL TOT WITH NOISE

- ToT difference between pixels with same threshold
- Need ToT calibration for every pixel

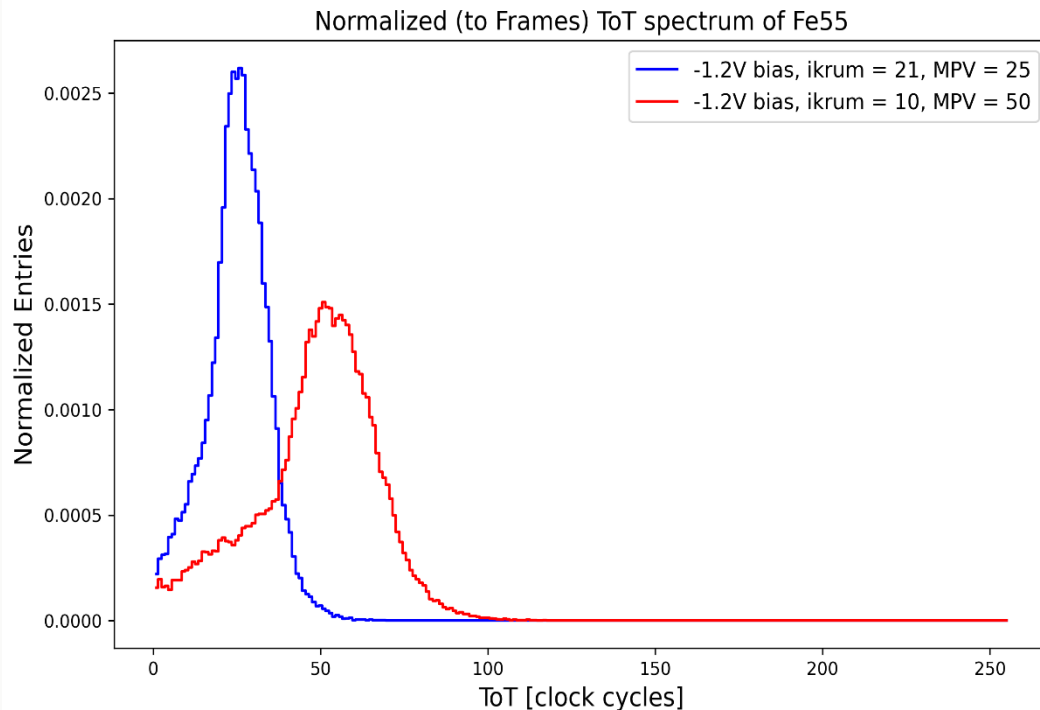


- Select reasonable shutter duration for source measurement (1ms)
- Longer shutter gets higher ToT values $\Rightarrow$ noise and other signals sums up

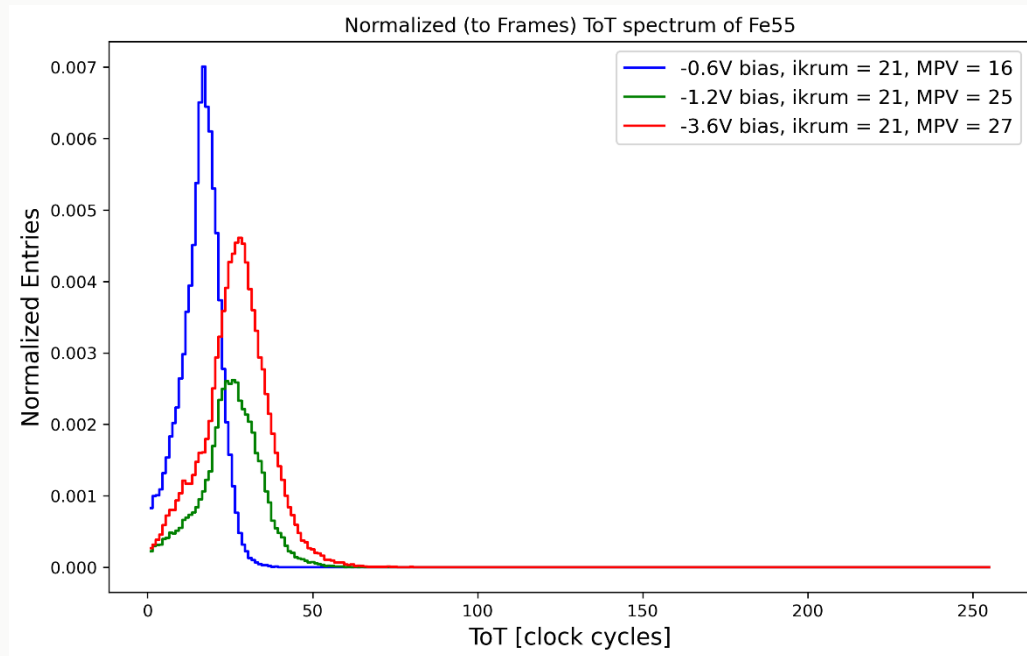


@ Sara Ruiz Daza & Naomi Davis

- Expect K_α peak at 140 DAC
- Set threshold to 120 DAC to be out of noise
- Higher $ikrum \rightarrow$ lower ToT
- $Q = \frac{E_{K_\alpha}}{3.65 \text{ eV/e}} \approx 1600 \text{ e}^-$
 - With $E_{K_\alpha} = 5.89 \text{ keV}$ for Fe55
- K_β peak not visible due pixel-to-pixel variations

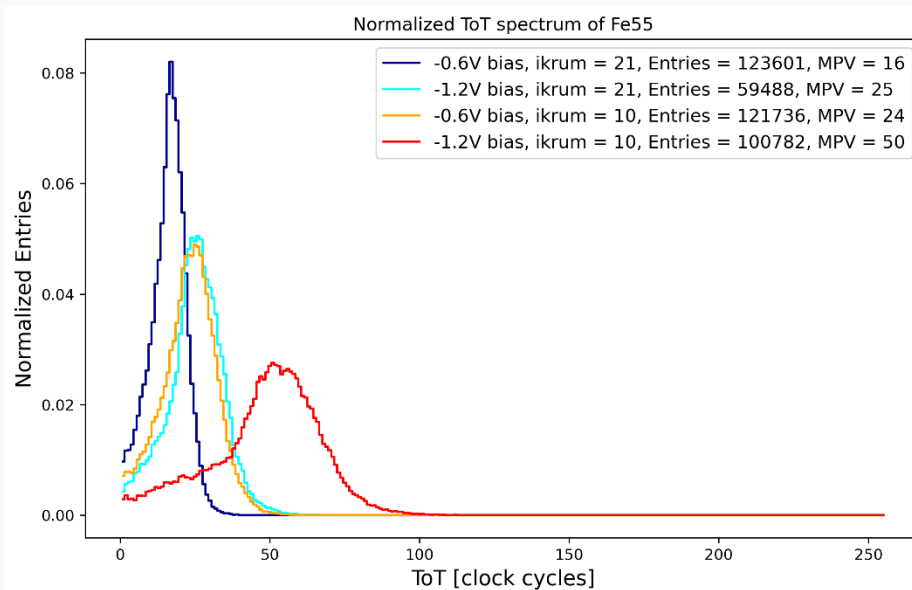
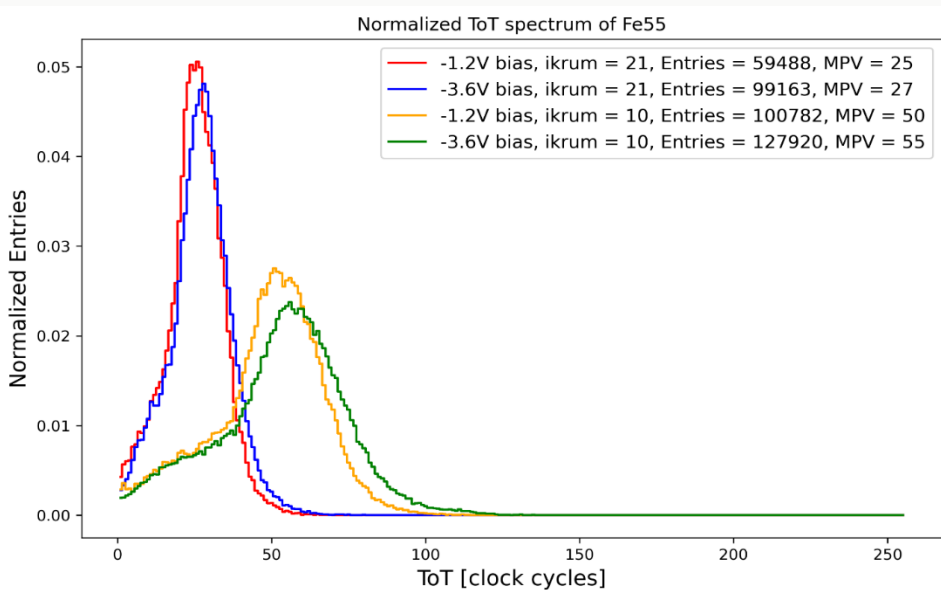


- Higher bias $\rightarrow$ higher ToT
- Increase depletion for faster charge collection (ballistic deficit)
- Capacitance between electrode and depletion zone changes
- H2M nearly fully depleted with -1.2V bias
- Small difference of peak ToT value between -1.2V and -3.6V bias



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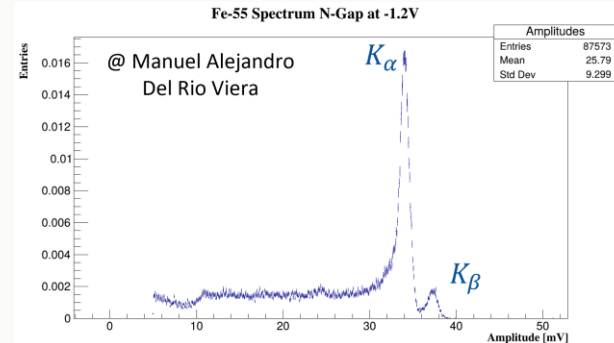
– Normalized to number of entries



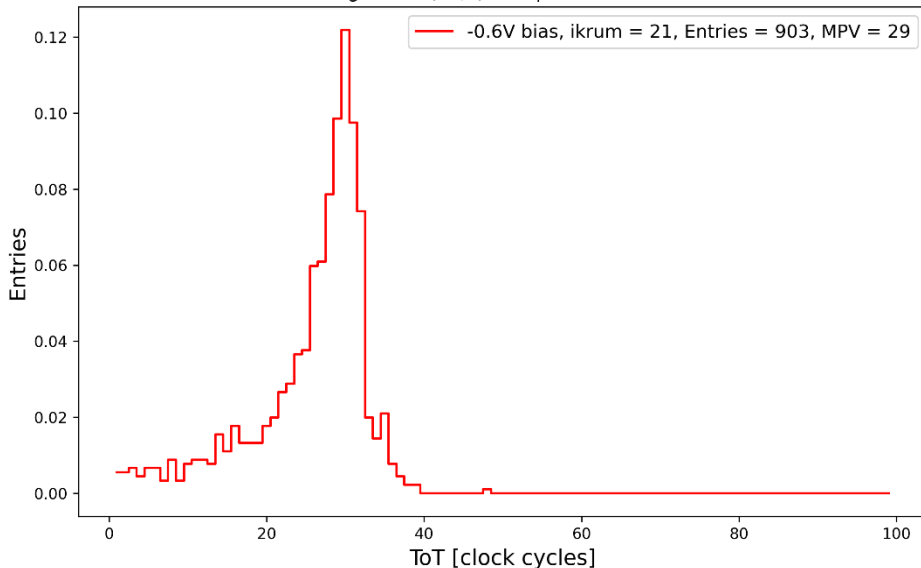
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SINGLE PIXEL SOURCE TOT PLOTS

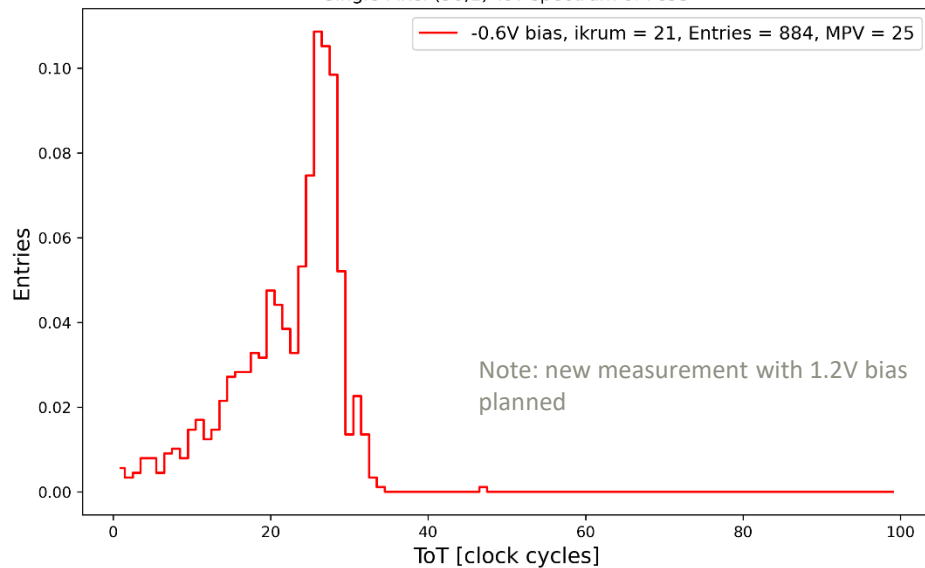
- Overnight measurement with Fe55, ~10 hours
- Need ToT calibration to know where to expect K_{β} - peak



Single Pixel (19,3) ToT spectrum of Fe55



Single Pixel (36,1) ToT spectrum of Fe55



- Baseline of H2M at 99 DAC, out of Threshold at ~ 110 DAC
- Higher ikrum results in lower ToT and higher bias in higher ToT
- Pixel-to-Pixel ToT variations

Outlook

- Source Threshold measurement for charge calibration
- Injection pulse ToT measurements for In-pixel ToT calibration