

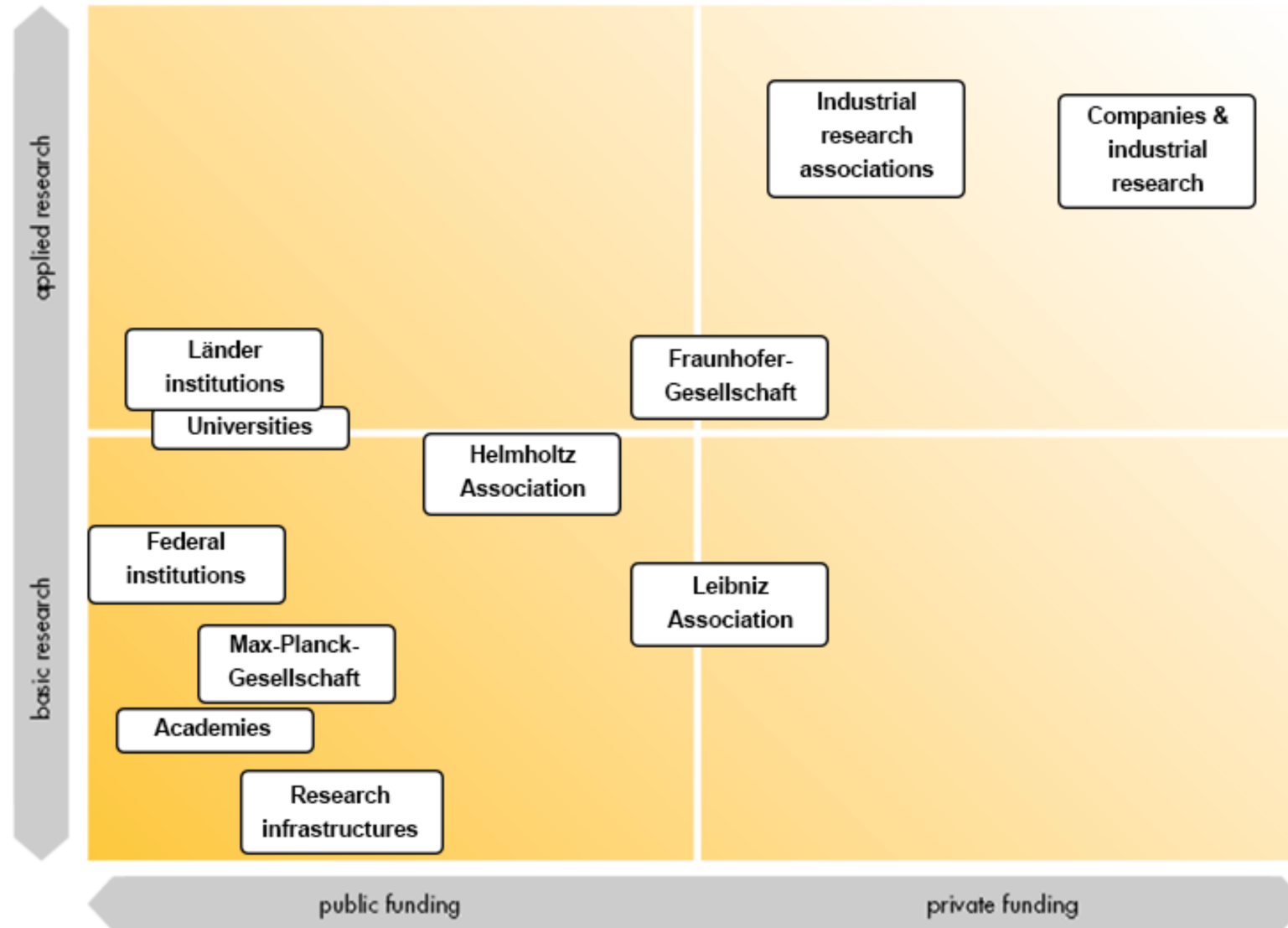
# Introduction and Overview

Beate Heinemann and Ralph Engel



# German Research Landscape

## Overview and funding



## Overview

Kaiser Wilhelm Society (1909): “The Institutes to be established should not be restricted in advance in their area of research. Instead, they should develop their particular focus from the personality of the scholar leading each Institute and from the course of science. The Director heading the Institute should have proved himself through great success as a researcher. As many temporary positions as possible should be created for young scholars at the Institutes.”



86 research institutes and facilities (five institutes and one research facility outside Germany)



Almost 24,000 employees, including 6,700 researchers, 2,500 visiting researchers and approx. 520 scholarship holders



More than half of the researchers come from outside Germany



Annual budget: approx. 2.3 billion euros (2021)

[www.research-in-germany.org](http://www.research-in-germany.org)

## Mission

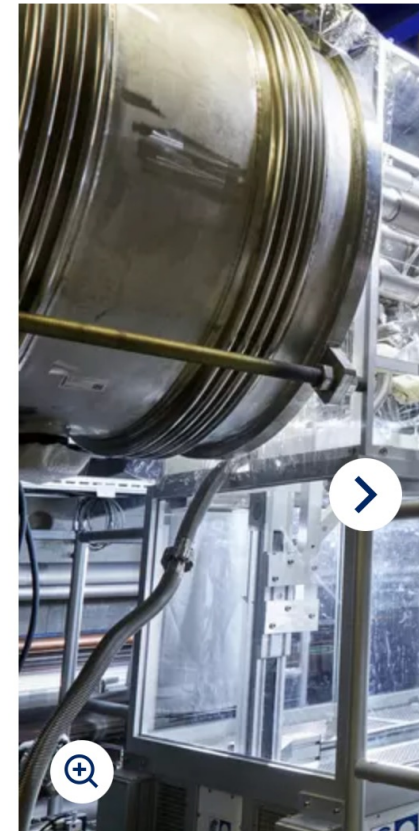
The Helmholtz Association contributes to solving grand challenges facing society, science and industry by conducting top-rate research in the fields of Aeronautics, Space and Transport; Earth and Environment; Energy; Health; Matter; and Information.

Learn more →



# What we research

First-class research needs unique infrastructures. We develop, build and operate powerful research facilities such as the world's most powerful X-ray laser, research vessels, supercomputers and accelerator facilities. They are used by thousands of researchers from all over the world every year.



IceCube is the world's largest particle detector designed to detect neutrinos from galactic or extragalactic objects. It is located at the Amundsen-Scott South Pole Station. IceCube/NSF, Martin Wolf

The European XFEL is the most powerful X-ray laser, which allows completely new experiments. Image

## Overview

Helmholtz addresses major and pressing questions from science, industry and society. To this end, we arrange our long-term cutting-edge research in six strategic areas. It sets up and operates unique research infrastructures and large-scale facilities, such as particle accelerators, research vessels or earth observation satellites. Its facilities are made available to researchers from universities and non-university research institutes both within Germany and abroad.



18 scientific-technical and biological-medical Helmholtz Research Centres



Approx. 44,000 employees, including roughly 16,000 research staff; 6,200 PhD students and almost 11,000 visiting scientists from all over the world

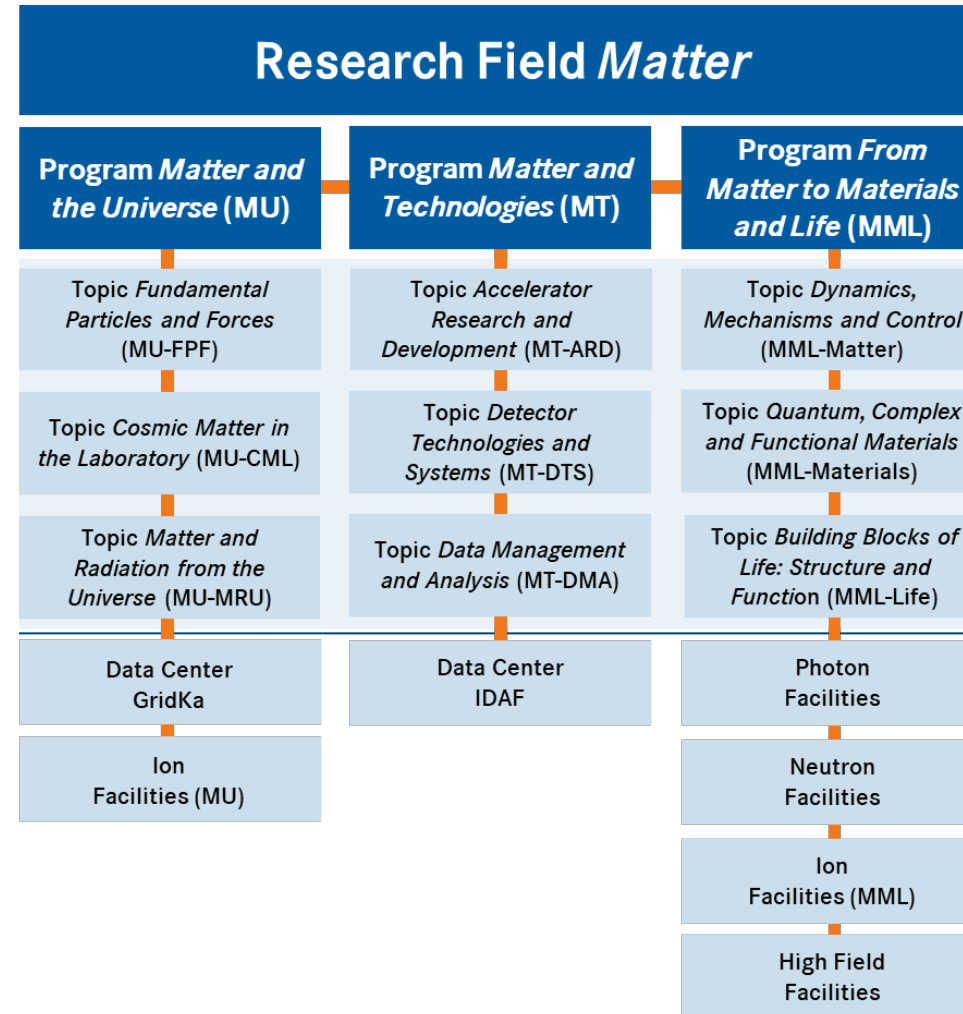


Annual budget: 5.4 billion euros (2021)



Partnerships with institutions and organisations all over the world, international collaborative research projects in many countries

# Research Field Matter



**LK I**  
Leistungskategorie I  
Research

**LK II**  
Leistungskategorie II  
User Service

## Program-oriented Funding (PoF)

The Helmholtz Association does not invest its resources in individual institutions, but in **cross-center research programs that compete with one another for funding**.

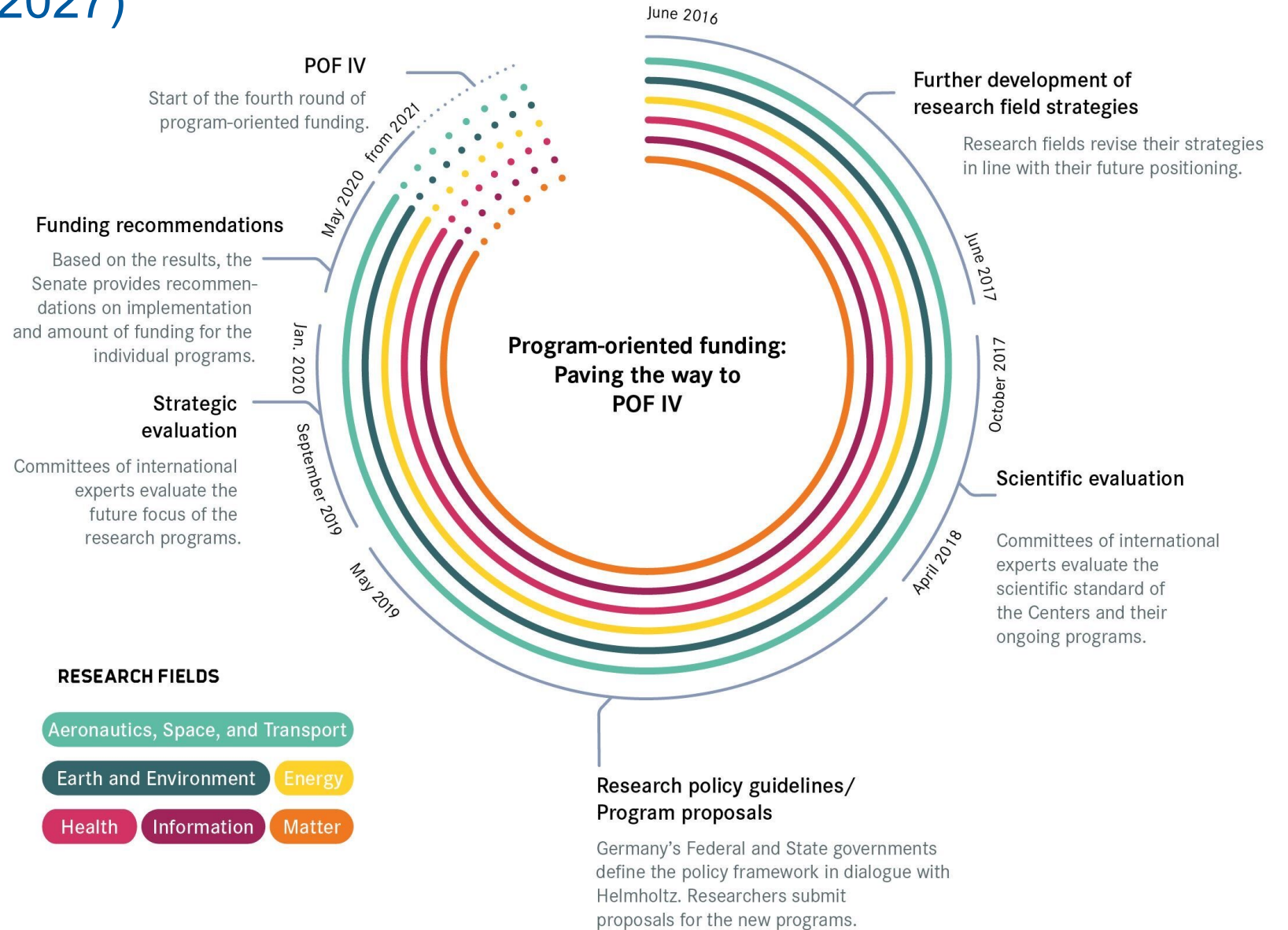
By **pooling the diverse resources** of its various research centers, Helmholtz is in the unique position of not only being able to offer solutions to individual problems, but also to comprehensively address the complex issues facing science, society, and the economy and to develop system solutions.

The program-orientated funding is based on a two-step system: The first step is a **scientific evaluation** of the centers and the existing programs at the level of the individual centers. The second step is a **strategic evaluation** of the programs planned for the future at the level of the areas of research.



# Helmholtz Association

## Example: PoF IV (2021 – 2027)



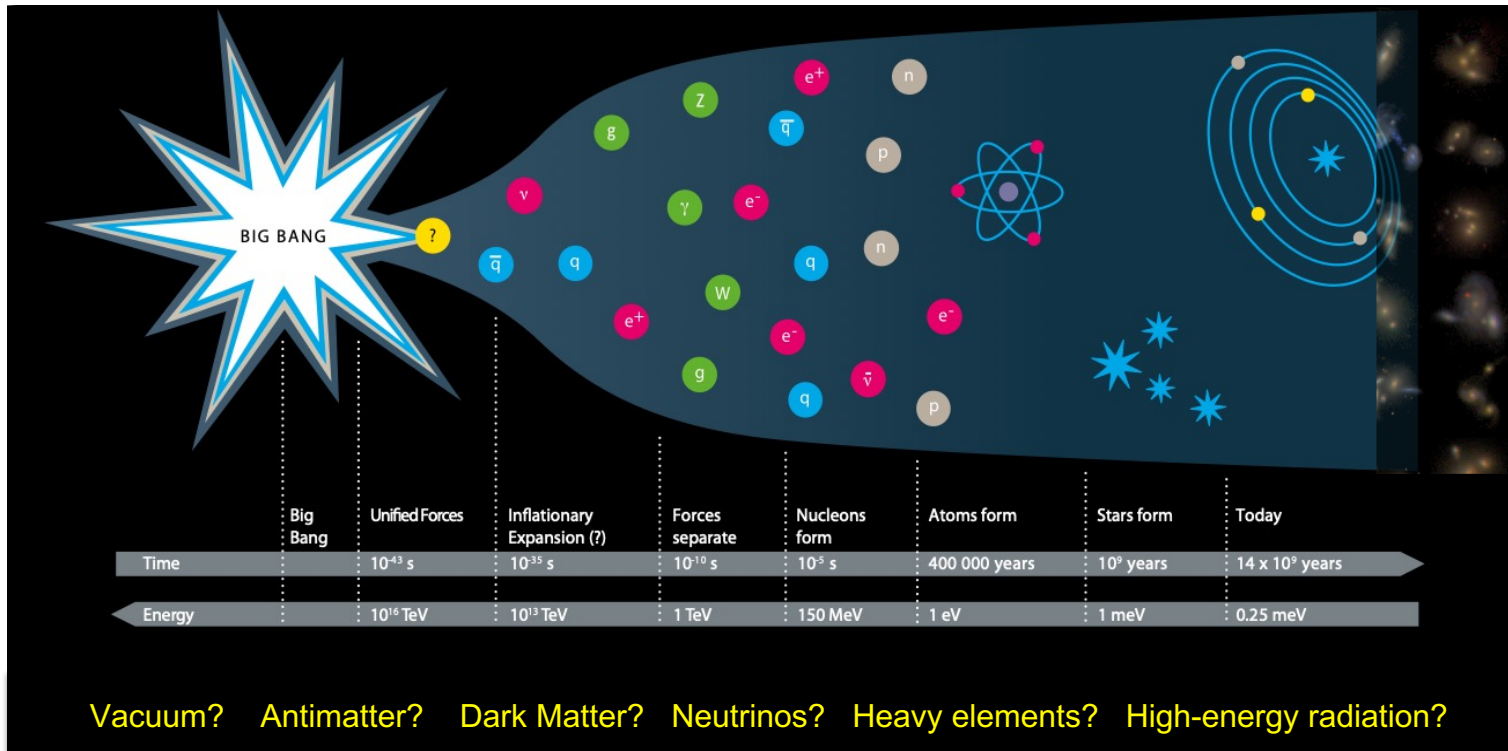
# The Program Matter and the Universe (MU)

aims at building the foundations of our understanding of the world

1. Particles and forces

2. Quarks, hadrons  
and nuclei

3. Messengers  
from the Universe



## Strategy

**Coherent approach:**

hadron/lepton/ion  
accelerators, experiments,  
observatories, theory

**System competence:**

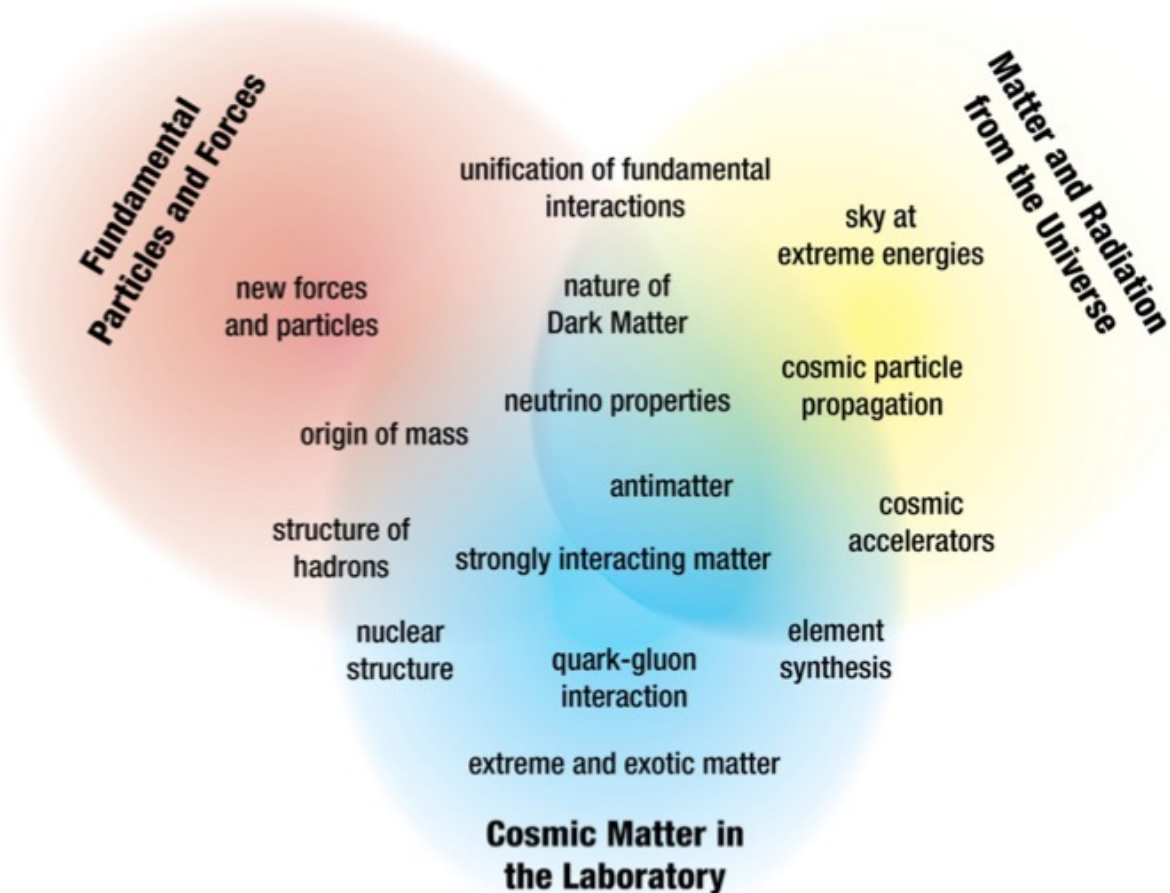
large-scale and long-term,  
international, off-site and  
on-site projects

Research: 650 FTE + 95 M€/yr

Facilities: 150 FTE + 30 M€/yr

# The Topic Structure

follows from the scientific questions and approach

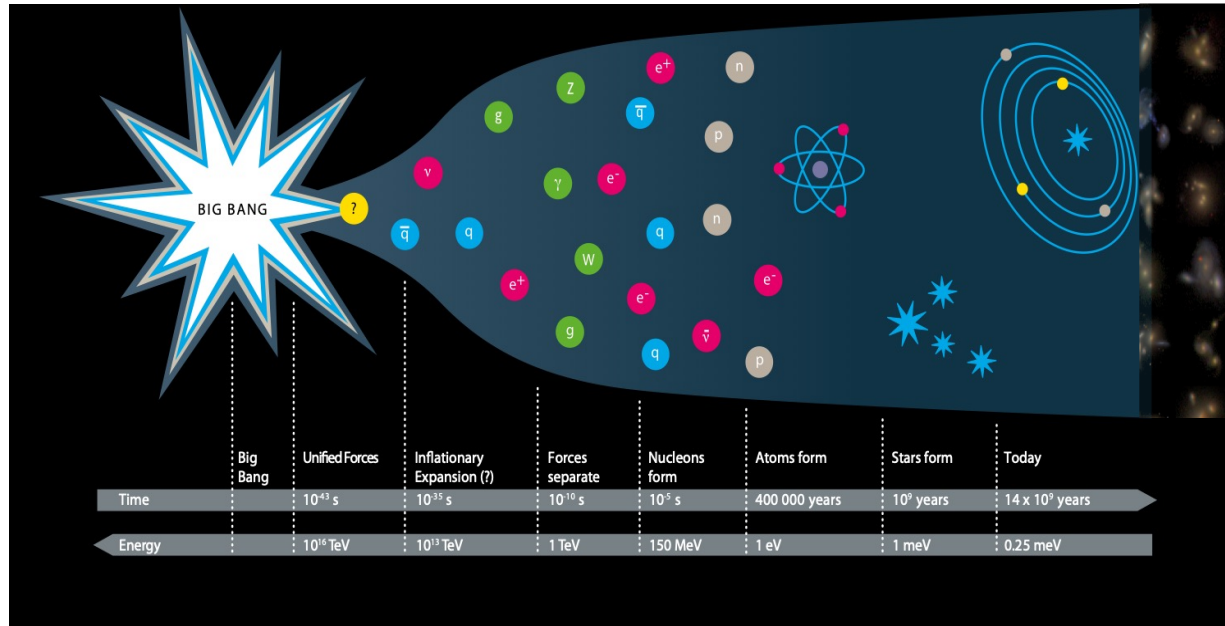


	Fraction of program	Centers
Topic 1: <b>Fundamental particles and forces</b>	39%	97% DESY 3% KIT
Topic 2: <b>Cosmic matter in the laboratory</b>	20%	100% GSI
Topic 3: <b>Matter and radiation from the Universe</b>	41%	60% KIT 40% DESY

*Theory: integral part of all Topics*

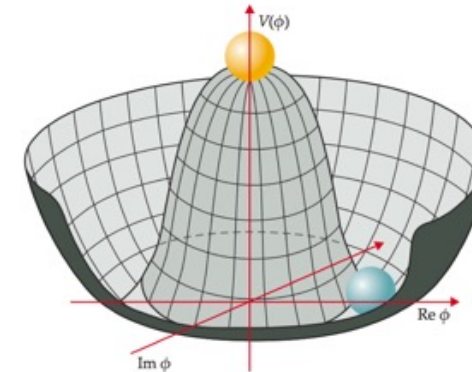
# Topic 1 – Fundamental Particles and Forces (FPF)

Study the fundamental laws of Nature in our universe, governed by quantum physics and the dynamics of space-time



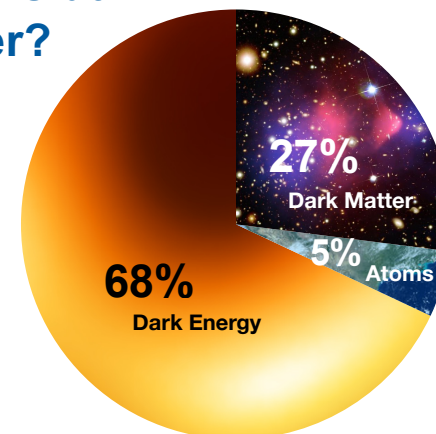
Particle physics aims at understanding the basic processes that govern the early universe ( $< 1$  ns)

## Science drivers

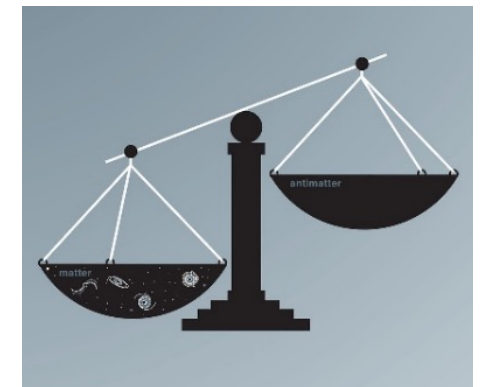


What is the structure of the vacuum?

What is dark matter?



Where did the anti-matter go?



# Topic 2 – Cosmic Matter in the Laboratory (CML)

## Mission to understand

Emergence of complex phenomena in strong interaction

Role of the strong interaction in the evolution of our universe

## Aims

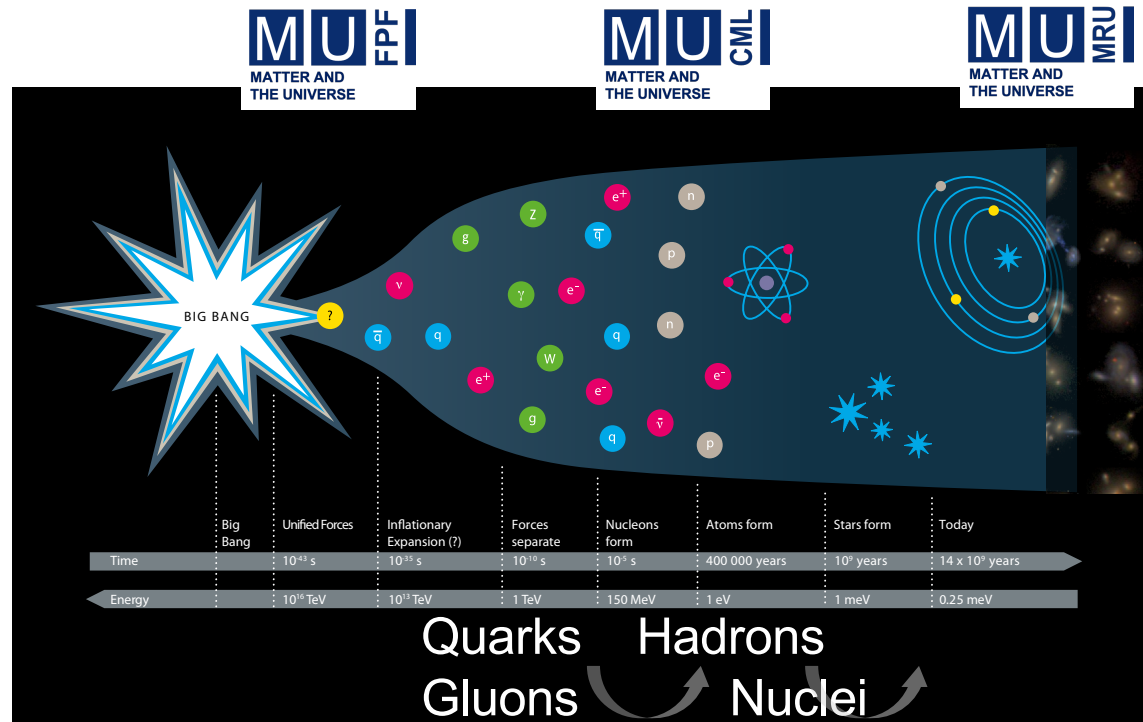
- Unravel the properties of hadrons; access and understand the QCD spectrum
- Explore strongly interacting systems under extreme conditions of temperature, density, isospin

## Strategy

- Study cosmic matter in the laboratory
- Use primary and secondary ion beams from (anti-)protons to uranium
- Apply forefront technologies

## Uniqueness

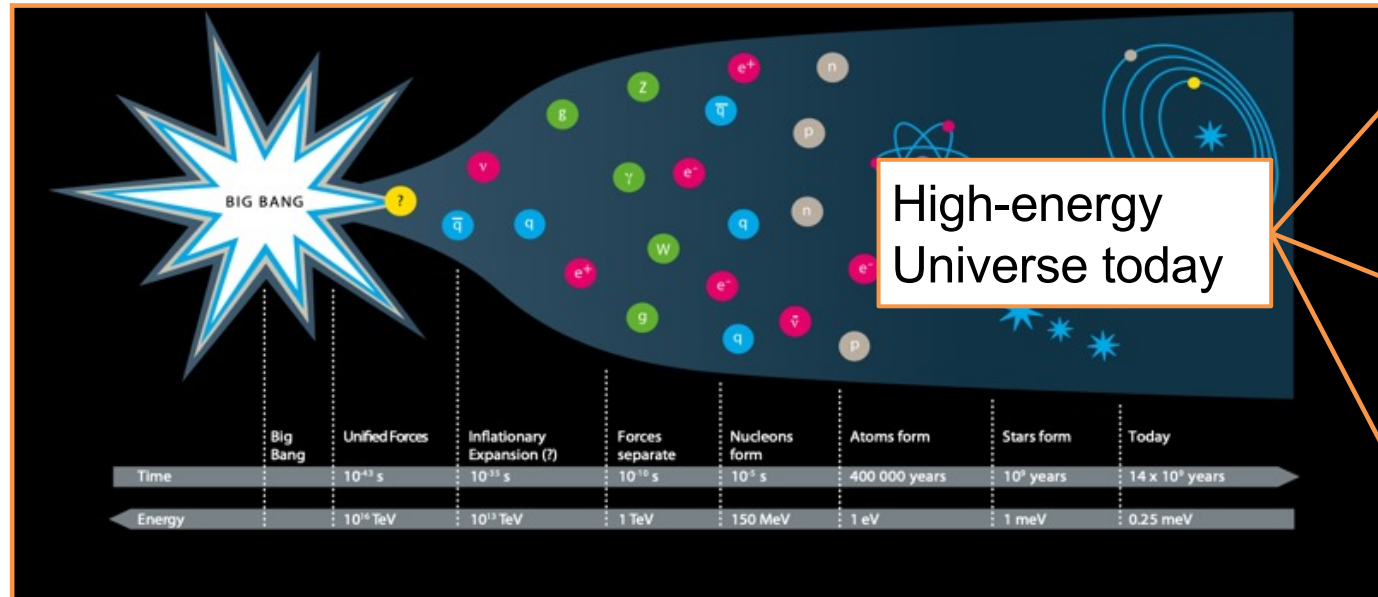
- Relativistic ion beams of highest intensities
- Storage rings for cooled (secondary) beams
- Innovative experiment instrumentation



# Topic 3 – Matter and Radiation from the Universe (MRU)

Understanding the high-energy Universe and its constituents

A broad but coordinated research program with observatories and in laboratories – a growing field of science



Multi-messenger view of the cosmos

Gamma-ray astronomy

Neutrino astronomy

Cosmic rays

Gravitational waves

Understand the role of **neutrinos** in the Universe

Search for new physics and **Dark Matter**

Strong interplay between experiments and theory

# Program Matter and the Universe (MU)

## Summary of Topics and Research Objectives

### Topic 1: Fundamental Particles and Forces (FPF)

Pushing the limits of our understanding of fundamental interactions

Origin of mass, flavour puzzle, and imbalance between matter and anti-matter

Evolution of the early universe and the nature of the dark sector

### Topic 2: Cosmic Matter in the Laboratory (CML)

Hot and dense matter

Nuclear structure, nuclear reactions, and superheavy elements

Properties of hadrons and their excitation spectrum

### Topic 3: Matter and Radiation from the Universe (MRU)

Dark Matter

Neutrino properties

Multi-messenger view of the high-energy universe

# Large Facilities are a central element to enable ambitious research program

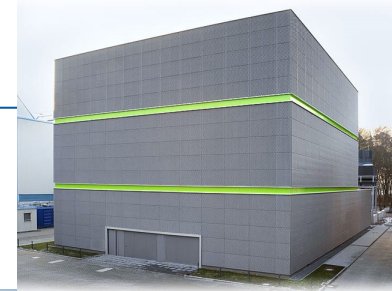
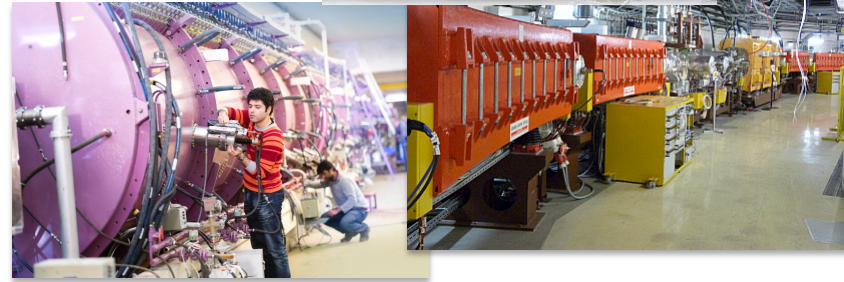
## Helmholtz Facilities

Full cost FTE

User Facility: GridKa 7.3 M€/yr 20

User Facility: GSI-MU Facilities 23.6 M€/yr 130

UNILAC



Green IT Cube



GridKa

Largest Tier-1 (CPUs)

## International projects



ATLAS, CMS, ALICE



Belle II



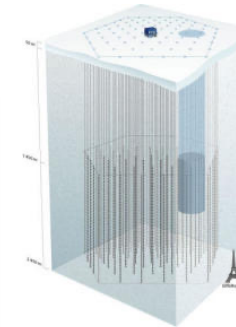
GSI & FAIR: CBM, NUSTAR, PANDA



Cherenkov telescopes (CTA)



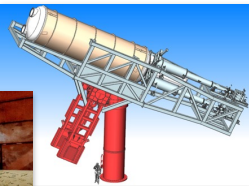
Pierre Auger Observatory



IceCube



ALPS-II



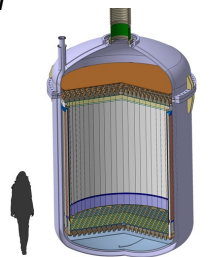
BabyIAXO



KATRIN




XENONnT



DARWIN



# Thursday

09:00	<b>Welcome and introduction to PoF and MU</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Beate Heinemann et al.</i> 09:00 - 09:20
	<b>Highlights from the Topic FPF</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Kai Schmidt-Hoberg</i> 09:20 - 09:40
	<b>Highlights from the Topic CML</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Frank Maas</i>  09:40 - 10:00
10:00	<b>Highlights from the Topic MRU</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Christian Stegmann</i> 10:00 - 10:20
	<b>Highlights of GridKa</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Dr. Max Kühn</i> 10:20 - 10:40
	<b>Highlights of GSI MU facilities</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Yvonne Leifels</i> 10:40 - 11:00
11:00	<b>Coffee break</b>	11:00 - 11:30
	<b>Status of neutrino parameters and cosmological constraints</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Thomas Schwetz-Mangold</i> 11:30 - 12:00
12:00	<b>Charge radii of fermium isotopes and reduction of shell effects in heavy nuclei</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Jessica Warbinek</i> 12:00 - 12:30

Thursday

Note: no credit/EC card payment possible in DESY canteen



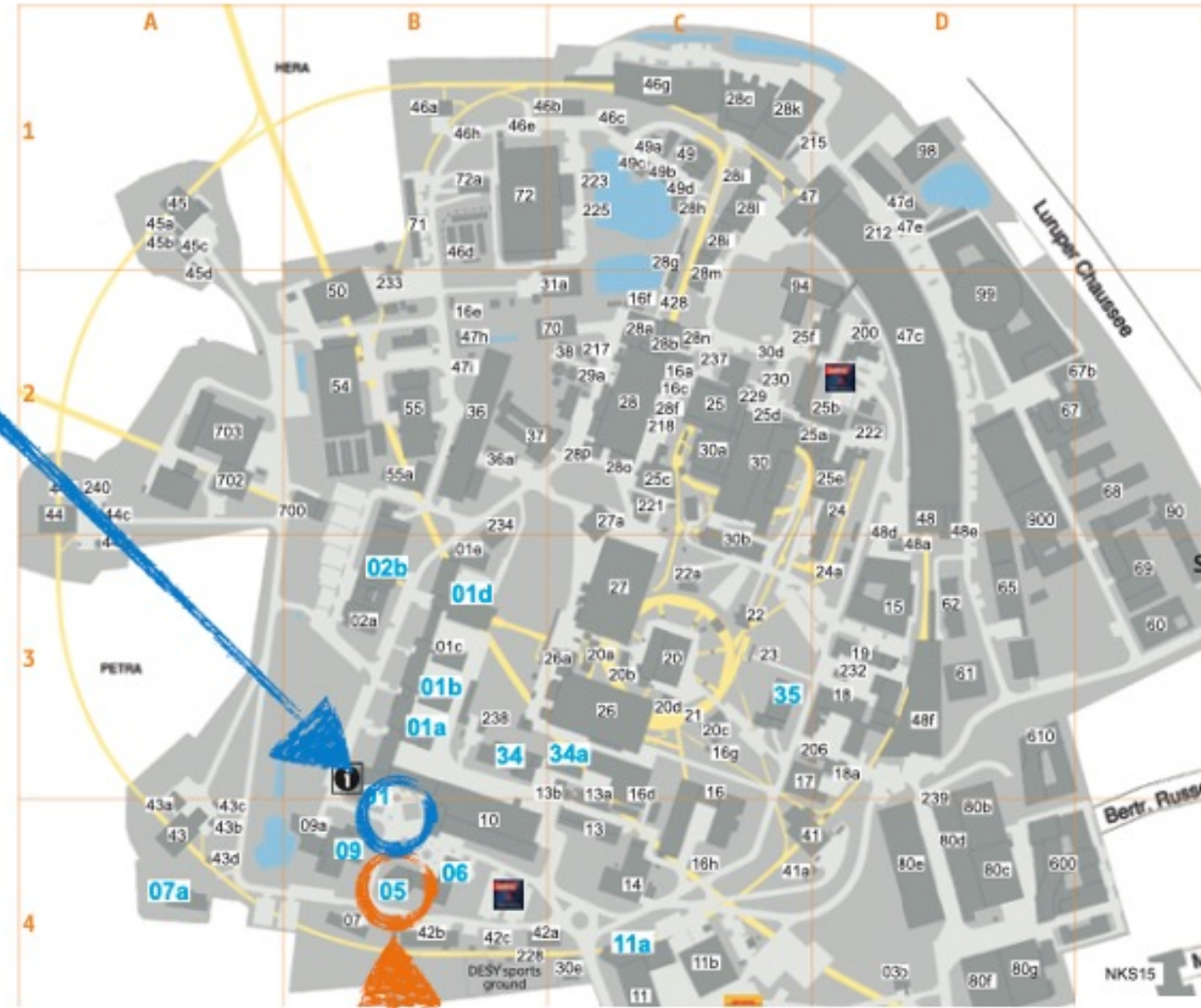
# Guided tours to DESY facilities/experiments

Meeting point of all: In front of Building 1

13:30-15:15

Campus Tour: 4 guided groups

ALPS Tour: Organised transfer by car



# Thursday

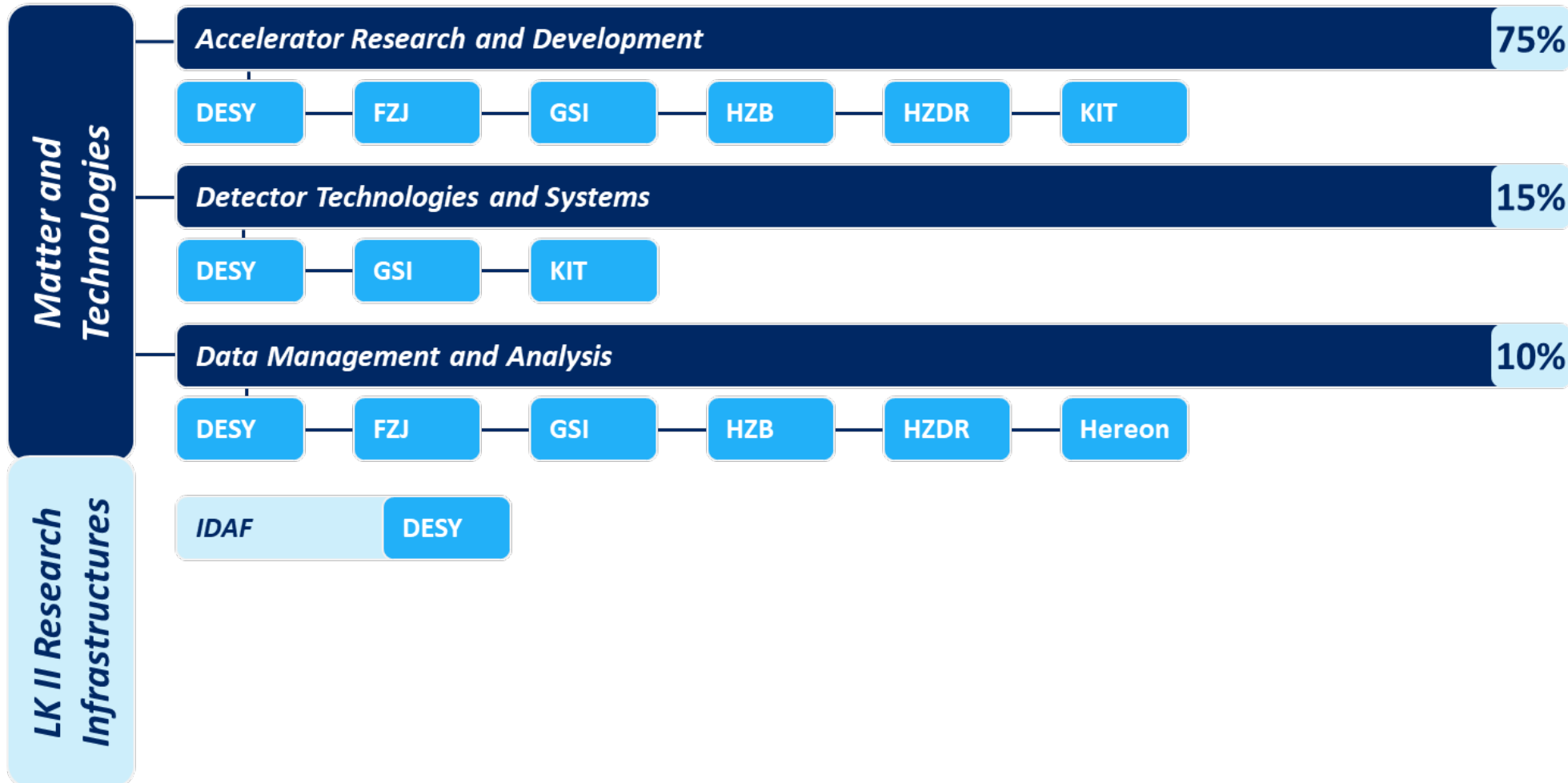
	<p><b>Probing the BSM landscape through ...</b> <i>Lukas Allwicher</i></p>	<p><b>Modeling radio and X-ray afterglows ...</b> <i>Chengchao Yuan</i></p>	<p><b>First searches for axion and dark ph...</b> <i>David Leppla-Weber</i></p>
16:00	<p><b>Model independent Time Violation st...</b> <i>Kiran Sharma</i></p>	<p><b>Calibrated Atomic Data and 3D Radia...</b> <i>Andreas Floers</i></p>	<p><b>XLZD - Towards the Ultimate Liquid-...</b> <i>Alexey Elykov</i></p>
	<p><b>The JUNO experiment: current progr...</b> <i>Cristobal Morales</i></p>	<p><b>Impact of neutrino oscillations in nu...</b> <i>Heamin Ko</i></p>	<p><b>Large neutrino mass in cosmology ...</b> <i>Cristina Benso</i></p>
	<p><b>Higher-order corrections for Higgs p...</b> <i>Marco Vitti</i></p>	<p><b>Studying hadron production mechan...</b> <i>Saket Kumar Sahu</i></p>	<p><b>Looking for a SFOEWPT in the RxS...</b> <i>Alain Verduras Sc...</i></p>
	<p><b>The PUNCH4NFDI Consortium</b> <i>Christiane Schneide</i></p>	<p><b>Towards solving the muon problem i...</b> <i>Tanguy Pierog</i></p>	<p><b>Highlights from Auger and AugerPri...</b> <i>Dr. Darko Veberic</i></p>
17:00	<p><b>AI agents for ground-based gamma ...</b> <i>Dr. Dmitriy Kostunin</i></p>	<p><b>High precision measurement of the ...</b> <i>Malte Christian Wi...</i></p>	<p><b>The parsec-scale jets of the SS 433 ...</b> <i>Michelle Tsirou</i></p>
	<p><b>Precise quantum angle generator de...</b> <i>Saverio Monaco</i></p>	<p><b>Measurement of the pion transition f...</b> <i>Oliver Noll</i></p>	<p><b>The astrophysical impact of 205Tl b...</b> <i>Thomas Neff</i></p>
	<p><b>Finding excesses in model paramete...</b> <i>Kierthika Chathirat...</i></p>	<p><b>KATRIN++ - Development of New Det...</b> <i>Neven Kovac</i></p>	<p><b>Long-term data preservation for the ...</b> <i>Gernot Maier</i></p>
18:00	<p><b>Poster session: Poster session</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Poster session in canteen extension</p> <p><i>Canteen extension</i> <span style="float: right;">17:45 - 19:00</span></p>		
19:00	<p><b>Dinner</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Dinner in DESY canteen</p>		

# Friday

09:00	<b>The Detector Upgrades for HL-LHC</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Doris Eckstein</i> 09:00 - 09:15
	<b>FAIR and Its Experiments - Status and Plans</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Yvonne Leifels</i> 09:15 - 09:30
	<b>Neutrinos in Greenland - RNO-G</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Anna Friederike Nelles</i> 09:30 - 09:45
	<b>From KATRIN to KATRIN++</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Markus Steidl</i> 09:45 - 10:00
10:00	<b>Strategy of the Program MU for PoF V</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Ralph Engel et al.</i> 10:00 - 10:15
	<b>Discussion time</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	10:15 - 10:30
	<b>Workshop photo</b>	10:30 - 11:00
11:00	<b>Coffee break</b>	11:00 - 11:30
	<b>Highlights from the Program "Matter and Technologies" (MT)</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Friederike Januschek</i> 11:30 - 12:00
12:00	<b>Accelerating Scientific Discovery with AI</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	<i>Gregor Kasieczka</i> 12:00 - 12:30
	<b>Plenary session: Conclusions and farewell</b> <i>Auditorium</i>	12:30 - 13:00
13:00		

Backup slides

# The Program Matter and Technologies (MT)



# The Program From Matter and Materials to Life (MML)

