

HOM-based Beam Position Monitoring



Nicoleta Baboi, DESY/MDI

for the HOM-BPM team:

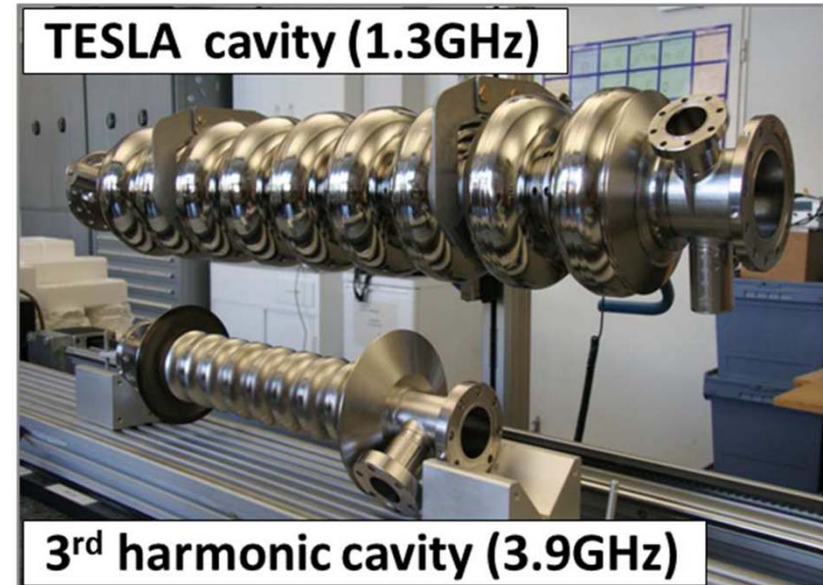
Nathan Eddy, Thomas Flisgen, Hans-Walter Glock, Roger M. Jones,
Bastian Lorbeer, Ian Shinton, Pei Zhang

FLASH Workshop, DESY, Hamburg, Oct. 4, 2011



Overview

- > Principle of HOM-BPMs
- > Current work:
 - HOM-BPMs for 3.9 GHz cavities at FLASH
- > Future plans (tentative):
 - HOM-BPMs for 3.9 GHz cavities at the XFEL
 - HOM-BPMs for 1.3 GHz cavities at the XFEL
 - Improvement of HOM-BPMs at 1.3 GHz cavities at FLASH
- > Summary and Outlook

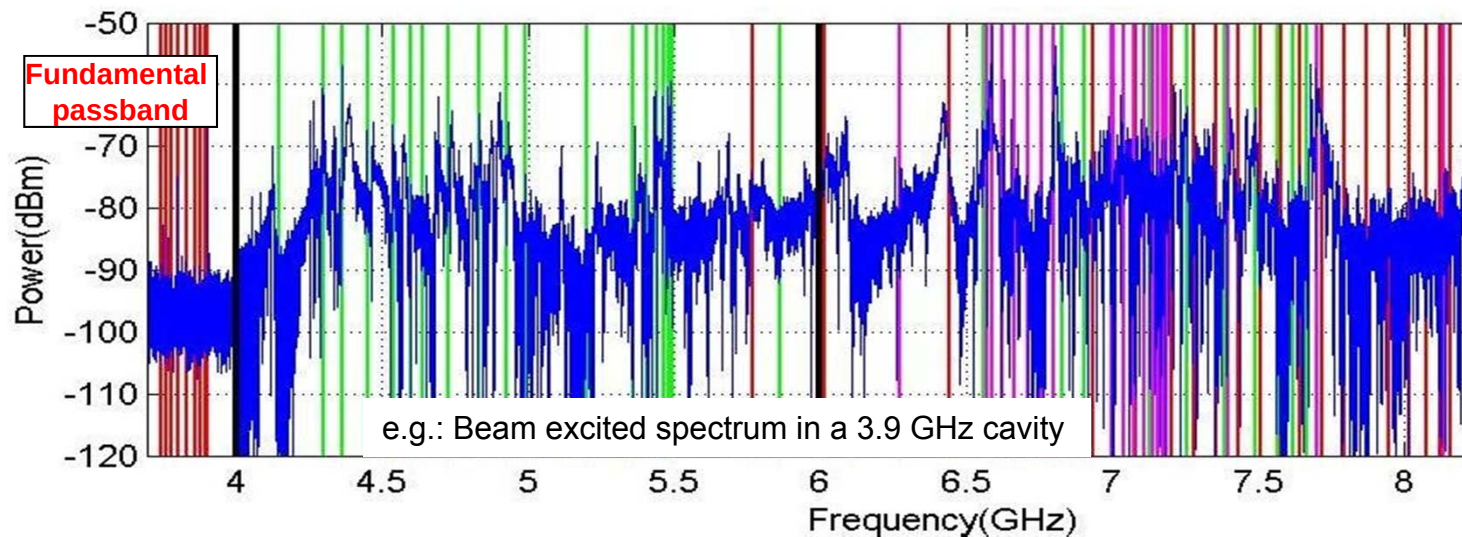


Principle of HOM-BPMs: Higher Order Modes (HOM)

> HOM: fields excited by the beam in the accelerating cavities

- Bad effect on beam, but also
- Can be used for beam (and cavity) diagnostics

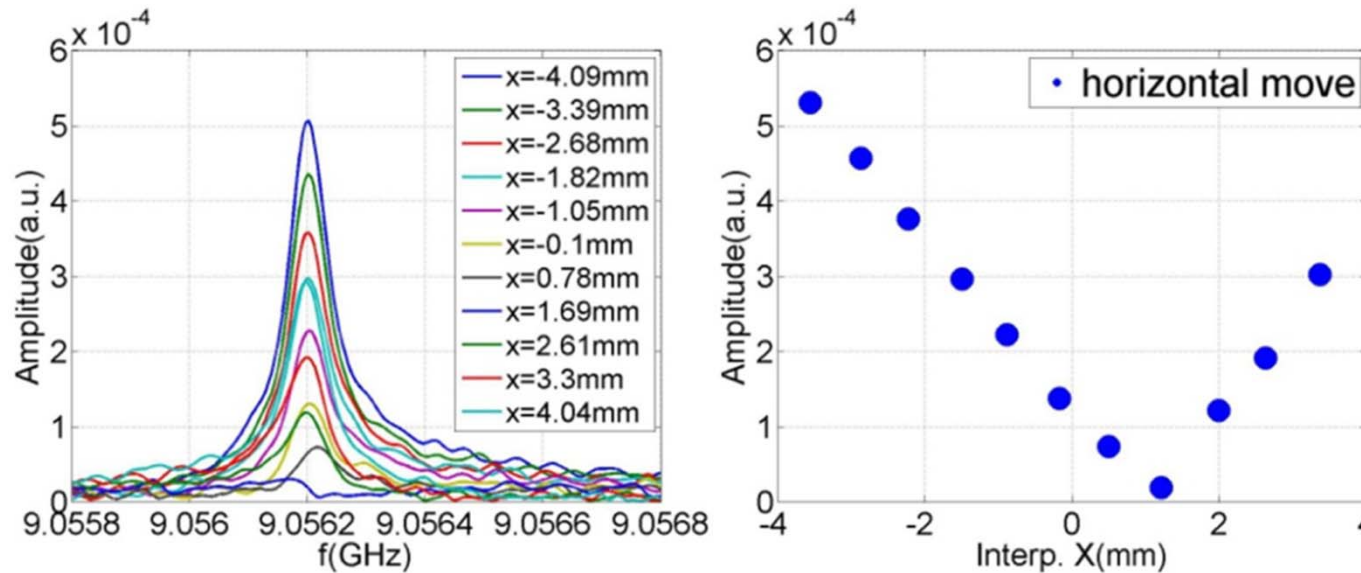
Because properties depend on accelerating cavity and beam properties



- Spectrum includes: **monopole**, **dipole**, **quadrupole** etc. modes

Principle of HOM-BPMs: Dipole Modes

- > Dipole modes have linear dependence on beam offset and charge



⇒ **Idea:** Use dipole HOMs for beam position monitoring (HOM-BPM)

- Center beam (therefore reduce wakes)
- Measure cavity misalignment

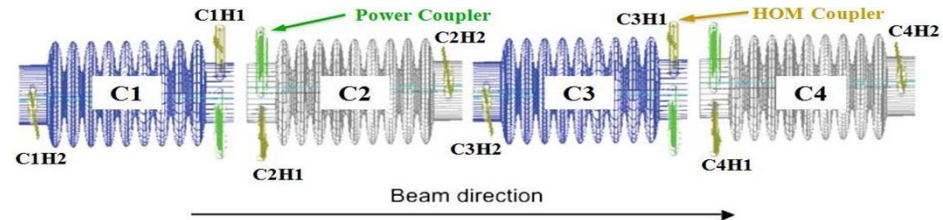
- > Same idea as for cavity BPMs, but much more complicated



Current Work: HOM-BPMs for ACC39 at FLASH

> ACC39

- Built at Fermilab in collaboration with DESY



> **EuCARD**: Partially supporting our work

- Sub-tasks
 - 1: HOMBPM
 - 2: HOMCD (HOM Cavity Diagnostics)
 - 3: HOMGD (HOM Distributions and Geometrical Dependencies)
- Several PhD students involved



Universität
Rostock



Traditio et Innovatio

MANCHESTER
1824

The University of Manchester



The Cockcroft Institute
of Accelerator Science and Technology



Fermilab



HOM-BPMs for ACC39 at FLASH: 1st Dipole Passband

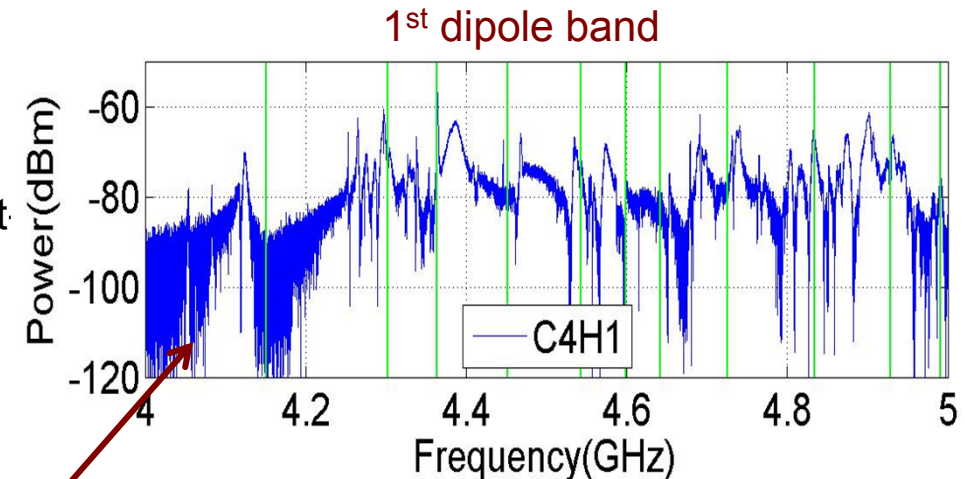
> Idea: use mode with high R/Q

> But, crowded spectrum

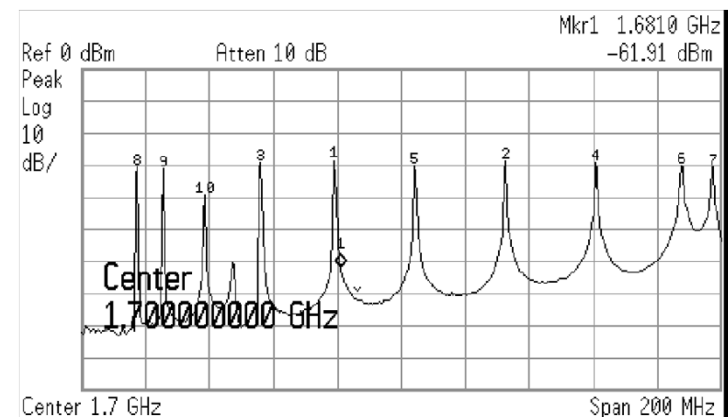
- Practically all cavity modes above cut-off
- Modes: not possible to identify
- Modes are not localized
- Idea: cut one portion of spectrum (several modes)

> Alternatives:

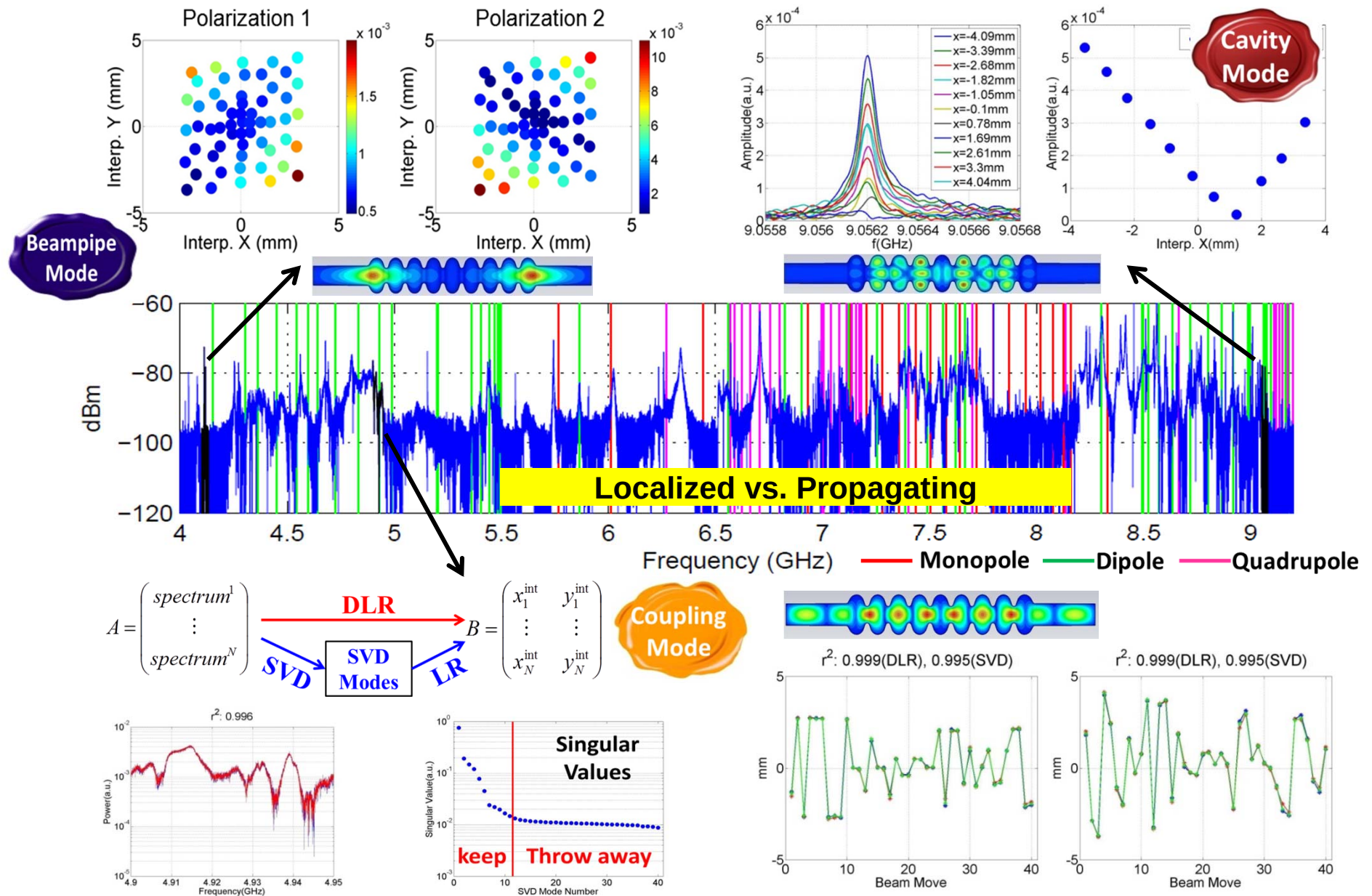
- Beam-pipe dipole modes
- Trapped cavity modes in 5th dipole passband
- All options: advantages and disadvantages



Compare to TESLA cavity:

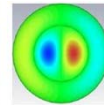
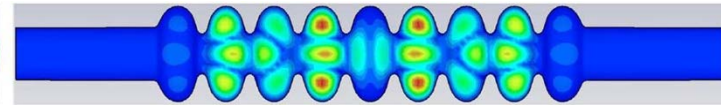
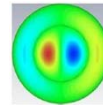
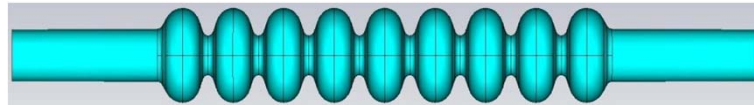


Localized and Propagating Modes in ACC39



Simulations of 3.9 GHz Cavities

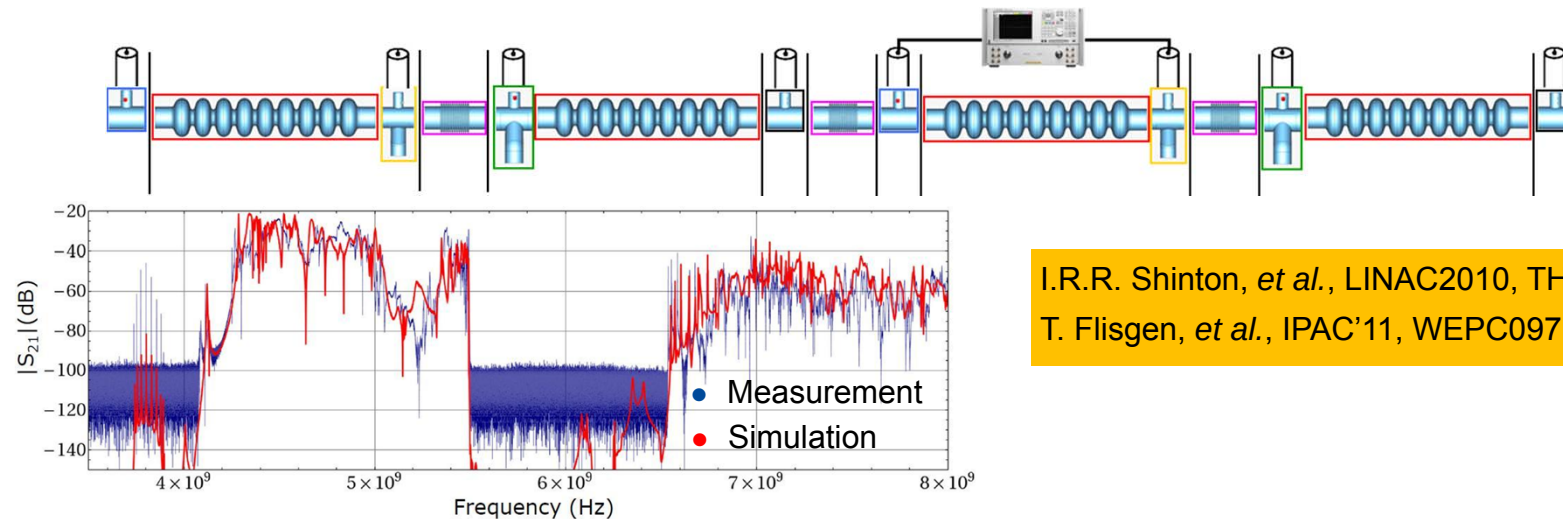
> Ideal cavity w/o couplers



P. Zhang, *et al.*, IPAC'11, THPPA00.

$\omega/2\pi$: 9.058 GHz, R/Q: 2.17 $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$

> Cascade scattering matrix calculation (GSM and CSC)



I.R.R. Shinton, *et al.*, LINAC2010, THP012.

T. Flisgen, *et al.*, IPAC'11, WEPC097.

> Simulate the entire 4-cavity string (ACE3P@SLAC)

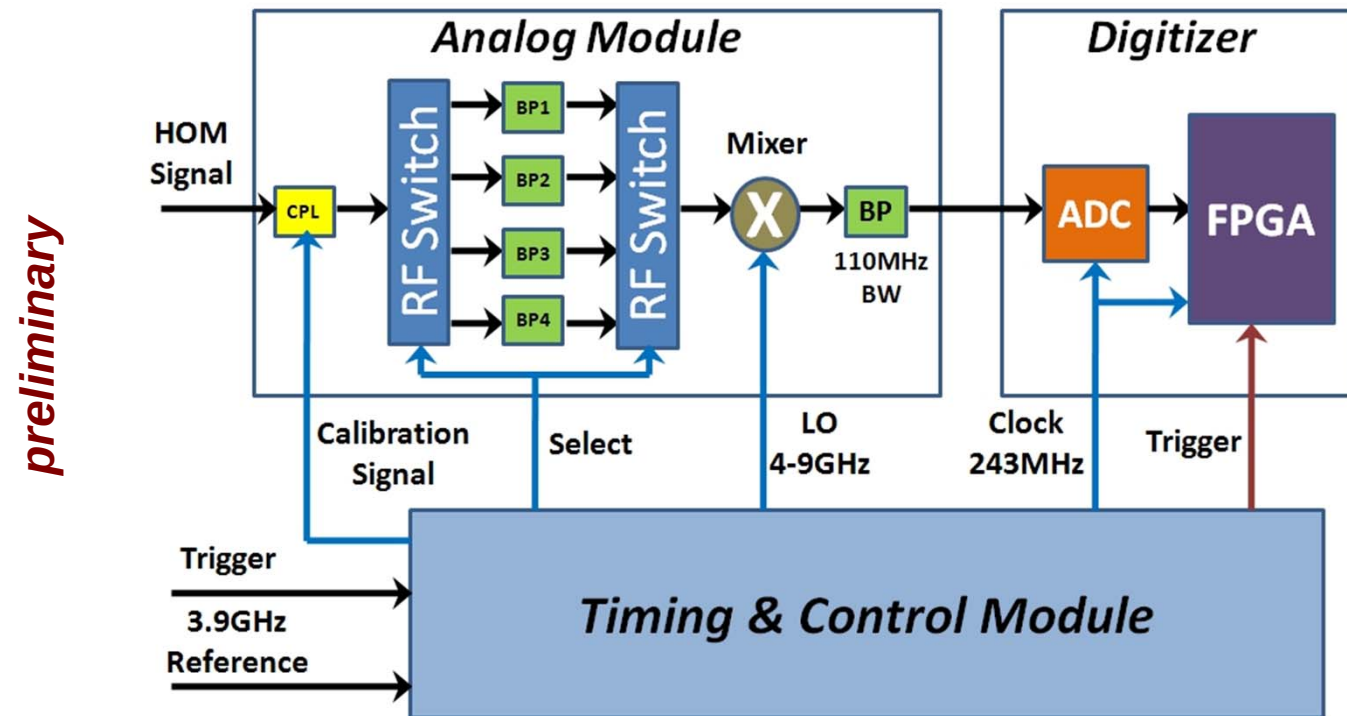


I.R.R. Shinton, *et al.*, IPAC'11, WEPC125.

Trapped mode in the 5th dipole band: $\omega/2\pi$: 9.061 GHz

Electronics for ACC39 at FLASH

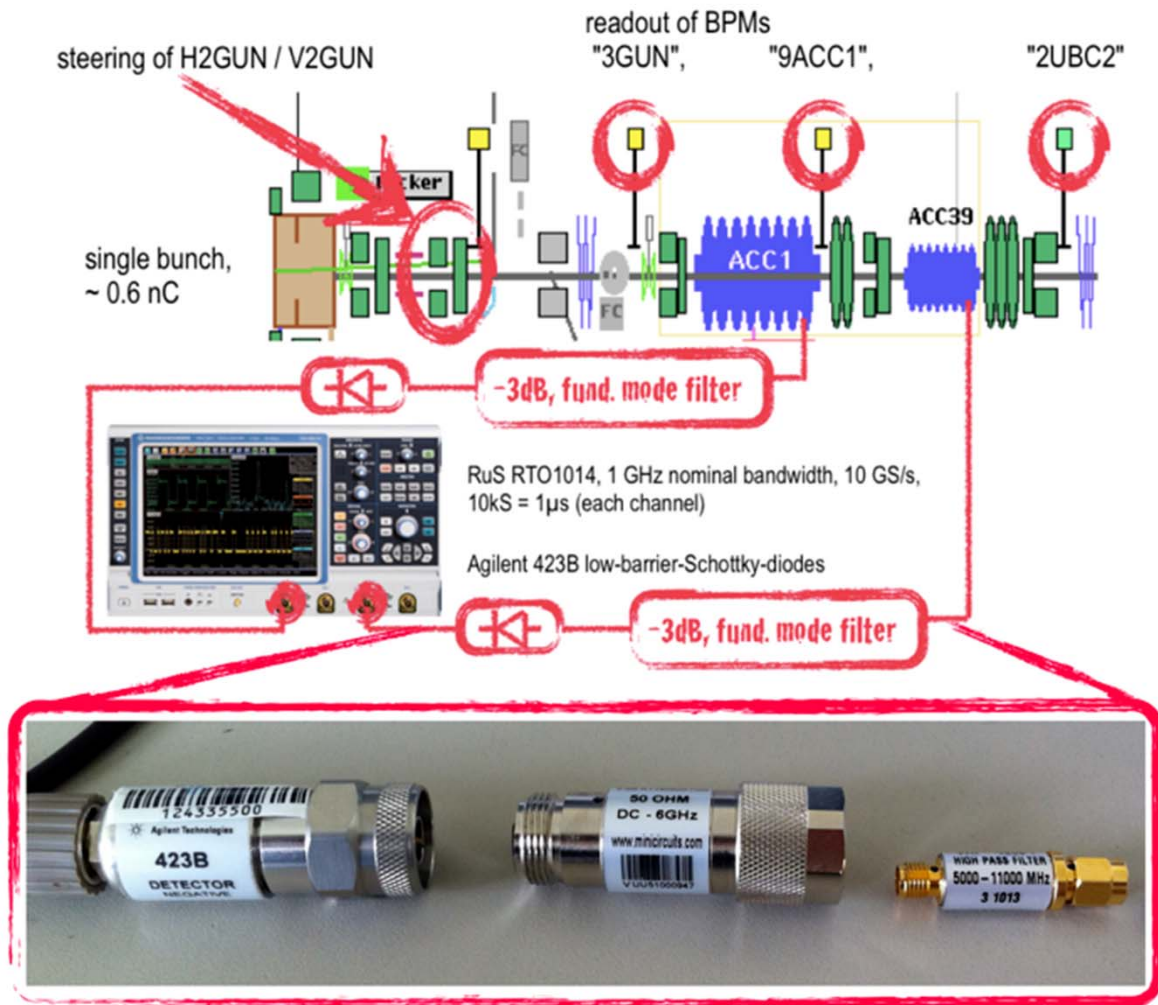
- > To be built by Fermilab
- > “Play”-electronics will be tested early next year
 - Test options



N. Baboi et al., SRF 2011, MOPO060, Chicago, IL, U.S.A.



Alternative Electronics: Diode-based Signal Capturing



> Alternative electronics

- Already tested at ACC39 and ACC1

> Simple setup

- Broad-band filter to suppress 3.9 GHz
- + RF detector diode

> Signal output ~ total HOM power

> SVD-based signal analysis

- Complicated, but it works

H.W. Glock, DIPAC2011, MOPD25



HOM-BPMs for ACC39 at FLASH: Future Plans

- > Test “play” HOM-BPM electronics from Fermilab
 - Beginning of 2012
 - Evaluate results and decide final strategy
- > Continue work with diode-based signal capturing
- > Continue simulations
- > Built and install final electronics

- > Pei Zhang: Prize at IPAC 2011!



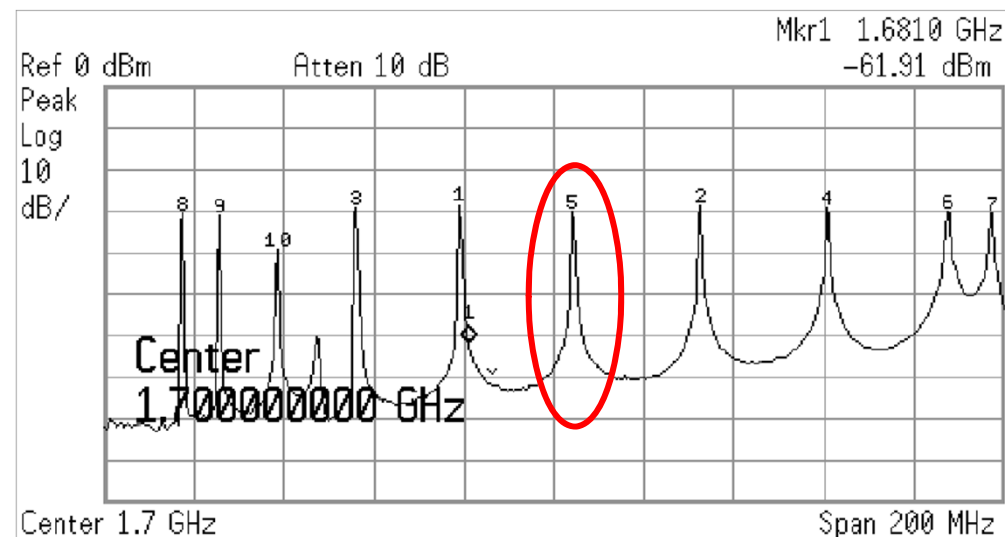
Future Work: HOM-BPMs for 3.9 GHz Cavities at E-XFEL

- > Tentative plans
- > Use results from current work at FLASH
- > Some experimental and theoretical studies needed
 - 8 cavities per module
 - Different arrangement of cavities in module
 - Smaller bunch spacing than now in FLASH etc.
- > Electronics: XFEL-conform
- > WP 46



Future Work: HOM-BPMs for 1.3 GHz Cavities at E-XFEL

- > Tentative plans
- > Collaboration with the University of Warsaw
- > Sample dipole mode at 1.7 GHz
 - Profit from development of fast ADC card for LLRF (EuCARD WP 10.6)
- > Electronics XFEL-conform: needs to be designed
- > WP 17



Future Work: HOM-BPMs at 1.3 GHz Cavities at FLASHs

> Current electronics

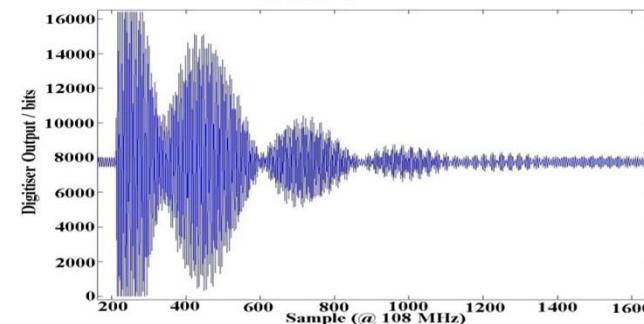
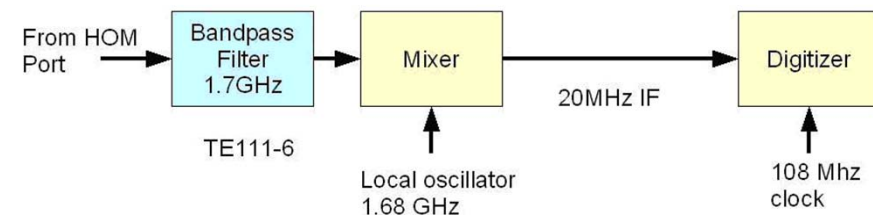
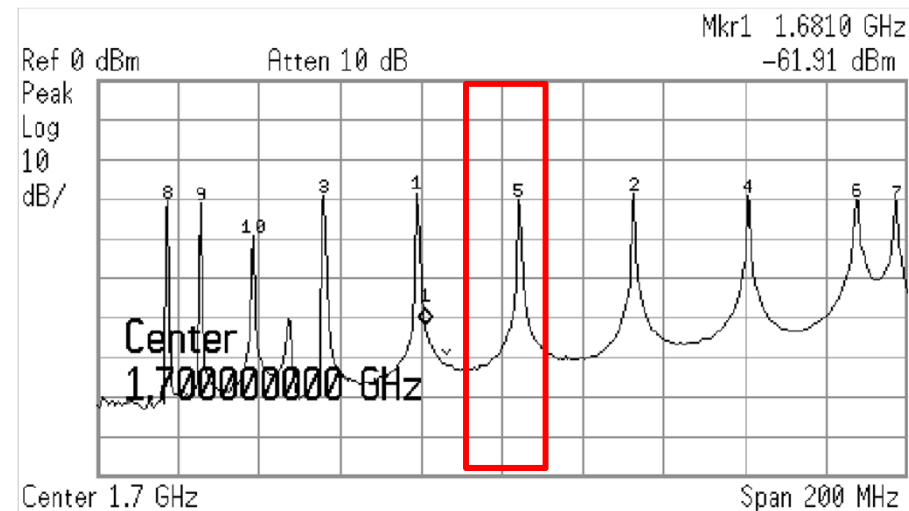
- Built by SLAC
- Proof-of-principle made
- Resolution for the 1st bunch
~10 μm
- Problem with calibration stability
- Raw signals used for commissioning

S. Molloy et al., PRST-AB 9, 112802 (2006)

*J. Frisch et al., EPAC 2006, TUYPA02,
Edinburgh, Scotland*

> Idea: improve or replace current electronics

- Work correlated to work on HOM-BPMs for the XFEL



Summary and Outlook

> Current work: HOM-BPMs for ACC39 at FLASH

- PhD students: Uni. Manchester/DESY, Uni. Rostock, RHUL

> Future Work (tentative):

- Design HOM-BPMs for 3.9 GHz cavities at the XFEL
- Design HOM-BPMs for 1.3 GHz cavities at the XFEL
- Improve HOM-BPMs at the 1.3 GHz cavities at FLASH
- Possibly HOM-based beam-phase measurement wrt RF
- Need to clarify financial aspects, man power

> Beam time

- Both for FLASH and the XFEL
- Fermilab: interested to build similar electronics for their SC test facility
- Not easy to separate, therefore we need both FEL and machine studies

> **EuCARD2**: HOM-based beam diagnostics for the XFEL

