



Laser- and beam-driven plasma-wakefield acceleration studies

Laboratory for laser- and beam-driven plasma acceleration (LAOLA)

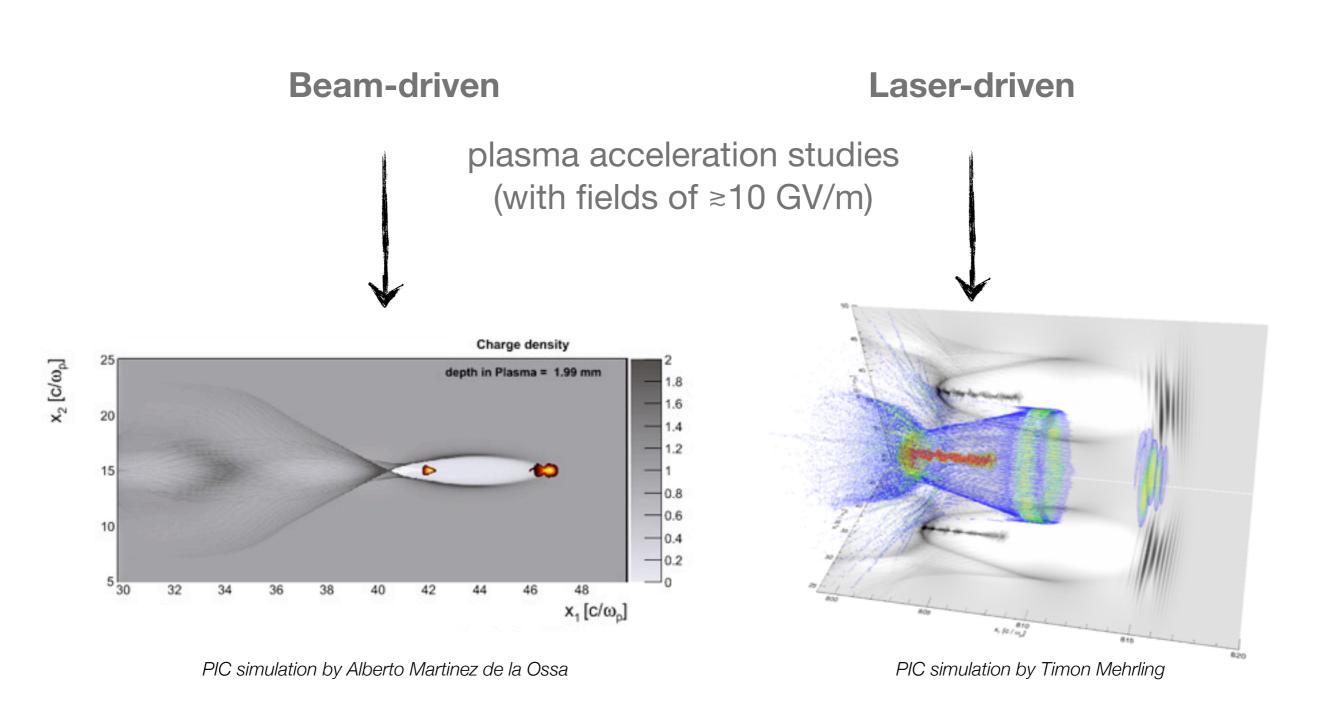
LAOLA working-group coordinators:

- E. Elsen, K. Flöttmann, B. Foster, F. Grüner, J. Osterhoff, H. Schlarb,
- B. Schmidt, F. Stephan

People that are doing the actual work:

- J. Grebenyuk, A. Martinez de la Ossa, L. Schaper, C. Palmer, M. Schnepp,
- T. Mehrling, T. Kleinwächter, J.-P. Schwinkendorf, ...

The proposal



Why at FLASH? Scientific motivation...

- FLASH offers unique electronbunch shaping capabilities
 - triangular beams \rightarrow P. Piot's talk
 - tailored bunch trains (e.g. with the addition of a PITZ-like gun-laser system)
- GeV beam energy
 - stiff beams (compared to e.g. PITZ and REGAE)
 - beam gamma ≥ wake gamma for LPA case

DESY TESLA-FEL 11-02 and FERMILAB-PUB 11-339-APC

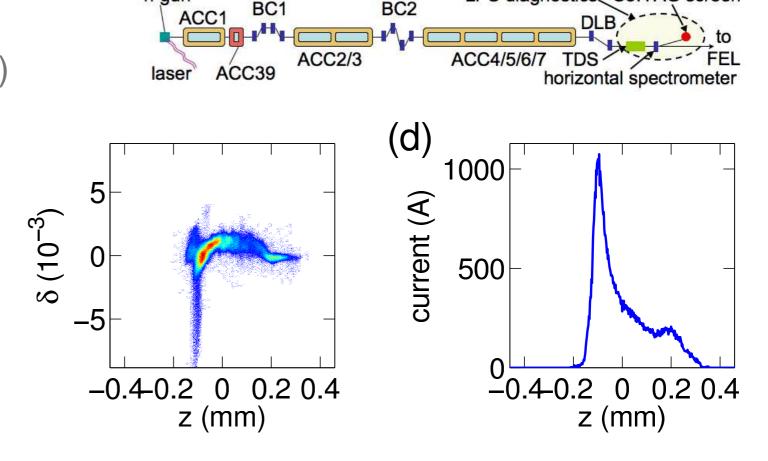
LPS diagnostics Ce:YAG screen

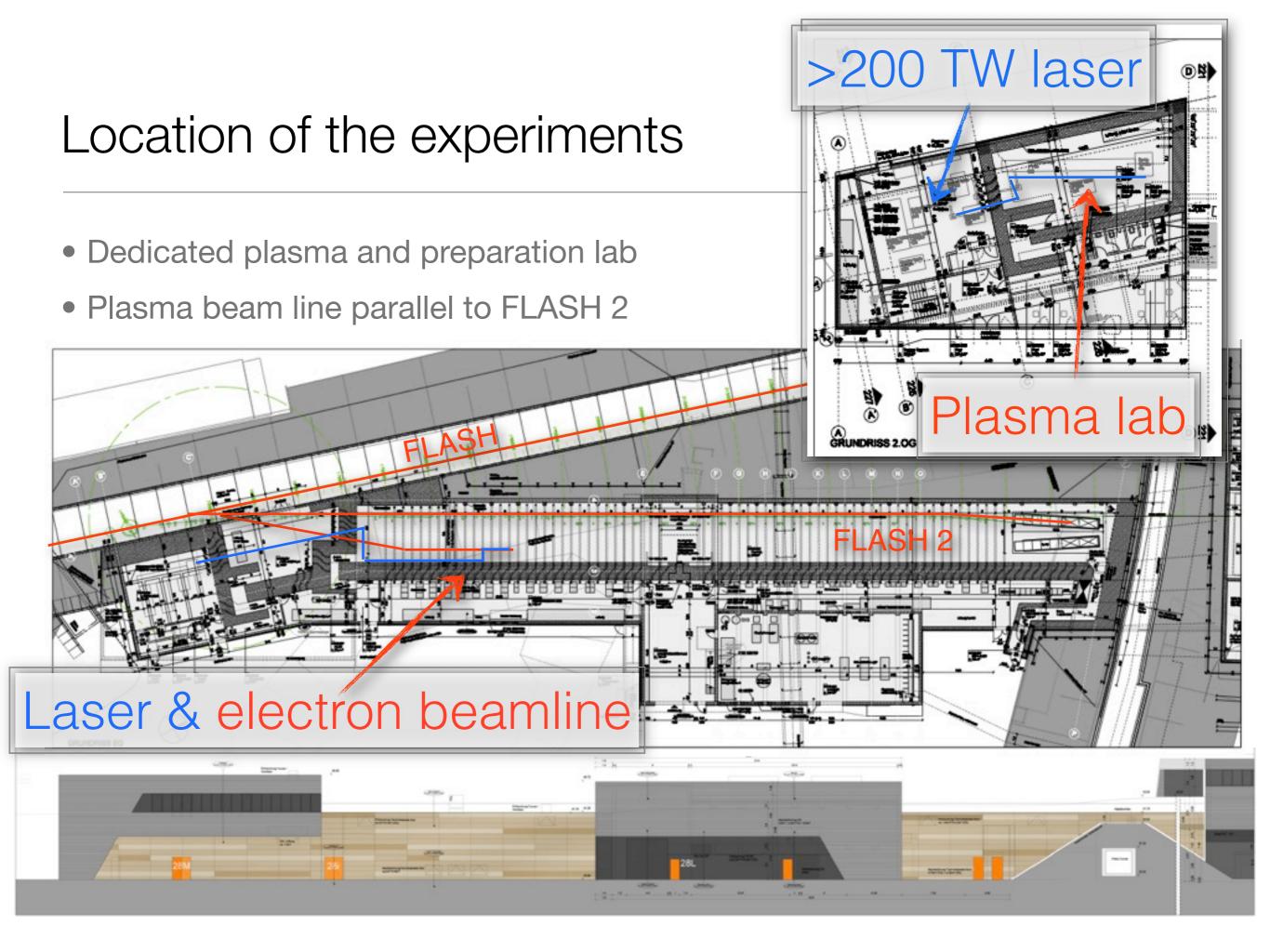
Generation and Characterization of Electron Bunches with Ramped Current Profiles in a Dual-Frequency Superconducting Linear Accelerator

P. Piot, ^{1,2} C. Behrens, ³ C. Gerth, ³ M. Dohlus, ³ F. Lemery, ¹ D. Mihalcea, ¹ P. Stoltz, ⁴ and M. Vogt³ ¹Northern Illinois Center for Accelerator & Detector Development and Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb IL 60115, USA ²Accelerator Physics Center, Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory, Batavia, IL 60510, USA ³ Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Notkestraße 85 D-22607 Hamburg, Germany ⁴Tech-X Corporation, Boulder, CO 80303, USA (Dated: September 8, 2011)

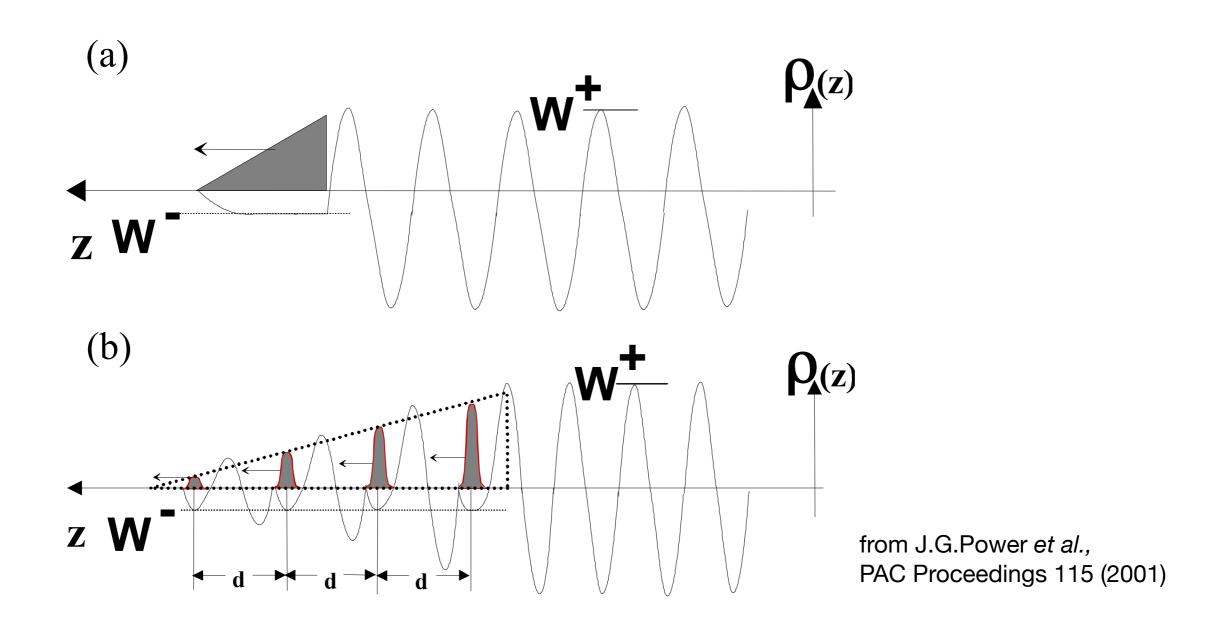
BC₂

rf gun





Multi-bunch driver for increased transformer ratio



 Charge density increases linearly to cancel field (under each bunch and excite the wake resonantly)

Challenges of PWA studies at FLASH

Generate

- short bunches for LPA → FLASH fs-bunch operation, J. Roensch-Schulenburg
- charge ramps → studies led by P. Piot, C. Behrens
- bunch trains → requires work on gun laser-system
- Transport bunch into FLASH II tunnel
 - maintain beam properties (short pulse duration, beam shape, ok emittance)
 - synchronize with laser to within a few 10 fs rms
- Conduct studies (beam-driven after 2013, laser-driven after 2015)
 - get sufficient beam time, possibly symbiotic (or parasitic) operation
 - explore fully remote operation of plasma experiments

Conclusions

- FLASH provides ample opportunities and could become a unique facility for plasma-wakefield experiments
 - Multi-bunch patterns
 - Controlled bunch charge distribution
 - Synchronized to multi-hundred TW system

Numerous novel beam- and laser-induced plasma experiments will become possible

...setup also compatible with wakefield experiments in dielectric structures \rightarrow P. Piot's talk, up next

Thanks for your attention!