Software & analysis status

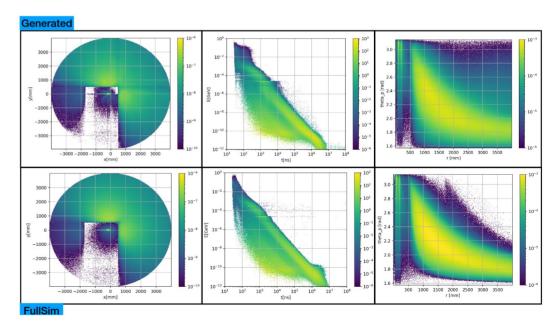
Oleksandr Borysov behalf of Software and Analysis group

LUXE Steering Board Meeting March 26, 2025

Background simulation using GAN

- Generative Adversarial Network (GAN) is used to reproduce particle flux generated in electron beam dump.
- It substitutes Geant4 computationally heavy simulation in the beam dump and opens the possibility to quickly generate background for the tracker and ECAL and other upstream detectors with arbitrary high statistics.

Schematic diagram of the dump in the LUXE geometry Detector position: illustration purpose, not in the Geant4 geometry used in this talk. This geometry has only dump, the sampling surface and the test surfaces Not to scale Z=4125mm Z=5450.25mm z=6621.91mm

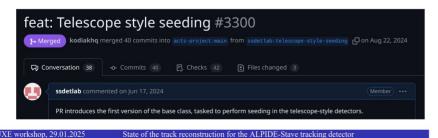


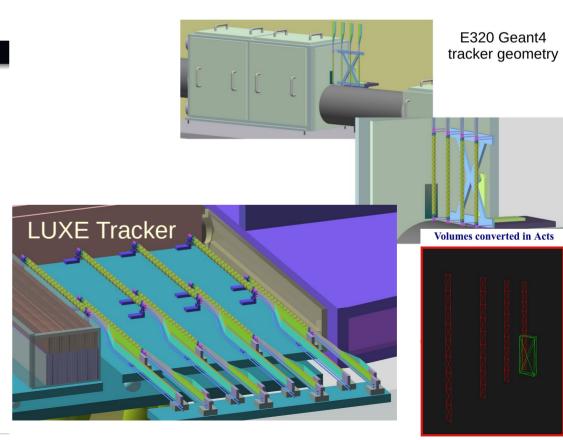
ACTS integration with tracker reconstruction and analysis

- Development of the telescope-like detectors support in ACTS.
- Performance study in E320 geometry, same staves as in LUXE case, minor efforts are needed to switch to LUXE geometry.

Acts-dedicated work

- Acts was very barrel-oriented
- >1 year collaboration to add telescope-style detectors support
- 20+ merged PRs working with:
 - Cuboid tracking geometry support
 - Material description
 - Navigation optimizations for cuboid geometries
 - Geant4/GDML conversion interfaces
 - Seeding and kinematics estimation for telescope detectors





Electron beam monitoring at IP (virtually)

- Optimization of the placement of the BPM and BSM along the beam line to be able to evaluate the electron beam size and position at IP.
- Evaluation of the beam jitter.
- Study of the backgrounds at the IP due to beam-gas interactions and from the beam dump

Transverse view of the beams at the IP Y Electron/photon beam To have a high amount of interaction we need a good overlap of the electron/photon beam and the laser So, we need information on the electron beam position and the beam size We also want to monitor the backgrounds and the beam charge



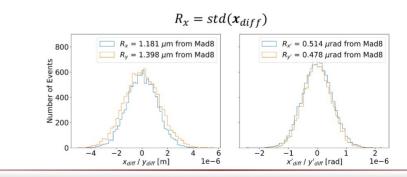
2. b. Virtual measurement at the IP



• Doing this with all 100 000 particles, we can now get a histogram of the difference between the tracking position and the measured position:

$$x_{diff} = x_{IP,real} - x_{IP,meas}$$

• The resolution of our measurement is then the standard deviation:



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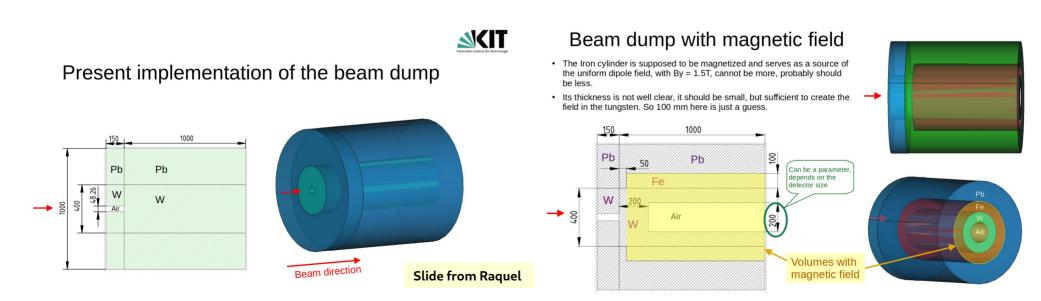
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can we measure it?"

• For each we ask, "how much is it?" and "how

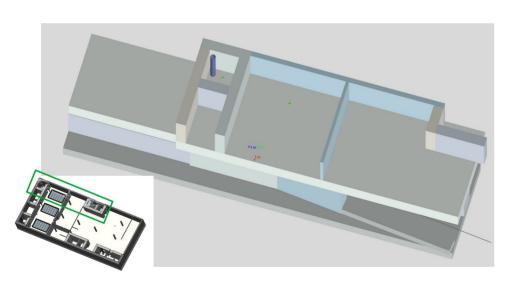
NPOD study

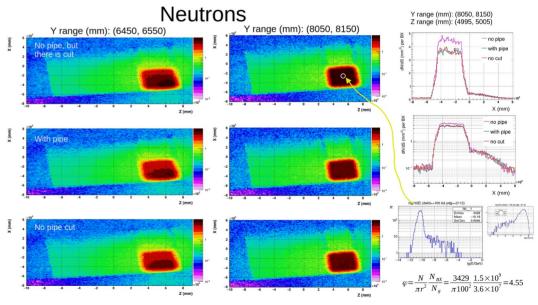
- Optimization of the beam dump geometry and materials for enhancing the signal and keeping background at acceptably low level;
- Study of various geometries of magnetized beam dump. Considering the complexity of the devise and relatively small effect on background suppression it does not look as a promising solution for implementation in experiment.



Background particle maps in e-laser mode

- Focus on evaluating the neutron flux in different locations on the floor above LUXE cavern.
- Available n, e+, e-, γ flux maps in all LUXE locations produced in Geant4 simulation for elaser mode (only primary XFEL electron beam is simulated).





Summary

- The procedure for fast background generation using GAN has been developed.
- Ongoing integration of ACTS with tracker reconstruction and analysis software.
- Development of the analysis software for evaluating beam size and position at IP based on the upstream BPM and BSM components. The study provides optimal locations for BPM and BSM along the beam line.
- NPOD analysis results in optimized design of the photon beam dump in LUXE geometry with CALICE ECAL as detector.
- Ongoing work on developing efficient algorithms for two photons reconstruction in CAICE ECAL (BDT, NN).
- Background particle flux evaluation in Geant4 simulation for the upper levels of the LUXE experiment and for the whole area as well.